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Session

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.] Twenty-fourth Annual Report of the Board of Supervision for the Relief of the Poor in Scotland - - - - - - 477

TWENTY-SECOND ANNUAL REPORT

OF

THE POOR LAW BOARD.

1869–70.

In pursuance of the Statute 10 & 11 VICT. c. 109. Sec. 13.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

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REPORT.

To the Queen's most Excellent Majesty.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall,
16 *May* 1870.

May it please Your Majesty,

We, the Poor Law Board, beg leave to present to Your Majesty the following Report.

Expenditure and pauperism.

The returns as to the expenditure for all purposes connected with the relief of the poor contained in this Report are carried up to Lady-day 1869, the expenditure for in-maintenance and out-relief only, up to Michaelmas 1869, and the numbers of all classes of paupers up to the 1st of January 1870.

The sum of 7,673,100*l.* was expended for the relief of the poor during the parochial year 1868–9 against 7,498,061*l.* in the preceding year. The absolute increase was therefore 175,039*l.*; the per-centage of increase 2·3 per cent.

The following Table shows the comparison of the expenditure for 1869, with that of the three years immediately preceding:—

Parochial Years.	Expenditure for Relief of the Poor.	Increase on immediately preceding Year.	Increase per Cent.	Rate per Head on Population.	Increased Rate per Head.
	£	£		*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*
1865–66	6,439,515	—	—	6 1¼	—
1866–67	6,959,841	520,326	8·1	6 6¼	0 5
1867–68	7,498,061	538,220	7·7	6 11½	0 5¼
1868–69	7,673,100	175,039	2·3	7 0¾	0 1¼

As regards *in-maintenance and out-relief only* in the half-year ending Michaelmas 1868, that is to say, the *first half* of the parochial year 1868–69, there was an increase of 107,417*l.* or 4·4 per cent. against the same

period in the preceding year, the respective sums being 2,563,973*l.* and 2,456,556*l.* In the *second half* of the parochial year ending Lady-day 1869 there was a decrease of 41,419*l.* or 1·6 per cent. compared with the corresponding period in the preceding year. In the *half-year* ending Michaelmas 1869, the last date up to which accounts have been received, there was a decrease of 90,340*l.* or 3·5 per cent.

As regards the *year* ending Lady-day 1869, the increase in the expenditure for all purposes connected with the relief of the poor, was, as has been already stated, 175,039*l.*; of this sum 86,179*l.* was due to the increase in the cost of in-maintenance and out-relief, and 54,149*l.* to the increase in the cost of lunatics. Of the increase of 86,179*l.* for in-maintenance and out-relief, 36,637*l.* was due to the Metropolitan Division and 17,422*l.* to the Welsh Division; the increase of in-maintenance and out-relief in all the other Divisions being very small.

Taking the total expenditure for the relief of the poor, there were ten counties which showed a decrease, six counties which showed an increase of less than *one* per cent., nine counties of more than *one* and less than *two* per cent., four counties of more than *two* and less than *three* per cent.

Rate per cent. of increase or decrease of expenditure in each Union-county.

The rate per cent. of the increase in the expenditure for relief, as regards each union-county in England and Wales respectively, was as follows:—

Increase per Cent.

Kent (*Metropolitan*)	22·6	Derby	2·9
Huntingdon	8·0	Salop	2·8
Middlesex (*Metropolitan*)	7·8	Surrey (*Ex.-Metropolitan*)	2·8
Rutland	7·4	North Wales	2·3
Monmouth	6·1	Chester	1·9
Bedford	5·9	Surrey (*Metropolitan*)	1·7
Northumberland	5·5	York, West Riding	1·7
Middlesex (*Extra-Metropolitan*)	4·8	Devon	1·2
Hertford	4·5	Lincoln	1·2
Durham	4·4	Somerset	1·2
Kent (*Extra-Metropolitan*)	3·9	Norfolk	1·0
South Wales	3·7	Suffolk	1·0
Cumberland	3·6	Worcester	1·0
Gloucester	3·6	Dorset	0·9
Cornwall	3·5	Oxford	0·9
Leicester	3·2	Southampton	0·8
Hereford	3·1	Cambridge	0·4
York, East Riding	3·0	Berks	0·2
		Lancaster	0·0

Decrease per Cent.

Buckingham	0·1	Westmoreland	2·1
Stafford	0·3	Essex	2·3
Wilts	0·3	Warwick	2·3
Northampton	0·8	York, North Riding	2·3
Nottingham	1·7	Sussex	6·2

As regards the *number* of paupers in receipt of relief, there were, on the 1st of July 1869, 977,519 of all classes, against 971,387 at the same date in the preceding year; showing an absolute increase of 6,132, or 0·6 per cent. Relative increase of pauperism and of expenditure.

On the 1st of January 1870 there were 1,083,532 of all classes of paupers, against 1,046,569 at the same date in the preceding year; showing an absolute increase of 36,963, or 3·5 per cent.

A few parishes are not included in the above figures, no returns having been received from them. Making an estimate for the number in these places, and taking the mean of the numbers in receipt of relief on the 1st of July and the 1st of January respectively, for the purpose of showing the average number at any one time during the year, the result is as follows:—

Total number of paupers 1,032,800 in 1868–69 against 1,018,140 in 1867–68, being an absolute increase of 14,660, or an increase per cent. of 1·4.

The foregoing statements show, broadly, the following results:—

The expenditure for all purposes in the year ending Lady-day 1869 was greater by 175,039*l.* than in the preceding year; an increase of 2·3 per cent.

The charge distributed over the estimated population amounted to 7*s.* 0¾*d.* per head in 1868–69, against 6*s.* 11½*d.* in 1867–68; an increase of 1·5 per cent.

The mean number of all classes in 1868–69 showed an increase of 2·6 per cent., against 1867–68, and the mean number in 1870; an increase of 1·4 per cent. against 1868–69.

These figures, though in themselves unsatisfactory, as proving that both the numbers of paupers and the expenditure have again increased, nevertheless indicate that the ratio of increase which for several consecutive years we have had to deplore, has at last been checked. The increase in the cost of relief in each of the two years immediately preceding was upwards of half a million sterling, whilst in the year 1868–9 it was under

180,000*l*. The last half-year in which there was an increase in the chief items of Poor Law expenditure, namely, in-maintenance and out-relief, was that ending Michaelmas 1868; the half-years ending respectively at Lady-day and Michaelmas 1869 show for the first time for some years a decrease.

It is important to bear in mind that a review of the growing expenditure on poor relief points clearly to the fact that the charge has increased in a much larger ratio than the number of paupers. The same number of paupers costs at the present day very much more than twenty years ago. Several causes have contributed to this result. It may be generally said that in all establishments, both public and private, the scale of salaries has continuously increased for a long period, and that more people are required to do the same work. But, apart from this general cause, it cannot be denied that the more humane views which have prevailed during the last few years as to the treatment of the sick poor have added most materially to Poor Law expenditure.

What may be called the hospital branch of Poor Law administration is of comparatively recent origin. Workhouses, originally designed mainly as a test for the able-bodied, have, especially in the large towns, been of necessity gradually transformed into infirmaries for the sick. The higher standard for hospital accommodation has had a material effect upon the expenditure. So again it has been considered necessary to attach to Workhouses separate fever wards; and wherever it was possible, these wards have been isolated by the erection of a separate building.

General causes which have enhanced the cost of relief.

Generally it must be remembered that, apart from any increase in the number of paupers to be relieved, the expenditure may be enhanced—

(1) By a more liberal scale of relief in money or food:
(2) By improved accommodation in workhouses, schools, infirmaries and asylums:
(3) By a rise in the prices paid for provisions, clothing, &c., and buildings:
(4) By increased salaries to workhouse officials, medical officers, and the general staff employed in the administration of the law.

The figures, therefore, which denote the aggregate increase of cost should be considered separately from those which denote the number of paupers. Nor does it absolutely follow that an increase in the numbers of those

who apply for relief can be due to no other cause than increased destitution. The numbers on the lists of the relieving officers may be swollen by poor persons who in previous years, though really poor, refrained from coming on the rates, but whom changes in the law or in the mode of its administration have since attracted; and generally by the extension of the Poor Law system to new classes.

It is equally clear that a diminution in the large total of paupers does not necessarily prove any increased national prosperity. A more stringent application of the law, greater harshness, more rigid inquiry, in a word deterrent measures generally, might reduce the numbers who applied for legal relief without affording a fair index of reduced distress.

We have been exceedingly anxious to analyse both the expenditure for purposes of poor relief, and the various classes of paupers as fully and accurately as possible, in order to preclude erroneous inferences being drawn from the totals which are periodically placed before the public.

Expenditure.

To what extent the expenditure has increased in a greater ratio than the number of paupers will be apparent from the following comparison of the cost incurred for poor relief at different periods. Expenditure.

Taking the ten years from 1850 to 1859, and from 1860 to 1869, the average pauperism in the former period was 900,000, and in the latter 950,000, an increase of 5½ per cent. The average annual expenditure in the first decade was 5,500,000*l*. If we rectify this sum by the addition of 5½ per cent. in order to ascertain what the average yearly expenditure for the second decade would have been if the scale of cost had remained unchanged, we arrive at the sum of 5,800,000*l*. The actual expenditure, however, was 6,500,000*l*., that is to say, the cost had increased by about 12 per cent. more than the number of paupers. (The average price of wheat in the first decade was 53*s*. 3*d*., in the second 51*s*. 6*d*.)

If we take the earlier years of the first decade and the later years of the second the comparison becomes far more remarkable. The most favoured year of the last twenty years as regards expenditure was 1852, when

it amounted to 4,900,000*l.*, against 7,700,000*l.* in the year 1869. The increase in the latter year was accordingly 57 per cent.; of this 57 per cent. only 11 per cent. are accounted for by the increase in the numbers of paupers, which stood at 916,000 in 1852 and 1,018,000 in 1869. Accordingly the increase in expenditure alone was 46 per cent.! The price of wheat was under 40 shillings in 1852, and above 58 shillings in 1869. Still the increase in cost is enormous.

So again the number of paupers in 1867 was about the same as in 1851, the numbers being 930,000 against 940,000, but the cost in 1867 was 7,000,000*l.*, and in 1851 5,000,000*l.*, an increase of exactly 40 per cent.

A comparison of the average cost per pauper during the first five years of the earlier decade, namely, 1849–53, and during the year 1869, shows a similar result.

During those five years the sum of 5*l.* 10*s.*, on an average, was spent in relieving each pauper, against 7*l.* 10*s.* in the last-mentioned year, the increase being accordingly 36 per cent.

On the other hand, if we compare years of *dear wheat* in the earlier period with later years, the increase, though great, is considerably less than 40 per cent.

The broad fact, however, remains, that, partly in consequence of dear bread, but mainly in consequence of still more influential causes, the ratepayers have had to pay 40 per cent. more for the maintenance of the same number of poor during the last few years than they had to disburse twenty years ago; a fact which should constantly be borne in mind when the great increase in the sums levied is pointed to as indicating increased pauperism.

The expenditure for the relief of the poor is given in our annual poor rate returns under six heads: (1.) In-maintenance; (2.) Out-relief; (3.) Maintenance of lunatics in asylums and licensed houses; (4.) Workhouse loans and interest thereon; (5.) Salaries and rations of officers; (6.) Other expenses of or immediately connected with relief.

In-maintenance.

The amount expended on in-maintenance during the year 1869 was 1,546,580*l.*, the mean number of in-door paupers having been 157,740. The average cost of the maintenance of an in-door pauper during the year

was accordingly 9*l.* 16*s.* or 3*s.* 9*d.* a week. The average price of wheat for the same year was 58*s.* 3*d.* per quarter. In the year 1862, when the average price of wheat was about the same, the cost of maintenance was 1,133,286*l.*, and the mean number of in-door paupers 132,236, showing a cost per head of only 8*l.* 10*s.* per year, or 3*s.* 3*d.* per week. The difference of cost between the two years is accordingly 15 per cent.

Out-relief.

The amount charged as out-relief for the year 1862, was 3,155,820*l.*, the corresponding charge for 1869 was 3,677,379*l.* The mean number of paupers in receipt of out-relief in the year 1862 was 784,906, giving about 4*l.* per head as the cost of out-relief in that year. The mean number of out-door paupers in the year 1869 was 860,400, giving about 4*l.* 5*s.* as the rate of out-relief per head. Although this calculation does not afford very trustworthy evidence of the standard of out-relief allowed, it accords with what is known to be the case from other sources of information, that the scale of out-relief has only slightly risen.

Maintenance of Lunatics in asylums.

The next item, the cost of lunatics maintained in asylums, although now constituting an important item in the accounts of Poor Law expenditure, is a charge of an exceptional character, and its rapid increase during late years is in the main to be attributed to causes altogether independent of an increase of pauperism.

The progress in the cost, as well as in the numbers of lunatics has been remarkable. In the year 1862 the cost of lunatics maintained in asylums was 482,425*l.*; for the year 1869 it was 710,941*l.*, being an increase of 228,516*l.* or 47 per cent. in the seven years. In the year 1852 there were 12,000 pauper lunatics in asylums; at present there are about 27,000. The increase in the cost of lunatics and in the number of persons returned as such in our lists of paupers is undoubtedly to be chiefly attributed to the anxiety which has been evinced during late years to afford the protection and scientific treatment of asylums to poor persons of this class, who would formerly have been kept in workhouses or left in the care of their relatives as out-door paupers. The increase of the charge upon the poor rate thus caused has undoubtedly

become a heavy item, but it is clearly an expense which stands on a different footing altogether from the other items of Poor Law expenditure.

Workhouse loans.

The sums expended under the head of workhouse loans and interest in the course of the year was 205,000*l.*, or about the average amount. Sales of parish and union property, of which the proceeds are applied to the repayment of debt, sometimes create an apparent increase under this head, whereas in fact the larger sums paid off do not represent an increased charge to the ratepayer, but simply the appropriation to this purpose of the proceeds of sales which are entered on the credit side of the account as receipts in aid of poor-rates.

Salaries and rations of officers.

The expenditure for "salaries and rations of officers, "and superannuations" shows an increase of 34,597*l.* for the year 1868–69 on the previous year, and of 57,486*l.* upon the year 1866-67.

A considerable portion of this increase has been due to the appointment of paid nurses, a great improvement in poor law administration; also to the appointment of a more numerous staff of relieving officers. But, besides these special causes, a growing tendency has decidedly appeared in favour of paying higher salaries to poor law officers generally; and the power of granting superannuation allowances to such officers, which has only been given to guardians during late years, has also materially enhanced this item of expenditure.

Other expenses connected with relief.

The total amount of the several items collected under the head of "other expenses connected with relief" in the return for the year ending Lady-day 1862, was 454,466*l.*; for the year ending Lady-day 1869, 717,967*l.*; showing an increase of 263,501*l.*, or 58 per cent. in the 7 years.

The principal items contained under the head of "other expenses of relief, &c." are—

1. Cost of repairs and buildings when not paid out of loans;
2. Rent, rates, and taxes;
3. Cost of materials for putting the paupers to work;

4. Furniture, utensils, and tools;
5. Printing, stationery, and advertisements;
6. Extra medical fees;
7. Cost of drugs and surgical appliances;

but there are besides a number of other items impossible to classify, which may be called incidentals to the relief of the poor. A great part of the increase under this head is doubtless due to repairs, and to furniture and utensils, consequent upon the increase of workhouse accommodation in large towns.

Expenditure on workhouses, &c.

The extreme parsimony displayed by boards of guardians of the older school has in some of the larger unions given way to a desire to conduct all the duties devolving upon the guardians upon a somewhat grand and liberal scale. The guardians of a Lancashire Union, for instance, who have built one of the best infirmaries in the kingdom, and conduct it with a numerous staff of trained sisters, a few years ago connected the workhouse with the main offices, distant about three miles, by a telegraph line, and lately they were found to be erecting a green-house to supply the infirmary with flowers.

In many cases the Poor Law Board are now compelled to intervene in order to check the outlay which the guardians would be willing to incur in the more ornamental part of the various structures which they propose to erect.

In a Union in the North of England the Guardians refused to omit from the plans for a new wing of their workhouse rooms which were practically unnecessary, on the plea that they would otherwise be unable to carry out a three storied elevation.

In another Union we had to object to the elevation as being of a more ornamental and costly character than necessary, particularly to the addition of a tower; and granite columns and terra-cotta enrichments to the front elevation had to be struck out.

In another instance we refused to sanction proposals to introduce encaustic tile paving in the entrance hall, moulded Portland stone stairs to the chapel, an elaborate coffered ceiling to the board-room, decorated ceilings to the committee-rooms, Parian cement pilasters and other decorations in the covered way to the chapel, and Portland stone decorations to the front of the building.

Though it is true that, on the other hand, the Board have been compelled in many Unions to exercise very great pressure in order to persuade the guardians to erect the most necessary buildings, every kind of expense being strenuously resisted. On the whole, however, as regards expenditure, it appears certain that considerably more liberality is now displayed than formerly.

Proportion of expenditure under certain heads.

The following statement shows the relative proportions of these six heads of expenditure for the years 1862 and 1869 respectively:—

	1862.	1869.
In-maintenance	18·7	20·2
Out-relief	51·9	48·0
Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums and Licensed Houses	7·9	9·3
Workhouse Loans, and Interest thereon	3·0	2·7
Salaries and Rations of Officers	11·0	10·4
Other Expenses	7·5	9·4
	100	100

Causes of the increase of expenditure.

To sum up the question of expenditure, it may be said that during the last few years the higher price of corn, the higher standard of efficiency, the increased sanitary requirements, the growing number of the more costly classes of paupers, namely, sick persons and lunatics, and the augmented numbers and increased salaries of officers, have together raised the cost of poor relief by 40 per cent. So far as this increase is due to dear corn, it appears that in the year 1869–70 a reduction will occur; the other causes are more or less permanent, and can only be counterbalanced by a reduction in the number of paupers.

Expenditure from 1834 to 1869.

The following Table exhibits the expenditure for the relief of the poor for each year from 1834 to 1869:—

Years ended at Lady-day.	Estimated Population.	The Total Amount expended in Relief to the Poor.	Rate per Head of Amount expended in Relief to the Poor on the estimated Population.	Rate in the Pound of the Amount expended for Relief to the Poor in the Years 1841, 1847, 1850, 1856, 1866, and 1868 on the Annual Value of Rateable Property in those Years respectively.
		£	s. d.	s. d.
1834 .	14,372,000	6,317,255	8 9½	
1835 .	14,564,000	5,526,418	7 7	
1836 .	14,758,000	4,717,630	6 4¾	
1837 .	14,955,000	4,044,741	5 5	
1838 .	15,155,000	4,123,604	5 5¼	
1839 .	15,357,000	4,406,907	5 8¾	
1840 .	15,562,000	4,576,965	5 10½	
1841 .	15,911,757	4,760,929	6 0½	1 6·3
1842 .	15,981,000	4,911,498	6 1¾	
1843 .	16,194,000	5,208,027	6 5¼	
1844 .	16,410,000	4,976,093	6 0¾	
1845 .	16,629,000	5,039,703	6 0¾	
1846 .	16,851,000	4,954,204	5 10½	
1847 .	17,076,000	5,298,787	6 2½	1 6·9
1848 .	17,304,000	6,180,764	7 1¾	
1849 .	17,534,000	5,792,963	6 6½	
1850 .	17,765,000	5,395,022	6 1	1 7·1
1851 .	17,927,609	4,962,704	5 6½	
1852 .	18,205,000	4,897,685	5 4½	
1853 .	18,402,000	4,939,064	5 4½	
1854 .	18,617,000	5,282,853	5 8	
1855 .	18,840,000	5,890,041	6 3	
1856 .	19,043,000	6,004,244	6 3¾	1 8·1
1857 .	19,207,000	5,898,756	6 1¾	
1858 .	19,444,000	5,878,542	6 0½	
1859 .	19,578,000	5,558,689	5 8¼	
1860 .	19,837,000	5,454,964	5 6	
1861 .	20,066,224	5,778,943	5 9	
1862 .	20,228,000*	6,077,525	6 0	
1863 .	20,445,000*	6,527,036	6 4½	
1864 .	20,663,000*	6,423,383	6 2½	
1865 .	20,881,000*	6,264,961	6 0	
1866 .	21,100,000*	6,439,517	6 1¼	1 4·5
1867 .	21,320,000*	6,959,841	6 6¼	
1868 .	21,540,000*	7,498,061	6 11½	1 5·9
1869 .	21,760,000*	7,673,100	7 0¾	

Note.—The net annual value of rateable property in 1841 was 62,540,030*l.*; in 1847 it was 67,320,587*l.*; in 1850 it was 67,700,153*l.*; in 1856 it was 71,840,271*l.*; in 1866 it was 93,638,403*l.*; and in 1868 it was 100,612,734*l.*

* See Registrar-General's Quarterly Returns.

Various Classes of Paupers.

Classes of paupers.

We pass to the consideration of the various classes in receipt of relief.

We have devoted much care to the investigation of what may be called the component parts of pauperism, and have been especially anxious to secure as full information as possible as to the number of sick paupers on the one hand, and of really able-bodied paupers on the other, who are comprised in the totals annually presented to the public.

Adult able-bodied paupers.

It is most important to observe in the first instance with regard to the column headed "adult able-bodied paupers" in our annual returns, that much misapprehension prevails among persons not practically conversant with the system on which the registers of pauperism are compiled, as to the actual character of the paupers classified under this head. The term itself suggests the supposition that all the paupers returned under this head are persons able at the time of receiving relief to earn their own livelihood by labour, whereas in fact the class thus designated contains only a small proportion of such persons.

The whole of that large proportion of the pauperism of the country which is caused by *temporary* sickness, is included in this class. When persons ordinarily able to earn their livelihood are allowed relief on account of sickness, they are classed as able-bodied. If the sick pauper be the male head of a family, the whole family dependent on him are entered in the able-bodied list. If the relief is given for a sick wife or child of an able-bodied man, he and the member or members of his family who are sick are entered in this list. Widows or deserted wives, able to earn wages, but not enough to maintain their families, are entered as "able-bodied," and this class with their children form a very large proportion of the whole. As evidence of prevalent destitution caused by want of employment or depression of trade, the number of the whole class is by no means a true criterion.

Nor can the classification of paupers as "able-bodied" and "not able-bodied" be made in accordance with any strictly defined rule. Official inquiries have at different times been made to ascertain how many really able-

bodied persons were in the metropolitan workhouses. The masters do not all adhere to the same definition, many declaring that as regards able-bodied *men*, there were none in the workhouse. A man subject to fits, or to any other disease, which only breaks out occasionally, would be classed in some workhouses as able-bodied. Women nursing their children would be always entered as able-bodied if not otherwise sick.

The description of the several classes among which the able-bodied are distributed in the returns of out-door relief which the clerks to the guardians are required to transmit on the 1st of January and the 1st of July in each year is as follows :

(1.) Adult males married or single relieved in cases of sudden and urgent necessity.

(2.) Adult males married or single relieved in the cases of their own sickness, accident, or infirmity.

(3.) Adult males relieved on account of the sickness, accident, or infirmity of any of their family, or of a funeral.

(4.) Adult males married or single, relieved on account of want of work, or other causes.

(5, 6.) Wives and children resident with adult males in columns 1, 2, 4, or the objects of the relief given to adult males in column 3.

(7, 8.) Widows and children dependent on them.

(9.) Single women without children.

(10, 11.) Mothers and illegitimate children.

(12, 13.) Wives and children relieved on account of parents in gaol.

(14, 15.) Wives and children of soldiers and sailors.

(16, 17.) Wives and children of other absent men.

As regards male paupers, class (4.) alone can be taken as an index of inability to obtain employment.

Summaries of these returns, thus classified, were published in the Appendix to the Annual Report up to the year 1859, but were then discontinued.

We have now caused a statement to be compiled from the same materials, but in a more simple form, classifying the causes of destitution under four heads; namely, Causes of destitution.

A. Old age or permanent disability.

B. Death, absence, or desertion of husband or father.

C. Temporary sickness or want of work of male heads of families and single men.

D. Single women in receipt of out-door relief.

We were obliged, however, to confine the statement to the Metropolis, as a revision of the materials necessary for an analysis of the out-door poor for the whole country would have entailed further delay in the publication of our Report. The leading features of the analysis as regards the Metropolis are as follows:—

31·0 per cent. of the total out-door poor laboured under old age or permanent disability.

34·2 per cent. were women and children destitute in consequence of the death, absence, or desertion of husband or father.

34·0 per cent. were families or single men destitute in consequence of temporary sickness or want of work.

0·8 per cent. were single women.

Of the 34·2 per cent. under the third head, namely, destitution caused by want of work or sickness, only 3·8 per cent. were adult males relieved on account of want of work, the actual number being 4,599 out of 121,012 out-door paupers. This is, however, a larger proportion than would be shown by an analysis of the out-door poor in the country at large. Nominally, according to the returns of the 1st January 1870, out of a total of 879,472, excluding the number of lunatics and vagrants, there were 163,700 adult able-bodied out-door paupers, male and female; but if the proportion of adult able-bodied males relieved on account of want of work to the total out-door paupers be calculated at the same ratio for the country generally as holds good in the Metropolis, namely, at 3·8 per cent. (and it is less), not more than 33,500 out of the above number would be men destitute on account of want of work.

As regards the number of really able-bodied in the workhouses, the proportion appears to be equally small. Many metropolitan workhouses do not contain more of this class than are required to do the work of the house.

Analysis of out-door paupers in the Metropolis.

We subjoin the analysis of the out-door poor in the Metropolis on the 1st of January 1870.

A RETURN of the Number of OUT-DOOR PAUPERS (exclusive of Insane Paupers and Vagrants) Relieved in the METROPOLIS on the 1st January 1870, distinguishing the Cause of their Destitution.

OUT-DOOR PAUPERS.		Number.		Per-centage on Total.	
Men		18,270	- -	15·1	
Women		46,202	- -	38·2	
Children under 16		56,540	- -	46·7	
TOTAL OUT-DOOR		———	121,012	100·0	
Section A.—*Destitution caused by Old Age or Permanent Disability:*					
1. Men		8,394			
2. Women		24,917			
3. Children dependent on 1 and 2		4,199			
TOTAL of Section A.		———	37,510	31·0	
Section B.—*Destitution caused by the Death, Absence, or Desertion of Husband or Father:*					
1. Widows	9,968	33,896	- -	28·0	34·2
Children dependent on them	23,928				
2. Unmarried Mothers	462	1,348	- -	1·1	
Children dependent	886				
3. Wives of Prisoners	310	1,177	- -	1·0	
Children dependent	867				
4. Wives of Soldiers and Sailors	108	379	- -	0·3	
Children dependent	271				
5. Wives deserted by Husbands	1,003	3,620	- -	3·0	
Children dependent	2,617				
6. Orphan Children	911	911	- -	0·8	
TOTAL of Section B.		———	41,331		
Section C.—*Destitution caused by the temporary Sickness or want of Work of Male Heads of Families and Single Men:*					
1. Adult Males relieved on account of their own Sickness		4,010	- -	3·3	34·0
2. Ditto ditto Sickness of a Member of their family, or a funeral		1,267	- -	1·0	
3. Ditto ditto Want of work		4,599	- -	3·8	
Families dependent on 1, 2, and 3: Wives	8,464	31,325	- -	25·9	
Children	22,861				
TOTAL of Section C.		———	41,201		
Section D.—*Single Women in receipt of Out-door Relief:*					
Single Women		970			
TOTAL of Section D.		———	970	0·8	0·8
TOTAL OUT-DOOR (*b*)			121,012		100·0

(*b*) The total number of out-door paupers in the Metropolis on the 1st January 1870 was 127,538. The difference is thus explained:—6,246 were insane, and 280 were vagrants relieved out of the workhouse.

It may be interesting to observe, that while in the Metropolis the per-centage of men, women, and children amongst the out-door poor on the 1st January was as follows,

15·1 men,
38·2 women,
46·7 children,

the per-centage in the country generally, exclusive of the Metropolis, on the same date, was,—

18·7 men,
45·1 women,
36·2 children;

Proportion of pauper children in the Metropolis as compared with the country.

showing a very much larger proportion of pauper children in the Metropolis than in the country. It appears probable that there is less demand for the labour of children in the Metropolis than exists either in manufacturing towns or in the country generally. The vast number of the pauper children in London is as melancholy as it is remarkable.

As regards the *in-door* children in the metropolitan workhouses, we considered it desirable, with a view to the possible separation of children permanently chargeable from the children who are taken into workhouses for fluctuating periods, to ascertain how many orphans and deserted children were to be found in the various district schools and workhouses. The following table gives the result of our inquiries:—

SUMMARY of RETURNS of ORPHAN and DESERTED CHILDREN maintained in METROPOLITAN WORKHOUSES and SCHOOLS on the 4th of May 1869.

Orphan and deserted children in Metropolitan workhouses.

——	BOYS UNDER 16.			GIRLS UNDER 16.			TOTAL of BOYS and GIRLS.	Proportion per Cent. of Children included in Returns.
	Under 7.	Above 7.	Total.	Under 7.	Above 7.	Total.		
ORPHANS—								
both parents being dead	369	1,448	1,817	320	1,118	1,438	3,255	32·1
the Father only being dead	235	552	787	194	407	601	1,388	13·6
the Mother only being dead	158	367	525	125	278	403	928	9·1
DESERTED—								
by the Father, the Mother being in receipt of Relief	185	215	400	198	231	429	829	8·1
by the Father, the Mother not being in receipt of Relief	115	296	411	137	287	424	835	8·2
Totals	1,062	2,878	3,940	974	2,321	3,295	7,235	71·3

Total Number of Children as per Statement above	7,235	
Number of Children in Schools and Workhouses returned as not Orphans or Deserted	2,902	
		10,137
Number of Children in respect of whom the Returns are incomplete, and who are, therefore, not included in the above Statement		478
Total		10,615

We have already commented on the increase of the number of lunatic paupers in asylums and licensed houses. The total number of all classes of the insane chargeable to the poor rates on 1st January 1852 was 21,158 or 23 per 1,000 paupers; on the 1st January 1869 they amounted to 45,153 or 44 per 1,000 paupers, thus exhibiting in the course of 17 years an increase of 91 per cent. in the ratio.

Lunatics.

Passing to the class of *sick* paupers, we have to state that the ordinary annual returns do not include statistics as to the number of paupers on the medical officers' books either in or out of the Workhouse. We have, however, deemed it important to bring together as much information as possible upon this point, both by availing ourselves of previous special returns, and by collecting fresh data from the in-door and out-door medical officers throughout the country.

Sick paupers.

We accordingly requested the clerks of the various unions to forward a return of the numbers and ages of the paupers on the workhouse and district medical relief books, on the last day of the twelfth week (18th Dec. 1869) of the half year ended Lady-day 1870, setting forth the number, the ages and the several diseases of such paupers, classified under certain heads.

The materials thus collected are so voluminous and so important that we have considered it advisable to cause them to be embodied in a separate Parliamentary paper, availing ourselves in this report only of the general results.

The following are the main facts revealed by the former and the present inquiries :—

Out-door Sick Paupers.

Out-door Sick.

Firstly, as regards out-door paupers :

Parliamentary returns.

A return ordered by the House of Commons in 1865 with regard to the number of sick persons in receipt of out-door relief in the *Metropolis* showed that the number suffering from various diseases was 10,348, the total number of out-door paupers at about the same date being 70,889. The sick therefore constituted a proportion of 13·8 per cent.

No later return exists dealing with the number of the out-door sick either in the Metropolis or in the country generally.

The number of sick on 12th week of half-year ended Lady-day 1870.

The recent inquiry to which we have just alluded shows that on a given day the total number of sick in the country generally, with the exception of thirteen unions from which returns were not received, was 103,380; the total number of out-door poor at about the same date being 810,242. The proportion of the sick to the total of the out-door poor is accordingly 12·8 per cent. It is worth observing, how very nearly this proportion for the whole country approaches to the facts exhibited for London four years ago. The figures given represent only the actually sick, and not their families.

In-door Sick Paupers.

In-door Sick.

Secondly, as regards in-door paupers :

Parliamentary returns, &c.

More materials have been accumulated showing the number of those on the medical officers books both in metropolitan and provincial workhouses.

1st. A Parliamentary return, No. 312. Sess. 1865, showed, amongst other matters, the total number of beds occupied on the 28th of January 1865 in *metropolitan* workhouses, the number of persons suffering under acute and chronic disorders, and the number of old and infirm persons (exclusive of those in the sick wards), requiring the occasional attendance of the medical officer.

2nd. In a Report made by Dr. Edward Smith, Poor Law Inspector, in 1866, on the *metropolitan* workhouses, we find an analysis of the number of sick. (*See* No. 372, Sess. 1866.)

3rd. A return made to the House of Lords in 1866 with regard to *metropolitan* workhouses, showed the total number of sick in the workhouses in the whole of the year 1865, also on the 1st of January 1865 and the 1st of July 1866, and also the proportion of those on the medical officers' books who were entered wholly or chiefly that they might obtain a better diet. It showed also the actual diseases which the medical officers had to treat in four specified weeks, separating, as far as they could, acute cases. (*See* No. 216, Sess. 1866.)

4th. As regards the *provincial* workhouses, Dr. Smith inspected 48 of them in the year 1866, in order to report on the sufficiency of the existing arrangements for the care and treatment of the sick poor. In his report the number of sick in those workhouses is brought out. (*See* No. 4, Sess. 1866, H. of C.)

5th. A return made to the House of Commons in 1868 showed the total number of poor in all the *provincial* workhouses, and the number who were on the workhouse medical officers' books on the 1st of July 1867 and the 1st of January 1868. (*See* No. 445, Sess. 1868.)

6th. On the 18th of January 1869 we caused a census to be taken of the whole of the inmates of the metropolitan workhouses, the results of which we insert in the Appendix (pp. 387–395).

7th. The most recent data are the Returns which we collected through the clerks of unions from workhouse medical officers in England and Wales for the twelfth week of the half year ended Lady-day 1870, to which we alluded above, setting forth the number of sick paupers on their books and the diseases under which they were labouring. The general result of these inquiries is as follows :—

Proportion of sick in London workhouses greater than elsewhere.

In London, where the children are not in workhouses, but mostly in district or separate schools, the proportion of inmates liable to sickness is naturally greater than elsewhere; owing to this and other causes it appears that there are in London a greater proportion of sick paupers than in the provinces. The Return of 1865 (No. 312.), shows that out of a total number of inmates of 26,296 there were 12,670

sick, that is to say, the proportion of sick and persons requiring medical attendance was 48 per cent. The House of Lords Return of 1866 (No. 216), showed, on the 1st of January 1866, 8,754 sick, or 34 per cent. Dr. Smith's Report of 1866, taken at a different date, showed 8,951 out of 23,947, a proportion of 38 per cent.; and lastly, in the analysis which we caused to be made on the 18th of January 1869, it appeared that there were about 11,000 sick out of 28,600 inmates, or 39 per cent. It will thus be seen that, allowing for the differences which the various definitions of the sick may have entailed at different times, the paupers on the books of the medical officers generally attain a per-centage varying from 32 to 48 of the total inmates of the metropolitan workhouses.

The proportion generally of the various classes composing the bulk of the inmates of metropolitan workhouses appears from the following statement:

On the 18th of January 1869 there were 6,000 ordinary sick, including lying-in cases; about 5,000 old and infirm people requiring medical care; 1,700 imbeciles; 2,400 children; about 10,500 healthy old people; and only about 3,000 able-bodied. The sick and old and infirm requiring medical care therefore constituted 39 per cent. of the total number, the imbeciles 6 per cent., the children 8 per cent., the healthy old people 37 per cent., and the adult able-bodied 10 per cent. These figures only include those children who were in the workhouses, not those who were in district or separate schools.

Sick in provincial workhouses.

As regards the provincial workhouses, we have already stated that the proportion of sick is not quite so high. The Return, No. 445, Sess. 1868, shows on the 1st of January 1868, 33,855 sick out of 119,905 total inmates; that is to say, 28·2 per cent.

Dr. Smith's Report on 48 workhouses in 1866 showed 5,810 sick inmates in those workhouses out of a total of 19,237; a proportion of sick to total inmates of 30 per cent.

It is important to observe that this proportion varies greatly in different districts and with the season of the year, so that while there were 48 per cent. at midsummer and 43 per cent. at midwinter in part of Surrey, there were only 17 per cent. at midsummer and 14 per cent. at midwinter in Cumberland. The following table shows that in midsummer there were 15 counties in which the proportion exceeded 30 per cent., while the number was reduced to 14 per cent. in midwinter.

PER-CENTAGE of the NUMBER of PAUPERS on the WORKHOUSE MEDICAL RELIEF BOOK in 48 Provincial WORKHOUSES on the 1st day of July 1867 and the 1st day of January 1868.—(*Dr. E. Smith's Report, No. 4., Sess.* 1866.)

Per-centage of sick in provincial workhouses.

Divisions.	Union Counties.	Per cent. of Sick on Total of In-door Poor: 1st July 1867.	Per cent. of Sick on Total of In-door Poor: 1st January 1868.
II. S. Eastern.	Surrey (part of)	47·9	43·0
	Kent (part of)	31·3	27·0
	Sussex	40·3	39·1
	Southampton	28·8	26·3
	Berks	31·7	30·3
III. S. Midland.	Middlesex (part of)	31·5	28·0
	Hertford	39·6	30·3
	Buckingham	31·1	28·9
	Oxford	27·3	24·5
	Northampton	24·8	23·4
	Huntingdon	26·8	23·5
	Bedford	33·2	30·1
	Cambridge	25·2	23·4
IV. Eastern.	Essex	23·7	26·9
	Suffolk	30·7	25·2
	Norfolk	19·1	18·2
V. S. Western.	Wilts	29·1	24·5
	Dorset	23·0	20·4
	Devon	27·7	27·9
	Cornwall	20·8	19·2
	Somerset	32·7	30·0
VI. W. Midland.	Gloucester	31·0	28·8
	Hereford	27·9	28·7
	Salop	33·6	29·8
	Stafford	33·3	32·6
	Worcester	35·1	31·1
	Warwick	37·4	36·0
VII. N. Midland.	Leicester	22·0	18·1
	Rutland	28·5	36·2
	Lincoln	17·5	18·0
	Nottingham	38·9	29·3
	Derby	26·5	21·7
VIII. N. Western.	Chester	24·4	24·5
	Lancaster	33·2	31·4
IX. Yorkshire.	York, West Riding	28·1	27·1
	„ East Riding	22·1	24·3
	„ North Riding	27·7	26·9
X. Northern.	Durham	27·1	28·4
	Northumberland	26·4	21·8
	Cumberland	17·5	14·3
	Westmoreland	20·7	14·6
XI. Welsh.	Monmouth	37·7	35·8
	South Wales	29·2	29·4
	North Wales	34·0	34·3
	Total for England and Wales (exclusive of the Metropolitan District)	30·3	28·2

Proportion of the indoor sick at midsummer as compared with midwinter.

How far the increased proportion at midsummer is due to increased disease at that period is not stated, but it is more probably due to the varying number of the able-bodied at the two seasons of the year, whilst the number of the aged and infirm, who constitute so large a part of the sick, remains nearly stationary.

The same return shows that there were 12,260 so-called able-bodied inmates of the workhouses at midsummer, whilst there were no fewer than 19,883 in midwinter, an increase which must largely affect the proportion of the sick, who form a more stable class, to the whole number.

Correspondence of recent returns of the indoor sick with former returns.

The results of the returns just received from the workhouse medical officers as to the proportion of sick paupers show a remarkably similar result to those of the previous inquiries made several years ago. Out of the total number of in-door paupers, amounting to 158,969, there were 47,213 sick, or 29·7 per cent. It may accordingly be stated in broad terms that, exclusive of the Metropolis, nearly one third of the inmates of workhouses are on the sick list, while in the Metropolis their numbers vary from one third to nearly one half.

Ratio of the several classes of paupers on total number.

In estimating the general character of our pauperism it is important to bear in mind the leading features of the foregoing statement. It appears that out of the 1,085,000 paupers, in round numbers, with whom we have to deal, a very small proportion, probably less than 4 per cent., are adult males destitute on account of want of work; that a very large proportion, amounting to 30 per cent. of the in-door, and 13 per cent. of the out-door poor, are actually on the sick list, irrespective in both cases of the vast number of old people disabled by old age, but not actually upon the sick list; that no less than 36 per cent., or in round numbers 391,000, are children; and that 4·2 per cent., or 46,000, are lunatics. The amount of destitution in the country generally caused by the death, absence, or desertion of the male head of the family we have not been able to ascertain; but, judging by the analogy of the Metropolis, corrected by the returns obtained previous to 1859, we should estimate them to be 35 per cent. of the whole.

The overlapping of several of the above classes prevents our attempting an accurate numerical classification of the whole, and we have accordingly limited

ourselves to noticing those features which appear to us to deserve especial attention.

We subjoin the following tables, which have usually accompanied our Annual Report.

STATEMENT of the Number of *Adult Able-bodied* Persons in receipt of Relief (In-door and Out-door) in UNIONS and SINGLE PARISHES under Boards of Guardians on 1st July 1868, 1st January 1869, 1st July 1869, and 1st January 1870 respectively.

Number of adult able-bodied Paupers on 1st July and 1st January 1868–70.

In Receipt of Relief on the	Adult able-bodied Paupers.			Decrease in July 1869 on July 1868.	Increase in January 1870 over January 1869.
	In-door.	Out-door.	Total.		
1st July 1868 .	19,661	135,547	155,208	—	—
1st January 1869	29,826	153,336	183,162	—	—
1st July 1869 .	19,897	135,068	154,965	243 or 0·2 per Cent.	—
1st January 1870	30,341	163,521	193,862	—	10,700 or 5·8 per Cent.

The next table shows the total pauperism of England and Wales for each year from 1849 to 1870, including estimates for certain parishes from which returns were not received by this Board. These parishes for several years represented a population of about 180,000. They have now been all incorporated in Unions under the Poor Law Amendment Act of 1834. A few parishes, however, including a population of about 12,000, only lately incorporated, have not yet made returns, and are accordingly not included in the above summaries of persons in receipt of relief.

Estimate of the Pauperism of England and Wales.

We have, therefore, made an estimate of the number of paupers in the places not included in the above summaries; and for the purpose of showing the average number *at one time* during each year, we have taken the mean of the numbers in receipt of relief on the 1st of July and the 1st of January respectively.

The result of this estimate for each year from 1849 (being the first year for which it can be given) to 1870 appears in the following Table:—

Years ended at Lady-day.	Population of England and Wales. *	The Mean Number of *Paupers of all Classes* (including Children) at one time in receipt of Relief in England and Wales.			Ratio per Cent. of Paupers relieved on the Population.	The Mean Number of *Adult Able-bodied Paupers* (exclusive of Vagrants) at one time in receipt of Relief in England and Wales.			Ratio per Cent. of Adult Able-bodied Paupers on the Total Number of Paupers of all Classes relieved.	Average Price of Wheat per Quarter.	
		In-door.	Out-door.	Total.		In-door.	Out-door.	Total.		s.	d.
1849	17,534,000	133,513	955,146	1,088,659	6·2	26,558	202,265	228,823	21·0	49	1
1850	17,765,000	123,004	885,696	1,008,700	5·7	24,095	167,815	191,910	19·0	42	7
1851	17,927,609	114,367	826,948	941,315	5·3	20,876	142,248	163,124	17·3	39	11
1852	18,205,000	111,323	804,352	915,675	5·0	18,455	130,705	149,160	16·3	39	4
1853	18,402,000	110,148	776,214	886,362	4·8	17,649	121,926	139,575	15·7	42	0
1854	18,617,000	111,635	752,982	864,617	4·6	18,237	116,954	135,191	15·6	61	7
1855	18,840,000	121,400	776,286	897,686	4·8	20,669	125,962	146,631	16·3	70	0
1856	19,043,000	124,879	792,205	917,084	4·8	21,359	132,869	154,228	16·8	75	4
1857	19,207,000	122,845	762,165	885,010	4·6	19,660	120,415	140,075	15·8	65	3
1858	19,444,000	122,613	786,273	908,886	4·7	19,931	133,838	153,769	16·9	53	10
1859	19,578,000	121,232	744,214	865,446	4·4	18,209	117,575	135,784	15·7	42	9
1860	19,837,000	113,507	731,126	844,633	4·3	16,268	115,852	132,120	15·6	44	9
1861	20,066,224	125,866	758,055	883,921	4·4	20,396	125,380	145,776	16·5	55	10
1862	20,228,000	132,236	784,906	917,142	4·5	22,136	133,166	155,302	16·9	56	7
1863	20,445,000	136,907	942,475	1,079,382	5·3	22,431	199,318	221,749	20·5	52	1
1864	20,663,000	133,761	881,217	1,014,978	4·9	21,026	167,396	188,422	18·6	43	2
1865	20,881,000	131,312	820,586	951,899	4·6	19,819	140,705	160,524	16·9	39	8
1866	21,100,000	132,776	783,376	916,152	4·3	19,363	126,460	145,823	15·9	43	6
1867	21,320,000	137,310	794,236	931,546	4·4	19,740	128,685	148,425	16·0	53	7½
1868	21,540,000	150,040	842,600	992,640	4·6	23,680	143,110	166,790	16·8	67	6½
1869	21,760,000	157,740	860,400	1,018,140	4·7	24,960	145,750	170,710	16·8	58	3
1870	21,980,000	156,800	876,000	1,032,800	4·7	25,200	149,600	174,800	16·9	46	2

* The Population for 1851 and 1861 is that given in the Census; for the other years it is estimated.

A comparison between the decades 1861–70 and 1851–60 shows an increase of 4·3 per cent. in the last ten years over the former ten years, the average number in receipt of relief during the first ten years being 893,000, and during the last ten years 974,000.

Numbers of Vagrants.

Vagrants.

Our attention has been drawn to the great discrepancy between the numbers of vagrants, as shown by the returns prepared by the clerks to the guardians, and summarized by us, and the numbers given in the returns which have hitherto been issued by the police. For

instance, the number of vagrants known to the police were—

On 1st April 1867 - - 32,528
On 1st April 1868 - - - 36,179

Whereas the Poor Law Returns showed the number of vagrants to be, on the 1st January 1867, 5,027; and 6,129 on the same day in 1868.

Difference between police returns of vagrants and those of Poor Law Guardians.

This great difference arises from the circumstance that the Guardians necessarily confine their return to those vagrants who apply to them for relief, while the police authorities include all persons known to them as vagrants and tramps, whether sleeping in casual wards at the cost of the rates, or in lodgings at their own expense. In fact the Poor Law returns only deal with *pauper* vagrants, the police returns with *all* vagrants and tramps.

The Poor Law Returns comprise those persons who on a given night were relieved by the guardians, and the census is taken in each year on the nights of January 1 and July 1.

The Police Returns originally included all persons who were observed as vagrants during a given month, but this plan of computation was abandoned, and a census has since been taken of vagrants as observed on a given night, viz., the 1st Tuesday in April.

The instructions issued to the police will clearly indicate the larger class, whom the police have been required to include in their return.

The instructions given have been that under the head of vagrants and tramps should be included all vagrants known to the police as professional tramps, or as being without visible means of subsistence, or any fixed place of residence, on the night of the 1st Tuesday in April.

Acting under these instructions the police have been in the habit of reckoning as "vagrants" not only those who were admitted into the casual wards, or who were otherwise lodged at the charge of the rates, but those who were received at their own charge into common lodging houses, or spent the night under the hedges, or in such barns and outhouses as might afford them shelter.

Number of vagrants relieved by Guardians years 1865 to 1869.

Subjoined is a table showing the number of vagrants relieved by the Guardians throughout England and Wales on the 1st day of January and 1st day of July for the following years:—

On 1st July.

	In all England and Wales.	In Metropolis only.
1864 - - -	3,369	581
1865 - -	3,811	1,211
1866 - - -	4,075	1,086
1867 - -	5,248	1,573
1868 - - -	7,946	2,085
1869 - -	6,692	1,802

On 1st January.

1865 - -	3,339	589
1866 - - -	4,469	1,501
1867 - -	5,027	1,452
1868 - - -	6,129	1,673
1869 - - -	7,020	1,882
1870 - -	5,430	1,627

It will be observed that there were relieved on the 1*st July* 1869, 1,254 less vagrants in the country generally, and 283 less in the metropolis than on the 1*st July* 1868; and on the 1*st January* 1870, 1,590 less in the country generally, and 255 less in the metropolis than on the 1*st January* 1869.

OUT-DOOR RELIEF.

Minute on Relief to the Poor in the Metropolis.

On the 20th of November last we issued a minute on "Relief to the Poor in the Metropolis," in which, amongst other matters, we called attention to the relations between the Guardians, as dispensers of legal relief, on the one hand, and the almoners who dispose of funds entrusted to them by charitable persons, on the other. We print the minute in the Appendix (p. 9.) We print also in the Appendix (p. 13) the replies which we received from various Boards of Guardians to a circular which we addressed to them, requesting their views on the points we had raised in the Minute. Many Boards of Guardians fell in readily with our main suggestions, and co-operation with some of the leading charitable organisations has been successfully established in several Unions. More difficulty has been experienced in inducing the dispensers of charitable funds to supply lists of the recipients of their bounty to the

Poor Law authorities, than in persuading the Guardians to place their lists at the disposal of the public. Irrespective of the actual results which have been achieved, much valuable information has been elicited by the discussions which have taken place on the subject, and the statements put forward of the difficulties which prevent, in many cases, the adoption of the suggestions contained in the minute have not been the least useful part of the controversy. Two important facts have been prominently elicited, both unsatisfactory in themselves, but the full knowledge of which was essential to improved administration. It has appeared, in the first place, that relief is freely given in aid of wages in several parts of London; and, in the second place, that in innumerable instances the charities and the relieving officers are assisting the same persons. The deplorably low scale of relief observed in many Unions induces charitable persons to supplement relief, which, in their opinion, is totally inadequate to support a family decently, and these grants of alms react on the minds of the Guardians who, by degrees, rely on such charity as a source of income to the pauper which they may fairly take into account. The great increase in the number of the out-door poor, temporarily caused by the severity of the winter, rendered the moment one of peculiar difficulty to the Guardians, and not very opportune for increasing the rate of relief, so that it was difficult to persuade them to take steps which appear indispensable to a thorough understanding with the charities, namely, so to act as to give confidence to the public that cases once undertaken by the relieving officers might be safely left in their hands exclusively. We have, however, not ceased to press upon the Guardians the absolute necessity of increased vigilance and the appointment of more relieving officers on the one hand, and on the other hand, the grant of more adequate relief. Liberal relief, without watchfulness and domiciliary visits to the paupers, might certainly add greatly to the expenditure; but liberal relief, coupled with a more stringent system of supervision, by means of a better and stronger staff of officers, would not necessarily exceed the amount which has been spent in giving very small sums to a vast number of paupers, without sufficient organisation for ascertaining and testing the real wants of the applicants.

Relief to Members of Benefit Societies.

We have been called upon on several occasions during the past year to express our views on another very important point in connexion with out-relief. We have been asked what is the duty of Guardians in dealing with applications for poor relief from persons who are receiving pecuniary assistance from benefit societies or sick clubs.

The question was brought into prominence on a late occasion, when certain miners in Somersetshire who had been invited to become subscribers to a benefit society proposed to be established in their neighbourhood, to which the owners of the mine were willing to contribute a certain sum, demanded as a condition of their adhesion to the scheme, that in case any of the members should become applicants for poor relief, the Guardians in fixing the amount of poor relief to be allowed to such applicants should not take into account the amount of the allowance which they were receiving from the society.

The correspondence which took place on this occasion led to our expressing our views somewhat fully on the general question in a letter which we have printed in the Appendix, (p. 108). The subject is one of very considerable difficulty, and will continue to receive our earnest attention.

Workhouse Accommodation.

Workhouse accommodation.

We are glad to be able to report that considerable progress has been made in providing, in connection with a large number of workhouses, separate wards for the treatment of infectious diseases. The absence of such accommodation has in many cases led to deplorable results. In the year 1869, plans for infectious wards were submitted to the Board and approved by them for about 50 Unions in which no similar provision existed before.

Infectious diseases.

Relapsing Fever.

The outbreak of relapsing fever in the metropolis has afforded additional proof of the great necessity for fever hospitals. As the two hospitals now building, one at Stockwell and the other at Homerton, were not completed, it was necessary to obtain the accommodation immediately required by other means. Fortunately, the existence of a central Board (the "Metropolitan Asylum Board") for the purpose of providing fever hospitals for pauper patients rendered it possible to take effectual steps at once. The Metropolitan Asylum Board entered into a contract with the managers of the London Fever

Temporary building at the London Fever Hospital.

Hospital, under which a temporary building was erected on the ground belonging to that hospital for the reception of 60 patients. But this addition to the accommodation provided by the hospital authorities did not suffice, and a temporary structure was accordingly raised at Hampstead on the site provided for a fever hospital, to hold 90 patients, arrangements being made with the contractors that the building might easily be extended to hold 180 at an additional cost of 3,000*l.* It will be seen that accommodation for 150 patients was thus secured, and it is hoped that these measures, which were taken without any delay, have materially assisted in checking the spread of the disease.

Controversies between the Board and Boards of Guardians as to the necessity of new workhouses.

We have at last been able to bring to an issue several controversies of long standing with Boards of Guardians on the subject of the necessity for new workhouses in their respective Unions. Having no direct powers to compel the expenditure of money on the erection of a new workhouse, but being unable to sanction any longer the continued use as workhouses of buildings totally inadequate and unfit for their purpose, we have been compelled to issue orders on several occasions, directing the closing of these buildings after a certain day. Nor has this course failed of its object. In the Madeley Union the Board had been pressing upon the Guardians for several years the duty of providing a new workhouse, and we were at last driven to adopt the extreme measure of shutting up the present workhouse. This order was issued in December 1868, and it was shortly followed by the consent of the Guardians to the erection of a new workhouse for about 200 inmates.

In the Clitheroe Union the poor have been hitherto lodged in two small and ill-constructed buildings hired by the Guardians. In December 1869 an order was issued for the closing these workhouses on the 25th March 1870. Before this order was carried out the Guardians consented to build a new workhouse to accommodate 150 inmates.

The Guardians of the Crickhowel Union, after having been urged in vain for many years to provide a building which would enable them properly to apply the workhouse test, on the one hand, and, on the other, to supply their sick and infirm poor with proper accommodation, have at length consented to erect a workhouse adapted to the requirements of their Union.

We have not shrunk from availing ourselves of another power placed at our disposal by Act of Parliament. We are authorized by the 7th & 8th Vict. c. 101. s. 66. to exercise the powers given to the Poor Law Board by the Poor Law Amendment Act of 1834, for the separation of Parishes from Unions formed under that Act, or for the addition of Parishes to such Unions, without the concurrence of the Guardians of such Unions.

We have considered that where Boards of Guardians persisted, after repeated and vain remonstrances on our part, in refusing to take such measures as would provide such accommodation for the poor as in our judgment appeared indispensable, we were justified in proceeding to separate portions of the Unions, and to annex them to neighbouring Unions, so as to minimise, on the one hand, the evils of which we complained, and, on the other hand, to set free such accommodation as existed for a smaller number. We were prepared to annex a considerable portion of the Union of Todmorden, which has never had a workhouse, and which, for twenty years, has resisted all the pressure exercised by the Board to induce the Guardians to erect the necessary buildings, to the adjoining Unions of Rochdale and Halifax. Before an order was issued, however, the Guardians passed a resolution to erect a workhouse.

As regards parishes, however large, no similar powers of separating off certain portions without the initiative of ratepayers have been given to the Poor Law Board, so that where a parish is too large to be annexed as a whole to an adjoining Union, no sub-division or re-arrangement can take place.

Amalgamation of Unions, &c. in the Metropolis for *all* purposes.

As regards workhouse accommodation and separate infirmaries for the sick in the metropolis, we are able to state that the policy to which we alluded in our last Report of substituting amalgamations of unions and parishes for *all* purposes in the place of sick asylum districts has been carried into effect during the year 1869. The number of separate Boards of Guardians administering poor relief in the metropolis has been reduced from 39 to 30, and six Boards of Managers of Districts have been dissolved.

The Holborn Union, with which the parishes of St. Luke, Middlesex, and St. James, Clerkenwell, are now amalgamated, has been made conterminous with the late Finsbury Sick Asylum and School District.

The St. Olave's Union, to which has been added the parishes of Bermondsey and Rotherhithe, comprises the several places which formed the Rotherhithe Sick Asylum District. The St. Saviour's Union now includes the parishes of Newington and St. George-the-Martyr, Southwark, and has thus taken the place of the Newington Sick Asylum District. The Kensington Sick Asylum District has also been dissolved, and the parishes of St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster, which were included in this district, have been formed with the parish of St. George, Hanover Square, into a new union. The East and West London Unions have been annexed to the City of London Union.

Main objects of the amalgamations, classification of workhouse inmates, &c.

We stated in our last Report the main objects of these re-arrangements. It was contemplated that the several workhouses of the unions thus enlarged would admit of the requisite classification of the inmates; that with certain additions of a comparatively inexpensive character, one of the workhouses in each of the unions could be made available for the sick; and that the necessity of erecting costly new buildings might to a great extent be obviated.

The Guardians of the Unions referred to have submitted to us their proposals with regard to the classification of the inmates, and the great advantages attending the appropriation of separate workhouses to separate classes of the poor will very shortly be secured.

City of London Union.

The Guardians of the City of London Union have determined to appropriate the workhouse at Bow exclusively as an infirmary for the sick, the workhouse at Holloway for the aged and infirm, and that at Homerton for the able-bodied.

Holborn Union.

The Guardians of the Holborn Union have determined to appropriate the Holborn Workhouse for able-bodied inmates, and the St. Luke's Workhouse for the sick and infirm inmates, erecting in the first instance, on land forming part of the site of the latter workhouse, additional wards to accommodate about 450 aged and infirm inmates.

St. Olave's Union.

The Guardians of the St. Olave's Union propose to provide the requisite accommodation for the sick by adding to the present separate infirmary at the Rotherhithe Workhouse wards for 160 beds. The workhouse at Bermondsey is to be appropriated for the chronic sick and infirm of both sexes, the old workhouse at Rother-

hithe for able-bodied and healthy males, and the St. Olave's Workhouse for able-bodied and healthy women and infants.

St. Saviour's Union.

The Guardians of St. Saviour's Union have determined that the workhouse of St. George-the-Martyr shall be used for the able-bodied and healthy males, the St. Saviour's Workhouse for either male or female infirm inmates, and the Newington Workhouse for able-bodied women and such infirm inmates as may not be placed at St. Saviour's, while the present detached infirmary at Newington will be enlarged so as to provide for the sick of both sexes. The additions which will be requisite for this purpose are still under consideration.

Pressure on existing workhouse accommodation in the Holborn and St. Saviour's Unions.

The immediate pressure on the existing workhouse accommodation in the Holborn and St. Saviour's Unions rendered it impossible to wait for the completion of the arrangements just described. It was necessary to take steps to meet temporarily the actual emergency, and in both cases additional accommodation has been secured.

The Guardians of the Holborn Union have hired the old French Hospital in Bath Street, City Road, to be used as a supplemental workhouse for about 200 aged and infirm inmates, and the Guardians of the St. Saviour's Union have obtained permission from the trustees of the Peabody Fund to occupy temporarily, free of rent, the Magdalen Hospital, Blackfriars Road, which affords accommodation for about 150 inmates.

Central London Sick Asylum District: Addition of St. Pancras.

With regard to the Central London Sick Asylum District we have to state that the circumstances of the adjoining parish of St. Pancras rendered it expedient to include that parish in the District, and to transfer to the managers of the District the new infirmary at Highgate, which had been built by the Guardians of the parish of St. Pancras. The addition of so large a parish to the district has made it necessary to re-consider the general arrangements both as regards the sick and the further classification of paupers; in the meantime the overcrowding in the St. Pancras Workhouse has been relieved by the removal of 160 patients from the infirmary of St. Pancras Workhouse to the infirmary at Highgate.

Poplar and Stepney Sick Asylum District.

The Poplar and Stepney Sick Asylum District comprises the Stepney and Poplar Unions. The sick asylum, which will provide for 562 inmates, is in course of

erection. The guardians of the two unions propose when the sick are removed to the new asylum to adopt the very desirable arrangement of appropriating one of the present workhouses for the aged and infirm, and the other for the able-bodied poor of both unions.

Poplar Union Workhouse.

The Poplar Union Workhouse, which is intended for the able-bodied, is being considerably enlarged.

St. George's Union.

The Order uniting the parishes of St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster, with St. George, Hanover Square, under the name of St. George's Union, did not come into operation until the 28th March, so that the distribution of the paupers between the four workhouses which will be comprised in the new union has not yet been arranged. The overcrowded state of the workhouse belonging to St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster, has been relieved by the removal of the children to the North Surrey schools, a step which on all grounds we consider to be very advantageous.

Parish of Kensington.

The Guardians of the parish of Kensington, on the dissolution of the Kensington Sick Asylum District, submitted to the Board plans for a large increase of their existing accommodation, mainly by the erection of a separate building for the sick, which will be immediately commenced. As a temporary arrangement the guardians have hired Kensington Hall, Fulham, to be used as an infirmary for 100 inmates until the additional buildings are completed.

Unions and parishes not in such asylum districts.

We are glad to be able to add, with regard to the unions and parishes which were not included in sick asylum districts, that in almost every case our efforts to induce the guardians to take active steps with a view to relieve the serious overcrowding which for some time past has existed in the workhouses and to make further arrangements for the accommodation for the sick, have been responded to by the Guardians and proved successful.

Parish of Bethnal Green.

In the parish of Bethnal Green the Guardians are about to erect a new wing, adjoining the present infirmary at the workhouse, to provide accommodation for 90 additional sick.

Parish of St. George-in-the-East.

Plans for a detached infirmary for the parish of St. George-in-the-East to accommodate between two and three hundred patients have been approved by the Board.

Parish of Hampstead.

The Guardians of the parish of Hampstead are about to erect an infirmary and receiving wards which will provide accommodation for 85 additional inmates.

Hackney Union.

The Guardians of the Hackney Union propose that the main building of the present workhouse should be occupied as an infirmary; and the buildings formerly occupied by the children, who have now been removed to the Forest Gate District School, have been enlarged so as to provide accommodation for 350 adult able-bodied inmates.

Parish of Paddington.

A new infirmary for 152 patients has been erected for the parish of Paddington and is now partially occupied.

Wandsworth and Clapham Union.

The Guardians of the Wandsworth and Clapham Union are erecting a new infirmary at their workhouse. The infirmary is nearly completed and will in conjunction with the old infirmary, which has been materially altered and connected with the new buildings, afford accommodation for 400 patients.

Parish of Lambeth.

The Guardians of the parish of Lambeth have determined to adapt their present workhouse as an infirmary, and to erect a workhouse for able-bodied inmates on a site which they have purchased for the purpose. The plans for this workhouse which will accommodate 800 inmates are now under consideration.

Parish of Shoreditch.

The Guardians of the parish of Shoreditch propose, as soon as their imbecile inmates have been removed to one of the new asylums, to make such additions to the separate building now occupied by that class as may be required to effect a proper separation between the sick and infirm and the able-bodied inmates.

Fulham Union.

The Guardians of the Fulham Union have referred the question as to the provision of additional infirmary accommodation to a committee, and in the meantime the pressure on the workhouse accommodation has been relieved by the removal of the children to the Central London District School.

Parish of Chelsea.

The Guardians of the parish of Chelsea propose to build a separate infirmary opposite to the workhouse, but some delay has occurred in consequence of legal difficulties with regard to the purchase of leasehold interests in the land intended for the site.

Whitechapel Union.

The Guardians of the Whitechapel Union are about to erect an additional workhouse for about 300 able-bodied inmates. When this workhouse is completed the present building is to be appropriated for the sick and infirm.

Parish of Islington.

The new workhouse for the parish of St. Mary, Islington, at Tollington Park, Holloway, is nearly

completed. It will afford accommodation for 857 inmates, including 348 sick and infirm, for whom there will be a separate infirmary.

The Guardians of the Strand Union are erecting a new workhouse at Edmonton, in consequence of the workhouse of the parish of St. Martin-in-the-Fields, which is now included in the union, having been purchased by the Government for the extension of the National Gallery. Strand Union.

The Guardians of the Woolwich Union (a new union comprising the parish of Woolwich and certain parishes detached from the Lewisham Union) have accepted a tender for the erection of a workhouse for 444 inmates. Woolwich Union.

With reference to the arrangements as to separate schools in the metropolis we have to report that the schools erected at Leavesden by the Guardians of the parish of St. Pancras for 700 children are nearly completed. The Kensington School District has been dissolved and the parishes of St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster, which were included in that District, will be added to the West London School District, which at present comprises the parishes of St. George, Hanover Square, and Paddington, and Fulham Union. The schools, the plans for which have been approved by the Board, are to be erected at West Ashford, and will provide accommodation for 800 children. The Guardians of the parish of Bethnal Green have determined to erect temporary buildings in connexion with their school at Leytonstone to accommodate 250 children, and the Guardians of the Parish of Shoreditch are making additions to their school at Brentwood which will provide, in the aggregate, accommodation for 600 children. Separate schools for pauper children.

The Managers of the Metropolitan Asylum District have proceeded with the erection of the two asylums for imbeciles, the one at Leavesden and the other at Caterham, each of which is to accommodate 1,500 patients. It is probable that those asylums will be ready for occupation in the autumn of the present year. Asylums for imbeciles at Leavesden and Caterham.
Satisfactory progress has also been made in the erection of the Fever and Small-pox Hospitals at Homerton and Stockwell. Fever and Small-pox Hospitals at Homerton and Stockwell.

Buildings which will be completed this year.

The buildings which will be completed in the present year are the two asylums for imbeciles, the infirmary for the Central London Sick Asylum District, the new workhouses for the parish of Islington and for the Strand Union, the additional buildings at the workhouses of the Hackney Union, the Wandsworth and Clapham Union, the Poplar Union, and the parish of Paddington, the new school for the parish of St. Pancras, and the enlargements of the schools of the parishes of Bethnal Green and Shoreditch. It is estimated that the new buildings, including the asylums for imbeciles and the temporary supplemental workhouses, will afford additional accommodation for about 6,320 inmates.

Those that will not be completed till next year.

The buildings which will probably not be completed and ready for occupation until next year are the fever and small-pox hospitals of the Metropolitan Asylum District, the new workhouses for Lambeth, Whitechapel, and Woolwich, the Poplar and Stepney Sick Asylum, the additional buildings in connexion with the workhouses of Holborn, Bethnal Green, Kensington, St. George-in-the-East, Hampstead, and St. Olave's, and the school of the West London School District. These buildings will provide accommodation for about 5,500 additional inmates.

Total accommodation which will be provided.

The total additional accommodation which will thus be provided before the end of the ensuing year will be about 11,000.

It must not, however, be considered that the number of the in-door poor in the metropolis can be increased by this amount. It has been estimated that at least 5,000 more inmates have been crowded into the workhouses than they could properly accommodate. The increase in workhouse accommodation has not kept pace with the increase in the number of paupers, and the determination of the Legislature and of the Board to provide more ample accommodation and larger space for the treatment of the sick has naturally trenched to a considerable extent on the space previously available for other classes.

Public Hospitals.

Public Hospitals.

In November last, having regard to the crowded condition of the sick wards of several of the workhouses, and the powers conferred upon Boards of

Guardians by sect. 16. of the Metropolitan Poor Amendment Act of last Session of entering into arrangements with public hospitals to receive and treat pauper patients on terms to be arranged between the Guardians and the hospital authorities, with the sanction of the Board, we addressed communications to the authorities of the seventeen largest hospitals in the metropolis, inquiring whether they had any spare accommodation which they would be willing to appropriate for pauper patients, and if so, (1.) what class or classes of cases it would be convenient to them to receive, (2.) what the number of pauper patients would be who could be thus accommodated, and (3.) on what terms such patients would be maintained and treated in the hospitals.

Inquiries as to spare accommodation in Hospitals.

The Board received replies from the authorities of the several hospitals referred to.

Guy's Hospital.

The Treasurer of Guy's Hospital stated that the average number of pauper patients received was 15, and that 15 additional beds might be so appropriated during the winter.

Charing Cross Hospital.

The Governors of the Charing Cross Hospital offered to receive 20 pauper patients, on payment at the rate of 10*s.* 6*d.* per week, so long as the number of persons entitled to admission under the rules of the hospital gave spare accommodation.

King's College Hospital.

The Committee of King's College Hospital were willing to arrange for the reception of 30 pauper patients suffering from non-contagious diseases for a period of six months, on payment at the rate of 12*s.* per week for each bed.

Westminster Hospital.

The Committee of Westminster Hospital stated that two wards for surgical cases, containing nine beds each, could be made available for pauper patients, and that the charge would be either 50*l.* per annum per bed, or 20*s.* per week for each pauper.

Other Hospitals.

As regards the several other hospitals (including the University College Hospital, the Royal Free Hospital, St. Mary's, St. George's, and St. Thomas' Hospitals) we were informed that there was no spare accommodation which could be appropriated for the reception of pauper patients.

The hospital accommodation (exclusive of that at the Fever and Small-pox Hospitals) available for pauper patients in the metropolis appeared, therefore, to be limited to 98 beds, and offered but a small additional resource to the 12,000 beds occupied in workhouse infirmaries by sick paupers.

Dispensaries.

Dispensaries.

Progress has been made in nearly all the Unions and Parishes of the Metropolitan district in giving effect to the recent legislation for the establishment of dispensaries, and we have much satisfaction in reporting that the provisions which we introduced into the Metropolitan Poor Amendment Act of the last session, for rendering the appointment of a separate Dispensary Committee unnecessary, and for withholding repayment from the Common Poor Fund of the salaries of medical officers and the cost of medicines in those cases where the Guardians neglect or refuse to establish a dispensary, have had the anticipated effect of promoting to a considerable extent the general adoption of the system.

In some Unions the system is already in comparatively full operation; in others it is at work in a less complete and satisfactory form; in a third group of Unions active efforts are being made to establish dispensaries; and in four Unions only the Guardians have as yet no definite scheme before them.

Unions and Parishes that possess dispensaries.

I. The following Unions and Parishes possess dispensaries in comparatively full operation:

The Hamlet of Mile End Old Town, one dispensary;
The Stepney Union, one ,,
The Parish of Paddington, one ,,
The Parishes of St. Margaret and St. John Westminster, one;
The Poplar Union, two dispensaries.

All these dispensaries combine the indispensable requisites of a waiting-room for patients, a dispensing room, and what is most essential to the proper working of the system, consulting rooms for the district medical officers.

II. The following Unions and Parishes have dispensaries where medicine is given out to the patients from the prescriptions of the district medical officers, but no provision is yet made for the attendance of these officers at the dispensary:

The Parish of St. George-in-the-East, one dispensary;
The Parish of St. Mary, Islington, one;
The Parish of St. Luke now in Holborn Union, one;
The Parishes of St. Giles and St. George Bloomsbury, one;
The Whitechapel Union, two dispensaries;

The Parish of St. George Hanover Square, two;
The St. Saviour's Union two.

Unions and Parishes which have plans for dispensaries.

III. The next list contains Unions and Parishes which have plans, more or lesss matured, for the establishment of dispensaries.

The Parish of Bethnal Green, three dispensaries;
The Parish of St. Leonard, Shoreditch, number not yet fixed;
The Whitechapel Union, one;
The Parish of St. Mary, Islington, two;
The Hackney Union, two;
The City of London Union, three;
The Holborn Union, three;
The Parish of St. John, Hampstead, one;
The Parish of St. Pancras, three;
The Parish of Marylebone, two;
The Westminster Union, one;
The Strand Union, one;
The Parish of Kensington, two;
The Parish of St. Luke, Chelsea, one;
The Wandsworth and Clapham Union, number not fixed;
The Parish of Lambeth, three;
The St. Saviour's Union, two;
The St. Olave's Union, two;
The Greenwich Union, two.

Of these, Bethnal Green, Whitechapel, Islington, St. Pancras, the Strand, and Lambeth are in a position to open one or more of their dispensaries very shortly. Shoreditch, Hackney, Hampstead, Kensington, Chelsea, Wandsworth, St. Saviour's, and St. Olave's have provided one or more sites. The rest are still searching for suitable premises.

Number of dispensaries does not bear a uniform proportion to the area or population of Unions and Parishes.

The Guardians of the Whitechapel Union propose to reduce the number of dispensaries from two to one, and the Guardians of Bethnal Green propose to have three dispensaries, whereas in the Hamlet of Mile End Old Town with an area not very dissimilar there is only one, and we may remark that generally the number of dispensaries in the Unions and Parishes does not bear a uniform proportion to their area or population.

This discrepancy is less important than it might seem at first sight. The point in which uniformity is most desirable is not so much the number of dispensaries as the apportionment of work (taking into account popu-

lation, pauperism, and area) in the medical relief districts. And it is obvious that by providing an adequate number of consulting-rooms and a sufficiently large waiting-room several medical districts may be attached, without inconvenience, to the same dispensary.

Conditions urged on Guardians as to dispensaries.

Two limiting conditions have, however, been urged upon Boards of Guardians. The first of them is that the dispensary should not be more than a mile, and in most cases it should be much less, from the dwelling of any patient; the second, that there should be in each dispensary sufficient work to occupy the time of the dispenser. Within these two limits there will be found room for considerable variety, so as to suit the special circumstances of each Union.

Unions and Parishes which have not yet adopted any definite scheme in regard to dispensaries.

IV. Finally, there is a small group of Unions and Parishes which have not yet adopted any definite scheme,—

The Parish of Camberwell,*
The Woolwich Union,
The Fulham Union,
The Lewisham Union.

In all these Unions there is a difficulty in applying the system completely in consequence of the existence within them of large and thinly populated areas; but we have impressed upon the Guardians the importance of immediately establishing dispensaries in all the more densely crowded districts of the group.

Practice of Guardians in determining whether medical relief shall be given in the workhouse or at the patient's own home.

Considerable doubts have been entertained in many quarters as to the practice of Boards of Guardians in determining what class of cases among the sick poor should be treated as in-door patients in the workhouse infirmaries, or at their own houses respectively. We have deemed it advisable to ascertain and to place on record in a definite form what the present practice in this respect has been found to be in Metropolitan and Provincial Town Unions. Obvious reasons have prevented the issue of a General Order on the subject, as no general rules could be safely, or usefully, laid down which would not interfere with the Guardians exercising their discretion upon the merits of each case, as ascertained by the reports and information of their officers. We have inserted in the Appendix (see p. 38) a circular letter, which we addressed to various Boards of Guardians inquiring as to the practice prevailing in

* The Parish of Camberwell has now prepared plans.

their respective Unions with regard to the treatment of the sick poor in or out of the workhouse, together with the answers which we received. It appears that much variety exists in the practice of different localities; but there are comparatively few Unions, even in the metropolis, where paupers in need of medical relief are sent by preference into the workhouse infirmaries if the medical officers are of opinion that they can be safely and advantageously treated in their own homes.

We invite particular attention to the information which these answers contain relative to the main considerations which determine whether sick paupers shall be sent into the workhouse or treated at home, as we believe that considerable misapprehension exists in this respect.

Generally, we may state that the circumstances brought to light by the replies received from the Metropolitan Boards of Guardians, do not warrant the expectation that when the dispensaries are brought into full operation in the metropolis a fewer number of sick poor will be sent into the workhouse hospitals than at the present time. Indeed, such a result has never been anticipated by us in our efforts to establish the dispensary system. The sick poor are not sent into infirmaries on account of out-door medical relief being inaccessible to them, but either on account of the character and condition of their homes, or on account of some special requirement of their disease, or on account of the patients having no one to nurse them at home, or on account of other considerations which will be found explained in the correspondence to which we have referred.

The result of establishing dispensaries will be to improve the administration of out-door medical relief.

The result of establishing dispensaries will not be to remove the necessity for infirmaries, but to improve the existing arrangements under which medical relief is administered by securing for the sick poor a prompter and better supply of all necessary and proper medicines and medical appliances, by abolishing the system of requiring the medical officers themselves to supply the drugs, by enabling those persons who are not confined within doors to obtain medical advice at fixed hours and within a convenient distance from their own homes, and generally by organizing a more efficient control over the whole administration of out-door medical relief.

Dispensary system in Ireland. Distinctions between medical relief in Ireland and England.

Reference is frequently made to the dispensary system in Ireland as showing the large number of paupers who receive out-door medical relief without being required to come into the workhouse hospital. The cases of the two countries, however, are not parallel. In Ireland, public dispensaries, supported partly by subscriptions and partly from the county cess, were in extensive operation long before the introduction of the Poor Law into that country, and the present dispensary system there is founded upon the pre-existing state of things under which, not only the destitute, but persons considerably above that class, were enabled to obtain medical assistance gratuitously. Under the system as now established there by the Medical Charities Act (14 & 15 Vict. c. 68), the out-door medical relief is not administered by the Board of Guardians, as in this country, but by a committee consisting of the Guardians and a certain number of the ratepayers of the several dispensary districts into which each Union is divided. The members of the committee, and also the relieving officers and the persons appointed by the Guardians as wardens for the several electoral divisions within the district, are each entitled to issue tickets, without limit as to numbers, enabling the holders to receive medical relief either at their own houses or at the dispensary, and it is not surprising that under such a system large numbers of tickets are given to individuals who are not in receipt of any other kind of relief, or who do not belong to the pauper class. Indeed instances are reported where retail tradesmen entitled to order medical relief have been in the habit of signing whole books of tickets to be distributed by their shopmen amongst any customers willing to accept them. Another important distinction to be borne in mind is that, whilst in England a medical order is treated like any other order for poor relief, and the recipient is consequently at once counted as a pauper, in Ireland the receipt of a medical order does not entail any such result. The statistics of medical poor relief in the two countries cannot therefore be fairly contrasted without bearing in mind that the dispensary system in Ireland embraces a large class, who in England do not receive any gratuitous medical treatment at the expense of the rates.

The number of medical tickets issued in Ireland during the year ended September 30, 1868, was—

Dispensary tickets - -	584,604
Visiting tickets - - -	183,155
Total - -	767,759

This total, which represents the number of medical tickets distributed for the purpose of gratuitous medical relief, is, however, in excess of the number of persons attended, as the same person may receive more than one ticket in the year.

We now subjoin a statement showing the maximum number of paupers in Ireland relieved by the Guardians under the Poor Law Acts in the same year.

In the workhouse - -	288,953
Out-door - - -	50,257
Total - -	339,210

As the dispensary tickets do not apply to in-door paupers, it is apparent that while there were 767,759 medical tickets issued during the year 1868 a comparison between these figures and the aggregate number of out-door paupers relieved during the same year, which was only 50,257, a comparison which conclusively shows that an enormous majority of the tickets were given to persons who were not in receipt of real poor relief at all. In England the instances are comparatively few in which persons receive medical relief only, nearly all those who are attended by the Poor Law medical officers requiring further relief as well. The substantial difference, therefore, between the English and Irish system of out-door medical relief is, that according to the latter, medical aid is in practice rendered gratuitously to all who choose to apply for it, not only through the responsible relieving officers, but through the members of a numerous committee; while in England the services of the Poor Law medical officers are strictly limited to the pauper class.

As regards the actual pauper class in Ireland, there is a far greater proportion of in-door sick paupers than of out-door sick paupers. The *maximum* number of out-door paupers on any one day in 1869 was 19,624. At the same time there were 18,717 sick paupers in the Irish workhouses, whilst the total number of in-door paupers

of all classes, including the sick, was 59,376. In England, about the same period, there were 878,152 out-door paupers, and 168,417 in-door paupers, of whom probably about 60,000 were sick.

Thus in England the proportion of in-door paupers on a given day was less than one-fifth of those in receipt of out-door relief, whilst in Ireland the number of in-door paupers exceeded the out-door paupers by more than two-thirds.

In England the *total* number of out-door poor was nearly fifteen times as great as the number of in-door *sick;* but in Ireland the *total* number of out-door poor of all classes only just exceeded the number of in-door sick. A comparison between the total number of sick admitted into the workhouses in Ireland and of the out-door poor of all classes during the year 1868 furnishes a still more striking result:—

Sick in workhouses - -	112,071
Out-door poor - -	50,257

Viewed, therefore, in connexion with the general administration of relief, it is evident that a much greater proportion of sick paupers are required to come into the workhouse hospitals in Ireland, with its dispensary system, than in England, without it; a circumstance attributable to the more strict state of the law which, in the case of the able-bodied, prohibits out-door relief, except when they themselves are unable to work on account of *severe* sickness or *serious* accident, and to the necessity of removing the sick from their wretched homes, where there would be no chance of their recovery.

Is it advisable to extend gratuitous medical relief in England, as in Ireland, beyond the pauper class.

We will not now discuss how far it may be advisable in a sanitary or social point of view to extend gratuitous medical relief in England beyond the actual pauper class, to distribute medical tickets with the same freedom as in Ireland, and to provide that the acceptance of such tickets should not pauperize the recipient.

Questions of the gravest character would require a solution before the practice in the two countries could be assimilated. It would be necessary to determine how far the ready access to gratuitous medical attendance would occasion a serious additional charge upon the public burdens, how far it would be compatible with the existing arrangements under which the practice of medicine and surgery is conducted in this country, and

how far it would have a pauperizing tendency by diminishing self-reliance and competing with those existing self-supporting organizations by which the more thrifty and prudent members of the working classes are enabled to supply themselves with medical aid in case of sickness.

The statistics of Ireland prove that the additional burden on the ratepayers would be considerable. A very small proportion of the amount spent in Ireland on medical relief, under the Medical Charities Act, represents the cost of medical attendance on actual paupers, as we have seen there were only 50,257 out-door paupers, *altogether*, while as many as 767,759 tickets were issued.

If in England a proportionate number of tickets were issued to those who are not of the pauper class the change would necessarily operate in part as a transfer of patients from the private practitioner to the public officer, although there can be no doubt that the number of applications for medical assistance would be considerably increased. It is clear, therefore, that gratuitous medical attendance on a national scale must alter most materially the existing proportion between public and private practitioners. Of this Ireland furnishes a remarkable illustration. The dispensary system of Ireland owes its origin, in the main, to the fact of there being exceedingly few medical men in the rural districts, where, in the absence of the salaries provided out of public funds, the population would be too sparse and too poor to afford remunerative practice to the general practitioner. In England, on the other hand, particularly in towns and the more populous districts, the medical wants of the people are supplied by medical practitioners at a rate of charge adapted to the circumstances of all but the very poor. Accordingly we find that the total number of physicians and other members of the medical profession in Ireland is 2,410, of whom 949, or more than three-eighths, are either dispensary doctors or workhouse medical officers. This gives a supply of one medical man to about 2,500 of the population, whilst in London alone there are 3,228 medical practitioners, or more than one to every 1,000 of the population.

The foregoing facts prove that the difference between the medical practice in the two countries is by no means occasioned by Poor Law Regulations, but depends

upon social causes which are not common to the two countries; a remark which equally applies to the remaining point which, as we have stated, it would be necessary to consider before an organic change could be safely assented to. The practice of providing medical aid through the means of benefit and friendly societies scarcely exists in Ireland, whereas in England it prevails among a very considerable portion of the working classes, who would have to choose between the alternative of contributing towards the additional taxation required for establishing a system of public medicine, whilst still retaining their separate organization: or, as is more probable, of abandoning their self-supporting organization, and themselves resorting to the public medical officers.

At the same time the economical and social advantages of free medicine to the poorer classes generally as distinguished from actual paupers, and perfect accessibility to medical advice at all times under thorough organization, may be considered as so important in themselves as to render it necessary to weigh with the greatest care all the reasons which may be adduced in their favour.

Boarding out of Children.

Boarding out of pauper children.

The system of "boarding out" pauper children has attracted our special notice. For some time past, an increasing number of applications has been made to us by boards of guardians for our sanction to the partial adoption of that system, and after much deliberation we came to the conclusion that a fair trial ought not to be refused to the proposed change. Among the guardians who desired to adopt the system were those of the Evesham Union, and in our reply to their application (published in a parliamentary paper, No. 176, sess. 1869, and set forth in the App., p. 3,) we discussed in detail some of the principles involved.

We stated the objections hitherto entertained by the Board; we pointed out the serious risks attendant upon the practice, and the imperative need which exists for surrounding it with all possible safeguards, so as to ensure the proper education and the general well being of the children. We drew the attention of the Guardians to the necessity for a regular organization which would provide for a constant supervision of the children, a condition to which of all others the success of the system in Scotland is most to be attributed. On the

understanding that satisfactory securities would be provided in all these respects, we approved the adoption of the system on trial; but in the conclusion of our letter we refused our sanction to a proposal of the guardians that the wages earned by the children after ten years of age should be apportioned half to the guardians and half to the foster-parents. The danger of such a practice must be obvious, while the legal objection would arise that children so earning wages would presumably be in service and scarcely be in the position of being paupers at all.

In a letter to the Horncastle Board of Guardians on the same subject of "boarding out" we adverted to another point which seemed to us to be of great importance.

It appeared that with few exceptions the children boarded out in this Union did not attend day school, but that their whole time was occupied in the service of those with whom they were boarded out. We pointed out to the guardians that if boys give their whole time and labour to their masters at an age when they are able to do a proper day's work, a serious question arises as to the fairness and legality of a specific weekly payment out of the poor rates for their assistance.

In this case (Horncastle) our attention was also drawn to the operation of the boarding-out system in reducing the number of children in the workhouse schools. The withdrawal of most of the children made it a difficult question how to provide for the schooling and superintendence of the children still remaining in the workhouse, who were too few in number for the maintenance of a proper school, yet who for various reasons could not themselves be boarded out.

Other difficulties came to the surface in the course of some negotiations between a lady residing in Westmoreland, who was anxious to undertake the charge of a certain number of the children, and the board of guardians of the parish of Bethnal Green.

A contract was proposed between the guardians and that lady under which a certain weekly payment was to be made to her on behalf of each child, the lady undertaking to place out the children with cottagers, and to keep a supervision over them. But it was felt that, though in the particular case which was brought before us the proposal was quite unobjectionable, there were grave reasons against the establishment of a precedent

under which the contracts and the pecuniary arrangements would not be made direct between the guardians and those persons who were willing to become the foster parents of the children, but between the guardians and third parties. Any approach to arrangements under which third parties would undertake to place out children on behalf of boards of guardians seemed to us to be fraught with danger, except under a thoroughly organized system.

A second difficulty in this case was that the children belonging to one union were to be boarded out within the limits of another union. If the boarding-out system is to be utilized to any extent by the metropolitan unions, it will be necessary to provide for this contingency, and to repeal, so far as they apply to children boarded out, those articles of the general order which prohibit non-resident relief. For it is evident that there would be few, if any, eligible localities within the limits of the metropolis where children could be safely and advantageously placed.

The periodical inspection of children belonging to one union and boarded within the limits of another union in a distant part of the kingdom is also surrounded with difficulties, yet requires to be carefully provided for. Objection has also been raised that there is a risk of the children becoming ultimately chargeable to the union to which they may be temporarily sent. We further considered ourselves bound to point out to the Guardians that a high pecuniary inducement offered to cottagers to take in pauper children may tend to dangerous contrasts being made between pauper children and the children of the independent poor, the maintenance of the latter being felt as a heavy charge, whilst the maintenance of the former, if too liberally paid for, would confer an actual pecuniary benefit. Instances have come to our knowledge of widows sending their own boys out into the world at a very tender age in order to make room for the reception of pauper children, whose maintenance would be paid for.

The enumeration of these various considerations and difficulties will show the extreme necessity for proceeding very cautiously in sanctioning the change of system, and the great risk of adopting portions of the scheme without the various safeguards which as every one will acknowledge, must be insisted on where the practice

prevails on a large scale. The case of Scotland being always cited in support of the possibility of children being boarded out with advantage to themselves and to the community, and without the occurrence of any of the abuses which might theoretically be supposed to surround the system, we sent one of our inspectors (Mr. J. J. Henley) to that country, for the purpose of inquiring into the administration of the Scotch Poor Law in this respect, and generally into the social and moral effects observable as the results of the course adopted. Our inspectors throughout England and Wales were instructed at the same time to institute similar inquiries in their own districts wherever the boarding-out system partially prevailed; and we are thus enabled, by presenting the valuable report of Mr. Henley on Scotland and those of our inspectors on their several districts, to convey the most ample and detailed information on the system as practised in the two countries, and to afford the opportunity of comparing their points of divergence and agreement. The different social and economical circumstances of the two countries will, however, doubtless be taken into account in deducing arguments or illustrations from the one as applicable to the other.

Reports of Poor Law Inspectors on "boarding out" in Scotland and England.

These reports of the inspectors are, both on account of their importance and of their voluminous character, printed as a separate parliamentary paper. (No. 176, sess. 1870.)

Having thus accumulated a large amount of information respecting the system of "boarding out," we shall shortly be prepared to reconsider the whole question, and if, as we have every reason to hope, the difficulties attending the adoption of the practice in England on a more extensive scale in a regularly organized form, though serious, are not insurmountable, it will be our duty to issue rules and regulations for its control. We quite believe that the system, if well conducted, is likely to benefit pauper children in the highest degree, but if not watched with unremitting care, abuses of a deplorable character might easily surround it, and result in moral and social evils of the greatest magnitude.

Training Ship for Orphan Children.

Training Ship for Orphan Children.

As difficulty is often experienced in obtaining a satisfactory outlet for boys brought up in the district and

separate schools, and it appeared to us that great advantage would result if a ship were provided in the Thames for the training for the sea-service of pauper boys from the metropolitan schools, we communicated with the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty on the subject, and they expressed their willingness to grant the use of the "Goliath," now lying at Sheerness, for the purpose. A provision, which was introduced into the Metropolitan Poor Act (1867) Amendment Act, in contemplation of such an arrangement, enables the guardians of any union or parish, and the managers of any school or asylum district, with the consent of the Poor Law Board, to purchase, hire, or otherwise acquire and fit up and furnish one or more ships to be used for the training of boys for the sea service.

We deemed it desirable that the training ship should be attached to one of the existing school districts, and as two of the unions contained in the Forest Gate school district are waterside unions, we suggested to the managers that they should undertake the management of the ship, and they have very willingly assented to our proposal. As it is intended that the training ship should be available for boys from all the unions and parishes in the metropolis, we have stipulated that the managers shall enter into contracts for the reception of boys from metropolitan unions and parishes not included in the Forest Gate School District at such a weekly charge per head as will be sufficient to cover the actual cost of the maintenance of the children together with a fair proportion of the charges incurred by the fitting-up of the vessel.

Emigration.

Emigration. The subject of emigration has been brought prominently before the notice of the Board during the past year. After mature consideration, it appeared to us that the Passenger Acts of 1855 and 1863 afford sufficient securities for the safety and comfort of emigrants, and that no necessity exists either for continuing the form of contract between guardians and shipowners, which has hitherto been insisted on, but which has been represented to us as needlessly hampering the course of emigration, or for imposing the other conditions and regulations which have been attached to the orders of

the Board authorizing the expenditure for the purposes of emigration of money raised by the poor rate.

Modification of the conditions in regard to emigration.

We have therefore resolved to abandon the form of contract and most of the conditions referred to, retaining only such of the latter as seem to us to be still useful.

We were anxious at the same time to ascertain how far the agents of those colonies which are principally interested in emigration would be willing to co-operate in a plan which we drew up, and under which their active interference and assistance would have been secured. We accordingly conferred with several colonial representatives, and, whilst inviting their co-operation, explained to them that the Board do not contemplate the introduction of any new scheme of emigration, but simply propose, while continuing to act within the powers conferred by several Acts of Parliament, to free the subject of emigration, as far as the Board's jurisdiction extends, from conditions and stipulations which were represented to us to interfere with and hamper its legitimate exercise. Considerable difficulties occurred to the agents of the colonies with regard to their taking any official cognizance of poor persons sent out by guardians at the expense of the rates. We were accordingly obliged to suspend the execution of the plan which we had in contemplation, and have confined ourselves to such improvements in the machinery under which the Guardians act as appeared to us to be safe in themselves and equitable to the colonies. We still require the names of proposed emigrants and the particulars of each case to be submitted to us, together with the sums to be expended. We further require to be informed of the colony selected, so as to be able to exercise a control in case of necessity, and to be furnished with the vouchers of the expenditure incurred.

Difficulties on the part of agents of colonies to take cognizance of pauper emigrants.

The approval of the Board in regard to emigration still necessary.

It should be borne in mind that any expenditure by guardians for the purpose of emigration can only be legally made under an Order of the Poor Law Board, and subject to such rules and regulations as the Board may prescribe, and that the formal approval of the Board in regard to the emigrants and the sums to be expended is accordingly still legally necessary.

We are still obliged to prohibit the emigration of poor persons at the expense of the rates to the United

States, owing to the wishes of the government of that country officially communicated to us.

Poor Law Officers.

Poor Law Officers.

One of the most laborious functions of the Poor Law Board consists in the supervision of the appointments, resignations, dismissals, conduct, and salaries of Poor Law Officers. The total number of persons locally employed in the administration of the poor laws, exclusive of the Metropolis, amounts to 13,849. We have caused the following statement to be prepared showing the number of officers of each class and the number of resignations and dismissals.

Statement of the Number of Officers who have resigned on account of Irregularities, or been dismissed from the Appointments held by them, in the several Unions of England and Wales (the Metropolitan District excluded), during the year ended 1869.

Total Number of Officers in the several Unions of England and Wales.	Office.	Voluntary Resignation, to avoid enquiry, &c.	Forced Resignation.	Dismissal.	Total of Resignation and Dismissals.
618	Clerk to the Guardians -	—	2	—	2
3,906	Medical officers -	16	5	4	25
1,336	Relieving officers -	5	6	1	12
629	Masters of workhouses -	5	13	2	20
	Superintendents of schools -	—	1	—	1
636	Matrons of workhouses -	3	3	—	6
	Matrons of schools -	—	1	—	1
307	Schoolmasters -	2	1	5	8
489	Schoolmistresses -	2	5	—	7
1,521	Collectors of poor rates -	3	5	7	15
227*	Assistant overseers -	5	13	7	25
460	Porters -	3	5	21	29
98	Male nurses -	1	3	5	9
689	Nurses -	7	6	18	31
2,933	Assistant relieving officers -	1	—	—	1
	Industrial trainers -	—	—	2	2
	Other officers and assistants -	—	1	2	3
13,849	Totals -	53	70	74	197

* This is the total number of Assistant Overseers appointed under orders of the Board. The number dismissed, &c. comprises also Assistant Overseers appointed under the 59 Geo. 3. c. 12. s. 7.

We have also caused the following statement to be prepared, showing the cost per head of inmates in respect of officers' salaries and rations in certain workhouses of various sizes.

Cost per head of workhouse inmates in respect of officers' salaries

STATEMENT showing the Cost per Head of Inmates in respect of Officers' Salaries and Rations in certain Workhouses of various Sizes in England and Wales.

County and Union.	Number of Officers in Workhouse.	Number of Inmates Workhouse will accommodate.	Mean Number of Inmates on 1st July 1868, and 1st January 1869.	Total annual Amount of Officers' Salaries, Value of Rations, &c.			Cost, per Head per Annum, of Inmates, in respect of Officer's Salaries and Rations, calculated on the mean Number of Inmates on 1st July 1868, and 21st January 1869.		
				£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Berks: Easthampstead -	6	100	66	285	4	5	4	6	5
Cumberland: Bootle - - -	4	100	43	120	8	11	2	16	0
Derby: Chapel-en-le-Frith -	7	100	69	240	4	0	3	9	7
Salop: Church Stretton -	5	100	62	144	13	0	2	6	8
Yorkshire: Bedale - - -	4	100	30	97	0	0	3	4	8
Berks: Wokingham -	6	200	145	300	10	11	2	1	5
Cambridge: Whittlesey - -	5	200	94	152	3	10	1	12	5
Devon: Bideford - -	7	200	84	280	3	8	3	6	8
Lancashire: Fylde - - -	6	200	142	275	12	0	1	19	0
Lincolnshire: Caistor - - -	9	200	126	420	12	3	3	6	9
Northampton: Potterspury - -	6	200	81	203	12	2	2	9	3
Southampton: Alresford - -	7	200	83	322	4	3	3	17	7
Cardigan: Aberystwyth - -	4	200	42	136	9	2	3	5	0
Bucks: Aylesbury - -	9	300	199	467	8	9	2	7	0

County and Union.	Number of Officers in Workhouse.	Number of Inmates Workhouse will accommodate.	Mean Number of Inmates on 1st July 1868, and 1st January 1869.	Total annual Amount of Officers' Salaries, Value of Rations, &c.			Cost, per Head, per Annum, of Inmates, in respect of Officers' Salaries and Rations, calculated on the mean Number of Inmates on 1st July 1868, and 21st January 1869.		
				£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Cheshire : Northwich - -	9	300	149	468	15	8	3	2	11
Devon : Tiverton - -	8	300	85	317	2	3	3	14	7
Leicester : Ashby-de-la Zouch -	6	300	176	314	15	4	1	15	9
Salop : Atcham - -	6	300	149	334	8	8	2	4	10
Yorkshire : Doncaster - -	10	300	261	473	17	5	1	16	3
Bedfordshire : Bedford - -	10	400	247	512	15	9	2	1	6
Berkshire : Bradfield - -	10	400	175	653	12	3	3	14	8
Kent : Faversham - -	10	400	186	518	12	0	2	15	9
Lancashire : Leigh - - -	7	406	213	257	10	7	1	4	2
Norfolk : Great Yarmouth -	14	400	426	878	6	10	2	1	3
Nottinghamshire : Basford - - -	7	400	280	461	2	10	1	12	11
Somerset : Frome - - -	10	400	199	442	19	10	2	4	6
Flint : Holywell - -	10	400	224	402	1	9	1	15	10
Cornwall : Truro - - -	10	500	231	450	4	8	1	19	0
Devon : Stoke Damerel -	11	500	479	753	15	7	1	11	6
Essex : Halstead - -	9	504	182	481	6	10	2	12	10
Kent : Dover - - -	8	500	334	517	2	9	1	11	0
Lancashire : Ashton-under-Lyne	11	500	480	622	5	5	1	6	0

County and Union.	Number of Officers in Workhouse.	Number of Inmates Workhouse will accommodate.	Mean Number of Inmates on 1st July 1868, and 1st January 1869.	Total annual Amount of Officers' Salaries, Value of Rations, &c. £ s. d.	Cost, per Head, per Annum, of Inmates, in respect of Officers' Salaries and Rations, calculated on the mean Number of Inmates on 1st July 1868, and 21st January 1869. £ s. d.
Norfolk:					
Depwade - -	9	500	190	483 19 2	2 11 0
Suffolk:					
Bosmere and Claydon	9	500	162	483 5 4	2 19 8
Yorkshire:					
Sculcoates - -	13	500	418	687 15 10	1 13 0
Devon:					
Plymouth - -	16	600	605	877 4 2	1 9 0
Lancashire:					
Oldham - - -	12	600	556	704 7 9	1 5 4
Stafford:					
West Bromwich -	13	600	599	845 7 10	1 8 3
Essex:					
West Ham - -	16	741	886	1,108 16 10	1 5 0
Worcester:					
Dudley - - -	12	757	778	673 6 4	0 17 4
Lancashire:					
Wigan - - -	14	828	508	720 0 5	1 8 4
Bolton - - -	15	1,045	701	899 0 9	1 5 8
Nottinghamshire:					
Nottingham - -	20	1,150	714	1,558 5 4	2 3 8
Gloucester:					
Clifton - - -	23	1,180	730	1,141 1 1	1 11 3
Southampton:					
Portsea Island -	49	1,443	1,349	2,758 2 8	2 0 10
Lancashire:					
West Derby - -	22	1,200	929	2,346 4 6	2 10 6
Chorlton - -	59	1,573	1,387	4,570 2 6	3 5 11
Warwick:					
Birmingham - -	63	1,994	2,079	4,026 5 10	1 18 8

In Easthampstead, in which Union the cost per head is greatest, there are six workhouse officers.

In Dudley, in which Union the cost per head is smallest, there are twelve workhouse officers.

Causes of the differences in the amounts of the salaries of officers.

The variation in the total cost of officers' salaries in workhouses of similar size which this statement reveals is very remarkable. It is caused in part by the more liberal views entertained by some Boards of Guardians, who attach more importance to the employment of officers of a superior class than to securing officers at the lowest scale of remuneration, and in part by the fact that some Boards of Guardians employ a larger number of officers than is considered necessary by other Boards of Guardians. Again, in some workhouses mechanics are employed and classed as "officers," while in others the guardians contract with tradesmen for work which these persons perform. The cases of the Dudley and Clifton Unions illustrate this point. The number of inmates in the Dudley Union workhouse is given as 778, and in the Clifton Union workhouse 730. In the former, although there are 48 more inmates than in the latter, 12 paid officers only are employed as compared with 23 officers in the workhouse with the greater number of inmates. The difference is caused by the permanent employment at Clifton of mechanics of various descriptions, as above explained.

As regards the discrepancy in the salaries of officers of the same class, cases are constantly occurring in which an increase of salary is recommended solely on the ground that the services of some particular officer are so valuable as to render it politic to raise his salary, irrespective of the usual emoluments attached to his office in other Unions, rather than allow him to seek employment elsewhere. It is on this account that great difficulty is felt in regulating officers' salaries by comparison with those paid in workhouses of similar size, the fact being that the salary of one person is higher than that given to another who discharges the same amount of duty, solely in consequence of the duties being discharged more satisfactorily and with greater advantage to the interests of the Union.

The difference in the cost of officers' salaries is also to some extent occasioned by the various nursing arrangements existing in workhouses. Some Boards of Guardians employ almost exclusively, paid nurses, while others cause the duties to be discharged by pauper inmates under a superintending officer. This will be seen in referring to the West Derby and Chorlton Unions. At West Derby the cost per inmate is 2*l.* 10*s.* 6*d.*, the

Guardians employing no paid nurses except two for lunatics. In the Chorlton Union the cost per head is 3*l*. 5*s*. 11*d*., and the Guardians employ 23 paid nurses. We are glad to be able to say that considerable progress is being made in the country generally in the appointment of paid nurses.

We wish further to point out that although we have the power of regulating officers' salaries, great consideration is shown to the views and wishes of the various Local Boards, who, in proposing for our sanction the remuneration of their officers, are doubtless influenced by the rate of payment received by persons engaged in other avocations in their particular locality. We have, therefore, hitherto abstained from framing any fixed scale of salaries, being of opinion that on the whole the present system of regulating them does not present such inconsistencies as to require us to adopt that course.

Officers' salaries in the Metropolis.

In the metropolis, on the other hand, where, under the provisions of the Metropolitan Poor Act of 1867, the officers' salaries have become a common charge over the whole metropolis, we have felt it incumbent upon ourselves to endeavour to secure as far as practicable a uniform basis of remuneration for all officers of a similar class, and with this view we addressed to the Guardians of the several Unions and parishes within the district a circular, on the 10th of November last, requesting that in future before any additional officer was appointed or an alteration made in any existing salary, the proposal might be communicated to us for our consideration and approval. At the same time we pointed out that it would be necessary to reconsider the existing salaries as vacancies occur.

Audit Districts.

Audit Districts.

In the year 1864 the Select Committee of the House of Commons on Poor Relief recommended that the number of the then existing audit districts should be reduced as vacancies occurred, and the vacant districts incorporated with others, the object of the recommendation being to make the audit districts sufficiently large to render it necessary that the auditors should devote the whole of their time to the public service. Since that period we have given effect, as far as practicable, to the policy there indicated, and during the last year

we were enabled to annex the Herefordshire Audit District, which had become vacant by the resignation of the auditor, to the Gloucester and Monmouthshire Audit District.

The districts similarly dealt with by us in the preceding years are the following :—

1. The Staffordshire and Derbyshire District which has been annexed to the Cheshire and Denbighshire District :
2. The Northumberland District, which has been annexed to the Durham and Northumberland District :
3. The Hampshire and Sussex District. Seven of the unions contained in this district have been added to the Hampshire and Wiltshire District. The remaining unions have been disposed of by annexing four of them to the Berkshire and Hampshire District, and the remaining three to the East Sussex and Surrey District :
4. The Sussex and Kent District. The nine unions of which this district was formed have been amalgamated with the West Kent District :
5. The Staffordshire and Worcestershire District. Ten of the unions comprised within this district have been added to the Oxford and Warwickshire District, which now contains 30 unions. The remaining unions of the dissolved district have been annexed to the Shropshire and Montgomeryshire District :
6. The Central Devonshire District. This small district, which comprised four unions only, has been incorporated with the South East Devonshire District :
7. The West Sussex District, which contained eight unions, has been annexed to the East Sussex and Surrey District.

The effect of these alterations has been to reduce the number of auditors from 53 to 45. There are still a large number of districts which require to be dissolved and amalgamated with others, and it is our intention to deal with them in this manner as far as practicable when vacancies occur.

Defaulting Collectors.

We regret to state that during the past year some instances have occurred of defaulting collectors and assistant overseers; and in one case which happened in the parish of Greenwich where the rates are made and collected under a Local Act, and not under the General Law and the regulations of the Poor Law Board, the defalcations were of a very serious amount. Defaulting Collectors.

We caused an investigation to be made into the circumstances under which the collector had been enabled to appropriate so large a sum to his own use, and we found that owing to the fact that the Local Act, under which he had been appointed to collect other rates besides the Poor Rate, did not provide such checks as are prescribed by our orders, he had been enabled to make up, prior to the audit, the deficiencies in that rate by receipts in respect of the others, over which the auditor has no jurisdiction or control. In some other cases also it appeared that the default had arisen from the facilities which the collection of rates not subject to audit by our auditors affords for meeting temporarily a deficiency in the Poor Rate account.

We fear that until the collection of all local rates is placed under the same responsible authority, it will be found extremely difficult, if not impossible to prevent the recurrence of similar frauds.

Dissolved Incorporations.

The Board under the powers conferred upon them by the 31 and 32 Vict. c. 122. s. 4. have dissolved the following Unions and Incorporations formed under Gilbert's Act, 22 G. III. c. 83., namely:— Dissolved Incorporations.

Caton.	Arundel.
Brinton.	East Preston.
Alverstoke.	Bainbridge.
Farnborough.	Barwick.
Headley.	Carlton.
Alstonfield.	Great Preston.
Ash.	

The parishes and townships which were formerly comprised in these Incorporations have been added to the Unions to which they respectively adjoined.

The Shrewsbury and Montgomery and Pool incorporations in which relief to the poor was administered

under Local Acts have also been dissolved and the parishes formed into two new Unions.

Owing to certain parishes being intermingled with Gilbert's Unions they could not, during the existence of those Unions, be formed into Unions by themselves or added to other Unions, and of necessity, therefore, relief to the poor in those parishes continued to be administered under the 43 Eliz. c. 2.

The dissolution of the Gilbert's Unions, however, has enabled the Board to deal with these parishes, and they have therefore been placed in Unions under the Poor Law Amendment Act of 1834.

A list of the parishes referred to is given in the Appendix (p. 366).

The whole of England and Wales with respect to the relief of the poor is now brought under the Poor Law Amendment Act of 1834, with the exception of the following places in which relief to the poor is still administered under Local Acts :—

Brighton.
Bristol.
Canterbury.
Exeter.
Coventry.
Birmingham.
Chichester.
Kingston-upon-Hull.
Liverpool.
Oswestry.
Plymouth.
Southampton.
Stoke Damerel.
Oxford.
Bury St. Edmunds.
East and West Flegg ;
Forehoe ; and
Mutford and Lothingland } Incorporations.

UNION BOUNDARIES.

Boundaries of Unions.

Public attention has been repeatedly directed to the great inconveniences which have often arisen in the management of the local affairs of many unions from the fact of such unions being situate in more than one county. With a view to ascertain the exact facts of the case, we instructed our inspectors in November last to

consider the circumstances of each such union in their respective districts, and to report to us whether there were any, and, if so, what obstacles to a readjustment of the union boundaries, so that no union should be situate in more than one county.

These reports have since been received, and it appeared advisable owing to the importance of their contents to publish them in a separate parliamentary paper (No. 122, sess. 1870).

We regret to state that the general result of the information received is, that although in some instances the adjustment might be effected without difficulty, very serious impediments, both geographical and financial, would be encountered in the great majority of cases, and that in unions so situated, an alteration of boundaries in the manner proposed would be so difficult, and attended with so much inconvenience, as to be virtually impracticable without a general re-arrangement of the areas of the whole country for poor law purposes.

Legislation.

The following important Acts affecting the administration of the laws for the relief of the poor were passed during the last session:— Legislation.

1. "The Poor Rate Assessment and Collection Act, 1869," 32 & 33 Vict. c. 41. We have reason to believe that the provisions of this important measure have been very extensively adopted, and that the result has been to remove the serious inconveniencies and hardships to which the abolition of the system of compounding had given rise. The principal provisions of the Act have been explained by us in a circular issued on the 23rd of November 1869, which will be found in the appendix (p. 30).
2. "The Valuation (Metropolis) Act, 1869." The object of this Act is to establish a common basis of value for the purposes of government and local taxation, and to promote uniformity in the assessment of rateable property in the metropolis. The proceedings preliminary to the preparation and revision of the Valuation Lists are now in progress, but owing to the time required for completing the Valuation

Lists in conformity with the Act they will not be available for the purposes of assessment until Lady Day 1871.

3. "The Metropolitan Poor Act, 1867, Amendment Act." This amends the Act of 1867 on several important points. It authorizes Guardians and school managers to provide training ships for boys, and it contains several provisions for facilitating the establishment of dispensaries.

The following Acts were also passed, confirming Provisional Orders which had been made by the Board in exercise of the power conferred upon them by the Poor Law Amendment Act, 1867 (30 & 31 Vict. c. 106):—

1. Repealing the local Act for Chester.
2. Repealing the local Acts for the Hundreds of Tunstead and Happing.
3. Readjusting the parish of Woolavington.

In addition to the foregoing, some Acts relating directly or indirectly to the assessment of property to the Poor Rate were also passed, viz.:—

1. An Act to provide for the exemption of Sunday and Ragged Schools from rating (32 & 33 Vict. c. 40).
2. An Act to alter the law relating to Union Loans (32 & 33 Vict. c. 45).

The following provisions in Acts passed for other purposes will be found to affect some of the laws connected with poor relief:—

1. Sections 32. and 33. of the 32 & 33 Vict. c. 71., which provide for the payment of rates due from bankrupts and the discharge of apprentices bound to them.
2. Section 13. of the 32 & 33 Vict. c. 96., which provides for the settlements of children born in certain hospitals.
3. Section 2. of the 32 & 33 Vict. c. 78., which makes further provision as to the maintenance of criminal lunatics in asylums.
4. Section 37. of the 32 & 33 Vict. c. 102., which enables the Metropolitan Board of Works to lend money to the amount of 500,000*l.* to the Managers of the Metropolitan Asylum District.

Under the powers conferred by this section, the Metropolitan Board of Works have agreed to advance to

the managers 461,346*l.* at the rate of 3*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.* per cent., or 1*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.* per cent. less than the rate of interest required to be paid to the Public Works Loan Commisioners, with whom the managers had previously contracted for the loans. This arrangement will not only effect a very considerable saving in interest, the same section further provides for the repayment of the principal within 60 years, whereas previously it was required that all sums borrowed by the managers should be repaid within a period not exceeding 30 years, and by this extension of time the annual charge upon the ratepayers for principal will be reduced by no less than one half.

All which we humbly present to Your Majesty.

GEORGE J. GOSCHEN,

President.

APPENDIX.

(A.)—Circulars issued by the Poor Law Board, &c.

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(A.)
Circulars, &c.

No. 1.

Boarding Out Pauper Children.—Circular Letter from the Poor Law Board to the Poor Law Inspectors.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall,
30th October 1869.

Sir,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to state that they are anxious to obtain full particulars with regard to the so-called boarding-out system in the case of pauper children, so far as it prevails in your district.

The Board therefore direct me to request that you will report to them :—

1. The number of Unions in your district in which the system has been adopted.
2. The time during which it has been in operation in each Union.
3. The number of children boarded out and in the workhouse school, classified respectively as under :—
   - Orphans.
   - Deserted.
   - Legitimate.
   - Illegitimate.
4. The number of children boarded out by the Guardians :—
   - How many in one house.
   - Their age.
   - Occupation, when required to work.
   - General appearance, especially as regards their being properly fed.
   - State of clothing, shoes, &c. &c.
   - Personal cleanliness.
   - Days and hours of schooling.
   - What report from school teacher.
   - Provision for medical attendance.
   - Attendance at Sunday school and place of worship.
5. The foster parents :—
   - Their condition and character.
   - The number, character, employment, and state of education of their own children (at home).
   - Selection of foster parents, how made, *i.e.*, by whom, and on what information.
   - Distance of home of foster parents —
     - From school, day and Sunday.
     - From place of worship.
     - General condition of the home, *i.e.*, as to cleanliness, healthiness of locality, &c.
6. The price paid, and whether inclusive or exclusive of—
   - School pence.
   - Medical attendance.
   - Outfit.
   - Subsequent allowance for clothing.
7. Supervision. The method adopted. Reports, at what interval of time and by whom made.
   - Whether by—
     - Visiting committee.
     - Relieving officer.
     - Individual Guardians.

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

8. At what age are children put out into permanent situations from the workhouse?
9. What provision made or security given that the children boarded out shall cease, at the earliest opportunity, to be a charge upon the rates?
10. And is any age fixed beyond which payment to the foster parent ceases?

The Board are anxious to have a plain statement of facts, as exhaustive yet as concise as possible, with regard to the state of the children boarded out; and they are of opinion that the facts collected will be all the more useful, and will serve more effectually to inform the public mind on the subject, if they are given without any comment or inferences, which might show any bias on the part of those by whom they are collected.

The Board intend to include an abstract of the information furnished in their next Annual Report.*

It is, therefore, most desirable that the inquiry should be instituted at once.

I am, &c.
ARTHUR W. PEEL,
Secretary.

Poor Law Inspector.

P.S.—Should you be of opinion that the number of children boarded out in your district is so great, that the task of obtaining personally the information required would involve an interruption of your regular duties, you are requested to communicate your opinion to the Board as soon as possible, accompanied by a statement of the number of such children. In cases where it is difficult to obtain *all* the information, it will be desirable to procure answers to the more important of the foregoing questions.

No. 2.

BOARDING OUT OF PAUPER CHILDREN.—LETTERS from the POOR LAW BOARD to the GUARDIANS of the EVESHAM AND HORNCASTLE UNION and the PARISH of BETHNAL GREEN.

LETTER from the Poor Law Board to the Guardians of the Evesham Union.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
3d April 1869.

SIR,

I AM directed by the Poor Law Board to acknowledge the receipt of your letters of the 27th of January, the 19th of February last, and the 24th ultimo, in reference to the proposal of the Board of Guardians of the Evesham Union to place out the orphan children who are or may become inmates of the workhouse of the Union.

The Board regret the delay which has taken place in their reply, but the proposal submitted to them involved a principle of such importance that the Board were anxious to give it the most careful consideration before expressing an opinion upon the expediency of the course which the Guardians desired to adopt. Several similar applications have been before the Board at the same time, so that it became necessary to review the suggested adoption of the system of boarding out orphan

* The reports of the inspectors on the boarding out of pauper children in England, together with the report of Mr. J. J. Henley, Poor Law Inspector, on the boarding out of pauper children in Scotland, form a separate Parliamentary paper. See No. 176, Sess. 1870.

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

pauper children, instead of retaining them in the workhouse, with reference not only to the Evesham Union, but as a question of general policy.

The Board have hitherto been consistently opposed to the system proposed, influenced mainly by the consideration that in view of the responsibility imposed upon Guardians as regards orphan children, the Guardians would be unable to exercise the necessary control and supervision of the children who may be removed from the workhouse and placed under the charge of those whose main object in taking the children would be to make a profit out of the sums allowed for their maintenance. Other strong objections occurred to them, such as the difficulty of ensuring that some regular education for the children is given as in the schools attached to the Union.

The proposed change appeared to the Board to give insufficient security either for the instruction or the physical well-being of orphan children.

On the other hand, the Board are aware that the system of boarding out children has been in operation for many years in Scotland, with apparent success. The Board are fully sensible of the many arguments which might be urged in favour of the plan, and provided they could be satisfied that a thorough system of efficient supervision and control would be established by the Guardians, and the most rigid inquiry instituted at short intervals into the treatment and education of the children, the Board have come to the conclusion that they ought not to discourage the Guardians from giving the plan a fair trial; though they cannot be insensible to the fact that a grave responsibility is thereby incurred. The social circumstances of England and Scotland differ in many respects so materially, that the success of the boarding out of children in the latter can scarcely be considered as a safe criterion that the system will answer equally well in England.

The arrangements for the inspection of the children in Scotland are very rigorous, and a careful organization is employed for the purpose of selecting the families with whom the children are to be placed. It is evident that the most disastrous consequences would ensue if the greatest vigilance were not exercised in this respect.

The Board desire to impress most urgently upon the Guardians the necessity of taking care that the children to be placed out should be such as being in good health will not miss the constant attention given to the inmates of the workhouse by the workhouse medical officer, and that the persons to whom the children are to be intrusted should be such as may be presumed to be able to provide good wholesome food, warm and cleanly lodging, and the necessary personal inspection. The Guardians must also be satisfied that there is a school of the religion to which the child belongs in such proximity to the place where it is to live that it can be regularly attended, and further that the attendance is regularly given. It might possibly be advisable to make the payment of the weekly allowance partly dependent on a certificate as regards attendance at school.

The Guardians must cause the children thus removed from their own supervision to be constantly visited by their relieving officers, and must require them to make frequent reports as to the state and condition of the children, and their treatment. The Guardians must hold the relieving officer strictly responsible for any neglect in respect of such visit and report.

The Board think it right to add that as no regulations have been issued by them which control the Guardians in granting out-door relief to orphan children of such tender years as not to be classed as able-

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

bodied, it is legally competent for the Guardians, without any special authority from this Board, to discharge such children from the workhouse, and to allow them to be placed in charge of persons who for the weekly out-door relief granted by the Guardians would provide them with lodging and maintenance. The Guardians might also pay for the schooling of such orphans so living out of the workhouse, according to the 18 & 19 Vict. c. 34. s. 5.

As regards children old enough and strong enough to work, the guardians are in a different position, and the last of the resolutions contained in your letter of 27th January cannot be carried out. It is therein proposed, "that after 10 years of age the children are to be employed " in such labour as the Guardians approve, and that one half of the " wages earned should be paid to the Guardians, and the other half to " the persons who shall lodge and clothe them." The board must point out to the guardians that they have no authority to place out children to serve in any capacity and continue them as paupers. If they are competent to render service they come within the description of able-bodied persons, and out-door relief would not be lawful. In such cases, upon entering into service, they would cease to be paupers, and the provisions which the Legislature has enacted in the 14 Vict. c. 11. for their protection would come into operation.

It is clear, therefore, that a proposal which contemplates not only that the persons to whom these young children are intrusted should be authorized to place them out to service elsewhere and to receive a portion of the wages to be earned by the children, but that such wages should in part be paid over to the Guardians themselves, cannot be approved by this Board.

Indeed, it appears to the Board that the Guardians can scarcely have realized the full scope of such a proposition. They will remember that the hiring out of adults of full age by the Guardians is prohibited by the 56 Geo. 3. c. 129, and the Board presume that the omission of children from the terms of that prohibition can only be accounted for from the fact of such a practice not being considered as likely to occur.

In conclusion, the Board request the Guardians to communicate to them very fully the detailed arrangements which the Guardians may determine to make to secure the object they have in view. The Board will watch the experiment with the greatest interest, but with some anxiety.

I am, &c.
(Signed) H. Fleming,
Secretary.

To John Wadams, Esq.,
Clerk to the Guardians of the
Evesham Union.

Letter from the Poor Law Board to the Guardians of the Horncastle Union.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
10th May 1869.

Sir,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 29th March, in which, as requested by their letter of the 28th ultimo, you forward to them copies of the reports which have been made to the Guardians of the Horncastle

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

Union relative to the children who have been placed out by them with farmers and others in the Union.

I am directed to state that the Board have carefully perused the reports, and that in two respects the arrangements which have been made by the Guardians as regards the children in question have raised considerable doubts in the mind of the Board as to the efficiency of the system which the Guardians pursue.

In the first place, the Board observe with regret that, with the exception of two of 11 years of age, the children are not sent to school, but that their whole time is, apparently, devoted to the exclusive benefit and advantage of the persons with whom they are boarded out. Hence the further question arises whether, if boys give their whole time and labour to their masters at an age when they are able to do a proper day's work, it is legal or just to the ratepayers that assistance from the poor rates in the shape of a specific weekly payment should also be given to the masters with each boy.

The Board request that these points may be carefully considered by the Guardians, and the Board will be glad to receive the observations of the Guardians on the subject.

I am, &c.
(Signed) H. Fleming,
Secretary.

To H. Lenton, Esq.,
Clerk to the Guardians of the
Horncastle Union.

Letter from the Poor Law Board to the Guardians of the Parish of Bethnal Green.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
9th November 1869.

Sir,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 21st ultimo, in which you report to the Board the application made on behalf of Miss Ann Preusser of Annesdale, Windermere, either to adopt six orphan girls, or to receive that number, upon the Guardians paying for their maintenance, and educate them and bring them up as domestic servants.

You state that the Guardians would be willing to make a payment for their maintenance if the Board consider it legal, and if it meets with the Board's approval. If not, you inquire whether the Guardians would be justified in handing the girls over to this lady that she may adopt them.

It may be convenient in the first instance to state the strictly legal bearings of the two separate proposals made to the Guardians, namely, 1, the maintenance of the children in the part of the country where this lady lives, in consideration of a weekly payment to be made to her by the Guardians; and 2, the entire adoption of the children by her, without any payment.

With regard to this latter proposal, the Board have to state that they are of opinion that there is no legal objection to the Guardians intrusting orphan or deserted children to any person of proper condition and good character, who, being fully competent to do so, offers to receive and maintain them gratuitously, with the intention of adopting or permanently providing for them.

The assent of this Board is not a necessary preliminary to the acceptance of such an offer, as no statute or order of the Board places any restraint upon the discretion of the Guardians in this respect.

With regard to the first proposal, there is no legal bar where the children are boarded out within the limits of their own parish or union; but the payment of a weekly allowance by the Guardians for the maintenance of children belonging to their parish to persons residing beyond these limits would be to grant non-resident relief, and would, consequently, fall within the prohibition of non-resident relief contained in Article 4 of the General Order of 1852. There is indeed an exception authorizing such non-resident relief in the case of children maintained in a workhouse or establishment for the education of poor children; but the Board conceive that these words cannot be so interpreted as to extend to children boarded out in a private family. So long, therefore, as the order referred to remains in force, boarding out of children beyond the limits of their own parish or union is illegal, and no consent of the Board would enable the Guardians to defray the cost of their maintenance.

The Board, at the same time, desire me to add, that they have under their consideration the provision of the Metropolitan Poor Amendment Act of the last session which authorizes the cost of the maintenance of certain classes of children when boarded out with the consent of the Poor Law Board to be repaid out of the Common Fund. So long as non-resident relief is prohibited this provision would only be legally applicable to children boarded out within the limits of the metropolis, and as it would, for obvious reasons, be undesirable to place children out in families residing in crowded districts, it does not appear likely that the Guardians would avail themselves to any extent of this provision until an alteration were made in the General Order prohibiting non-resident relief. The Board have, therefore, to consider the expediency both of altering the General Order in question, and of framing regulations and conditions under which they would issue their consent to the boarding out of children if the legal impediment were removed. They may at once state their conviction that one most essential condition should be the organization of a searching system of frequent inspection in all cases without exception where money payments are given. It appears to the Board that there is little doubt that the popularity of the system in Scotland is in a great measure due to the confidence inspired by an organized inspection, extending both to the physical condition and the education of the children. The Board cannot conceal from themselves that without such a system the practice would be fraught with the greatest danger, and would fail to inspire that public confidence which is indispensable to its success. Another condition of vital importance appears to be, that no contracts should be made with any persons except those who actually receive the children into their houses. Any system under which a person might contract to place a number of children with families, receiving themselves so much per head from the Guardians, under which, in fact, the placing out of children might become a sort of trade, appears to the Board to stand self condemned.

On a similar principle the Board consider that no family ought to be allowed to take in more than two or three children at the most.

The Board think it right to state that they have instructed one of their inspectors to visit Scotland, and to report minutely upon the system of placing out children as carried out there, and they have requested their other inspectors to report as to what has hitherto been done in England in various unions where a similar system has been partially tried. When the Board have received these reports, they will gladly consider, in concert with the Guardians, what regulations may be devised under which a fair trial may be given to this form of relief;

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

but they must express their opinion that the vast number of indoor pauper children in the Metropolis, renders it impossible to expect that decent country homes could be found for any large proportion under the conditions which it may be necessary to impose, especially if it is borne in mind, that to hold out any considerable pecuniary inducement to board children, that is to say, to offer a weekly payment considerably beyond what the maintenance of the children would actually cost, might be attended with fatal social results. In the case of poor families, the cost of maintaining their own children would be contrasted with the lucrative resource of lodging and boarding pauper children, and the risk might not be inconsiderable that, if great discrimination were not used in the selection of families, some persons might make room for the reception of pauper children by sending their own children out into the world before they were properly educated, or of a proper age to shift for themselves.

The Board, however, do not wish at this stage to prejudge the question, and they have only pointed out to the Guardians some of the more obvious considerations which will have to be carefully weighed before an organized system could be established.

The Board raise no objection to the Guardians accepting the benevolent offer of Miss Preusser to adopt six orphan girls, and educate and bring them up as domestic servants, without money payment as proposed.

I am, &c.
(Signed) ARTHUR W. PEEL,
Secretary.

To
W. Howard, Esq.,
Clerk to the Guardians of Bethnal Green.

No. 3.

BOUNDARIES OF UNIONS.—CIRCULAR LETTER from the POOR LAW BOARD to the POOR LAW INSPECTORS.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
5th November 1869.

SIR,

CONSIDERABLE inconvenience has arisen in the management of local affairs from the circumstance of various Unions being situated in more than one county.

In the last Session of Parliament two Bills were introduced, in the framing of which serious difficulty was experienced owing to this circumstance. Both the County Financial Boards Bill and the Valuation of Property Bill brought out in strong relief how desirable it would be that the boundaries of Unions should be so arranged as that no Union should be situated in more than one county; and it is clear that such a re-adjustment would greatly facilitate reforms in local government generally.

The President is anxious to ascertain how far such a re-adjustment is reasonably feasible, and he has directed me to request that, with reference to the several Unions in your district which extend beyond a single county, you will consider the circumstances of each Union, so far as the same are within your knowledge, and inform him whether there would be any, and if so, what, special obstacles to such a re-adjustment as the one adverted to.

The enclosed Return [No. 97. Sess. 1869.] distinguishes those Unions which are wholly within the county from those which have a principal or only a minor part within it.

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

The President is also anxious to learn whether in your district there are any parishes situated within the limits of more than one county. The argument against the boundaries of Unions over-lapping the boundaries of counties is, of course, equally, if not more strong, in the case of parishes. The President would be greatly obliged by your affording such information as you may be able to collect at your very earliest convenience.*

I am, &c.

To
Poor Law Inspector.

ARTHUR W. PEEL,
Secretary.

No. 4.

RELIEF to the POOR in the METROPOLIS.—MINUTE of the POOR LAW BOARD.

THE published statements of Metropolitan pauperism have for some weeks past shown a considerable increase in the number of the out-door poor, not only as compared with previous weeks, but as compared with the high totals of 1867 and 1868. At the same time it has come to the knowledge of the Board that many persons (especially in the East End of London) who two winters ago were most eager in soliciting charitable contributions have now expressed the opinion that the large sums spent then in charity tended to attract pauperism to those districts where money flowed most freely, and that they deprecate a repetition of the system then pursued. Under these circumstances the Board consider it equally important to guard on the one hand against any alarm which might arise on the part of the public, and result in an indiscriminate distribution of charitable funds, and on the other hand to take such precautions and make such preparations as may enable Boards of Guardians and charitable agencies to work with effect and rapidity if any emergency should arise. And, indeed, without considering the question of an increase in the numbers of the out-door poor, and looking simply to the present expenditure on poor relief, it appears to be a matter of essential importance than an attempt should be made to bring the authorities administering the Poor Laws and those who administer charitable funds to as clear an understanding as possble, so as to avoid the double distribution of relief to the same persons, and at the same time to secure that the most effective use should be made of the large sums habitually contributed by the public towards relieving such cases as the Poor Law can scarcely reach.

The question arises, how far it is possible to mark out the separate limits of the Poor Law and of charity respectively, and how it is possible to secure joint action between the two.

One of the most recognized principles in our Poor Law is, that relief should be given only to the actually destitute, and not in aid of wages. In the case of widows with families, where it is often manifestly impossible that the earnings of the woman can support the family, the rule is frequently departed from, but, as a general principle, it lies at the root of the present system of relief. In innumerable cases its application appears to be harsh for the moment, and it might also be held to be an aggravation of an existing difficulty to insist that, so long as a person is

* The reports of the Inspectors on this subject form a Parliamentary Paper, No. 122, sess. 1870.

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

in employment, and wages are earned, though such wages may be insufficient, the Poor Law authorities ought to hold aloof and refuse to supplement the receipts of the family, actually offering in preference to take upon themselves the entire cost of their maintenance. Still it is certain that no system could be more dangerous, both to the working classes and to the ratepayers, than to supplement insufficiency of wages by the expenditure of public money.

The fundamental doctrine of the English Poor Laws, in which they differ from those of most other countries, is that relief is given, not as a matter of charity but of legal obligation, and to extend this legal obligation beyond the class to which it now applies, namely, the actually destitute, to a further and much larger class, namely, those in receipt of insufficient wages, would be not only to increase to an unlimited extent the present enormous expenditure, but to allow the belief in a legal claim to public money in every emergency to supplant, in a further portion of the population, the full recognition of the necessity for self-reliance and thrift.

It is clear, therefore, that the Poor Law authorities could not be allowed without public danger to extend their operations beyond those persons who are actually destitute, and for whom they are at present legally bound to provide. It would seem to follow that charitable organizations, whose alms could in no case be claimed as a right, would find their most appropriate sphere in assisting those who have some, but insufficient means, and who, though on the verge of pauperism, are not actual paupers, leaving to the operation of the general law the provision for the totally destitute.

It is, however, important not to ignore the fact that, even in the case of the destitute, whose maintenance the Poor Law authorities avowedly take upon themselves, there is a great disposition on the part of charitable persons, in what may be known to be deserving cases, to add to the minimum relief granted as a matter of legal obligation. At the same time, so long as the almoners of charities know that the amount of any allowance made by them to a poor family will be considered by the Poor Law authorities in determining the scale of out-door relief, they are likely either to withhold the money altogether, as only given in alleviation of rates, or (what is more probable) to give it without the knowledge of the local authorities. The first course stops the flow of charity, the second is demoralizing and opens the door to many abuses. The best means to meet the difficulty would seem to be, that in all those cases where the Board of Guardians are granting relief, and in all such cases the relief must, by law, be adequate, the almoners of charities should abstain from giving food or money, or supplying any such articles as the Guardians are themselves strictly bound to grant, and especially from giving their charity in such a manner as would constitute a regular increase of income. If the charitable agencies wish to interpose at all in such cases, they should confine their assistance to donations of bedding or clothing, or any similar articles which the Guardians may not consider themselves bound to provide at a particular moment, and which can be easily distinguished from other relief. It may be well to add that Boards of Guardians cannot legally give relief,

1. In redeeming tools or clothes from pawn,
2. In purchasing tools,
3. In purchasing clothes (except in cases of urgent necessity),
4. In paying the cost of conveyance to any part of the United Kingdom,
5. In paying rent or lodging,

so that assistance rendered for any of these purposes will not interfere with the action of the Guardians.

The general principal to be borne in mind seems to be that the obligations of the Guardians should not be curtailed, and that where the charitable associations consider it within their province to deal at all with persons on the parish lists, they should do so, not by affording additional means of income, but by supplying once for all such articles as do not clash with or overlap the relief administered by the Guardians. It should, however, be clearly understood that no invitation is suggested to the charities to come, even in an indirect way, to the assistance of those for whom the Guardians are bound "to provide adequate relief." What is suggested is, that where the charities, as a matter of fact, do come in contact with that class of poor, they should act on the principles indicated, and, as far as practicable, in concert with the Guardians.

A cordial understanding between the Poor Law authorities and the charitable organizations, based upon arrangements of the kind suggested, does not appear to be hopeless.

It remains to consider by what means such an understanding can be brought about.

The first point is, that there should be every opportunity for every agency, official or private, engaged in relieving the poor, to know fully and accurately the details of the work performed by all similarly engaged. The lists of the relieving officers would form the natural basis for the necessary information. No funds are at the disposal of the Poor Law Board, with which they could appoint a staff, and provide offices for organizing a general registration of metropolitan relief. Other means must therefore be sought for providing that a public registering office should be established in every large district, where registers should be kept of all persons in receipt of parochial relief, with such particulars attached as might guide others in their inquiries. The clergy of all denominations, and the representatives of all the charities in the neighbourhood, should be invited to send in their lists to such offices, and to make themselves acquainted with the other lists deposited there, by which means an accurate dictionary or reference book might be framed, which would supply the necessary information about almost every person who had once received relief, either parochial or charitable. In the absence of any sufficient legal power in the Poor Law Board to enforce an organization of this kind, the working of the plan must mainly depend on the voluntary action of the Guardians, and of the various charitable bodies, but the Poor Law Board will be happy to afford any aid that may be in their power, and to authorize such expenditure as may fall within legal limits. They would be prepared—

1. To authorize the Guardians to print weekly lists, containing the names and addresses of out-door paupers, and the sums given in relief in each case.
2. To authorize any reasonable remuneration for extra work to officers whom the Guardians may employ to carry out this arrangement.
3. To instruct their inspectors to facilitate the communication between the official and private agencies, where such interposition may be of any service, and to assist in systematizing as far as possible relief operations in various parts of the Metropolis.

It is evident that the suggestion made may be acted upon in all those Unions where the Guardians may be prepared to adopt them, without

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

waiting for the adhesion of any Union which may be less disposed to co-operate in the scheme. The successful working of the plan in even a few of the largest and most pauperized districts would in itself be of great value, and undoubtedly secure a similar organization throughout the Metropolis.

When the means of communication are established, it might be possible to agree on certain regulations which the charities might with much advantage engage to observe, not indiscriminately, or as an inflexible rule, but as a general practice.

They might undertake—

1. To abstain from giving money or food to those in receipt of parish relief.
2. To inform the relieving officers of any gifts of blankets or clothing, upon the understanding that these gifts should not be taken into account for the purpose of curtailing the ordinary relief.
3. They might apply to the relieving officer on behalf of all such totally destitute persons whom in the course of their operations they might find unrelieved, but who properly fall within the sphere of the relieving officer. On the other hand, when the relieving officers are applied to for relief, and are bound to refuse it, because the applicants are not actually destitute in the strict sense of the term, they might pass on the names and addresses to the charitable agencies where they think that the cases are likely to fall within the class which the charity undertakes to assist.

It will, of course, be understood that the Poor Law Board have no power in this matter to act beyond granting the necessary authority for the expenditure incurred on a part of the organization required as described above. They can only invite the various charitable agencies, and the Boards of Guardians, to consider the suggestions which they have made. In 1867 great advantage resulted in the East End of London from the understanding established between the Guardians on the one hand and the representatives of the charities on the other, with the co-operation of Mr. Sclater-Booth, then secretary of the Poor Law Board, and Mr. Corbett, Poor Law Inspector. At the time of the cotton famine the Poor Law authorities and the administrators of charities also worked together with great success. These precedents justify the belief that great benefits would result to the Metropolis if a cordial understanding could be arrived at, and arrangements made between all parties engaged in relieving the poor, based on practical and systematic rules, in conformity with the general plan sketched in this minute.

George J. Goschen,
President.

Poor Law Board,
20th November 1869.

No. 5.

RELIEF TO THE POOR IN THE METROPOLIS.—COMMUNICATIONS from BOARDS of GUARDIANS in reference to the foregoing MINUTE of the POOR LAW BOARD (No. 3.)

PARISH OF CAMBERWELL.

LETTER from the GUARDIANS of the PARISH of CAMBERWELL to the POOR LAW BOARD.

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN, *2d December* 1869.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your Board's letter of the 28th ultimo, enclosing copy of Minute of the President in reference to the co-operation of Guardians with the various charitable bodies in the several parishes, and in reply to inform you that an effort is about to be made by the societies in this parish to combine and organize; and as soon as this has been done the Board will be prepared to consider with them the best mode of giving effect to the suggestions contained in the Minute.

I have, &c.
ALEX. ZOA. IRVINE,
Clerk to the Board.

To
The Poor Law Board.

PARISH OF ST. LUKE, CHELSEA.

LETTER from the GUARDIANS of the Parish of ST. LUKE, CHELSEA, to the POOR LAW BOARD.

Chelsea Workhouse,
MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN, *24th December* 1869.

I AM directed by the Guardians to acknowledge the receipt of a copy of the Minute of the President of the Poor Law Board relative to poor relief. The Guardians desire me to express their gratification at finding their practice during past years sanctioned and confirmed by the Poor Law Board. It is now seven years since the Guardians first published lists of recipients of out-door relief. These, with those since published, have been circulated amongst the managers of the charities in the neighbourhood, and it is believed have been the means of detecting many attempts at imposition.

The Guardians are themselves for the most part actively engaged in the administration of one or other of the parish charities, and from their practical knowledge of the cases which come before them, have been in some means carrying out the co-operation suggested by the Minute. I am desired by the Guardians to state, that they will be at all times ready to assist the Poor Law Board in effecting their objects for the benefit of the poor.

I have, &c.
WM. MILLER,
Clerk to the Guardians.

To
The Poor Law Board.

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

PARISH OF ST. GEORGE, HANOVER SQUARE.

RESOLUTION passed by the GUARDIANS of the PARISH of ST. GEORGE, HANOVER SQUARE, at a Meeting held on the 15th December 1869.

RESOLVED, That the Guardians consider that the great increase in the pauper population may be traced to the operation of the Houseless Poor Act, which has practically legalized vagrancy and professional vagabondism, and the Board consider another great source of pauperism to arise from the present system of educating pauper children, and suggest that great advantages arise from teaching trades in Workhouse Schools, so that when the young pauper leaves he may be in a position, by emigration or otherwise, of earning an independent livelihood.

That the dealing with the subject of vagrancy is essential to the reduction of the number of dependent poor, and Mr. Goschen is urged to fulfil his promise made in the beginning of this year to that effect.

The Guardians beg to represent that their fellow parishioners should receive greater protection from the police against the violence and importunate begging of vagrants.

That the Guardians beg to express their willingness to follow the suggestions of Mr. Goschen, and to co-operate with the managers of charitable funds, and with that view have already ordered the printing of the lists of those receiving pauper relief.

That the Guardians will, to the best of their ability, carry out the principle laid down in the third and fourth paragraphs of the report within a reasonable time.

(Extract from the minutes.)

T. B. CHAPPELL,
Clerk.

PARISH OF ST. GEORGE-IN-THE-EAST.

LETTER from the GUARDIANS of the PARISH of ST. GEORGE-IN-THE-EAST to the POOR LAW BOARD.

Shorter Street, Wellclose Square, E.,
14*th December* 1869.

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN,

I AM directed by the Guardians of the Poor of this parish to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 23d ultimo, accompanied by a circular on the subject of organizing a system of co-operation between almoners of charitable relief and Guardians of the Poor, and to inform you that the Guardians concur in the desirability of such co-operation, and have resolved that so soon as any Charitable Association is formed for this parish they will be happy to confer with them with a view to adopt such measures as may be considered best to promote that object.

I have, &c.
JOHN GILL,
Clerk.

To
The Poor Law Board.

GREENWICH UNION.

LETTER from the GUARDIANS of the GREENWICH UNION to the POOR LAW BOARD.

Greenwich, S.E.,
17th December 1869.

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN,

I AM directed by the Guardians to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of 23d ultimo, enclosing copy minute on the subject of Poor Relief in the Metropolis, and, with reference thereto, to state that they have caused a circular letter to be addressed to the clergy of all denominations and the administrators of local charities in the Union for the purpose of giving effect to the views and principles embodied in the minute, a copy of which letter is herewith transmitted.

I have, &c.
SAMUEL SAW,
Clerk.

To
The Poor Law Board.

(*Enclosure.*)

Greenwich Union, Greenwich,
December 1869.

SIR,

I AM instructed by the Guardians of this Union to forward to you the enclosed copy of minute of the Poor Law Board on the subject of Relief to the Poor in the Metropolis.

It will be found on reference to this document that it takes official cognizance of the fact that, in addition to the large sums of money which are expended weekly in the relief of the Poor by the various Boards of Guardians of the Poor in the Metropolis, there are, especially in the winter, considerable funds raised for similar purposes by means of charitable contributions, and it suggests that the distribution of both these classes of funds might be more judiciously directed by means of mutual co-operation, and communication of information, between the Guardians and the charitable agencies. I am accordingly instructed by the Guardians to state that they are prepared to carry out the views embodied in the minute as far as practicable; and that they invite the co-operation of the local charitable agencies in reference thereto.

Copies of the minute and of this letter are to be sent to the clergy of all denominations and the various administrators of Charities within the limits of this Union, so far as the latter may be capable of being ascertained; and the Guardians will be most happy to receive, in reply to this letter, any communications and suggestions which the parties to whom it is transmitted, or whom it concerns, may be desirous to make.

I am, &c.
SAMUEL SAW,
Clerk to the Guardians.

HACKNEY UNION.

LETTER from the GUARDIANS of the HACKNEY UNION to the POOR LAW BOARD.

Homerton,
16th December 1869.

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN,

I AM directed by the Guardians of this Union to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 23d ultimo, transmitting copy of a minute issued by the Poor Law Board in reference to the relief of the poor in the metropolis, and referring especially to the necessity which has lately arisen of promoting a more complete organization between the appointed distributors of legal poor relief and the voluntary agents of private charitable associations.

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

The Guardians do not hesitate to confirm in the fullest manner all the statements made in the minute as to the mischief which has resulted, and may be expected to result, from a careless and profuse distribution of funds contributed it may be with the most laudable intentions, but which practically can have no other result than an aggravation of the evil. The experience of the past has, however, been so far profitable as to render it improbable in the highest degree that, under any circumstances, there can be a repetition of the same errors. The public have now to thank the Poor Law Board for calling general attention to the subject at the present moment, in order to secure the adoption of some practical measure for improved administration. In calling to mind the acknowledged errors of the past few years the Board of Guardians are of opinion that an answer to the question proposed in the minute lies at the very root of all possible improvement :—" How far is it possible " to mark out the separate limits of the Poor Law and of charity " respectively, and how is it possible to secure joint action between the " two ?"

It is highly satisfactory to find that the answer furnished by the minute does not differ from the existing practice, but starts from the point which has been acknowledged for many years by this and other Boards of Guardians as the fixed law for administering relief; viz., " That relief should be given only to the actually destitute, and not in " aid of wages."

The strict legal application of this rule leaves, as is shown in the minute, abundant opportunity for the exercise of a well-directed and carefully conducted charity. The evil to be guarded against with the utmost care is that this supplemental charity should be confined strictly to the worthy poor, who are likely to be benefited and not damaged by the reception of the gift.

It will no doubt afford some pleasure to the authors of the minute to be informed that most, if not all, of the practical recommendations made in the minute have already been adopted, and are now in active operation in this Union. " A cordial understanding between the Poor " Law authorities and the charitable organizations " has been very fairly established, and during the last winter, 1868–9, frequent and repeated communications of lists were made between the Guardians and the clergy and the other heads of local relief societies. During the past summer a complete list of the recipients of Poor Law relief was printed and extensively circulated among the recognized distributors of private charity. The Guardians have again directed that, so soon as our quarterly call-over of recipients is completed, which will now be in the course of a few days, a revised list should be printed and forwarded to the Committees of organized charities, and in short to all where such information is likely to prove of practical use.

I am glad to be able to add, that the most ready sympathy and co-operation on the part of the private relief distributors of every denomination is experienced ; and no effort will be spared on the part of the Guardians to circulate the necessary information, in order to promote the common object.

In addition to the ordinary long-established relief societies of the neighbourhood, there was established last year, with the sanction and support of the leading inhabitants of all religious denominations, a general relief society, with a numerous staff of visitors, who undertook to make searching personal inquiries at the homes of the applicants, and no doubt was felt that by these means a powerful check was given to attempts at fraud and deception. This year the same society has remodelled itself, and now forms " A Society for the Organization

of Relief," retaining an increased body of visitors, and adding a mendicity department with a paid officer, the whole of the neighbourhood being freely supplied with Relief Tickets. This organization accomplishes very completely what is contemplated in one of the recommendations of the minute, "That they might apply to the Relieving "Officer on behalf of such totally destitute persons whom in the "course of their operations they might find unrelieved, but who properly fall within the sphere of the Relieving Officer."

I have taken the liberty to forward these details in confirmation of the opinion so clearly expressed in the minute, "that the suggestions "may be acted upon in all those Unions, where the Guardians may "be prepared to adopt them, without waiting for the adhesion of any "Union which may be less disposed to co-operate in the scheme."

I have, &c.

JOHN GODWIN,

To *Clerk.*

The Poor Law Board.

HOLBORN UNION.

OBSERVATIONS of the GUARDIANS of the HOLBORN UNION.

THE Guardians, in acknowledging the receipt of the Minute addressed to them by the Poor Law Board on the subject of organizing a system of co-operation between Charity and Poor Law relief, desire to express their cordial concurrence in the desirability of such co-operation and their readiness to adopt any suggestions of the Poor Law Board which may tend to promote that object.

But they would respectfully call the attention of the Poor Law Board to the fact that while the Minute is couched in the statutory language of the Poor Law, with the general principles of which the Guardians thoroughly agree, yet that this language and the directions given in the Minute are not sufficiently definite as regards their practical application, nor such as to enable the Guardians to make any material alteration in their present mode of dealing with the destitute, much less effect the desirable object of securing harmonious action between the various charitable agencies and the authorities of the Poor Law.

The question discussed in the Minute is the possibility of marking out the separate limits of Poor Law and charity respectively, so as to avoid the double distribution of relief to the same persons, and thus securing joint action between the two. In order to do this it is proposed that the Guardians should confine their relief to the actually destitute and not in aid of wages, the Guardians providing for those persons "adequate relief," so as to offer no invitation to the charities to come, even in an indirect way, to the assistance of those for whom the Guardians are bound to provide by law.

In the first place the Guardians would observe that to the best of their ability they now confine their relief to the classes prescribed by law, and they are of opinion that to curtail in any serious degree the relief given, either as regards the number of persons relieved, or the amount given to each particular case, would lead to the occurrence of many cases of death by starvation; and, before taking any steps to diminish the number of recipients of relief, the Guardians would be compelled to ask for a closer examination of their practice by the agents of the Poor Law Board. The Guardians would further observe that

(A.)
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in no case is the relief administered to any poor persons out of the workhouse "adequate" of itself to maintain them without assistance derived from some other source. The relief in the Holborn Union is probably given as liberally as elsewhere, and if increased would certainly attract the poor from other districts. According to the return last week (ending November 13), 6,374 persons were relieved out of the workhouses at a cost of 384*l.* 15*s.* 10½*d.*, or nearly 1*s.* 2½*d.* per head, a sum obviously insufficient of itself to maintain "destitute" persons in a state of health, the more so as many of them are unfit to work, and others labouring under acute diseases. And such being so the Guardians are bound to admit that there is scarcely a pauper on their books who has not an ostensible and in most cases a valid claim on charitable help, help which moreover has been habitually bestowed upon them for many years, and is not likely to be materially lessened or withdrawn at the suggestion of the Poor Law Board.

The Guardians are therefore of opinion that it would be impossible in most cases to provide "adequate relief" to the extent and with the object proposed in the Minute of the Poor Law Board. But as this question is one which cannot be settled theoretically the Guardians would desire to illustrate their difficulties by a case in point. Sickness, as the Poor Law Board well know, is a frequent cause of destitution. In one district of this Union, in which 792 paupers were relieved, there were twenty-nine families who required assistance on account of the illness of the male parent, and eighteen families who required it on account of the illness of some other member of the family. The forty-seven families numbered 220 souls, of whom 130 were destitute on account of the illness of the head of the family. The ordinary relief given to persons of this class is one shilling and a loaf of bread per week, with such extra medical comforts ordered by the medical officer as may be specially required. The question of how and to what extent persons of this class are to be relieved is therefore one of material consequence, since it is evident that the proposal to give them "adequate relief," to the extent of excluding other forms of help, even if that were possible, would lead to an enormous augmentation of the rates. This position is, however, susceptible of closer illustration. A tailor of middle age is now in the receipt of relief. He has a broken arm. His family consists of a wife and five young female children, whom he supports without assistance when in ordinary health. Deprived of this support the family is destitute. The man is a patient at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, and the Guardians have ordered him 5*s.* and five loaves of bread per week. The Guardians would respectfully point out to the Poor Law Board the impossibility of dealing with the case in any other way. It is unnecessary and clearly unwise and costly to order the man and his family into the workhouse, since his home would be destroyed and his family pauperised. The law, moreover, permits the Guardians to relieve him out-of-doors, and it would be impossible on the one hand to undertake the entire cost of providing for so large a family, because the Guardians have no guarantee whatever that more relief is absolutely required; and, on the other hand, the Guardians would fail in their duty if they left the man and his family to rely exclusively on precarious charitable aid. It is indeed most obvious that assistance must be obtained from other sources to pay the rent and provide the family with nearly everything else but bread. It is, therefore, only reasonable to suppose that they will be driven by distress to work the charities around, getting a little here and a little there to supplement the parish allowance. But the Guardians cannot see that this course would be obviated by giving increased relief, unless their officers and the charitable agencies

were acting in co-operation in the treatment of the case. It would appear to the Guardians impossible, therefore, to draw a line between the cases which should be referred respectively to the public and charitable sources of relief, there being few or none in which both are not unavoidably interested.

This position appears to be admitted in the Minute of the Poor Law Board, where it is suggested that the almoners of charities should abstain from giving food or money, or supply any such articles as the Guardians are themselves strictly bound to grant, and should confine their assistance to donations of bedding or clothing, which the Guardians may not consider themselves bound to provide at any particular moment, and which can be easily distinguished from other relief. They may also render assistance in redeeming tools and clothes, and other modes, which being illegal the Guardians cannot employ.

But it appears to the Guardians that the principle of relieving the same person by both agencies being once admitted, any organization which tends to ignore that principle must inevitably fail. They would observe also that the forms of relief suggested are those which are least generally bestowed by the charitable. A meal of food, a ticket for grocery, and a little money are within the powers of thousands who cannot afford to give a blanket or a bed, and it is utterly impracticable to think of putting a stop to gifts of this nature, even were it desirable to do so. Furthermore, it must not be forgotten that where the absence of the most costly appliances is likely to endanger life, the Guardians are bound to find them, and do so continually under the advice of their medical officers, so that it seems to the Guardians impossible to set out a list of the articles which might be respectively supplied by the charitable and Poor Law agencies. But granting for a moment that a practical line could be drawn between the legitimate objects of Poor Law and charity relief, the Guardians would desire to observe that mutual understanding on this point would scarcely touch the evils of which the Guardians most complain. They contend the pauperism is encouraged and increased amongst the class, who are not at the moment paupers, by the indiscriminate charity which prevails, the number of charitable agencies, and the want of organization between the charities themselves. Without wishing to interfere in any way with the freedom of action, either in individuals or associated bodies, the Guardians nevertheless believe that they will be quite unable to stem the flood of pauperism, so long as the operations of these various bodies remain unknown to the Guardians of the Poor. And they think it only due to the ratepayers that some means should be devised for enabling the Guardians to examine into charity action, at least in all cases where it comes in contact with Poor Law relief. This, however, could not be done in an antagonistic spirit; there must be no interference on the part of Guardians with the liberty which private charity is entitled to, and every disposition must be shown to assist it in securing the most effective use of the large sums habitually contributed by the public for the purposes of relief.

Lastly, the Guardians would observe that whenever, as during the cotton famine, the Poor Law and charitable agencies have cordially combined, they have done so in the relief of nearly every individual case, and in a great variety of ways; in fact, in the opinion of the Guardians, the treatment of destitution will never be satisfactory until the whole number of agencies now at work are reduced to something like order, and the machinery for doing this should be suggested by the Poor Law Board.

(A.)
Circulars, &c.

But furthermore the Guardians are reminded in the Minute that "it "is illegal to administer relief so long as a person is in employment and "wages are earned, though such wages may be insufficient. The Poor "Law authorities ought to hold aloof and refuse to supplement the "receipts of the family, actually offering in preference to take upon "themselves the entire cost of their maintenance." On this point also the Guardians would venture to observe that the language is statutory and altogether indefinite when examined by the light of facts. Even in the Minute itself it is admitted that "in the case of widows with "families, where it is manifestly impossible that the earnings of the "woman can support the family, the rule is frequently departed from." The Guardians agree entirely in the opinion that the rule is, as a general principle, sound; but they would remind the Board that the exception of widows would of itself constitute so large a proportion that the rule is virtually swallowed up thereby. In their instructional letter on the relief of widows the Poor Law Board have warned the Guardians that "relief to able-bodied widows is liable to become an aid to wages, "and that, as in the case of able-bodied men, the wages are commonly "reduced in consideration of the allowance from the parish." But the Guardians see no escape from this difficulty under the present system of supervision, since it would be impossible to find workhouse accommodation for over 20,000 widows in the metropolis and their 60,000 children, and the Guardians are equally convinced that no staff of paid officers, however large, would afford them the information necessary for a just discrimination in every individual case. Nothing therefore is left for them with their present means but to establish a sort of rough standard of relief, and they have adopted that recommended by the Inspectors of the Poor Law Board, subject to occasional modification, viz.:—One shilling and a loaf of bread per week for every child under the age of thirteen years. No one can pretend that this amount is of itself adequate support. On inquiry it was found that of fifty widows, twenty-six admitted to have earned 4*l.* 12*s.*, or three shillings and sixpence each per week. The rest stated that they had earned nothing, which, if true, only proves that they were only partially supported by charity, friends, or immoral means. We have thus also a second class of many thousands who have a legitimate claim individually both on charity and rates.

But it is not only in respect to widows that it seems to the Guardians impossible to avoid the practice of supplementing insufficient wages by relief.

More than 50 per cent. of the entire adult pauperism of London consists of persons who are more or less incapacitated by chronic diseases, infirmity, and age. In this Union, of 3,411 adult paupers relieved last week, 1,812 were permanently disabled in a greater or less degree. In one district 282 individuals of this class received 26*l.*, or 1*s.* 10*d.* each, a sum quite inadequate for their entire support. Upon inquiry it was found that not less than half were in the receipt of wages averaging 2*s.* each per week, and it is tolerably certain that the other half eked out their relief by "working" on the public in a more or less objectionable way. The Guardians would desire to ask the Poor Law Board if they would have them hold aloof from giving this class relief, and offer to undertake their entire maintenance in the Workhouse. Were such a course pursued, the Guardians would fear that either serious scandals would arise as regards the poor, or insuperable difficulties as regards the rates.

According to their experience, no line of demarcation can be drawn, and while in many cases it is desirable to offer the aged and disabled

the shelter of the Workhouse, others of the same class can be better and more economically relieved at home; in fact, the question is again reduced to one of discrimination and of co-operation between the various agencies engaged in the relief of every individual case.

The Guardians, however, do not wish to disguise the truth. They are convinced that it is by means of the relief afforded to the out-door infirm and more or less disabled poor, that the competition in the lower forms of labour is increased to such an extent as to reduce the wages paid for it. The price of various forms of needlework could not be maintained at the present starvation standard, but that so much is done by persons in the receipt of parochial relief. A pauper of middle age, unfit perhaps for any very active occupation, requires to sit at work for a remuneration which rarely exceeds one halfpenny per hour. A botching shoemaker ekes out his parish relief by wages which, with hard work, range from 4*d.* to 8*d.* per day. A needle-hand the same. A slop tailoress and renovator only a little more, and even the widow who goes out charing, though forced to take a lower and lower rate of wage according to the numbers in the district, is only enabled to do so under parish help.

Nor is the assistance in aid of wages and their reduction less observable in other ways, which the Guardians have neither power nor means of preventing. People employed in season work, for example, are continually during the intervals of slackness supported by the rates. Men who work at the beginning of the week, are paupers whom the Guardians are bound to relieve at the end of it. And the industrious rateyayers are taxed to maintain thousands, who for want of sobriety and thrift have become claimants on their savings.

But even with respect to the illegal and consequently prohibited methods of relief, the Guardians would observe that the same ambiguity in the language of the Poor Law Board, and incompatibility with existing facts, practically prevents those rules from establishing a form of relief which will not interfere with the action of the Guardians.

The practice of paying rents directly from the rates is undoubtedly most injurious, and affords a fair example; but, stringent as the prohibitory orders are on this important point, it is expressly stated that "nothing therein shall prevent the Guardians, in regulating the amount "of relief to be afforded to any particular person, from considering the "expense to be incurred by such person in providing lodging;" in fact, the Guardians are instructed by letter from the Poor Law Board to supply to the pauper the means of paying rent whenever they do not deem it expedient to require the party to come into the Workhouse. On this point, therefore, the Guardians would request to know the directions of the Poor Law Board in greater detail.

The same remarks apply with varying force to other forms of prohibited relief, since it would be clearly incumbent on the Guardians to take the amount into consideration in dealing with the case. Even with respect to these forms of relief the Guardians would venture to point out the practical impossibility of drawing a line which shall conform exactly with that set down by law, and indeed if these particular modes of relief are proved to have had a demoralizing effect upon the poor, the Guardians cannot see why they should act more safely in charitable hands than in their own. But again, to give a case in point. E. F., aged 31, a single woman, was admitted into St. Luke's Workhouse, having been turned out of her lodging for non-payment of her rent. It is her first application for relief, and her destitution has been brought on by unavoidable misfortune. She immediately applied to come before the Board, where she asked for 2*s.* in order to buy vegetables and start

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

in trade. The amount was granted, and the Board would observe that it would be impossible to wait for the interference of a charitable agent in such a case, the more so as they have no direct communication with any likely to undertake it.

M. S., aged forty-three, the wife of a man permanently disabled in the workhouse sick ward, applied to the Board for assistance to establish herself in the coke trade. She has been some weeks in the Workhouse and has three children, aged respectively, thirteen, eight, and six, and a boy sixteen outside. During the illness of her husband she contributed largely to his support, but the relief being insufficient, her home was gradually dismantled and broken up, so that she was obliged to come in. She proposes to take out her children with her, if the Guardians will provide them with clothes and 8*s.* She is a clever and industrious woman; she explains that she will buy half a chaldron of coke, by the sale of which retail she will probably realise 5*s.* or 6*s.* profit, and obtain firing for her own use. The Guardians granted her request, ordering her 8*s.* relief for one week, and the master to provide her with sufficient clothes. Neverthless it cannot be doubted that the principle of relief was not in accordance with the law. But in justice to the ratepayers the Guardians could not take the responsibility of detaining the woman and her children in the Workhouse, at a cost of over 30*s.* per week, of separating the mother from her children, or of preventing her from the chance of maintaining them all by independent labour.

The Guardians in practice, therefore, discover the greatest difficulty in drawing the hard and fast line, both as regards the persons denominated "actually destitute," and the legal and illegal methods of relief, and they are compelled to represent that the efficiency of their administration depends less upon such theoretical distinctions than upon the exercise of a just discrimination, as regards the relief afforded in each particular case. They would also respectfully represent that it is in an improved machinery of administration, especially as regards the organization of charity and Poor Law relief combined, that any improvement may be looked for.

With regard to the practical suggestions offered by the Poor Law Board, the Guardians concur in the necessity for a general register of the poor within their Union accessible to all who are interested in the question of relief. But whether that Register should be published, or published so often as weekly, are questions of considerable doubt. They would observe, however, that such published lists would afford but scant information on those points in which the agents of voluntary charity are recommended to render aid, since it would be impossible to advertise that A B required to have his rent paid, or that C D could not go to work because his tools were pawned. It appears to the Guardians that nothing short of some form of recognised personal co-operation will effect the desired object.

PARISH OF ISLINGTON.

Observations of the Guardians of the Parish of St. Mary, Islington.

The intention of the Minute appears to be for the purpose of offering suggestions whereby a cordial understanding between the Poor Law authorities and the charitable organizations may be brought about,

so that the two may work together and yet prevent persons from receiving relief of the same kind from two sources at the same time, also to show the class of persons relieved by the Poor Law authorities, and the description of relief by them which is prohibited, and suggesting regulations which the agents of charities might with advantage engage to observe as a practice.

The object of the Minute to establish the co-operation proposed may be deemed desirable, but, as stated therein, "The question arises how " far it is possible to mark out the separate limits of the Poor Law and " of charity respectively, and how it is possible to secure joint action " between the two."

It certainly seems to be extremely doubtful whether the object can be attained by the means suggested, or any other of a voluntary kind, and whether it would be wise to provide a compulsory machinery in the cases of charities is also very doubtful.

As appears by the Minute one of the most recognized principles of our Poor Law is that relief should be given *only to the actually destitute and not in aid of wages.*

If this principle were strictly acted upon there would be very few out-door paupers, for it would be difficult to show that many of them *were actually destitute*, and that those who are able to work a little, *earn no wages.* Those described in the Minute as actually destitute and totally destitute are of necessity received and maintained in the workhouses.

It is further suggested by the Minute "That charitable organizations " would find their most appropriate sphere in assisting *those who are* " *not actual paupers*, leaving to the operation of the general law those " *who are actually destitute.*" And it is then suggested, "The best " means to meet the difficulty would seem to be that in all those " cases where the Guardians are granting relief, and in all such cases " the relief *must by law be adequate*, the almoners of charity should " abstain from giving food or money, or supplying any such articles as " the Guardians are strictly bound to grant."

If the out-door relief were made adequate to the entire maintenance of the paupers, and these principles were strictly acted upon, the allowances must be increased to an extent unbearable to the majority of the ratepayers.

It is often the case that the out-door poor have some friend, such as an old employer or a relation, not able to maintain them, but who is able and willing to assist them.

The Minute goes on to state—"That the general principle to be " borne in mind seems to be that the obligations of the Guardians " should not be curtailed," and "That where the charitable associations " consider it within their province to deal at all with persons on the " parish lists they should do so, not by affording additional means of " income, but by supplying, once for all, such articles as do not clash " with or overlap the relief administered by the Guardians. And that " where the charities as a matter of fact do come in contact with that " class of poor they should act on the principles indicated, and as far " as practicable in concert with the Guardians."

It is suggested by the Minute, "The first point is that there should " be every opportunity for every agency, official or private, engaged " in relieving the poor, to know fully and accurately the details of the " work performed by all similarly engaged. That a public registering " office should be established in every large district, where registers " should be kept of all persons in receipt of relief, with such par- " ticulars as might guide others in their inquiries."

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

The obstacles and difficulties in the way of such a co-operation would be so numerous, under a voluntary system, with no legal means to enforce it, that nothing practicable would result from it.

The number of agencies, which in a large district are very considerable, there being one or more separate and independent charities in connection with nearly every place of worship, as well as many others, would prevent the required co-operation, unless they could be all brought into one or reduced to a much smaller number.

No voluntary action would provide the registering office and registers, for supposing the co-operation practicable, the machinery and staff, from the amount of correspondence and labour in preparing registers, would entail considerable expense, which many of the charity agents would not be authorized to pay; while others would be unwilling to give up their independence in the disposal of their funds, and the registers, to be effective, should be complete and kept through the year.

If the above difficulties were removed, the registers, prepared at a considerable cost, would be of comparatively small value, for the following reasons:—

1. The number of names entered in it would soon make it too cumbrous for use; the number of persons now on the relief lists for this parish is 4,358.
2. The shifting character of the population would encumber it with a constant addition of new names and duplicate entries; also the retention of the names of those who have died or removed, and it would not be unusual for persons in removing from one place to another to change their names.
3. The register might show the circumstances of a case at one time which would be no criterion as to whether relief should be given at another.

In the majority of the cases relieving officers and others could not go to a distant office to search a cumbrous register for information, which would often be useless, before distributing relief to urgent and necessitous cases.

The duty which it is suggested the Guardians in their official capacity should now undertake is—

" To print weekly lists containing the names and addresses of out-" door paupers and the sums given in relief of each case," and the Poor Law Board will be prepared " to authorize any reasonable remu-" neration for extra work to officers whom the Guardians may employ " to carry out this arrangement."

With regard to this it may be observed that the relief lists are a good register, and the application and report books show the nature of each case; and the relieving officers, upon the application of charity agents, furnish all the information which they possess.

To publish such lists would deter the deserving poor from applying for relief, while it would encourage the idle and undeserving to apply, and their names on the list would be some evidence that they required relief, and would act as an inducement to the charitable to furnish them with additional help or assistance, which the Guardians could not grant.

It is obvious that it would not be wise to publish such lists indiscriminately, and if they are to be prepared correctly and printed weekly, as proposed, an officer must be appointed to attend to this work alone in the large and populous Parishes and Unions during pressure in winter, and such an appointment the Poor Law Board do not appear to contemplate.

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

If registering offices are to be established, and registers kept up weekly as proposed, the plan should be carried out in its entirety by official hands, and not left to voluntary action ; but it is to be hoped there are other and more effective means to be discovered for the discouragement and reduction of pauperism.

It is proposed in the Minute as follows :—"That it might be possible "to agree on certain regulations, which the charities might with much "advantage engage to observe as a general practice."

1. To abstain from giving money or food to those in receipt of parish relief.
2. To inform the relieving officers of any gifts of blankets or clothing, upon condition that the same should not be considered for the purpose of curtailing the ordinary relief.
3. They might apply to the relieving officers on behalf of all *totally destitute* persons, and when the relieving officers are applied to for relief and are bound to refuse it because the applicants *are not actually destitute in the strict sense of the term*, they might pass on the names and addresses to the charity agents.

All this might be desirable if the parish relief was made adequate to the entire maintenance of out-door paupers, and all the charity agents would observe such regulations; but then the question arises whether the ratepayers could bear the increase to the rates which such adequate relief would occasion.

CITY OF LONDON UNION.

MINUTE adopted at a SPECIAL MEETING of the GUARDIANS of this UNION, held on the 10th day of December 1869.

THE Guardians of the City of London Union having considered the Minute of the Poor Law Board on Relief of the Poor in the Metropolis, dated the 20th of November last, now resolve :—

1. That the Guardians feel it their duty to relieve all cases of destitute poor residing within the limits of the Union according to the exigencies and circumstances of each case, and they never shrink from affording such relief as may be required, either in money, articles in kind, bedding and clothing, or medical assistance.

2. The Guardians being prohibited from "establishing any applicant "for relief in trade or business;" "purchasing and giving to such "applicant any tools, implements, or other articles, except articles in "clothing or bedding where urgently needed ; paying any expense of "removing any poor person except under an order of Justices, or in "conformity with some order or regulation of the Poor Law Board ; "paying wholly or in part the rent of the house or lodging of any "poor person, or from applying any portion of the relief in paying "such rent :"

Charitable funds may, perhaps, be available for the above-mentioned objects ; but the Guardians should not as a rule refer applicants to the charity for assistance. The Guardians could, under the proposed directions of the Poor Law Board, furnish charitable agencies with any information respecting applications for such purposes.

3. For some years past the Guardians have printed and circulated among themselves weekly lists of all persons whose applications for relief have been made to the relieving officers during the preceding

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

week, thus securing a degree of publicity of the applications, and affording the Guardians a means of ascertaining the necessities and circumstances of the applicants. The relief lists, both of in-door and out-door paupers, in alphabetical order, with the amount of relief given to each pauper, are kept at the Union offices, where an inspection may be made at any time. The Officers are also instructed to give any information and assistance in their power to those engaged in the administration of charitable relief.

4. That the proposed concerted action respecting relief by the Guardians, and the distribution of charitable funds, is in itself desirable if it be accompanied by uniform regulations to be suggested by the Poor Law Board, and to be adopted by the Guardians and the charitable agencies. But many, if not all, of the advantages anticipated from such concerted action would be entirely frustrated if that action were spasmodic, uncertain, or irregular, or not uniformly observed both by Guardians and the distributors of charitable funds.

5. The Guardians cannot refrain from expressing their opinion that the indiscriminate distribution of charitable funds, and the expensive and somewhat elaborate provision made for wanderers or houseless poor are great inducements to foster pauperism and vagrancy, and have largely increased the expenditure of the poor-rates without effecting any real good to the indigent poor in the Union.

6. The Guardians also desire to call the attention of the President of the Poor Law Board to the fact that no machinery exists equal to the increased amount of labour which will devolve upon the Guardians, and will therefore necessitate the appointment of officers for that purpose, and thus entail an additional expense on the already highly-taxed ratepayers.

(Signed) JAMES ABBISS,
Chairman.

Dated, St. Mary Axe,
10*th December* 1869.

MARYLEBONE PARISH.

MINUTE of the GUARDIANS of the PARISH of ST. MARYLEBONE, adopted at a MEETING of a COMMITTEE of the whole BOARD, held on the 9th December 1869.

IN pursuance of the reference from the Board of the 26th ultimo, your Committee considered the Minute of the Poor Law Board, dated the 20th November, on the subject of "Relief to the Poor in the Metropolis," and your Committee have to report that they received the following letter on the subject of the Minute, from the Local Committee for organizing Charitable Relief:—

97, Marylebone Road, N.W.,
30th November.

SIR,

WE are deputed by the St. Marylebone Committee for organizing Charitable Relief and repressing Mendicity, to request that you will bring before the Board of Guardians the following resolution which was passed at the Meeting of the Committee this day:—

That the Board of Guardians be requested to consider the propriety of conferring with a deputation from this Committee, with a view to determine the joint course of action to be taken, for the purpose of carrying out the views expressed in the Poor Law Board's Minute of the 20th November.

We have also been requested to send you the printed papers issued by the Committee, and to draw your particular attention to paragraphs Nos. 4, 6, 8, 12, 13, 14, 17, which embody the principles on which they are prepared to act.

We are, Sir,
Your obedient Servants,
C. J. Ribton Turner,
F. W. Holland,
Hon. Secretaries.

To Joseph Bedford, Esq.
Clerk to the
St. Marylebone Board of Guardians.

In accordance with the foregoing request, your Committee have this day conferred with a deputation consisting of the Revs. W. H. Fremantle, Mr. F. W. Holland, Colonel Gardiner, and Mr. C. J. Ribton Turner, members of the Saint Marylebone Charity Organizing Committee, as to the best means of giving effect to the recommendations contained in the Minute of the Poor Law Board; and your Committee beg to recommend—

1. That the Clerk be directed to supply the Saint Marylebone Charity Organizing Committee with copies of the Weekly Lists of Applications; and with an alphabetical list, either monthly or otherwise, of all applications for relief, with the result thereof.
2. That the Relieving Officers be directed to avail themselves of the information afforded by the Charity Register (about to be kept by the Charity Organizing Committee) with respect to all applications for relief.
3. That the Relieving Officers be directed to investigate cases residing in their several districts that may be referred to them by the Charity Organizing Committee, as being, in the Committee's opinion, suitable for Poor Law Relief. The Charity Organizing Committee, on the other hand, undertaking to consider cases referred to them by the Relieving Officers, or by the Guardians, on account of such cases requiring relief other than can be legally given from the Rates.
4. That the foregoing recommendations be adopted by way of trial, and on the understanding that the Charity Committee reciprocate information.

Should the foregoing report be adopted, your Committee further recommend that a copy thereof be forwarded to the Poor Law Board, in reply to the letter forwarded with the Minute on Poor Relief.

James Tavener,
Chairman.

PARISH OF PADDINGTON.

Letter from the Guardians of the Parish of Paddington to the Poor Law Board.

Sir, *9th December* 1869.

I am directed by the Board of Guardians to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 23d ultimo, with the Minute of the Poor Law Board accompanying the same; and I am to state that the Guardians consider many of the suggestions very valuable, and will hold themselves in readiness to meet the objects in view, as facilities may offer for so doing.

I have, &c.
Henry Aveling,
Clerk.

H. Fleming, Esq.

(A.)
Circulars, &c.

POPLAR UNION.

LETTER from the GUARDIANS of the POPLAR UNION to the POOR LAW BOARD.

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN, *29th November* 1869.

I AM directed by the Board of Guardians of this Union to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 23d instant, enclosing copies of a Minute which has recently been issued relative to Poor Relief in the Metropolis; and to state in reply that, the subject having been duly considered by the Guardians at their ordinary meeting on the 26th instant, it was resolved : "That this Board place " itself at once in active co-operation with the Circular of the Pre- " sident of the Poor Law Board just read; such co-operation mainly " to extend to the furnishing of the necessary statistical information." And also resolved : "To refer to the Out-Relief Committee the prepa- " ration of the necessary plan for carrying out the above resolution."

And am, &c.

JAS. R COLLINS,
Clerk.

To
The Poor Law Board.

STEPNEY UNION.

LETTERS from the GUARDIANS of the STEPNEY UNION to the POOR LAW BOARD.

SIR, *4th December* 1869.

I AM directed by the Guardians to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 23d instant, enclosing copies of a Minute recently issued by the Poor Law Board relative to Poor Relief in the Metropolis.

The Guardians desire me to state in reply, that they have perused the Minute in question with great satisfaction, and that they will endeavour by every means in their power to give effect to the various recommendations therein contained, with a view, so far as the Stepney Union is concerned, to bring about that cordial understanding between the various charitable organizations at work in their district, and themselves, which the Poor Law Board suggest should be arrived at.

The Guardians, however, desire me to state, that they do not see any immediate necessity for *printing* a weekly list containing the names and addresses of out-door paupers as proposed, but that they have given instructions for an alphabetical list of their poor to be prepared forthwith, and to be kept at their offices (which in this Union are apart from the workhouse) for the information of all who may wish to refer to it ; and inasmuch as persons who have funds to distribute in any particular locality may like to see at a glance which of the residents therein are in receipt of Union relief, the Guardians have also directed a second list to be prepared, in which such information is to be afforded under an alphabetical arrangement of the names of the various streets and courts throughout the Union.

These lists the Guardians desire me to state it is their intention to keep duly posted up throughout the winter, and they trust that the various dispensers of private charity will, by availing themselves of the information thereby afforded, be enabled to render assistance in those quarters where it will be really useful, and where its bestowal may not tend to the demoralization of the poor, as must be inevitably

the case in those instances where it is given *unknowingly* to persons already in receipt of relief from the poor rates.

The Guardians further direct me to state, that although they hope the deposit of the lists above referred to at their offices will be found to answer the desired end, and that the dispensers of private charity will find it convenient to inspect them there, they are nevertheless so deeply impressed with the importance of aiding in every way in their power to put an end to the evils attendant upon indiscriminate alms-giving, that they are prepared to supply copies of such lists to any important charitable organization at work in their Union which may apply for them, and also to keep such lists duly posted up from time to time to accord with the originals.

I am, &c.
W. H. SWEPSTONE,
Clerk.

H. Fleming, Esq.,
Secretary Poor Law Board.

RIGHT HONOURABLE SIR, *13th December* 1869.

I AM directed by the Guardians to forward to you for your information the underwritten extract from the minutes of the meeting held by them on Thursday last :—

" The Guardians having considered the propriety of appointing from " amongst themselves a committee to confer with the local represen- " tatives of the various charitable agencies in the metropolis upon the " subject of the distress existing in the Union, and the best means, in " the interest of all parties, of alleviating the same, and of checking, " as far as possible, the spread of pauperism;

" It was resolved, that such committee be appointed, the members " thereof to be nominated at a future meeting of this Board."

I have, &c.
W. H. SWEPSTONE,
Clerk.

To
The Right Hon. G. J. Goschen, M.P.,
President Poor Law Board.

WANDSWORTH AND CLAPHAM UNION.

EXTRACT from the MINUTES of the PROCEEDINGS of the GUARDIANS of the WANDSWORTH and CLAPHAM Union, at a Meeting held on the 23d December 1869.

It was resolved, " That the Board, having taken the Minute of the " Poor Law Board, dated the 20th November last, into mature con- " sideration, beg to inform them that, whilst sincerely desirous to " co-operate with them in any well devised scheme for obtaining the " object stated therein, are nevertheless unable to come to any definite " conclusion as to the best means for securing the same. The Guar- " dians are also pleased to inform the Poor Law Board that local " organizations are being formed in several parts of this Union for the " purpose of carrying out the views of their Minute."

(A.)
Circulars, &c.

WHITECHAPEL UNION.

LETTER from the GUARDIANS of the WHITECHAPEL UNION to the POOR LAW BOARD.

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN, *6th December* 1869.

I AM directed by the Board of Guardians to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 23d instant, accompanying copies of a Minute recently issued by your Board relative to Poor Relief in the Metropolis.

I am directed to state that the Guardians fully appreciate the importance of the Minute, and earnestly hope that the principles so clearly laid down may form the basis of arrangements for ensuring a better understanding between the Poor Law authorities and metropolitan charitable organizations. The Guardians, moreover, regard the enunciation of the fundamental principles of the existing Poor Law, which is contained in the Minute, as most valuable and opportune.

The Guardians accordingly direct me to assure your Board of their willingness to co-operate in endeavouring to give effect to the recommendations contained in the Minute above referred to.

I have, &c.

To W. VALLANCE,
The Poor Law Board. *Clerk.*

No. 6.

The MAKING and COLLECTION of the POOR RATE.—CIRCULAR LETTER from the POOR LAW BOARD to the OVERSEERS of the POOR.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall,
GENTLEMEN, *23d November* 1869.

MANY questions having been addressed to the Board with reference to various provisions of the Act (32 & 33 Vict. c. 41.) passed in the last Session of Parliament for the purpose of amending the law relating to the collection of poor rates assessed upon occupiers of hereditaments held for short terms, and to the making and collecting of the poor rate, I am directed by the Board to make the following observations on some of the more important parts of the Act.

The Act may conveniently be considered under two heads :—

I. As to the making of the rate.
II. As to the collection of the rate.

1. With respect to the *making* of the rate.

It is provided by Section 14. that when the overseers make a poor rate, they shall set forth in the *title of the rate* the *period* for which the same is estimated, and, if the rate is payable by instalments, the amount of each instalment, and the date at which each instalment is payable.

It is further provided, however, that if the necessities of the parish shall require it, another rate may be made before such period shall have elapsed, so that if any error has been made in the estimate, or any unforeseen occurrence renders it necessary that an additional rate should be made, it shall not be unlawful to make it. But you should be

careful, as far as practicable, to make a full and correct estimate for the period contemplated at the time when the rate is made.

The next Section (15.) enables the overseers who make the poor rate for a period exceeding *three months* to declare that "the same shall be paid by *instalments*, at such times as they shall specify, and thereupon each instalment only shall be enforceable as and when it falls due."

To give effect to these enactments it will be necessary to add to the title of the rate which is prescribed by the schedule to the 6 & 7 Wm. IV. c. 96. the following words, or others to the like effect, "which is estimated to meet all the expenses for the above purposes which will be incurred before the   of   next." And if the rate is to be paid by instalments, the following words, or words of similar purport, should be added, "and which rate we declare to be payable by   equal instalments [*or* by the following instalments, that is to say,   shillings   pence in the pound, and   shillings   pence in the pound], to be paid respectively at the following dates, that is to say, on the   day of   and on the   day of   ."

The Statute does not require the instalments to be of equal amount, but when practicable it is desirable that they should be so. Thus, when a poor rate is made for half a year, it may be made payable by two quarterly instalments, and where it is made for a year, it may be made payable by two half-yearly or four quarterly instalments. The first instalment should be made payable on the day after the rate is published.

Section 9. requires every owner who agrees with the overseers to pay the poor rate, or who is rated, or liable to be rated, for any hereditament instead of the occupier, to deliver to the overseers from time to time, when required by them, in writing, a list containing the names of the actual occupiers of such hereditaments.

The owner who makes default is subject to penalty of 2*l.*

If, when you proceed to make a poor rate, you are ignorant of or have any doubt as to the names of the actual occupiers of any rateable hereditaments, you should require the owner to supply you with the names in writing, and the Board recommend that you should make your requisition in writing, and take care that it is duly served upon him within a reasonable time before you prepare the rate, to enable him to answer the requisition.

This provision has been made to enable you to comply with the direction in Section 19, which requires you in making out the poor rate, *in every case*, whether the rate is collected from the owner or occupier, or the owner is liable to the payment of the rate instead of the occupier, to enter in the *occupier's column* of the *rate book* the name of the occupier of every rateable hereditament.

Any overseer who negligently or wilfully and without reasonable cause *omits* the name of the occupier of any rateable hereditament from the rate, or negligently or wilfully *misstates* any name therein, is rendered liable to a penalty of 2*l.*

The Section is of general application, and is not confined to the cases in which the owner can be required to supply the information.

Attention should also be directed to Section 16, which provides that "if the occupier assessed in the rate when made shall cease to occupy before the rate shall have been wholly discharged, or if the hereditament being unoccupied at the time of the making of the rate becomes occupied during the period for which the rate is made the overseers

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shall enter in the rate book the name of the person who succeeds or comes into the occupation, as the case may be, and the date when such occupation commences, so far as the same shall be known to them."

Doubts had been entertained prior to the passing of this Act, as to the time when a poor rate is legally *made*, whether it is when the overseers prepare it, or sign it, or the Justices allow it, or it is published. These doubts are removed by Section 17. which declares that "it shall be deemed to be *made* on the day when it is *allowed* by the Justices, and if they sever in their allowance" (that is, if they sign the allowance on different days, as is sometimes the case,) "then on the day of the last allowance."

Henceforth when the rate is laid before the Justices for allowance, they should be requested to affix the date of their signatures.

And here may be noticed a provision which facilitates proceedings in Courts of Law for enforcing the poor rate. Section 18 enacts "that the production of a book purporting to contain a poor rate with the allowance of the rate by the Justices shall, if the rate is made in the *form* prescribed by law, be *primâ facie* evidence of the due making and publication of such rate."

Care must be taken that the form of the rate is according to that prescribed by law. It must, therefore, have the proper title, must be signed by the Churchwardens and Overseers, or the major part of them, or where there are no Churchwardens, by the Overseers; and it must have the declaration prescribed by the 6 & 7 Wm. IV. c. 96., where that Act is still in force, or in Unions that prescribed by the Union Assessment Committee Act, 1862.

2. As to *the collection* of the rate.

In the first place it should be observed that Section 3 provides for *voluntary* arrangements between the owners and the Overseers in the following terms:—

"In case the rateable value of any hereditament does not exceed
Twenty pounds if situate in *the Metropolis;*
Thirteen pounds if situate in any parish wholly or partly within the borough of *Liverpool;*
Ten pounds if situate in any parish wholly or partly within the city of *Manchester* or borough of *Birmingham;*
Eight pounds if situate *elsewhere.*

"And the *owner* of such hereditament is willing to enter into an agreement in writing with the overseers to become liable to them for the poor rates assessed in respect thereof, for any term *not less than one year* from the date of such agreement, and to pay the poor rates, whether the hereditament is occupied or not.

"The overseers may, *subject nevertheless to the control of the vestry*, agree with the owner to receive the rates from him, and to allow him a commission not exceeding *twenty-five per cent.* on the amount thereof."

You will observe that you are not compelled to act upon this clause, but if you do so you are empowered to make such an allowance as shall appear to you to be proper, not exceeding 25 per cent. You may act at your own discretion in the first place, but you will be subject to the control of the vestry, so that they may interpose and disallow the proposed agreement if they deem it to be inexpedient or contrary to the interest of the parish.

The agreement once made will continue to be binding upon succeeding overseers until the period for which it was made expires, and it

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should be specially noticed that it must last for one year at the least. The Board think it is expedient that the agreement should be made for a definite period of no great extent, or subject to being determined after the expiration of the year, on a reasonable notice by either party.

As it will be for the convenience of the parish that all the agreements should be uniform, the overseers may in the opinion of the Board properly provide forms of agreement suitable to the circumstances of the parish, for execution by the owners.

With regard to stamps on the agreement, the Board are informed by the Inland Revenue Commissioners that "they are of opinion that an agreement entered into under the 3d Section of the Act mentioned is liable to the stamp duty on agreements, when the matter of it is of the value of 5*l.* or upwards. They consider that the matter of the agreement is the total amount of the rates assessed on the property, during the entire period over which the agreement extends; and, as this amount is not ascertainable except in cases in which a rate has actually been made at the date of the agreement, they are of opinion that the agreement is chargeable with duty only when the total amount of a rate actually made at the date of the agreement is 5*l.* or upwards."

The Commissioners add, "that a notice given under the 4th Section of the Act is, standing alone, subject to duty in the same manner and to the same extent as an agreement under the 3d section."

The Board have stated that Section 3 provides for voluntary arrangements between owners and overseers, Section 4, on the other hand, provides for the compulsory rating of owners. By this Section it is enacted that "the vestry of any parish may from time to time order that the *owners* of all rateable hereditaments to which Section 3 of the Act extends" (they are such as have been stated in page 32), "situate within such parish, shall be *rated* to the poor rate in respect of such rateable hereditaments instead of the occupiers, on all rates made after the date of such order, and thereupon and so long as such order shall be in force it is provided as follows:—

1. "The overseers *shall* rate the *owners* instead of the occupiers, and *shall* allow to them an abatement or deduction of 15 *per centum* from the amount of the rate.

This is an absolute and fixed allowance, and the direction is peremptory on the overseers.

2. "If the *owner* of one or more such hereditaments shall give notice to the overseers *in writing* that he is willing to be rated for any term (not being less than one year) in respect of all such rateable hereditaments of which he is the owner, whether the same be occupied or not, the overseers *shall* rate such owner accordingly, and allow to him a *further* abatement or deduction not exceeding *fifteen per cent.* from the amount of the rate during the time he is so rated."

In this case, though the overseers are required to rate the owner for these hereditaments, they have to settle the amount of the abatement, which is to be in addition to the allowance previously fixed by subsection 1, but must not exceed the specified limit of 15 per cent., *so that the total abatement may be* 30 *per cent., but must not be more.*

3. The vestry may rescind the order after a certain time.

There is an important proviso to this section, which is not contained in the section providing for voluntary arrangements, namely, that it shall not be applicable to any rateable hereditament in which a *dwelling-house* shall not be included.

It will be observed that when the vestry acts under Section 4, and the owners are therefore *compulsorily* rated, Section 3, which provided

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for voluntary arrangements, is entirely superseded, so far as it applies to hereditaments which comprise dwelling-houses.

It must also be stated that the Small Tenements Rating Act (13 and 14 Vict. c. 99.), and so much of Local Acts as relates to the rating of owners instead of occupiers, are repealed by Section 6 of this Act, in so far as they apply to the poor rate.

Questions have been put to the Board with reference to the making out of the rate book, and as to the form of the rate receipt consequent upon the foregoing enactments.

When the overseer acts under Section 3, and makes an allowance to the owner for the payment of the rate, it will result that the rate which has been assessed upon the occupier, or carried out against the premises if they were unoccupied when the rate was made, will not be paid in full. The amount received from the owner should therefore be entered in col. 15 of the rate book, and the allowance should be entered in col. 18, under the head of *the amounts otherwise not recoverable*, while in col. 19, for *the cause* should be entered the words *allowance to owner*, or something to the like effect.

When the Vestry have made their order under Section 4 it will take effect prior to the *making* of the rate, and consequently the overseers, when they prepare their rate book, will be required to enter the amount to be assessed upon the owner in col. 12. of the rate book, which is headed *amount of rate assessed upon and payable by the owner instead of the occupier*. The sum so to be entered should be the amount assessable upon the full rateable value after allowing the abatement of 15 per cent.

If the owner after notice to the overseers is entitled to a farther abatement, the sum actually paid will, as in the former case, be entered in col. 15, and the further abatement in col. 18, with a similar entry in col. 19 to that above described.

When the rate is made payable by *instalments*, either there must be separate divisions of the rate book, or separate books for the separate instalments, or such a division of the collection side of the book as appears in the specimen form of rate book appended hereto. It has been suggested that the cols. Nos. 11 and 12, 14 and 15, may be subdivided to provide for the instalments, and the Board see no objection to the adoption of this course.

The order of accounts issued by this Board prescribes a form of *rate receipt*, and it appears to the Board that this form, with a slight addition, will be available in the altered state of the law. It expresses the sum received, and the name of the person paying, and identifies the assessment and its amount.

By the terms of that order the name of the ratepayer and the sum to be collected are to be inserted when the receipt book is made up previous to the collection. If, at the time when the owner pays instead of the occupier, the name of the latter be erased, and that of the owner written over it, with the word *owner* added, and if the sum paid be substituted for that previously inserted, the receipt will be sufficient. The sum allowed to the owner should be placed under the total, and this amount being deducted from the previous total, the payment to be made by the owner will appear, and will be the sum which must be entered in col. 15 of the rate book.

In the *note* on the counterfoil the name of the person described as *the owner* actually paying must be entered, as well as the sum which he pays.

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An illustration of this form is subjoined :—

NEWTON UNION. No. 410.

Counterfoil.

Note.

Parish of St. Mary, the 3d day of December 1869.

Mr. John Smith,

Rate made on the 1st day of Oct. 1869.

(1st Instalment).

	£	s.	d.
	–	3	–
Arrear	–	–	–
	–	3	–
Paid by Mr. Thos. Brown, of The Park, owner	–	2	3
Allowance to him at 25 per cent.	–	–	9
	–	3	–

NEWTON UNION. No. 410.

Receipt.

Parish of St. Mary, the 3d day of December 1869.

Thomas Brown, owner,

Received of Mr. ~~John Smith~~, the sum of 2 shillings and 3 pence ~~3 shillings~~ in respect of the Poor Rate of the above parish, viz. :

	£	s.	d.
Rate made the 1st day of October 1869, on 6*l.* assessment, at one shilling in the pound	–	6	–
Arrear of former rate	–	–	–
Total	–	6	–
1st instalment	–	3	–
Allowance to owner at 25 per cent.	–	–	9
Paid by owner	–	2	3

Signed________________

Overseer *or* Collector.

As regards rates payable by instalments, the form of *rate receipt* which appears in the general order for payments of rates by *instalments* must not be adopted, because that form applies to payments made by instalments in respect of rates which are due, and where a rate is declared to be payable by instalments each instalment is so far to be considered a rate which is due. Here, therefore, the previous form of receipt will be available, but the words *first* instalment or *second* instalment, as the case may be, should appear on the form, and it should be made out for the sum payable on the instalment. When payments in respect of the rate or any instalment of it are made on account only, the form of instalment receipt prescribed by the order is the proper one to be used.

Several other sections of the Act are consequent upon the rating of the owner in place of the occupier. By Section 5 it is provided, that if the owner omits to pay before the 5th of June in any year the rate or instalment due previously to the 5th of January, and which shall have been duly demanded of him, he will forfeit the allowance and commission, and must pay the rate in full. Again, by Section 9, in case of such omission the occupier may pay the rate so due, and deduct the amount from his rent, while Section 11 enables the overseers to recover the amount, costs, and charges by distress upon the goods of the owner.

But inasmuch as such power of distress upon the owner's goods may not be available, and the occupier may not voluntarily pay the rate, power is given to distrain upon the goods of such occupier for any arrears, subject to these provisoes :—

1. The rate must have been demanded in writing by the overseers from the occupier, and he must have failed to pay within 14 days after the service of such demand.

2. The amount to be raised by such distress must not exceed the amount of the rent actually due from the occupier.

(A.)
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3. The occupier may deduct the amount of the rate and expenses of the distraint from his rent due or accruing due.

It remains to be noticed in connection with this part of the Act, that Section 13 gives to the owner the same right of appeal against valuation lists and poor rates as though he were the occupier.

Independently of these provisions for the payment of the rate by owners, and the rating of owners instead of occupiers, the Act deals in a separate section with occupiers for short terms.

Section 1 of the Act provides that "the *occupier* of any rateable "hereditament let to him for a term *not exceeding three months* shall "be entitled to deduct the amount paid by him in respect of any poor "rate assessed upon such hereditament from the rent due or accruing "due to the owner, and every such payment shall be a valid discharge "of the rent to the extent of the rate so paid."

So far the overseers are not interested in the enactment, but Section 2. directs that "no such occupier shall be compelled to pay to the "overseers, at one time, or within four weeks, a greater amount of the "rate than would be due for one quarter of a year."

There is no limit here as to the value of the premises, the only qualification being the shortness of the holding or tenancy. It will be necessary, therefore, where you do not know that the hereditament is held for a term exceeding three months, to ascertain what is the actual term of the holding, and where you find that it does not exceed three months, which word means calendar months, the amount of rent payable by the tenant must also be ascertained.

As regards the interpretatian clause, the Board desires to call your particular attention to the definition of the words *owner* and *vestry*.

It may be well to add, as the question has been asked by several parochial officers, that a person who occupies his own property is not, according to the opinion of the Board, an *owner* within the meaning of this definition, so far as regards such property.

The Act, which may be cited as The Poor Rate Assessment and Collection Act, 1869, came into operation on the 29th of September last.

The Board trust that you will find this explanation of the Act sufficient, as a general guide, to enable you to carry its provisions into execution, so far as they may be applicable to your parish. They will be ready, however, to afford such advice as they shall be able to supply, in special or peculiar cases, if consulted with reference to some actual occurrence or incident.

I am, &c.
W. G. Lumley,
Assistant Secretary.

To the Overseers of the Poor of all the Parishes and other Places in England and Wales.

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

SPECIMEN OF THE RATE BOOK.

An Assessment for the Relief of the Poor of the Parish of *St. Mary* in the County of *Middlesex*, and for other purposes chargeable thereon according to law, made this §§ *1st* day of *October*, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, after the Rate of *One Shilling* in the pound, which is estimated to meet all the expenses for the above purposes, which will be incurred before the 1*st* day of *April* next, and which Rate we declare to be payable by *two* equal instalments, to be paid respectively at the following dates, that is to say, on the 4*th* day of *October* instant and the 1*st* day of *January* next.

RATE.

Number.	Name of Occupier.	Name of Owner.	Description of Property Rated.	Name or Situation of Property.	Estimated Extent.	Gross Estimated Rental.	Rateable Value.	Rate at 1s. in the Pound.	Amount of Rate Assessed upon, and payable by, the Owner instead of the Occupier, by virtue of the Statute or Statutes in that behalf.
1	‖ 4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
					A. R. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
*21	John Jones	*Henry Robinson*	House	2, Duck-lane	– – –	8 – –	6 – –	– 6 –	– – –
†32	*John Smith*	Thomas Brown	House	9, Long-lane	– – –	10 – –	8 – –	– 8 –	– 6 10
†33		Thomas Brown	House	10, Long-lane	– – –	10 – –	8 – –	– 8 –	– 6 10
¶ 109	*Wm. Poor*	James Williams	House	6, Back-street	– – –	10 – –	8 – –	– 8 –	– 6 10

COLLECTION—FIRST INSTALMENT.

Number.	Recoverable Arrears of former Rates.	Total Amount to be Collected.	Amount Actually Collected.	Uncollected at Balancing this Book. Recoverable Arrear at Balancing the Book.	Irrecoverable at Balancing the Book. Amount Legally Excused.	Otherwise not Recoverable. Amount.	Otherwise not Recoverable. Causes.
1	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
*21	– – –	– 3 –	– 2 3	– – –	– – –	– – 9	Allowed to owner
†32	– – –	– 3 5	– 2 10	– – –	– – –	– – 7	Allowed to owner
†33	– – –	– 3 5	– 2 10	– – –	– – –	– – 7	Ditto.
¶ 109	– – –	– 3 5	– 3 5	– – –	– – –	– – –	—

COLLECTION—SECOND INSTALMENT.

Number.	Total Amount to be Collected.	Amount Actually Collected.	Uncollected at Balancing this Book. Recoverable Arrear at Balancing the Book.	Irrecoverable at Balancing the Book. Amount Legally Excused.	Otherwise not Recoverable. Amount.	Otherwise not Recoverable. Causes.
1	14	15	16	17	18	19
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
*21	– 3 –	– 2 3	– – –	– – –	– – 9	Allowed to owner
†32	– 3 5	– 2 10	– – –	– – –	– – 7	Allowed to owner
†33	– 3 5	– 2 10	– – –	– – –	– – 7	Ditto.
¶ 109	– 3 5	– 3 5	– – –	– – –	– – –	—

* This will be the case where the commission is allowed under Sect. 3.
† This will be the case where the owner is rated under Sect. 4. and receives the additional allowance from the Overseers.
¶ This will be the case where the owner is rated under Sect. 4. and no additional allowance is made to him by the Overseers.
§§ This should be the date of the allowance of the Rate by the Justices.
‖ Columns 2 and 3 must be included in the actual Rate Book, though omitted here for want of space.

*** The declaration as to the total amount of the Rate should be taken from Col. 11, and be in these words "We declare that the total of the above Rate amounts to the sum of________pounds______shillings and______pence."

(A.)
Circulars, &c.

No. 7.

MEDICAL RELIEF.—CIRCULAR LETTER from the POOR LAW BOARD to BOARDS OF GUARDIANS of METROPOLITAN and other TOWN UNIONS.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall,
13th December 1869.

SIR,

THE Poor Law Board are anxious to ascertain, with reference to sick persons applying for relief, what are the circumstances which, in your Union, practically determine whether the applicants shall be treated at their own homes, or be sent into the workhouse.

With a view to the elucidation of this question, the Board would be glad if the Guardians would have the goodness to furnish them with answers to the following questions :—

(1.) What circumstances are mainly taken into account in determining, in the case of sick persons applying for relief, whether they shall be recommended as in-door or as out-door patients?

(2.) What stress is laid upon any, or on which principally, of the following considerations :

(*a*) The nature of the disease.
(*b*) The wishes of the patient or his family.
(*c*) The nature of the home of the patient.
(*d*) The character and extent of the infirmary accommodation in the workhouse.

(3.) As a rule, are sick paupers only sent to the infirmary when it is absolutely necessary ? or,
Is the in-door treatment generally preferred and recommended, so long as there is room?

The Board would also be glad to be informed to what extent in your Union the district medical officer is expected or allowed to intervene with regard to recommending that the sick should be treated in the workhouse or in their own homes. The Board are aware that the relieving officer is generally responsible for the report on which the Guardians determine whether a sick pauper shall be treated at his own home or in the workhouse. The report of the relieving officer is, however, in many Unions, based upon the recommendation of the district medical officer, to whom a portion of the responsibility accordingly attaches.

I am directed by the Board to request that you will inform them what is the practice in your Union in this matter.

The Board will be much obliged to you if, in addition to these specific questions as to the circumstances which determine the admission of sick paupers into the workhouse, and as to the extent to which the district medical officer is expected to intervene in the matter, you will furnish them with any further general information bearing on the subject of this letter, which it may be in the power of the Guardians to afford.

I am, &c.
ARTHUR W. PEEL,
Secretary.

To
The Clerk to the Guardians.

(A.)
Circulars, &c.

No. 8.

Medical Relief.—Extracts from Replies of Boards of Guardians to a Circular of the Poor Law Board, dated 13th December 1869, on the Administration of Medical Relief.

(*a*) Metropolitan Unions.

PARISH OF CAMBERWELL.

"First. The whole question of dealing with the sick of the parish is necessarily dependent upon the medical officers having charge of the several districts, and the Board and the relieving officers as a rule accept without question the recommendations of those gentlemen.

"Secondly. The Board believe the grounds of those recommendations to vary with the circumstances of each particular case; in one the nature of the disease itself indicates the desirability of removal to a ward where the care and treatment of the patient are properly directed and continuous. In another the absence of furniture, clothing, and attendance in the house, or the number of the members of the family, or the hundred other circumstances tending to retard cure, would no doubt influence the medical officer.

"Thirdly. With regard to the wishes of the patient, these alone would not influence the medical officers or the Board, if in other respects the removal to the infirmary wards did not seem desirable. But as your Board must be well aware, the wishes of the patient in opposition to the recommendation of the medical officer, or the opinion of the Board, must be yielded to, as, if the patient declines to adopt the recommendation to come in, there is no power to compel him or her to do so, and the Guardians cannot abandon the case and leave the patient to die for want of medical care and attention.

"Fourthly. The question of the character or extent of accommodation in the workhouse has never as the Guardians believe in the slightest degree affected the judgment or recommendation of an officer of this parish.

"Fifthly. Absolute necessity of removal, as explained above, is not the rule for recommending in-door treatment, but the desirability with reference to the probability of cure and other circumstances before referred to; but even the cases of absolute necessity cannot be compulsorily sent to the infirmary.

"Lastly. The recommendations of the medical officers are based upon the judgment they form in each case, and are not influenced by any other consideration, as the Board firmly believe, than that of adopting such a course as under the circumstances of the particular case are best calculated to lead to speedy cure."

CROYDON UNION.

"(1.) If sick paupers can be treated properly at their own homes that course is adopted; if from special circumstances, or the peculiar nature of the disease, they cannot be properly treated at home, they are sent to the infirmary.

"(2.) (*a.*) If the disease is infectious, the case is sent to the infirmary.

"(*b.*) The patients are never sent in against the wish of their family.

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

"(*c.*) If the home of the patients is not good in a sanitary point of view, they are sent to the infirmary.

"(*d.*) The infirmary accommodates 180 patients, which suffices for the present.

(3.) Sick paupers are only sent to the infirmary when absolutely necessary.

"The in-door treatment is not generally preferred except for single persons who have no one to look after them.

"Practically the district medical officer determines whether a case should be treated in or out of the workhouse."

GREENWICH UNION.

"The general rule prevailing in this Union relative to the sending of sick paupers into the Union workhouse is, that they are so sent whenever, from the character of the disease or the nature of the patients' home, it is in the opinion of the district medical officer (given either spontaneously or in reply to the relieving officer's inquiry) necessary or desirable. Occasionally, however, the infirmary being full, that fact is notified to the relieving officers, and until some patients are discharged only isolated cases of an urgent character are admitted. This contingency is not very frequently occurring, and may be expected to be altogether rare when the Woolwich poor are entirely removed."

PARISH OF BETHNAL GREEN.

"The relieving officers as a rule grant orders in all cases where the medical officer certifies that the patients would be better treated in the infirmary than at their own houses. If, however, the home of the pauper is such that the patient is likely to recover at home, then the medical officer attends, and the relieving officer supplies whatever nourishment is recommended by the medical officer. The Guardians do not allow either fever or small-pox cases to be admitted into the infirmary. These are sent to the hospital if there is room, if not the Guardians have, on emergency, converted some isolated room into a temporary ward for those cases. Respecting our present infirmary accommodation, it is hardly sufficient for the want of the parish, and the Guardians propose enlarging the same."

PARISH OF ST. LUKE, CHELSEA.

"Upon the question of in-door or out-door treatment in cases of sickness, the Guardians are primarily guided by the nature of the disease, and where it is not a case recommended for the infirmary by the district medical officer, or urgently needing removal thereto, by the condition of the home, the habits of the family, and the means at hand for the efficient nursing of the patient.

"The wishes of the patient or his family are necessarily more or less deferred to, but the instances have been very rare in which the treatment prescribed has been contrary to the wish of the patient.

"The character and extent of the infirmary accommodation has seldom had to be taken into account, it being a rare occurrence that room could not be found for cases requiring admission.

"In dealing with the cases referred to under No. 3. the Guardians are guided by the consideration already mentioned.

"As a rule, unless in obviously unfit cases, all sick paupers desiring in-door treatment are admitted to the infirmary, and on the other hand in all fit cases (the surrounding circumstances considered) where it

would be for the benefit of the patient, the infirmary treatment is recommended.

"With respect to the intervention of the district medical officers, the practice has been invariably to adopt their recommendations, and I am to state that no instance has ever come to the knowledge of the Guardians (or of the relieving officers), in which a patient has been recommended for admission to the infirmary by a district medical officer for the sake of ridding himself of the trouble of treating the case."

FULHAM UNION.

The circumstances that are mainly taken into consideration in determining on the cases of sick persons apylying for relief are,—

"The nature of the disease and its probable duration.

"Whether the pauper can receive the requisite nursing and attention, and has the necessary accommodation, &c. at his own home.

"The desire for or against expressed by the patient and friends.

"The nature of the disease is regarded by the Guardians as of considerable importance, and is invariably the primary consideration.

"In cases whether acute or chronic, where the patients require more assiduous or skilled day and night nursing, and more constant rest than could be obtained at their own homes, and in cases where a properly regulated diet is of equal importance with medicine, and especially where the patient is single and unable to help himself, admission to the infirmary is recommended.

"In cases where it is considered desirable that the patient should from any cause be treated at his own home, and a nurse is recommended as necessary, the Guardians invariably provide and pay a nurse to attend on the patient.

"When a pauper patient has any family, it is very difficult to persuade them to allow the patient to be removed, even when the nature of the case peremptorily demands such removal. They are generally consulted previous to removal, and the position of the patient urged by reasons which are given under the first question, but their wishes alone are not allowed to influence the Board, unless some attendant circumstance in relation to nursing, or to the poverty of the person is present.

"Where the patient has no family or relatives to attend to him, and the recovery is likely to be tedious, the removal to the infirmary is always recommended.

"Considerable stress is laid upon this. Where the poverty is so great, and the habitation so unsuitable that it is obvious the relief given will not enable the case to be treated with any reasonable chance of success the infirmary is recommended. There is a general objection amongst the poor, and especially the Irish, to enter the infirmary, and cases have been met with in which, even under the above circumstances refusal to go in has been persistent.

"The cases of night lodgers at small beer-houses and lodging-houses suddenly taken ill, and not possessed of any means, and domestic servants under similar conditions, come under this heading.

"As a general rule the Guardians observe that in places in the Union where the worst form of pauperism exists, the inhabitants prefer the filth and squalor of their own wretched abodes to the cleanliness and order of the workhouse, and it is almost impossible (unless by threatening to withdraw all relief) to get them to consent to enter the infirmary. On several occasions paupers of this class having been provided with recommendations from the medical officers for removal to the workhouse, have failed to deliver them.

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

" The accommodation of the workhouse infirmary is good, and its extent is ample for all ordinary cases. The Guardians are not influenced in their decision by this consideration, and in no instance has a patient been unable to obtain admission.

" As a rule only those cases, in which the Guardians think it desirable, from one or other of the reasons before mentioned, are sent to the infirmary.

" The houses of the poor generally are such, that a removal to the infirmary is unnecessary, but in some exceptional cases where they require constant supervision, equable temperature, and good nursing, it is urged and advised as well for the advantage of the patient, as for a speedy cure of the disease.

" Each applicant to the Board for relief on account of sickness is required to be furnished with a certificate from the medical officer of the district in which he or she may reside, setting forth the nature of the disease, and its probable duration. If the illness be such as would in the opinion of the medical officer, be benefitted by a removal to the infirmary of the workhouse, he is expected so to state in the certificate, and the Guardians after having the verbal report of the relieving officer, and further inquired into the case, determined thereon.

PARISH OF ST. GEORGE HANOVER SQUARE.

" The sick poor of this parish are admitted to the infirmary, or treated at their own homes, generally, on the recommendation of the medical officers to the relieving officers, which latter officers give the order for admission or out-door treatment. The wishes of the patient and the accommodation of their home being taken into consideration by the afore-mentioned officers. The Board of Guardians do not, as a rule, determine whether a sick pauper shall be treated at his own home or in the workhouse.

" If a pauper be recommended by the medical officer to come into the infirmary, but refuses to do so, the medical officer is required to attend the patient at his own home, and the patient is supplied by the relieving officer with everything that is considered actually necessary under the circumstance.

" The practice of this parish appears to be the same as is generally pursued in the other metropolitan parishes and Unions.

" When a member of any family desires part of the family to be admitted into the infirmary, and the medical officer thinks it unnecessary, such person would *not* be admitted.

" The medical officers state that as regards their own convenience, they have no preference as to in-door treatment.

" The sick tramps, being in the tramp wards of the workhouse, are admitted into the infirmary by the medical officer, if he considers their case one of necessity."

PARISH OF ST. GEORGE (IN THE EAST).

" As a rule, the sick poor are admitted into the workhouse on the recommendations of the district medical officers, who it is understood are always guided to such recommendations by the nature of the disease, and the poverty of the home of the patient.

" Other cases are occasionally admitted through the relieving officers without the intervention of the district medical officers, and in those cases the circumstance mainly taken into consideration is the poverty of the home of the applicant."

PARISHES OF ST. GILES AND ST. GEORGE, BLOOMSBURY.

"The principal considerations in determining the admission into the infirmary of a sick pauper are (a) the nature of the disease (c) and the home of the patient, although any two of the considerations a, b, and c are deemed sufficient.

"Consideration (d) has never influenced the Guardians.

"It is not the rule in these parishes to send sick paupers to the infirmary, only when absolutely necessary; the in-door treatment is generally preferred and recommended.

"All sick applicants are referred by the relieving officer to the medical officer, whose recommendation is acted upon.

"The assistant medical officer who visits the out-door poor reports the nature and requirements of each case to the medical officer, who is responsible for the out-door as well as the in-door patients."

HACKNEY UNION.

"In cases of sick persons applying for relief, not being able to take care of themselves, nor having relatives or friends able to render them proper attention, such cases are ordered to be admitted into the infirmary of the workhouse.

"In the event of there being at any time no room in the infirmary for a sick patient, the Guardians take care that such person is properly treated, and attended to, at his own home; and also, in the case of any sick person preferring to remain out of the infirmary.

"It will be observed that, as a rule, sick paupers are admitted into the infirmary of the workhouse, where it is found that they cannot have sufficient attendance and treatment out of the house.

"The Guardians give unlimited permission to the district medical officers, in reference to the recommending of any sick person to be treated in the workhouse, and such recommendation is in every instance acted upon when there is sufficient accommodation in the infirmary and the relieving officer reports to them that such a course is advisable."

HOLBORN UNION.

"The question whether or not sick paupers shall be treated at their own homes or be sent into the workhouse is in practice rarely submitted to, or determined directly by the Guardians. At the same time when it is represented by the relieving officers that the pauper's home is in an unhealthy locality and extremely destitute, the Guardians are in the habit of pressing the acceptance of the workhouse as being the more desirable method of relief, but they generally do so without any special reference to medical treatment, with which they do not interfere.

"They have submitted the questions proposed by the Poor Law Board both to the medical officers and relieving officers, and they find that although the general principles of action are the same in the three divisions of the Union, that considerable differences of opinion and practice nevertheless prevail.

"The primary action appears to be generally taken by the medical officers whose recommendations are determined chiefly by the nature of the disease in relation with the condition of the home, particular stress being laid on unhealthy locality, overcrowding, want of furniture, bedding, and other necessaries of that nature, and want of attendance.

"The wishes of the patient or his family are considered in all cases, but the pressure exercised to induce the acceptance of in-door treatment

(A.)
Circulars,
&c.

varies much with the views of the medical and relieving officers. In most cases there is at first an objection to in-door treatment on the part of the paupers unless they are absolutely destitute; but when the recommendation has been made by the medical officers the relieving officers feel it imperative to support their views.

"The district medical officers do not consider the question of accommodation in the workhouse, but when the sick wards are known to be full the case is treated as well as possible at home by the relieving officer acting in concert with the medical officer.

"Preference is expressed by several officers for in-door treatment as being generally more successful than treatment in the homes. But several also explain that they would be able to treat more cases successfully at home if efficient nursing could be supplied, if the relief afforded to the sick were more liberal, if in urgent cases the medical officer could order at once articles of urgent necessity, if the supply of medicines were more prompt; and one medical officer observes that with greater liberality in these respects, the home treatment of sick paupers would be more satisfactory and result in a great saving to the ratepayers. He also remarks that the correct administration of medicines and diet is absolutely necessary, and that it is almost useless on the part of a medical officer prescribing medicines unless his instructions with regard to the proper nursing of his patients are duly carried out.

"On the subject of nursing, several of the medical officers and relieving officers remark on the difficulty of obtaining efficient nurses with the generally miserable accommodation the houses of the poor afford.

"The subject of admitting patients to workhouses has been more than once prominently brought before the Guardians during the last few weeks, and it is necessary to remark that the views of the workhouse medical officers differ materially as to the propriety of admitting many cases which are now sent to them for treatment. It sometimes happens, for example, that a patient is admitted as being extremely ill when in fact there is little or nothing the matter, and he applies for his discharge next day, whilst on the contrary other patients who have been ill in their own homes for months and even years are sent in only a few hours previous to death.

"The Guardians feel the deep importance of the questions submitted to them by the Poor Law Board; they are generally of opinion that it is desirable to reduce the number of admissions to the workhouse sick wards as far as proper, and they would be glad of any suggestions with a view of improving the treatment of the sick at home, and so maintain the necessity for in-door treatment at its lowest point."

PARISH OF ST. MARY ISLINGTON.

"(1.) The circumstances mainly taken into account are whether the sick person applying for relief has a home and a relation or friend capable and willing to nurse and attend to the patient.

"(2.) The stress which is laid upon the following considerations is:—

"(*a.*) The nature of the disease, whether it be contagious.

"(*b.*) The wishes of the patient or his family, if in-door treatment is objected to, out-door is allowed.

"(*c.*) The nature of the home of the patient, whether it be such as the patient can be treated therein.

"(*d.*) The character and extent of the infirmary accommodation in the workhouse is not considered by the district medical officers, but it is by the medical officer of the workhouse.

"(3.) As a rule sick paupers are only sent to the infirmary when it is absolutely necessary, and they are only sent there by the medical officer of the workhouse. In-door treatment is not generally preferred and recommended so long as there is room.

"The district medical officers are not expected to intervene with regard to recommending that the sick should be treated in the workhouse, but if they do so, their recommendations receive attention from the relieving officers, and afterwards the medical officer of the workhouse, who decides whether the patients require infirmary treatment upon their admission to the workhouse."

PARISH OF KENSINGTON.

"The circumstances mainly taken into account are generally as follows:—

1. The nature of the disease and the probability of its being of a protracted or permanent character.
2. If the case admits of home treatment, and medical comforts can be properly supplied, the patients are not admitted into the workhouse even at the request of themselves or their friends.
3. The chief point taken into consideration is the nature of the home of the patient, and its more or less destitute condition; but if the sickness be of a slight and temporary character, and can be treated with advantage at home, the patient is not removed, except in cases of extreme destitution, when it is absolutely necessary.

The in-door treatment is generally preferred by the patient and his family.

The district medical officer has discretionary power with regard to recommending that the sick should be treated in the workhouse or in their own homes. The relieving officer invariably endorses the recommendation of the district medical officer.

The infirmary accommodation at the workhouse is at present very limited, but the arrangements are considered to be very satisfactory, and as complete as they possibly can be under the circumstances. The Guardians, however, are about to increase the infirmary accommodation by the erection of a new wing and other additions to the workhouse."

PARISH OF LAMBETH.

"The Guardians expect that as a rule sick paupers shall only be sent to the workhouse infirmary when it is absolutely necessary.

"When, however, the district medical officer is of opinion that a sick out-door pauper ought to be sent to the workhouse, he makes a recommendation to that effect to the relieving officer, to be acted upon by that officer in cases of urgency, and to be submitted to the Guardians in other cases. The Guardians have confidence in these recommendations of the district medical officer, and in general they, in accordance therewith, admit the patient to the workhouse infirmary.

"As regards the considerations having weight in any given case, the medical officer is expected to consider in the first place the nature of the disease, and next the nature of the patient's home. The wishes of the patient or his family would not have much weight in deciding the medical officer as to the recommendation he ought to give.

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

"As regards the Guardians, the nature of the patient's home would be the principal consideration with them, so far as they might think proper to exercise their own judgment independently of the medical officer's opinion. Their next consideration would be the wishes of the patient or his family, which though of secondary importance, would still weigh more with them than with the medical officer, whose province it is to confine himself rather to the medical aspect of the case; and for the last-named reason the Guardians would, except in rare cases, defer to the opinion of the medical officer as to the stress which ought to be laid upon the nature of the disease; they would deem him to be the best judge as to the weight which this point ought to have, and would presume that he had duly considered it before giving his recommendation to remove the patient to the infirmary.

"It may perhaps be thought that this is placing great trust in the medical officer, but the Guardians think it a safe and wise course to trust thus much to him, holding him responsible for the discreet exercise of his professional judgment on this important question. They also expect him to act honestly in recommending patients to the workhouse, that is to say, they would highly disapprove of his making such a recommendation as to any patient who could be properly treated at his own home.

"In determining the question as to the expediency of admitting an out-door patient to the infirmary, it has not for the last two years, and up to the present time, been found necessary to give much consideration to the extent and character of the infirmary accommodation, as the crowding of the workhouse has been so much diminished by the additional accommodation of the supplementary workhouse at Vauxhall."

CITY OF LONDON UNION.

"1. The circumstances mainly taken into account in determining whether sick persons applying for relief shall be recommended as in-door or as out-door patients; and

"2. What stress is laid upon any, or on which principally of the following considerations, are:

"(*a.*) The nature of the disease; if this can be generally attended to in the patient's home, as well, or nearly as well, as at the infirmary of the workhouse; then

"(*b.*) The wishes of the patient or his family are generally considered and acted upon by the Guardians; but

"(*c.*) If the nature of the home of the patient is considered unfit for the treatment of the disease under which the patient is suffering, then the Guardians use every persuasion that the patient should go to the infirmary for treatment; if they are unsuccessful in the result of their persuasions, then of course there is no alternative but to relieve the patient at his own home in as perfect a mode as the circumstances of the home may permit.

"(*d.*) The character and extent of the accommodation in the infirmary at the workhouse has never been an obstacle to sending patients there for treatment, every appliance is and has always been ready for any patient suffering from any disease, indeed in the case of epidemics, extra wards have been specially prepared for cases when the public hospitals have been full.

"3. Sick paupers are sent to the infirmary when it is absolutely necessary, and when the patient consents, otherwise no enforcible rule exists; and in all cases in-door treatment is generally recommended, but in the very great majority of cases it is declined either by the patients or by their friends or relatives.

"The medical officer reports his opinion whether or not the patient should be treated in the workhouse, and this opinion is strengthened by the report of the relieving officers, but, as stated above, the result is pretty much with the patient or friends."

PARISHES OF ST. MARGARET AND ST. JOHN, WESTMINSTER.

"The circumstances mainly taken into account in determining, in the case of sick persons applying for relief, whether they shall be recommended as in-door or out-door paupers are,

"1st. The nature of the disease. Cases of itch and venereal disease and similar diseases are admitted, also cases of fever and small-pox are admitted through the workhouses to the respective public hospitals.

"2d. Attention is paid to the wishes of the patient, but the husband, wife, or child of a family is not admitted separately, except in a few extreme cases.

"3d. The nature of the home of the patient is a matter for consideration; for example, persons in lodging houses who are confined to their beds are admitted, of course; but in other cases, if the applicant does not desire admission, he would not be admitted in consequence of the state of his home.

"4th. As a rule, sick paupers are only sent to the infirmary when absolutely necessary, or where the homes are very destitute.

"5th. The character and extent of the infirmary accommodation is insufficient and inadequate, as the Poor Law Board are aware.

"6th. The report of the relieving officers is in many cases based upon the recommendation of the district medical officers to whom a portion of the responsibility accordingly attaches.

"And the opinion of the district medical officer is in all cases treated with due consideration, and carried out wherever the circumstances will permit."

PARISH OF ST. MARYLEBONE.

"1. The circumstances that are *mainly* taken into account in this parish in determining whether sick persons applying for relief shall be recommended as in-door or out-door patients are,

a. The nature of the disease.

c. The nature of the home of the patient.

"2. The *wishes* of the patient or his family are rarely, if ever, considered, the character and extent of the infirmary accommodation in the workhouse is never considered.

"3. As a rule sick paupers are only sent to the infirmary when it is absolutely necessary.

"4. The district medical officer is permitted to recommend admission under circumstances connected with the nature of the disease, or the nature of the home of the patient, and such recommendation is almost invariably acted upon by the relieving officer. In this parish it is the custom for the relieving officer to order admission on the receipt of a medical recommendation, without waiting for the meeting of the Relief Committee."

(A.)
Circulars, &c.

TOWNSHIP OF MILE END OLD TOWN.

" If patients are not in a position to receive proper treatment at home in respect of attendance, nourishment, &c., or if overcrowding exists, they are recommended to go into the infirmary. They are never strongly urged so to do except it be in the case of contagious diseases.

" As a rule sick paupers are sent into the infirmary when and *only* when it appears absolutely necessary.

" The relieving officer in every case acts immediately upon the recommendation of the medical officer, and without waiting for an order of the Board."

ST. OLAVE'S UNION.

" The circumstances which guided the Guardians, and practically determined whether the sick applicant should be treated at his or her own home, or be sent into the workhouse for treatment in the infirmary there, were the reports of the relieving and medical officers on each case; if those two officers recommended the sick person to be treated in the workhouse infirmary, the Guardians generally adopted such recommendations, and the patient was ordered into the workhouse infirmary for treatment there, and if such relieving and medical officers recommended the sick person to be treated as an out-door patient, the Board generally adopted such recommendation, and ordered such patient to be treated at his or her own home."

PARISH OF PADDINGTON.

" The circumstances taken into consideration are,—

" (1.) The character of the parties, — the state of comfort or cleanliness of their dwelling — the nature of their sickness.

" (2.) Great consideration is in each case given to every one of these heads.

" (3.) According to the nature of their family accommodation, parties are generally advised to come into the house or not; but when the medical officer states the necessity for their coming in, it is either pressed or insisted on.

" The medical officer is expected to give his opinion to the Board, or to the relieving officer, in every case in which he may consider it to be advisable for the sick party to be taken into the house.

" The cases of sick persons are so various, that trusting that the medical officers and the relieving officers both do their duty to the sick and to the Board, it is deemed the wisest course to decide upon each case individually."

POPLAR UNION.

" The district medical officers are always present at the meetings of the respective relief committees; and in all cases of illness the recommendations of those officers are invariably acted upon by the Guardians, whether as regards admission to the workhouse or infirmary, or treatment at the homes of the poor; and no compulsion is used in removing patients to the infirmary. Midwifery cases are either attended at the homes of the patients, or else in the workhouse, as the medical officers may suggest as most desirable, having regard to the circumstances of the family in each instance."

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

ST. SAVIOUR'S UNION.

"1. As a rule persons with a fixed residence apply, in the first instance, for out-door medical assistance; and those only who are nightly lodgers make direct application for admission to the workhouse infirmary. Such applicants having no permanent home are referred, by order, to the district medical officer; and upon the receipt of a certificate from him, are at once admitted into the workhouse, except in the case of those suffering from epidemic diseases for which provision is made elsewhere.

"2. The whole of the considerations marked (*a*), (*b*), (*c*), (*d*) are generally taken into account in determining where a patient should be treated; and as a rule in the following order, viz.: (1) The nature of the home of the patient; (2) the nature of the disease; (3) the extent of infirmary accommodation, and (4) the wishes of the patient.

"3. As a rule, sick paupers are only sent into the workhouse when it is absolutely necessary; and when admitted, it remains with the in-door medical officer, after examination to order such cases into the infirmary or not.

"4. The in-door treatment is not generally preferred by the poor; nor recommended by the Guardians, if they can be properly attended at their own homes.

"The district medical officer is allowed unrestricted liberty to recommend the sick to be treated in the workhouse; and for this purpose he furnishes a certificate to the relieving officer, who forthwith investigates the case; and if it is considered of sufficient urgency to require prompt action, an order of admission is given; otherwise the certificate and report are laid before the Guardians at their next meeting, who determine where the pauper shall be treated. As a rule, the recommendation of the medical officer is adopted, especially if that recommendation is supported by the relieving officer.

"In respect of the last paragraph of the Poor Law Board's circular, I may be permitted to remark that although, as a rule, in-door treatment has not hitherto been preferred by sick poor, the Guardians and their officers, observe, on the part of friends, a tendency to seek this mode of relief, and thus to slacken the ties of domestic duty and affection. This among other considerations, renders great caution necessary in admitting members of families, who, with a little extra out-door assistance, may be kept outside the workhouse. It has been found by experience that when once a member of a family has been in the receipt of in-door medical relief, that person almost invariably regards that as his refuge when sickness overtakes him."

PARISH OF SHOREDITCH.

"In cases of temporary sickness the report of the relieving officer is taken as a guide to determine whether the patient shall be treated as an in-door or out-door patient.

"The nature of the disease and the wishes of the patient or his friends are also taken into consideration; and sick paupers are only admitted when absolutely necessary, but no restriction is placed on the medical officers, and the sick are always admitted when recommended by them."

STEPNEY UNION.

"1. The circumstances which are mainly taken into account in this Union in determining in the case of sick persons applying for relief,

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

whether they shall be recommended as in-door or as out-door patients, are the nature of the disease, and the character of the home of the patient.

"2. (*a.*) The nature of the disease may be regarded as the principal consideration; thus, a person suffering from ulcerated legs would be sent to the infirmary for the enforcement of rest, the necessary repose in such a case being seldom or never indulged in at home.

"(*b.*) The wishes of the patient or his family would not be consulted to the extent of sending a case to the infirmary that could properly be treated at home. Each case is dealt with upon its merits, and if it be considered that any particular case ought to go into the infirmary, pressure would be brought to bear, by a threatened withdrawal of relief, to compel the case to go there.

"(*c.*) The nature of the home is, as stated above, an important element in the consideration of each case. For instance, a sick young man or woman occupying the same room with his or her parents and other members of the family would be ordered into the infirmary. In like manner it is generally necessary to remove a sick person from a home where, if he or she were to remain, the sick bed would probably be occupied by other members of the family in addition to the patient. In cases such as these, the removal is carried out not only with a view to the better treatment of the patient, but also to prevent the spread of disease.

"(*d.*) The character and extent of the infirmary accommodation in the workhouse of this Union having been found sufficient to meet the cases hitherto sent there, both the medical and relieving officers state that they are not influenced by the question of such accommodation in any way whatever.

"3. Sick paupers are only sent to the infirmary, when for the above reasons it is considered necessary, the district medical officers regarding it to be their duty to attend to all cases that can be properly treated in their own homes. It happens occasionally that cases that might otherwise be treated at home are sent to the infirmary in consequence of the parties having no one to attend upon them, and it may be a question for the consideration of the Poor Law Board whether such cases, and a few others of an analogous character, might not be treated beneficially in their own homes, if they could be somewhat looked after and watched by paid female visitors appointed for the purpose. It does occasionally happen that persons who ought, undoubtedly, to go to the infirmary positively refuse, at all hazards, to go there. In these cases the Guardians thinking that to cure sickness by any means is the best policy, generally appoint and pay nurses to attend to the patients at their own homes, and also give such relief, including bedding, &c., as may be necessary for the restoration of the person to health.

"With respect to the question as to the extent to which in this Union the district medical officer is expected or allowed to intervene with regard to recommending that the sick should be treated in the workhouse or in their own homes, the Guardians desire me to state that the admission of the sick to the workhouse would not, as a rule, be carried out, unless the district medical officer had recommended it in the first instance, and the relieving officers had satisfied themselves that the case could not be properly treated at home. It has occurred in this Union that former medical officers have recommended that certain cases should be sent to the infirmary, which the relieving officers have

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

considered could be properly treated at home, and the result has been that the Guardians have been appealed to in the matter, and have had to decide between the parties.

"The Guardians, however, are pleased to find that their present officers, both medical and relieving, work together, as they should, in a proper and harmonious spirit, and they believe that in all sick cases in this Union, whether treated at home or in the infirmary, the locality of treatment is arrived at as the result of the conviction of each of the officers interested in the case."

STRAND UNION.

"Those cases treated as in-door patients are as follow:

"When the medical officer and the relieving officers report that they have not sufficient accommodation for their being properly treated at their homes.

When they have no friends or relations to assist or nurse them during their illness.

"When residing in licensed lodging houses, or found exposed in the streets.

"With regard to those relieved at their homes, the circumstances under which such cases are relieved are as follow:

"When they have accommodation at their homes, friends to assist, and they wish to be treated as out-door patients.

"As to the nature of the disease:

"If it be contagious, the cases are sent to the hospitals, excepting when the hospitals are full, when such cases are treated at their homes. As a rule contagious diseases are not treated in the workhouse infirmary.

"The infirmary accommodation in the workhouses has been found amply sufficient for all cases which the Guardians have required to be treated as in-door patients. The out-door sick poor are not sent to the infirmary of the workhouse but when absolutely necessary. The in-door treatment is generally asked for by persons from lodging houses, tramps, and others having no settled homes.

"The recommendation of the district medical officer is always taken into consideration by the Guardians, and the report of the relieving officer thereon, before the Board determine whether such cases are to be treated as in or out-door patients."

WANDSWORTH AND CLAPHAM UNION.

"In determining whether or not the workhouse would be the more suitable the Guardians are guided by the medical officer's certificate and by the relieving officer's report.

"No stress is laid upon the nature of any disease unless it be infectious, in that case the Guardians object to the patients being brought into the workhouse, and the relieving officers have instructions to remove such cases to the hospital.

"This Board generally admit the sick into the workhouse if the patients desire it, or if their homes be unfit for them to remain in them. At present our workhouse accommodation is scarcely sufficient, so that the sick poor are only sent to the infirmary when it is necessary, but, as a rule, in-door treatment is not generally preferred even if there be sufficient room.

"The Guardians are not disposed to allow the district medical officer to intervene with regard to recommending that the sick should be treated in the workhouse instead of at their own homes, excepting in cases of emergency."

(A.)
Circulars, &c.

WHITECHAPEL UNION.

"As a general rule the certificate of the medical officer governs the description and extent of relief afforded to a sick pauper. The printed form of the certificate terminates with the words 'and requires' followed by a blank, and this blank is invariably filled up by the medical officer either by the word 'admission' or 'necessaries' (specified or unspecified). Where 'admission' to the workhouse is stated to be required, it is inferred by the Guardians that the considerations upon which the medical officer has principally relied are, (1) the nature of the disease, and (2) the nature of the home of the patient or his family; without regard being paid to 'the wishes of the patient or his family,' or to 'the character and extent of the infirmary accommodation in the workhouse.'

"Where, however, the Guardians have reason to believe that relief of the nature and to the extent recommended by the medical officer is not justified by the circumstances of a case, they occasionally depart from the general rule above mentioned and decline to relieve otherwise than in the workhouse."

(*b*) **Provincial Unions.**

ABERGAVENNY UNION.

"In cases where sick persons apply for relief, the fact of their having a home and friends to take charge of them is taken into account in determining whether they shall be recommended as in-door or out-door patients. If they have a home and friends they are not recommended into the workhouse, unless from the peculiar nature of their sickness it is deemed advisable that they should be removed into the workhouse; but this very rarely happens. Where the applicant has neither home nor friends he is recommended into the workhouse. The in-door treatment is not always recommended to a patient, the wishes of himself or his family being consulted and usually acceded to.

"The recommendation of the district medical officer, although invariably in accordance with the practice detailed above, does not form the ground of the relieving officer's report, that officer making his report from his own knowledge of the case.

"I may add that no single instance of hardship or injustice has ever, to my knowledge, arisen in this Union in consequence of the mode of administering relief to sick persons adopted by the Guardians."

ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE UNION.

"Whilst the wishes of the applicant or his family invariably receive due consideration, the nature of the home of the patient has the greatest influence upon the Guardians in determining when the applicant shall be sent into the workhouse, where there are the advantages of good accommodation and nursing, which cannot otherwise be afforded to the case.

"The district medical officers rarely interfere to get patients removed to the workhouse unless conferred with by the relieving officer for that purpose."

(A.)
Circulars, &c.

ASTON UNION.

" The circumstances mainly taken into account by the Guardians of the Aston Union in determining whether sick persons applying for relief are to be treated at their own homes or in the infirmary are,—

" 1st. Whether the income of the family from all sources, including the earnings of such of the members as are able to work and the allowance the Guardians may feel justified in ordering in addition to such earnings, is sufficient for their requirements out of the workhouse.

" 2d. Whether from the appearance of the lodgings or home of the applicant, and inquiries made by the relieving officer, there appears reason to hope that the patient will receive such attention from the members of the family or the parties where he or she lodges as may reasonably be expected to aid in his or her recovery.

" 3d. The nature of the disease is considered, and as a rule the workhouse offered in venereal cases, and no out-door relief given unless unable to be removed thereto. No cases of fever or small-pox are removed to the workhouse infirmary unless absolutely necessary.

" 4th. The wishes of the patient and his family receive due consideration if there is a prospect of his or her recovery being promoted by proper attention given at home.

" 5th. As a rule sick paupers are only sent to the workhouse infirmary when it is absolutely necessary, viz., those without lodgings or a home, or destitute of proper nursing, or suffering from a disease requiring great care and attention.

" 6th. The medical officers recommendation in ordering the workhouse for sick persons receives at all times due consideration from the Board, but as a rule they are not otherwise expected to interfere, unless it is absolutely necessary.

" 7th. Space in the infirmary is provided for about one third of the inmates at the present workhouse, but a new workhouse is in course of erection."

BANGOR AND BEAUMARIS UNION.

" In determining in the case of sick persons applying for relief, whether they shall be recommended as in-door or out-door patients, the first consideration with them in dealing with the cases referred to, is, what mode of relief is likely to be most conducive to the patients benefit. In ordering in-door relief the Guardians are influenced by several circumstances, such as the patient's want of friends and a proper home, or of any home at all ; that it would be more economical to receive them into the workhouse, as well as more to their advantage ; that in case of partial unsoundness of mind of persons having no one to interest themselves in them, and who cannot take proper care of themselves, relief in the house would appear to the Guardians as the only judicious manner in which it could be afforded; cases of confirmed drunkards, to whom in any illness short of being bedridden it would be useless to allow any money, or any kind of relief which could be converted into money ; and bad characters who would not be received into any decent place out of the workhouse ; and also cases in which there was danger of the wine and mutton ordered to the patient being consumed by some one else.

" With regard to ordering out-door relief in preference to in-door relief, the Guardians are guided at times by the temporary nature of the pauper's illness, and a reluctance to break up his home. Some cases have also occurred in which in-door treatment of the patients was

(A.)
Circulars, &c.

essential, but yet of a character in which such constant surgical treatment was necessary that the Guardians had no hesitation in paying for the patient at the County Infirmary situated near Bangor, where the sick would have friends who would take proper care of them. The Guardians are not as a rule desirous that they should be removed from their homes and the care of their friends, in some cases they have allowed the strong antipathies of the sick (especially if aged and if compelling them to come in would be likely to do them harm) to weigh with them in considering where they should be relieved, and also where the patients are too ill or too feeble to be safely removed into the house.

"Some stress is laid by the Guardians in ordering the mode of relief, on the nature of the disease ; due attention is paid also to the wishes of the patients if of good character, and if occupying homes which from their cleanliness and accommodation are such as proper medical treatment can be given in them with advantage. Regard has been had in several instances to the extent of the house infirmary accommodation, by not ordering relief to the sick on account of deficient accommodation.

"As a rule, the sick paupers are only sent to the infirmary when it is absolutely necessary, and when it appears clear that it would be decidedly for the benefit of the patients ; but, the in-door treatment is not generally preferred or recommended ; however, if the infirmary at the workhouse was of a better class, and such as the Guardians at present are now building, they would certainly recommend in-door treatment.

"The Guardians have issued no regulation to guide the district medical officer in intervening with regard to recommending that the sick should be treated in the workhouse or in their own homes, but always feel bound to pay much attention to the recommendation of the medical officers upon the subject ; and in many instances the circumstances of the sick person's case would be well known to some one or more of the Guardians present at the hearing of the application, so that the Board would not be at a loss how best to decide as to whether medical relief should be given to the patient at the workhouse or in his own home."

BARTON-UPON-IRWELL UNION.

"As a rule, sick paupers are only sent to the infirmary when it is absolutely necessary.

"The in-door treatment is not generally preferred or recommended, unless,—

"1. The nature of the disease,
"2. The wishes of the patient, or
"3. The nature of his home, render it desirable.

"A sick person is seldom refused out-relief when he or his friends express a very strong aversion to take an order for the house.

"The Guardians do not view with much favour the indiscriminate encouragement of all classes of sick persons to seek refuge in the workhouse hospital, without reference to the special or particular circumstances of each case.

"The Guardians have the impression that such encouragement is practically an introduction to pauperism, of a character more likely to be permanent and hereditary than might otherwise be expected to be the case under a judicious allowance of out-relief.

"The self reliance of the recipient is, in the opinion of the Guardians, more effectually undermined in the former case than in the latter.

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

" The Guardians hold to the now somewhat ancient idea, that the workhouse should be regarded as a test, and although sick cases are essentially different from able-bodied ones, yet in their opinion the first principles of the new Poor Law should not entirely be lost sight of in the rage for hospital treatment which appears now to prevail.

" Having said this, the Guardians desire to add that where the home of the sick person is reported by the relieving officer to be objectionable, from over-crowding, or from its filthy state, or when the sick person has no proper attendance, or where the character of the disease (contagious or otherwise) appears to require it, the Guardians exercise their authority to compel the sick person to avail himself of the accommodation which the hospital affords.

" The hospital accommodation at this workhouse is ample, and since the occupation of the new building is sufficient for the treatment of all classes of cases, and is fully made use of by the Guardians for all contagious diseases, as well as for those cases in which it is considered that hospital treatment is likely more quickly to promote convalescence."

BATH UNION.

" 1. The Board takes into consideration the character of the applicant and also his or her means of support.

" 2. As a general rule infectious cases are not sent to the workhouse, but there is a small building near the workhouse which is used when there is an epidemic of any description either amongst the in-door or out-door poor.

" *a, b, c.* In cases of good character, and where the accommodation at the home of the patient is such as to enable the sickness to be properly attended to, the wishes of the patient or his family are considered.

" *d.* Hitherto the Guardians have not been obliged to regulate their decision as to whether in-door or out-door relief should be given to a sick pauper on account of any want of accommodation at the infirmary of the workhouse.

" 3. The Committee consider that this question has been answered by the replies to questions *a, b, c.*

" The medical officer is required to give a certificate as to the nature and extent of any disease or sickness, which is taken into consideration by the Board in deciding on the merits of the case.

" In rare exceptional cases medical officers have recommended that the patient should be sent to the workhouse or to the hospital.

" As a general rule the Board decides upon the merits of each particular case guided as far as possible by the regulations of the Poor Law Board."

BEDMINSTER UNION.

" 1. The circumstances taken into consideration in the case of sick persons applying for relief which determine whether they shall be recommended as in-door or out-door patients are,—the nature of the illness, the number of the family, the character and position of the persons applying for relief, and the extent of the accommodation available in the workhouse at the time.

" 2. The Guardians are unable to say, generally, what stress is laid upon any of the considerations marked *a, b, c,* and *d,* in the circular, as the amount of the stress depends on the circumstances of each individual case, on the consideration of the whole of the facts in connexion with the person applying for relief.

" 3. As a rule, sick paupers are sent by the medical officers of the house to the infirmary on their arrival in the workhouse, but they

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

are not, as a rule, sent to the workhouse unless there are special circumstances in the case rendering such a course desirable ; as a rule, out-door treatment is preferred irrespective of there being room in the workhouse.

" The district medical officer when any circumstances are within his knowledge which renders it particularly desirable that the sick should be treated in the workhouse, or vice versâ, is expected so to report to the Guardians, and on that report and the report of the relieving officer action is taken.

" The Guardians consider that the judicious administration of relief to deserving and respectable paupers in their own houses is far preferable to workhouse treatment."

BEDWELLTY UNION.

" With respect to the question 1, the condition of the family and nature of home is taken into consideration and the general circumstances as well ; if the relief can be found to be given with general advantage out-door, it is so done, if not, the appliances and attendances of the workhouse medical officers are called into requisition by the pauper being offered the house treatment.

" 2. Stress is laid upon the *c.* and *d.*, as will be seen from above.

" 3. Only when absolutely necessary, in-door treatment is generally recommended in circumstances as mentioned above. The medical officer is always allowed to recommend, and his suggestion, after consideration by the Board and their officers, is generally acted upon."

BERWICK-UPON-TWEED UNION.

" 1. The circumstances mainly taken into account in determining in the case of sick persons applying for relief whether they shall be recommended as in-door or as out-door patients are principally—

" The nature of the disease ;

" The nature of the home of the patient.

" 2. Patients are never brought to the workhouse but by their own consent, and the Guardians have not as yet been under the necessity of refusing in-door treatment for want of accommodation.

" The in-door treatment is generally preferred and recommended in suitable cases, though the objections of the patients or their friends sometimes prevent such recommendation being adopted.

" The opinion of the district medical officer is always obtained before the Guardians make any recommendation as to the treatment of the sick pauper, as also before the relieving officer acts in the matter either by sending the case at once to the workhouse, which is not unfrequently done, or by reporting the case to the Guardians."

BIRKENHEAD UNION.

" The circumstances mainly taken into account in determining the cases of sick persons applying for relief, whether they shall be recommended as in-door or out-door patients, are —

" *a.* The nature of the disease is of great importance.

" *b.* The wish of the patient, or of his family, is considered only so far as they may conduce to their best interest, and to the public good.

" *c.* The nature of the home is very important.

" *d.* The extent of the infirmary accommodation being large and in every way sufficient in this Union, it has not to be considered.

" As a rule are sick paupers only sent to the infirmary when it is absolutely necessary, or, is the in-door treatment generally preferred and recommended so long as there is room ?

" Due consideration is given to the feelings of the members of a family in separating the aged and the young from the care of a parent.

" To a very great extent the medical officer is consulted, and the relieving officer in the great majority of cases obtains a written opinion from the medical officer, previous to the removal of a patient to the infirmary or hospital.

" The Guardians are of opinion that in the event of a change in the law a provision should be made to place in the hands of Boards of Guardians a discretionary power to remove, by compulsion if necessary, cases of an infectious nature from thickly populated neighbourhoods, in order to stay the disease.

" The Board are further of opinion that for large towns this power is absolutely necessary, and would prove a great boon to the poor themselves as well as to the public generally."

PARISH OF BIRMINGHAM.

" 1. That the circumstances mainly taken into account in determining in the case of sick persons applying for relief, whether they shall be recommended as in-door or out-door patients are the nature of the disease and the accommodation and façilities at home for the proper treatment of and attention to the patient.

" 2. Each consideration is reported to the Guardians, but stress is laid principally upon (*a.*) the nature of the disease, (*b.*) the wishes of the patient or his family, and (*c.*) the nature of the home of the patient.

" 3. As a rule sick paupers only are sent to the infirmary when absolutely necessary, nor is the in-door treatment preferred by persons having homes, neither is it generally recommended by the Guardians.

" The district medical officer is under no restriction as to recommending that the sick should be treated in the workhouse or at their own homes. As a rule the district medical officer confines his recommendations to extreme cases ; such as want of home and proper nursing, and cases which from the nature of the diseases require exceptional care and attention. Except in cases of an urgent nature the report of the relieving officer is not based upon the recommendation of the district medical officer, but from his personal knowledge of the circumstances of each case."

BLACKBURN UNION.

" The Guardians of this Union in dealing with sick cases take in account *all* the considerations marked *a*, *b*, *c*, and *d* ; and although they do not generally prefer in-door treatment, they invariably carry out the suggestions of the medical officer."

BOLTON UNION.

" The circumstances mainly taken into account in the cases of sick persons applying for relief here, as to whether they shall be recommended as in-door or as out-door patients, appear to be generally speaking—

" The nature of the home of the applicants, and whether they have relatives or friends able and willing to assist and wait upon them.

(A.)
Circulars, &c.

"Out-door relief is invariably given if all the attendant circumstances will admit of it.

"In recommending cases for in-door treatment great stress is laid upon and consideration given in every case to the nature of the diseases under which the applicants are suffering.

"The wishes of the patient and his family or his friends are always respected, and, as a general rule, the workhouse infirmary is only used when the home of the patient is reported to be considered unwholesome, badly ventilated and furnished, and that there is an insufficiency of bedding, and that his circumstances considerably or absolutely prevent the case being satisfactorily dealt with there.

"My inquiries lead me to infer that in-door treatment is not generally preferred in this Union by the patients themselves, and it is usually only recommended in the particular cases to which I have referred.

"The infirmary accommodation here is very good, the workhouse being comparatively a new one, and there is always ample room.

"Great deference is always paid to the medical officer's recommendations as to the in-door treatment, and as a rule such recommendations are acted upon, unless the patient or his relatives or friends object. There is no compulsion used either directly or indirectly in this particular."

BOSTON UNION.

"1. If the character of the applicant is good, and his disease is of such a nature that it can be treated as effectually in his own home as in the workhouse, out relief is invariably given to himself and family.

"2. If, however, the applicant's character is bad, or if his disease is of such a nature as to require warm baths, &c., and greater facilities exist in the workhouse for his treatment, the pauper is sent to the workhouse infirmary and his family allowed out-relief; but if he is a person of good character he is not sent to the workhouse against his own inclination.

"The recommendation of the medical officer as to whether the sick shall be relieved in the workhouse is, in all cases, carefully considered by the Guardians, and if the reasons are satisfactory his recommendation is adopted."

GREAT BOUGHTON UNION.

"The circumstances taken into account with reference to the recommendation of such relief are, as far as I can ascertain, the age and infirmities of the pauper, and the possession or not of relatives, or neighbours willing and able to attend and nurse the invalid, and the general comfort of the pauper's home.

"There are seldom more than 10 or 12 inmates of the sick wards at the workhouse of this Union, and not unfrequently these have been already pauper inmates of the house.

"The in-door treatment, the master informs me, is generally preferred.

"There is no rule in this Union as to the medical officer's interference, but the practice is to recommend invalid paupers to be sent to the house."

BRADFORD UNION.

"1st. As to parties who have no home in the Union.

"In all cases of applicants for medical relief who have no settled home in the Union the Guardians always give admission to the hospitals.

"2d. As to residents.

"In cases where the parties are residents in the Union the Guardians find generally that the relieving officer has in the first instance required the district medical officer to visit the case, and on the report of the relieving officer the Guardians are generally guided as to the mode of treatment. If the parties are in lodgings, or in any extremely unhealthy dwelling or situation, and the nature of the disease is of an infectious character, and the medical officers certify that the patient can be removed with safety, the Guardians as a rule order the applicants to be admitted into the hospital, and provide the necessary means of conveying them thereto. No consideration as to the hospital capabilities enters into the question. The Guardians have hitherto, although sometimes with difficulty, been able to make provision for all cases requiring in-door treatment. If the patient (or his friends) decidedly object to the removal, the Guardians never, except in cases of very infectious disorder, use any pressure to induce the applicant to come into the hospital.

"The in-door treatment is always recommended in cases of serious illness, as the Guardians believe there is so much better chance of speedy recovery than in the often unhealthy dwellings of the sick poor.

"The district medical officers are at liberty in special cases, if they think the case under their treatment is one that might be better treated in the hospital, to give a written recommendation to that effect, which recommendation is duly considered by the Guardians, and generally acted upon.

"As to any general remarks, the Guardians beg to remind your Right Honourable Board, that all their medical officers are now paid by salary and not per case as formerly, and that in all cases attended by the district medical officer, the Guardians very cheerfully sanction any extra allowance, such as beef and wine, recommended by the medical officer.

"The Guardians have used every effort and spared no expense to make the workhouse hospitals complete in every respect, and they have reason to believe that this fact has caused them to have more sick in-door poor than they might have had if these essentials had been neglected."

BRIDGWATER UNION.

"The circumstances principally taken into consideration by the Guardians of the above Union, in determining whether sick paupers shall be recommended as out or in-door patients, are the facts whether, with the accessories and accommodation to be found in the workhouse hospital, the patient would not be cured in a shorter space of time than with out-door medical relief.

"With reference to your inquiry No. 2. (*a.*), my reply to the first question is also a reply to this one.

"With reference to your question No. 2. (*b.*), I have to observe that the wishes of the pauper or his family are not taken into consideration.

"With reference to No. 2. (*c.*), I have to say that the nature of the residence occupied by the pauper requiring medical relief is to a certain extent taken into consideration; that is, as to whether, with the accommodation contained in the workhouse infirmary, the pauper cannot be treated better, and therefore more speedily cured, than if such treatment took place at his residence.

"In reply to question No. 2. (*d.*), I have to inform you that our infirmary contains 16 wards, in which our medical officer advises 100 beds can be made up with sufficient cubical space, and the ventilation is good.

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

"With reference to No. 3, I am directed to state that sick paupers are only sent to the infirmary when it is absolutely necessary, and as to whether 'the in-door treatment is generally preferred and recommended so long as there is room,' I beg to say, no.

"As to whether the district medical officer is expected 'or allowed 'to intervene with regard to recommending that the sick should be 'treated in the workhouse or in their own homes,' I have to state that he is only allowed to suggest that the pauper or paupers be received into the workhouse infirmary in urgent cases."

PARISH OF BRIGHTON.

"1st. The circumstances mainly taken into account in determining, in the case of sick persons applying for relief, whether they should be recommended as in-door or out-door patients, are: the nature of the disease, the nature of the home of the patient, and the probability, or otherwise, that he will be properly attended and nursed by his family.

"2d. The Directors and Guardians lay more stress upon the nature of the disease and the condition of the home of the patient than upon his wishes, although the latter are duly considered when a strong objection exists to go to the infirmary. The fact that the character of the infirmary is all that can be desired, and its extent ample, does not weigh with the Directors and Guardians if they are of opinion that the patient can be equally well attended to by the district medical officer and properly nursed in his own home.

"3d. The questions: 'As a rule are sick paupers only sent to the 'infirmary when it is absolutely necessary?' or

'Is the in-door treatment generally preferred and recommended, so 'long as there is room?' are sufficiently answered in the replies to questions Nos. 1 and 2.

"I am also directed to inform you that the district medical officer is expected to intervene with regard to recommending that the sick should be treated in the workhouse or in their own homes, so far as to state in the report which he is called upon to give as to the condition of the patient and the nature of his disease, &c., whether he recommends the case as a fit and proper one for the infirmary, and the Directors and Guardians, having regard to all other circumstances, are guided accordingly.

"A form of the out-door medical certificate to the assistant overseer is provided, to which in some cases the medical officer appends the words, 'a fit case for the infirmary,' or, 'infirmary recommended.'

"The report of the assistant overseer with reference to the condition of the family, &c. is also considered, but is regarded as secondary to the report of the medical officer."

BRISTOL INCORPORATION.

"(1.) Where sick persons applying for relief have a home and friends willing to give them the necessary attention, they are treated as out-door patients.

"(2.) In dealing with any case stress is principally laid upon the following points by the Guardians:

"(*b.*) The wishes of the patient mainly, and to some extent of his family.

"(*c.*) The nature of the house of the patient, as reported upon by the relieving officer.

" The Guardians endeavour to induce patients to go to the workhouse infirmary whenever it appears to them desirable. But there is apt to be a strong disinclination to go on the part of patients, especially of such as have not been in the habit of receiving relief. The Guardians never press the point so as to distress the applicant in these or indeed in any cases where the person is clearly ill. (A) *Circulars, &c.*

" (3.) As a rule sick paupers are only sent to the workhouse infirmary when it is absolutely necessary, or when they may desire to go of their own accord. The Guardians prefer out-door treatment unless they are satisfied that in-door treatment would be better.

" The district medical officers are left entirely free to recommend the house or not as they may deem most fitting. The cases in which they do recommend the house are not numerous. The Guardians have always been satisfied hitherto of the necessity for in-door treatment when so recommended. The relieving officers have invariably concurred in the recommendations of the medical officers in these cases. The intervention of the medical officer does really settle the question here, but that intervention is so moderately exercised as to give no occasion for a murmur on the part of the Guardians. Were the the medical officers to recommend a great many cases for in-door treatment the Guardians would look narrowly into the matter. In every case that occurred they would consider the nature and duration of the disease, the wishes of the patient and of his family, the nature of his home, his general character, and that of those who would have to attend to him, if treated out of the house, and any other circumstances that might seem to them to require or deserve investigation."

BURNLEY UNION.

" 1. As a rule if they [the persons applying for medical relief] are sick at their own homes, or are under proper care, they are treated as out-door patients.

" 2. The considerations marked *a*, *b*, *c*, and *d*, are all taken into account.

" (*a*) Cases of itch and other infectious diseases are treated in-door. When fever is epidemic, a building is taken specially for the purpose of lodging such patients therein.

" (*b* and *c*.) To a certain extent.

" (*d*) We are contemplating building a new infirmary; the accommodation is inferior at present.

" 3. Sick persons are only sent to the infirmary when it is absolutely necessary, and out-door treatment is generally preferred and recommended, whether there is room in the workhouse or not.

" Although the Guardians receive the reports of the district medical officer and relieving officer, they use their own discretion when they determine whether a sick pauper shall be treated at his own home or in the workhouse."

BURY UNION.

" Sick persons are not sent to the workhouse if they are living with friends who can and will take care of them. If the sick have no home, or if they cannot be properly attended to out of the workhouse, then they are sent.

" (*a*.) Persons with venereal disease, the itch, or who are in a consumptive condition, when they have no proper homes, are sent to the workhouse.

" (*b*.) If the sick persons have good homes or friends they stop with them.

(A.)
Circulars, &c.

"(*c*.) If the home be moderately comfortable, they are not sent to the house, but they are if otherwise.

"In-door treatment is not preferred by paupers as a rule.

"Great deference is paid to the opinion of the medical officer in regard to sending cases to the workhouse."

CAMBRIDGE UNION.

"1st. The circumstances which determine the Guardians whether sick persons applying for relief shall be recommended as in-door or out-door patients depend in a great measure upon

"The nature of the disease, and

"The recommendation of the medical officer of the district, and not upon the character and extent of the infirmary accommodation in the workhouse.

"2d. Sick paupers are not, as a rule, sent to the workhouse infirmary, and only when it is absolutely necessary upon the recommendation of the medical officer in attendance upon them.

"3d. The Guardians being annual subscribers to the funds of Addenbrooke's Hospital, Cambridge, cases of fracture and other cases of sickness are sent there at the instance of the medical officers, and with the sanction of the Guardians, under the impression that such cases will receive increased medical attendance, and other beneficial services in ventilation, cleanliness, bedding, nursing, &c., and such cases are so treated as improved means for obtaining a speedy cure or alleviation of disease.

"4th. The district medical officer is not prohibited in any manner from recommending either as to the mode or place of treatment of sick paupers, and it is an invariable rule in this Union for any such recommendation on the part of the medical officer to receive every consideration, and, if practicable, carried into effect."

CANTERBURY INCORPORATION.

"1. Application is made to the relieving officer for an order, and when visited by the medical officer, if the case should be one where no possible means of nursing, &c., can be admitted, the case would be recommended for in-door treatment (subject to refusal by the patient).

"(*b*.) The wishes of the patient are always regarded.

"(*c*.) The nature of the home at times is so bad that the patient is anxious to quit the house.

"(*d*.) The infirmary accommodation has always been sufficient, and the appliances good.

"3. As a rule, sick paupers are *sent only*, where the case is such as cannot be properly attended to at home.

"By the patients, the out-door treatment is preferred, even should the medical officer advise a case to go in the house.

"No case of illness is sent to the Union except by his [the medical officer's] advice and recommendation (and the willingness of the patient), and the relieving officer seeks his counsel and opinion.

"The Guardians co-operate in every possible way to meet the requirements of the suffering poor."

CARDIFF UNION.

"The Board, in dealing with applications of this character, are influenced in some degree by each of the various considerations referred to in paragraph 2, but they are mainly governed by the opinion expressed by the district medical officers, upon whose judgment and

knowledge of the circumstances the Board consider themselves entitled to rely.

"Where the pauper has a home, and relatives or friends from whom he is likely to receive care and attention, it seldom or never happens that he is recommended for in-door treatment, unless the existence of some peculiarity in the nature of the disease should make that mode of treatment preferable; but where on the other hand these advantages are wanting, it is obvious that in-door treatment is more advantageous, and such is accordingly provided.

"Cases of a chronic character, requiring such attention as can only be paid by skilled and experienced nurses, are usually sent to the workhouse hospital.

"Cases of infectious disease of the character usually received into lock hospitals are treated at the workhouse refuge, where they are certified for detention by the workhouse medical officer, under the Act 30 & 31 Vict. c. 106. s. 22.

"Fever cases originating in common lodging houses, seamen's boarding houses, and other places of residence of the wayfaring population, are usually removed to the workhouse hospital.

"Subject to the above observations, it may be assumed that the sick poor are treated at their own homes, whenever that can be done without detriment to the prospect of their early cure; but, when from the character of disease, defective attendance, the crowded or unwholesome state of the dwelling, or other sufficient cause, it appears that sick cases can be more advantageously treated at the workhouse, in-door treatment is then substituted; but, as I have already implied, the opinion of the district medical officer is always received with great deference, and, so far as I know, usually acted upon."

CARMARTHEN UNION.

"1st. The circumstances mainly taken into account in determining in the case of sick persons applying for relief whether they shall be recommended as in-door patients are the following: the absence of a home or the want of friends; in cases of infectious diseases, the unfitness of their dwellings for proper treatment, or danger of infection to those residing in the same dwelling; and in cases where more constant medical attendance is required than what can possibly be given by the district medical officer, and the services of an experienced nurse is needed where such services cannot be furnished at their homes.

"2d. In their determination where to relieve the sick poor some stress is laid upon the nature of the disease, such as its offensiveness and contagious nature, very greatly upon the wishes of the patient or his family, especially if they be of good character; but the Guardians are never influenced to order out-door relief if they think it better the patient should become an inmate of the workhouse.

"3d. As a rule, such inmates are only sent to the sick wards when it is absolutely necessary; and with regard to your question as to whether in-door treatment is generally preferred and recommended, the Guardians say it is not."

CARNARVON UNION.

"1st. The circumstances mainly taken into account in determining in the case of sick persons applying for relief whether they shall be recommended as *in-door patients* are the following; the absence of a home or the want of friends; in cases of infectious disease, the unfitness of their dwellings for proper treatment, or danger of infection

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

to those residing in the same dwelling; where more constant medical attendance is required than what can possibly be given by the district medical officer, and the services of an experienced nurse is needed, where such services cannot be furnished at their homes: cases of offensive diseases, such as syphilis, &c., and also of debility after delirium tremens, when it would be less expensive to treat the patient in the house, and as beneficial to them; where medical comforts are necessary, and where doubts are entertained whether if supplied by the Guardians the patient himself would obtain them; in cases of epilepsy and idiotcy of paupers, where they are not properly cared for at their homes; and as a test in doubtful cases as to ability to work or means of self support.

" The circumstances in reference to relieving sick poor as *out-door patients*, are principally the absence of those conditions which influence the Guardians in ordering in-door relief as stated above; economy conjointly with the patients' welfare; the good character of the patients, and the temporary nature of the disease, and the reluctance of the Guardians to force such patients to the house, to submit to what the sick believe to be a degradation, and to the breaking up of their homes, and this especially if the patients are not habitual paupers; also where confidence is felt that the friends of the patients would look after them properly; and also where the patients are too ill or too feeble to be safely removed into the house.

" 2d. In their determination where to relieve the sick poor, some stress is laid upon the nature of the disease, such as its offensiveness and contagious nature; very greatly, upon the wishes of the patients or their family, especially if they be of good character, and upon the nature of the patient's home in point of accommodation and cleanliness; but they are never influenced to order out-relief if they think it better that the patient should become an inmate of the workhouse.

" 3d. As a rule sick inmates are only sent to the infirmary when it is absolutely necessary. To your question as to whether in-door treatment is generally preferred and recommended, the Guardians answer, No.

" No regulation has been adopted to guide the district medical officer in intervening with regard to remmending that the sick should be treated in the workouse or in their own houses; but, the Guardians always listen to any recommendation which the district medical officer might make on the subject; and it very seldom happens at the meetings of the Guardians of this Union that any case is heard but that one or more Guardians present would be found well acquainted with all its essential circumstances."

CHELTENHAM UNION.

" There is a general disinclination among the poor to come into the house as in-door patients, and the Board have never compelled them to do so.

" The above considerations and the other circumstances of each case are taken into account by the Guardians, who very frequently urge upon out-door paupers and their friends the expediency of the cases being treated in the workhouse, with a view to facilitate and complete their cure, but the Guardians have not enforced their recommendation by withholding out-relief to the sick in any case.

" The Guardians in reference to the concluding inquiry of the Board have to remark, that while so decided a preference as is shown at present in this Union to out-door sick relief exists further coercive measures towards relief in the workhouse are not practicable.

" The grounds upon which the above referred to disinclination are founded are not, so far as the Guardians are aware, liable to the objection to particular workhouse regulations or observations, but to the great restraint of such an institution as an infirmary, whether workhouse or otherwise, and from the desire of out-sick paupers and their friends to have under their own control the disbursement of the succours afforded to them from the public."

CHEPSTOW UNION.

" (1.) The Guardians take into account the report of the medical officer, and the nature of the home of the patient, and circumstances of each particular case as ascertained by the relieving officer and the local knowledge of the Guardian of the parish.

" *a.* The medical officer's opinion is taken.

" *b.* This is particularly attended to.

" *c.* This also.

" *d.* The infirmary in this workhouse affords ample accommodation.

" The Guardians rely almost entirely upon the opinion of the medical officer, and consider each case invidually.

" It will be seen from the above answers that the medical officer is allowed to intervene to a very great extent in recommending how the sick shall be treated.

" The Guardians desire me to say, in reply to the last paragraph in your letter, that they never compel any sick pauper to come into the workhouse contrary to the opinion of the medical officer."

CHESTER UNION.

" The applicants are generally treated as out-patients where they have proper accommodation and attendance at their own homes.

" It is only in cases of great destitution, and want of attendance, that they are, as a rule, sent into the workhouse.

" The hospital accommodation therein being very limited.

" The nature of the disease.

" The wishes of the patients or their families, and the nature of their homes, are also taken into consideration in determining whether they shall be treated as in-door or out-door patients.

" The medical officer usually recommends what cases should be treated in the workhouse, and the Board generally act on his recommendations.

" There are no special circumstances by which it is determined to admit patients to the workhouse.

" Bad cases of fever and small-pox are always sent to the wards for those diseases at the city infirmary."

CHORLEY UNION.

" 1st. As a general rule sick applicants for relief are treated as out-door patients, unless considerations affecting the case as one of pecuniary or ordinary relief rather than as one of medical relief determine the Guardians to send the party to the workhouse, or unless one of the four considerations marked *a*, *b*, *c*, and *d*, in your circular (and which concern the medical aspects of the case) render it desirable that the pauper should be treated in the house; and in considering these, I may say that,—

" 2d. *a.* Great stress is laid upon the nature of the disease, as also on,

(A.) *Circulars, &c,*

" *b.* The nature of the patient's home, including that of his or her family.

" *c.* The wishes of the family, particularly if they are desirous of keeping the patient at home, have some weight, but are subordinate to other considerations.

" *d.* This Union has never yet had the advantage of a proper workhouse with a well regulated infirmary, but only two old and partially enlarged parochial workhouses; but I do not think that any deficiency of infirmary accommodation has ever prevented a sick applicant for relief from being sent to the workhouse.

" 3d. As a rule sick paupers are only sent to the workhouse for treatment in the infirmary where it is considered, if not absolutely necessary, yet so essential for the proper treatment of the case that the Guardians feel it their duty to give an order for the house.

" At the same time the Guardians always expect that the medical officers shall report to them any case in their care in which they consider that removal from home to the workhouse is necessary or highly desirable; but, though they always consider the case themselves in addition to receiving the recommendation of their officer, such recommendations are in almost all cases adopted and acted on.

" Lastly, I should state that a new workhouse, with a proper infirmary, infectious wards, &c., is being now in course of erection. The course of proceeding by the Guardians with only such workhouse and hospital accommodation as they have hitherto possessed will not, I trust, be as a matter of course followed up when the new buildings are completed."

CHORLTON UNION.

" 1st. The nature of the disease, and of the home of the patient is mainly taken into account in determining whether they shall be sent into the workhouse hospital or treated as out-door poor.

" 2d. Stress is principally laid upon the disease and the home, and but little upon the wishes of the patient or his family; the character and extent of the workhouse hospital accommodation being always satisfactory.

" 3d. Sick paupers are sent into the workhouse hospital mainly because there is more comfort or a better chance of a cure being effected, and hitherto no sick person has been refused admission for want of room.

" 4th. The district medical officers are always expected to intervene with regard to recommending whether the sick paupers shall be treated at their own homes or in the workhouse hospitals.

" 5th. The Guardians and the district medical officers agree that it is very desirable there should be a readily obtainable authority to compel the removal to the workhouse hospital of persons suffering from dangerous infections or contagious diseases, as the 26th clause of the Sanitary Act of 1866 is practically inoperative in this Union, and would be insufficient even if it could be enforced, unless the power were extended to cases where a room is occupied by one family only."

CLIFTON UNION.

" 1. As a rule, with the exceptions below, sick persons applying for relief are relieved as out-door paupers.

" 2. (*a.*) Venereal disease and itch have almost universally orders for the house.

" (*b.*) If the paupers ask to come into the house they are never refused; and since the opening of the fever hospital every effort has

been made by persuasion to induce fever patients to come into the hospital, but out-pay has not for the most part been refused if they have declined to do so.

"(*c.*) Sick paupers in common lodging houses have almost always orders for the workhouse again. Where a house has been represented by the district medical or relieving officer as unfit for occupation the inmates are relieved by orders for the workhouse.

"(*d.*) There is ample and good accommodation in the Clifton Union infirmary wards.

"3. The workhouse medical officer alone decides whether the patients are sent to the infirmary wards, and when absolutely necessary he does so.

"The in-door treatment of the sick in the workhouse is not enforced by giving orders for the workhouse instead of out relief.

"The Board of Guardians of the Clifton Union do not as a rule feel themselves bound by the recommendation of the district medical officer for relief to be given in the workhouse, as they consider this might lead to his getting rid of many chronic or troublesome cases, and thus place an unfair burden on the workhouse medical officer. In some instances paupers themselves would starve before they would break up their homes and come into the workhouse."

COCKERMOUTH UNION.

"In case the sickness is temporary, and the patient well taken care of at home, out relief generally is afforded.

"The Guardians invariably inquire into all circumstances of the case, and the nature of the disease; the wishes of the patient or his family, and the nature of the home of the patient, are always taken into account. The Guardians never refuse the application of a sick pauper to go into the workhouse when they are satisfied he is a fit object for relief; and the character and extent of the infirmary accommodation in the workhouse is not taken into account, as the Guardians have never felt the want of such accommodation.

"If the disease is of an infectious nature the workhouse is always strongly recommended, and every legitimate means used, when the pauper is at first unwilling, to prevail upon him to go to the workhouse, and also where his family wish it, or the home of the patient is unfit.

"In many cases where the Guardians recommend the workhouse, on the ground that the patient would be better treated, or have more attention paid to him, or any other circumstance from which they believe he would be better cared for, and the chances of his recovery greater at the workhouse, they find the patient is unwilling, and refuses to be sent to the infirmary, and they are obliged to attend to the case by administering out-door relief. The Guardians have a building used as an infirmary at Maryport, a seaport town within the Union, where fever and other patients are admitted, and they do not find the same aversions to go there as patients generally have to the workhouse, although there is a fever hospital in connexion with, but detached from the body of the workhouse.

"The Guardians are of opinion that, in cases where it can be clearly shown the patient would be much better in the workhouse than at his own home, they should have some legal power to enforce his removal there, and beg to furnish you with two cases, out of many, constantly arising in this Union. A man at Broughton, about four miles from Cockermouth, where the medical officer resides, applied for relief, he being unable to work in consequence of retention of urine. He required

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

constant attendance by the medical officer, and the Guardians strongly urged him to go into the workhouse for a short time, and offered to provide for his wife and children, but he positively refused, and the medical officer was obliged to attend him at his own home once a day for about two months.

" A woman is now residing in the same village, and in receipt of out-door relief. She is suffering from cancer in the breast, resides in a cottage by herself, and although she would be much better cared for in the infirmary, yet she cannot be prevailed upon to go.

" It has not been the practice generally speaking, for the medical officer to intervene with regard to recommending that the sick poor should be treated in the workhouse or their own homes. On an application being made for relief on account of sickness, the patient is referred to the medical officer, who visits the case, and furnishes the relieving officer with a certificate, in which he is required to state whether the applicant is able to be removed to the workhouse. The relieving officer then visits the case, and the Guardians consider the application, and make such order as they deem most advisable under the circumstances. In rare cases where the patient is suffering from infectious disease, or when he is not properly taken care of at home, the district medical officer may recommend the workhouse.

" In conclusion the Guardians beg to state, that in the majority of cases where they recommend the workhouse they find the offer is refused, although such recommendation is made solely for the benefit of the patient, and so far as the Guardians are concerned they generally prefer and recommend the in-door treatment where practicable.

" In all cases where the patient was at first unwilling to go to the workhouse, but ultimately by persuasion consented to be removed there, the Guardians find they have expressed themselves perfectly satisfied and had no wish to leave, and in some cases they have admitted that the removal to the workhouse, and the treatment received there, had been the means of saving their lives."

CONGLETON UNION.

" The Guardians are mainly guided by the recommendation of their medical officers, who, from a personal knowledge of all the circumstances surrounding cases of sickness, are considered to be best qualified to judge of the desirability of treating the patients at their own homes or sending them into the workhouse.

" Where no special report or recommendation is made by the medical officer, the nature of the disease and of the home of the patient are the chief considerations which influence the Guardians in their decisions, and sometimes their better judgment gives way to the wishes of the patient and his family. In no case do the Guardians arbitrarily order the sick into the house when they are supposed to be properly taken care of at home, and where it is believed the patients receive due care and attention from relatives, and where it is presumed there will be no lack of proper food and nourishment.

" The infirmary accommodation in this Union has always been found sufficient, and the Guardians have never felt restricted in their desires to send patients into the house from a want of such accommodation.

" The infirmary in this Union is part of the workhouse, and the sick are removed from the ordinary rooms of the house to the infirmary on the report of the medical officer, and, as may be inferred, the out poor sent into the house suffering from sickness are at once placed in the infirmary part of the workhouse.

As a whole the system adopted in this Union seems to work well. Sometimes, however, and notably in fever cases, where the wishes of the sick have been considered and they have been treated at their own homes instead of being sent into the house in the first instance, the recoveries have been prolonged, and other members of the family have also fallen ill.

"Although the relieving officers report directly to the Guardians, they are in communication with the medical officers, whose opinions they generally adopt, and practically the wishes of the medical officers are carried out, and in many cases the medical officer makes a written statement of his opinion direct to the Board."

COVENTRY UNITED PARISHES.

"Answers to questions in reference to medical relief:—

"1. Whether there is adequate accommodation for them [the sick poor] in their homes, and whether it is likely they would be properly cared for.

"2. (*a.*) Sick persons as a rule are never refused relief out of the workhouse, except the complaint from which they are suffering is of a venereal character; cases of itch are always admitted into the workhouse.

"(*b.*) The wishes of the patient or his family are always duly considered.

"(*c.*) See answer to No. 1 above.

"(*d.*) The infirmary accommodation having always been sufficient no stress has ever been laid upon that as a consideration.

"3. As a rule the sick are only sent into the hospital when absolutely necessary, the bedridden and infirm from age being provided with separate wards. In-door treatment is not generally recommended or preferred for either the sick, aged, or infirm; the hospital or infirmary accommodation in the Coventry workhouse has generally been considered as having been provided for those of the inmates of the workhouse who may become ill, and very few cases of sickness are removed from the town, except as before mentioned in cases of itch and venereal disease.

"Small-pox and fever cases are never admitted knowingly into the workhouse hospitals, such cases being generally treated, when they happen to occur, and if that cannot be done, some temporary provision is made for the reception of patients suffering from either of the above diseases.

"The district medical officers are not expected or allowed to intervene with regard to recommending that the sick poor should be treated in the workhouse, in preference to their own homes, except in cases where they could not be properly attended to, or where from the nature of their disease, they would require more vigilant nursing than they would be likely to get if left in charge of their friends.

"The recommendations of a district medical officer are always received with the greatest amount of attention, at the same time it is very undesirable that those recommendations should be permitted to interfere with the duties of the workhouse medical officer, which would be the case supposing the district medical officers were allowed to dictate to any extent as to what sick should be removed to the workhouse."

DARLINGTON UNION.

"1st. The majority of sick cases in this Union are treated at their own homes.

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

"2ndly. In cases of removal to the workhouse, the Board acts under the advice of the medical officer and relieving officer of the district.

"3rdly. The wishes of the friends of the patient influence the Board to some extent, more especially when the home of such patient is of a satisfactory character. In-door treatment is however always urged under the following circumstances, viz.:

"In all cases of infectious disorders occurring in the adult.

"In the cases of wayfarers and lodgers.

"In all adult cases where constant or strict nursing is required.

"In every case where recovery would be impeded by the state of the locality.

"A very large per-centage of our sick is supplied by the town of Darlington. The medical officer for this district attends each meeting of the Board, and advises personally as well as by certificate. This is found to act beneficially."

DAVENTRY UNION.

"As a rule the sick paupers in this Union are only sent to the infirmary in the workhouse when it is absolutely necessary, the present accommodation for the sick inmates not being more than sufficient for the requirements of the house."

DERBY UNION.

"In reply to the *first* question: 'What circumstances are mainly 'taken into account in determining in the case of sick persons apply-'ing for relief whether they shall be treated as in-door or out-door 'patients?' I am to state that it is the practice of the Guardians of this Union in all cases to require particular information as to the circumstances in which the applicant is living. As a rule, if a sick person is residing with friends who conduct themselves properly, and are enabled to provide the necessary comfortable lodging, that person is relieved as an out-door pauper. If on the other hand the Guardians consider that the applicant cannot have the necessary comforts, that the home is dirty and in an unhealthy state, and that by living there the recovery would be retarded, in such case the applicant would be ordered to be taken into the workhouse.

"The *second* question will be to a great extent answered by the reply to the first. The 'nature of the disease' *is* considered, and the Guardians never (unless there be circumstances of a very exceptional character) take into the workhouse sick persons suffering from contagious or infectious disorders. They are enabled the more readily to adhere to this rule inasmuch as the Board subscribes to the funds of the Derbyshire General Infirmary, which is situated within the Union, and has wards specially set apart for contagious and infectious cases.

"The 'wishes of the patient or his family' are considered, and in cases where those wishes are not thought to be imprudent, and in which the acting upon them would not detrimentally affect the patient, they would be favourably considered, and if possible complied with. Should the patient or his friends be of notoriously bad character, however, the Guardians would obviously then consider whether the patient would not with advantage be taken into the workhouse.

"The 'nature of the home of the patient,' it will be gathered from what has been before stated, influences the Guardians considerably in determining whether a sick person shall receive out relief or otherwise.

"The 'character of the infirmary accommodation in the workhouse' also affects the consideration of an application from a sick person. The Guardians are aware that every comfort is provided in the infirmary

for sick patients, and it has been their study for some years to arrive at this result; hence it is no hardship in any case for a sick person to be taken to the workhouse infirmary.

"Hitherto (since the building of the new infirmary wards in 1865) the extent of the accommodation therein has been found sufficient to meet all the demands upon it, and therefore the Guardians have not been compelled in dealing with any application to consider 'the *extent* of the infirmary accommodation.'

"In reply to the *third* question whether 'as a rule, sick paupers are only sent to the infirmary when it is absolutely necessary?' or whether, 'the in-door treatment is generally preferred and recommended so long as there is room?' I beg to state that the Guardians consider all the circumstances of each case, including the nature of disease, the wishes of the patient and his family, and the nature of the home of the patient, and make such order in each case as after due consideration may appear to be proper. While the Guardians would have no hesitation in saying that the accommodation in the workhouse infirmary is superior to that which a pauper would have at his own home, still, in the majority of cases of sick persons applying for relief, the circumstances are such and the wishes of the patients and their friends are so far considered, that the Guardians do not, at any rate in the first instance, make an order for relief in the workhouse.

"In reply to the inquiry as to how far the district medical officer is expected or allowed to intervene with regard to recommending that the sick should be relieved at their own homes or in the workhouse, I beg to inform the Poor Law Board that the Guardians have invariably required the attendance of the district medical officers at the weekly meetings of the Board during the hearing of the relief cases, in order that they may receive the benefit of their opinion in each case as to what extras are necessary, and whether the applicant should be relieved (considering all the circumstances) at his own home or in the workhouse.

"The district medical officer's recommendation as to extras is in all cases acted upon, and his opinion as to whether a patient should be relieved at his own home or in the workhouse has considerable weight with the Guardians.

"Where it is considered advisable by the relieving officer to afford discretionary out-relief in any sick case during the interval between the meetings of the Board, that officer adopts the medical officer's recommendation of what extras are required in the case, and reports to the Board accordingly."

DEVONPORT (Parish of Stoke Damerell).

"In the first instance all relief is administered through the assistant overseer of the parish, who is under the direction of the overseers of the poor, who act independently of the Commissioners of Devonport.

"So soon as the cases become permanent they are transferred to the Commissioners, and become thenceforth a charge upon the Union, to be relieved either in the workhouse or by out-relief as occasion requires.

"In all cases calling for medical relief, whether required at the hands of the assistant overseer or the relieving officer of the Commissioners, the ordinary course adopted is that the surgeon of the district should report what nature and what quantity of such relief should be administered, which is so administered as he prescribes, and ordinarily it would rest with him to recommend that the patient should be treated in the workhouse or at his own house as he thought best.

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

"The recommendation of the surgeon in the case would govern the action of the overseers or the relieving officer, and the patient would be removed at once to the workhouse if the case was so reported.

"Upon being received at the workhouse the sick person would be entered into the infirmary, where all sick persons are treated; the Commissioners, as a rule, enforcing this course in preference to their being treated in the workhouse.

"The result of inquiry leads the Board to believe that in the recommendation given by the surgeons as to the treatment of paupers by medical relief they are namely influenced:

"(*a.*) By the nature of the disease;
"(*b.*) By the wishes of the patient or his family;
"(*c.*) By the nature of the home of the patient.

"The Overseers of the Poor and the Board of Commissioners are in the habit of placing great confidence in the judgment of their medical officers, and as a rule would be governed by their decision as to the mode of treatment (having regard of coure to these points *a*, *b* and *c*, above referred to), and would prefer to be guided by their judgment rather than taking any responsibility upon themselves; at the same time they reserve to themselves a right to be governed in any case by their own discretion."

DEWSBURY UNION.

"1. Every case of a sick person applying for relief is considered on its own merits.

"2. (*a.*) Every infectious cases are not sent to the workhouse, except where absolutely necessary.

"(*b.*) If the family much wish the patient to remain with them, and the Guardians are satisfied that the patient will be properly attended to, the wish of the family is complied with.

"(*c.*) In coming to the determination lastly mentioned the Guardians take into consideration the nature of the patient's home, and all the circumstances of the case as reported to them by their relieving officers.

"(*d.*) The infirmary and fever wards are only capable of accommodating 80 patients, and there are now 70 patients in them.

"(3.) As a rule sick paupers are usually treated in the manner stated above, but I may state that the bulk of them are necessarily treated as out-door patients, at their own homes.

"I am further directed to state that the recommendation of the district medical officer in such cases always receives the careful consideration of the Guardians."

DONCASTER UNION.

"Practically it is never a question with them [the Guardians] whether sick persons applying for relief shall be treated at their own homes or sent into the workhouse. As a rule sick paupers are treated at home, and the workhouse only had recourse to when the nature of the disease or the home of the patient renders it absolutely necessary for the treatment of it, or ensuring the health of the other home inmates.

"The medical officer is not expected to intervene in the matter. Occasionally he recommends the workhouse, and the Guardians determine thereon after hearing the report of the relieving officer; it being deemed expedient to do so, not only for the sake of the patient but to prevent abuse on the part of a medical officer in getting rid of a burdensome patient. This precaution is also deemed expedient to adopt in regard to the relieving officer's recommendation of the workhouse by

requiring a certificate from the medical officer as to its desirability for medical or sanitary purposes. (A.) *Circulars,*

"The removal of the sick into the ungenial influence of a workhouse cannot, in almost any point of view, compensate for the loss of the cheering sympathy and kind attentions of relatives and friends at home."

DORCHESTER UNION.

"The Guardians of this Union invariably take into consideration [in the case of applicants for sick relief] the circumstances named by you, viz.:

"The nature of the disease,

"The wishes of the patient or his family,

"The nature of the home of the patient;

"And sick persons are sent to the workhouse only where it is absolutely necessary, such paupers as a rule, having the greatest objection to being sent there.

"With respect to the intervention of the district medical officers, they very seldom recommend the paupers being sent into the workhouse, but when they do so the Guardians of course give the most careful consideration to their reports as well as to the statement of the relieving officers."

DOVER UNION.

"In the cases of the sick applying for relief, the Board take into consideration the accommodation the applicants possess at their own homes, and if it appears to the Board that they are likely to be comfortably provided for there, they are relieved accordingly; but when it is found that the workhouse would be the most proper place, an order is given for admission to the workhouse; in short, the Guardians do their best in the matter according to circumstances as they come before them."

DUDLEY UNION.

"The Guardians are generally guided in their decisions as to applications for relief by sick persons at the suggestions of their medical officers and relieving officers, who are supposed to make inquiries into the circumstances of each applicant for relief previous to coming before the Board. If it appears from the representations of the relieving officers, and the Guardians are of opinion, that the applicant would be taken better care of at the workhouse than at their own home, and there being no objection offered by the applicant, an order of admission to the workhouse is at once given; but in the majority of cases for relief the admission ticket is not asked for, the Guardians being often requested by the applicants to be allowed out-relief, and to be treated at their own homes by the district medical officers, rather than be removed to the workhouse, apart from their friends. The district medical officers are in no way controlled in their recommendations as to admissions to the workhouse.

"As a general rule, applicants for relief are always admitted to the workhouse who are entirely destitute of homes, as well as cases of venereal disease, and in confinements of single women."

DURHAM UNION.

"Sick persons are treated at their own homes, if they have proper accommodation and assistance; if not they are sent to the workhouse. Persons having no home are usually relieved in the workhouse.

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

" The report of the relieving officer on which the Guardians determine as to whether a sick person should be relieved at his own home or in the workhouse is in this Union based upon the recommendation of the district medical officer."

PARISH OF EAST STONEHOUSE.

" (1.) Provided the habitation of the sick applicant be such as to afford a reasonable hope that in a sanitary point of view there is every likelihood of the patient securing all that may be important in his or her case, in that particular the Guardians empowering their medical officer to order whatsoever he may consider to be expedient for the requirements of the sick person, then it remains open to the medical officer either to recommend removal into the workhouse infirmary or otherwise, which recommendation is invariably attended to by the Guardians.

" (2.) (*a.*) If the nature of the disease be such as in the opinion of the medical officer it can be better treated in the workhouse than at the patient's residence, that opinion is invariably received by the Guardians with the utmost attention.

" (*b.*) Should the wishes of the patient or his family not reciprocate to the above, then (under the advice of the medical officer) a nurse is provided by the relieving officer and paid at the rate of so much per week during the whole period which the medical officer may deem it to be desirable that such attendance should be afforded.

" (*c.*) The condition of the house of the patient is invariably left to the consideration of the medical officer; and should not a dislike be set up by the sick person to be conveyed to the workhouse infirmary, then it would be the duty of the said officer to urge upon the relieving officer the necessity of such.

" There is so much harmony existing in the minds of both of those officers that the former may be said to have his recommendations observed with respect and attention by the latter.

" (*d.*) The character and extent of the infirmary accommodation is found to be generally ample for the reception of any sick person who may receive an order from the relieving officer for admission to the workhouse.

" (3.) As a rule sick paupers are only sent to the infirmary when in opinion of the medical officer it is absolutely necessary.

" There is a disinclination in the minds of the sick paupers to be received into the workhouse, for rather would they remain in their own homes under privation than accept of those assurances of comfort if offered by the medical officer. Exceptions, however, very commonly arise.

" The Board act only on the report of the medical officer, on whom solely rests the responsibility of removing the sick to the workhouse, and also whether the pauper should be treated at his own home or in the workhouse."

EDMONTON UNION.

" 1. Persons suffering from temporary sickness would generally be treated as out patients; those from chronic diseases, or coming under surgical treatment, as in-door patients, regard being had in both cases to the condition of the patient and the particular circumstances surrounding the case.

" 2. (*a.*) Whether temporary or chronic, and the particular treatment each case may seem to require.

" (*b.*) The wishes of both are generally consulted.

"(*c.*) The nature of the home always forms an important element in the means used for the treatment of the patient, especially as regards facilities for proper nursing.

"(*d.*) This must of course be taken into consideration, as it may occasionally happen that the workhouse infirmary accommodation cannot be made available.

"3. Subject to the considerations before mentioned in-door treatment is recommended when sufficient room, but experience shows that out-door treatment is usually preferred.

"4. The opinion of the medical officer is always regarded and as far as possible his recommendations followed.

"5. Ordinarily so, but such report is supposed to be based upon the recommendation of the medical officer who necessarily shares the responsibility."

EXETER INCORPORATION.

"As a rule sick persons applying for relief are treated at their own homes, and are only sent to the workhouse at their own request or that of their family, or when the district medical or relieving officer reports his opinion that, either from the nature of the disease, the character of the home, or any other special circumstances, the patient cannot be satisfactorily treated out of the workhouse, in which case the Guardians are anxious to carry out the recommendations of those officers, and for which the infirmary at the workhouse affords ample accommodation.

"While the Board are mainly influenced by the report of the medical officer, in determining whether the sick pauper shall be treated at his own home or in the workhouse, the report of the relieving officer is also taken into consideration."

FALMOUTH UNION.

"The practice of the Guardians has been to deal with applications for relief made by sick persons in such manner as will in their judgment best meet the circumstances of each individual case, and experience has shown that this mode of proceeding on the whole has succeeded very fairly in this Union, and no better course has been suggested for adoption.

"The Guardians have reason to be satisfied with the conduct of their medical officers, the recommendations of these gentlemen much influence, and materially assist the Board in their decisions; beyond the medical officer's reports, however, all such information as can be obtained from other sources is well considered before an ultimate determination is arrived at.

"In such a Union as this the circumstances of a large majority of the applicants for relief are well known personally to the Guardians of the parish in which the pauper resides."

FOLESHILL UNION.

"1. If the applicant is destitute, without a comfortable home and friends, he is removed to the house, not otherwise; as a rule it is found that sick persons prefer being in the care of their friends.

"2. (*a.*) In all infectious cases the sick are kept out of the workhouse and infirmary attached.

"(*b.*) Answered above.

"(*c.*) The nature of the home is always considered.

"(*d.*) The accommodation in the infirmary of the workhouse is quite sufficient for the requirements of the Union.

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

" 3. There is no rule upon this, each case is determined upon its merits. I may say that the infirmary is not extensively used.

" Much discretion is given to the relieving officer, in whom the Guardians have the greatest confidence, and very much is given to the medical officers acting with him."

FROME UNION.

" The hospital accommodation at the workhouse is only provided for 60 cases and the house for 300, so that if wished the Guardians are restricted to giving only a limited number of orders for in-door relief, the out-relief cases average about 1400.

" The Board generally consider the relieving officers report as to whether the home of the pauper is in a fit condition and suitable for the patient to be treated in it, and the character of the pauper and habits. As a rule all married cases are treated at their own homes if they have accommodation.

" (*a.*) Contagious diseases are not admitted, unless the circumstances are that the pauper is without a home, or in such a thinly populated part that nurses cannot be obtained.

" (*b.*) The wishes of the paupers for admission are generally attended to.

" (*c.*) The nature of the pauper's home has great weight with the Guardians in determining giving an order for in-door relief.

" (*d.*) The accommodation for the sick at this Union is good, but only for a limited number.

" There is great objection made by paupers to go into the workhouse infirmary, and as a rule only single and destitute cases avail themselves of it.

" The opinion of the medical officer as to whether in or out-door relief should be given (if offered by him in his report) is generally acted upon, but out-relief is the rule, and in-door relief the exception."

GLOUCESTER UNION.

" *Stress* is laid upon (*a*), (*b*), and (*c*), that is to say, if the nature of the disease, the wishes (or ability) of the patient's family to attend him, and the nature of his home, be such as will well admit of his being treated at home, he is recommended as an out-door patient, as also in cases of operation, or where air and exercise are desirable for the patient; if on the other hand the home is wretched, or there are no relatives to attend, and the nature of the disease will allow of it, the pauper is recommended as an in-patient, the character and accommodation of the workhouse infirmary, (*d*), being adequate in all cases of this description which present themselves.

" As a rule too, it may be stated that single sick persons becoming burthensome to those with whom they lodge, if suffering from serious or protracted disease, are treated in the workhouse infirmary, while heads of families are treated in their own homes in preference to causing the disruption of the household, and the maintenance of the whole family in the workhouse.

" In cases occurring in common lodging-houses where the recovery of the patient is likely to be protracted, it is deemed advisable to remove into the Union infirmary, chiefly upon the ground of expense, and in cases of illness occurring in inferior public-houses where the patients can receive no nursing attendance, it is also considered desirable to send the patient to the infirmary.

"The in-door treatment is not 'generally preferred,' and cases only considered for the reasons above detailed as necessary or desirable for the infirmary are sent there.

"As to the interference of the district medical officers referred to, those gentlemen in this Union invariably attend the weekly meetings of the Board, and the Guardians are happy in all cases of doubt to obtain their vivâ voce opinion as to the desirability of a sick applicant for relief being treated as an in-door or out-door patient."

GRAVESEND AND MILTON UNION.

"1. If the sick persons are found suffering from any contagious or infectious disease, and in a state of poverty likely to protract illness, they are recommended as in-door patients; the recommendation is generally attended to, at least by those in authority, but frequently the patients refuse to break up their homes, as admission would necessitate.

"2. (*a.*) Fevers and other contagious diseases are removed at once to the fever and sick wards, if the state of the patient allow of removal.

"(*b.*) The wishes of the patient or his family are generally consulted.

"(*c.*) If the home of the patient contain the necessary accommodation for proper treatment, he is treated as an out-door patient. In cases of fever in-door treatment is nearly always resorted to.

"(*d.*) There are four ordinary sick wards for females, containing eight beds each, and one ward containing seven beds; four wards for males containing seven beds each. One fever ward for females, containing four beds, and one fever ward for males, containing four beds.

"3. If the nature of the disease be such that the patient is likely to recover sooner by being admitted to the sick wards, and the patient is disposed to avail himself of such means, he is always admitted, and the in-door treatment is, of course, preferred under the circumstances before-mentioned.

"On the order for medical relief being given by the relieving officer, the medical officer uses his discretion as to whether the patient is a fit subject for in-door or out-door treatment; the relieving officer reports the course adopted, and the reasons for such course, to the next meeting of Guardians.

"Both the district medical officers in this Union are also the workhouse medical officers, and attend such of the inmates as are admitted (to the sick wards) from their respective districts, so that they have a thorough knowledge of the state of the wards in the workhouse, and can therefore use their discretion as to admission of sick persons thereto without delay."

HALIFAX UNION.

"1. In these cases if the members of the family are able and willing to attend upon the applicants at their own homes, out-relief is granted, with an order for medical relief; but if in the opinion of the relieving officer the patient could not be properly attended to, the relieving officer on his own responsibility gives an order of admission into the workhouse.

"2. (*a.*) All infectious cases in densely populated localities are sent to the workhouse to prevent the spread of the disease, and other cases where there is not proper accommodation at the patient's home.

"(*b.*) As far as possible the wishes of the patient and family are taken into consideration.

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

" (*c.*) If the patient is in lodgings, the practice is to give an order for the workhouse, but if he has a home of his own, with sufficient accommodation out-relief is granted.

" (*d.*) The present infirmary accommodation at the workhouse is moderate, and when the new infirmaries now being erected are fully completed, the accommodation will be ample and efficient.

" 3. Sick persons are not sent to the workhouse infirmary except when absolutely necessary, from want of accommodation and attention at their own homes; in-door treatment is not generally preferred by the patients, but when they are in common lodging houses, or have not homes of their own where proper attendance can be given, they prefer going to the workhouse infirmaries.

" Where the medical officer recommends either extra relief or the workhouse infirmary, the Guardians almost invariably comply with such recommendation, and generally sick paupers who are not living in homes of their own prefer going into the workhouse on account of obtaining more regular medical attendance and nursing, than can possibly be given to them outside of the house.

" As a general rule the relieving officers act upon their own responsibility in these cases, but in cases of doubt they consult the medical officers, who, however, are not authorized to interfere with the duties or responsibility of the relieving officers."

HARTLEPOOL UNION.

" The rule is to relieve all sick paupers at their own homes, except in very rare cases, where the nature of the home is such that the patient cannot be properly treated there. Single persons in lodgings, or casual cases of sickness in common lodging-houses, are at once removed to the workhouse, provided that the medical officer certifies their fitness for such removal. There is ample accommodation in the workhouse infirmary, but the out-door treatment is generally preferred, and is more satisfactory to the patient and the family. Practically, it is the relieving officer who determines where the pauper shall be treated, and beyond an occasional recommendation to him, the district medical officers do not interfere. The above is a brief statement of the usual practice in this Union."

HASTINGS UNION.

" The Guardians do not require that persons applying for relief on the grounds of sickness should receive such relief in the workhouse, unless their homes be so comfortless as to make removal to the workhouse desirable.

" The wishes of the patient or his family are always consulted.

" The infirmary accommodation of the Hastings workhouse is now so good that patients would be freely admitted thereto, but as a rule they are only sent there when absolutely necessary.

" In-door treatment is not generally preferred or recommended, unless in special cases, such as phthisis, syphilis, &c.

" The recommendation of the medical officers in administering relief to the sick poor is always scrupulously attended to by the Guardians and their officers, unless there be such dislike on the part of the patient to be removed to the workhouse as to make it desirable to act otherwise.

" The practice of the Hastings Board is to give relief in cases of sickness freely, and without requiring patients to receive it in the workhouse."

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

HITCHIN UNION.

" 1. The nature and probable duration of the disease considered, connexion with the number and earnings of the family.

" 2. *a.* Great.

" *b.* Not any.

" *c.* Considerable.

" *d.* Very little.

" 3. No.

" No.

" The medical officer is not expected to intervene with regard to recommending whether the sick shall be treated in the workhouse or at their own homes."

HOLYWELL UNION.

" 1st. The sick out-door paupers are not, as a rule, removed from their families, but are attended to at their own residences by the district medical officers, and are only taken to the workhouse when deficient of proper home nursing.

" 2d. There is no infirmary belonging to the workhouse.

" 3d. If the sick paupers are specially recommended to be sent to an infirmary by the medical officers of the Union, they are sent to a public county infirmary, annually subscribed to by the Union.

" The medical officers have no power to intervene in the exercise of their duties, beyond that of recommending the treatment of the sick in the workhouse, and should such recommendation not be adopted by the Guardians, the medical officers making such recommendation are called upon to continue to attend such persons under the best circumstances at their own residences."

HORNCASTLE UNION.

" All sick persons applying for relief in this Union are treated as out-door patients at their own homes, except in cases where the medical officer is of opinion that the patient would be better treated in the workhouse, but such cases are of rare occurrence, and in fact sick persons are only sent to the workhouse when it is absolutely necessary.

" Whenever a case does occur in which a medical officer thinks it necessary to recommend that it should be treated in the workhouse, he either reports it to the relieving officer (who lays it before the Guardians), or else makes a special report in his medical report book, and the Guardians in such cases generally adopt the recommendation of the medical officer.

" The extent of infirmary accommodation in this workhouse is but limited. The Guardians are, however, about to build a detached hospital for all infectious cases, which will considerably extend the accommodation for the sick poor."

HUDDERSFIELD UNION.

" 1. If sick persons requiring relief have moderate treatment at home, the Guardians do not press them to go into the hospital, indeed it is generally full of cases that cannot be provided for elsewhere.

" 2. *a.* Infectious cases are, when there is room, sent to the infectious ward of the workhouse, which is a detached building.

" *b.* If the patient or his friends object, no compulsion is used.

" *c.* It the patient can be decently treated at home, the workhouse is not pressed upon him.

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

" The infirmary accommodation is defective, but a new workhouse is in course of erection.

" 3. As a rule sick paupers are only sent to the hospital when there is some real necessity for it.

" The medical officer is expected to report to the relieving officer when any case of sickness requiring treatment at the hospital arises. His recommendations in all respects are almost uniformly carried out."

HUNSLET UNION.

" 1st. The circumstances which are chiefly taken into account in admitting sick paupers to the workhouse infirmary are, whether the patient is likely sooner to recover his or her health by being admitted, whether they are receiving proper attention and sufficient support at home, and whether a due regard is paid to their cleanliness and comfort.

" 2d. The greatest weight is given to considerations *b* and *c*. If a patient is compelled to enter the workhouse against his wish, it often has a tendency to retard his recovery.

" 3d. The in-door treatment is generally preferred and recommended where the head of a family is sick, the Guardians believing it to be the truest economy, to let them have the best treatment and nourishment, in order that they may be the sooner well and able to support their families.

" The district medical officer is expected to communicate any special circumstances attending the cases committed to his care to the relieving officer, and any recommendation made by a medical officer that a patient be admitted into the house invariably receives immediate attention.

" The medical officers have also instructions to send immediately (without waiting for any authority), all virulent cases of fever to the house of recovery, where they are maintained at the cost of the Guardians."

HUNTINGDON UNION.

" 1. The chief circumstances taken into consideration [in the case of an applicant for medical relief] are the character of the applicant and his family, also the condition of his dwelling.

" 2. (*a.*) All cases of an infectious nature are not admitted.

" (*b.*) It entirely depends upon circumstances.

" (*c.*) It is always taken into consideration.

" (*d.*) The infirmary accommodation has always been found adequate to its requirements.

" 3. Each case is determined upon its own merits.

" The medical officer is occasionally consulted, but generally speaking the paupers are treated at their own homes."

IPSWICH UNION.

" 1. The Guardians in granting relief to sick paupers almost invariably afford it in the shape of out-relief when satisfied that the allegation of sickness is bonâ fide.

2. " The Guardians endeavour to judge of each case by its own merits and to treat it accordingly, that they endeavour so far as is practicable and consistent with their duty to consider the wishes of patients and their families, but that except in cases of aged persons past work cases of sickness are as above stated for the most part relieved at the paupers own homes. Occasionally, however, where the home is an improper place for the patient, and where he cannot receive

the attention and treatment he requires, the Guardians consider it best to deal with the case in their own infirmary at the workhouse. The Guardians are not aware that it has been ever necessary to make the limited accommodation of the infirmary a ground for relieving cases of sickness out of the workhouse instead of in it.

"The Guardians seldom, if ever, adopt the practice of requiring their medical officers to recommend whether relief shall be afforded in the workhouse or out of it. The form of medical certificate in use in the Union, however, provides for the medical officer's statement for the information of the Guardians whether the person is capable of being removed or not.

"With very rare exceptions the Guardians invariably supply all meat, wine, and other extras recommended by their medical officers."

SAINT IVES UNION.

"(1.) and (2.) To some extent the character borne by the applicant [for medical relief] but mainly the consideration of the circumstances referred to in the following answers:—

"(*a.*) Infectious diseases are kept out if possible. In all other cases as it appears best for the treatment.

"(*b.*) In-door relief always granted if desired.

"(*c.*) In-door treatment made compulsory where practicable, if the home accommodation be quite unsuitable.

"(*d.*) The accommodation in the workhouse is sufficient and well arranged.

"(3.) Out-door treatment is generally preferred, but if the medical officer recommends a removal to the house it is always adopted by the Board."

KEIGHLEY UNION.

"The circumstances mainly taken into account in determining whether they [applicants for medical relief] shall be recommended as in-door or as out-door patients are, the ability or inability of relations partially to maintain such sick paupers, the nature of the disease and of the home of the patient. The wishes of the patient or his family are consulted, but not necessarily complied with in all cases. The character and extent of the infirmary accommodation would necessarily be a matter for consideration if it was inadequate for the wants and comfort of sick applicants, but so long as there is room the in-door treatment is preferred and recommended by the Guardians and their officers. The district medical officers are allowed in every case of sickness, and expected and in fact required in all cases of serious illness, to recommend that the sick should be treated in the workhouse or in their own homes, and such recommendations are invariably acted upon where practicable."

KENDAL UNION.

"The wishes of the patient and the nature of the home are the points considered. As a rule the Guardians endeavour to enable a sick person to remain at home under the charge of the Union district doctor, from whom they always expect a report and by whose view they are mainly influenced. This view is sometimes expressed by him in his written report but usually conveyed through the relieving officers. As a general remark (which your letter invites the Guardians to make) they consider that in general, persons are likely to do better when fairly treated in the circumstances of their own homes to which they have been accustomed than under the fresh conditions of a workhouse,

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

although the latter may appear in many ways more suitable. This must however depend so much on the state of the home and the probable attention to be given to the sick person by the other members of the family that no fixed rule could be formed."

KIDDERMINSTER UNION.

" The Guardians attach great importance to the condition of the paupers, with reference to their getting sufficient attention out door for the particular diseases with which they happen to be afflicted, in considering whether such cases should be treated in doors.

" There is a strong objection to admit contagious cases into the workhouse if they can be treated in anything like a satisfactory manner out, the nursing staff and house accommodation being inadequate for many cases, and the fever wards attached to the Workhouse being isolated.

" The wishes of the paupers and their friends have weight with the Guardians, and a desire is almost invariably expressed for out-door treatment, and frequently the greatest anxiety is evinced to avoid in-door treatment.

" The condition of the paupers homes are looked at carefully in order to ascertain whether the cases can be treated properly without admission into the workhouse, and if so the Guardians incline to let them remain out. As a rule sick paupers are sent to the infirmary only when absolutely necessary. It is not frequent that the medical officers recommend treatment in the workhouse, generally only in cases of dirtiness of abodes and destitution, and where in their opinion prolonged and careful nursing is necessary; such recommendations are almost uniformly endorsed by the Guardians who insist upon their being carried out.

" The in-door treatment is in the opinion of the Guardians in most cases more satisfactory and beneficial than out-door."

KINGSTON-UPON-HULL INCORPORATION.

" The Guardians are first guided by the report of their relieving officers, who they find from long experience are the best judges as to the mode of treating this class of applicants. Of course the relieving officers always call to their assistance the medical officers, who consult together as to what is the best to be done, and any recommendation from the district medical officer is treated by the Board and relieving officers with much respect and consideration ; however, the relieving officers never refuse to admit a sick person into the Workhouse if the applicant is wishful to enter and the medical officer certifies that such a step is prudent. Again, this Board and its officers are influenced much by the nature of a poor person's home ; for instance, if a person has a comfortable and well ordered house, and is overtaken with sickness and poverty, their wants are at once attended to by the relieving officers giving an order upon the district medical officer to supply medical aid, and then the relieving officer gives such relief as the case may require; but if the applicant is at lodgings, and has no home to break up, the Board prefer their coming into the Workhouse, when they are taken under the care of the in-door medical officer, and receive better treatment than they possibly could whilst at lodgings. With respect to the character and extent of the infirmary accommodation in the Workhouse, this Board has always endeavoured to meet the demands that have been made upon it, and sick paupers entering this workhouse are sent to such wards as the in-door medical officer

directs. With regard to in-door treatment the Board is of opinion that such is the best, and is recommended except in such cases as have been stated above." (A.) *Circulars, &c.*

KNIGHTON UNION.

"(1.) The circumstances which determine whether sick persons shall be treated as in-door or out-door patients are those which affect the convenience of properly treating the patients at their own homes.

" 2.) The wishes of the patient weigh principally when the nature of the disease is such as to permit his wishes to be consulted, and the home of the patient, if desiring out-door relief, does not interfere with the treatment prescribed by the medical officer.

"(3.) Sick paupers are generally only sent to the infirmary when they are homeless or friendless, or the nature of the case actually demand it, unless the patient prefers in-door treatment.

"The district medical officer's opinion is chiefly considered in all sick cases and his recommendation adopted, unless the relieving officer or the Guardians are aware of any circumstances of which the medical officer is in ignorance, and which would be sufficient to warrant the Board in ordering otherwise."

LEEDS UNION.

"The Guardians generally have an order given to the medical officers to attend pauper patients at their houses if they find the patient has a strong wish to remain with his or her family, but otherwise they are frequently sent to the workhouse infirmary, and also if in the opinion of the medical officer they find the home 'contracted' in space or otherwise prejudicial to health they use persuasion to induce the patients for a time to avail themselves of the better food and attendance afforded by the workhouse hospital arrangements.

"In Leeds for many years the district medical officers attend the Board meetings during the relief business, and they find their attendance most useful in assisting them to arrive at the conclusion whether in sick cases the workhouse or the house of the pauper will be most conducive to the health of each individual pauper.

"In the town there is an institution called 'The House of Recovery,' to which the Guardians offer to send all cases of fever, measles, and small-pox, and for which they (the Guardians) pay twelve shillings and threepence per week, and if cases are not removed thereto it is because of the objection of some people when suffering from those diseases to being removed from their families.

"All cases requiring surgical operations, are sent by the Board to the Leeds General Infirmary, and they also subscribe to the Harrogate Hospital, Ilkley Hospital, Buxton Hospital, and Cookridge Convalescent Hospital, as well as Scarborough Hospital, for patients suffering from diseases for which those places are celebrated."

LINCOLN UNION.

"1. If in common lodgings or desolate home the house recommended. The Guardians do not like to break up the home if they can avoid it, provided there is any chance of the pauper being able to live out of the house.

"2. (*a.*) Ulcers, venereal disease, &c.

"(*b.*) The wishes of the patient or his family not consulted.

(A.)
Circulars,
&c.

"(*c.*) The nature of the home of the patient is taken into consideration.

"(*d.*) The infirmary accommodation is defective.

"3. As a rule sick paupers are only sent to the infirmary when it is absolutely necessary.

"In-door treatment is generally preferred and recommended so long as there is room.

"The medical officer never intervenes without he is consulted by the Board."

PARISH OF LIVERPOOL.

"Generally, the workhouse is recommended, and orders for admission thereto offered in the following cases, namely:

"First. Those of malignant infectious diseases. (The practice is invariable in this class of cases.)

"Second. Those in which, in the opinion of the medical officer special treatment is required and in which he recommends the hospital.

"Third. Those not specially recommended by the medical officer, but in which the relieving officer finds the home of the patient to be unsatisfactory, and in which it would be hopeless to look for care and attention upon the part of the relatives or friends of the patient.

"Where the patient has a fairly comfortable home for his condition in life, with friends or relatives to attend upon him, the select vestry desire, that he should be treated at home; but unfortunately, in the majority of cases of a serious character coming under the notice of the Board and their officers, these conditions are wanting.

"As a rule it is found that the paupers generally look with much less repugnance upon entering the workhouse upon account of sickness, or, as they call it, 'going into hospital,' than they do at any other time, supposing in fact that there is some distinction between the body of the workhouse and the hospital; and it thus happens that in the majority of cases the recommendation to enter the hospital is accepted by the pauper, though where he has a settled home he naturally prefers to be treated there.

"The recommendations of the medical officers are invariably acted upon by the relieving officers in the matter of giving orders for the hospital, and except upon one occasion, some four years since, when the hospital was inconveniently full, no constraint whatever has been placed upon the medical officers to limit their recommendations. Upon the occasion referred to, the state of the case was explained to the medical officers, and they were requested to restrict their recommendations to the more urgent cases. So far as my knowledge extends no case has ever been refused admission to the hospital upon the ground of there being no accommodation. Whenever it has been necessary the additional accommodation required has always been provided by the select vestry."

LOUTH UNION.

"1st. The peculiar circumstances of each case, as reported by the medical officers, is the first point considered; secondly, the character of the applicant.

"2ndly. The Guardians lay stress chiefly on the wishes of the patient and his family, and home treatment is as a rule given to all sick persons, where the accommodation is sufficient, and there are no peculiar difficulties attending the nature of the disease which make it desirable to remove the patient to the workhouse.

"3rdly. The decision of the Guardians as to whether home treatment or workhouse treatment shall be given is not influenced by the 'character and extent of the workhouse accommodation,' there being ample room at all times, and the fever wards being seldom or never used.

"Every consideration is given to the report of the medical officer, but the Guardians reserve to themselves the power of deciding whether applicants shall be treated at their own homes or in the workhouse.

"In compliance with your request that I should furnish you with any further general information, I spoke to the relieving officers after the breaking up of the Board, and I elicited from them the following information:

"As to your question 3: That as a rule sick paupers are only sent to the infirmary in the workhouse when it is absolutely necessary.

"As to the alternative question: That in-door treatment is very seldom acted upon.

"And as to the extent to which the medical officer 'is expected or allowed to intervene,' &c., the relieving officers stated that: 'as to the country parishes the medical officers seldom interfere, and that if they did, the matter was carefully considered by the Board.'

"And that, as to the town of Louth, the medical recommendation, as a rule, is acted upon when the officer states that the home accommodation is opposed to the recovery of the patient."

MACCLESFIELD UNION.

"1. The Guardians do not order sick cases into the workhouse unless their circumstances are such as to render it undesirable to treat them at their own houses or there is some other special reason for ordering them into the workhouse.

"2. The wishes of the patient or his family and the nature of his house are primarily considered.

"The nature of the disease is considered if it can be better treated in the infirmary. There is always the best accommodation and appliances in the workhouse infirmary and these are urged as considerations for speedy and effectual cure.

"3. As a rule sick paupers are only sent to the infirmary when it is absolutely necessary.

"The in-door treatment is very rarely preferred except by the homeless, but it is frequently recommended by the Guardians and their officers where the advantages of speedy cure and careful nursing are obvious.

"The Guardians invariably take the opinion of the medical officer with regard to the treatment of the sick at their homes or in the workhouse and they act upon it.

"The Guardians always seek the opinion of the medical officer, and in very special cases, where he reports they would be better treated in the infirmary, this is pressed as far as possible."

MAIDSTONE UNION.

"(1.) The circumstances mainly taken into consideration in determining, in the case of sick persons applying for relief, whether they shall be recommended as in-door or as out-door patients, are the character of the persons and of their homes.

"(2.) The stress laid upon the following considerations is principally as follows, viz.:

(A.)
Circulars, &c.

"(*a.*) Not much stress is laid upon the nature of the disease, except in cases of infection in populous places.

"(*b.*) The wishes of the patient or his family are not in general much considered.

"(*c.*) The nature of the patient's home is considered to be of essential importance.

"(*d.*) The character and extent of the infirmary accommodation in the workhouse is taken into account in all cases, previous to the admission of a patient under an order of the Board.

"(3.) As a rule sick persons are sent to the infirmary only when it is necessary.

"The in-door treatment generally is not preferred or recommended merely because there is room in the workhouse.

"The district medical officer is allowed, but not expected to intervene, with regard to recommending that the sick should be treated in the workhouse or in their own homes, but considerable weight is attached to his recommendations."

TOWNSHIP OF MANCHESTER.

"The circumstances which are mainly taken into account in determining in the cases of sick persons applying for relief whether they shall be recommended as in-door or out-door patients, are (1.) the nature of the disease from which the patient is suffering; (2.) the sanitary state of the dwelling; (3.) the possibility of having the patient properly nursed and attended to at his own home, and (4.) the wish of the patient or his family in the matter.

"In determining this question stress is chiefly laid upon the nature of the disease and the character of the home of the patient.

"The cases in which it is deemed absolutely necessary to send the patient to the workhouse infirmary are those of persons suffering from infectious diseases, and such as involve serious surgical operations; also where the dwelling of the patient is overcrowded or defective in ventilation, drainage, &c., or where there is no one who is able to attend to him, as in the case of sick persons in lodging houses.

"There appears to be no doubt, however, that, as a rule, sick paupers recover more speedily when sent to the workhouse infirmary than when treated at their own homes, and when the patient is willing to go into the workhouse.

"When the district medical officer is of opinion that any sick person referred to him by the Guardians or the relieving officer is a proper case for removal to the workhouse infirmary he is expected to make a report to that effect, and that such reports are, as a rule, acted upon by the Guardians.

"Sick paupers are, however, frequently sent into the workhouse without the intervention of the district medical officer, especially in the case of persons who, being without a lodging, themselves apply for admission."

MERTHYR TIDFIL UNION.

"1. As a rule no such pauper is ordered into the house unless imposture is suspected, or it is reported that the sick person is badly attended at home, or is likely to be much better treated in the house infirmary.

"2. Stress is laid upon the under-mentioned considerations as follows:—"(*a.*)" As to the nature of the disease: cases of pregnancy,

syphilis, and itch are generally ordered in; cases of accident are always relieved out, except in rare instances, where the sick person is not well cared for at home. Lunatics suddenly seized are brought in preparatory to removal to asylum.

"(*b.*)" As to the wishes of the patient or his family. The wishes of old people are generally consulted, as many old people, especially those who have no children, are often neglected at their lodgings. The wishes of the family are rarely, if ever, consulted.

"(*c.*)" As to the nature of the home of the patient. Considerable stress is laid on this point.

"(*d.*)" As to the character and extent of the infirmary accommodation. Considerable stress is laid on this point also.

"3. Sick paupers are, as a rule, only sent to the infirmary when it is absolutely necessary.

"I am also to inform you, that as a rule, the district medical officer does not intervene with regard to recommending the house, except where he sees that the patient it is not well cared for at his home, or thinks the house test should be applied, in either of which cases the district medical officer makes a recommendation, which has due weight with the Board.

"We find our own medicines and appliances in the house, but outside we find Howard's quinine and cod liver oil only."

MONMOUTH UNION.

"(1.) All the circumstances detailed in No. 2. are taken into account by the Board of Guardians, and determination is made according to their discretion in each case. No rule is laid down or is adopted upon the subject.

"(2.) *a, b, c.* Replied to above.

"*d.* The infirmary accommodation being sufficient, the character and extent of it has no influence upon the determination of the Board.

"(3.) The sick are sent to the infirmary whenever necessary.

"Mixture of the sick with the healthy paupers is not preferred.

"The Guardians invite and take into account recommendations by the medical officer, with respect to the expediency of removing sick paupers to the workhouse, or leaving and treating them at their own home, and the Guardians in general act upon such recommendation. But they do not act upon them without exercising their own discretion.

"Every report or recommendation of a medical officer is received as a matter of information and not of compulsion. There are often circumstances of which the medical officer is not well informed; as, for example, the resources which the paupers have at their disposal; these are often better known to the Guardians and the relieving officers. If the medical officer's recommendation was known to amount to an order, it would give an opening and encouragement to much deception.

"Sick paupers are not removed to the workhouse for the purpose of economy, but only with a view to their better nursing and medical treatment."

NANTWICH UNION.

"1 and 2. Where sick persons applying for relief are, in the opinion of the Guardians, properly cared for at their own homes, they are invariably treated as out-door patients.

"3. As a rule sick paupers are only sent to the infirmary when it is absolutely necessary.

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

"The district medical officer is expected to recommend a patient to be treated in the workhouse if from the nature of the disease, or the want of proper attention at his or her own home, he considers it desirable."

ST. NEOTS UNION.

"1st. As a rule, sick paupers are treated at their own homes.

"2d. When the relieving officer or the district medical officer recommends that a sick pauper be treated in the infirmary, the Guardians usually take into consideration the special circumstances of the case, as well as the wishes of the patient or his family; but would not be influenced by the character or extent of the infirmary accommodation which is more than is often required. The Guardians leave it to the discretion of the district medical officer to interfere or not, in the question of in or out-door relief for the sick; but whatever suggestion the medical officer thinks fit to make either directly to the Board, or through the relieving officer is duly considered.

"3d. Sick paupers are only sent to the infirmary in exceptional cases, and I know of no case in which the Guardians have been deterred from giving in-door treatment from want of infirmary accommodation."

NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE UNION.

"(1.) The general rule is to give relief at home, but where the sick persons are in lodgings, or not properly attended to, they are sent to the workhouse.

"(2.) All cases of fever and other infectious diseases are either treated at the fever hospital (an institution unconnected with the workhouse), or where they cannot be removed there (being too ill to be removed) are treated at their own homes.

"When the disease is not infectious, they desire to be treated at their own homes.

"Where they at lodgings they are sent to the workhouse.

"The extent of the infirmary accommodation in the workhouse is sufficient.

"(3.) As a rule sick paupers are only sent to the infirmary, when it is absolutely necessary.

"The in-door treatment in the workhouse is not generally recommended by the Guardians. Generally, the medical officers are in favour of recommending the sick to be treated in the workhouse.

"In difficult cases the medical officers recommend treatment in the workhouse."

NEWPORT UNION.

"Every sick case is dealt with on its own exigencies, without reference to any generally applied rule.

"This workhouse is amply supplied with infirmary accommodation, and, as a rule, sick paupers are sent there, unless there be some reason to the contrary.

"The Guardians invariably determine, except in cases of urgency, whether sick paupers shall be sent to the workhouse or not, having first consulted the medical and relieving officer."

NORTHAMPTON UNION.

"1. If the family of the pauper are respectable, clean, and honest in their station, the Board are always anxious, and do give out-relief. If

the disease is contagious out-relief is given. I may say in fact, that out-relief is given in all deserving cases, and in-door medical relief only to those to whom it may appear to the Guardians that it would be better for the paupers, or on the other hand, people of bad character.

"In answer to the second question as to—

"(*a.*) Contagious diseases are not admitted.

"(*b.*) These are generally considered.

"(*d.*) There is good accommodation in the infirmary for 76 paupers.

"3. The sick paupers are only sent to the infirmary when necessary.

"The Board have confidence in their medical officer, and if they recommend the admission of the paupers into their infirmary, they state it by certificate to the relieving officer, who inquires into the case, and reports to the Board."

NORTHWICH UNION.

"1. The nature of the disease, whether contagious or infectious, and the condition of the pauper, whether single, widow, or widower, the accommodation of the pauper's home, and the better nursing the pauper would obtain in the workhouse hospital.

"2. (*a.*) The nature of the disease is a material consideration, whether contagious or infectious.

"(*b.*) The wishes of the patient or his family to be treated and relieved at home, are always materially considered, and no pauper is sent to the workhouse against his will.

"(*c.*) The nature of the home of the patient is also a material consideration with the Guardians, as if not calculated to assist convalescence, they always try to get the patient into the hospital, but do not insist on it against his wish.

"(*d.*) The hospital is a separate building, but adjoins the workhouse. The sick wards are comfortable and well ventilated, and provided with baths and a good supply of water. Will accommodate 22 females and 16 males.

"3. Much the greatest number of sick paupers are treated at their own homes.

"Great weight is given to the recommendations of the district medical officers for the admission of sick persons into the workhouse, and such recommendations are usually complied with."

NORWICH UNION.

"As to the first head of inquiry—

"The Guardians are, in determining whether in-door or out-door relief shall be granted, guided by the circumstances and number of the family of the applicant, and mainly by the recommendation of the relieving officer, especially if such recommendation be supplemented by the medical officer, after both such officers have had the opportunity of visiting the sick person, whose case may be under consideration. Whenever a recommendation is given by the medical officer that the sick person should be relieved in the workhouse, such recommendation is invariably followed, or where the applicant desires that in-door relief should be granted, the same is always given.

"As to the second head of inquiry—

"(*a.*) The nature of the disease is not an element in the consideration of the Guardians as to the granting in-door or out-door relief. They are mainly guided by the medical officers as to relieving sick

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

cases with in-door or out-door relief. As a rule all cases of disease of a contagious or epidemic character receive out-door relief.

" (*b* and *c.*) Whenever the sick patient or any member of his or her family expresses a desire that such sick patient should receive out-door relief, and it does not appear upon any report presented by the relieving officer that there are any special reasons in reference to the home or habits of the sick patient, the application is complied with.

" The Guardians, however, often experience serious difficulty in dealing with cases of sick persons whose homes are in a filthy and wretched condition, and who for that reason the Guardians are anxious to place in the workhouse infirmary, but who refuse to go there.

" (*d.*) There are two detached buildings at this workhouse for sick persons, one called the principal hospital or infirmary for the accommodation of 49 patients of each sex, and the other called the infectious ward for the accommodation of 13 of each sex.

" As to the *third* head—

" As above stated, whenever the medical officer upon whom the responsibility of sick cases is made to rest, recommends in-door treatment of a sick patient that recommendation is invariably followed, so far as the Guardians are concerned, but it happens occasionally that the sick patient as above stated, refuse the recommendation so granted.

" In-door treatment is not generally preferred by sick persons or those having the care of them, and the Guardians do not, as a rule, adopt that mode of treating sick cases, unless recommended by the medical officer."

OLDHAM UNION.

" As to the 1st question: the circumstances mainly taken into account in the case of sick persons applying for relief in this Union are the nature of the disease, and the nature of the homes of the patients; that is to say, if in lodgings, and the relieving officer and medical officer are of opinion that the patients would not be properly cared for they are treated as in-door patients, but if such sick persons have homes of their own, and it is the opinion of the said officers that the patients would be well cared for in their own homes, they are treated as out-door patients.

" As to the 2d question: the stress is principally laid upon the nature of the diseases such as cases of small-pox, fever and skin diseases, and the nature of the patients homes as before stated, and in some cases the wishes of the patients and their friends are taken into consideration.

" As to the 3d question: As a rule, sick paupers are only sent to the workhouse when it is absolutely necessary.

" And as to the last question: when persons apply for medical aid and their ailment be such as to afford reasonable ground for the attendance of a medical man and they are unable to procure medical aid themselves, the relieving officer gives his order for the district medical officer to attend, and his recommendations, as a rule, are acted upon as to whether the patients shall be treated in the workhouse or in their own homes."

OXFORD INCORPORATION.

" The Guardians always desire to administer relief in the infirmary and they invariably take into consideration the nature of the disease and the state of the dwelling-house of the applicant.

" The medical officer is always present when the relief cases are disposed of. The Guardians are in the habit of asking his opinion on

the cases and in most cases are guided by his advice. As the infirmary contains separate fever wards the Guardians do not object to treat such cases of fever as may occur in the infirmary if the medical officer recommends that the patients should be removed from their own houses."

PETERBOROUGH UNION.

"The Guardians in the first instance always consider the character of the applicant, and the nature of the home possessed, the accommodation at the workhouse infirmary is little more than required for the house, deference is always paid to any suggestions of the medical officers as regards the removal of sick paupers to the workhouse infirmary, but this does not often occur, as a general rule in this Union the out-door sick poor are treated at their own homes."

PLYMOUTH.

"(*a.*) There is scarcely any form of disease which the Guardians believe may not be properly treated in the workhouse infirmary, but if any case comes under the notice of the surgeon which he thinks might be advantageously treated in the South Devon hospital he informs the Guardians of it, and they arrange for such patient being treated in that hospital, or if a case should in the first instance come under the notice of the Guardians which they think might be beneficially sent to the South Devon hospital they would desire one of their surgeons to report on the case for their guidance. The advantage which the South Devon hospital possesses over the workhouse hospital is that in the former the patient would have the advice (in consultation) of more than one surgeon, and also would be under the superintendence of a resident surgeon. I may add that the medical officer of the workhouse has unlimited discretionary power with regard to the diet, &c. of the patients under his care, and the Guardians feel that the poor cannot possibly get food of as good a quality in their homes as in the infirmary.

"(*b.*) The wishes of the patient and his family have due weight with the Guardians, and they would not attempt to force a patient into the hospital except in a very extreme case. It of course often happens that patients have a dislike to come into the infirmary and the Guardians and their officers have often to persuade them to do so, but I have never known this done otherwise than in the most considerate and kind manner.

"(*c.*) This portion of the question is to a great extent answered by what has been already stated. If the Guardians were to receive a report that the home of a sick person was in a filthy condition or was from any other cause in such a state that the recovery of the patient must be retarded they would use every influence in their power to bring him into the infirmary.

"(*d*) The Guardians have done all they can to make their infirmary suitable for the reception of the sick. The situation of the workhouse is a most open and airy one.

"If sick people can be properly treated in their homes the Guardians do not seek to bring them into the workhouse, but the Guardians would certainly not refuse a patient admission who wished to be treated in the infirmary.

"Whenever the district medical officer thinks that a patient could be much better treated in the infirmary than at his home he reports thereon to the relieving officer who would in case of necessity revisit the case and bring it before the Guardians at their next meeting."

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

PLYMPTON ST. MARY UNION.

" The best information is obtained and consideration given by the Guardians to the medical officer's and relieving officer's reports as to whether the patient can be most speedily andproperly cured as in-door or out-door pauper. The wishes of the patient and family are generally strongly in favour of being treated at home and the Guardians give great weight thereto unless (*a*) the nature of the disease, or (*b*) the home of the patient is overcrowded or otherwise unfit, or the medical officer recommends the case as proper to be healed in the South Devon hospital or Plymouth Eye infirmary (to which this Union subscribes) or in the workhouse infirmary, in all which cases the Guardians use their influence by themselves and officers to have the patient taken to the hospital or eye infirmary, or brought into the workhouse infirmary (as the case may be). (*d*) There is ample room and accommodation in the workhouse infirmary. In reply to the third question, the sick patients are sent to the infirmary whenever the medical officer recommends their treatment therein, or the patient should from absence of relatives or otherwise wish to be treated therein. I beg further to state that the medical officers of this Union (as well as the relieving officers) understand that the Guardians expect them to report and recommend the removal of the sick to the workhouse infirmary whenever in their judgment the case requires it."

PONTYPOOL UNION.

" 1. It is generally taken into consideration whether the person applying has a house at which he can be attended by the medical officer, if so the Board allow him out-relief, if not he is sent into the workhouse.

" 2. If the medical officer thinks the disease is such that the patient would be better attended in the workhouse. The patient is sent into the infirmary in the workhouse, but if the medical officer thinks the case can be attended at the patient's home out-relief is granted.

" 3. As a rule, sick paupers are only sent to the infirmary when it is absolutely necessary.

" In this Union sick paupers are generally attended by the surgeons belonging to the Works, their certificates are received and out-door relief granted if necessary and if the surgeon reports that the patients had better be sent to the workhouse infirmary an order is given to admit him, but this is very seldom done, in general the sick pauper is attended at the home.

" The Guardians generally act upon the recommendation of the medical officer whether a sick pauper shall be treated in the workhouse or at his own home, but in all cases where a person has no home the relieving officer sends the pauper into the workhouse."

PORTSEA ISLAND UNION.

" No. 1. If sick persons can be attended to out of the house they have out-relief.

" No. 2. Stress is laid on the following considerations :—

" (*a.*) If the disease cannot be treated well at the home.

" (*b.*) If the family of the patient should desire the treatment of the house medical officer, or the nursing of the house.

" (*c.*) If the home is unsuitable.

" (*d.*) And that there is room in the infirmary wards of the house.

"No. 3. Sick paupers are sent to the infirmary of the house, subject to the foregoing conditions, as long as there is room in the wards.

"District medical officer. If this officer should recommend the admission of a patient to the house, it would be for one of the above reasons, which is generally brought before the Guardians by the relieving officer, but in some cases by a note from the district medical officer."

PRESTON UNION.

"(1.) The Guardians in dealing with sick cases, pay particular attention to each of the considerations marked *a*, *b*, *c*, and *d*, as well as taking into account the character of the applicant, and having due regard to the recommendation of the medical officer.

"(2.) Stress is laid upon all the four considerations but principally upon *a* and *c*.

"(3.) If the Guardians consider that 'the nature of the disease' is such as to require better care and attention than 'the home of the patient' will permit, they invariably prefer in-door treatment.

"For infectious cases in-door treatment is always provided.

"The medical officer seldom states anything on his certificate beyond the nature and probable duration of sickness, but should he in urgent cases recommend the removal of the patient to the workhouse hospital the Guardians or the relieving officer immediately adopts his suggestion."

ROCHDALE UNION.

"1. Where the cases are not infectious the Guardians prefer having them treated at home where they can be watched over by their relatives and friends, providing the homes are suitable.

"2. Infectious or extremely dirty cases are generally sent to the infirmary, and, except in the cases just mentioned the wishes of the patient or his family are invariably consulted.

"If the home be not suitable the sick person is generally sent to the workhouse or infirmary.

"Acting on these principles the infirmary accommodation of the Rochdale Union has hitherto been sufficient.

"3. According to the preceding replies it will be seen that the Guardians prefer having the sick cases treated at the homes of the patients.

"The practice in cases of sickness is for the relieving officer to visit as well as the medical officers, and upon their joint reports the Guardians act. The medical officer's opinion alone is rarely acted upon, as the Guardians consider that in all cases the relieving officer should specially investigate the circumstances."

ROTHERHAM UNION.

"The Guardians usually give medical relief to their out-door poor at their own homes, never ordering them into the Union house, unless the district medical officer reports that they cannot have the requisite attention and accommodation at their own homes (a circumstance not of frequent occurrence) or unless, as is sometimes the case, the patient desires it."

RUNCORN UNION.

"1 and 2. The Guardians, in determining whether applicants for medical relief shall be treated at their own homes or be sent to the workhouse, take into consideration the opinion of the district medical

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

officer as also the wishes of the patient or his family, and the nature of the patient's home.

"3. The Guardians send sick paupers to the infirmary only when it is absolutely necessary from the nature of the applicant's disease or the insufficient accommodation of his home."

SALFORD UNION.

"1. The circumstances mainly taken into consideration in determining whether sick applicants for relief shall be treated as in-door or out-door patients are, the nature of the disease, the nature of the home of the patient, and whether the patient can be more beneficially treated in the workhouse than in his own home.

"2. (*a.*) As a rule, all persons suffering from infectious or contagious disease are taken into the workhouse, and such other cases as are recommended by the district medical officer, who bases his recommendation on the nature of the case and the want of proper accommodation and necessaries in the house of the patient.

"(*b.*) In no case is the removal of the patient insisted on against his wish, except on grounds not connected with the medical aspect of the case, such as suspected imposition, the income of the family too great to render relief necessary, or other similar reasons.

"(*c.*) The nature of the home of the patient is considered.

"(*d.*) The character and extent of the workhouse accommodation has not been considered, as the Guardians have always had sufficient room in their hospitals, and the means of treatment are far better than can be found in the homes of the patients.

"3. The Guardians have no fixed rule, cases being admitted into the workhouse when it is considered that they can be better treated there, and no patient is admitted who can be as well treated in his own home.

"All applicants for medical relief are visited or examined by the district medical officers who report on each case to the Board, and on the recommendation of the medical officer and the report of the relieving officer as to the condition of the home and the earnings or income of the family of the patient the Guardians determine whether the case is one requiring in-door or out-door relief or otherwise."

SHEFFIELD UNION.

"The Guardians are guided mainly by the state of the place, and the means of nursing where the sick person may be. If a married man or any of his family and the wife is able to give proper attention to the case, the Guardians would not require him to come into the workhouse. If a long case and better nourishment is thought necessary the sick person would be asked to try the workhouse for a time.

"(*a.*) If such as the Guardians thought could be better treated in the workhouse, as a rule they would require the patient to come in.

"(*b.*) This would influence the Guardians greatly if they considered the family well conducted and fit to be trusted to nurse the patient.

"(*c.*) If, as is frequently the case, the home is dirty, the locality bad, and in such a neglected state as to make it unfit for the patient to remain there, the Guardians would order admission into the workhouse.

"(*d.*) The accommodation being ample (except in times of great sickness) the Guardians do not consider this.

"As a rule, it may be said, only when considered advisable for better treatment.

"It is generally thought best and advised, but if the parties have comfortable homes, the Guardians allow them to remain."

SOUTHAMPTON INCORPORATION.

"The wishes of the patients and their families are the principal considerations which guide the Guardians in determining whether sick persons applying for relief shall be recommended as in-door or out-door patients.

"As a rule the sick paupers are only sent to the workhouse infirmary when it is absolutely necessary or when the patients prefer it. If the relieving officers recommend sick patients to be removed into the workhouse infirmary it has generally been found that such recommendations have emanated from the district medical officers or at least have been sanctioned by them. The Guardians subscribe both to the county hospital at Winchester and to the town infirmary. Any cases which the medical officers recommend as likely to receive greater benefit from treatment in those institutions are transferred accordingly. This number is comparatively few."

STAFFORD UNION.

"1. If the applicant is a householder the patient is treated at his or her home, as is any member of the family invariably under the recommendation and care of the medical officer of the district.

"If the disease is contagious the patient is removed to the general infirmary if possible, but never to the workhouse infirmary.

"The wishes of the patient or his family are generally considered and on most occasions yielded to.

"The homes of the patient sometimes are not what could be desired for accommodation, &c., but there is always a strong aversion manifested against being removed either to the general infirmary or the workhouse.

"As a rule sick persons are only sent to the workhouse infirmary when it becomes absolutely necessary for want of accommodation at home, and that scarcely ever occurs.

"The out-door treatment of the sick is generally preferred and recommended, whether there is room at the workhouse or not.

"The recommendation of the medical officers as to their treatment at home or removal of the patient when necessary has due weight at this Board.

"The report of the relieving officer and the Guardians of the parish, accompanied with a certificate from the medical officer of the district, are taken into consideration by the Board as the ground for the Board's decision."

STAINES UNION.

"1. and 2. As far as practicable, in determining whether the sick poor shall be recommended as in-door or out-door patients, if the nature of the disease will permit, the wishes of the patient or his family are recognized and considered, but where, from the extreme nature of the disease or the condition of the home of the patient his recovery or comfort would be interfered with the patient is recommended to be treated in-doors.

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

"As to query 3: As a rule sick paupers are only sent to the infirmary when it is absolutely necessary.

"I am further requested to say in reply to the latter portion of your letter that, while giving the utmost attention to the recommendation of the medical officer, still the reception of a sick pauper is always subject to inquiries made by the relieving officer into the circumstances of the case, the ultimate decision being left with the Guardians."

STAMFORD UNION.

"1. The persons applying to the relieving officer of this Union for relief on account of sickness are in the first instance dealt with by the officer who, in cases of emergency, consults the medical officers, from whom weekly returns are also obtained.

"On the day of the weekly meeting of the Board of Guardians all cases of the kind are duly considered and dealt with by the Guardians after examination of the books and of any of the relatives of the sick person who may happen to be present.

"2. *a*, *b*, *c*, *d*. These are particularly inquired into, and the Guardians are in some measure decided by the answers and information they may receive, but every case stands on its own merits, and there is not (and it is respectfully submitted that there cannot be) any general rule on the subject.

"3. There is no general rule on this subject, but there is ample room in this Union workhouse for infirmary patients and fever patients.

"Weekly returns are made to this Board by the district medical officers, and upon their report and examination of the relieving officer and relations the Guardians themselves decide whether the sick should be treated in the workhouse or in their own houses."

STOCKPORT UNION.

"1st. The circumstances mainly taken into account in determining, in the case of sick persons applying for relief, whether they shall be in-door or out-door patients are the nature of their diseases, the urgency of their wants, and the accommodation which the patient has if treated at home. The relieving officer's and medical officer's instructions are to act as kindly as possible, and in cases of doubt to refer to the Guardians, but if not to err on the side of humanity.

"2d. (*a.*) This is an important consideration, and must be so.

"(*b.*) The wishes of the patient or his family, though having some influence, must be of secondary consideration.

"(*c.*) This depends on the disease. Infectious fevers and insufficient or unsuitable homes will be a powerful inducement for the removal of the patient.

"(*d.*) The Stockport workhouse hospital is full at present. The new hospital will be fit for reception of patients next month (January).

"3. There is no fixed rule. Each case depends upon its own particular circumstances.

"There are no particular instructions given to the medical officers. They are free to act as discretion prompts them.

"The medical officer and relieving officers work in concert. We have no difficulty as regards the admission of any particular case. Our officers generally agree, and should they differ the Guardians would settle it, but there never has been any difference of opinion which required such settlement."

(A.)
Circulars, &c.

STOKE-UPON-TRENT.

" (1.) The practice which has prevailed in this parish in the cases referred to, and especially so far as relates to those likely to be of a temporary duration, has been invariably where possible to treat them at their own homes.

" 2. The cases exceptional to the above rule and in which the persons applying for relief are removed, when able, to the workhouse hospital for treatment are those principally in which the Guardians are guided by the following considerations :—

" (*a.*) The nature of the disease.

" In all cases in which the nature of the disease is such as to reflect upon the moral character of the applicant, or in which there would be danger to others from contagion, or in which the care and good nursing which cannot be provided for them at home is indispensible.

" (*b.*) The wishes of the patient or his family.

" In every case in which the patient or his family express a preference for treatment in the workhouse their wishes are complied with. This, however, is not of frequent occurrence.

" (*c.*) The nature of the home of the patient.

" In cases in which the patient is living in lodgings, having no home to break up, or in which the home is ill-furnished and not properly cleansed, or for some other reason does not afford the ordinary comforts necessary for the treatment of the sick and renders it objectionable for the patient to remain there.

" (3.) As a rule the sick paupers are only sent to the workhouse hospital upon one or other of the above grounds, or when it is found absolutely necessary to send them.

" The Guardians are, however, in a great measure guided by the advice of the medical officer in attendance, from whom they in every instance receive a certificate setting forth the particulars of the case and sometimes containing a recommendation as to the removal to the hospital or otherwise. The relieving officer upon receipt of this certificate visits the case and ascertains by personal inspection and inquiry the exact circumstances in which the patient and his family are placed by the sickness, the character and sufficiency of the home, and the amount of care and comfort that can be bestowed upon the sick, and upon the report thus obtained by the relieving officers, which either confirms the suggestions of the medical officer or shows cause why it may be unnecessary to carry them out, the Guardians determine the mode to be adopted in the treatment. When, however, the case can be satisfactorily treated at the patient's own home, this method is always preferred by the Guardians, and generally also by the patients themselves."

SUNDERLAND UNION.

" 1. Sick persons applying for relief who have comfortable homes are, as a rule, treated by the district medical officer at their own homes.

" 2. Cases of fever, small-pox, or other infectious or contagious disease were formerly removed, as soon as practicable, to the Sunderland infirmary, where they were treated at the cost of the Guardians. Since the month of November last, these cases have been removed to the infectious hospital at the workhouse (then newly opened). In all ordinary applications for relief by reason of sickness, the Guardians are careful to ascertain, by inquiry, how far the circumstances of each case will admit of the probability of the patient receiving the proper amount of care and attention if treated at home; the wish of

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

the applicant and the opinion of the district medical officer are also consulted by the Guardians to assist them in arriving at a decision.

"3. As a rule, the removal of sick paupers to the workhouse hospital is only resorted to in cases of necessity, the experience of the Guardians being that the sick poor prefer to be treated at home."

SWANSEA UNION.

"1. In reference to the cases of sick persons applying for relief, the Guardians take into consideration, first, the nature of the disease; secondly, whether the patients can be properly treated at their own homes or not; but in cases of fever or other infectious disease the Guardians invariably endeavour to prevent their being brought into the workhouse.

"2. (*a*), (*b*), (*c*), answered above.

"(*d*.) The character and extent of the infirmary accommodation has hitherto been equal to our requirements.

"3. Sick paupers are sent to the infirmary when considered advisable; but, in every case, the Guardians consult the district medical officer as to the propriety or otherwise of the pauper being removed into the workhouse infirmary."

TAUNTON UNION.

"1st. As a general rule, the Board of Guardians of the Taunton Union grant out-door relief to all sick persons applying for relief, the only exception being in cases where the workhouse is deemed best for their health or where they cannot be taken due care of at their homes.

"2nd. Attention is paid to the following considerations:

"(*a*.) The nature of the disease; that is, if the medical officer reports that the sick person would be more likely to recover in the workhouse than at his own home, the Board would, as a general rule, take him into the workhouse.

"(*b*.) The wishes of the patient and his family are always considered, but would not prevail against what the Board thought best.

"(*c*.) The nature of the home of the patient would also be considered in determining the question whether the sick person could have proper care and comfort there.

"(*d*.) There is sufficient infirmary accommodation in the workhouse, but the character and extent of that accommodation would of course guide the Guardians in determining whether they should order a sick person to be taken into the house.

"3rd. As a rule all the sick paupers in the workhouse are sent into the infirmary.

"The district medical officer is allowed, and, in some cases, is called upon by the Board to give his opinion, whether a sick person would or would not be benefited by being sent to the workhouse. The relieving officers do not give an order for the admission of a sick person to the workhouse on the report of the medical officer, but submit such report to the Board of Guardians; it being the rule that all sick persons applying for relief shall be relieved at their own homes.

"The Board of Guardians of this Union subscribe 60*l.* per annum to the Taunton and Somerset Hospital, which has an excellent staff of medical and surgical officers, and is situate near the workhouse; and the Guardians avail themselves of the great benefit of that institution in every case when it is desirable to do so."

ST. THOMAS UNION.

" The Guardians do not, as a rule, approve of treating sick persons applying for relief, in the workhouse infirmary; they prefer relieving the sick at their own homes, unless there are circumstances in connection with their cases which in the Guardians' opinion would render treatment in the workhouse more desirable. In deciding the nature of the relief to be granted stress is laid principally upon the nature of the disease, and the nature of the home of the patient. The wishes of the patient are occasionally entertained, but the character and extent of the infirmary are seldom, if ever, considered.

" As a rule, sick paupers are sent to the infirmary only when it is abolutely necessary.

" The district medical officers occasionally recommend that the sick poor should be treated in the workhouse, but the Guardians usually act without their intervention in any way."

TOWNSHIP OF TOXTETH PARK.

" (1.) If the disease is of a non-infectious or contagious character. If the patients are surrounded by friends who from the fact of their relationship to them are likely to nurse them properly. If they do not require an extraordinary good diet, and there is no objection to the nature of their homes, the Guardians do not urge them to accept relief in the workhouse.

" (2.) (*a.*) The nature of the disease is the first consideration. If it be of an infectious character and the medical officer certifies that removal may take place without danger, the patient is urged by all means to accept in-door treatment, not less for his own sake as for the welfare of others.

" (*b.*) The nature of the home of the patient is considered by the Guardians to be scarcely of less importance than the nature of the disease. If the abode is unsatisfactory and comfortless they invariably urge the patient on the ground of economy and humanity to take in-door relief.

" (*d.*) The character and extent of the infirmary accommodation in the workhouse, the Guardians venture to say, are so satisfactory and ample that the question has never given them any anxiety.

" The district medical officer is required in all cases, if he be of opinion that more effectual treatment can be secured in than out of the workhouse, to state that fact on the face of the certificates which are produced on the hearing of the cases. This recommendation is seldom or never rejected by the Guardians."

TYNEMOUTH UNION.

" In all cases where it is possible for patients to be treated with fair hope of success at their own homes, and without danger to the other members of the family, or the neighbourhood in which they live, they are never removed to the workhouse.

" Sick paupers in general have a great aversion to the workhouse, and, if their home be ever so poor, they generally stick to them with the greatest tenacity.

" In the case of persons suffering from epidemic or infectious diseases, where the medical officer is of opinion that it would be detrimental to the family or neighbourhood for the patients to remain at home, and is also of opinion that they would not suffer by removal, every reasonable

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

effort is made, both by the relieving officer and medical officer, for their removal to the hospital provided by the Tynemouth Local Board of Health, where they are still kept under the superintendence and treatment of the district medical officer. If, however, the consent of the patient cannot be obtained, or the medical officer is of opinion that his (the patient's) health would suffer by removal, then the relieving officer is instructed to furnish all stimulants and nourishments, &c. that may be recommended by the medical officer, and frequently nurses are engaged to attend on them at their own dwellings.

"The wishes of the patient and family are always, as a rule, taken into consideration; and removal to the workhouse infirmary or to the above-mentioned hospital is never forced, except in very extreme cases; and then always with the consent and under the direction of the medical officer.

"In the case of sick vagrant persons, and sailors visiting the port, having neither home nor friends to look after them, they are always ordered by the relieving officer into the workhouse. As a rule sick paupers are only sent to the workhouse infirmary when it is absolutely necessary; and I have to state here that the officers are never prevented from sending patients thereto for want of accommodation.

"In short, in-door treatment is not generally preferred, nor is it recommended where cases can be prudently treated at their own homes.

"If the district relieving officer finds that the case is in a bad locality, and likely to be doubtful of cure, or prejudicial to the public health if left there, he is recommended to consult with the medical officer, both as to the propriety of removing, and whether the patient is in a fit state and able to bear the removal without danger or suffering therefrom. In those cases certainly the report of the relieving officer is based on the recommendation of the medical officer, and to whom a portion of the responsibility accordingly attaches."

WAKEFIELD UNION.

"1. In all cases in which the medical officer recommends the patient to be removed to the hospital or fever wards, or when the relieving officer himself finds that the patient has not a suitable home or efficient attendance, and that the patient's recovery would be more speedy and certain, or that it would be better for the health of the rest of the family, the patient is removed to the workhouse.

"2. In cases of infectious or contagious diseases the patients are generally removed to the wards provided at the workhouse.

"In cases requiring surgical operations, when the home of the patient is not suitable, and the patient or his family do not object, the superior accommodation at the infirmary of the workhouse is called into requisition.

"3. The Guardians do not, as a rule, require sick paupers to be sent to the infirmary or fever wards, unless from the nature of the home of the patient or absence of proper attendants in the patient's family or friends it is found advisable to do so.

"The relieving officer invariably acts upon a recommendation of a district medical officer and sends the patient to the infirmary, and in so doing they have the sanction of the Guardians.

"There is good accommodation in the infirmary and fever wards.

"There has been very much sickness in the fever wards for several months past, such as fevers, itch, small-pox, chicken-pox, and scarlatina, and the patients under the care of the medical officer and nurses have almost invariably done well.

"The Guardians put no restrictions upon the district medical officers recommending the removal of patients to the infirmary when they consider the removal of the patient, either for his own sake or that of his family, or even the inhabitants of the locality, would be better." (A.) *Circulars, &c.*

WALSALL UNION.

"The circumstances mainly taken into account in determining whether sick persons applying for relief shall be treated as in-door or out-door patients, are those mentioned in the second question of your letter, viz.:—

"(*a.*) The nature of the disease.
"(*b.*) The wishes of the patient or his family.
"(*c.*) The nature of the home of the patient.
"(*d.*) The character and extent of the infirmary accommodation in the workhouse.

"Ceteris paribus, and more particularly when sickness is the sole cause of pauperism, the Guardians would prefer in every case to treat a sick pauper at his own home.

"When, however, the nature of the disease is such, that per se, or coupled with the circumstances by which the patient is surrounded at his own home, his cure is considered to be less likely or likely to be less rapid out of than in the house, he is as a rule admitted an in-patient, and should he or his family object to his reception, all suitable means of persuasion are used to induce him to enter. The character and extent of the house infirmary accommodation to some extent control the application of this rule (e. g. the provision for infectious cases is limited), but such accommodation is supplemented by tickets of admission to Birmingham and Wolverhampton hospitals, which are freely given in cases when nature seems to require extraordinary attendances or appliances. In addition to this, the cottage hospital in this town receives with tickets, whenever there is room, any surgical case for whose admission application may be made.

"The medical officers are expected in their books and notes to the relieving officers, to report, whenever in their opinion a removal to the house of any patient they have visited would be desirable, and the decision of the Guardians is much influenced by such a report in any case in respect of which it is made."

WARRINGTON UNION.

"1. All the circumstances of the applicant and family are taken into consideration in the case of sick persons applying for relief, and the Board decide as to whether it would be more satisfactory and beneficial to the pauper, that the case should be admitted an in-door or treated as an out-door patient.

"2. This is answered in the last.

"3. There is no rule, each case is treated on it own merits.

"4. The district medical officer exercises his own judgment as to recommending whether the sick should be treated in the workhouse or at their own homes.

"The Guardians subscribe to the Manchester and Liverpool infirmaries and eye institutions, to the Buxton charity and to the Southport convalescent hospital, and patients are sent to them when recommended by the medical officer."

(A.)
Circulars, &c.

WEST BROMWICH UNION.

" *First.*—The circumstances practically taken into account in determining in the case of sick persons applying for relief whether they shall be recommended as in-door or as out-door patients are: the nature of the disease, the wishes of the patient or his family, and the nature of the home of the patient.

" *Second.*—(*a.*) Some stress is laid upon the nature of the disease. Patients suffering from contagious diseases are but seldom sent into the workhouse. If it be possible to provide for the proper treatment and due care of the case of contagious disease under consideration, the same is treated at the home of the patient, with the view of preventing the introduction of small-pox, fever, and other contagious diseases into the workhouse.

" (*b.*) The wishes of the patient and his family are considered, so far as the nature ef the case will allow.

" (*c.*) Much stress is laid upon the state of the patient's home. In fact this is held to be the great thing to be considered when the question arises as to whether in-door or out-door treatment should be ordered.

" (*d.*) The character and extent of the infirmary accommodation are not much considered.

" *Third.*—As a rule sick paupers are only sent into the workhouse infirmary when it is absolutely necessary. In most cases patients recover with home treatment quite as speedily as similar cases in the infirmary.

" The Guardians rely mainly in all cases upon the recommendation of the relieving officer, but the opinion of the district medical officer, if submitted to them, is duly considered. The Guardians think it would be unwise to prohibit district medical officers from giving their opinion as to whether a sick case should receive in-door or out-door treatment, but the Guardians feel that great care should be taken to prevent patients being sent into the workhouse infirmary for the purpose of lessening the work and responsibility of the district medical officer.

" The Guardians and their officers are of opinion, that with regard to the administration of relief to the sick poor in this Union, the present system works, as a whole, in a satisfactory manner. In a Union of this character it is found much better in sick cases to give sufficient provisional relief on the recommendation of the district medical officers, than to send the patients into the workhouse. It appears to the Guardians of this Union unwise to send more cases into the workhouse than necessary, inasmuch as it is found that in many instances persons who have been inmates of workhouses prefer in-door relief to working for a livelihood."

WEST DERBY UNION.

" In determining whether sick persons applying for relief should be treated at their own homes or sent to the workhouse, the nature of the disease is taken into account, not only as regards the probable duration of the sickness, but also with reference to facility of treatment as well as provision for proper nursing which could be rendered by the pauper's family, and also the extent of accommodation which the residence of the pauper could afford.

" No paupers are removed to the workhouse in direct opposition to their own wishes.

" The extent of hospital accommodation in this Union having heretofore at times been inadequate to the requirements, several patients have been treated at their own homes, who would under other circum-

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

stances have been sent to the workhouse, but such disability is not likely to occur again, after the additional hospital accommodation now under consideration is provided.

"As a rule sick paupers are sent to the workhouse, either upon the recommendation of the medical officers, or when, in the opinion of the relieving officers for the reasons before stated, it may be deemed advisable, and in all serious cases in-door treatment is preferred.

"The province of the medical officers is always recognized in regard to their recommendations that paupers should be sent to the hospital, and it is very seldom that any collision or misunderstanding takes place between them and the relieving officers; at the same time the Guardians, as well as the relieving officers, are aware that an unlimited submission to the wishes of the medical officers in this respect is open to abuse, inasmuch as there is a liability that such last named officers might often recommend the removal of sick paupers to the workhouse, merely to save themselves trouble, responsibility, and expense."

WEYMOUTH UNION.

"As a rule all such persons applying for relief are treated at their own homes, the exceptions are so few as to be unnoticeable. The wishes of sick persons are always deferred to with respect to their entering the workhouse, even when considered necessary, and that almost invariably in-door treatment is objected to."

WHITBY UNION.

"The Guardians are entirely guided by the circumstances of each case. If the sick person applying for relief is not provided (as is frequently the case) with a home suited to his sickly condition, or if provided with a home, has no relative or friend to attend to his wants, the Board recommend in-door relief. If provided with a suitable home, or has a relative or other suitable person to assist in nursing during sickness, the Board recommend out-door relief, especially in those cases where the patients are heads of families.

"2. (*a.*) Great stress is always laid on the nature of the disease. If likely to be protracted, and the patient requires great attention, liberal supply of food, and medicine, &c., in-door treatment is preferred.

"(*b.*) The wishes of the patient or his family (if respectable and trustworthy) are duly taken into consideration, and when practicable, are acceded to.

"(*c.*) See answer to question 1. Sanitary condition of home always taken into account.

"(*d.*) The infirmary accommodation has been found good in character and sufficient in extent.

"3. The Guardians have not adhered to any strict rule. Such paupers are sent to the workhouse, in all cases where it is considered desirable that they should be sent, regard being had to the state of their home, and the nature of their illness. In-door treatment is only preferred and recommended in the cases referred to in answer to question 1.

"The Guardians after duly considering the report of the relieving officer, who always has the opportunity of consulting the district medical officer, determine whether the sick should be treated in their own homes or at the workhouse.

"The Guardians request the relieving officers to confer with the medical district officers in all cases of sickness or temporary disability, and when these cases are reported to the Guardians they adjudicate in each, paying proper regard to the opinions of the medical officers."

(A.)
Circulars, &c.

WHITEHAVEN UNION.

"1. In granting medical or other relief to sick persons, the Guardians take into account the peculiar circumstances of each case. They have not laid down any particular general rule, each case depending on its own merits.

"2. If the disease is infectious out-door relief is granted. The wishes of the patient or his family are not as a rule regarded, but the nature of the patient's home is taken into consideration.

"3. Sick patients are, according to the nature of the disease, and the circumstances of the case, either treated at home, or sent into the workhouse or the infirmary.

"The Guardians take particular care in each case to inform themselves of the facts, and the recommendation of the medical officer or relieving officer receives due consideration, and is generally acted upon, if it is found the officers have not been deceived by the applicant."

WIGAN UNION.

"The circumstances mainly taken into account in determining in the case of sick persons applying for relief, whether they shall be recommended as in-door or out-door patients are the character of the applicants, the state of their dwelling-house (dirty or otherwise), the number of inmates, and the probability of the patient receiving proper attention from his friends.

"(2.) (*a.*) Infectious diseases, such as fever, &c. are generally recommended to the fever hospital in the workhouse, and fractures or other cases requiring constant attention to the workhouse infirmary.

"(*b.*) The wishes of the patient or his family are invariably consulted, and sometimes patients will not accept in-door treatment, and the district medical officer then attends such cases. There are cases, however, in the recollection of your committee, where the patients have been so neglected by their friends that it would have been desirable that the Guardians should have had the power to remove them against their wishes to the infirmary, and also infectious cases where it would have been desirable that the Guardians could have removed the patients to the fever hospital against their wishes.

"(*c.*) If the relieving officer reports that the house is in a filthy state, or that the accommodation is insufficient, or that the patient is not properly attended to by his friends, then the Guardians give an order for the infirmary.

"(*d.*) Your committee find, that no inconvenience has arisen from want of room in the Wigan Union infirmary or fever hospital.

"(3.) As a rule the Guardians recommend the in-door treatment for all serious cases, there being an extremely roomy and comfortable infirmary, with an efficient nurse and assistants, and a medical officer in almost constant attendance.

"The extent to which the district medical officer is expected or allowed to interfere with regard to recommending that the sick should be treated in the workhouse or in their own home, is confined in this Union to urgent cases, when the recommendation of the medical officer forms the basis of the relieving officer's report to the Guardians, with his own opinion thereon, and the latter is usually followed."

(A.) Circulars, &c.

NEW WINCHESTER UNION.

" As a rule sick paupers are only sent into the Union house when it is absolutely necessary, the necessity either being suggested by the medical officer, or his attention drawn to the case by the special direction of the Guardians."

WOLSTANTON AND BURSLEM UNION.

" As a rule the Guardians of this Union are mainly guided by the reports of the medical officers, as to whether or not the sick pauper shall be treated at his own house or sent to the workhouse.

" 1. The circumstances taken into consideration are the suitability of the house for the proper treatment of the patient, the nature of the disease, and the probabilities of speedy restoration.

" 2. In dealing with the sick cases, the Guardians always take into consideration :—

" (*a.*) The nature of the disease.
" (*b.*) The wishes of the patient or his family.
" (*c.*) The home of the patient.
" (*d.*) And more especially the superior facilities for treatment, of the infirmary accommodation in the workhouse.

" 3. The sick poor are more frequently sent to the workhouse infirmary without absolute necessity than otherwise. The in-door treatment generally is preferred and recommended as more efficient.

" The district medical officer's reports are always treated with due consideration, as they are made upon the personal visits of the officer to the patient, after the order of the relieving officer is issued; but the practice of the Guardians is to require in each case the medical officer's certificate as well as the report of the relieving officer, before determining whether the sick shall be treated at their own home or the workhouse.

" When extras are ordered by the medical officers to be supplied at the home of the patient, or where such officer recommends the workhouse, such order or recommendation is respected. Extras are given to a fair extent in this Union.

" In addition to the workhouse infirmary accommodation (which is good, a male and female's nurse being employed) the Guardians subscribe annually to the North Staffordshire infirmary, where they send cases of fever when recommended by the medical officers."

WOLVERHAMPTON UNION.

" The circumstances mainly taken into account in determining in the case of sick persons applying for relief, whether they shall have in-door or out-door relief, are the income and position of the applicant, and the nature of his or her home, and, in some cases, the nature of the disease.

" Stress is laid upon the nature of the disease where it is a venereal case, the rule in this Union being to treat all such cases in the workhouse; all other cases are dealt with as out-door relief cases, if the Board are satisfied that they can with the relief afforded them have proper care and attention at their homes. The Guardians think that the infirmary accommodation at this workhouse is sufficient.

" As a rule, sick paupers are only sent to the infirmary when it is absolutely necessary.

(A.)
Circulars, &c.

"In this Union we do not act upon the recommendation of the district medical officer that a sick pauper should be treated in the workhouse without further inquiry. The Guardians require the relieving officer to make a full report to them as to the circumstances of the case, and are guided by his report in making an order for in-door or out-door relief. In no case is an order made without a thorough investigation."

WORCESTER UNION.

"The recommendations of the medical officers are, as far as practicable, carried out so as not to interfere with the wishes of the family of the patient; the nature of the disease, and also the nature of the home of the patient is always taken into consideration. It is believed the accommodation of the workhouse infirmary is sufficient; sick paupers as a rule are only sent to the infirmary when it is absolutely necessary. The district medical officers are allowed to recommend that sick paupers be treated in the workhouse or infirmary, but if the patient or his family desire that he should be treated at home, and state they will take every care of him, then the Guardians consent to his not being sent to the workhouse or infirmary."

GREAT YARMOUTH.

"1. The views of the Guardians on the cases referred to in this paragraph, are mainly based upon the reports of the relieving officer as to the severity of the disease, the state of the home, and the means for proper nursing and care of the patient, with a view to effect a recovery as speedily as possible. The report of the relieving officer is coupled with the opinion of the medical officer as to the fitness of the patient for removal to the workhouse and the means most conducive to the successful treatment of the case.

"2. (*a.*) If the patient is suffering from any contagious or infectious disease it is always thought advisable to effect a speedy removal (if possible) and in these cases to a separate building, not communicating at the workhouse and called The White Hospital.

"(*b.*) The Guardians are always anxious to consult the wishes of the patient and his family, and to avoid adding mental suffering to the bodily affliction of a patient, by removing from, and breaking up a home.

"(*c.*) The house of the patient is always a consideration, but more particularly when the means at hand for the use of the patient are scanty, and the nursing inadequate.

"(*d.*) The character and extent of the accommodation at the workhouse never prevents the admission of any patient suffering from any disease whatever; as the White Hospital and infirmary wards of the workhouse afford first rate accommodation for both contagious and infectious diseases on the one hand; and cases of an ordinary kind however severe, but contra-distinguished from those named, on the other.

"3. The Guardians do not, as a rule, confine themselves to the treatment of sick paupers at the White Hospital or workhouse, but deal with each separate case as regards in or out-relief, as in their discretion seems best.

"Lastly. The Board does not in any case direct the removal of a patient to the workhouse if such patient is deemed by the medical officer to be in an unfit state; but, as a rule, they have almost invariably

determined that all contagious or infectious diseases for the safety of the public at large, and for the purposes of isolation and proper treatment, should be removed to the White Hospital at the workhouse."

YORK UNION.

"(1.) In determining in the case of sick persons applying for relief, whether they shall be recommended as in-door or as out-door patients, they take into consideration:

"(2.) (*a.*) The nature of the disease,

"(*c.*) The nature of the home of the patient,

"(*d.*) And the character of the family of which he is a member.

"(*d.*) The character and extent of the infirmary accommodation at the York workhouse leaves nothing to be desired, and that when the Guardians have before them a case of serious sickness, where the pauper resides in a badly furnished or ill ventilated apartment, or where he cannot have the ordinary requirements of a sick person, they recommend in-door treatment as best adapted to meet the case. So also in cases where the family is notoriously improvident, or where a person is sick, and has no near relative, or other person qualified and willing, properly to nurse the patient, then they consider in-door relief is desirable. In the case of very old persons living in single rooms, with no one to care for them, they recommend in-door treatment, first as best adapted to the necessities of the case, and the comfort of the patient; and next because out-door relief often leads to a heavy charge in having to provide nurses where such aged people become irremovable.

"In the case of artisans and labourers who are suddenly seized with illness, which deprives the bread-winner of the means of subsistence, and who have a comfortable home and can be properly nursed, or when any member of such family is afflicted with sickness, the Guardians recommend out-door relief, which avoids the necessity of breaking up the home and enables the family on a restoration of health, more readily to become independent of the poor rates.

"As to the particular stress laid upon the four considerations stated in the circular, the Guardians more particularly are guided by the nature of the disease, and the nature of the home of the patient, combined with his character.

"(*b.*) The wish of the patient or his family they frequently decline to consider.

"(3.) With workhouse accommodation for between 300 and 400 sick paupers, the Guardians largely avail themselves of its use for those persons who they consider can be best treated there, and in-door treatment is generally preferred, and recommended, except in cases where the Guardians believe that the pauper can be well cared for at home. Each case is considered and judged upon, on its own merits, the above general principles being in the main adhered to.

"The Board does not seek the intervention of its district medical officers, as to whether sick persons should be treated in the workhouse or in their own homes; but their opinion is frequently taken as to whether the case under consideration is one in which the patient is in a fit state for removal.

"The Board requires from the relieving officer a full statement of the circumstances attaching to each case, obtained from a personal visit by him at the pauper's home, some one is also heard on the part of the

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

applicant, and the Guardians judging on this information and on their own knowledge, determine whether the relief should be in-door or out-door.

"The Guardians not unfrequently find cases where temporary sickness of a slight character is made an excuse by idle and imprudent persons to obtain out-door relief, against such imposition they steadily set their faces, believing that of all the modes of imposition practised upon Boards of Guardians by a class of persons who desire to become habitual paupers, this is the one which should be most closely watched.

"As the Guardians make extensive use of the sick wards of their workhouse they have made a corresponding provision for the comfort of the inmates, and they have a decided opinion that there is in a Union like York, a large class of sick paupers who cannot be treated with any chance of success, otherwise than in the workhouse. The amount which the Board feels justified in giving as out-door relief can do little to provide comforts for the sick, and when extra provisions are furnished, on the medical officer's requisition, the difficulty remains, that in the majority of cases, the attendants on the sick, have neither the knowledge, nor the means to cook them to advantage."

No. 9.

Relief to Members of Benefit Societies.—Letter from the Poor Law Board to R. H. Paget, Esq., M.P.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, S.W.,
5th January 1870.

Sir,

I am directed by the Poor Law Board to acknowledge the receipt of your Letter of the 14th ultimo, in which you ask them to give definite information on the following questions bearing upon the very important and difficult subject of the relations between workmen's clubs or benefits societies and the Poor Law system of this country.

You state the case of two widows, each having the same number of children, one of whom is in receipt of six shillings from a benefit society, while the other is totally without resources. The latter receives ten shillings a week poor relief, the former only four shillings; the aggregate income of each being ten shillings a week.

You inquire "whether the Guardians of your Union would be "legally justified in granting any relief to the widow in receipt of "the six shillings from the benefit society beyond the four shillings "which they now give?

And, "If so, to what extent?"

In answer to these precise questions as to the legal bearings of the case, I am directed to state that, in the opinion of the Board, the Guardians would not be justified, according to the strict law applicable to such cases, in giving to the widow in question any further relief than such an amount as would, together with the sum she was receiving from the benefit society, render the amount of her weekly income equal, and no more than equal, to that amount which the Guardians hold to be necessary to relieve the destitution of a person similarly circumstanced, but who has no other means of support.

In your third question, you ask "on what principle are amounts re- "ceived from benefit societies to be dealt with by Boards of Guar- "dians in granting relief?" The Board, in answering your two previous questions have treated the matter as one of law rather than

policy, as they understand you require a precise answer for immediate use. With regard, however, to the general aspect of the case, I am directed to call your attention to a minute circulated by the Poor Law Commissioners in the year 1840, on the question of allowing medical relief to persons receiving sick pay from a benefit society. In this minute the Commissioners reviewed the relation between benefit societies and the Poor Law system of this country, and pointed out that "when an application is made for relief by a person who possesses "some means of supporting himself, whether from a friendly society "or otherwise, the Guardians will only have to consider what are the "absolute wants of the applicant and his family, which cannot be sup- "plied from these partial resources. If the applicant has the right "to the attendance of a medical man and medicines, in respect of "his belonging to a friendly society," this will, of course, not be one of the wants to be provided by the Guardians; if he has not this right, the Guardians will give him medical relief in the same manner as it would be given to any other person unable to provide it for himself.

"With regard to the money allowance granted by the friendly society, the Guardians cannot but take into account this allowance in estimating the resources of the applicant and his family, and if they acted in consistency with universal admitted principles of Poor Law administration, the Guardians would not grant further aid than would be sufficient, together with this allowance, to relieve the destitution of the applicant and his family to the same extent as they would relieve the destitution of any other applicant and his family not being a subscriber to a friendly society.

"The Commissioners, however, believe that in practice the Guardians have treated the friendly society allowance as in some degree more immediately destined for the restoration of the health and strength of the subscriber, and have, therefore granted a larger allowance to the family than would have been given if no such consideration had presented itself. The Commissioners have not deemed it advisable for the present to interfere with this mode of proceeding, but they intertain no doubt that it will, at no distant period, be found to be more in accordance with the interest of the labouring classes to carry out the principles adverted to at the commencement of these observations, and not to permit the contributors of friendly societies to receive relief at the same time from the funds of the contributors and the poor rates."

With these views of the Commissioners the Board fully concur. They would further observe that the Commissioners state, in the same minute, that their views are corroborated by the practice of the working classes themselves. "From the evidence received in this office, the "Poor Law Commissioners have carefully considered the question, in "what cases and to what extent a man who, as a member of a friendly "society, is entitled to certain advantages in respect of it, ought to "receive parochial relief? The chief principles of the Poor Law "Amendment Act received their strongest corroboration from the "examples set by the labouring classes themselves, in the adminis- "tration of relief to the members of their own friendly societies. "From the evidence received on this topic, especially from Mr. Tidd "Pratt, the barrister charged with the revision of their rules, it ap- "pears that on no point was their opinion and practice more decided and "unanimous than in the prohibition of partial relief. They constantly "acted on the rule that, whatever were the apparent special circum- "stances of the particular case, entire and undivided reliance on one "source or other should be rigorously enforced. They were well aware

(A.) *Circulars, &c.*

" that where, by any arrangement, more than one source of relief is " opened to the same individual at the same time, the vigilance of the " dispensers of relief is weakened, their means of protecting the funds " under their charge are diminished, and an increased and undue reliance " on the divided and extended sources is created, which is moreover " always attended by an influx of fraudulent claims. The labourers " who act on the principles set forth in the best considered rules of the " friendly societies would, no doubt, decide that it were better that " benefit societies should not exist at all, than that they should exist as " means to eke out the amounts of a pauper's allowance, and add to " the inducements to obtain and rely on such an allowance."

The Board regret to observe, from the communication now made to them, that some of the Somersetshire colliers look in a totally different light upon their claims to parish relief. In stating the special case of the two widows, they assume that, notwithstanding the annuity received by one of them, the two women are left in the same position. But that is far from being the fact. In the great majority of similar cases of able-bodied widows with families, either the widow herself or some of the children are able, by their own work, to add to the income of the family.

The widow receiving 6*s.* a week from the benefit club would, so soon as she and her children earned the small sum of 4*s.*, be beyond the line of pauperism, while the other would, in all probability, remain under the line.

Again, so soon as the widow in the present case earned 5*s.* a week she would be in receipt of a larger income than the other could ever hope to reach. The latter could never look to receive more than that minimum relief which the Guardians are alone empowered to grant. It must be assumed throughout that the Guardians do not grant more than minimum relief; that is to say, relief adequate, but not more than adequate, to meet the absolute necessities of the applicants. It must also be assumed that the Guardians may at any moment apply the workhouse test. Minimum out-door relief or the workhouse are therefore the alternatives from which the widow left totally destitute cannot escape, unless she should be able to provide for the entire maintenance of herself and her family, while every contribution received from a benefit society makes it more probable that even with very limited earnings she may escape from these contingencies.

The Board cannot admit, as a practical argument, that able-bodied widows and their children in receipt of 6*s.* a week from a benefit society would, as a matter of course, come upon the rates. And they would further point out the great difficulty in drawing distinctions between annuities from benefit societies and other kinds of property. If, instead of subscribing to the benefit society, the husband had invested in a savings bank, he would have shown himself equally prudent, and, on the principle contended for, his widow might equally claim to have the property thus bequeathed to her left out of account, if she asked for parish relief. Property left to a widow in cottages or derived from a policy of insurance on the husband's life might be held to establish a similar claim.

The result accordingly would be that a vast number of persons not destitute would be encouraged to become paupers. The principle of leaving property bequeathed to widows out of account in granting relief would establish the principle that the rates were not the very last resource of the poorest class, but a collateral insurance fund to which not destitution alone, but the receipt of annuities from other sources would establish a claim.

(A.) *Circular, &c.*

In the opinion of the Board, it would not be expedient to administer poor rates, which are levied from all classes down to those on the very verge of destitution, in such a manner as to cause them to be recognized by the working classes of the country as a provision substituted by the law of the land for that which, in the absence of such a system, they would be willing to provide for themselves and their families through the medium of benefit societies. The Board regard the prosperity and extension of these benefit societies as a matter of extreme importance, and would be anxious to encourage their establishment by all legitimate means. But the Board, as at present advised, believe that this encouragement could not safely be given by allowing the poor rates to be treated as a subsidiary fund. The Board cannot shut their eyes to the fact, that the only safe basis on which the system of benefit societies can rest, under the present system of the legal right to relief, is, that they afford the means of providing, in times of distress or disability, a more eligible, respectable, and liberal maintenance than that supplied under the poor law, and that they should be still regarded as a mode for avoiding the degradation of parish support, rather than as conferring a title by which a claim to such support may be established even beyond the line of actual destitution.

You will understand, from the foregoing remarks, that the present state of the law is clear upon the point on which you ask for explanation, and that the wishes of the colliers, to which you allude, could not legally be complied with. But I am directed to add, that the attention of the Board will continue to be most earnestly directed to this important subject, and that any representations made to them will receive their most careful consideration.

I am, &c.
H. Fleming,
Secretary.

To
R. H. Paget, Esq., M.P.,
Cranmore Hall, Shepton Mallet.

(B.)—Reports, &c.

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No. 10.

EDUCATION of PAUPER CHILDREN.—REPORT for the Year 1869 of E. CARLETON TUFNELL, Esq., on the METROPOLITAN DISTRICT.

SIR,

DURING the past year I have inspected 246 schools, in which I found 14,996 children. Of these, 7,233 were in the county of Middlesex, and may be considered as metropolitan pauper children. In the country Unions the children do not appear to have increased, but in the metropolis there has been a considerable increase, which may be attributed to two causes, either the increase of pauperism in London, or the increased tendency of the Guardians to send children to the pauper schools instead of giving them out-relief. I am not in a position to discover to which of these two causes the increase is chiefly owing. The distress in some parts of London has certainly had some effect in increasing the number of children thrown upon the rates, but I am disposed to think that the increase has been owing in a greater degree to the disposition of the Guardians to avail themselves more extensively of the excellent education given in these pauper schools. In the country Unions there has been no increase at all. This seems to me to prove that the increase of pauper children has been owing to some general cause, such as I have mentioned,—the tendency of the Guardians to avail themselves more extensively of the dispauperising influences of the large London schools.

Cause of the increase of children in pauper schools.

It is a very rare circumstance for any child brought up in these large pauper schools to fail to maintain an independent livelihood, when launched into the world. The education therein imparted not only seems to stop hereditary pauperism, which was once the great blot on poor law administration, but to have a sort of retroactive effect, in inducing such a dislike to dependence on the rates in those children trained in these establishments, that they not only become dispauperised themselves, but seek and often succeed in dispauperising their relations. Whatever doubts may exist as to the best method of providing for the large and increasing mass of London adult paupers and vagrants, there can be none as to the best method of treating children who are thrown entirely for support on the rates. They ought to be brought up in large district schools, and when so treated, there is a tolerable certainty that they will be thoroughly dispauperised, and never again apply for parochial relief. It is alleged, with what truth I don't pretend to decide, that some of the modes in use for relieving adult pauperism tend to increase the evil they are designed to alleviate; it is clear to me that no such disastrous result can flow from the district school system, as I have ascertained that not 4 per cent. of those reared in these establishments fail to become independent workpeople.

Effect of the education in London pauper schools.

It has been suspected that the very excellence of these schools has the evil tendency of inducing parents to desert their families, knowing that their children will be well taken care of in these schools. It is difficult to test the truth of this allegation, as the motives which impel people to any particular course of action are never easy to discover, but, from inquiries I have made occasionally of persons who would be likely to be acquainted with the facts, I do not believe that the desire of parents simply to benefit their children has any material influence in inducing desertion of them. At all events, to deteriorate the schools with the view of destroying the motive to desertion, would end in rearing as future paupers the large masses of children, who must under

all circumstances be dependent on the rates, and thus probably increase pauperism instead of diminishing it.

Dispauperising effect of district schools.

The most pleasing aspect of pauper administration arises from witnessing the thorough dispauperising effect on all who have been educated in district schools. The apparent exceptions to this favourable result, which are sometimes to be met with, generally turn out on inquiry to be confirmations of the truth of this theory. Whenever I have observed large boys or girls in these shools, who are obviously old enough and strong enough to earn their living, the almost invariable answer to my inquiries respecting them is, that they have only been a short time in the establishment; in other words, they have not been trained in it, and therefore cannot be recommended as intelligent and trustworthy servants. Those children who enter these schools at 12 or 14 years of age are the least satisfactory in their conduct, and the most difficult to be dealt with.

Causes of the increased cost of children in large schools.

Many complaints have been made as to the cost of these schools, and it must be admitted that this often exceeds considerably that in workhouse schools. The explanation is, that when a large number of children are collected together, the managers see that various opportunities of employing and instructing the children present themselves, all tending to their future dispauperisation, and the expense so incurred is one of the chief causes of the enhanced cost. Thus it is found that one of the best occupations to which the boys can be brought up to is that of band-boys, to supply the demand for musicians in the army and navy. The boys so trained invariably turn out well, and the list appended to this Report shows that 161 have been so provided for during the past year. Now I find it difficult to maintain a band unless there are at the least 150 boys to choose from, and this implies a school, including girls and infants, of 400 or 500 children. But the expense of the instruments will be 100*l.*; they will require continual repairs, and a bandmaster must be engaged and a room appropriated for practice. Again, the health of these children, subject as they are to cutaneous diseases, requires continual bathing, the arrangements for which are attended with considerable expense, and are infinitely superior in the large schools to what they ever are in any workhouse school. The managers of the Central London District School were so careful of the health of the children, that they determined to have a resident medical officer, built a house for him, and engaged him to devote his whole time to the school. All these arrangements of course involve considerable expense, which would never be incurred in a small establishment; but the money is not thrown away, it is well laid out, and produces an adequate return in those who are benefited by it. If we were to reduce the salaries and numerous dispauperising influences, which distinguish district schools, to the scale usual in workhouse schools, we might easily diminish the expenditure, but to the injury of the children.

Effect of placing the Marylebone children in a school apart from the Workhouse.

I add in a note the result of three years' experience of one of these large schools belonging to the parish of Marylebone. The parish may congratulate itself on the effect of the expenditure on their excellent school at Southall; and if the contrast is now made between these results and those experienced when the children were kept in the workhouse precincts, I think the self-satisfaction of the parishioners will be infinitely increased.*

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* *Note.*—During the past three years 97 boys and 41 girls have left these schools for industrial employment; viz.,

57 boys for regimental bands; 2 of whom are dead, and the rest are doing well, 2 of them being under instruction at the Training School for Bandmasters at Kneller Hall.

(B.)
Reports, &c.

No real difficulty has ever arisen as a consequence of the large size of district schools.

The size of these large district schools has been sometimes urged as an objection to them. I do not believe that there is any real difficulty in managing a pauper school of 1,500 children, if there is accommodation and staff proportionate to the numbers On the contrary, it is my impression that the largest schools are, *cæteris paribus*, the best managed, and offer greater facilities for good management, for the reasons above given. Moreover, it is easy to see how the objections to large schools have arisen. If we put 1,000 children into an establishment fitted only for 800, of course difficulties immediately arise, owing to the increased numbers. This has actually been the case in several of the large London schools during the past year. They have been overcrowded, and hence complaints of the aggregation of large numbers, which would never have occurred, if no school had contained more children than that for which it was built.

I sometimes hear objections to these large schools on the ground of the illness supposed to be engendered in them by the collection of a multitude of children in one establishment. My experience goes to the opposite conclusion, that the illness in small workhouse schools is very much beyond what is met with in the large district schools; and when illness does occur in these large schools, it is much sooner cured, owing to the admirable hospital and sick appliances, which the size of these establishments has enabled the Guardians to supply. All pauper schools are continually sending away healthy children and receiving sick, and there is extreme difficulty, in consequence of these perpetual changes, in estimating by averages the sickness in them, and comparing it with populations differently circumstanced. I can only state facts, which I have observed on particular days, selected by chance when I have happened to visit the schools.

Superior healthiness of large schools.

The two largest schools in London are the Central London and the South Metropolitan. When I last visited the Central London school, 5·3 per cent. of the boys and 5·1 per cent. of the girls were in the hospital. I have now before me a similar account of illness in two country Unions, which shows that in one 33 per cent. of the girls were in hospital, and in the other 72 per cent. of the boys. Nothing like this amount of illness has ever prevailed in any district school, and I can imagine the outcry that would be raised if in any one of these district schools anything approaching this amount of illness in the country Unions was known to exist. The truth is, that in the country schools the small absolute number of sick escapes notice, though the proportionate amount of sickness is often immense. In the large district schools, the splendid children's hospitals that have been erected in all of them—and I believe that no better buildings for these purposes exist anywhere than may be seen in the Central London, the North Surrey, and the South Metropolitan District Schools—enable the medical

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11 for domestic service; 6 of whom remain in that kind of employment, 1 is otherwise employed and doing well, 1 is living with an uncle, 1 has been returned to the schools, and 2 have been lost sight of.

13 as apprentices to various trades; 11 of whom continue in their situations, 1 has left and been lost sight of, and 1 is dead.

12 as sailors; 11 of whom are following that calling, and 1 has returned to join his mother.

4 to their friends, who are bringing them up to some business.

41 girls have been sent to domestic service, and 2 are serving as pupil-teachers. Of these 30 are known to be doing well in service, 7 are now with their friends, 3 are now in Servants' Homes, and 1 is in the workhouse.

Master's Office,
December 29th, 1869.

officers to cure disease with a rapidity and certainty utterly beyond the results attainable in small establishments. As some proof of this, I may mention that in the Central London District School, where children are admitted in any state of disease, from 2 to 14, only two deaths have occurred in the last 13 months amongst an average of 1,100 children. In the South Metropolitan school it once happened that between June 1859 and March 1861, a period of twenty-one months, only one death took place amongst an average of 1,000 children from the age of 4 to 14. I have been informed by medical men that this shows a degree of vitality almost unprecedented.

Extraordinary vitality in large district schools.

I am glad to report that now the whole of the London pauper children, numbering about 8,000, are in separate or district schools, far removed from the contact of adult pauperism, and those children who have the full benefit of these schools will, I venture to predict, never become applicants for parish relief, when they have once been placed out in the world.

I have, &c.
E. CARLETON TUFNELL,
H. M. Inspector of Schools.

To the President of
the Poor Law Board.

(B.)
Reports, &c.

BOYS ENLISTED from the under-mentioned SCHOOLS into the BANDS of the ARMY or NAVY during 1869.

NAME OF BOY.	Instrument played by Boy.	Regimental or Naval Band in which enlisted.	School from which enlisted.
F. B.	Bombardon	H.M.S. St. Vincent	Central London District School.
B. B.	Circular Bass	63d Regiment	
J. B.	Euphonium		
G. C.	E♭ Horn		
H. F.	Trombone		
F. L.	Side Drum	89th Regiment	
R. M.	E♭ Horn	63d Regiment	
R. R.	Cornet	H.M.S. St. Vincent	
S. J. R.	Soprano		
R. W.	Trombone	Middlesex Rifles	
W. G. W.	Cornet	63d Regiment	
P. H.	Soprano	H.M.S. Implacable	Stepney Industrial School.
M. C.	1st Cornet	13th Light Infantry	
M. M.	Bass		
H. R.	2d Cornet	32d Regiment	
C. T.	Bass		
G. V.	Bass	25th Regiment	
H. M'N.	1st Cornet		
J. R.	Saxhorn and Clarionet	1st Royal Dragoon Guards.	
W. B.	Saxhorn		
T. M.	2d Cornet		
J. S.	1st Cornet and Clarionet	32d Regiment	
J. W.	Saxhorn and Soprano	17th Regiment	
J. P.	1st Cornet	7th Regiment	
J. P.	Bass	15th Regiment	
J. C.	Flute and Clarionet		
H. K.	1st Cornet		
J. C.	Cornet		
H. A.	Solo Tenor	42d Regiment	Marylebone Industrial School.
E. C.	Cornet		
A. D.	Baritone	98th Regiment	
J. D.	Cornet		
J. M.	Side Drum	34th Regiment	
W. R.	Clarionet		
W. G.	Solo Euphonium	—	
W. M.	Clarionet	24th Regiment	
W. K.	Solo Tenor		
G. P.	Trombone		
G. O.	Tenor		
F. B.	Baritone		
F. S.	Bombardon		
G. R.	Tenor		
P. W.	Trombone	91st Regiment	
R. M.	Clarionet		
J. W.	Circular Bombardon		
P. P.	Clarionet		
E. S.	Piccolo		
T. C.	Clarionet		
I. C.	Cornet	97th Regiment	
W. H.	Trombone	95th Regiment	
R. A.	Bombardon		
W. A.	Tenor	37th Regiment	
A. C.	Trombone		
J. O.	Cornet		
B. A.	Trombone	62d Regiment	
W. S.	Solo Euphonium		
G. F.	Bombardon		
J. L.	Clarionet		

Boys enlisted from the under-mentioned Schools, &c.—*continued.*

Name of Boy.	Instrument played by Boy.	Regimental or Naval Band in which enlisted.	School from which enlisted.
J. R.	Euphonium	50th Regiment	Forest Gate District School.
J. M.	E♭ Clarionet and Alto Horn.	30th Regiment	Forest Gate District School.
R. W.	Cornet	44th Regiment	Forest Gate District School.
W. T.	Cornet	44th Regiment	Forest Gate District School.
J. B.	Euphonium	44th Regiment	Forest Gate District School.
H. N.	Alto Horn	44th Regiment	Forest Gate District School.
H. B.	Alto Horn	40th Regiment	Forest Gate District School.
W. C.	Cornet	40th Regiment	Forest Gate District School.
E. L.	E♭ Clarionet	40th Regiment	Forest Gate District School.
A. A.	E♭ Clarionet	40th Regiment	Forest Gate District School.
W. P.	Trombone	25th Regiment	Forest Gate District School.
E. B.	Side Drum	25th Regiment	Forest Gate District School.
R. R.	Cornet	Rifle Brigade	Forest Gate District School.
T. W.	Cornet	Rifle Brigade	Forest Gate District School.
J. W.	Cornet	69th Regiment	Forest Gate District School.
W. W.	Side Drum	69th Regiment	Forest Gate District School.
R. L.	Alto Horn	69th Regiment	Forest Gate District School.
J. E.	Piccolo	47th Regiment	St. Saviour's Industrial School.
C. P.	Cornet	47th Regiment	St. Saviour's Industrial School.
C. C.	Cornet	89th Regiment	St. Saviour's Industrial School.
G. P.	Cornet	89th Regiment	St. Saviour's Industrial School.
W. B.	Clarionet	89th Regiment	St. Saviour's Industrial School.
W. W.	Cornet	89th Regiment	St. Saviour's Industrial School.
H. H.	Bass	89th Regiment	St. Saviour's Industrial School.
H. L.	Tenor	89th Regiment	St. Saviour's Industrial School.
T. R.	Cornet	89th Regiment	St. Saviour's Industrial School.
F. T.	Bass	64th Regiment	St. Saviour's Industrial School.
A. S.	Clarionet	64th Regiment	St. Saviour's Industrial School.
R. F.	Horn	64th Regiment	St. Saviour's Industrial School.
G. D.	Horn	64th Regiment	St. Saviour's Industrial School.
G. T.	Bugle	108th Regiment	Portsea Island Industrial School.
A. M'D.	Bugle	108th Regiment	Portsea Island Industrial School.
W. M.	Cornet	46th Regiment	Portsea Island Industrial School.
C. H.	Bass	46th Regiment	Portsea Island Industrial School.
G. W.	Horn	46th Regiment	Portsea Island Industrial School.
J. T.	Alto Horn	46th Regiment	Portsea Island Industrial School.
H. T.	E♭ Saxhorn	46th Regiment	Portsea Island Industrial School.
C. S.	Cornet	99th Regiment	Portsea Island Industrial School.
E. C.	Cornet	99th Regiment	Portsea Island Industrial School.
C. R.	Bass	99th Regiment	Portsea Island Industrial School.
H. S.	Bugle and Side Drum	11th Regiment	Portsea Island Industrial School.
T. H.	Cornet	11th Regiment	Portsea Island Industrial School.
H. H.	French Horn	11th Regiment	Portsea Island Industrial School.
W. C.	Cornet	11th Regiment	Portsea Island Industrial School.
G. B.	Cornet	H.M.S. Boscawen	Portsea Island Industrial School.
J. W.	Cornet	H.M.S. St. Vincent	Portsea Island Industrial School.
W. H.	Alto Horn	H.M.S. St. Vincent	Portsea Island Industrial School.
J. B.	Euphonium	H.M.S. St. Vincent	Portsea Island Industrial School.
A. M.	Euphonium	65th Regiment	Shoreditch Industrial School.
W. H.	Baritone	65th Regiment	Shoreditch Industrial School.
G. T.	Cornet	65th Regiment	Shoreditch Industrial School.
J. H. H.	Cornet	6th Regiment	Shoreditch Industrial School.
A. J.	Euphonium	11th Regiment	Shoreditch Industrial School.
J. D.	Tenor Horn	11th Regiment	Shoreditch Industrial School.
H. M.	Cornet	17th Regiment	Shoreditch Industrial School.
R. P.	Euphonium	17th Regiment	Shoreditch Industrial School.

(B.)
Reports, &c.

Boys enlisted from the under-mentioned Schools, &c.—*continued.*

NAME OF BOY.	Instrument played by Boy.	Regimental or Naval Band in which enlisted.	School from which enlisted.
C. B.	2d Cornet		
D. M'L.	1st Cornet	71st Regiment	
J. W.	1st Cornet		
F. P.	1st Cornet		St. George's-in-the-East Industrial School.
W. H.	1st Cornet		
C. S.	2d Tenor	13th Light Infantry	
J. B.	Bass		
D. G. S.	Bass		
J. C.	1st Tenor		
S. M.	Tenor Horn	21st Hussars	
W. N.	Euphonium		Reading and Wokingham District School.
J. A.	Cornet	26th Cameronians	
T. V.	Cornet		
G. A.	Euphonium	105th Regiment	
I. L.	Cornet and Side Drum		
S. T.	Euphonium and Side Drum.	12th Regiment	Islington Industrial School.
C. C.	Tenor Saxhorn		
F. B.	Cornet	6th Regiment	
T. S.	Baritone	H.M.S. St. Vincent	
T. S.	Euphonium		Brighton Industrial School.
H. L.	Tenor	H.M.S. Impregnable	
G. L.	Tenor		
F. M.	$B\flat$ Cornet	18th Royal Irish	St. Mary's Orphange, North Hyde.
D. S.	$E\flat$ Bass	5th Lancers	
T. P.	Euphonium	102d Regiment	
C. B.	Euphonium	5th Fusiliers	West Ham Industrial School.
D. H.	Cornet		
F. H.	Cornet	104th Regiment	
J. A.	Fife	1st Rifles	Bradfield Industrial School.
E. F.	1st Cornet	30th Regiment	
H. S.	2d Cornet		
G. S.	1st Cornet	Royal Artillery	
A. P.	Baritone		
G. B.	2d Cornet	5th Fusiliers	
A. P.	1st Cornet		North Surrey District School.
H. R.	2d Cornet	2d Regiment	
C. C.	1st Tenor		
W. B.	1st Cornet	47th Regiment	
W. B.	Baritone		
A. M.	1st Cornet	87th Regiment	
W. T.	Bass	60th Rifles	
E. E.	$E\flat$ Clarionet		South Metropolitan District School.
J. P.	Side Drum	39th Regiment	
W. M.	Bass	30th Regiment	
E. F.	1st Cornet	33d Regiment	Westminster Industrial School.
W. J.	Euphonium	50th Regiment	
D. C.	Euphonium		

No. 11.

EDUCATION OF PAUPER CHILDREN.—REPORT, for the years 1868 and 1869, of H. G. BOWYER, Esq., on the EASTERN AND MIDLAND DISTRICT.

SIR,

I WAS unable, in consequence of a severe illness, to report on the condition of my district in the year 1868–69; and I am not in a position to submit a complete report for the present year as I have been compelled, by the slowness of my recovery, to pass half of it in enforced idleness, for the benefit of which rest I am indebted to the indulgence of the Poor Law Board.

It would be superfluous, under these circumstances, to make any detailed statement upon the condition of pauper education within my district during the year 1868. For whatever may be the utility of such details when presented in the year following (of which utility long experience has not inspired me with a high opinion) there can be none whatever when the report has been delayed for a longer period. Moreover, this department of elementary education is not in process of development like that administered by the Committee of Council on Education. It was organized, on its present basis, many years ago, as a part of the workhouse system; and such it mainly remains to this day. The results of workhouse education, therefore, vary but slightly from one year to another, and it is only by looking back ten or twenty years that any general or striking progress can be perceived. It might indeed have been for some years back sufficiently precise for any useful purpose to state that the instruction had, in a few schools, improved, owing to favourable circumstances, and had retrograded, in a few other schools, owing to opposite causes; but that the general level of workhouse education remained much the same. The constant supervision of the Inspectors of these schools can (with the existing organization of pauper education) attain no greater result than the maintenance of the present standard.

Workhouse education stationary since last report.

For a description of the present state of workhouse instruction and industrial training, it will therefore suffice to refer to my general report for the year 1867–68, as I do not think that there is any statement in it that is not equally applicable to the present time. It is only on the subject of the general organization of pauper education that I have any new facts or observations to offer.

Formation of the West Bromwich and Walsall school district.

In my last report I ventured to express the opinion that the only direction in which the improvement of pauper education was practicable would be found to be the consolidation of the smaller schools into a lesser number of larger ones, and their total separation from the workhouse. I regret that I cannot report any movement towards consolidation except the single instance of the formation of a school district consisting of the West Bromwich and Walsall Unions, which have agreed to erect a school building calculated to contain 300 children. It is much to be regretted that the Lichfield and Penkridge Unions have not joined the district, but it may be hoped that the example set by the Walsall and West Bromwhich Unions will not long prove barren.

Stoke-upon-Trent new separate school.

The cluster of Unions comprising the Potteries also appear to offer great facilities for consolidation into a district school, as their workhouses are within easy access of each other, and there is the additional advantage in this case that the building is already provided. The Board of Stoke-upon-Trent have erected a handsome school building for the accommodation of 500 children, furnished with every appliance

(B.) *Reports, &c.*

for their education and training. The instruction imparted in the school is also excellent, and the same commendation may be given to the industrial training. The average number of children, however, furnished by Stoke-upon-Trent is under two hundred, and it will be probably a good many years before the establishment is filled through increase of the population. Meanwhile the neighbouring Unions might obtain the advantage of affording the children under their care an education superior to what they now receive (except in the single case of the Newcastle-under-Lyme school), saving the maintenance of their teachers, and gaining additional space in the workhouses for internal improvements, and the more effectual enforcement of the workhouse test, by entering into an arrangement with the Stoke-upon-Trent Board, either under the provisions of the 14th & 15th Vict. s. 6, or (as would be preferable) under the District-school Acts. In the course of my inspection of these schools I took occasion to submit this question to their Boards, but without any result. The total cost of the school and chapel is 14,633*l.*, which would be, if it were full, at the rate of 29*l.* 5*s.* 3*d.* per child. (See Appendix.)

New separate school erected by the Leicester Union.

The school erected by the Leicester Union affords another instance of a building imperfectly utilised. It is calculated to contain 400 children, but the present average number is considerably under 200, and all the workhouse schools of the county would find ample accommodation in it. Though contiguous to the workhouse, it is entirely distinct from it, and under separate management, and offers all the advantages of a district school, except that from its situation there is no land to be cultivated by the boys. With this exception the industrial training of both sexes is very efficient. The total cost of the building is 9,147*l.*, which would be 22*l.* 17*s.* 4*d.* per head if it were full. (See Appendix.)

New school in the Aston Union.

The Guardians of the Aston Union have also erected a separate school calculated to contain 250 children. It is intended to build a new workhouse near it, but the two buildings will be as distinct as in the former case. The cost of building and fittings has been 5,278*l.*, and adding 250*l.* for the cost of the ground on which the school is built, the total expenditure will amount to 5,528*l.*, or 22*l.* 1*s.* 7*d.* per head. (See Appendix).

In the Wolverhampton and Dudley workhouse schools the numbers have steadily increased for several years, and the schoolrooms are inconveniently crowded, especially in the latter case, in which it is impossible for the teachers, owing to this cause, to instruct the children efficiently. The former Board have determined to build a separate school, but the plan and site were not settled last November, when I inspected the school. Unless a decrease in the attendance at the Dudley school should take place, which is probably the reverse of what will happen, an enlargement of the schoolrooms and dormitories will before long be necessary.

King's Norton school.

The King's Norton school has likewise increased beyond the accommodation afforded by the present workhouse; but a new workhouse is building, in which room will be provided, not only for the number of children who would now be in the house were there space for them, but, I believe, for the increase that may be anticipated.

Birmingham workhouse school.

The Birmingham school is another example of the increase which has taken place, for some years past, in the schools of South Staffordshire and the bordering portions of Warwickshire and Worcestershire. The average attendance in the schools (omitting the probationary school) for the year ending in October last was 585, and if the remaining months of the year, in which there is always a large increase of admissions, were thrown in, the average would probably rise above 600.

(B.) *Reports, &c.*

And this number does not represent the number of children of school age in the house, which is, for obvious reasons, always somewhat larger than the school attendance book would indicate. Such is the result of the increase which has for some years been taking place in this school, and which, together with the corresponding increase in the number of adult inmates that occasioned it, has been the surce of much embarrassment to the Guardians. Two plans have been proposed for the better accommodation of the children ; to build a separate school outside the town for them, or to build one on the premises for the boys alone. The latter was, after considerable discussion, adopted by the Board, and the school, calculated to lodge 300 boys, is now far advanced towards completion.

Liberality displayed by the Boards in these cases.

In most of the cases above described the Guardians have displayed a spirit of liberality as to expenditure, providing not only for immediate exigencies but also for future wants in regard to accommodation very different from the parsimony with which such bodies are usually charged. And I believe that this is by no means an exceptional characteristic, and that the Poor Law Board exercises its powers as frequently to restrain expenditure in building as to urge it. Where, however, the expediency of erecting a separate or a district school is urged, not as an alternative to enlarging the workhouse, but as an improvement in the education of the children, the advantages of the proposal do not so readily commend themselves to the mind of the average guardian, or they raise a feeling that the promoters of the proposed school are disposed to postpone the interests of the ratepayers to the gratification of their own fancies, and the pampering of a class of children already sufficiently favoured by the law. This is probably the cause of the singular phenomenon that three out of half a dozen of the wealthiest Unions in Lincolnshire and Notts, with a total rateable property of more than a million and a quarter, should, after the district had been formed and the site for the school chosen, have been staggered at the share falling to them of the cost of building a school for 400 children, even after it had been reduced so low as 21*l.* 6*s.* 2*d.* per child, a burden that would have been inappreciable to the poorest ratepayer.

Why it often fails in regard to the erection of district schools.

The question of reorganizing the present administration of pauper education, with a view to its greater efficiency and to the economy of the parliamentary grant has, for some years, occupied a prominent position, though without complete concurrence of opinion, in the reports of the Inspectors of Union Schools. And since the objections to the suggested changes have, as well as their advantages, been stated at length in the reports of the last two years, it may not unreasonably be thought that the subject has been sufficiently discussed. The education of pauper children is however so important, and at the same time unfortunately so costly, an engine for the diminution of pauperism and the moralization of the lower strata of society, that any proposal by which its power may be increased and its cost diminished should not be considered to be disposed of till all the objections that may be made to it have been considered. I hope, therefore, that I may be permitted to offer a few observations on this subject.

The larger a school is the more efficient and economical in its management.

I proved in my last report, by a careful analysis of the schools in my district, that in proportion as their numbers were greater the two objects of efficiency and economy were more effectually attained, till in the culminating case of the Birmingham school, containing about 600 children taught by 7 teachers and 3 industrial instructors, they reached

(B.) *Reports, &c.*

their highest point.* It is therefore beyond question that the costliness of pauper education is occasioned by the large number of the schools, and that their consolidation into a lesser number of more considerable schools is recommended by every consideration; and it was, as the most effectual means of attaining this end, that I have urged the formation of district schools. Of their superiority to average workhouse schools as educational establishments for a class of children requiring to be raised above the moral level in which they were born, the experience of a considerable number of years must be considered as conclusive evidence. I cannot deny, however, that they do not afford as satisfactory evidence in favour of my opinion that district schools would be more economical to the public purse than workhouse schools. They are, indeed, in this respect, the standing difficulty of the advocates of these schools, owing to the ample scale on which their educational and industrial staff has been organized. As they are not under my inspection I do not consider myself entitled to enter into a detailed discussion of this subject, but I am confident that moderate sized district schools composed of agricultural Unions can be efficiently conducted at half the expense in salaries; and that indeed even those composed of urban Unions ought to be organized on a more economical principle. And I may further remark that even among these splendid establishments the rule holds good that the smallest are the most expensive, and the largest the cheapest. The Reading and Wokingham district school, containing only 122 children, costs 220*l.* in salaries, or 1*l.* 16*s.* per child, while the South Metropolitan, containing 1,271 children, costs only 881*l.*, or 13*s.* 10*d.* per child. I must however admit that the central London school, which is equally large, costs the enormous sum of 1,090*l.* per annum, an excess which is no doubt occasioned by exceptional circumstances.

Heavy cost of management in existing district schools to be avoided in future ones.

Country District Schools containing between 300 and 400 children may be, in one respect, more economical than larger ones, as they may dispense with a master and matron, by placing the schoolmaster and mistress at the head of the establishment, with a steward and housekeeper under their orders. I am not sure also that the steward might not, for an additional remuneration, direct the agricultural labours of the boys. But even in larger schools, in which a master and matron are required, these officers need not be remunerated on the same scale as if they were in a workhouse, as their duties are so much less arduous and their responsibility so much lighter. In proof of this, I need only remark that a district school contains no infirm, bed-ridden, half insane, and idiotic inmates, no able-bodied men and women, no tramps, or disorderly characters; none in short of the elements which try the tact, discretion, spirit of resource, and courage of the officers placed in charge of a workhouse. I, therefore, consider 100*l.* between the master and matron of a district school containing between 400 and 500 children sufficient remuneration for the duties required of them.

Conclusions.

I hope that I may now consider the following points to be established on sufficient evidence:

1. That the establishment of district schools throughout the country could be accomplished at a reasonable expense for building.†

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* The total amount of salaries in the year 1869 is (omitting the probationary school, which would not form part of a district school) 328*l.*, and the average attendance 585, which gives 11*s.* 2*d.* per head. The number of children on the books would be probably above 600.

† See above; new schools of the Aston and Leicester Unions. Even the highest estimate of the cost of building, viz., 25*l.* per head on 50,000 children, total 1,250,000*l.*,

(B.) *Reports, &c.*

2. That it would effect a considerable saving of the parliamentary grant.

Objections recently made to district schools considered.

It is objected that district schools would fail to meet the educational destitution of the country. This I have no difficulty in acknowledging, but it is beyond the scope of the Poor Law to attempt to do so. It can, however, be shown, that were these institutions extensively estalished throughout the country, they would contribute something towards that consummation, as the principal reason why the number of the children in workhouse schools is so often disproportionately small, relatively to the population of their Unions, is that the workhouses are not large enough to admit of in-door relief being given as extensively as it ought to be. The removal of the children to the district school would enable the Guardians to improve the efficiency of the administration of their relief, while thus incidentally furnishing more children to the school from the families of the inmates added to their in-door relief. I think, therefore, that it may fairly be claimed as one of the advantages of district schools, that they would tend to mitigate the anomaly to which I have adverted as characterising workhouse schools, and to increase the number of pauper children educated. The discussions to which the formation of a school district must give rise may also be expected to call attention to any laxity as to granting out-relief of which the smallness of the workhouse school would be the symptom.

Reasons which have indisposed Boards to build district schools.

It may appear somewhat surprising, that since the removal of the defects in the District School Act, which for many years have rendered it inoperative, so few Unions have been disposed to avail themselves of its provisions; but I think that their reluctance is sufficiently accounted for by the circumstance that the immediate outlay of building the school falls entirely on the Unions, while the saving that may be expected in the salaries accrues to the revenue. They have therefore no pecuniary motive for desiring a change in their system of education, while habit and prejudice against innovation are enlisted on the side of immobility. I am convinced that if the salaries of workhouse teachers were paid by the ratepayers instead of by the Government, the multitude of expensive small schools would (assuming that efficiency were still insisted upon by the Poor Law Board) already have been merged into district schools of sufficient size to reduce the cost of management to 10*s*. or 12*s*. per child. And this, I think, points out the course to be pursued if such a result be desired. The annual payments to workhouse schools might be limited to a maximum of 10*s*. or 12*s*. per child in average daily attendance, and the amount of the parliamentary grant thus saved, which would probably be 15,000*l*. or 12,000*l*. a year,* should be expended (according to the suggestion of my colleague Mr. Wodehouse) in building grants to district schools. I do not think it would be just to apply this limitation of the annual payments out of the grant to existing district schools, as they were established on the faith of the present scale; nor do I think it necessary to apply it to futures ones, as I believe that, with the control that the Poor Law Board is able to exercise on extravagance in salaries, the restriction would rarely require

Course to be pursued in order to overcome the reluctance of Boards to form district schools.

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would be no unusual outlay for all the Unions of England and Wales. The sum authorized to be expended on building and altering workhouses is 6,007,943*l*. See Report for 1868–69, XXI, p. 315.

* The sum of the salaries of teachers of pauper schools throughout England and Wales amounts on the average to 1*l*. per child; but it appears from the Poor Law Report for 1868–69 that the rate has somewhat diminished of late owing to the increase that has taken place in the number of children.

(B.)
Reports, &c.

to be exercised. The imposition of a maximum limit would, however, be, perhaps, of some utility for the guidance of the district board in the appointment of the teachers; but in this case I think that the stipends of assistant teachers (corresponding to pupil teachers in other schools), and the payments to the teachers who instruct them, should be excepted from the limitation, as they form a nursery of Poor Law teachers, and are also the cheapest machinery for the instruction of the school.

It may, perhaps, be thought that there is some degree of harshness in suddenly reducing the payments which have for more than 20 years been made from the public purse to the Unions; but I am not aware that anything approaching to a guarantee of the continuance of these payments has ever been made by the legislature; and, indeed, the Poor Law Board has already modified them with a view of diminishing their disproportion in small schools to the duties performed by the teachers. There is, consequently, no novelty in the principle of the reduction I have ventured to propose, unless it be that it will, as I hope, be as effectual for its object as the former scheme has proved abortive. I confess also that I have never been able to perceive with what equity the State can bestow upon parochial unions, often consisting of 30 or 40 parishes, and on single parishes which are wealthy boroughs, an amount of public assistance on an average more than double that which it allows to other elementary schools, owing their very existence and their yearly support to the liberality of less than 200,000 individuals in Great Britain, and to the school pence of the poor.

Plan of placing orphans or deserted children under the care of cottagers.

I think it may be desirable to submit a few observations before concluding this report on a scheme of pauper education that has been under discussion in some parts of my district. I allude to the plan of placing orphans and deserted children with respectable cottagers, who should undertake, for a weekly allowance paid to them by the Guardians, to maintain and educate them, subject to periodical visits of inspection from the relieving officers and guardians. The only Union in which the plan has been adopted is that of Warwick, whose board has recently passed a resolution for trying it. In the absence therefore of authentic statements relative to its working in Scotland, where it has, I believe, been long in operation, it would be premature to offer a decided opinion upon it. But as it would, if generally carried out, almost supersede workhouse and district schools together, I cannot altogether pass it over in silence.

The first objection that presents itself on considering the scheme is, that if it be an improvement on the present system of pauper education, it is one that cannot be extended to all the children, but will be exclusively enjoyed by those who require it the least, and whose condition is at present the most satisfactory; I mean the orphans and deserted children. The universal opinion of those best acquainted with the subject is, that these are the children who encounter least moral deterioration from their stay in the workhouse, and who turn out best when they leave it. And the reason for their superiority is precisely that they *are* orphans or deserted. The cause of almost all the evil that exists in pauper children, who, on the whole, possess many good qualities which classes above them might envy, is far more the bad influence and example of their own parents than that of the other inmates. And they are more exposed to this contamination when their parents leave the house, as they often do in the summer, taking their families with them, than while they are in it. This objection again leads to a further one; that the schools, consisting as they would exclusively of the more fluctuating class of pupils, would be deserted by all the good teachers,

(B.)
Reports, &c.

and would fall under the management of an inferior class, careless whether their schools were good or bad, or deterred from exertion by the impossibility of success with the materials left to them. Thus the very class of pauper children who stand most in need of the elevating influence, both intellectual and moral, which a good teacher exercises over his pupils, and the good example given them by the better portion of their fellow pupils, no longer in the school, would be deprived of those advantages. I think therefore that in weighing the merits of the scheme, the loss which it would inflict on this class of children should be set against the supposed benefit to the former. Whether these benefits will be as considerable as is anticipated must depend on the caution with which the persons to whose care the children are to be confided are selected, and the diligence and regularity with which their treatment of them is inquired into, points on which little apprehension need perhaps be entertained so long as the plan is new and only partially carried out, but on which I confess I should be no means easy were it to be generally adopted, and persevered in till it no longer attracted public attention, and the vigilance which is absolutely necessary to prevent serious abuse had gone to sleep. The greatest loss, however, that I apprehend for these children, in the present state of English society, is in the article of education, as benevolent people are apt to undervalue its utility, and to care for nothing but industrial training, and there will be nobody whose duty it would be to ascertain that they really receive it.

I have, &c.
H. G. Bowyer,
H. M. Inspector of Schools.

To the President of the Poor Law Board.

PARISH OF STOKE-UPON-TRENT.

Cost of new Schools, &c. (including Chapel), built to contain 500 Children.

	£	s.	d.
Purchase of site	2,000	0	0
Amount of contract for building	9,216	0	0
Do. of sundry contracts in connexion therewith	1,300	6	1
Do. of contract for engineering works	640	0	0
Architect's commission	400	0	0
Payments to clerk of works	304	1	6
Miscellaneous payments	212	0	8
	14,072	8	3
Furnishing, &c. as under :			
Iron bedsteads	112	8	0
Furniture and fixtures not included in contracts	48	14	2
Blankets, counterpanes, linen, &c.	300	0	0
Miscellaneous items, say	100	0	0
	14,633	10	5

The fixtures and fittings are chiefly included in the contracts.

(B.)
Reports, &c.

A RETURN of the AMOUNT expended in building the LEICESTER SCHOOLS, with the other EXPENSES connected therewith, and the COST of the FITTINGS and FURNITURE.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Legal expenses for securing the repayment of the money borrowed -				42	0	0
Kellet, bricklayer - - - - -	4,287	8	0			
Winkles, carpenter - - - - -	1,235	2	7			
Porter, stonemason - - - - -	421	5	6			
Gimson, ironwork - - - - -	1,158	1	6			
Fozzard, plumber - - - - -	415	0	1			
King, painter - - - - -	93	3	2			
Young and Co., for locks - - - -	14	7	10			
March, for kitchen and other ranges - - -	36	18	6			
				7,661	7	2
Architect's commission - - - -	399	11	0			
Clerk of works - - - - -	163	16	0			
				563	7	0
Furniture and fittings - - - - -				881	5	5
				9,147	19	7

February 6*th*, 1869.

B. G. CHAMBERLAIN, *Clerk.*

SIR, *Aston Union Offices*, 8*th February* 1869.

I AM desired by the Board of Guardians to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 30th ultimo, inquiring the cost of the industrial school erected by them, specifying the cost of the land, the building, and the furniture, and the number of the children intended to accommodate; and to inform you that the Guardians in the first instance purchased eight acres of land at 250*l.* per acre, for the purpose of erecting thereon a new workhouse and schools; but have only built the schools as the first block, upon a small portion of the eight acres; the contract for which was 5,174*l.*, and the fittings 104*l.* 10*s.*; such building being to accommodate 250 children.

The Guardians have also since the erection of the schools purchased $3\frac{1}{3}$ acres more land at 300*l.* per acre adjoining the other land; and have accepted a contract for 14,850*l.* for the building of the new workhouse for men and women, which will be commenced in a few weeks.

I am, &c.
JNO. LUMBY,
Clerk to the Guardians.

H. G. Bowyer, Esq.

No. 12.

EDUCATION OF PAUPER CHILDREN.—REPORT for the year 1869, of T. B. BROWNE, Esq., on the WESTERN DISTRICT.

SIR,

I HAVE but little to add to what has been said in previous years on the education of pauper children. Many schools in this district are in a creditable state, and progress is made wheresoever the services of competent teachers are secured. When a good teacher succeeds a bad one the children rapidly improve, but unfortunately the converse is also true, that when a bad teacher succeeds a good one, which occasionally happens, the school as rapidly falls off. I do not believe that any measures which could be suggested would bring up all schools to one uniform standard, but continual approaches may be made to that desired result by giving due encouragement to deserving teachers and by refusing to appoint improper persons. Considerable difficulty has been sometimes experienced in obtaining the removal of incompetent teachers, and the reluctance of Boards of Guardians to remove them is not surprising when it is remembered that it is not always easy to

Schools depend upon teachers. Better schools to be obtained by providing better teachers.

(B.) *Reports, &c.*

secure good teachers in workhouses. The demand for teachers is great and increasing, and therefore must sometimes be imperfectly supplied. If a greater number of intelligent persons could be induced to enter the scholastic profession, a greater and more rapid improvement, I think, would be effected in schools than by any other means.

Educational difficulties misunderstood.

It is evident that considerable misconception prevails in the minds of many as to the character of workhouse schools, and also as to what educational difficulties throughout the country really are. Nothing can be gained by ignoring real difficulties, and by substituting for them others which appear almost imaginary to persons practically engaged in education. As considerable eagerness is sometimes shown at educational meetings to ventilate novel theories, and to anticipate much from their adoption, it may be well to observe, as the result of many years experience, that some arrangements now subsisting must be maintained from the necessity of the case, and that difficulties with which men have been long familiar are more easily obviated than those incident to untried systems.

Some difficulties. Importance of classification in workhouses.

It does not appear that the education of poor children can easily be carried on without a local Board of management, whether Guardians of the Poor or others, and competent managers, any more than competent teachers, cannot always be obtained. The indifference of many parents to the education of their children is another obstacle; sometimes, especially among paupers, their direct opposition has to be overcome. The difficulty of enforcing due classification in workhouses has been long recognized as a great obstacle to the general education, and also to the moral and industrial training of pauper children. That girls especially must be corrupted by even casual association with profligate women is obvious; and I have been often assured that the corruption under such circumstances is not merely incidental, but that direct efforts are made by these women to undermine the morals of young girls. This may easily be accounted for by the natural desire shown by many vicious persons to render others like themselves. The proposed remedy for defective classification, the district school, was fully considered in my last report. I believe, however, that in many workhouses the children are effectually separated from the adults, and that complete classification is nowhere impracticable, any more than a fever ward is impracticable..

New workhouses better arranged than those first built.

The best plans for schools and workhouses were not discovered in the first instance. The plans for modern workhouses are generally a great improvement on those which were first built, but even in a new workhouse it occasionally happens that a better arrangement, as far as the children are concerned, has been overlooked. The arrangement, for example, of desks in a school is a simple matter, but if the windows are high above the floor, and the children sit opposite to them, they acquire a habit of stooping to catch the light, and they obtain less light than they would have if they sate with their backs to the windows.

Education sometimes forgotten.

Further, cases must be expected under any system in which the best education, with all its advantages, will be very nearly, if not absolutely, thrown away. Difference of disposition and character, difference of circumstances, evil companions, may all lead to this result. Many again have no liking for books, and, because they never look into them, forget how to read, just as many educated at our public schools forget their Latin and Greek. From what I have seen it appears that an average boy, who has been taught to read, and who does not look into a book for six months, will nearly, if not quite, have forgotten how to read at the end of that time.

Removal of pauper children

Many pauper children are illegitimate, and, when taken out of the workhouse by their parents, more frequently, as I believe, by the mother

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Reports, &c.

from school by profligate parents, the greatest obstacle to the children's welfare.

than by the father, they cannot have a salutary example set before their eyes. As it appears from the admission and discharge books kept by teachers, that a very large proportion of the pauper children in workhouses, perhaps a majority of the entire number, are removed by their parents, and as there is nothing to prevent the removal of the children from any school, whether district or industrial, when the parents think fit, this may be considered the greatest obstacle to the future welfare and good conduct of pauper children, and as the evil for which it is hardest to suggest a remedy. It has however comparatively obtained little notice. Serious objections might be made to a measure imposing novel restrictions on the control of parents over their children, and such a course might lead to greater evils than those which already exist. I have referred to the mischievous influence of bad parents over their children as an illustration of the very material point that legislation can hardly remove all educational difficulties.

Experiment of farming out children not yet sufficiently tested.

Pauper children belonging to some Unions in this district are now farmed out by cottagers. This practice was adopted some years since in Thornbury Union, but the experiment has not yet been sufficiently tested to enable me to speak with any confidence as to the probable results. It is obvious that very vigilant superintendence will be required.

No system of education can be uniformly successful as long as it must be managed by human beings and while human beings are the subjects of it, but, notwithstanding all difficulties, much certainly has been and is done, perhaps as much as could reasonably be expected. The state of matters might easily be rendered worse than it is. Any additional inducement to good teachers to take the charge of pauper schools could hardly fail to have a beneficial effect. Some regular vacation would, I think, be felt as a great boon, and, wherever there are two teachers, one could always take charge of the children in the absence of the other. Guardians allow teachers some vacation in many instances, but it is not a recognized right, secured by good conduct.

A regular vacation would be a great boon to teachers.

Religious difficulty not felt in Union schools.

I do not find that the religious difficulty is felt in union schools by those practically engaged in education. As some proof that, if the Christian religion is not regularly and properly taught in school, it will not be taught to many elsewhere, I may mention, that I have often examined teachers educated in schools where due religious instruction was not given, and found their knowledge of Scripture very defective in comparison with their knowledge of ordinary secular subjects. If teachers trained under a system not strictly secular, have been found thus ignorant of religion, it is easy to anticipate what the ignorance of the mass of scholars would be if they were trained under a system wholly secular. In many Unions there are no chaplains to the workhouses, and where there is a chaplain he has commonly some other cure; it is only in a few populous Unions that the duties of the chaplain are exclusively confined to the inmates of the workhouse; so that, in fact, the means of giving due religious instruction to pauper children out of the school cannot, in most cases, be said to exist.

No means of instructing pauper children in religion out of school.

An increase of vice and crime compatible with an increase of knowledge.

The consequence of increasing men's knowledge, and, at the same time, by withdrawing religious instruction from schools, of lessening the restraint which Christianity imposes upon men's appetites and passions, would probably, as I apprehend, be an increase of vice and crime.

I have, &c.

T. B. Browne,
H. M. Inspector of Schools.

To the President of the Poor Law Board.

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No. 13.

EDUCATION OF PAUPER CHILDREN.—REPORT of EDMOND H. WODEHOUSE, Esq., for the Year 1869 on the NORTHERN DISTRICT.

SIR, *31st December* 1869.

THE changes in the number and condition of Poor Law Schools in the Northern District since the date of my last Report have been few and unimportant. The statistics given at the beginning of that Report related to the year ended 25th March 1868. During the following year the number of unions having schools in receipt of aid from the Parliamentary Grant remained the same, viz. 111. The schools in these 111 Unions were divided into the following departments:—

Statistics relating to schools in the northern district for the year ended 25th March 1869.

Boys' schools - - - - -	58
Girls' schools - - - - -	59
Mixed schools under a schoolmistress - -	47
" " under a schoolmaster - -	7
" " under a master and mistress -	1
Infants' schools - - - - -	11
Total - - -	183

The total number of departments, therefore, was two in excess of that of the previous year. New schools for infants were organized in the workhouses belonging to the Unions of Derby, Salford, and West Derby, while on the other hand two infants' schools which had been temporarily provided by the Liverpool Vestry were discontinued, and the children were transferred to the Kirkdale Industrial Schools. The average number of children in attendance during the four quarters preceding my visit to each school was 9,057, being 337 more than in the previous year. The sum paid from the Parliamentary Grant on account of the salaries of school teachers was at the rate of 6,428*l.* 12*s.* per annum, while a further sum at the rate of 1,476*l.* 7*s.* 4*d.* was paid on account of the salaries of industrial instructors. The cost per head therefore to the Parliamentary Grant, exclusive of the latter payment, was 14·19*s.*, or 17·45*s.* if that sum be included in the calculation.

The following table shows the number of teachers employed in the schools, together with the certificates awarded them:—

Certificates awarded to teachers.

CERTIFICATES. Class.	Grade.	School-masters.	School-mistresses.
Efficiency - -	1	4	1
	2	6	2
	3	25	12
Competency - -	1	7	10
	2	9	13
	3	10	25
Probation - -	1	10	24
	2	3	17
	3	1	12
Permission - - -		0	2
Declined examination - -		0	4
Failed to obtain certificate -		0	5
TOTAL - -		75	127

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The "Boarding out" system.

The boarding out system has, so far as I am aware, been introduced into three Unions only in my district, viz., Chorlton, Caistor, and Horncastle.* Having regard to the great differences which exist between the social condition of England and Scotland, it appears to me very unsafe to infer that what may be a successful system in one country will prove equally efficacious in the other, and until a longer trial has been given to the system in this country, I should be unwilling to express any very decided opinion upon its merits. If happy homes, and foster parents of kindly disposition and honest, sober, industrious habits, could be provided for all the pauper children whom the death or desertion of their parents has rendered orphans, no one, I presume, would doubt that the condition of such children would be ameliorated to an extent immeasurably greater than could be attained by any system of workhouse, separate, or district schools. There are probably few orphan children in any class of society whose lot would not be the happier if such a provision could be made for them. I confess, however, that until experience proves it to be the case, I am not sanguine enough to believe that homes and parents of this character will be forthcoming in sufficient numbers. On the other hand, if orphan children are intrusted to persons who are induced to take them merely on account of the weekly payments which the Guardians make for their maintenance, and who regard them chiefly, if not altogether, as a means whereby their weekly earnings may be increased, their lot will be far more unhappy in itself, and far more disastrous in its results to the community, than if they had been left in the worst of the workhouses from which they have been taken. Of this latter class of foster parents I do not doubt that there will be a superabundant supply.

Nature of the supervision at present exercised over the children boarded out.

It becomes, therefore, of the utmost importance that in giving a fair trial to the system, every precaution should be taken in the selection of foster parents, and that a constant and careful supervision of an official and responsible character should be exercised over the children who are boarded out. I much doubt whether the steps which have been taken to provide this supervision in the Unions in which the system has been introduced afford a sufficient guarantee for the welfare of the children. In the Chorlton Union the Guardians have resolved that the relieving officer be required to make "occasional" visits to the homes of the children in their respective districts under the direction of the Board. The Guardians have also accepted the offered services of one of their own body as honorary inspector, that gentleman proposing "to organise a ladies committee, who will visit the homes "of the children and report to him; he also undertaking to visit each "home at least once in every three months, and report thereon to the "Board." In the Caistor Union the Guardians have directed the relieving officer to make "a personal inspection of the children boarded "out by the Guardians at their residences, and to report to the Board "in the first week in every quarter the results of such inspection, the "state of the children, and as to their attendance at school." The Horncastle Board of Guardians have passed the following resolution upon this subject: "Personal visits will be made to the children at "such times and by such persons as the Guardians of the parish may "think fit, and twice a year reports in writing as to the condition of "every child will be laid by the Guardians before the Board, viz., on "the first board day in March and October."

Necessity of a more stringent system of supervision.

In my opinion such supervision as this is neither sufficient in amount nor of such a systematic and responsible character as to afford an adequate guarantee that the children are properly cared for. Already

* Since the above remarks were written the Louth Board of Guardians have resolved to introduce the system into their Union. E. H. W.

in the Caistor Union a girl boarded out under this system has been violated by a man whom the persons in whose care she was placed took in as a lodger, and unless a more stringent system of supervision is enforced, I fear that this will not remain an isolated instance.* I hope that I do not underrate the benefits which can be conferred on pauper children by the voluntary efforts of benevolent and philanthropic persons. It would, however, be a great and dangerous mistake to regard this voluntary agency as a substitute for that provision for their welfare and protection from injury which these children have a right to expect from those who are their legal Guardians. The field of voluntary effort ought rather to begin where the legal duties of the Guardians cease, and should consist in personal influence over and sympathy with the children and their foster parents, and in providing them with additional comforts, the former of which cannot be supplied by Boards of Guardians on account of their legal and official character, while the latter could not properly be provided out of a fund like the poor rate, to which persons who are themselves in needy circumstances so largely contribute. The very phrase, "Children of the State," which the advocates of the boarding-out system frequently apply to these orphans, itself points to the fact that it is the duty of the State to make provision for their welfare, a duty which it can only discharge through the medium of responsible officers duly constituted for the purpose. The Boards of Guardians, who stand to these children in the place of parents, have no right to delegate their duties to voluntary and therefore irresponsible agents, nor even to individual members of their own body acting independently of the Board, as members of which alone they possess any official status or responsibility.

Importance of the foregoing considerations in determining whether the general introduction of the system would be practicable and expedient.

These considerations become of special importance, if the present mode of carrying out this system be looked on as a test by which an opinion may be formed as to whether it is practicable and expedient that the system should be generally introduced throughout the country, and that for two reasons. In the first place, if the system were generally adopted, it could not be expected that the laborious duties of the relieving officers would leave them sufficient time to enable them to exercise efficient supervision over the children in their various homes. I will add that I am casting no blame on these officers when I say, that however well fitted they may be to discharge the duties of the office to which they have been appointed, it is possible that they may not be equally competent to discharge the additional duties of a very different character, which it is proposed to impose upon them, and which require tact and judgment of no mean order. It will, therefore, became necessary to appoint special officers for the purpose, which will materially increase the cost of the system. In the second place, it may well be that persons who would be willing to receive children into their homes so long as the supervision exercised over them consisted almost entirely of visits paid to them by ladies and other voluntary agents, might not be equally willing to do so if frequent and searching inquiries into the manner in which they were housed, clothed, and fed, and into their general treatment were made by paid and responsible officers. Such a system of inspection, however, would in my opinion be the only efficient safeguard against the illtreatment or neglect of the children.

Injurious effect of the system upon the children who are left in the workhouse.

Another point in connexion with this system appears to me not to have met with the consideration which it deserves. I mean the effect

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* Since writing the above I have ascertained that the lodger in this case was convicted only of *attempting to commit a rape;* he was sentenced to eighteen months' imprisonment. E. H. W.

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which the removal of the orphan and deserted children will have upon those who are left behind in the workhouses, the number of whom will certainly reach, and will probably very far exceed, one third of the total number of indoor pauper children. In the larger workhouses indeed the numbers will still be sufficient to command the services of efficient teachers, but it must be remembered that the orphans, being the permanent class, are the salt of the school, and that it is upon their influence and example, more perhaps than upon anything else that a judicious teacher relies to aid him in his efforts to bring the fluctuating class into habits of industry, discipline, and order. In the smaller workhouses, and even in those (of which there are a large number) in which the attendance ranges between 30 and 50, the result will be still more injurious, because so few children will be left, that the Guardians will be unable to secure the services of a competent teacher, and they will have to choose between the alternative of maintaining a small school in the workhouse, with a succession of teachers constantly changing, and all of them possessed of very moderate qualifications, and that of sending the children out to a neighbouring school, a system open to many objections, of which the fact that out of school hours they will be left under pauper supervision is not the least.

District schools.

I regret that I have to report that no further progress has been made with the scheme for the formation of a district school in South Lincolnshire, the Guardians in several of the Unions comprised in the district being still unwilling to incur the expense which the erection of the school buildings would entail. I still retain the opinion which I have expressed in former Reports in favour of the extension of the district school system. I cannot indeed altogether concur in the strong opinions which many persons appear to entertain with regard to the condition of children, who are brought up in what is called the contaminating atmosphere of a workhouse. Such statements for instance as the following,—"Children who enter the workhouse vicious become "worse."* "The greater number of children who come into work-"houses are so far contaminated that they either become criminal or "at the very best they never rise above the condition of pauperism." † "If I were to speak of schools in workhouses, no words of mine could "express the horrors to which the children are exposed." ‡ "Eighty "per cent. of the girls they send to service are failures," § cannot, I am convinced be borne out by facts; certainly they are altogether at variance with the result of inquiries which I have frequently made on these points in the various Unions in my district. And I would remind those who, reading highly coloured statements such as these in pamphlets or periodicals, receive them as unqualified truths, that a Select Committee of the House of Commons on Poor Relief, which sat during the Sessions of 1861 and 1862, took very voluminous evidence on the subject of pauper education, and examined, among others, many persons who entertained opinions strongly adverse to workhouse schools. The Committee in their Report make the following observation with reference to the evidence of these witnesses:—"Your Committee cannot "report that these opinions were generally supported by the facts they "adduced, or that those facts were sufficiently numerous to justify the "conclusions founded upon them." I am sure that the large majority of those who will take the trouble to read the whole of the evidence

Exaggerated statements with regard to Workhouse schools.

* Select Committee on Poor Relief, July 1861. Quest. 12,222.

† *Ibid.* Quest. 12,137.

‡ *Ibid.* Quest, 11,885.

§ "Children of the State," by Florence Hill. London: Macmillan & Co., 1868, p. 17.

will be of opinion that with that evidence before them the committee could have come to no other conclusion.

Advantages of the district school system.

The reasons for which I myself advocate the erection of separate schools in all the larger towns, and the formation of school districts in less populous places are, first, that it is desirable to remove children from workhouses, in which the mere presence of adult inmates, apart from the question of contamination, familiarises their minds with the idea of a place to which they can return in after life whenever they find a difficulty in getting their own living, and thus renders it more difficult than it would otherwise be to implant in them habits of industry and self-reliance; secondly because a far more thorough industrial training can be imparted to them in separate and district schools, and one more calculated to enable them to get their living in after life, either in farm service, in the army, navy, or mercantile marine, or in various kinds of handicraft; and thirdly, because this system would afford at a comparatively small expense a thoroughly good education to the children of the smaller workhouses, where the scanty numbers in attendance render it impossible to secure the services of competent teachers, and where the education which is given is at once costly and inefficient. The experience, however, of the last twenty years has shown that it is hopeless to expect that Boards of Guardians will, without further inducement, be willing generally to introduce this system, and I adhere to the opinion which I expressed in my last Report, that such inducement might well be afforded by allowing a portion of the building expenses to be defrayed out of the Consolidated Fund, on the same principle on which Building Grants are given to National Schools by the Committee of Privy Council on Education.

I have, &c.

EDMOND H. WODEHOUSE,

H. M. Inspector of Schools.

To

The Right Hon. G. J. Goschen, M.P.,
President of the Poor Law Board.

(C.)—Poor Rates, &c.: Receipts and Expenditure.

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No. 14.

POOR RATE RETURN.—REMARKS on POOR RATE RETURN, Year ended LADY-DAY 1869.

(C.)
Poor Rates, &c.

No. 14.

Poor Rate Return.—Remarks on the Poor Rate Return, Year ended Lady-day 1869.

Series of Returns.

The present Return is the *sixty-second* annual publication of the Poor Rate Return.

Extent of the Return.

This Return represents the sums levied and expended as Poor Rates throughout the whole of England and Wales; excepting only some small Parishes, which are stated by the overseers either to have "No poor," or to make no levy "yet."

Valuations to the Poor Rates.

The net annual value of property assessed to the Poor's Rate has been returned in respect of six parochial years. "The Gross Estimated Rental" is also returned for the last three of these years.

YEARS.	Poor Rate Valuations.* Gross Estimated Rental.	Poor Rate Valuations.* Net Annual Value.	Amount of Poor Rates levied.	Rate in the £ of Levy on Gross Estimated Rental.	Rate in the £ of Levy on Net Annual Value.	Expended for Relief to the Poor.	Rate in the £ for Relief on Gross Estimated Rental.	Rate in the £ for Relief on Net Annual Value.
	£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.	£	s. d.	s. d.
1840–41	Not known	62,540,030	6,351,828	- -	2 0·4	4,760,929	- -	1 6·3
1846–47	ditto -	67,320,587	6,964,825	- -	2 0·8	5,298,787	- -	1 6·9
1849–50	ditto -	67,700,153	7,270,493	- -	2 1·8	5,395,022	- -	1 7·1
1855–56	86,077,676	71,840,271	8,201,348	1 10·9	2 3·4	6,004,244	1 4·7	1 8·1
1865–66	110,079,308	93,638,403	9,573,772	1 8·9	2 0·5	6,439,517	1 2·0	1 4·5
1867–68	118,334,081	100,612,734	11,054,513	1 10·4	2 2·4	7,498,059	1 3·2	1 5·9

* The details of these Valuations will be found in the following papers, printed by order of the House of Commons, viz., No. 235 "Real Property," 1842; No. 735 "Poor Rates, &c.," 1848; No. 539 "Poor Rate Assessment," 1852; No. 63 "Population, &c. of Parishes," 1858; and No. 251 "Population, Inhabited Houses, &c.," 1859. The "Gross Estimated Rental," and the "Rateable Value" for each Parish is given with respect to the Parochial year 1856 in No. 491 "Poor Rates, &c." Session 1861; in the "Electoral Returns" of 1865–66, presented by command of Her Majesty; and No. 497 "Local Taxation," 1868.

Receipts and Expenditure in 1863, 1864, 1865, 1866, 1867, 1868, and 1869.

The Returns, in a contracted shape, are exhibited in the next Table, for the last seven years, with the rate per head, on the estimated population, of the amount levied as Poor's Rate, and of the amount expended in relief:—

Years ended at Lady-day.	RECEIPTS. From Poor Rates; *i. e.* Levy.	RECEIPTS. Receipts in Aid.	RECEIPTS. Total.	EXPENDITURE. Relief to the Poor only.	EXPENDITURE. All other Purposes.	EXPENDITURE. Total.	RATE per HEAD on Estimated Population. Levy only.	RATE per HEAD on Estimated Population. Relief to the Poor.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.
1863	9,174,976	337,679	9,512,655	6,527,036	2,798,035	9,325,071	8 4	6 4½
1864	9,448,319	426,250	9,874,569	6,423,381	3,257,099	9,680,480	9 1¾	6 2½
1865	9,392,191	376,951	9,769,142	6,264,966	3,527,193	9,792,193	9 0	6 0
1866	9,573,772	384,478	9,958,250	6,439,517	3,549,604	9,989,121	9 1	6 1¼
1867	10,303,665	388,523	10,692,188	6,959,840	3,945,333	10,905,173	9 8	6 6¼
1868	11,054,513	418,330	11,472,843	7,498,059	3,882,534	11,380,593	10 3¼	6 11½
1869	11,363,656	412,497	11,776,153	7,673,100	4,100,899	11,773,999	10 5¼	7 0¾

(C.) *Poor Rates, &c.*

It is to be observed that 4,100,899*l.*, or more than *one-third* of the whole Poor Rates now levied, are expended for "other purposes" than the Relief of the Poor. Some of these are *partly* connected with the Relief of the Poor, but the greater portion are totally unconnected with it. The figures which represent for 1868–69 the whole expenditure out of the rates are these :—

I.—Relief to the Poor - - - - - -		£7,673,100
II.—Law Charges - - - -	£ 24,526	
III.—Purposes partly connected and partly unconnected with Relief - -	598,020	
IV.—Purposes wholly unconnected with Relief - - - - -	3,478,353	
		4,100,899
Total -		£11,773,999

I.—*Relief to the Poor only.*

Total £7,673,100.

Increase in relief to the Poor.

The following Table shows the comparison of the expenditure of the two years 1867–68 and 1868–69 :—

Years ended at Lady-day.	Expended for Relief of the Poor in England and Wales.	Increase in 1869 as compared with 1868.	Increase per Cent.	Rate per Head on the *estimated* Population.	Increased Rate per Head on the *estimated* Population.
	£	£		*s. d.*	*s. d.*
1868 -	7,498,061	175,039	2·3	6 11½	0 1¼
1869 -	7,673,100			7 0¾	

The increase or decrease per cent. in the expenditure for Relief to the Poor, during the year, is shown in the next Table for each Union-county.

INCREASE per Cent.

Kent (Metropolitan) - -	22·6	Salop - - - - -	2·8
Huntingdon - - - -	8·0	Surrey (Extra-Metropolitan) -	2·8
Middlesex (Metropolitan) -	7·8	North Wales - - - -	2·3
Rutland - - - -	7·4	Chester - - - - -	1·9
Monmouth - - - -	6·1	Surrey (Metropolitan) - -	1·7
Bedford - - - -	5·9	York, West Riding - -	1·7
Northumberland - - -	5·5	Devon - - - - -	1·2
Middlesex (Extra-Metropolitan)	4·8	Lincoln - - - -	1·2
Hertford - - - -	4·5	Somerset - - - -	1·2
Durham - - - -	4·4	Norfolk - - - - -	1·0
Kent (Extra-Metropolitan) -	3·9	Suffolk - - - - -	1·0
South Wales - - - -	3·7	Worcester - - - -	1·0
Cumberland - - - -	3·6	Dorset - - - - -	0·9
Gloucester - - - -	3·6	Oxford - - - - -	0·9
Cornwall - - - -	3·5	Southampton - - - -	0·8
Leicester - - - -	3·2	Cambridge - - - -	0·4
Hereford - - - -	3·1	Berks - - - - -	0·2
York, East Riding - - -	3·0	Lancaster - - - -	0·0
Derby - - - - -	2·9		

DECREASE per Cent.

Buckingham - - - -	0·1	Westmorland - - - -	2·1
Stafford - - - - -	0·3	Essex - - - - -	2·3
Wilts - - - - -	0·3	Warwick - - - -	2·3
Northampton - - - -	0·8	York, North Riding - -	2·3
Nottingham - - - -	1·7	Sussex - - - - -	6·2

(C.)
Poor Rates, &c.

PrincipalCharges which constitute Relief to the Poor

The principal heads of expenditure, which constitute "Relief to the Poor," are shown in the next Table, together with the average price of wheat for the last seven years.

Years ended at Lady-day.	EXPENDED FOR RELIEF TO THE POOR. (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loan Repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	(f) Other Expenses of, or immediately connected with Relief.	TOTAL.	Average Price of Wheat per Imperial Quarter. s.	d.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	s.	d.
1863	1,127,142	3,574,136	501,368	176,165	679,480	468,745	6,527,036	52	1
1864	1,095,814	3,466,392	524,166	177,247	696,098	463,664	6,423,381	43	2
1865	1,111,478	3,258,813	535,115	175,242	706,529	477,789	6,264,966	39	8
1866	1,188,784	3,196,685	566,482	180,746	*730,704	576,116	6,439,517	43	6
1867	1,375,627	3,358,351	607,292	186,317	*747,650	684,603	6,959,840	53	7½
1868	1,517,496	3,620,284	656,792	207,998	*770,539	724,951	7,498,061	67	6½
1869	1,546,580	3.677,379	710,941	204,601	*805,136	717,967	†7,673,100	57	8¾

* Including superannuations.
† This sum includes a balance of 10,496*l.*, contributions to the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund, not entered in the preceding columns.

The total expenditure for relief, and the constituent amounts, so far as they can be discriminated under six heads, are shown in the next Table, for each division of the kingdom, during the year ended at Lady-day 1869 :—

DIVISIONS.	TOTAL RELIEF to the POOR.	WHEREOF WAS EXPENDED FOR (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loan Repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury,* and Superannuations.	(f) Other Expenses of, or immediately connected with Relief.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
I. THE METROPOLIS	1,415,253*	435,450	407,030	159,706	59,198	141,052	202,301
II. SOUTH EASTERN -	895,848	194,810	402,084	79,672	20,140	112,024	87,118
III. SOUTH MIDLAND	634,706	102,603	358,999	52,893	4,145	65,282	50,784
IV. EASTERN - -	578,907	101,812	319,779	42,986	7,263	65,308	41,819
V. SOUTH WESTERN	734,642	100,808	447,331	58,239	6,630	79,797	41,837
VI. WEST MIDLAND -	775,547	151,086	371,261	85,640	21,742	84,441	61,377
VII. NORTH MIDLAND	435,462	69,674	247,470	42,073	3,126	45,082	28,037
VIII. NORTH WESTERN	827,085	195,073	304,752	71,131	50,020	96,874	109,235
IX. YORK - -	522,916	93,681	269,552	49,074	16,905	49,796	43,908
X. NORTHERN - -	332,883	50,375	185,942	32,905	9,409	28,681	25,571
XI. WELSH - -	519,871	51,208	363,179	36,622	6,083	36,799	25,980
ENGLAND AND WALES	7,673,100*	1,546,580	3,677,379	710,941	204,601	805,136	717,967

* Inclusive of 10,496*l.* balance of contributions to the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund.

The column in the Return, which succeeds that of "Total Expenditure," contains the expense of *Medical Relief* only; this consists of salaries to the Medical Officers; extra Medical Fees paid to them under the General Consolidated Order; also, the cost (if any) of medical and surgical appliances, and drugs. The sums in this column are not additional to those given in Column 4, § A, of the Return; because the various items of Medical Relief are included in sub-columns (*e*) or (*f*), as forming a portion of the "Relief to the Poor:" the "Medical Relief" is printed separately, as indicating an important and special subject of Poor Law administration.

(C.) *Poor Rates, &c.*

Medical Relief.

The sums expended under this head during the last seven years were as follows:—

For 1862–63 - - - -	£248,286
1863–64 - - - -	253,204
1864–65 - - - -	259,833
1865–66 - - - -	264,052
1866–67 - - - -	272,225
1867–68 - - - -	272,341
1868–69 - - - -	282,115

School Districts.

Twenty-six Unions and single Parishes, chiefly Metropolitan, are combined into School Districts; the contributions which each Union makes to the treasurer of its district are included in the other items of relief, and, as such, entered in the proper columns of the Poor Rate Return; this then, like the Medical Relief, does not represent any additional expenditure, having been heretofore properly included in the amounts printed opposite to the respective Unions concerned.

The sums contributed to the School Districts; and, the sums expended by each district during the parochial year 1868–69, are contained in the subjoined Table:—

YEAR ENDED AT LADY-DAY 1869.

School District Numbers.	SCHOOL DISTRICTS.	RECEIPTS.			EXPENDITURE.				
		Contributions paid to the District School.	Other Receipts.	TOTAL.	Maintenance of Children at District School.	School Loan and Interest repaid.	Salaries and Rations of Officers and other *common Charges.*	Other Expenses.	TOTAL.
		£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1	CENTRAL LONDON - -	22,280	- -	22,280	8,581	5,906	6,962	346	21,795
2	SOUTH METROPOLITAN -	22,385	- -	22,385	12,039	3,333	6,017	546	21,935
3	NORTH SURREY - - -	18,643	1,080	19,723	9,357	2,748	5,836	123	18,064
4	FARNHAM AND HARTLEY WINTNEY - - -	1,981	178	2,159	1,196	246	721	- -	2,163
5	READING AND WOKINGHAM	1,925	238	2,163	1,004	- -	1,425	- -	2,429
6	SOUTH EAST SHROPSHIRE -	1,660	828	2,488	1,485	168	861	32	2,546
	TOTALS - -	68,874	2,324	71,198	33,662	12,401	21,822	1,047	68,932

(C.)
Poor Rates, &c.

II. and III.—*Law Charges and Expenditure partly connected and partly unconnected with Relief to the Poor.*

Total £622,546.

The sums disbursed since 1856 as cost of legal proceedings as well as the expenditure *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with relief to the Poor, are as follows:—

Years ended at Lady-day.	Cost of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor.		TOTAL.
		Payments under the Parochial Assessment Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	Money Expended for all other Purposes, inclusive of Salary, Poundage, and Superannuations to Parochial Officers.	
	£	£	£	£
1857 -	59,164	13,785	393,294	466,243
1858 -	60,473	16,484	389,638	466,595
1859 -	65,088	15,922	403,228	484,238
1860 -	61,139	16,705	416,315	494,159
1861 -	59,509	15,043	423,309	497,861
1862 -	56,783	14,687	438,475	509,945
1863 -	49,793	19,345	458,779	527,917
1864 -	43,290	42,864	792,938	879,092
1865 -	47,065	63,438	518,234	628,737
1866 -	42,153	58,034	451,773	551,960
1867 -	26,999	54,522	559,779	641,300
1868 -	28,832	49,734	532,204	610,770
1869 -	24,526	47,119	550,901	622,546

IV.—*Expenditure unconnected with Relief to the Poor.*

Total £3,478,353.

Large proportion of expenditure for purposes unconnected with relief.

Table of Expenses *unconnected* with Relief.

This part of the Poor-Rate expenditure, which is entirely foreign to the object originally contemplated in the enactment of the rate, has greatly increased since the passing of the Poor Law Amendment Act in 1834, in consequence of the imposition of new and the augmentation of old charges. The next Table exhibits, separately, all the charges referred to, so far as the returns permit. The heaviest item is the disbursement in respect of the "County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate."

Years ended at Lady-day.	POOR RATE EXPENDITURE FOR PURPOSES *UNCONNECTED* WITH RELIEF. Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Costs of Jury Lists.	TOTAL.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1834	691,548	-	-	-	-	-	691,548
1835	705,711	-	-	-	-	-	705,711
1836	699,845	-	-	-	-	-	699,845
1837	604,203	-	-	-	-	-	604,203
1838	681,842	-	-	35,662	-	-	717,504
1839	741,407	-	-	52,306	-	-	793,713
1840	855,552	-	-	51,228	-	-	906,780
1841	1,026,035	-	-	53,728	11,664	-	1,091,427
1842	1,230,718	-	-	52,379	33,744	-	1,316,841
1843	1,295,616	-	-	53,896	16,425	-	1,365,937
1844	1,356,457	-	-	56,094	16,980	-	1,429,531
1845	1,279,962	-	57,988	57,388	25,905	20,153	1,441,396
1846	1,297,505	-	52,240	54,821	27,447	21,556	1,453,569
1847	1,334,770	-	51,565	59,328	18,115	25,041	1,488,819
1848	1,391,376	-	58,265	56,982	21,965	24,329	1,552,917
1849	1,381,132	-	62,776	57,200	29,375	28,564	1,559,047
1850	1,321,035	-	65,120	58,637	23,642	28,773	1,497,207
1851	1,392,509	-	61,259	56,676	25,248	28,257	1,563,949
1852	1,344,798	-	60,325	58,960	25,895	30,533	1,520,511
1853	1,406,173	-	55,376	60,810	27,576	30,994	1,580,929
1854	1,481,881	-	56,514	60,339	45,729	31,622	1,676,085
1855	1,598,401	-	58,342	65,119	54,727	31,418	1,808,007
1856	1,577,359	-	61,006	63,873	44,503	31,247	1,777,988
1857	1,776,944	-	59,396	63,850	41,256	32,767	1,974,213
1858	1,916,273	-	50,043	64,978	40,761	32,466	2,104,521
1859	1,915,254	-	46,059	66,441	46,472	32,301	2,106,527
1860	1,936,549	-	42,083	67,917	46,005	34,226	2,126,780
1861	1,925,210	-	43,566	66,992	47,730	34,910	2,118,408
1862	2,026,916	-	45,162	67,633	42,520	35,976	2,218,207
1863	2,075,468	-	43,273	69,130	45,662	36,586	2,270,119
1864	2,163,290	-	41,608	72,946	62,653	37,509	2,378,006
1865	2,133,290	550,976	41,830	74,861	58,524	38,974	2,898,455
1866	2,209,184	578,494	40,868	75,563	55,818	37,715	2,997,642
1867	2,511,511	595,699	38,132	74,239	44,815	39,637	3,304,033
1868	2,456,578	614,893	36,281	73,826	50,987	39,199	3,271,764
1869	2,564,735	658,469	42,823	76,735	64,378	71,213	3,478,353

Poor Law Board, 25th January 1870.

FREDERICK PURDY,
Principal of the Statistical Department.

No. 15.

POOR RATE RETURN.—SUMMARY of POOR RATE RETURN, Year ended LADY-DAY 1869.

No. 15.—Poor Rate Return.—Summary of Poor Rate Return for the Year ended

Number.	DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.	RECEIPTS.			EXPENDITURE - - - - -					
					(A.)—Expended for Relief to the Poor, and Purposes connected					
					1.—Relief to					
		From Poor Rates.	Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of the Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	Total Receipts.	(*a*) In-Maintenance.	(*b*) Out-Relief.	(*c*) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(*d*) Workhouse Loan repaid, and Interest thereon.	(*e*) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury*, and Superannuations.	(*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.
	I. THE METROPOLIS.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1*	Middlesex (part of) -	1,621,130	72,649	1,693,779	334,070	299,098	111,924	50,504	106,313	151,946
2*	Surrey (part of) -	421,432	16,663	438,095	80,043	70,886	35,267	8,110	28,333	38,209
3*	Kent (part of) - -	113,175	19,681	132,856	21,337	37,046	12,515	584	6,406	12,146
	Totals - -	2,155,737	108,993	2,264,730	435,450	407,030	159,706	59,198	141,052	202,301
	II. SOUTH EASTERN.									
2*	Surrey (part of) - -	255,839	6,958	262,797	35,904	57,133	11,847	5,259	17,921	19,810
3*	Kent (part of) - -	384,245	14,050	398,295	53,838	97,422	25,417	3,979	29,547	22,892
4	Sussex - - - -	256,695	9.717	266,412	39,868	89,395	14,220	4,517	24,744	16,771
5	Southampton - -	294,806	18,773	313,579	44,851	108,217	18,127	4,278	27,074	17,555
6	Berks - - - -	148,942	5,873	154,815	20,349	49,917	10,061	2,107	12,738	10,090
	Totals - -	1,340,527	55,371	1,395,898	194,810	402,084	79,672	20,140	112,024	87,118
	III. SOUTH MIDLAND.									
1*	Middlesex (part of) -	143,305	5,863	149,168	20,927	29,157	8,306	895	9,207	11,235
7	Hertford - - -	127,514	3,244	130,758	15,348	47,712	6,593	756	9,833	10,378
8	Buckingham - -	98,809	2,477	101,286	11,455	46,078	7,538	209	7,668	5,051
9	Oxford - - -	128,348	5,509	133,857	13,973	48,754	8,240	1,018	10,480	4,779
10	Northampton - -	179,987	5,114	185,101	12,576	74,601	8,366	326	9,619	6,866
11	Huntingdon - -	45,087	1,246	46,333	3,911	15,324	2,083	292	2,988	2,094
12	Bedford - - -	101,192	2,209	103,401	10,268	39,208	4,950	489	6,246	4,604
13	Cambridge - - -	127,822	2,740	130,562	14,145	58,165	6,817	160	9,241	5,777
	Totals - -	952,064	28,402	980,466	102,603	358,999	52,893	4,145	65,282	50,784
	IV. EASTERN.									
14	Essex - - - -	280,935	9,599	290,534	43,420	108,354	14,144	1,629	21,692	18,991
15	Suffolk - - -	213,348	7,139	220,487	23,451	89,485	13,817	1,062	20,729	10,323
16	Norfolk - - -	251,980	8,950	260,930	34,941	121,940	15,025	4,512	22, 887	12,505
	Totals - -	746,263	25,688	771,951	101,812	319,779	42,986	7,203	65,308	41,819
	V. SOUTH WESTERN.									
17	Wilts - - - -	196,384	5,651	202,035	18,680	75,296	10,016	1,791	16,575	7,757
18	Dorset - - -	131,858	3,277	135,135	9,579	55,784	5,746	736	10,649	3,726
19	Devon - - - -	325,735	15,119	340,854	30,869	133,174	18,672	1,442	20,869	11,680
20	Cornwall - - -	158,615	4,806	163,421	14,303	59,132	9,770	1,684	9,402	6,223
21	Somerset - - -	300,231	9,016	309,247	27,377	123,945	14,035	977	22,302	12,451
	Totals - -	1,112,823	37,869	1,150,692	100,808	447,331	58,239	6,630	79,797	41,837

LADY-DAY, 1869. Population of England and Wales 20,066,224 (Census 1861).

EXPENDITURE.												
therewith.		(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief.						(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor.				
the Poor.	2.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	1.	2.			
Total Relief to the Poor.	Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount Expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
1,067,521	1,606	457,108	..	1,024	7,548	4,068	9,967	2,701	100,395	1,651,938	27,417	1*
256,666	425	120,914	..	128	2,358	1,339	2,181	438	33,987	418,436	7,430	2*
91,046	228	25,262	273	437	1,002	382	591	866	11,570	131,657	2,177	3*
1,415,233 (A)	2,259	603,284	273	1,589	10,908	5,789	12,739	4,005	145,952	2,202,031	37,024	
147,874	837	64,716	26,053	1,190	1,133	935	668	2,111	12,902	258,419	6,953	2*
233,095	1,777	77,788	56,113	1,697	2,072	1,874	1,675	1,670	15,930	393,691	10,337	3*
189,515	799	49,192	7,908	894	1,285	1.076	1,392	2.143	10,286	264,490	9,574	4
220,102	546	50,821	15,969	1,372	1,610	1,434	915	397	11,354	304,520	10,030	5
105,262	108	29,424	15,065	503	776	695	657	761	3,856	157,107	5,022	6
895,848	4,067	271,941	121,108	5,656	6,876	6,014	5,307	7,082	54,328	1,378,227	41,916	
79,727	98	46,694	5,917	1,184	775	856	829	508	10,501	147,089	4,009	1*
90,620	107	25,816	8,207	401	620	642	368	360	4,616	131,757	4,562	7
77,999	166	14,300	..	591	611	645	643	470	4,163	99,588	3,824	8
87,244	55	18,734	14,862	523	579	706	800	283	4,732	128,518	4,274	9
112,354	253	28,896	26,844	1,038	889	883	1,276	285	5,357	178,075	4,503	10
26,692	43	7,167	8,414	165	207	381	233	38	1,105	44,445	1,134	11
65,765	228	17,027	12,141	622	565	755	393	541	2,268	100,305	2,821	12
94,305	296	24,563	2.529	549	895	813	656	1,054	4,342	130,002	4,482	13
634,706	1,246	183,197	78,914	5,073	5,141	5,681	5,198	3,539	37,084	959,779	29,609	
208,230	664	49,139	11,912	862	1,380	1,653	747	748	12,289	287,624	10,838	14
158,867	598	31,155	13,090	1,194	1,165	1,177	950	693	6,423	215,312	7,993	15
211,810	136	34,359	575	1,665	1,451	1,582	1,611	733	6,248	260,170	8,877	16
578,907	1,398	114,653	25,577	3,721	3,996	4,412	3,308	2,174	24,960	763,106	27,708	
130,115	718	27,464	29,128	703	837	819	774	2,047	5,434	198,039	6,617	17
86,220	51	23,735	13,238	129	603	657	555	254	5,166	130,608	4,464	18
216,706	809	55,371	44,305	1,029	1,857	2,134	1,064	484	11,951	335,710	8,168	19
100,514	150	22,156	30,903	423	1,153	1,102	891	398	5,404	163,094	3,220	20
201,087	444	37,554	42,099	1,159	1,410	1,372	1,316	1,102	13,412	300,955	9,011	21
734,642	2,172	166,280	159,673	3,443	5,860	6,084	4,600	4,285	41,367	1,128,406	31,480	

(A) The Total Relief to the Poor of the Metropolitan Division includes a balance of 10,496*l.*, contributions to the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund, not entered in the preceding columns.

POOR RATE RETURN.—Summary of Poor Rate Return for the Year ended Lady-d

Number.	DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.	RECEIPTS.			EXPENDITURE - - - -					
					(A.)—Expended for Relief to the Poor, and Purposes connect					
					1.—Relief					
		From Poor Rates.	Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of the Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	TOTAL Receipts.	(a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loan repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury*, and Superannuations.	(f) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief
	VI. WEST MIDLAND.		£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
22	Gloucester - - -	275,095	8,555	283,650	35,287	97,921	17,489	3,057	18,409	14,59
23	Hereford - - -	81,612	2,803	84,415	6,654	26,836	5,093	529	5,642	2,85
24	Salop - - - -	126,386	4,426	130,812	17,278	32,689	11,049	2,017	10,451	6,18
25	Stafford - - -	296,317	8,257	304,574	40,897	92,874	20,173	5,693	20,899	14,81
26	Worcester - - -	155,592	5,722	161,314	15,091	46,571	10,562	346	9,987	5,84
27	Warwick - - -	283,835	10,869	294,704	35,879	74,370	21,274	10,100	19,053	17,09
	Totals - -	1,218,837	40,632	1,259,469	151,086	371,261	85,640	21,742	84,441	61,37
	VII. NORTH MIDLAND.									
28	Leicester - - -	160,652	5,096	165,748	16,787	47,322	11,187	2,055	10,094	7,68
29	Rutland - - -	14,571	558	15,129	1,503	5,847	796	..	1,285	96
30	Lincoln - - -	227,879	7,164	235,043	21,978	106,681	12,765	218	17,249	9,33
31	Nottingham - -	166,434	3,976	170,410	16,872	54,396	8,990	188	9,165	5,83
32	Derby - - - -	106,133	2,677	108,810	12,534	33,224	8,335	665	7,289	4,20
	Totals - -	675,669	19,471	695,140	69,674	247,470	42,073	3,126	45,082	28,03
	VIII. NORTH WESTERN.									
33	Chester - - -	227,263	6,759	234,022	25,929	63,564	11,920	4,584	13,912	12,39
34	Lancaster - - -	1,251,266	45,897	1,297,163	169,144	241,188	59,211	45,436	82,962	96,83
	Totals - -	1,478,529	52,656	1,531,185	195,073	304,752	71,131	50,020	96,874	109,23
	IX. YORKSHIRE.									
35	West Riding - -	216,116	6,750	222,866	70,712	200,486	33,471	13,650	34,833	33,13
36	East Riding - -	115,574	3,968	119,542	13,939	34,423	9,792	2,324	7,670	5,77
37	North Riding - -	117,058	2,630	119,688	9,030	34,643	5,811	931	7,293	4,99
	Totals - -	448,748	13,348	462,096	93,681	269,552	49,074	16,905	49,796	43,90
	X. NORTHERN.									
38	Durham - - -	239,756	6,825	246,581	20,935	83,060	12,243	5,145	11,880	11,12
39	Northumberland -	166,099	3,803	169,902	15,706	67,686	12,924	2,078	8,947	8,56
40	Cumberland - -	80,313	3,843	84,156	10,896	27,085	6,069	2,135	5,467	4,34
41	Westmoreland - -	22,589	2,063	24,652	2,838	8,111	1,669	51	2,387	1,54
	Totals - -	508,757	16,534	525,291	50,375	185,942	32,905	9,409	28,681	25,57
	XI. WELSH.									
42	Monmouth - - -	119,145	3,881	123,026	11,824	45,279	8,148	1,112	5,745	6,63
43	South Wales - -	369,095	5,804	374,899	24,242	181,737	19,415	3,500	17,804	13,26
44	North Wales - -	237,462	3,848	241,310	15,142	136,163	9,059	1,471	13,250	6,08
	Totals - -	725,702	13,533	739,235	51,208	363,179	36,622	6,083	36,799	25,98
	TOTALS of England and Wales - -	11,363,656	412,497	11,776,153	1,546,580	3,677,379	710,941	204,601	805,136	717,96

1869. Population of England and Wales 20,066,224 (Census 1861)—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.

therewith.		(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief.						(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor.				
the Poor.	2.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	1.	2.			
Total Relief to the Poor.	Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount Expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
186,755	737	48,813	27,030	909	1,570	1,551	2,177	1,591	9,496	280,629	6,824	2
47,605	66	13,309	17,168	366	315	401	425	222	3,036	82,913	2,679	2
79,670	253	22,696	19,957	591	904	864	843	304	5,455	131,537	3,949	2
195,349	2,223	76,334	1,792	2,558	2,931	2,618	2,540	1,661	12,231	300,237	6,224	2
88,402	224	41,576	11,045	610	1,026	1,072	934	475	5,554	150,918	4,215	2
177,766	366	75,375	7,449	1,519	2,038	1,784	1,131	462	9,837	277,727	6,636	2
775,547	3,869	278,103	84,441	6,553	8,784	8,290	8,050	4,715	45,609	1,223,961	30,527	
95,132	64	33,448	20,897	779	1,006	858	764	636	6,412	159,996	3,565	2
10,397	10	2,959	1,616	96	78	105	101	167	468	15,997	530	2
168,227	122	38,298	6,823	1,585	1,528	1,489	2,005	747	6,244	227,068	6,415	3
95,450	221	36,613	16,744	788	1,199	894	1,048	995	6,088	160,040	3,480	8
66,256	90	32,737	2,242	560	1,063	1,259	828	540	6,312	111,887	2,335	3
435,462	507	144,055	48,322	3,808	4,874	4,605	4,746	3,085	25,524	674,988	16,325	
132,305	386	51,213	28,011	855	1,735	1,649	1,664	2,318	11,313	231,449	4,565	3
694,780	3,974	285,053	30,550	3,209	10,614	6,386	9,811	6,177	62,690	1,113,244	22,187	3
827,085	4,360	336,266	58,561	4,064	12,349	8,035	11,475	8,495	74,003	1,344,693	26,752	
386,290	2,804	154,497	14,101	3,568	6,630	5,174	6,226	5,517	29,878	614,685	12,416	3
73,925	214	28,729	2,417	350	1,080	863	985	89	5,825	114,477	2,531	3
62,701	45	25,888	19,658	531	777	731	535	242	2,864	113,972	2,783	3
522,916	3,063	209,114	36,176	4,449	8,487	6,768	7,746	5,848	38,567	843,134	17,730	
144,385	722	51,546	18,664	836	2,410	1,907	2,040	1,242	16,773	240,525	3,847	3
115,902	97	32,361	7,201	472	1,346	1,097	584	262	8,655	167,977	2,781	3
55,999	117	19,011	1,710	148	764	625	518	242	6,990	86,124	1,539	4
16,597	8	6,474	..	206	222	181	179	58	1,128	25,053	823	4
332,883	944	109,392	27,575	1,662	4,742	3,810	3,321	1,804	33,546	519,679	8,990	
78,740	52	22,146	10,369	598	694	614	507	215	4,875	118,810	1,846	4
259,963	342	87,527	2,034	1,310	2,571	2,735	2,211	777	15,492	374,962	6,765	4
181,168	247	38,777	5,446	897	1,453	1,541	2,005	1,095	9,594	242,223	5,443	4
519,871	641	148,450	17,849	2,805	4,718	4,890	4,723	2,087	29,961	735,995	14,054	
7,673,100*	24,526	2,564,735	658,469	42,823	76,735	64,378	71,213	47,119	550,901	11,773,999	282,115	
£7,697,626		£3,478,353						£598,020				
£11,773,999												

* Inclusive of 10,496*l.* balance of contributions to the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund.

No. 16.

EXPENDITURE FOR THE RELIEF OF THE POOR.—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT, Years ended LADY-DAY 1868 and 1869.

No. 16.—Comparative Statement of the Expenditure for the Relief of the Poor in (Census

DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.	Population in 1861.	EXPENDED FOR RELIEF OF THE POOR. Years ended Lady-day 1868.	1869.	DIFFERENCE between 1869 and 1868. Incr.	Decr.	DIFFERENCE per CENT. Incr.	Decr.
I. THE METROPOLIS.		£	£	£	£		
1.*Middlesex (part of)	2,030,814	990,221	1,067,521	77,300	—	7·8	—
2.*Surrey (part of)	579,748	252,266	256,666	4,400	—	1·7	—
3.*Kent (part of)	193,427	74,271	91,046	16,775	—	22·6	—
Totals	2,803,989	1,316,758	1,415,233	98,475	—	7·5	—
II. SOUTH EASTERN.							
2.*Surrey (part of)	273,264	143,794	147,874	4,080	—	2·8	—
3.*Kent (part of)	545,272	224,323	233,095	8,772	—	3·9	—
4. Sussex	366,836	202,057	189,515	—	12,542	—	6·2
5. Southampton	456,654	218,275	220,102	1,827	—	0·8	—
6. Berks	205,635	105,007	105,262	255	—	0·2	—
Totals	1,847,661	893,456	895,848	2,392	—	0·3	—
III. SOUTH MIDLAND.							
1.*Middlesex (part of)	187,325	76,102	79,727	3,625	—	4·8	—
7. Hertford	177,452	86,724	90,620	3,896	—	4·5	—
8. Buckingham	147,207	78,069	77,999	—	70	—	0·1
9. Oxford	171,233	86,489	87,244	755	—	0·9	—
10. Northampton	231,079	113,260	112,354	—	906	—	0·8
11. Huntingdon	59,137	24,705	26,692	1,987	—	8·0	—
12. Bedford	140,479	62,103	65,765	3,662	—	5·9	—
13. Cambridge	181,585	93,906	94,305	399	—	0·4	—
Totals	1,295,497	621,358	634,706	13,348	—	2·1	—
IV. EASTERN.							
14. Essex	379,705	213,172	208,230	—	4,942	—	2·3
15. Suffolk	335,409	157,353	158,867	1,514	—	1·0	—
16. Norfolk	427,466	209,709	211,810	2,101	—	1·0	—
Totals	1,142,580	580,234	578,907	—	1,327	—	0·2
V. SOUTH WESTERN.							
17. Wilts	236,027	130,560	130,115	—	445	—	0·3
18. Dorset	182,193	85,409	86,220	811	—	0·9	—
19. Devon	595,436	214,044	216,706	2,662	—	1·2	—
20. Cornwall	364,848	97,128	100,514	3,386	—	3·5	—
21. Somerset	457,210	198,690	201,087	2,397	—	1·2	—
Totals	1,835,714	725,831	734,642	8,811	—	1·2	—
VI. WEST MIDLAND.							
22. Gloucester	443,535	180,262	186,755	6,493	—	3·6	—
23. Hereford	106,796	46,194	47,605	1,411	—	3·1	—
24. Salop	260,409	77,529	79,670	2,141	—	2·8	—

(C.)
Poor Rates, &c.

Union Counties for the Years ended at Lady-day 1868 and 1869. Population, 20,066,224 1861).

DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.	Population in 1861.	EXPENDED FOR RELIEF OF THE POOR. Years ended Lady-day 1868.	1869.	DIFFERENCE between 1869 and 1868. Incr.	Decr.	DIFFERENCE per CENT. Incr.	Decr.
VI. WEST MIDLAND—*cont.*		£	£	£	£		
25. Stafford - - -	769,541	196,018	195,349	—	669	—	0·3
26. Worcester - - -	294,953	87,569	88,402	833	—	1·0	—
27. Warwick - - -	561,334	181,958	177,766	—	4,192	—	2·3
Totals -	2,436,568	769,530	775,547	6,017	—	0·8	—
VII. NORTH MIDLAND.							
28. Leicester - - -	243,648	92,159	95,132	2,973	—	3·2	—
29. Rutland - - -	23,479	9,684	10,397	713	—	7·4	—
30. Lincoln - - -	404,143	166,256	168,227	1,971	—	1·2	—
31. Nottingham - -	323,784	97,058	95,450	—	1,608	—	1·7
32. Derby - - -	293,874	64,369	66,256	1,887	—	2·9	—
Totals -	1,288,928	429,526	435,462	5,936	—	1·4	—
VIII. NORTH WESTERN.							
33. Chester - - -	470,174	129,864	132,305	2,441	—	1·9	—
34. Lancaster - - -	2,465,366	694,541	694,780	239	—	0·0	—
Totals -	2,935,540	824,405	827,085	2,680	—	0·3	—
IX. YORK.							
35. West Riding - -	1,530,007	379,738	386,290	6,552	—	1·7	—
36. East Riding - -	274,425	71,795	73,925	2,130	—	3·0	—
37. North Riding - -	211,109	64,167	62,701	—	1,466	—	2·3
Totals -	2,015,541	515,700	522,916	7,216	—	1·4	—
X. NORTHERN.							
38. Durham - - -	542,125	138,356	144,385	6,029	—	4·4	—
39. Northumberland - -	343,025	109,820	115,902	6,082	—	5·5	—
40. Cumberland - -	205,276	54,063	55,999	1,936	—	3·6	—
41. Westmorland - -	60,946	16,957	16,597	—	360	—	2·1
Totals -	1,151,372	319,196	332,883	13,687	—	4·3	—
XI. WELSH.							
42. Monmouth - - -	196,977	74,213	78,740	4,527	—	6·1	—
43. South Wales - -	699,722	250,689	259,963	9,274	—	3·7	—
44. North Wales - -	416,135	177,165	181,168	4,003	—	2·3	—
Totals -	1,312,834	502,067	519,871	17,804	—	3·5	—
TOTALS of England and Wales -	20,066,224	7,498,061	7,673,100	175,039	—	2·3	—

No. 17.

Poor Rates levied and expended in Unions and Parishes.—
Year ended Lady-day 1869.

No. 17.—Poor Rates levied and expended in Unions

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. Total Receipts.	EXPENDITURE. (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected 1.—Relief to (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury*, and Superannuations.	(f) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor, irrespective of any Contribution to or Repayment from the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund.
	I. THE METROPOLIS.										
	1.* MIDDLESEX (part of):	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1 a	Kensington*	69,570	268	69,838	13,992	11,362	3,422	205	2,160	6,346	37,487
1 b	Fulham	30,864	2,386	33,250	4,885	7,746	2,279	1,256	2,223	2,795	21,184
1 c	Paddington*	61,166	450	61,616	6,057	8,147	2,392	673	2,330	3,064	22,663
[illegible]	Chelsea*	44,879	693	45,572	7,513	7,116	4,080	1,152	2,062	557	22,480
[illegible]	St. George, Hanover-sq.*	97,268	1,194	98,462	11,235	5,225	3,547	..	3,641	5,930	29,578
[illegible]	St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster.*	74,295	3,457	77,752	16,285	11,887	3,560	3,159	4,501	2,325	41,717
[illegible]	Westminster	56,771	1,266	58,037	15,728	5,694	4,674	1,259	3,286	2,135	32,776
[illegible]	St. Marylebone*	139,339	(A) 2,250	141,589	29,816	20,736	8,557	1,861	7,748	(B) 9,337	78,055
[illegible]	St. John Hampstead*	16,160	305	16,465	2,611	1,021	589	405	922	1,712	7,260
[illegible]	St. Pancras*	143,833	4,764	148,597	20,466	28,448	14,574	1,059	8,900	15,812	89,259
[illegible]	St. Mary Islington*	87,213	5,148	92,361	9,825	15,457	7,266	1,666	4,136	4,324	42,674
[illegible]	Hackney	63,551	839	64,390	9,234	18,517	3,741	130	3,421	5,101	40,144
[illegible]	St. Giles and St. George Bloomsbury.*	37,663	2,476	40,139	12,661	3,206	2,213	..	2,430	(C) 999	21,509
[illegible]	Strand	53,131	3,303	56,434	11,996	5,881	4,021	731	5,670	5,276	33,575
[illegible] a	*Middle Temple*	No Rate.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
[illegible]	Holborn	28,589	1,769	30,358	7,198	5,837	2,783	521	1,988	4,186	22,513
[illegible] a	*Gray's Inn*	No Rate.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
[illegible] b	*Charterhouse*	No Rate.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
[illegible]	St. James Clerkenwell*	33,737	1,531	35,268	8,705	7,892	4,66	..	2,505	1,721	25,487
[illegible]	St. Luke*	44,358	(D) 15,155	59,513	(E) 18,786	9,818	2,987	8,078	2,704	(F) 4,867	47,240

Note.—Places marked in the Table thus * are single Parishes under the Poor Law Amendment Act; ‖ are single [p]arishes under Local Acts; § are incorporations under Gilbert's Act; † are incorporations under Local Acts; *places [p]rinted in italics* are parishes under the 43d Elizabeth.

(A) St. Marylebone.—Excluding a loan of 4,200*l.*
(B) „ Including part cost of new Chronic Wards.

AND PARISHES, during the Year ended at LADY-DAY 1869.

EXPENDITURE.														
to the Poor, and therewith.				(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief.						(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor.				
the Poor.			2.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	1.	2.			
Add or deduct, as the Case may be, the Difference between the Contribution to and the Repayment from the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund.		**Adjusted Expenditure** for Relief to the Poor.	Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
Add	Deduct													
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
3,710	—	41,197	5	16,996	..	..	337	162	321	..	3,589	62,607	727	1 *a*
657	—	21,841	7	7,636	..	134	210	219	292	174	3,994	34,507	622	1 *b*
4,466	—	27,129	..	36,444	..	10	270	153	292	..	836	65,134	715	1 *c*
—	760	21,720	..	13,621	..	..	291	192	407	..	4,543	40,774	778	2
3,978	—	33,556	25	51,832	..	33	247	101	496	..	7,208	93,498	1,530	3
1,793	—	43,510	16	14,212	..	10	248	128	284	..	6,843	65,251	1,048	4
837	—	33,613	145	23,823	..	80	167	43	319	62	5,731	63,983	476	6
187	—	78,242	168	47,233	..	..	519	251	474	..	6,857	133,744	2,015	7
794	—	8,054	..	7,004	..	129	73	26	177	..	1,324	16,787	246	8
296	—	89,555	117	43,305	..	40	708	437	246	..	7,930	142,338	1,941	9
3,619	—	46,293	212	37,924	..	..	660	270	734	..	4,582	90,675	1,704	10
1,601	—	41,745	29	18,323	..	19	333	125	623	19	3,145	64,361	893	11
885	—	22,394	20	12,186	..	224	179	71	166	..	3,804	39,044	630	12
—	997	32,578	316	18,844	..	14	129	92	447	191	2,853	55,464	1,004	13
108	—	108	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	108	..	13 *a*
411	—	22,924	..	8,079	..	40	142	71	210	21	1,235	32,722	779	14
105	—	105	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	105	..	14 *a*
16	—	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16	..	14 *b*
1,151	—	26,638	38	10,288	..	..	265	150	323	..	2,646	40,348	490	15
531	—	47,771	13	9,295	..	132	202	162	157	..	1,267	58,999	937	16

(C) St. Giles and St. George, Bloomsbury.—Exclusive of the repayment of a temporary loan of 1,003*l*.
(D) St. Luke Middlesex.—Inclusive of 12,600*l*. received from sale of premises, &c. at Upton.
(E) " Inclusive of 10,568*l*. outstanding accounts paid off.
(F) " Exclusive of the repayment of a temporary loan of 2,500*l*.

Poor Rates levied and expended in Unions and Parishes

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. TOTAL Re-ceipts.	EXPENDITURE — (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected — 1.—Relief to — (*a*) In-Maintenance.	(*b*) Out-Relief.	(*c*) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(*d*) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(*e*) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury*, and Superannuations.	(*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor, irrespective of any Contribution to or Repayment from the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund.
	I. THE METROPOLIS—*cont.*										
	1.* MIDDLESEX (part of)—*continued.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
17	East London	33,717	2,107	35,824	8,392	13,084	3,116	2,126	3,012	4,701	34,431
18	West London	29,445	1,320	30,765	9,874	6,060	1,911	2,120	2,506	5,641	28,112
18*a*	*Inner Temple*	No Rate.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	City of London	69,587	6,964	76,551	14,055	13,942	2,308	5,660	4,841	15,534	56,340
20	St. Leonard Shoreditch*	58,500	4,404	62,904	18,807	15,183	5,448	5,241	6,464	10,798	61,941
21	Bethnal Green*	60,430	1,251	61,681	19,971	7,783	6,751	810	4,879	5,595	45,789
22	Whitechapel	63,771	896	64,667	11,756	7,813	4,870	5,130	5,677	7,601	42,847
23	St. George-in-the-East*	42,381	628	43,009	11,818	8,116	2,628	589	4,086	4,157	31,394
24*a*	Stepney	57,467	4,232	61,699	12,860	12,920	3,479	3,720	5,175	7,025	45,179
24*b*	Mile End Old Town*	33,974	2,317	36,291	6,644	7,710	2,441	2,478	3,366	3,465	26,104
25	Poplar	89,471	1,276	90,747	12,900	32,497	3,623	475	5,680	10,942	66,117
	2.* SURREY (part of):										
26	St. Saviour, Southwark	29,224	326	29,550	5,088	4,248	2,227	1,027	2,517	6,278	21,385
27	St. Olave, Southwark	20,936	645	21,581	3,852	2,738	1,106	..	1,863	1,218	10,777
28	Bermondsey*	33,964	1,332	35,296	5,533	4,170	2,993	298	1,439	6,310	20,743
29	St. George-the-Martyr Southwark.*	30,590	3,979	34,569	9,949	5,787	1,670	1,873	4,172	1,309	24,760
30	St. Mary Newington*	43,861	2,888	46,749	10,649	7,366	7,661	1,255	2,697	3,327	32,955
31	Lambeth*	112,965	2,347	115,312	19,871	20,848	12,213	949	7,217	7,038	68,136
32	Wandsworth and Clapham	72,757	1,870	74,627	11,810	12,401	3,883	468	3,026	6,485	38,073
33	Camberwell*	57,145	326	57,471	10,117	9,969	1,802	1,766	3,185	•4,583	31,422
34	St. Mary Rotherhithe*	19,990	2,950	22,940	3,174	3,359	1,712	474	2,217	1,661	12,597
	3.* KENT (part of):										
35*a*	Greenwich	57,986	10,691	68,677	12,446	18,072	7,305	584	3,575	7,717	49,699
35*b*	Woolwich	28,821	5,884	34,705	6,384	13,840	3,633	..	1,300	753	25,910
36	Lewisham	26,368	813	27,181	2,507	5,134	1,577	..	1,531	3,676	14,425

(A) Bermondsey.—Including payments of 487*l.*, Fire Brigade Rate; and 500*l.*, Commissioners of Baths and Washhouses.

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.

to the Poor, and therewith. — the Poor. Add or deduct, as the Case may be, the Difference between the Contribution to and the Repayment from the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund.		**Adjusted Expenditure** for Relief to the Poor.	2. Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief. 1. Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	2. Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	3. Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	4. Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	5. Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	6. Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor. 1. Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	2. Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Num…
Add £	Deduct £	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
—	846	33,585	16	352	..	41	108	32	512	..	1,783	36,429	938	17
—	592	27,520	170	351	..	1	92	40	219	157	2,114	30,664	743	18
166	—	166	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	166	..	18
11,073	—	67,413	34	..	..	18	78	25	1,265	530	6,730	76,093	757	19
—	1,044	60,897	141	15,495	..	..	463	271	..	..	..	77,267	975	20
—	4,819	40,970	50	8,647	..	15	459	263	429	..	2,389	53,222	1,192	21
—	4,598	38,249	27	11,948	..	7	274	151	323	..	3,590	54,569	1,077	22
—	2,519	28,875	..	8,627	..	44	194	125	151	..	1,837	39,853	892	23
—	3,722	41,457	27	11,419	..	16	196	109	272	50	4,505	58,051	1,410	24
—	997	25,107	14	8,527	..	1	343	65	343	..	1,976	36,376	1,026	24
—	1,824	64,293	16	14,697	..	16	361	334	485	1,497	7,084	88,783	1,872	25
—	403	20,982	..	4,527	..	5	98	81	157	20	1,106	26,976	583	26
—	84	10,693	..	6,826	..	6	71	34	108	6	3,241	20,985	198	27
—	267	20,476	2	10,063	..	..	270	147	235	229	(A) 2,477	33,899	435	28
—	1,020	23,740	38	7,474	..	..	195	77	195	..	4,747	36,466	807	29
—	1,830	31,125	10	10,616	..	..	147	97	294	..	(B) 2,570	44,859	820	30
—	1,232	66,904	334	34,028	..	14	734	357	509	..	(C) 7,683	110,563	2,184	31
1,859	—	39,932	41	25,774	..	103	332	317	300	183	5,257	72,239	1,145	32
—	639	30,783	..	16,089	..	..	381	155	296	..	2,963	50,667	982	33
—	566	12,031	..	5,517	..	..	130	74	87	..	3,943	21,782	276	34
—	2,042	47,657	204	9,719	..	275	529	191	350	764	6,605	66,294	1,294	35
2,136	—	28,046	..	7,421	..	62	253	96	152	30	3,017	39,077	460	35
918	—	15,343	24	8,122	273	100	220	95	89	72	1,948	26,286	423	36

(B) St. Mary Newington.—Including payment of 120*l.* to Burial Board and 583*l.* Fire Brigade Rate.
(C) Lambeth.—Including 1,604*l.* Fire Brigade Rate.

Poor Rates levied and expended in Unions and Parishes

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE. (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected 1.—Relief to (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury,* and Superannuations.
	II. SOUTH EASTERN COUNTIES.								
	2.* SURREY (part of):	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
37	Epsom	19,041	328	19,369	2,075	4,277	1,152	86	1,202
38	Chertsey	15,334	718	16,052	2,975	3,725	902	317	1,150
39	Guildford	22,308	433	22,741	1,894	8,429	1,783	459	1,882
40	Farnham	14,444	426	14,870	2,279	3,813	1,046	80	955
41 *a*	Ash §	2,345	119	2,464	234	696	75	32	67
41 *b*	Farnborough §	2,866	27	2,893	315	480	..	..	1,002
41 *c*	Headley §	1,833	61	1,894	169	846	56	..	281
42	Hambledon	12,440	451	12,891	928	4,514	593	..	1,020
43	Dorking	10,924	177	11,101	1,095	2,797	646	..	779
44	Reigate	18,895	262	19,157	2,051	3,000	539	232	1,675
45	Godstone	10,392	230	10,622	810	3,012	458	..	1,047
46	Croydon	61,316	813	62,129	7,240	9,291	2,092	3,441	3,431
47	Kingston	45,089	1,323	46,412	10,895	10,944	1,411	116	2,155
48	Richmond	18,612	1,590	20,202	2,944	1,309	1,094	496	1,275
	3.* KENT (part of).								
49	Bromley	16,735	477	17,212	2,446	1,851	572	83	1,124
50	Dartford	23,809	537	24,346	2,937	5,405	1,296	162	1,614
51	Gravesend and Milton	10,609	930	11,539	2,118	1,784	693	146	793
52	North Aylesford	14,877	329	15,206	2,887	3,361	898	199	1,182
53	Hoo	3,745	74	3,819	686	350	61	..	386
54	Medway	17,024	3,899	20,923	6,262	3,744	1,571	1,447	1,633
55	Malling	19,386	379	19,765	2,313	5,296	953	..	1,594
56	Sevenoaks	17,249	485	17,734	2,015	3,541	1,155	70	1,612
57	Tunbridge	25,258	710	25,968	2,981	7,561	2,034	254	1,919
58	Maidstone	30,691	550	31,241	3,532	8,963	2,418	338	1,832
59	Hollingbourn	14,089	367	14,456	1,808	3,556	850	..	1,452
60	Cranbrook	11,485	360	11,845	1,219	3,366	820	..	1,100
61	Tenterden	11,160	251	11,411	751	3,640	341	..	854

(A) Chertsey.—Including 206*l.* 14*s.* paid to Burial Board.
(B) Kingston.—Including moneys paid to Burial Board.

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.

to the Poor, and therewith.			(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief.						(C.)—Expended for purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor.				
the Poor.		2.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	1.	2.			
Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief. (f)	Total Relief to the Poor.	Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	Money expended for all other purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount Expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
556	9,348	25	4,989	3,013	187	99	7	49	39	866	18,622	526	37
978	10,047	..	3,025	1,103	35	78	76	31	881	(A) 861	16,137	551	38
843	15,290	180	4,668	1,606	80	93	103	86	77	983	23,166	707	39
1,741	9,914	107	2,008	999	37	93	89	22	30	795	14,094	469	40
81	1,185	..	396	607	17	5	5	5	..	55	2,275	102	41 a
..	1,797	..	368	364	211	18	17	4	..	152	2,931	..	41 b
60	1,412	..	287	370	1	14	13	1	..	34	2,132	132	41 c
606	7,661	14	1,938	2,610	53	45	55	26	29	375	12,806	444	42
588	5,905	100	1,940	1,453	61	31	49	30	113	739	10,421	195	43
2,072	9,569	11	4,867	4,747	107	70	79	61	156	1,898	21,565	527	44
796	6,123	..	1,747	2,625	61	39	56	8	40	324	11,023	430	45
5,539	31,034	9	18,847	2,667	165	230	150	168	221	2,860	56,351	1,413	46
5,049	30,570	312	12,933	809	168	229	153	124	525	(B) 1,850	47,673	1,045	47
901	8,019	79	6,703	3,080	7	89	83	53	..	(C) 1,110	19,223	412	48
902	6,978	11	5,624	3,072	6	78	77	39	25	706	16,616	474	49
756	12,170	100	6,031	3,947	113	122	161	107	..	305	23,056	562	50
1,825	7,359	937	2,024	..	89	64	48	156	36	471	11,184	173	51
643	9,170	41	2,396	2,422	64	73	51	111	12	604	14,944	431	52
93	1,576	..	790	1,255	37	12	8	12	10	148	3,848	123	53
1,975	16,632	245	2,159	129	182	204	77	279	46	1,720	21,673	395	54
2,161	12,317	9	2,822	3,062	104	85	93	25	..	422	18,939	664	55
920	9,313	114	2,893	4,716	98	72	73	30	41	884	18,234	611	56
1,363	16,112	106	5,267	1,920	41	117	112	63	410	914	25,062	779	57
2,149	19,232	36	5,476	3,554	88	147	184	120	..	2,380	31,217	853	58
778	8,444	10	2,044	4,146	103	64	72	35	8	76	15,002	339	59
511	7,016	13	1,387	2,085	18	51	51	17	65	446	11,149	419	60
418	6,004	..	1,754	2,516	48	38	46	18	20	426	10,870	358	61

(C) Including 55*l.* 1*s.* 8*d.*, cost of maintaining Burial Ground.

Poor Rates levied and expended in Unions and Parishes

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected; 1.—Relief to (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury,* and Superannuations.
	II. SOUTH EASTERN COUNTIES—*cont.*								
	3.* KENT (part of)—*cont.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
62	West Ashford	13,486	352	13,838	1,241	3,914	533	..	947
63	East Ashford	10,817	286	11,103	918	3,051	358	..	923
64	Bridge	9,306	341	9,647	1,283	2,959	399	33	738
65	Canterbury †	9,396	181	9,577	1,445	2,133	657	422	860
66	Blean	8,918	243	9,161	1,320	2,558	681	190	877
67	Faversham	16,433	392	16,825	1,695	4,103	993	101	1,301
68	Milton	13,489	254	13,743	999	3,152	758	..	772
69	Sheppey	6,516	1,084	7,600	1,163	1,883	611	67	663
70	Isle of Thanet	20,909	48	20,957	3,315	4,981	1,947	384	1,167
71	Eastry	16,372	511	16,883	2,995	5,060	1,771	..	1,239
72	Dover	20,987	474	21,461	2,987	6,253	1,692	83	1,123
73	Elham	12,571	278	12,849	1,661	3,032	1,031	..	1,075
74	Romney Marsh	8,928	258	9,186	861	1,925	324	..	767
	4. SUSSEX.								
75	Rye	13,332	254	13,586	1,510	4,305	499	107	1,267
76	Hastings	17,517	540	18,057	1,722	6,247	808	62	1,170
77	Battle	12,955	304	13,259	1,454	4,022	552	88	1,042
78	Eastbourne	9,858	340	10,198	1,310	3,030	427	404	1,289
79	Hailsham	8,981	659	9,640	1,169	3,613	554	38	871
80	Ticehurst	12,661	332	12,993	1,490	3,937	595	100	1,125
81	Uckfield	12,068	357	12,425	1,163	4,850	645	..	1,195
82	East Grinstead	12,290	322	12,612	1,463	4,300	546	443	1,198
83	Cuckfield	11,940	685	12,625	1,770	3,766	772	32	1,179
84a	Chailey	7,521	279	7,800	669	3,129	397	..	711
84b	Lewes	8.891	459	9,350	2,066	2,148	492	849	775
84c	West Firle	3,080	82	3,162	335	893	116	..	399
84d	Newhaven	4,267	197	4,464	694	1,586	197	..	533
85	Brighton ‖	38,881	1,683	40,564	11,263	12,556	3,172	1,967	3,933

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.

to the Poor, and therewith. — the Poor. — (f) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	2. Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief. — 1. Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	2. Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	3. Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	4. Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	5. Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	6. Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor. — 1. Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	2. Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
774	7,409	20	1,793	2,464	31	49	57	27	35	820	12,705	405	62
308	5,558	5	1,871	2,603	73	47	47	20	20	273	10,517	369	63
351	5,763	..	1,770	1,472	59	44	41	17	25	169	9,360	292	64
631	6,148	..	2,687	..	26	58	22	126	..	30	9,097	135	65
401	6,027	..	2,227	1,071	57	73	53	38	62	405	10,013	216	66
698	8,891	18	3,694	2,832	100	68	118	39	644	534	16,938	487	67
379	6,060	20	2,514	3,581	71	100	88	36	125	339	12,934	296	68
479	4,866	1	1,564	350	9	71	59	12	25	278	7,235	208	69
1,114	12,908	3	4,054	1,963	26	128	111	55	35	(A) 946	20,229	370	70
582	11,647	..	3,388	1,701	76	87	86	133	13	581	17,712	387	71
2,212	14,350	64	6,342	850	44	97	32	77	..	951	22,807	388	72
69	6,868	24	4,018	1,839	103	102	83	59	..	805	13,901	293	73
400	4,277	..	1,199	2,563	31	21	24	24	13	297	8,449	310	74
668	8,356	..	1,873	1,333	14	46	46	56	37	743	12,504	329	75
752	10,761	82	5,479	396	40	91	30	231	62	813	17,985	377	76
259	7,417	69	1,487	1,817	42	43	69	19	62	600	11,625	413	77
1,093	7,553	9	2,162	..	44	40	44	28	861	611	11,352	489	78
542	6,787	40	1,633	209	36	38	60	11	107	514	9,435	438	79
991	8,238	..	1,716	2,344	42	50	63	17	57	451	12,978	576	80
649	8,502	3	1,832	1,315	54	73	94	24	48	442	12,387	554	81
715	8,665	..	1,773	494	19	56	74	19	90	352	11,542	548	82
777	8,296	14	2,273	..	43	50	63	31	55	411	11,236	584	83
382	5,288	..	1,204	..	33	32	35	13	25	204	6,834	320	84*a*
1,072	7,402	100	1,068	..	34	37	20	116	57	245	9,079	194	84*b*
395	2,138	18	525	..	3	8	5	5	..	56	2,758	133	84*c*
295	3,305	..	984	..	37	24	16	8	30	117	4,521	169	84*d*
3,732	36,623	325	10,100	..	30	242	126	411	..	2,031	49,888	838	85

(A) Isle of Thanet.—Including 150*l.* paid to Burial Board.

Poor Rates levied and expended in Parishes and Unions

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE — (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected — 1.—Relief to — (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury,* and Superannuations.
	II. SOUTH EASTERN COUNTIES—*cont.*								
	4. SUSSEX—*continued.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
86	Steyning - - - -	13,490	521	14,011	1,417	4,779	608	..	1,139
87	Horsham - - - -	11,055	670	11,725	1,768	5,260	703	378	1,309
88	Petworth - - - -	6,262	314	6,576	1,063	2,379	285	..	781
89	Thakeham - - - -	6,767	122	6,889	660	3,185	222	..	685
90*a*	East Preston § - - -	8,249	318	8,567	1,157	3,105	170	24	332
90*b*	Arundel § - - - -	1,611	27	1,638	321	600	163	25	116
90*c*	*Heene, &c.* - - - -	392	..	392	26	80	..	..	12
90*d*	Sutton § (part of) - -	367	23	390	72	107	..	..	3
91	West Hampnett - -	10,934	443	11,377	1,490	2,782	1,000	..	1,169
92*a*	Sutton § (part of) - -	3,597	116	3,713	769	1,511	..	..	133
92*b*	Chichester † - - -	4,260	163	4,423	923	1,097	700	..	624
93	Midhurst - - - -	9,080	277	9,357	1,004	4,107	235	..	1,209
94	Westbourne - - -	6,389	230	6,619	1,120	2,021	362	..	545
	5. SOUTHAMPTON.								
95	Havant - - - -	4,976	312	5,288	869	2,146	239	18	569
96	Portsea Island - - -	53,899	9,316	63,215	12,593	19,132	3,772	847	4,415
97	Alverstoke § - - -	7,097	1,945	9,042	3,221	2,037	365	171	1,009
98	Fareham - - - -	10,631	274	10,905	1,578	3,692	623	..	1,125
99	Isle of Wight - - -	27,081	1,134	28,215	3,934	6,777	1,835	..	2,738
100	Lymington - - -	8,212	252	8,464	1,208	3,413	499	48	823
101	Christchurch - - -	6,140	144	6,284	510	1,962	508	..	439
102	Ringwood - - - -	3,746	162	3,908	463	1,409	198	..	448
103	Fordingbridge - - -	4,748	122	4,870	725	1,804	93	84	514
104	New Forest - - -	8,938	416	9,354	983	3,546	577	..	1,060
105	Southampton † - - -	33,708	629	34,337	4,534	10,856	2,225	2,658	2,010
106	South Stoneham - -	14,517	392	14,909	2,068	4,832	906	391	1,051
107	Romsey - - - -	6,183	358	6,541	781	2,203	162	..	780
108	Stockbridge - - - -	5,931	20	5,951	646	2,383	268	..	557

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.													
to the Poor, and therewith.			(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief.						(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor.				
the Poor.		2.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	1.	2.			
(f) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
523	8,466	4	3,234	..	51	72	53	113	38	421	12,452	438	86
766	10,184	33	1,582	..	73	61	35	80	175	519	12,742	553	87
419	4,927	4	744	..	15	37	30	10	30	230	6,027	252	88
532	5,284	..	1,080	..	27	46	28	33	15	118	6,631	215	89
147	4,935	17	2,299	..	47	54	11	23	..	559	7,945	381	90*a*
73	1,298	34	108	..	2	8	..	1	..	78	1,529	79	90*b*
16	134	5	180	..	4	3	1	3	40	43	413	18	90*c*
1	183	..	101	..	7	2	..	4	..	20	317	41	90*d*
309	6,750	2	2,477	..	71	45	59	40	157	349	9,950	555	91
286	2,699		807	..	20	18	7	8	..	119	3,684	302	92*a*
393	3,737	..	..	..	19	38	10	59	..	5	3,868	113	92*b*
606	7,161	13	1,471	..	65	49	67	22	147	51	9,046	463	93
378	4,426	21	1,000	..	22	22	30	7	50	184	5,762	202	94
539	4,380	..	770	480	22	22	23	2	..	150	5,849	217	95
2,664	43,423	163	9,000	..	659	358	194	245	71	2,502	56,615	1,036	96
623	7,426	..	905	..	36	63	39	13	..	300	8,782	271	97
667	7,685	41	1,476	922	31	46	55	13	25	533	10,827	514	98
1,678	16,962	..	5,903	..	46	185	123	139	22	2,155	25,535	1,005	99
480	6,471	3	829	601	29	44	68	49	26	379	8,499	263	100
99	3,518	..	1,238	..	13	44	52	41	13	284	5,203	180	101
226	2,744	15	512	375	9	23	14	5	25	264	3,986	152	102
233	3,453	..	739	545	21	30	33	10	..	102	4,933	191	103
603	6,769	..	1,119	1,108	20	54	51	6	10	50	9,187	413	104
3,078	25,361	145	8,232	..	87	164	135	143	..	702	34,969	741	105
621	9,869	25	2,949	257	77	99	88	49	58	467	13,938	382	106
504	4,430	10	1,206	511	24	30	32	11	4	(A) 283	6,541	284	107
267	4,121	..	1,011	516	25	26	50	7	1	52	5,809	264	108

(A) Romsey.—Including 106*l.* paid to Burial Board.

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE. (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected 1.—Relief to (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury*, and Superannuations.
	II. SOUTH EASTERN COUNTIES—*cont.*								
	5. SOUTHAMPTON—*continued.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
109*a*	New Winchester	15,535	608	16,143	1,637	8,013	1,293	..	1,278
109*b*	Hursley	1,931	86	2,017	266	375	127	..	288
110	Droxford	7,296	211	7,507	1,164	2,201	630	..	781
111	Catherington	1,405	78	1,483	316	641	86	..	215
112	Petersfield	7,306	206	7,512	678	2,722	234	..	637
113	Alresford	5,863	206	6,069	745	2,060	305	..	701
114	Alton	9,949	394	10,343	1,160	4,047	426	..	951
115	Hartley Wintney	8,368	308	8,676	765	3,190	412	..	827
116	Basingstoke	15,296	402	15,698	1,356	7,397	1,118	..	1,188
117	Whitchurch	4,989	148	5,137	419	2,279	124	..	453
118	Andover	14,098	397	14,495	1,506	6,015	594	..	1,516
119	Kingsclere	6,963	253	7,216	726	3,085	508	61	701
	6. BERKSHIRE.								
120	Newbury	15,850	655	16,505	1,877	6,651	1,748	..	1,408
121	Hungerford	9,264	381	9,645	1,322	4,683	811	..	1,025
122	Faringdon	13,328	560	13,888	1,075	1,785	636	..	1,006
123	Abingdon	16,551	712	17,263	1,861	6,653	962	..	1,582
124	Wantage	14,393	280	14,673	848	4,971	629	..	741
125	Wallingford	12,460	442	12,902	1,131	5,925	737	..	1,063
126	Bradfield	13,149	670	13,819	1,864	4,682	746	208	1,378
127	Reading	15,952	578	16,530	3,601	3,351	1,107	1,218	999
128	Wokingham	13,861	517	14,378	1,865	5,685	928	343	826
129	Cookham	6,688	304	6,992	1,646	2,287	466	24	942
130	East Hampstead	5,143	246	5,389	714	1,437	267	74	577
131	Windsor	12,303	528	12,831	2,545	1,807	1,024	240	1,191

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.

to the Poor, and therewith. — the Poor. — (*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	2. Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief. 1. Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	2. Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	3. Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	4. Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	5. Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	6. Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor. 1. Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	2. Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
421	12,642	..	2,560	932	39	70	52	73	..	628	16,996	660	109*a*
163	1,219	93	380	74	7	7	21	2	..	44	1,847	102	109*b*
503	5,279	..	1,303	1,142	19	32	40	6	10	201	8,032	307	110
176	1,434	..	318	225	2	13	10	1	..	101	2,104	70	111
438	4,709	..	952	1,498	16	32	29	30	30	197	7,493	271	112
346	4,157	2	866	1,029	19	20	24	2	17	85	6,221	231	113
709	7,293	4	1,413	1,051	18	45	81	4	22	358	10,289	409	114
528	5,722	..	1,184	1,024	23	44	38	8	..	362	8,405	386	115
960	12,019	..	1,954	1,544	28	60	67	12	14	208	15,906	615	116
198	3,473	..	836	399	8	16	34	1	..	103	4,870	224	117
802	10,433	11	2,183	990	77	58	63	36	47	453	14,351	567	118
29	5,110	34	983	746	17	25	18	7	2	391	7,333	275	119
1,190	12,874	4	2,442	106	29	98	100	37	29	264	15,983	567	120
547	8,388	..	2,660	825	55	62	68	21	25	197	12,301	629	121
1,222	5,724	1	2,922	4,972	54	65	51	27	42	224	14,082	460	122
764	11,822	15	2,510	2,648	83	68	27	76	..	529	17,778	637	123
493	7,682	..	3,189	2,865	27	56	61	20	69	151	14,120	338	124
270	9,126	..	2,100	1,653	69	49	25	98	58	408	13,586	386	125
902	9,780	..	2,525	424	50	46	60	29	15	144	13,073	387	126
1,349	11,625	21	4,866	..	11	121	77	202	31	434	17,388	407	127
934	10,581	3	2,073	..	53	42	49	22	42	257	13,122	366	128
688	6,053	49	1,548	..	36	49	66	42	4	260	8,107	320	129
255	3,324	15	954	765	..	42	38	13	45	306	5,502	207	130
1,476	8,283	..	1,635	807	36	78	73	70	401	682	12,065	318	131

Poor Rates, &c.

Poor Rates levied and expended in Unions and Parishes

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE - - - (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected 1.—Relief to (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury*, and Superannuations.
	III. SOUTH MIDLAND COUNTIES.		£	£	£	£	£	£	£
	1.* MIDDLESEX (part of).	£							
132	Staines - - - -	11,722	466	12,188	2,849	2,550	725	..	1,172
133	Uxbridge - - - -	17,264	219	17,483	2,215	4,667	1,036	..	1,176
134	Brentford - - - -	36,171	2,212	38,383	5,249	7,624	2,509	..	1,901
135	Hendon - - - -	26,857	450	27,307	3,003	4,204	739	650	1,600
136	Barnet - - - -	14,103	1,026	15,129	1,682	2,525	789	..	1,051
137	Edmonton - - - -	37,188	1,490	38,678	5,929	7,587	2,508	245	2,307
	7. HERTFORDSHIRE.								
138	Ware - - - - -	13,119	305	13,424	1,464	5,989	638	..	837
139	Bishop's Stortford - -	16,936	584	17,520	2,212	6,841	858	..	1,618
140a	Buntingford - - -	4,856	115	4,971	809	1,329	162	..	514
140b	Royston - - - -	13,837	337	14,174	1,853	5,562	721	..	953
141	Hitchin - - - -	17,714	279	17,993	1,933	7,655	876	141	1,150
142	Hertford - - - -	10,788	273	11,061	1,245	4,617	519	319	910
143a	Hatfield - - - -	4,578	194	4,772	820	1,101	387	147	423
143b	Welwyn - - - -	1,502	88	1,590	186	411	128	..	212
144	St. Albans - - - -	11,667	190	11,857	1,158	3,519	959	..	666
145	Watford - - - -	19,293	345	19,638	1,916	5,086	778	149	1,328
146	Hemel Hempstead - -	4,812	329	5,141	875	2,310	406	..	669
147	Berkhampstead - -	8,412	205	8,617	877	3,292	161	..	553
	8. BUCKINGHAMSHIRE.								
148	Amersham - - - -	10,505	433	10,938	1,940	5,022	1,115	..	920
149	Eton - - - - -	12,252	332	12,584	2,243	3,686	1,218	..	1,037
150	Wycombe - - - -	21,702	501	22,203	2,540	10,986	1,906	96	1,539
151	Aylesbury - - - -	18,789	507	19,296	1,756	9,444	1,296	..	1,395
152	Winslow - - - -	6,133	186	6,319	760	2,639	291	..	704
153	Newport Pagnell - -	17,331	224	17,555	1,217	8,590	1,126	70	1,009
154	Buckingham - - -	12,097	294	12,391	999	5,711	586	43	1,064

(A) Bishop's Stortford.—Including 400*l.* paid to Burial Board.
(B) Hitchin.—Including 288*l.* 10*s.* paid to Burial Board.

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.

to the Poor, and therewith. — the Poor. — (*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	2. Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief. — 1. Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	2. Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	3. Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	4. Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	5. Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	6. Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor. — 1. Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	2. Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
855	8,151	..	3,678	..	82	61	129	82	97	482	12,762	473	132
899	9,993	15	5,027	..	86	88	109	64	50	1,169	16,601	565	133
4,554	21,837	..	12,016	..	390	193	171	186	193	2,772	37,758	804	134
1,514	11,710	30	7,838	5,396	178	100	114	209	65	2,059	27,699	706	135
1,093	7,140	53	4,036	521	51	96	66	95	30	912	13,000	484	136
2,320	20,896	..	14,099	..	397	237	267	193	73	3,107	39,269	977	137
971	9,899	6	2,128	593	31	61	61	33	109	469	13,390	433	138
1,212	12,741	5	2,730	953	52	71	59	20	..	(A) 711	17,342	882	139
349	3,163	2	1,057	561	30	29	38	7	10	83	4,980	209	140a
979	10,068	..	2,185	2,534	62	65	114	47	28	310	15,413	465	140b
643	12,398	23	3,442	1,443	47	75	123	29	38	(B) 675	18,293	506	141
418	8,028	..	1,936	496	39	51	24	114	..	282	10,970	430	142
527	3,405	..	1,241	301	19	23	20	8	..	130	5,147	130	143a
215	1,152	..	390	167	6	8	6	2	20	3	1,754	73	143b
617	6,919	..	3,113	909	38	64	64	29	65	456	11,657	255	144
(C) 3,489	12,746	..	4,038	250	32	79	55	38	50	1,149	18,437	541	145
285	4,545	..	1,821	..	19	47	44	25	40	174	6,715	296	146
673	5,556	71	1,735	..	26	47	34	16	..	174	7,659	342	147
1,132	10,129	46	92	..	39	70	61	53	131	957	11,578	537	148
750	8,934	5	3,182	..	44	93	102	74	18	713	13,165	461	149
685	17,752	56	595	..	95	159	121	200	190	1,016	20,184	816	150
974	14,865	21	2,945	..	90	102	113	144	60	454	18,794	611	151
513	4,907	..	1,342	..	22	26	65	26	..	41	6,429	335	152
420	12,432	34	3,594	..	128	93	81	66	41	699	17,168	480	153
577	8,980	4	2,550	..	173	68	102	80	30	283	12,270	584	154

(c) Watford.—Including 1,882*l.* 2*s.* 8*d.* for Infirmary Building Account.

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE. (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected. 1.—Relief to (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury,* and Superannuations.
	III. SOUTH MIDLAND COUNTIES—*cont.*								
	9. OXFORDSHIRE.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
155	Henley	14,998	430	15,428	1,899	7,169	760	..	1,382
156	Thame	10,419	474	10,893	904	4,935	508	..	1,005
157	Headington	9,422	193	9,615	1,014	3,276	786	..	745
158	Oxford †	11,788	1,947	13,735	3,961	2,541	1,419	945	1,901
159	Bicester	11,383	339	11,722	750	3,466	527	..	860
160	Woodstock	11,298	300	11,598	1,023	4,070	632	73	787
161	Witney	20,264	541	20,805	1,537	7,090	1,200	..	1,430
162	Chipping Norton	13,168	435	13,603	691	5,529	928	..	910
163	Banbury	25,608	850	26,458	2,194	10,678	1,480	..	1,460
	10. NORTHAMPTONSHIRE.								
164	Brackley	12,871	393	13,264	877	5,513	581	..	771
165	Towcester	11,569	594	12,163	560	5,391	382	..	688
166	Potterspury	8,307	194	8,501	853	3,541	627	..	536
167	Hardingstone	8,341	135	8,476	459	3,376	323	..	503
168	Northampton	25,826	448	26,274	2,119	9,788	1,588	260	1,151
169	Daventry	18,211	301	18,512	1,715	7,633	584	..	841
170	Brixworth	14,064	346	14,410	569	5,903	673	37	913
171	Wellingborough	18,617	428	19,045	1,354	7,751	817	..	925
172	Kettering	17,387	991	18,378	916	7,352	682	..	935
173	Thrapstone	11,755	267	12,022	687	5,006	525	..	723
174	Oundle	12,394	421	12,815	1,079	4,377	537	29	823
175	Peterborough	20,645	596	21,241	1,388	8,970	1,047	..	810
	11. HUNTINGDONSHIRE.								
176	Huntingdon	19,081	465	19,546	1,457	6,187	619	292	1,215
177	St. Ives	12,616	356	12,972	1,095	4,449	771	..	711
178	St. Neot's	13,390	425	13,815	1,359	4,688	693	..	1,062

(A) Henley.—Including 266*l.* paid to Burial Board.

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.

to the Poor, and therewith. — the Poor. (*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	2. Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief. 1. Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	2. Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	3. Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	4. Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	5. Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	6. Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor. 1. Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	2. Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
840	12,050	..	1,945	115	63	50	43	42	43	(A) 529	14,880	635	155
609	7,961	..	2,089	750	57	45	113	38	30	140	11,223	525	156
314	6,135	..	1,002	1,196	42	62	71	139	..	260	8,907	280	157
285	11,052	29	..	..	23	79	67	141	..	1,637	13,028	535	158
765	6,368	..	2,052	2,738	91	51	84	36	16	268	11,704	417	159
476	7,061	25	2,019	1,422	37	46	51	107	37	258	11,063	333	160
446	11,703	..	2,733	3,689	75	85	106	68	34	551	19,044	615	161
288	8,346	..	2,433	1,624	42	55	76	44	30	314	12,964	357	162
756	16,568	1	4,461	3,328	93	106	95	185	93	775	25,705	577	163
516	8,258	29	1,687	1,838	86	54	47	66	20	220	12,305	392	164
434	7,455	..	1,252	1,439	57	47	34	44	12	213	10,553	329	165
211	5,768	188	1,207	798	48	45	21	32	36	461	8,604	245	166
240	4,901	..	995	2,008	46	43	74	53	..	220	8,340	142	167
789	15,695	..	8,270	1,026	261	165	59	459	58	761	26,754	293	168
650	11,423	2	2,697	2,697	87	75	29	69	..	332	17,411	372	169
703	8,798	32	1,739	3,659	98	63	67	72	3	247	14,778	524	170
687	11,534	..	1,900	2,461	88	104	159	87	74	878	17,285	375	171
593	10,478	2	1,871	3,250	64	73	88	72	..	(B) 691	16,589	417	172
572	7,513	..	1,295	3,135	54	56	98	59	29	166	12,405	433	173
483	7,328	..	1,619	3,081	80	51	72	73	..	454	12,758	448	174
988	13,203	..	4,364	1,452	69	113	135	190	53	714	20,293	533	175
1,032	10,802	..	2,881	4,082	46	74	115	114	2	358	18,474	478	176
456	7,482	30	2,033	2,449	54	74	101	57	36	356	12,672	324	177
606	8,408	13	2,253	1,883	65	59	165	62	..	391	13,299	332	178

(B) Kettering.—Including 310*l.* paid to Burial Board.

Poor Rates levied and expended in Unions and Parishes

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE — (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected — 1.—Relief to — (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury,* and Superannuations.
	III. SOUTH MIDLAND COUNTIES—*cont.*								
	12. BEDFORDSHIRE.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
179	Bedford - - - -	25,778	909	26,687	2,054	11,574	1,383	88	1,386
180	Biggleswade - - -	18,379	409	18,788	1,587	9,206	619	34	1,144
181	Ampthill - - - -	12,911	242	13,153	945	4,589	582	..	994
182	Woburn - - - -	11,531	191	11,722	1,176	4,684	343	136	897
183	Leighton Buzzard - -	12,695	187	12,882	1,277	4,103	859	..	890
184	Luton - - - -	19,898	271	20,169	3,229	5,052	1,164	231	935
	13. CAMBRIDGESHIRE.								
185	Caxton and Arrington -	10,014	228	10,242	1,253	2,920	372	..	1,020
186	Chesterton - - -	14,444	265	14,709	1,008	9,576	670	..	884
187	Cambridge - - -	21,388	137	21,525	2,229	7,739	1,426	..	1,253
188	Linton - - - -	11,278	252	11,530	1,150	6,044	600	..	802
189	Newmarket - - -	20,157	471	20,628	1,864	10,426	1,167	97	1,595
190	Ely - - - - -	12,969	311	13,280	1,019	5,143	807	..	993
191	North Witchford - -	10,239	278	10,517	2,415	3,585	518	..	871
192	Whittlesey * - - -	5,173	75	5,248	848	1,808	186	63	460
193	Wisbeach - - - -	22,160	723	22,883	2,359	10,924	1,071	..	1,363
	IV. EASTERN COUNTIES.								
	14. ESSEX.								
194	West Ham - - -	47,152	1,969	49,121	12,532	13,397	1,499	866	2,442
195	Epping - - - -	11,754	400	12,154	946	4,236	534	..	878
196	Ongar - - - -	8,659	245	8,904	1,133	3,904	291	..	893
197	Romford - - - -	19,563	752	20,315	3,335	6,638	923	125	1,361
198	Orsett - - - -	8,516	253	8,769	1,323	2,747	439	68	762
199	Billericay - - - -	10,361	574	10,935	1,775	3,136	535	..	1,061
200	Chelmsford - - -	27,245	849	28,094	3,022	11,408	1,512	..	2,257
201	Rochford - - - -	11,175	399	11,574	1,952	2,772	673	..	1,053
202	Maldon - - - -	16,379	629	17,008	1,904	7,443	867	..	1,451

(A) Luton.—Including 220*l.* paid to Burial Board.
(B) Ely.—Including 671*l.* 7*s.* paid to Burial Board.

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.													
to the Poor, and therewith.			(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief.						(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor.				
the Poor.		2.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	1.	2.			
(*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
1,169	17,654	..	5,024	3,291	57	146	130	129	320	792	27,543	435	179
1,081	13,671	59	2,885	1,855	34	112	155	74	21	306	19,172	810	180
811	7,921	36	1,625	2,369	42	78	157	43	25	253	12,549	465	181
627	7,863	15	1,414	1,678	51	36	53	38	32	213	11,393	406	182
500	7,629	39	2,405	1,599	56	60	37	47	30	158	12,060	293	183
416	11,027	79	3,674	1,349	382	133	223	62	113	(A) 546	17,588	412	184
422	5,987	..	1,107	2,191	59	44	73	37	..	190	9,688	380	185
560	12,698	11	2,118	123	89	115	139	112	113	148	15,666	500	186
737	13,384	80	6,947	..	69	312	68	105	40	857	21,862	362	187
438	9,034	..	1,417	..	38	47	71	42	..	58	10,707	418	188
793	15,942	66	3,322	215	128	101	137	67	47	719	20,744	919	189
594	8,556	119	2,400	..	34	74	98	66	98	1,034	12,479	471	190
680	8,069	..	1,938	..	24	52	100	49	25	(C) 452	10,709	361	191
270	3,635	9	881	..	2	29	23	38	..	286	4,903	165	192
1,283	17,000	11	4,433	..	106	121	104	140	731	598	23,244	906	193
5,966	36,702	57	13,169	..	104	249	411	237	70	3,326	54,325	1,259	194
1,174	7,768	..	2,567	..	56	66	90	38	177	227	10,989	595	195
232	6,453	..	1,419	..	53	34	35	18	11	216	8,239	468	196
1,177	13,559	44	4,560	..	12	93	96	3	45	818	19,230	534	197
344	5,683	..	1,446	..	6	42	38	3	13	103	7,334	355	198
803	7,310	22	1,877	1,432	40	56	45	21	3	375	11,181	532	199
1,236	19,435	..	3,395	3,612	118	113	229	45	56	856	27,859	1,128	200
993	7,443	318	2,264	2,075	51	72	106	28	..	734	13,091	313	201
770	12,435	..	2,232	..	18	71	116	105	..	619	15,596	785	202

(c) North Witchford.—Including 270*l.* paid to Burial Board.

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected 1.—Relief to (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury,* and Superannuations.
	IV. EASTERN COUNTIES—*continued.*								
	14. ESSEX—*cont.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
203	Tendring - - - -	16,252	450	16,702	1,634	7,363	1,017	89	1,352
204	Colchester - - - -	13,586	488	14,074	2,449	6,642	895	67	1,210
205	Lexden and Winstree -	15,756	322	16,078	1,726	6,542	1,039	..	825
206	Witham - - - -	14,463	375	14,838	1,930	5,996	701	..	1,237
207	Halstead - - - -	10,695	458	11,153	1,503	4,563	688	175	1,046
208	Braintree - - - -	13,394	381	13,775	2,102	5,197	688	135	1,166
209	Dunmow - - - -	18,782	608	19,390	2,143	8,534	1,045	104	1,466
210	Saffron Walden - -	17,203	447	17,650	2,011	7,836	798	..	1,232
	15. SUFFOLK.								
211	Risbridge - - - -	17,018	233	17,251	1,663	6,715	572 (A)	654	979
212	Sudbury - - - -	26,808	572	27,380	2,240	11,719	1,313	.. (B)	1,646
213	Cosford - - - -	14,590	633	15,223	1,567	5,414	836	70	990
214	Thingoe - - - -	13,509	474	13,983	752	5,813	581	..	1,556
215	Bury St. Edmund's† -	6,747	147	6,894	881	3,082	649	..	845
216	Mildenhall - - -	7,805	202	8,007	387	3,573	333	..	552
217	Stow - - - - -	12,876	608	13,484	930	5,556	488	..	1,200
218	Hartismere - - -	12,122	424	12,546	1,673	4,557	546	200	1,534
219	Hoxne - - - -	9,935	303	10,238	1,654	4,373	638	..	1,259
220	Bosmere and Claydon -	10,063	466	10,529	1,106	4,122	799	..	1,321
221	Samford - - - -	6,594	219	6,813	865	2,933	174	..	951
222	Ipswich - - - -	21,187	507	21,694	3,150	6,882	2,596	..	2,079
223	Woodbridge - - -	12,971	542	13,513	1,476	6,099	1,074	..	1,156
224	Plomesgate - - -	11,806	692	12,498	1,052	6,208	789	..	1,197
225	Blything - - - -	13,113	558	13,671	1,919	5,084	900	..	1,565
226	Wangford - - - -	8,332	248	8,580	1,259	3,698	804	..	1,104
227	Mutford and Lothingland	7,872	311	8,183	877	3,657	725	138	795

(A) Risbridge.—Including 173*l.* 19*s.* 8*d.* paid to Burial Board.
(B) Sudbury.—Including 350*l.* 12*s.* paid to Burial Board.

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.														
to the Poor, and therewith.			(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief.						(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor.					
the Poor.		2.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	1.	2.				
(*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
764	12,219	105	2,724	..	73	88	117	66	35	934	16,361	917	203
1,463	12,726	85	2,148	..	31	76	38	63	66	793	16,026	442	204
674	10,806	..	2,303	941	91	81	109	22	76	1,066	15,495	674	205
677	10,541	..	1,694	..	34	70	26	12	..	666	13,043	593	206
513	8,488	20	1,662	1,316	43	65	33	12	25	146	11,810	533	207
784	10,072	13	1,608	638	34	68	62	22	56	607	13,180	450	208
763	14,055	..	1,951	1,709	61	60	62	22	30	327	18,277	745	209
658	12,535	..	2,120	189	37	76	40	30	85	476	15,588	515	210
543	11,126	9	1,954	2,539	60	90	53	20	16	(A) 342	16,209	422	211
1,160	18,078	..	3,748	2,678	127	109	112	42	40	(B) 803	25,737	645	212
729	9,606	27	2,104	2,139	57	48	75	31	93	314	14,494	403	213
411	9,113	..	2,534	2,313	62	103	71	6	20	66	14,288	675	214
328	5,785	..	363	..	22	72	28	123	..	(C) 615	7,008	216	215
235	5,080	28	1,242	1,205	31	38	49	20	195	204	8,092	261	216
1,003	9,177	479	2,102	961	51	81	87	38	13	258	13,247	469	217
837	9,347	..	1,401	1,255	83	50	139	100	..	170	12,545	522	218
631	8,555	..	1,395	..	47	50	60	60	27	231	10,425	500	219
553	7,901	2	1,514	..	66	41	10	55	53	152	9,794	695	220
507	5,430	..	1,193	..	46	37	71	30	35	69	6,911	480	221
919	15,626	..	3,776	..	214	114	54	181	153	1,413	21,531	540	222
854	10,659	17	1,882	..	94	70	94	42	..	386	13,244	542	223
496	9,742	..	1,588	..	75	67	55	47	17	442	12,033	489	224
642	10,110	..	2,195	..	40	73	98	72	15	345	12,948	541	225
102	6,967	35	942	..	60	38	52	49	16	402	8,561	319	226
373	6,565	1	1,222	..	59	84	69	34	..	211	8,245	274	227

(c) Bury St. Edmunds.—Including 469*l.* repayment of Burial Board Loan.

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE – (A.) — Expended for Relief Purposes connected – 1.—Relief to (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury*, and Superannuations.
	IV. EASTERN COUNTIES—*continued.*								
	16. NORFOLK.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
228	Great Yarmouth*	16,817	659	17,476	4,464	6,358	685	394	1,557
229	East and West Flegg †	3,813	90	3,903	653	1,493	157	..	468
230	Tunstead and Happing †	7,882	212	8,094	806	3,859	442	..	772
231a	Erpingham	12,078	333	12,411	1,280	5,588	676	321	1,212
231b	Brinton §	193	4	197	54	86	..	15	..
232	Aylsham	11,479	401	11,880	1,002	5,502	602	638	1,087
233	St. Faith	7,064	218	7,282	894	2,690	487	..	960
234	Norwich	32,114	1,802	33,916	8,186	13,544	3,996	2,129	2,395
235	Forehoe †	8,378	625	9,003	1,164	4,246	435	275	768
236	Henstead	6,971	219	7,190	882	3,274	564	..	774
237	Blofield	7,641	260	7,901	1,142	3,212	503	..	795
238	Loddon and Clavering	7,499	252	7,751	1,232	3,507	575	..	853
239	Depwade	15,897	712	16,609	1,441	8,772	741	..	1,201
240	Guiltcross	8,028	287	8,315	1,139	3,925	438	..	776
241	Wayland	7,221	259	7,480	499	3,862	310	..	625
242	Mitford and Launditch	18,441	548	18,989	2,398	10,682	850	..	1,427
243	Walsingham	14,548	256	14,804	925	9,158	537	..	1,170
244	Docking	11,334	200	11,534	1,036	5,840	342	..	1,051
245	Freebridge Lynn	9,014	258	9,272	880	4,954	349	..	847
246	King's Lynn	12,591	223	12,814	1,696	5,147	888	740	1,008
247	Downham	11,685	414	12,099	1,153	6,089	614	..	979
248	Swaffham	9,941	357	10,298	773	5,047	347	..	1,098
249	Thetford	11,351	361	11,712	1,242	5,105	496	..	1,064
	V. SOUTH-WESTERN COUNTIES.								
	17. WILTSHIRE.								
250	Highworth and Swindon	14,075	284	14,359	1,402	4,642	687	..	1,092
251	Cricklade and Wootton Bassett.	12,391	295	12,686	733	4,143	433	..	1,004

during the Year ended at Lady day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.													
to the Poor, and therewith.			(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief.						(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor.				
the Poor.		2.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	1.	2.			
(*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
1,320	14,778	31	..	..	36	130	27	100	..	693	15,795	292	228
..	2,771	9	881	..	36	34	35	33	..	69	3,868	182	229
468	6,347	..	1,464	..	75	45	27	59	75	160	8,252	325	230
795	9,872	..	1,504	..	77	59	80	70	30	309	12,001	526	231a
4	159	..	30	..	3	1	..	3	..	1	197	5	231b
507	9,338	..	1,725	..	74	67	35	63	119	232	11,653	445	232
641	5,672	..	1,000	..	49	36	43	43	39	97	6,979	305	233
101	30,351	..	4,500	..	388	260	173	340	..	1,236	37,248	937	234
482	7,370	36	1,059	..	44	38	26	46	32	161	8,812	311	235
443	5,937	..	1,076	..	63	31	42	51	11	114	7,325	265	236
564	6,216	..	1,322	..	61	34	37	42	9	154	7,875	221	237
370	6,537	..	1,470	..	62	50	53	67	32	132	8,403	316	238
524	12,679	12	1,908	..	80	76	269	82	41	316	15,463	550	239
695	6,973	..	927	..	41	43	57	30	27	124	8,222	329	240
..	5,296	..	1,006	..	40	38	58	39	20	143	6,640	351	241
725	16,082	..	2,583	..	140	91	123	107	3	301	19,430	669	242
576	12,366	23	1,841	..	87	80	56	71	90	325	14,939	536	243
1,210	9,479	..	1,551	..	47	52	166	51	7	224	11,577	383	244
373	7,394	23	1,192	..	51	55	50	51	31	178	9,025	338	245
713	10,192	..	2,247	..	11	54	30	94	11	414	13,053	217	246
609	9,444	..	2,065	..	64	68	86	76	130	422	12,355	469	247
763	8,028	2	1,287	..	59	40	67	38	1	166	9,688	565	248
622	8,529	..	1,721	575	77	69	42	55	25	277	11,370	340	249
488	8,311	..	2,078	4,282	47	65	116	144	30	272	15,345	500	250
412	6,725	17	1,631	2,591	38	42	34	72	21	405	11,576	343	251

Poor Rates levied and expended in Unions and Parishes

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE. (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected 1.—Relief to (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury,* and Superannuations.
	V. SOUTH-WESTERN COUNTIES—*cont.*								
	17. WILTSHIRE—*cont.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
252	Malmesbury - - - -	11,202	396	11,598	1,170	4,099	518	..	848
253	Chippenham - - -	18,387	658	19,045	2,043	6,385	1,030	916	1,415
254	Calne - - - - -	8,339	422	8,761	876	3,295	481	..	765
255	Marlborough - - -	6,940	203	7,143	527	2,944	457	..	755
256	Devizes - - - -	16,447	553	17,000	1,478	5,836	752	105	1,277
257	Melksham - - - -	13,236	284	13,520	1,536	6,370	806	105	1,162
258	Bradford - - - -	9,161	256	9,417	1,244	2,862	530	49	820
259	Westbury and Whorwellsdown.	10,757	192	10,949	587	4,286	440	..	903
260	Warminster - - -	13,302	393	13,695	1,140	6,674	669	..	1,142
261	Pewsey - - - -	9,923	245	10,168	639	3,505	389	..	667
262	Amesbury - - - -	5,497	250	5,747	878	2,436	253	..	674
263	Alderbury - - - -	12,564	322	12,886	1,124	4,760	689	..	1,039
264	Salisbury † - - -	7,251	89	7,340	856	2,221	797	..	669
265	Wilton - - - -	10,944	457	11,401	1,121	4,965	557	44	1,157
266	Tisbury - - - -	9,356	208	9,564	846	3,125	360	572	634
267	Mere - - - - -	6,612	144	6,756	480	2,748	168	..	552
	18. DORSETSHIRE.								
268	Shaftesbury - - -	11,077	194	11,271	604	4,342	712	..	859
269	Sturminster - - -	9,984	171	10,155	420	3,840	229	..	734
270	Blandford - - - -	13,311	255	13,566	1,020	5,004	476	562	940
271	Wimborne and Cranborne	11,129	255	11,384	1,079	4,762	457	..	979
272	Poole - - - - -	8,396	336	8,732	938	3,421	173	138	957
273	Wareham and Purbeck -	14,174	348	14,522	1,133	7,469	496	36	897
274	Weymouth - - -	13,594	115	13,709	1,450	5,014	758	..	1,108
275 *a*	Dorchester - - -	13,327	378	13,705	359	6,515	750	..	965

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.														
to the Poor, and therewith.			(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief.						(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor.					
the Poor.		2.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	1.	2.				
(*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
881	7,516	..	1,936	2,223	68	39	64	97	..	199	12,142	337	252
605	12,394	..	2,887	2,980	71	63	85	74	1,052	259	19,865	529	253
384	5,801	..	1,173	1,650	32	29	25	30	15	92	8,847	332	254
533	5,216	..	1,108	643	36	43	35	33	10	130	7,254	333	255
600	10,048	8	2,667	2,817	47	59	45	51	30	342	16,114	468	256
401	10,380	158	1,131	609	20	59	34	35	31	768	13,225	382	257
672	6,177	107	970	178	40	52	31	14	41	503	8,113	292	258
433	6,649	..	1,220	1,928	38	51	24	52	652	553	11,167	293	259
399	10,024	7	1,551	1,028	50	55	54	15	44	280	13,108	47	260
109	5,309	70	1,535	1,743	47	52	53	9	..	15	8,833	320	261
287	4,528	..	1,297	699	18	35	34	7	..	40	6,658	257	262
449	8,061	191	1,820	1,244	47	77	42	33	25	382	11,922	454	263
306	4,849	44	1,012	..	23	30	21	49	..	621	6,649	157	264
329	8,173	4	1,505	964	35	30	54	29	51	113	10,958	620	265
178	5,715	112	1,086	2,327	34	30	40	20	40	211	9,615	303	266
291	4,239	..	857	1,222	12	26	28	10	5	249	6,648	222	267
450	6,967	..	1,901	1,540	29	55	43	97	103	373	11,108	356	268
206	5,429	6	1,031	1,835	..	29	53	23	22	148	8,576	269	269
397	8,399	..	1,750	734	..	36	79	15	..	363	11,376	412	270
379	7,656	18	2,377	935	..	67	54	34	5	444	11,590	364	271
304	5,931	..	1,707	206	4	55	36	81	43	519	8,582	285	272
442	10,473	12	1,978	1,088	27	61	77	61	21	363	14,161	462	273
519	8,849	..	2,905	938	41	82	75	95	..	1,042	14,027	415	274
435	9,024	..	2,767	1,224	..	57	56	45	45	568	13,786	519	275a

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. Total Receipts.	EXPENDITURE. (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected. 1.—Relief to (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury*, and Superannuations.
	V. SOUTH-WESTERN COUNTIES—*cont.*								
	18. DORSETSHIRE—*cont.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
275 b	Cerne	5,967	192	6,159	425	2,470	278	..	535
276	Sherborne	9,628	491	10,119	564	4,253	416	..	916
277	Beaminster	11,278	289	11,567	717	4,580	587	..	896
278	Bridport	9,993	253	10,246	870	4,114	414	..	863
	19. DEVONSHIRE.								
279	Axminster	14,753	427	15,180	1,050	6,331	455	23	1,070
280	Honiton	15,250	377	15,627	576	8,347	1,133	..	1,140
281	St. Thomas	27,355	1,015	28,370	1,679	12,015	2,371	..	1,776
282	Exeter †	16,313	863	17,176	2,512	4,910	780	..	1,514
283	Newton Abbot	28,209	698	28,907	2,077	11,432	1,666	..	1,465
284	Totnes	16,257	357	16,614	2,030	5,182	1,480	77	1,081
285	Kingsbridge	12,732	441	13,173	1,122	4,465	457	..	975
286	Plympton St. Mary	14,625	303	14,928	1,149	5,644	857	..	925
287	Plymouth †	32,231	670	32,901	5,517	13,223	1,937	761	1,944
288	East Stonehouse *	5,069	503	5,572	863	2,140	339	..	417
289	Stoke Damerel ‖	13,324	6,495	19,819	3,529	6,209	1,398	581	1,148
290	Tavistock	19,261	356	19,617	1,752	7,310	802	..	769
291	Okehampton	12,967	396	13,363	716	5,911	577	..	742
292	Crediton	13,621	428	14,049	943	6,306	477	..	917
293	Tiverton	22,695	379	23,074	877	10,509	878	..	1,135
294	South Molton	12,642	327	12,969	682	4,671	463	..	982
295	Barnstaple	21,493	404	21,897	1,765	7,943	1,204	..	952
296	Torrington	10,618	261	10,879	928	4,450	404	..	830
297	Bideford	10,108	262	10,370	651	4,536	799	..	689
298	Holsworthy	6,212	157	6,369	451	1,640	195	..	398

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.														
to the Poor, and therewith.			(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief.						(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor.					
the Poor.		2.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	1.	2.				
(*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration: and Cost of Jury Lists.	Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
87	3,795	10	1,414	639	4	18	27	7	15	270	6,199	242	275*b*
..	6,149	..	2,054	1,114	6	44	22	16	..	364	9,769	404	276
299	7,079	3	2,242	2,024	2	47	59	13	..	199	11,668	425	277
208	6,469	2	1,609	961	16	52	76	68	..	513	9,766	311	278
323	9,252	34	1,939	1,941	26	64	38	32	..	744	14,070	536	279
477	11,673	2	1,943	1,398	41	78	85	31	32	327	15,610	663	280
830	18,671	..	4,042	4,465	72	155	196	68	30	1,015	28,714	856	281
1,370	11,086	96	4,800	..	90	100	107	95	..	384	16,758	262	282
1,140	17,780	9	5,151	3,521	81	182	249	83	73	1,487	28,616	637	283
659	10,509	16	2,804	2,021	98	103	178	72	82	450	16,333	356	284
472	7,491	..	1,814	2,727	73	66	72	41	3	412	12,699	348	285
270	8,845	..	1,983	3,168	69	75	100	69	..	312	14,621	387	286
864	24,246	..	7,413	..	85	216	127	95	..	1,280	33,462	500	287
409	4,168	350	823	..	38	54	49	23	..	192	5,697	108	288
841	13,706	44	4,313	..	12	144	106	69	..	828	19,222	300	289
522	11,155	20	2,086	4,272	39	96	113	66	20	575	18,442	258	290
360	8,306	..	1,334	3,903	42	55	93	35	5	316	14,089	255	291
257	8,900	32	1,746	2,705	37	59	71	23	24	325	13,922	382	292
647	14,046	24	4,395	1,948	47	109	78	55	39	(A) 1,885	22,626	547	293
544	7,342	..	1,498	3,063	35	50	176	38	110	382	12,694	472	294
827	12,691	135	3,966	3,344	56	98	161	76	34	564	21,125	565	295
395	7,007	11	1,254	1,964	42	49	57	32	22	274	10,712	292	296
343	7,018	36	1,349	1,347	25	63	58	27	10	161	10,094	279	297
130	2,814	..	718	2,518	21	41	20	34	..	38	6,204	165	298

(A) Tiverton.—Including payments to Burial Board.

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. Total Receipts.	EXPENDITURE - (A.) — Expended for Relief Purposes connected 1.—Relief to (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury,* and Superannuations.
	V. SOUTH-WESTERN COUNTIES—*cont.*								
	20. CORNWALL.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
299	Stratton - - - -	5,816	82	5,898	387	1,893	228	..	409
300	Camelford - - - -	5,675	149	5,824	499	1,937	228	118	373
301	Launceston - - -	10,985	249	11,234	582	3,706	464	..	572
302	St. Germans - - -	10,189	422	10,611	737	3,819	702	..	680
303	Liskeard - - - -	16,078	374	16,452	1,472	7,673	887	..	860
304	Bodmin - - - -	12,586	537	13,123	1,279	4,298	531	..	906
305	St. Columb Major - -	9,193	277	9,470	755	2,725	392	..	574
306	St. Austell - - - -	17,993	276	18,269	1,414	8,300	1,215	..	757
307	Truro - - - -	19,626	534	20,160	1,576	8,610	1,278	733	1,189
308	Falmouth - - - -	9,372	453	9,825	1,275	2,506	528	316	673
309	Helston - - - -	14,244	590	14,834	1,308	4,887	1,123	517	684
310	Redruth - - - -	13,688	614	14,302	1,505	4,729	1,015	..	1,010
311	Penzance - - - -	12,920	237	13,157	1,450	4,001	1,118	..	715
312	*Scilly Islands* - - -	250	12	262	64	48	61	..	..
	21. SOMERSETSHIRE.								
313*a*	Williton - - - -	15,775	659	16,434	1,238	6,724	527	..	1,173
313*b*	Dulverton - - - -	5,373	181	5,554	337	2,020	177	228	506
314	Wellington - - -	14,891	500	15,391	1,051	6,206	929	23	1,053
315	Taunton - - - -	23,538	1,020	24,558	1,835	9,697	1,291	..	1,603
316	Bridgwater - - -	22,886	557	23,443	2,199	10,025	766	..	1,773
317	Langport - - - -	11,193	551	11,744	774	4,064	618	..	1,164
318	Chard - - - - -	14,356	342	14,698	857	7,303	856	36	1,135
319	Yeovil - - - - -	15,730	311	16,041	1,100	7,059	637	79	1,006
320	Wincanton - - - -	17,248	416	17,664	1,339	7,315	550	..	1,257
321	Frome - - - -	14,466	468	14,934	1,347	6,368	612	..	1,322
322	Shepton Mallet - - -	15,337	503	15,840	1,276	7,164	701	340	1,185
323	Wells - - - - -	15,479	506	15,985	1,438	5,771	578	..	1,078
324	Axbridge - - - -	24,355	584	24,939	1,216	9,811	1,145	..	1,544

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.														
to the Poor, and therewith.			(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief.						(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor.					
the Poor.		2.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	1.	2.				
(*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	Payments on Account of the Registration Act., viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
127	3,044	..	819	2,072	22	24	39	29	..	51	6,100	167	299
170	3,325	6	848	1,378	29	29	32	24	22	92	5,785	113	300
239	5,563	24	854	3,219	4	67	51	73	17	183	10,055	219	301
152	6,090	..	1,453	2,333	18	28	18	37	..	202	10,179	197	302
810	11,702	25	2,322	5,030	45	114	118	85	31	306	19,778	331	303
201	7,215	3	1,815	2,779	49	68	86	45	84	237	12,381	346	304
205	4,651	11	1,764	2,386	35	57	83	36	..	171	9,194	196	305
934	12,620	..	2,021	3,192	28	93	117	49	59	589	18,768	231	306
685	14,071	31	2,232	2,086	27	141	149	100	7	771	19,615	494	307
756	6,054	..	1,817	880	37	84	58	131	20	610	9,691	137	308
388	8,907	35	1,987	2,804	34	93	94	88	..	433	14,475	267	309
469	8,728	13	1,987	1,319	46	153	131	35	132	834	13,378	244	310
1,078	8,362	..	2,215	1,425	45	192	126	154	26	893	13,438	278	311
9	182	2	22	..	4	10	..	5	..	32	257	..	312
655	10,317	17	1,399	3,121	34	52	80	28	33	282	15,363	674	313*a*
246	3,514	31	524	1,450	17	14	25	14	8	36	5,633	235	313*b*
274	9,536	8	1,610	2,518	27	51	67	27	30	547	14,421	403	314
1,171	15,597	86	3,251	2,989	4	95	55	172	144	833	23,226	737	315
1,414	16,177	..	2,470	3,395	165	115	76	95	1	924	23,418	967	316
590	7,210	..	1,314	2,694	32	57	75	25	49	181	11,637	447	317
21	10,208	13	1,785	1,569	38	88	110	49	3	964	14,827	451	318
460	10,341	2	1,512	2,376	45	91	39	39	51	797	15,293	399	319
902	11,363	85	1,847	2,513	56	60	89	50	42	361	16,466	676	320
455	10,104	19	1,358	1,956	92	68	74	74	30	300	14,075	510	321
477	11,143	..	1,299	1,697	49	45	61	29	75	469	14,867	498	322
650	9,515	1	513	2,521	51	61	75	59	123	719	13,638	511	323
700	14,416	18	3,489	5,056	70	115	109	102	256	(A)1,131	24,762	716	324

(A) Axbridge.—Including 215*l.* paid to Burial Board.

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	RECEIPTS. 2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	RECEIPTS. 3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected 1.—Relief to (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury,* and Superannuations.
	V. SOUTH-WESTERN COUNTIES—*cont.*								
	21. SOMERSETSHIRE—*cont.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
325	Clutton - - - - -	17,670	377	18,047	1,199	8,277	898	..	1,138
326	Bath - - - - -	32,370	1,286	33,656	6,165	6,197	1,282	271	2,565
327	Keynsham - - - -	13,628	355	13,983	1,274	5,096	811	..	932
328	Bedminster - - -	25,936	400	26,336	2,732	14,848	1,657	..	1,868
	VI. WEST MIDLAND COUNTIES.								
	22. GLOUCESTERSHIRE.								
329	Bristol † - - - -	50,737	2,756	53,493	11,336	15,555	3,649	1,949	3,865
330	Clifton - - - -	48,967	1,052	50,019	6,604	13,733	3,152	674	2,188
331	Chipping Sodbury - -	13,304	290	13,594	707	4,690	415	..	789
332	Thornbury - - -	9,403	304	9,707	688	3,752	713	..	664
333	Dursley - - - -	8,782	328	9,110	894	4,362	453	..	861
334	Westbury-on-Severn -	9,608	341	9,949	1,580	3,710	581	..	789
335	Newent - - - -	10,231	286	10,517	541	4,761	265	174	833
336	Gloucester - - -	12,397	182	12,579	1,576	4,282	867	..	1,085
337	Wheatenhurst - - -	5,888	143	6,031	465	1,978	75	..	469
338	Stroud - - - -	18,727	860	19,587	2,354	8,946	1,732	..	1,306
339	Tetbury - - - -	3,597	90	3,687	194	1,553	208	..	322
340	Cirencester - - -	16,668	575	17,243	1,847	6,106	1,266	122	1,168
341	Northleach - - -	8,589	161	8,750	654	2,544	601	11	731
342	Stow-on-the-Wold - -	7,998	129	8,127	666	2,425	331	..	603
343	Winchcombe - - -	9,628	149	9,777	638	2,325	300	..	474
344	Cheltenham - - -	30,797	619	31,416	3,670	13,100	2,238	127	1,468
345	Tewkesbury - - -	9,774	290	10,064	873	4,099	643	..	794
	23. HEREFORDSHIRE.								
346	Ledbury - - - -	9,847	307	10,154	862	3,263	604	..	936
347	Ross - - - - -	12,098	499	12,597	942	5,400	840	..	857
348*a*	Hereford - - - -	22,927	1,127	24,054	2,135	7,689	1,455	412	1,352

(A) Stow-on-the-Wold.—Including 42*l.* 10*s.* paid to Burial Board.

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.													
to the Poor, and therewith.			(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief.						(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor.				
the Poor.		2.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	1.	2.			
(*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
1,043	12,555	87	1,415	2,162	150	68	155	54	105	551	17,302	462	325
1,841	18,321	22	8,920	2,032	128	204	72	306	75	3,814	33,894	533	326
430	8,543	17	1,537	2,046	40	70	93	47	37	426	12,856	314	327
1,122	22,227	38	3,311	2,004	161	156	117	146	40	1,077	29,277	478	328
5,786	42,140	68	13,771	..	108	233	276	334	123	1,134	58,187	635	329
1,923	28,274	403	11,493	1,420	258	390	240	491	1,074	2,294	46,337	575	330
389	6,990	12	1,815	2,877	40	63	59	39	..	343	12,238	329	331
322	6,139	..	1,839	1,292	39	45	78	38	6	498	9,974	311	332
353	6,923	44	977	684	17	37	32	23	24	251	9,012	316	333
497	7,157	28	1,306	..	31	116	144	45	44	290	9,161	361	334
493	7,067	6	1,226	1,816	35	41	75	36	30	420	10,752	367	335
606	8,416	..	1,534	1,545	61	128	105	308	46	913	13,056	520	336
189	3,176	..	870	1,599	22	23	40	19	15	190	5,954	159	337
638	14,976	27	1,893	1,323	35	137	153	412	39	992	19,987	512	338
149	2,426	..	614	495	16	27	14	15	5	22	3,634	157	339
481	10,990	21	2,099	4,034	62	39	76	109	50	470	17,950	594	340
296	4,837	..	1,183	2,525	28	41	24	24	..	83	8,745	284	341
317	4,342	2	966	1,425	42	27	45	24	10	(A) 150	7,033	227	342
177	3,914	..	1,172	3,553	33	34	36	36	..	(B) 298	9,076	204	343
1,352	21,955	126	4,100	1,855	43	142	73	175	100	755	29,324	891	344
624	7,033	..	1,955	587	39	47	81	49	25	393	10,209	382	345
389	6,054	..	1,264	2,172	29	38	38	21	16	431	10,063	531	346
436	8,475	35	1,669	2,053	62	51	53	21	24	445	12,888	433	347
669	13,712	..	4,877	3,019	90	91	107	250	96	1,055	23,297	523	348a

(B) Winchcombe.—Including 15*l.* 8*s.* instalment of Burial Board loan and interest.

Poor Rates levied and expended in Unions and Parishes.

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	RECEIPTS. 2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury*	RECEIPTS. 3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE. (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected. 1.—Relief to (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury,* and Superannuations.
	VI. WEST MIDLAND COUNTIES—*cont.*								
	23. HEREFORDSHIRE—*cont.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
348 *b*	Dore	7,735	173	7,908	894	1,942	400	117	578
349	Weobley	7,008	189	7,197	710	1,388	288	..	599
350	Bromyard	9,238	283	9,521	482	3,280	347	..	607
351	Leominster	12,759	225	12,984	629	3,874	1,159	..	713
	24. SHROPSHIRE.								
352	Ludlow	11,500	587	12,087	1,163	3,704	849	..	1,138
353	Clun	8,790	177	8,967	1,007	2,185	393	..	643
354	Church Stretton	4,119	195	4,314	498	1,124	322	..	431
355	Cleobury Mortimer	6,591	171	6,762	500	1,325	644	..	510
356	Bridgnorth	9,241	364	9,605	1,236	2,314	593	286	550
357	Shiffnal	5,592	140	5,732	472	2,321	159	..	424
358	Madeley	8,227	251	8,478	1,259	2,726	1,510	..	622
359	Atcham	8,513	343	8,856	1,512	659	933	..	868
360	Shrewsbury †	8,178	330	8,508	2,211	1,845	1,491	..	357
361	Oswestry †	13,061	508	13,569	1,698	2,706	771	339	1,103
362	Ellesmere	8,077	227	8,304	1,216	1,558	475	746	749
363 *a*	Wem	5,785	241	6,026	717	1,644	481	..	613
363 *b*	Whitchurch	5,302	270	5,572	849	1,255	449	148	557
364	Drayton	5,944	145	6,089	570	918	421	205	495
365	Wellington	10,217	322	10,539	1,393	3,977	1,015	..	794
366	Newport	7,249	155	7,404	977	2,428	543	293	597
	25. STAFFORDSHIRE.								
367	Stafford	11,878	151	12,029	2,135	2,314	792	178	952
368	Stone	7,025	152	7,177	963	1,501	604	..	767
369	Newcastle-under-Lyme	8,904	372	9,276	1,138	1,459	570	..	719
370	Wolstanton and Burslem	14,863	186	15,049	1,390	5,556	781	..	1,654
371	Stoke-upon-Trent*	26,690	1,127	27,817	5,285	7,903	1,870	1,643	2,924

(A) Drayton.—Including 127*l.* paid to Burial Board.

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.

to the Poor, and therewith. — the Poor. (*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	2. Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief. 1. Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	2. Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	3. Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	4. Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	5. Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	6. Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor. 1. Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	2. Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
217	4,148	..	1,113	2,524	52	31	34	17	34	387	8,340	258
215	3,200	22	1,074	2,334	54	19	20	14	12	183	6,932	199
321	5,037	..	1,249	2,537	22	38	31	26	..	274	9,214	416
604	6,979	9	2,063	2,529	57	47	118	76	40	261	12,179	319
283	7,137	33	2,187	2,034	35	62	50	79	30	379	12,026	412
256	4,484	..	1,172	2,010	23	36	32	31	2	132	7,922	254
220	2,595	..	650	1,019	21	24	40	34	7	116	4,506	182
514	3,493	5	892	2,042	36	32	21	27	10	175	6,733	271
518	5,497	1	1,564	1,573	44	43	50	117	20	354	9,263	228
186	3,562	..	1,424	625	27	48	78	28	14	126	5,932	196
570	6,687	1	1,338	93	19	112	73	139	70	333	8,865	280
416	4,388	..	2,300	2,497	58	62	93	70	15	338	9,821	354
433	6,337	11	465	..	46	95	25	55	..	989	8,023	270
668	7,285	47	1,920	2,841	83	96	75	57	..	740	13,144	320
297	5,041	7	1,983	685	51	49	51	56	37	640	8,600	203
404	3,859	61	1,062	1,197	23	36	55	18	..	182	6,493	205
452	3,710	5	1,214	614	36	39	34	27	10	171	5,860	169
413	3,022	..	1,631	1,247	27	43	40	31	8	(A) 250	6,299	150
..	7,179	82	1,317	981	26	84	85	46	38	391	10,229	279
556	5,394	..	1,577	499	36	43	62	28	43	139	7,821	176
822	7,193	1	2,906	..	43	87	72	105	20	(B) 891	11,318	232
290	4,125	10	2,794	..	24	86	58	39	50	314	7,500	172
425	4,311	..	3,446	..	18	101	86	87	50	309	8,408	115
950	10,331	5	4,043	..	8	242	238	227	39	502	15,635	324
1,590	21,215	45	5,548	..	13	327	338	248	..	1,301	29,035	600

(B) Stafford.—Including 600*l.* paid to Burial Board.

Poor Rates levied and expended in Unions and Parishes

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE — (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected — 1.—Relief to (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury*, and Superannuations.
	VI. WEST MIDLAND COUNTIES—*cont.*								
	25. STAFFORDSHIRE—*cont.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
372*a*	Leek	8,271	260	8,531	798	3,172	422	..	804
372*b*	Alstonefield§ (part of)	532	5	537	44	114	27	..	14
373	Cheadle	6,704	278	6,982	658	1,902	355	..	564
374	Uttoxeter	6,826	252	7,078	853	,307	423	..	596
375	Burton-on-Trent	16,779	759	17,538	1,251	5,528	1,224	..	1,167
376	Tamworth	7,357	550	7,907	981	2,718	368	221	761
377	Lichfield	11,956	259	12,215	903	4,827	885	..	779
378	Penkridge	10,711	170	10,881	1,140	2,598	484	..	647
379*a*	Seisdon	5,674	289	5,963	856	1,470	322	234	498
379*b*	Wolverhampton	43,986	1,189	45,175	8,179	12,001	3,000	263	2,951
380	Walsall	23,663	248	23,911	2,356	8,458	1,900	93	1,187
381	West Bromwich	44,445	1,006	45,451	5,525	14,324	2,962	1,620	2,003
382	Dudley	40,053	1,004	41,057	6,442	14,722	3,184	1,441	1,912
	26. WORCESTERSHIRE.								
383	Stourbridge	18,706	954	19,660	3,511	4,904	1,987	321	961
384	Kidderminster	18,373	686	19,059	2,144	6,662	1,523	..	1,407
385	Tenbury	5,183	111	5,294	464	1,533	205	..	407
386	Martley	10,448	548	10,996	816	3,349	577	..	904
387	Worcester	19,912	267	20,179	2,104	5,332	1,661	..	1,049
388	Upton-on-Severn	14,349	503	14,852	816	5,391	744	..	674
389	Evesham	11,390	218	11,608	880	3,428	351	..	739
390	Pershore	9,711	292	10,003	526	4,109	650	..	794
391	Droitwich	10,618	1,516	12,134	1,104	2,966	911	25	1,165
392	Bromsgrove	12,584	345	12,929	1,259	3,912	912	..	878
393	King's Norton	24,318	282	24,600	1,467	4,985	1,041	..	1,009

(A) West Bromwich.—Including 488*l.* 15*s.* paid to Burial Board.

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.													
to the Poor, and therewith.			(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief.						(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor.				
the Poor.		2.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	1.	2.			
(*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
329	5,525	..	2,084	..	38	87	134	29	64	438	8,399	238	372*a*
47	246	..	212	..	7	1	3	2	..	5	476	..	372*b*
210	3,689	8	2,214	..	22	68	97	27	7	530	6,662	175	373
383	4,562	13	2,218	..	34	46	52	23	59	212	7,219	205	374
547	9,717	50	5,726	1,053	105	164	131	80	633	644	18,303	505	375
570	5,619	1	2,411	..	63	54	46	101	78	386	8,759	250	376
229	7,623	..	3,733	..	63	..	91	187	80	471	12,248	296	377
410	5,279	1,078	2,875	..	59	74	74	27	289	311	10,066	192	378
207	3,587	35	2,084	42	40	58	68	18	30	46	6,008	182	379*a*
2,134	28,528	229	11,300	..	310	421	364	245	42	1,693	43,132	797	379*b*
1,416	15,410	65	3,506	697	123	243	155	183	82	283	20,747	527	380
2,077	28,511	..	7,088	..	580	353	280	324	67	(A)2,171	39,374	754	381
2,177	29,878	683	12,146	..	1,008	519	331	588	71	1,724	46,948	660	382
832	12,516	..	4,422	..	80	253	225	132	20	(B) 678	18,326	289	383
445	12,181	40	3,913	502	112	118	99	163	55	530	17,713	506	384
259	2,868	7	925	1,381	39	21	27	17	23	158	5,466	190	385
488	6,134	5	1,811	2,344	54	47	74	26	30	361	10,886	454	386
1,066	11,212	38	5,287	..	22	103	53	171	61	113	17,060	416	387
434	8,059	67	2,828	1,365	27	58	85	24	60	859	13,432	459	388
389	5,787	..	1,803	2,920	48	45	84	42	..	275	11,004	274	389
272	6,351	3	1,838	1,040	51	42	61	33	10	141	9,570	338	390
539	6,710	8	3,500	739	54	63	90	145	148	524	11,981	571	391
486	7,447	..	3,245	584	61	89	98	48	18	632	12,222	312	392
635	9,137	56	12,004	170	62	187	176	133	50	1,283	23,258	406	393

(B) Stourbridge.—Including 226*l.* 7*s.* paid to Burial Board.

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE - - - (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected 1.—Relief to (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury*, and Superannuations.
	VI. WEST MIDLAND COUNTIES—*cont.*		£	£	£	£	£	£	£
	27. WARWICKSHIRE.	£							
394	Birmingham ‖ - - -	131,769	5,651	137,420	18,825	24,749	9,795	8,170	7,213
395	Aston - - - - -	14,770	484	15,254	3,314	1,942	1,883	986	1,236
396	Meriden - - - -	6,237	211	6,448	573	2,108	514	..	641
397	Atherstone - - -	5,379	183	5,562	401	2,293	130	..	619
398	Nuneaton - - - -	6,421	238	6,659	612	2,640	468	..	586
399	Foleshill - - - -	7,696	266	7,962	1,288	3,247	468	557	634
400	Coventry † - - - -	17,525	514	18,039	2,711	4,773	1,344	360	1,161
401	Rugby - - - -	12,677	535	13,212	914	3,836	867	..	1,165
402	Solihull - - - -	7,854	215	8,069	950	2,001	842	..	684
403	Warwick - - - -	23,913	1,271	25,184	2,555	9,462	2,139	..	1,506
404	Stratford-on-Avon - -	16,014	393	16,407	1,017	5,761	883	..	1,143
405	Alcester - - - -	10,761	227	10,988	783	3,829	817	..	909
406	Shipston-on-Stour - -	15,063	276	15,339	1,203	4,690	722	27	990
407	Southam - - - -	7,756	405	8,161	733	3,039	402	..	566
	VII. NORTH MIDLAND COUNTIES.								
	28. LEICESTERSHIRE.								
408	Lutterworth - - -	10,455	353	10,808	901	4,078	617	..	852
409	Market Harborough -	15,923	693	16,616	1,198	6,272	903	..	898
410	Billesdon - - - -	7,650	295	7,945	344	1,701	163	..	477
411	Blaby - - - -	8,927	145	9,072	817	2,920	703	..	788
412	Hinckley - - - -	10,203	181	10,384	861	4,199	969	..	657
413	Market Bosworth - -	11,430	196	11,626	953	4,144	584	..	657
414	Ashby-de-la-Zouch - -	14,098	356	14,454	1,418	5,697	1,033	..	1,003
415	Loughborough - - -	13,662	301	13,963	1,692	4,418	849	..	1,023
416	Barrow-on-Soar - -	11,656	345	12,001	925	4,000	866	..	650
417	Leicester - - - -	42,026	1,737	43,763	6,388	6,870	3,864	2,055	2,177
418	Melton Mowbray - -	14,622	494	15,116	1,290	3,023	636	..	912

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.

to the Poor, and therewith. — the Poor, (f) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	2. Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief. 1. Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	2. Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	3. Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	4. Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	5. Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	6. Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor. 1. Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	2. Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
9,834	78,586	286	44,921	..	839	783	604	243	..	3,648	129,910	2,080	394
1,012	10,373	15	935	..	36	453	356	151	90	614	13,023	417	395
299	4,135	..	1,827	..	42	32	36	41	40	159	6,312	252	396
332	3,775	..	1,468	182	51	46	66	32	60	100	5,780	204	397
393	4,699	..	1,207	..	49	35	23	27	24	240	6,304	219	398
347	6,541	38	1,253	..	22	67	89	38	55	251	8,354	233	399
849	11,198	..	4,251	..	31	121	93	175	..	340	16,209	267	400
380	7,162	..	3,869	819	109	81	99	92	..	806	13,037	378	401
373	4,850	..	2,212	355	37	42	42	56	..	209	7,803	299	402
1,676	17,338	..	5,099	80	74	146	89	99	65	2,324	25,314	819	403
372	9,176	3	2,488	1,474	90	80	86	61	31	334	13,823	411	404
468	6,806	..	1,808	1,593	45	65	83	38	30	228	10,696	418	405
436	8,068	24	2,348	2,554	61	56	74	50	35	495	13,765	394	406
319	5,059	..	1,689	392	33	31	44	28	32	89	7,397	245	407
346	6,794	5	2,246	1,393	74	53	44	51	58	276	10,994	415	408
509	9,780	5	2,488	3,519	94	48	78	79	42	460	16,593	513	409
150	2,835	..	1,644	2,948	59	21	50	47	11	141	7,756	209	410
465	5,693	..	1,634	1,489	55	51	68	40	29	235	9,294	250	411
190	6,876	9	1,263	540	42	80	40	57	72	549	9,528	290	412
413	6,751	1	1,969	1,198	75	59	57	41	8	187	10,346	255	413
169	9,320	..	2,663	473	79	134	122	70	..	431	13,292	335	414
515	8,497	..	2,308	1,495	68	79	100	67	103	897	13,614	316	415
172	6,613	..	1,196	2,368	104	78	12	66	11	396	10,844	257	416
4,641	25,995	24	12,940	..	11	339	232	165	196	2,544	42,446	462	417
117	5,978	20	3,097	5,474	118	64	55	81	106	296	15,289	263	418

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE - (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected 1.—Relief to (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury,* and Superannuations.
	VII. NORTH MIDLAND COUNTIES—*continued.*								
	29. RUTLANDSHIRE.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
419	Oakham - - - -	6,765	366	7,131	774	2,653	431	..	695
420	Uppingham - - -	7,806	192	7,998	729	3,194	365	..	590
	30. LINCOLNSHIRE.								
421	Stamford - - - -	11,145	341	11,486	1,561	5,448	459	85	856
422	Bourne - - - -	11,681	425	12,106	1,831	4,751	585	..	894
423	Spalding - - - -	12,631	511	13,142	2,150	5,147	923	..	1,107
424	Holbeach - - - -	11,658	335	11,993	1,762	4,248	913	133	999
425	Boston - - - -	24,182	441	24,623	1,934	12,379	1,332	..	1,516
426	Sleaford - - - -	14,384	479	14,863	1,354	6,501	686	..	1,246
427	Grantham - - - -	17,854	741	18,595	1,756	6,983	1,445	..	1,538
428	Lincoln - - - -	21,440	654	22,094	2,148	11,062	1,508	..	1,462
429	Horncastle - - -	13,184	375	13,559	1,189	6,900	572	..	1,003
430	Spilsby - - - -	18,082	678	18,760	1,183	10,352	1,082	..	1,120
431	Louth - - - -	17,459	532	17,991	1,190	9,943	737	..	1,419
432	Caistor - - - -	16 625	676	17,301	1,338	7,158	880	..	1,496
433	Glanford Brigg - -	19,218	397	19,615	1,148	10,009	1,118	..	1,509
434	Gainsborough - - -	18,336	579	18,915	1,434	5,800	525	..	1,084
	31. NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.								
435	East Retford - - -	13,960	195	14,155	676	4,339	472	..	902
436	Worksop - - - -	12,622	368	12,990	1,731	3,628	388	..	861
437	Mansfield - - - -	14,053	275	14,328	1,387	6,684	910	78	773
438	Basford - - - -	28,600	626	29,226	2,926	11,163	2,062	110	1,445
439	Radford - - - -	8,572	67	8,639	604	3,054	1,153	..	518

(A) Holbeach.—Including 416*l.* paid to Burial Board.

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.														
to the Poor, and therewith.			(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief.						(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor.		TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
the Poor.		2.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	1.	2.			
(*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	Money expended for all other Purposes.			
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
580	5,133	8	1,433	124	37	42	61	44	30	401	7,313	298	419
386	5,264	2	1,526	1,492	59	36	44	57	137	67	8,684	232	420
334	8,743	24	1,841	283	70	71	96	143	40	373	11,684	254	421
856	8,917	2	2,027	..	59	72	106	100	42	272	11,597	410	422
519	9,846	13	2,547	4	72	95	123	70	24	334	13,128	460	423
556	8,611	..	2,350	..	35	78	61	91	60	(A) 744	12,030	346	424
1,256	18,417	..	4,024	..	296	147	92	250	57	698	23,981	708	425
417	10,204	..	2,688	..	84	94	67	107	10	187	13,441	301	426
1,200	12,922	..	2,199	1,305	80	102	114	180	46	402	17,350	602	427
559	16,739	..	2,788	..	125	183	121	287	75	1,252	21,570	424	428
548	10,212	6	2,138	..	120	78	125	102	20	162	12,963	338	429
629	14,366	..	3,439	..	137	110	76	103	57	321	18,609	446	430
378	13,667	32	3,598	..	160	120	189	106	65	610	18,547	523	431
733	11,605	29	3,261	64	139	174	105	233	94	277	15,981	636	432
638	14,422	4	2,872	..	99	109	140	112	91	337	18,186	568	433
713	9,556	12	2,526	5,167	109	95	74	121	66	275	18,001	399	434
383	6,772	7	2,891	3,564	61	83	61	156	173	(B) 406	14,174	251	435
540	7,148	31	2,617	477	56	74	113	115	323	347	11,301	285	436
1,063	10,895	5	2,469	462	57	113	114	59	54	871	15,099	301	437
902	18,608	18	5,074	3,284	156	314	256	131	92	1,719	29,652	676	438
619	5,948	80	1,541	..	37	120	56	32	30	393	8,237	251	439

(B) East Retford.—Including 140*l.* paid to Burial Board.

Poor Rates, &c.

Poor Rates levied and expended in Unions and Parishes

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE – (A.) — Expended for Relief Purposes connected – 1.—Relief to – (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury*, and Superannuations.
	VII. NORTH MIDLAND COUNTIES—*continued.*								
	31. NOTTINGHAMSHIRE-*cont.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
440	Nottingham	45,322	1,308	46,630	7,011	10,764	2,033	..	2,259
441	Southwell	14,072	421	14,493	922	4,625	634	..	772
442	Newark	19,519	564	20,083	1,035	8,013	852	..	1,101
443	Bingham	9,714	152	9,866	580	2,126	486	..	534
	32. DERBYSHIRE.								
444	Shardlow	14,818	270	15,088	1,139	4,709	1,113	..	841
445	Derby	19,316	555	19,871	3,861	3,203	2,275	468	1,318
446	Belper	17,919	321	18,240	1,852	6,261	1,363	..	1,032
447 a	Ashbourne	6,690	143	6,833	767	2,266	295	..	743
447 b	Alstonefield§ (part of)‡	253	3	256	66	108	..	..	..
448	Chesterfield	23,902	453	24,355	2,373	10,942	1,619	154	1,218
449	Bakewell	10,113	695	10,808	972	3,407	948	..	839
450	Chapel-en-le-Frith	4,502	86	4,588	528	913	279	..	539
451 a	Glossop	4,754	53	4,807	387	624	293	..	391
451 b	Hayfield	3,866	98	3,964	589	791	150	43	368
	VIII. NORTH-WESTERN COUNTIES.								
	33. CHESHIRE.								
452	Stockport	26,594	982	27,576	5,139	5,268	2,194	..	1,818
453	Macclesfield	29,484	491	29,975	3,286	8,165	1,004	..	1,663
454	Altrincham	23,365	595	23,960	2,141	5,649	1,363	..	1,353
455	Runcorn	14,798	238	15,036	1,393	4,640	563	671	926
456	Northwich	17,357	959	18,316	1,402	5,694	880	..	1,306
457	Congleton	15,239	1,267	16,506	1,225	3,652	844	..	936
458	Nantwich	19,571	370	19,941	1,283	6,490	816	..	1,131
459 a	Great Boug	12,167	167	12,334	917	3,502	462	290	799

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued*.

EXPENDITURE.														
to the Poor, and therewith.			(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief.						(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor.					
the Poor.		2.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	1.	2.				
(*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
1,212	23,279	80	13,300	..	159	291	117	322	157	939	38,644	943	440
466	7,419	..	3,325	3,150	105	66	57	73	74	312	14,581	308	441
419	11,420	..	3,249	2,525	80	91	99	118	92	891	18,565	291	442
235	3,961	..	2,147	3,282	77	47	21	42	..	210	9,787	174	443
320	8,122	..	4,607	1,169	105	101	108	70	38	556	14,876	352	444
437	11,562	13	4,801	923	36	204	208	384	81	617	18,829	426	445
904	11,412	18	5,491	..	82	182	246	81	87	1,533	19,132	269	446
267	4,338	23	3,670	..	114	73	94	58	36	200	8,606	118	447*a*
6	180	..	81	..	4	3	..	1	..	..	269	6	447*b*
1,210	17,516	28	6,087	..	76	264	321	106	153	1,101	25,652	596	448
316	6,482	..	3,775	..	99	83	127	64	72	705	11,407	240	449
215	2,474	3	1,941	..	25	44	63	23	34	187	4,794	127	450
293	1,988	..	1,195	..	5	67	45	8	11	(A)1,208	4,527	96	451*a*
241	2,182	5	1,089	150	14	42	47	33	28	205	3,795	105	451*b*
1,846	16,265	32	8,712	1,592	32	345	346	401	102	1,769	29,596	412	452
2,967	17,085	9	6,898	2,602	35	203	103	253	417	369	27,974	393	453
622	11,128	17	5,343	5,797	64	128	80	97	73	981	23,708	487	454
630	8,823	..	..	3,364	139	116	124	46	66	1,315	13,993	335	455
840	10,122	284	3,458	3,372	70	138	184	91	83	935	18,737	531	456
489	7,146	..	5,118	3,325	123	112	212	89	100	555	16,780	392	457
339	10,059	..	4,264	3,039	98	185	183	98	981	841	19,748	402	458
320	6,290	1	2,608	2,457	69	57	77	81	64	454	12,158	356	459*a*

(A) Glossop.—Including repayment of loans and interest under Union Relief Aid Acts and Public Works (Manufacturing Districts) Acts.

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE - (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected - 1.—Relief to (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury*, and Superannuations.
VIII. NORTH-WESTERN COUNTIES—*cont.*									
	33.—CHESHIRE—*cont.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
459 *b*	Chester †	19,288	382	19,670	3,541	4,869	1,073	..	868
459 *c*	Hawarden	5,242	91	5,333	643	1,169	283	281	502
460 *a*	Wirrall	9,818	432	10,250	901	2,340	424	..	826
460 *b*	Birkenhead	34,340	785	35,125	4,058	12,126	2,014	3,342	1,784
	34. LANCASHIRE.								
461	Liverpool ‖	(B)285,546	8,820	294,366	42,265	39,673	15,631	7,751	19,447
462 *a*	West Derby	65,989	5,074	71,063	8,689	17,921	3,453	3,450	5,447
462 *b*	Toxteth Park*	27,399	1,269	28,668	6,749	7,498	1,470	3,534	3,172
463	Prescot	27,581	753	28,334	2,684	6,949	1,739	471	1,399
464	Ormskirk	22,921	500	23,421	1,933	3,911	973	222	815
465	Wigan	37,457	592	38,049	4,366	10,651	1,239	446	1,994
466	Warrington	20,117	716	20,833	2,830	4,408	1,301	619	1,577
467	Leigh	13,266	1,030	14,296	1,759	3,011	613	411	809
468	Bolton	42,736	1,378	44,114	6,282	10,976	2,596	2,925	2,400
469	Bury	32,560	869	33,429	3,908	11,555	288	1,960	1,898
470	Barton-upon-Irwell	15,646	567	16,213	1,802	3,468	752	404	1,205
471	Chorlton	111,122	4,616	115,738	13,712	17,050	2,968	6,516	7,015
472	Salford	60,167	1,514	61,681	8,938	12,069	2,501	2,140	3,032
473 *a*	Manchester *	190,523	6,197	196 720	25,042	25,986	6,374	3,856	13,857
473 *b*	Prestwich	22,130	1,289	23,419	699	3,351	1,691	1,520	1,026
474	Ashton-under-Lyne	29,307	789	30,096	4,110	4,262	1,717	1,477	1,573
475	Oldham	22,136	1,787	23,923	5,647	5,106	1,057	..	2,062
476	Rochdale	27,867	1,640	29,507	3,775	6,844	2,384	1,212	1,937
477	Haslingden	13,041	345	13,386	1,471	2,975	1,430	195	808
478	Burnley	23,691	963	24,654	1,226	6,769	1,714	513	1,343
479	Clitheroe	6,874	260	7,134	702	2,155	654	..	678
480	Blackburn	38,444	1,126	39,570	5,350	8,400	833	2,484	2,132

(A) Birkenhead.—Including 601*l.* 10*s.* paid to Burial Board.
(B) Liverpool.—This sum includes an amount of 105,537*l.* 18*s.* 9*d.* received from the Mersey Docks and Harbour Board on account of Poor Rates due from the Board for the years 1859 to 1868 inclusive.

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

to the Poor, and therewith. — the Poor. (*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	2. Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief. 1. Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	2. Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	3. Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	4. Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	5. Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	6. Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor. 1. Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	2. Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
904	11,255	5	6,245	..	10	103	65	95	76	555	18,409	219	459
249	3,127	..	1,496	287	29	34	51	37	66	167	5,294	97	459
354	4,845	18	2,523	2,131	56	65	65	82	..	1,144	10,929	239	460
2,836	26,160	20	4,548	45	130	249	159	294	290	(A) 2,228	34,123	702	460
29,932	154,699	2,039	8,523	..	1,113	1,082	368	899	621	(C) 11,716	181,060	4,998	461
7,244	46,204	97	10,376	2,844	518	872	446	802	270	4,101	66,530	1,536	462
1,737	24,160	490	890	..	134	351	138	235	..	3,162	29,560	1,220	462
1,751	14,993	6	6,652	2,631	29	376	195	167	652	(D) 1,422	27,123	333	463
831	8,685	42	5,240	9,391	31	193	186	162	132	545	24,607	297	464
1,884	20,580	44	10,031	3,623	34	519	467	175	90	2,112	37,675	673	465
1,592	12,327	31	5,741	2,444	121	200	121	96	112	1,189	22,382	440	466
556	7,159	27	2,892	910	16	164	98	76	345	930	12,617	206	467
3,096	28,275	629	14,030	..	180	529	476	566	393	(E) 2,327	47,405	674	468
1,388	20,997	18	9,387	..	103	403	178	717	190	1,493	33,486	497	469
1,053	8,684	5	4,840	..	11	149	102	173	51	161	14,176	364	470
3,804	51,065	15	36,082	..	80	679	369	547	244	5,247	94,328	1,634	471
2,614	31,294	63	24,325	..	245	447	287	685	254	2,426	60,026	847	472
10,195	85,310	192	80,142	..	74	804	460	583	..	6,145	173,710	2,535	473
1,654	9,941	19	6,329	..	56	227	234	230	500	481	18,017	203	473
6,002	19,141	18	7,831	260	27	533	229	408	133	2,012	30,592	537	474
2,600	16,472	145	5,939	..	13	448	257	719	355	1,411	25,759	674	475
1,684	17,836	7	6,457	..	25	348	332	357	478	3,075	28,915	518	476
1,398	8,277	11	5,010	..	14	290	170	80	45	622	14,519	384	477
1,425	12,990	..	2,848	..	19	326	205	518	..	1,269	18,175	439	478
[illegible]	4,456	2	2,322	..	74	72	44	137	3	103	7,213	159	479
7,101	26,300	..	6,762	..	53	569	251	719	631	(F) 1,556	36,841	865	480

(C) Liverpool.—Including 7,264*l.* 1*s.* 1*d.* paid to Burial Board. (D) Prescot.—Including 427*l.* 10*s.* paid to Burial Board.
(E) Bolton.—Including repayment of loans and interest under the Public Works (Manufacturing Districts) Act.
(F) Blackburn.—Including 1,207*l.* paid to Burial Board.

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE — (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected — 1.—Relief to (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury,* and Superannuations.
	VIII. NORTH-WESTERN COUNTIES—*cont.*								
	34. LANCASHIRE—*continued.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
481	Chorley	17,288	328	17,616	1,161	3,667	780	..	937
482	Preston	53,781	1,995	55,776	9,172	9,432	2,527	3,144	3,054
483	Fylde	9,633	362	9,995	1,184	3,020	637	..	762
484	Garstang	6,578	219	6,797	302	1,629	224	..	463
485a	Lancaster	7,329	226	7,555	851	2,614	592	123	861
485b	Caton §	3,754	69	3,823	662	1,266	..	..	91
485c	*Arkholme, &c.*	877	13	890	34	299	24	..	..
486	Ulverstone	15,506	591	16,097	1,839	4,273	1,049	63	1,168
	IX. YORKSHIRE.								
	35. WEST RIDING.								
487	Sedbergh	1,372	108	1,480	212	354	71	..	158
488	Settle	7,677	436	8,113	567	1,946	177	..	658
489a	Skipton	14,590	592	15,182	1,116	4,860	635	..	889
489b	Carlton § (part of)	60	6	66	..	22	..	11	..
490	Pateley Bridge	4,037	81	4,118	305	1,663	168	195	361
491	Ripon	8,571	321	8,892	923	2,330	426	149	829
492a	Great Ouseburn	5,237	227	5,464	501	1,537	163	145	548
492b	Knaresborough	9,528	293	9,821	1,033	3,640	494	175	518
492c	Wetherby	3,840	64	3,904	448	929	265	336	424
492d	Barwick in Elmet § (part of)	438	..	438	16	118	..	..	4
493a	Carlton § (part of)	4,955	42	4,997	477	1,581	55	199	32
493b	Barwick in Elmet § (part of)	100	..	100	9	28	..	..	..
493c	Wharfedale	4,967	70	5,037	..	2,230	415	..	216
494	Keighley	13,264	277	13,541	1,189	4,746	374	534	764
495	Todmorden	5,518	260	5,778	..	2,810	688	..	343
496	Saddleworth*	4,283	327	4,610	706	1,043	608	23	469
497	Huddersfield	44,966	909	45,875	4,617	15,830	2,562	855	1,699
498	Halifax	33,606	986	34,592	4,203	12,140	2,743	133	1,955

(A) Preston.—Including repayment of loans and interest under Union Relief Aid Act.
(B) Garstang.—Including 166*l.* 1*s.* paid to Burial Board.
(C) Lancaster—Including 287*l.* 14*s.* 4*d.* paid to Burial Board.

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued*

EXPENDITURE.

to the Poor, and therewith.			(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief.						(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor.				
the Poor.		2.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	1.	2.			
(*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
793	7,338	..	3,200	4,882	25	167	131	45	217	706	16,711	234	481
4,194	31,523	46	6,497	1,310	19	431	222	408	127	(A) 5,603	46,186	921	482
502	6,105	..	2,991	..	19	90	111	133	116	249	9,814	283	483
219	2,837	5	1,644	2,255	5	37	58	12	..	(B) 366	7,219	169	484
368	5,409	..	1,559	..	57	113	61	25	160	(C) 641	8,025	221	485
205	2,224	4	1,155	..	27	5	..	12	..	220	3,647	..	485
..	357	2	372	..	11	9	3	4	..	68	826	..	485
750	9,142	17	4,986	..	76	181	187	121	58	1,332	16,100	326	486
51	846	..	419	..	11	16	7	16	5	25	1,345	53	487
619	3,967	169	2,281	1,655	92	41	56	99	58	309	8,727	176	488
885	8,385	12	3,353	3,555	119	121	75	101	70	438	16,229	346	489
..	33	..	33	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	66	..	489
197	2,889	3	1,051	..	27	30	32	28	26	111	4,197	94	490
390	5,047	39	2,276	588	14	57	23	47	19	471	8,581	189	491
297	3,191	..	1,962	388	34	55	38	26	72	338	6,104	177	492
297	6,157	30	2,150	..	45	58	28	84	227	741	9,520	197	492
227	2,629	33	998	..	26	33	19	24	25	96	3,883	78	492
27	165	..	204	..	5	8	..	4	..	23	409	4	492
34	2,378	21	1,875	..	32	60	46	17	8	607	5,044	65	493
8	45	..	51	..	4	1	..	3	..	5	109	..	493
101	2,962	38	1,374	..	31	74	43	30	15	(D) 425	4,992	69	493
216	7,823	..	2,815	115	25	166	109	78	40	(E) 748	11,919	251	494
134	3,975	..	2,299	..	18	89	95	79	58	232	6,845	69	495
146	2,995	..	1,110	..	1	70	53	26	..	53	4,308	66	496
2,110	27,673	29	12,091	..	216	532	364	692	173	1,547	43,317	594	497
1,975	23,149	1,526	7,358	..	128	516	460	573	664	1,378	35,752	634	498

(D) Wharfedale.—Inclusive of payments to Burial Board.
(E) Keighley.—Including 312*l.* 11*s.* paid to Burial Board.

Poor Rates, &c.

Poor Rates levied and expended in Unions and Parishes

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected 1.—Relief to (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury*, and Superannuations.
	IX. YORKSHIRE—*continued.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
	35. WEST RIDING—*continued.*								
499*a*	North Bierley - - -	19,893	726	20,619	1,650	7,740	1,319	717	1,207
499*b*	Bradford - - - -	45,889	1,394	47,283	5,309	7,381	2,286	1,294	2,785
499*c*	Carlton § (part of) - -	825	215	1,040	86	519	..	..	..
500*a*	Carlton § (part of) - -	20,767	558	21,325	1,377	6,143	..	..	42
500*b*	*Thorpe Stapleton* - -	55	..	55	..	..	..	..	..
500*b*¹	Holbeck * - - - -	5,662	216	5,878	829	1,421	201	560	358
500*b*²	Hunslet * - - - -	12,748	254	13,002	1,541	2,984	519	951	603
500*c*	Great Preston § (part of) -	891	7	898	118	293	..	..	..
500*d*	Barwick in Elmet § (part of)	563	..	563	11	231	10	..	8
500*e*	Bramley - - - -	4,558	78	4,636	345	1,045	300	..	316
501	Leeds * - - - -	56,621	1,584	58,205	8,560	16,330	3,879	3,649	5,221
502	Dewsbury - - - -	26,467	1,083	27,550	2,830	7,768	2,546	..	1,256
503*a*	Wakefield - - - -	20,845	823	21,668	1,670	9,032	1,731	472	1,091
503*b*	Great Preston § (part of) -	561	..	561	94	180	..	..	5
503*c*	Barwick in Elmet § (part of)	319	..	319	26	31	..	..	1
504*a*¹	Great Preston § (part of) -	5,999	151	6,150	736	2,553	100	..	31
504*a*²	Pontefract - - -	7,327	30	7,357	878	2,014	200	580	481
504*a*³	Barwick in Elmet § (part of)	1,600	..	1,600	172	532	..	..	13
504*b*	Hemsworth - - -	4,175	141	4,316	548	1,184	130	187	459
505	Barnsley - - -	23,301	725	24,026	2,824	8,320	1,089	634	1,019
506*a*	Penistone - - - -	6,273	107	6,380	1,045	1,607	484	238	566
506*b*	Wortley - - - -	10,559	121	10,680	1,261	3,435	757	194	691
507	Ecclesall Bierlow - -	26,452	1,486	27,938	4,352	7,608	1,523	751	1,553
508	Sheffield - - - -	61,915	2,073	63,988	9,487	26,462	3,132	491	2,985
509	Rotherham - - -	23,414	522	23,936	2,436	9,942	837	..	1,091
510	Doncaster - - - -	22,064	441	22,505	2,897	4,571	1,313	157	1,206
511	Thorne - - - -	11,049	280	11,329	788	2,863	402	..	651

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

- - - - - - - - - EXPENDITURE.														
to the Poor, and therewith.			(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief.						(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor.					
the Poor.		2.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	1.	2.				
(*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
1,607	14,240	25	5,451	..	138	331	296	230	120	983	21,814	259	499*a*
2,981	22,036	20	15,310	..	196	468	289	824	961	1,203	41,307	785	499*b*
26	631	9	251	..	..	21	12	11	..	79	1,014	22	499*c*
403	7,965	167	9,209	..	62	212	112	202	53	2,535	20,517	274	500*a*
..	..	..	55	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	55	..	500*b*
327	3,696	19	1,402	..	4	65	27	80	9	142	5,444	94	500*b*1
497	7,095	..	4,468	..	166	161	106	150	..	304	12,450	280	500*b*2
28	439	..	329	..	7	7	1	3	9	61	856	20	500*c*
10	270	..	178	..	7	5	3	1	..	40	504	12	500*d*
214	2,220	11	1,662	..	8	43	33	60	13	335	4,385	42	500*e*
3,048	40,687	390	13,928	..	366	503	383	577	..	2,645	59,479	2,408	501
1,283	15,683	..	8,692	..	61	487	197	407	115	(A) 2,558	28,200	400	502
1,304	15,300	..	5,913	..	68	344	209	352	65	727	22,978	430	503*a*
..	279	1	281	..	1	9	6	3	..	30	610	5	503*b*
..	58	..	87	..	..	10	..	3	79	27	264	7	503*c*
157	3,577	29	1,790	..	36	51	81	30	219	505	6,318	99	504*a*1
516	4,669	71	1,049	2	19	71	10	51	..	464	6,406	305	504*a*2
40	757	1	555	..	8	15	3	12	3	77	1,431	22	504*a*3
235	2,743	..	1,289	66	30	26	24	35	..	99	4,312	133	504*b*
1,441	15,327	..	4,866	69	83	204	199	76	49	895	21,768	356	505
438	4,378	39	1,257	..	27	60	111	54	71	208	6,205	113	506*a*
716	7,054	1	2,306	..	31	77	164	79	615	390	10,717	136	506*b*
2,221	18,008	..	4,584	..	515	286	255	279	365	1,266	25,558	469	507
3,762	46,319	17	9,748	..	588	611	729	474	404	3,898	62,788	1,249	508
849	15,155	..	4,667	..	62	326	156	78	50	562	20,956	346	509
907	11,051	19	3,450	3,401	92	166	124	75	625	764	19,767	361	510
456	5,160	..	1,640	3,860	27	61	65	55	117	508	11,493	173	511

(A) Dewsbury.—Including 1,617*l.* 9*s.* paid to Burial Boards.

Poor Rates levied and expended in Unions and Parishes

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	RECEIPTS. 2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	RECEIPTS. 3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected 1.—Relief to (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury,* and Superannuations.
	IX. YORKSHIRE—*continued.*								
	35.—WEST RIDING—*continued.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
512	Goole - - - - -	9,087	251	9,338	1,072	3,519	229	..	558
513a	Selby - - - - -	7,631	277	7,908	842	3,131	321	..	524
513b	Great Preston§ (part of) -	107	..	107	21	36	..	..	..
513c	Barwick in Elmet§ (part of)	258	..	258	31	72	..	..	..
514a	Barwick in Elmet§ (part of)	3,837	193	4,030	444	1,705	40	..	24
514b	Tadcaster - - - -	3,022	89	3,111	..	1,562	181	..	215
514c	Great Preston§ (part of) -	931	24	955	80	273	98	..	3
514d	Carlton§ (part of) - -	441	20	461	30	192	..	20	3
	36. EAST RIDING.								
515a	York - - - - -	31,863	1,106	32,969	3,152	3,964	2,034	205	1,260
515b	Barwick in Elmet§ (part of)	187	9	196	11	64	..	..	..
516	Pocklington - - -	7,225	529	7,754	570	3,240	657	74	522
517	Howden - - - -	6,702	180	6,882	648	2,897	404	..	495
518	Beverley - - - -	9,487	179	9,666	682	4,336	645	540	667
519	Sculcoates - - - -	19,182	780	19,962	3,011	5,575	2,257	..	1,063
520	Kingston-on-Hull ‖ - -	15,954	448	16,402	3,507	5,547	2,027	624	1,398
521	Patrington - - -	3,781	252	4,033	394	946	457	..	608
522	Skirlaugh - - - -	4,876	175	5,051	645	1,649	264	..	536
523	Driffield - - - -	10,460	188	10,648	917	3,687	761	881	649
524	Bridlington - - -	5,857	122	5,979	402	2,518	286	..	472
	37. NORTH RIDING.								
525	Scarborough - - -	21,406	415	21,821	1,545	6,562	890	181	1,039
526	Malton - - - -	10,023	211	10,234	914	2,836	677	..	827
527	Easingwold - - -	6,455	189	6,644	254	1,844	331	..	414
528	Thirsk - - - -	6,740	144	6,884	595	1,504	317	44	476
529a	Helmsley - - - -	3,863	72	3,935	301	1,003	37	144	249

(C.)
Poor Rates &c.

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.

to the Poor, and therewith. — the Poor. (f) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	2. Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief. 1. Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	2. Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	3. Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	4. Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	5. Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	6. Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor. 1. Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	2. Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
1,161	6,539	18	1,854	402	43	60	52	29	20	190	9,207	204	512
560	5,378	1	1,809	..	21	60	32	34	10	379	7,724	213	513a
..	57	..	43	..	1	1	..	1	..	17	120	5	513b
8	111	..	83	..	4	..	..	..	..	16	214	8	513c
93	2,306	63	1,379	..	29	33	26	17	..	220	4,073	71	514a
79	2,037	3	836	..	31	17	12	12	...	123	3,071	66	514b
56	510	..	243	..	2	8	7	3	85	60	918	31	514c
1	246	..	133	..	7	4	2	2	..	21	415	11	514d
190	10,805	..	16,459	2,417	52	221	117	261	32	825	31,189	538	515a
15	90	..	96	..	2	1	2	1	..	9	201	..	515b
443	5,506	..	1,619	..	27	65	35	13	..	240	7,505	181	516
315	4,759	..	1,504	..	29	45	64	19	..	224	6,644	195	517
615	7,485	..	1,767	..	23	86	60	113	20	379	9,933	251	518
1,758	13,664	202	1,437	..	64	232	198	280	10	1,188	17,275	283	519
..	13,103	12	..	..	27	235	250	232	..	2,128	15,987	283	520
369	2,774	..	1,235	..	33	30	41	14	..	137	4,264	148	521
141	3,235	..	1,171	..	29	45	26	17	..	109	4,632	266	522
1,589	8,484	..	1,849	..	34	75	44	18	15	(A) 496	11,015	226	523
342	4,020	..	1,592	..	30	45	26	17	12	90	5,832	160	524
870	11,087	..	6,500	2,511	144	116	111	85	..	213	20,767	522	525
470	5,724	..	2,765	1,481	47	81	83	66	85	301	10,633	326	526
160	3,003	..	1,329	2,333	22	35	19	16	20	136	6,913	149	527
395	3,331	1	1,617	1,721	33	46	35	34	48	159	7,025	175	528
79	1,813	..	642	1,220	16	18	24	15	7	44	3,799	93	529a

(A) Driffield.—Including 350*l.* paid to Burial Board.

Poor Rates levied and expended in Unions and Parishes

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	RECEIPTS. 2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	RECEIPTS. 3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE - - - (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected 1.—Relief to (*a*) In-Maintenance.	(*b*) Out-Relief.	(*c*) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(*d*) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(*e*) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury*, and Superannuations.
	IX. YORKSHIRE—*continued.*								
	37. NORTH RIDING—*continued.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
529 *b*	Kirkby Moorside - -	3,631	64	3,695	315	787	62	74	228
530	Pickering - - - -	3,635	97	3,732	354	1,215	211	..	355
531	Whitby - - - -	12,153	151	12,304	994	3,233	745	..	685
532	Guisborough - - - -	12,265	233	12,498	1,107	3,754	454	435	620
533	Stokesley - - - -	6,434	141	6,575	287	2,039	177	..	358
534	Northallerton - - -	7,482	252	7,734	637	1,737	536	51	509
535	Bedale - - - -	4,388	79	4,467	290	1,700	275	..	345
536	Leyburn - - - -	5,419	164	5,583	310	1,768	282	..	336
537 *a*	Bainbridge § - - -	2,615	129	2,744	252	871	141	2	29
537 *b*	*Carperby, &c.*	556	23	579	..	251	..	..	..
538	Reeth - - -	2,337	92	2,429	200	1,155	141	..	242
539	Richmond - - - -	7,656	174	7,830	675	2,384	535	..	581
	X. NORTHERN COUNTIES.								
	38 DURHAM.								
540	Darlington - - -	19,324	432	19,756	949	5,964	787	172	1,001
541 *a*	Stockton - - - -	23,329	432	23,761	2,030	7,895	722	165	1,137
541 *b*	Hartlepool - - - -	9,666	274	9,940	1,468	2,115	519	330	639
541 *c*	Sedgefield - - - -	5,073	113	5,186	212	1,162	286	232	304
542	Auckland - - - -	22,241	157	22,398	1,644	8,189	1,259	74	720
543	Teesdale - - - -	11,557	224	11,781	1,012	3,710	588	..	501
544	Weardale - - - -	6,416	103	6,519	311	2,701	272	576	395
545 *a*	Lanchester - - -	11,759	171	11,930	419	3,951	395	..	444
545 *b*	Durham - - - -	16,297	939	17,236	1,410	5,630	672	144	761
546	Easington - - - -	9,363	132	9,495	548	3,257	474	423	427
547	Houghton-le-Spring - -	8,963	114	9,077	765	3,000	549	256	461
548	Chester-le-Street - -	11,909	236	12,145	732	3,673	457	362	549

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued*.

EXPENDITURE.														
to the Poor, and therewith.			(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief.						(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor.					
the Poor.		2.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	1.	2.				
(*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
83	1,549	..	603	1,283	14	16	20	8	..	65	3,558	68	529*b*
137	2,272	16	986	398	13	41	55	17	3	64	3,865	119	530
880	6,537	21	1,661	..	61	104	56	83	..	502	9,025	150	531
509	6,879	..	1,841	3,243	15	113	96	42	61	500	12,790	249	532
100	2,961	2	1,316	1,956	26	32	72	25	..	117	6,507	148	533
501	3,971	..	1,680	1,312	33	37	61	62	15	332	7,503	230	534
106	2,716	..	1,110	440	19	25	22	20	3	50	4,405	131	535
236	2,932	..	1,274	..	34	31	28	21	..	82	4,402	171	536
19	1,314	4	460	600	8	15	2	4	..	37	2,444	21	537*a*
..	251	1	135	159	2	2	1	3	..	1	555	..	537*b*
37	1,775	..	430	..	..	24	12	..	..	..	2,241	62	538
411	4,586	..	1,539	1,001	44	41	34	34	..	261	7,540	169	539
1,392	10,265	20	5,460	1,498	73	104	82	212	86	1,117	18,917	377	540
717	12,666	..	3,934	1,630	23	251	187	2	31	2,663	21,387	448	541*a*
289	5,360	1	3,097	724	30	111	91	254	29	766	10,463	221	541*b*
11	2,207	..	1,718	1,383	34	53	53	19	47	159	5,673	80	541*c*
596	12,482	6	5,037	2,545	61	290	140	61	93	1,492	22,207	281	542
341	6,152	28	2,363	1,683	44	66	99	44	42	364	10,885	204	543
119	4,374	11	1,515	146	21	67	52	35	34	240	6,495	128	544
361	5,570	42	2,482	1,907	49	110	158	45	30	717	11,110	153	545*a*
1,551	10,168	1	3,492	1,692	76	183	197	126	155	802	16,892	179	545*b*
438	5,567	..	2,131	1,244	36	158	108	37	18	536	9,835	157	546
469	5,500	..	1,674	1,018	53	105	99	34	22	354	8,859	134	547
335	6,108	..	2,787	2,248	67	125	144	35	300	550	12,364	101	548

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	RECEIPTS. 2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	RECEIPTS. 3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE. (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected 1.—Relief to (*a*) In-Maintenance.	(*b*) Out-Relief.	(*c*) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(*d*) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(*e*) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury*, and Superannuations.
	X. NORTHERN COUNTIES—*continued.*								
	38. DURHAM—*continued.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
549	Sunderland	42,199	1,157	43,356	4,660	12,853	2,258	1,714	2,450
550	South Shields	20,519	1,168	21,687	1,935	9,095	1,384	450	759
551	Gateshead	21,141	1,173	22,314	2,840	9,865	1,621	247	1,332
	39. NORTHUMBERLAND.								
552	Newcastle-on-Tyne	53,860	1,966	55,826	6,542	23,559	5,402	973	2,214
553	Tynemouth	25,759	525	26,284	3,182	10,267	2,250	383	1,368
554	Castle Ward	7,996	126	8,122	409	2,647	617	..	525
555	Hexham	18,048	226	18,274	1,847	7,067	1,025	103	806
556	Haltwhistle	3,385	38	3,423	291	503	47	..	283
557	Bellingham	4,373	59	4,432	316	1,695	326	..	322
558	Morpeth	13,324	164	13,488	666	6,164	891	366	548
559	Alnwick	10,798	167	10,965	902	4,118	808	30	761
560	Belford	4,342	29	4,371	172	1,719	136	..	334
561	Berwick-on-Tweed	13,278	544	13,822	838	5,935	755	223	912
562	Glendale	7,366	70	7,436	432	2,727	435	..	547
563	Rothbury	3,404	55	3,459	109	1,285	232	..	327
	40. CUMBERLAND.								
564	Alston-with-Garrigill*	1,567	75	1,642	166	855	168	..	196
565	Penrith	9,319	515	9,834	865	3,404	846	..	480
566	Brampton	5,278	42	5,320	446	1,802	321	..	274
567	Longtown	4,264	143	4,407	565	1,430	196	..	439
568	Carlisle	17,974	957	18,931	3,209	6,078	1,648	1,313	1,427
569	Wigton	10,404	369	10,773	1,193	2,788	735	170	607
570	Cockermouth	14,928	551	15,479	1,785	5,752	947	106	873
571	Whitehaven	13,839	1,056	14,895	2,249	4,398	1,107	406	865
572	Bootle	2,740	135	2,875	418	578	101	140	306

(A) Berwick-on-Tweed.—Including 362*l.* paid to Burial Board.

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE. to the Poor, and therewith. — the Poor. — (f) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	2. Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief. — 1. Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	2. Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	3. Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	4. Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	5. Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	6. Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor. — 1. Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	2. Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
2,478	26,413	610	7,357	460	158	383	181	628	106	3,895	40,191	755	549
523	14,146	..	5,291	486	27	130	99	341	100	2,060	22,680	270	550
1,502	17,407	3	3,208	..	84	274	217	167	149	1,058	22,567	359	551
4,403	43,093	..	4,207	..	128	458	248	237	20	4,753	53,144	853	552
1,001	18,451	38	7,758	..	20	331	339	179	60	1,374	28,550	462	553
820	5,018	..	2,595	358	36	52	68	14	20	144	8,305	170	554
539	11,387	..	3,667	2,517	39	156	49	24	93	607	18,539	218	555
89	1,213	6	1	789	12	19	30	6	4	50	2,130	57	556
123	2,782	..	1,283	462	14	28	28	5	30	137	4,769	107	557
514	9,149	8	2,937	305	42	118	88	43	..	79	12,769	167	558
477	7,096	..	2,546	307	49	53	73	..	..	443	10,567	251	559
61	2,422	..	1,004	1,180	34	15	24	..	..	61	4,740	63	560
221	8,884	45	2,584	636	33	66	55	70	25	(A) 810	13,208	244	561
207	4,348	..	2,337	565	26	30	68	6	..	138	7,518	95	562
106	2,059	..	1,442	82	39	20	27	..	10	59	3,738	94	563
1	1,386	..	230	..	2	21	13	5	..	130	1,787	23	564
502	6,097	..	2,861	852	9	69	38	33	30	298	10,287	121	565
125	2,968	1	1,119	595	11	26	17	28	22	437	5,224	82	566
209	2,839	1	1,298	..	13	34	25	30	13	22	4,275	86	567
1,230	14,905	16	2,826	..	14	139	101	115	30	(B) 2,489	20,635	468	568
461	5,954	7	3,123	263	16	84	92	48	30	354	9,971	153	569
743	10,206	2	3,320	..	34	205	187	100	103	1,756	15,913	278	570
952	9,977	85	3,390	..	38	161	120	140	13	1,397	15,321	255	571
124	1,667	5	844	..	11	25	32	19	1	107	2,711	73	572

(B) Carlisle.—Including 832*l.* Cattle Plague Rate.

Poor Rates levied and expended in Unions and Parishes

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. Total Receipts.	EXPENDITURE - - - (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected 1.—Relief to (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury*, and Superannuations.
	X. NORTHERN COUNTIES—*continued.*								
	41. WESTMORLAND.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
573	East Ward - - -	5,033	146	5,179	416	1,886	347	51	540
574	West Ward - - -	3,306	115	3,421	275	1,164	301	..	307
575	Kendal - - - -	14,250	1,802	16,052	2,147	5,061	1,021	..	1,540
	XI. MONMOUTHSHIRE AND WALES.								
	42. MONMOUTHSHIRE.								
576	Chepstow - - - -	13,608	364	13,972	1,166	4,458	795	..	879
577	Monmouth - - -	19,053	448	19,501	939	9,062	1,277	..	778
578a	Abergavenny - - -	13,048	351	13,399	1,194	3,853	1,345	78	674
578b	Bedwellty - - -	16,872	160	17,032	1,813	7,136	1,285	438	822
579	Pont-y-Pool - - -	16,848	36	16,884	1,275	7,418	1,011	..	762
580	Newport - - - -	39,716	2,522	42,238	5,437	13,352	2,435	596	1,830
	43. SOUTH WALES. (A.) GLAMORGANSHIRE.								
581	Cardiff - - - -	45,416	768	46,184	5,767	14,240	1,719	677	2,408
582a	Merthyr Tydfil - -	37,521	273	37,794	2,948	14,706	2,301	685	1,237
582b	Pontypridd - - -	17,655	224	17,879	838	7,598	685	655	850
583	Bridgend and Cowbridge -	19,558	270	19,828	1,471	11,038	1,272	..	684
584	Neath - - - -	30,842	264	31,106	1,171	15,942	1,468	..	884
585a	Swansea - - - -	29,949	364	30,313	3,086	14,293	1,792	1,176	932
585b	Gower - - - -	4,209	54	4,263	204	1,397	179	255	201
	(B.) CARMARTHENSHIRE.								
586	Llanelly - - - -	10,855	305	11,160	540	6,209	608	..	802
587	Llandovery - - -	6,412	96	6,508	295	3,203	557	..	431
588	Llandilo-fawr - - -	8,380	131	8,511	280	4,448	584	..	562
589	Carmarthen - - -	18,470	373	18,843	963	11,055	1,016	..	805
	(C.) PEMBROKESHIRE.								
590	Narberth - - - -	10,676	220	10,896	640	6,039	701	..	543
591	Pembroke - - - -	11,538	275	11,813	819	6,923	578	..	791
592	Haverfordwest - - -	18,155	248	18,403	989	11,042	1,242	..	899

(A) Chepstow.—Including 250*l.* paid to Burial Board.

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.													
to the Poor, and therewith.			(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief.						(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor.				
the Poor.		2.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	1.	2.			
(*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected therewith.	Total Relief to the Poor.	Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
162	3,402	8	1,610	..	34	38	48	32	17	173	5,362	165	573
146	2,193	..	1,157	..	12	24	17	18	..	36	3,457	137	574
1,233	11,002	..	3,707	..	160	160	116	129	41	919	16,234	521	575
1,081	8,379	..	2,610	2,362	115	51	69	49	30	(A) 682	14,347	298	576
660	12,716	..	383	2,215	67	90	89	86	..	617	16,263	333	577
649	7,793	12	2,604	1,375	66	80	46	44	7	424	12,451	228	578*a*
699	12,193	..	4,468	..	56	184	77	15	..	331	17,324	159	578*b*
478	10,944	..	2,971	1,462	111	108	134	71	..	689	16,490	246	579
3,065	26,715	40	9,110	2,955	183	181	199	242	178	2,132	41,935	582	580
2,941	27,752	..	13,923	272	60	273	253	262	191	(B) 1,623	44,609	922	581
1,320	23,197	..	11,848	..	24	397	287	382	5	3,319	39,459	626	582*a*
534	11,160	..	6,700	..	12	156	133	135	15	623	18,934	239	582*b*
693	15,158	12	3,705	..	43	97	123	68	24	475	19,705	304	583
1,112	20,577	27	6,958	..	52	233	257	136	89	1,076	29,405	370	584
1,469	22,748	51	4,110	..	235	223	271	251	24	1,046	28,959	230	585*a*
328	2,564	..	1,104	..	17	33	41	38	15	140	3,952	90	585*b*
534	8,693	23	1,680	..	27	103	130	62	35	443	11,196	224	586
183	4,669	5	2,063	..	46	55	29	29	15	199	7,110	71	587
394	6,268	2	2,240	..	45	57	94	42	190	260	9,198	160	588
596	14,435	..	3,844	..	70	109	136	46	20	762	19,422	380	589
307	8,230	..	2,097	..	68	62	88	43	30	404	11,022	185	590
183	9,294	22	2,579	..	90	83	142	123	..	426	12,759	368	591
362	14,534	23	3,267	..	103	122	152	176	..	633	19,010	355	592

(B) Cardiff.—Including 131*l.* 5*s.* 3*d.* paid to Burial Board.

Poor Rates levied and expended in Unions and Parishes

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE — (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected — 1.—Relief to (a) In-maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury,* and Superannuations.
	XI. MONMOUTHSHIRE AND WALES—*continued.*								
	43. SOUTH WALES—*cont.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
	(D.) CARDIGANSHIRE.								
593	Cardigan - - - - -	10,005	193	10,198	323	6,546	692	..	504
594	Newcastle-in-Emlyn - -	8,858	94	8,952	116	5,925	151	..	399
595	Lampeter - - - -	5,027	9	5,036	..	3,332	221	..	213
596	Aberayron - - -	5,394	47	5,441	53	3,393	213	..	293
597	Aberystwith - - -	11,051	75	11,126	330	6,905	408	..	326
598	Tregaron - - - -	3,549	82	3,631	..	2,552	89	..	165
	(E.) BRECKNOCKSHIRE.								
599	Builth - - - -	5,832	115	5,947	..	3,462	248	..	273
600	Brecknock - - -	11,452	241	11,693	784	4,412	441	..	743
601	Crickhowell - - -	9,100	248	9,348	744	4,214	973	52	599
602	Hay - - - - - -	7,637	286	7,923	560	2,816	227	..	593
	(F.) RADNORSHIRE.								
603*a*	Kington - - - -	7,091	284	7,375	639	2,582	555	..	689
603*b*	Presteigne - -	2,858	25	2,883	..	1,270	148	..	157
604	Knighton - - - -	7,722	109	7,831	682	3,571	206	..	621
605	Rhayader - - - -	3,883	131	4,014	..	2,624	141	..	200
	44. NORTH WALES.								
	(A.) MONTGOMERYSHIRE.								
606	Machynlleth - - -	7,189	181	7,370	394	4,469	162	180	573
607	Newtown and Llanidloes	13,427	319	13,746	1,372	7,660	804	..	1,041
608*a*	Montgomery and Pool † -	8,944	185	9,129	1,567	3,291	612	..	276
608*b*	*Rhosgoch, &c.* - - -	654	1	655	..	315	27	..	12
609	Llanfyllin - - - -	11,444	266	11,710	789	4,939	854	..	1,002
	(B.) FLINTSHIRE.								
610	Holywell - - - -	21,335	355	21,690	1,890	12,309	944	..	1,001

during the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.

to the Poor, and therewith.			(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief.						(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor.				
the Poor.		2.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	1.	2.			
(*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
371	8,436	57	1,704	..	19	42	39	42	..	437	10,776	180	593
100	6,691	27	1,787	..	28	45	60	40	13	296	8,987	195	594
78	3,844	..	931	..	..	27	44	..	..	199	5,045	73	595
41	3,993	..	985	..	30	35	59	25	..	321	5,448	99	596
381	8,350	23	2,195	..	35	80	6	63	..	673	11,425	112	597
50	2,856	..	930	..	23	31	14	24	..	179	4,057	70	598
13	3,996	4	1,334	..	43	32	59	27	20	187	5,702	110	599
138	6,518	13	3,161	292	90	54	48	64	66	391	10,697	322	600
309	6,891	9	1,954	..	30	81	56	28	1	131	9,181	215	601
205	4,401	..	2,153	585	11	37	52	29	22	404	7,694	218	602
320	4,785	44	1,439	28	49	36	70	18	..	530	6,999	289	603*a*
73	1,648	..	489	34	24	13	18	13	..	11	2,250	50	603*b*
190	5,270	..	1,441	823	27	34	56	23	2	194	7,870	220	604
40	3,005	..	906	..	9	21	18	22	..	110	4,091	90	605
81	5,859	8	1,068	..	25	45	49	75	42	267	7,438	257	606
392	11,269	7	2,105	..	37	83	69	139	168	480	14,357	457	607
170	5,916	22	1,923	325	29	62	25	84	..	476	8,862	280	608*a*
8	362	..	223	27	2	2	..	7	1	55	679	18	608*b*
259	7,843	..	2,431	322	68	64	43	108	50	595	11,524	351	609
439	16,583	8	2,606	..	94	134	192	244	184	1,057	21,102	352	610

Number.	NAMES of UNIONS, &c.	RECEIPTS. 1. From Poor Rates.	RECEIPTS. 2. Receipts in Aid of Poor Rates, *inclusive of any Re-payments by Her Majesty's Treasury.*	RECEIPTS. 3. TOTAL Receipts.	EXPENDITURE – (A.)—Expended for Relief Purposes connected 1.—Relief to (a) In-Maintenance.	(b) Out-Relief.	(c) Maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums or Licensed Houses.	(d) Workhouse Loans repaid, and Interest thereon.	(e) Salaries and Rations of Officers, *including the Sums repaid by Her Majesty's Treasury,* and Superannuations.
	XI. MONMOUTHSHIRE AND WALES—*continued.*								
	44. NORTH WALES—*cont.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
	(C.) DENBIGHSHIRE.								
611	Wrexham - - - -	22,851	366	23,217	3,326	6,898	1,043	602	1,220
612	Ruthin - - - -	9,718	198	9,916	976	4,598	553	..	755
613	St. Asaph - - - -	17,805	262	18,067	889	10,569	784	..	1,189
614	Llanrwst - - - -	6,826	91	6,917	229	4,552	215	..	522
	(D.) MERIONETHSHIRE.								
615	Corwen - - - -	6,054	68	6,122	354	3,258	141	..	385
616	Bala - - - - -	3,509	47	3,556	36	2,132	85	..	219
617	Dolgelly - - - -	9,011	63	9,074	394	4,940	252	268	487
618	Festiniog - - - -	11,031	238	11,269	337	7,907	160	..	593
	(E.) CARNARVONSHIRE.								
619	Pwllheli - - - -	13,238	196	13,434	444	9,003	291	..	735
620	Carnarvon - - -	16,373	221	16,594	802	9,497	444	..	782
621	Bangor and Beaumaris -	20,191	335	20,526	794	12,748	664	..	1,040
622	Conway - - - -	12,606	98	12,704	549	7,377	407	258	527
	(F.) ANGLESEY.								
623*a*	Anglesey - - - -	11,661	119	11,780	..	9,182	400	163	442
623*b*	Holyhead - - - -	13,595	239	13,834	..	10,519	217	..	449

the Year ended at Lady-day 1869—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.													
to the Poor, and therewith.			(B.)—Expended for Purposes *unconnected* with Relief.						(C.)—Expended for Purposes *partly connected* and *partly unconnected* with Relief to the Poor.				
the Poor.		2.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	1.	2.			
(*f*) Other Expenses of or immediately connected with Relief.	Total Relief to the Poor.	Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity (Parochial and Union).	Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.	Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz., Fees to Clergymen and Registrars, Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration; and Cost of Jury Lists.	Payments under Parochial Assessments Act and Union Assessment Committee Acts.	Money expended for all other Purposes.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.	Amount expended in Medical Relief only (already included in Section A.)	Number.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
1,455	14,544	6	4,315	2,817	91	210	269	302	66	1,014	23,634	477	611
268	7,150	..	1,785	530	89	57	70	174	..	520	10,375	292	612
328	13,759	12	2,905	320	61	91	70	209	34	919	18,380	417	613
198	5,716	..	1,007	627	23	43	55	48	..	148	7,667	120	614
55	4,193	43	1,556	332	55	55	18	89	90	85	6,516	157	615
38	2,510	7	807	..	30	11	24	23	..	100	3,512	80	616
212	6,553	34	1,486	..	42	53	85	57	23	138	8,471	202	617
104	9,101	..	1,736	..	15	86	86	52	..	587	11,663	179	618
305	10,778	..	2,050	..	34	78	8	65	188	384	13,585	424	619
576	12,101	..	2,692	..	21	124	151	107	105	606	15,907	342	620
286	15,532	..	3,540	..	55	110	102	95	46	840	20,320	406	621
566	9,684	..	1,745	146	46	50	55	63	42	609	12,440	149	622
183	10,370	8	1,613	..	22	44	85	25	..	294	12,461	208	623*a*
160	11,345	92	1,184	..	58	51	85	39	56	420	13,330	275	623*b*

No. 18.

INDEX TO UNION COUNTIES AND UNIONS, &c.

(C.)
Poor Rates, &c.

No. 18.—Index to the Union-Counties and to the Unions, &c.

THE UNION-COUNTIES.

UNION-COUNTIES.	Reference Number.	UNION-COUNTIES.	Reference Number.
Anglesey - - - -	44 *f*	Merioneth - - - -	44 *d*
Bedford - - - -	12	Middlesex (in Divisions I. and III.) - - -	1*
Berks - - - -	6	Monmouth - - - -	42
Brecon - - - -	43 *e*	Montgomery - - -	44 *a*
Buckingham - - -	8	Norfolk - - - -	16
Cambridge - - - -	13	Northampton - - -	10
Cardigan - - - -	43 *d*	Northumberland - - -	39
Carmarthen - - - -	43 *b*	North Wales - - -	44
Carnarvon - - - -	44 *e*	Nottingham - - -	31
Chester - - - -	33	Oxford - - - -	9
Cornwall - - - -	20	Pembroke - - - -	43 *c*
Cumberland - - -	40	Radnor - - - -	43 *f*
Denbigh - - - -	44 *c*	Rutland - - - -	29
Derby - - - -	32	Salop - - - - -	24
Devon - - - -	19	Somerset - - - -	21
Dorset - - - -	18	Southampton - - -	5
Durham - - - -	38	South Wales - - -	43
Essex - - - -	14	Stafford - - - -	25
Flint - - - - -	44 *b*	Suffolk - - - -	15
Glamorgan - - - -	43 *a*	Surrey (in Divisions I. and II.)	2*
Gloucester - - - -	22	Sussex - - - -	4
Hereford - - - -	23	Warwick - - - -	27
Hertford - - - -	7	Westmorland - - -	41
Huntingdon - - -	11	Wilts - - - - -	17
Kent (in Divisions I. and II.)	3*	Worcester - - - -	26
Lancaster - - - -	34	York (East Riding) - -	36
Leicester - - - -	28	York (North Riding) - -	37
Lincoln - - - -	30	York (West Riding) - -	35

THE UNIONS, &c.

The compound Names are arranged Alphabetically as pronounced. Thus, "City of London" will be found under C.

UNIONS, &c.	Reference Number.	UNIONS, &c.	Reference Number.
Aberayron - - - -	596	Alverstoke - - - -	97
Abergavenny - - -	578 *a*	Amersham - - - -	148
Aberystwith - - -	597	Amesbury - - - -	262
Abingdon - - - -	123	Ampthill - - - -	181
Alcester - - - -	405	Andover - - - -	118
Alderbury - - - -	263	Anglesey - - - -	623 *a*
Alnwick - - - -	559	Arkholme, &c. - - -	485 *c*
Alresford - - - -	113	Arundel - - - -	90 *b*
Alston with Garrigill - -	564	Ash - - - - -	41 *a*
Alstonefield - - -	372 *b* / 447 *b*	Ashbourne - - - -	447 *a*
		Ashby-de-la-Zouch - -	414
Alton - - - -	114	Ashton-under-Lyne - -	474
Altrincham - - -	454	Aston - - - - -	395

Index to the Unions, &c.—*continued.*

(C.) *Poor Rates, &c.*

UNIONS, &c.	Reference Number.
Atcham	359
Atherstone	397
Auckland	542
Axbridge	324
Axminster	279
Aylesbury	151
Aylsham	232
Bainbridge	537 *a*
Bakewell	449
Bala	616
Banbury	163
Bangor and Beaumaris	621
Barnet	136
Barnsley	505
Barnstaple	295
Barrow-on-Soar	416
Barton-upon-Irwell	470
Barwick-in-Elmet (in parts)	492 *d*, 493 *b*, 500 *d*, 503 *c*, 504 a^3, 513 *c*, 514 *a*, 515 *b*
Basford	438
Basingstoke	116
Bath	326
Battle	77
Beaminster	277
Bedale	535
Bedford	179
Bedminster	328
Bedwellty	578 *b*
Belford	560
Bellingham	557
Belper	446
Berkhampstead	147
Bermondsey	28
Berwick-on-Tweed	561
Bethnal Green	21
Beverley	518
Bicester	159
Bideford	297
Biggleswade	180
Billericay	199
Billesdon	410
Bingham	443
Birkenhead	460 *b*
Birmingham	394
Bishop's Stortford	139
Blaby	411
Blackburn	480
Blandford	270
Blean	66
Blofield	237
Blything	225
Bodmin	304
Bolton	468
Bootle	572
Bosmere and Claydon	220
Boston	425
Bourn	422
Brackley	164
Bradfield	126
Bradford (Wilts)	258
Bradford (York)	499 *b*
Braintree	208
Bramley	500 *e*
Brampton	566
Brecknock	600
Brentford	134
Bridge	64
Bridgend and Cowbridge	583
Bridgnorth	356
Bridgwater	316
Bridlington	524
Bridport	278
Brighton	85
Brinton	231 *b*
Bristol	329
Brixworth	170
Bromley	49
Bromsgrove	392
Bromyard	350
Buckingham	154
Builth	599
Buntingford	140 *a*
Burnley	478
Burton-on-Trent	375
Bury	469
Bury St. Edmunds	215
Caistor	432
Calne	254
Camberwell	33
Cambridge	187
Camelford	300
Canterbury	65
Cardiff	581
Cardigan	593
Carlisle	568
Carlton (in parts)	489 *b*, 493 *a*, 499 *c*, 500 *a*, 514 *d*
Carmarthen	589
Carnarvon	620
Carperby, &c.	537 *b*
Castle Ward	554
Catherington	111
Caton	485 *b*
Caxton and Arrington	185
Cerne	275 *b*
Chailey	84 *a*
Chapel-en-le-Frith	450
Chard	318
Charterhouse	14 *b*

(C.)
Poor Rates, &c.

Index to the Unions, &c.—*continued.*

UNIONS, &c.	Reference Number.
Cheadle	373
Chelmsford	200
Chelsea	2
Cheltenham	344
Chepstow	576
Chertsey	38
Chester	459 *b*
Chesterfield	448
Chester-le-Street	548
Chesterton	186
Chichester	92 *b*
Chippenham	253
Chipping Norton	162
Chipping Sodbury	331
Chorley	481
Chorlton	471
Christchurch	101
Church Stretton	354
Cirencester	340
City of London	19
Cleobury Mortimer	355
Clifton	330
Clitheroe	479
Clun	353
Clutton	325
Cockermouth	570
Colchester	204
Congleton	457
Conway	622
Cookham	129
Corwen	615
Cosford	213
Coventry	400
Cranbrook	60
Crediton	292
Crickhowell	601
Cricklade and Wootton Bassett	251
Croydon	46
Cuckfield	83
Darlington	540
Dartford	50
Daventry	169
Depwade	239
Derby	445
Devizes	256
Dewsbury	502
Docking	244
Dolgelly	617
Doncaster	510
Dorchester	275 *a*
Dore	348 *b*
Dorking	43
Dover	72
Downham	247
Drayton	364
Driffield	523
Droitwich	391
Droxford	110
Dudley	382

UNIONS, &c.	Reference Number.
Dulverton	313 *b*
Dunmow	209
Durham	545 *b*
Dursley	333
Easington	546
Easingwold	527
East Ashford	63
East and West Flegg	229
Eastbourne	78
East Grinstead	82
Easthampstead	130
East London	17
East Preston	90 *a*
East Retford	435
Eastry	71
East Stonehouse	288
East Ward	573
Ecclesall Bierlow	507
Edmonton	137
Elham	73
Ellesmere	362
Ely	190
Epping	195
Epsom	37
Erpingham	231 *a*
Eton	149
Evesham	389
Exeter	282
Falmouth	308
Fareham	98
Faringdon	122
Farnborough	41 *b*
Farnham	40
Faversham	67
Festiniog	618
Foleshill	399
Fordingbridge	103
Forehoe	235
Freebridge Lynn	245
Frome	321
Fulham	1 *b*
Fylde	483
Gainsborough	434
Garstang	484
Gateshead	551
Glanford Brigg	433
Glendale	562
Glossop	451 *a*
Gloucester	336
Godstone	45
Goole	512
Gower	585 *b*
Grantham	427

Index to the Unions, &c.—*continued.*

(C.) *Poor Rates, &c.*

UNIONS, &c.	Reference Number.
Gravesend and Milton	51
Gray's Inn	14 *a*
Great Boughton	459 *a*
Great Ouseburn	492 *a*
Great Preston (in parts)	500 *c*, 503 *b*, 504 *a*[1], 513 *b*, 514 *c*
Great Yarmouth	228
Greenwich	35
Guildford	39
Guiltcross	240
Guisborough	532
Hackney	11
Hailsham	79
Halifax	498
Halstead	207
Haltwhistle	556
Hambledon	42
Hardingstone	167
Hartismere	218
Hartlepool	541 *b*
Hartley Wintney	115
Haslingden	477
Hastings	76
Hatfield	143 *a*
Havant	95
Haverfordwest	592
Hawarden	459 *c*
Hay	602
Hayfield	451 *b*
Headington	157
Headley	41 *c*
Heene, &c.	90 *c*
Helmsley	529 *a*
Helston	309
Hemel Hempstead	146
Hemsworth	504 *b*
Hendon	135
Henley	155
Henstead	236
Hereford	348 *a*
Hertford	142
Hexham	555
Highworth and Swindon	250
Hinckley	412
Hitchin	141
Holbeach	424
Holbeck	500 *b*[1]
Holborn	14
Hollingbourn	59
Holsworthy	298
Holyhead	623 *b*
Holywell	610
Honiton	280
Hoo	53
Horncastle	429
Horsham	87

UNIONS, &c.	Reference Number.
Houghton-le-Spring	547
Howden	517
Hoxne	219
Huddersfield	497
Hungerford	121
Hunslet	500 *b*[2]
Huntingdon	176
Hursley	109 *b*
Inner Temple	18 *a*
Ipswich	222
Isle of Thanet	70
Isle of Wight	99
Keighley	494
Kendal	575
Kensington	1 *a*
Kettering	172
Keynsham	327
Kidderminster	384
Kingsbridge	285
Kingsclere	119
King's Lynn	246
King's Norton	393
Kingston-on-Hull	520
Kingston (Surrey)	47
Kington	603 *a*
Kirkby Moorside	529 *b*
Knaresborough	492 *b*
Knighton	604
Lambeth	31
Lampeter	595
Lancaster	485 *a*
Lanchester	545 *a*
Langport	317
Launceston	301
Ledbury	346
Leeds	501
Leek	372 *a*
Leicester	417
Leigh	467
Leighton Buzzard	183
Leominster	351
Lewes	84 *b*
Lewisham	36
Lexden and Winstree	205
Leyburn	536
Lichfield	377
Lincoln	428
Linton	188
Liskeard	303
Liverpool	461
Llandilo Fawr	588
Llandovery	587
Llanelly	586
Llanfyllin	609
Llanrwst	614
Loddon and Clavering	238

(C.)
Poor Rates, &c.

Index to the Unions, &c.—*continued.*

UNIONS, &c.	Reference Number.
Longtown - - - -	567
Loughborough - - -	415
Louth - - - -	431
Ludlow - - - -	352
Luton - - - -	184
Lutterworth - - -	408
Lymington - - - -	100
Macclesfield - - -	453
Machynlleth - - -	606
Madeley - - - -	358
Maidstone - - - -	58
Maldon - - - -	202
Malling - - - -	55
Malmsbury - - - -	252
Malton - - - -	526
Manchester - - - -	473 *a*
Mansfield - - - -	437
Market Bosworth - - -	413
Market Harborough - -	409
Marlborough - - -	255
Martley - - - -	386
Medway - - - -	54
Melksham - - - -	257
Melton Mowbray - - -	418
Mere - - - - -	267
Meriden - - - -	396
Merthyr Tydfil - - -	582 *a*
Middle Temple - - -	13 *a*
Midhurst - - - -	93
Mildenhall - - - -	216
Mile End Old Town - -	24 *b*
Milton - - - - -	68
Mitford and Launditch -	242
Monmouth - - - -	577
Montgomery and Pool - -	608 *a*
Morpeth - - - -	558
Mutford and Lothingland -	227
Nantwich - - - -	458
Narberth - - - -	590
Neath - - - - -	584
Newark - - - -	442
Newbury - - - -	120
Newcastle-in-Emlyn - -	594
Newcastle-under-Lyme - -	369
Newcastle-on-Tyne - -	552
Newent - - - -	335
New Forest - - - -	104
Newhaven - - - -	84 *d*
Newmarket - - - -	189
Newport (Monmouth) - -	580
Newport (Salop) - - -	366
Newport Pagnell - - -	153
Newton Abbot - - -	283
Newtown and Llanidloes -	607
New Winchester - - -	109 *a*
Northallerton - - -	534
Northampton - - -	168
North Aylesford - - -	52
North Bierley - - -	499 *a*
Northleach - - - -	341
Northwich - - - -	456
North Witchford - - -	191
Norwich - - - -	234
Nottingham - - - -	440
Nuneaton - - - -	398
Oakham - - - -	419
Okehampton - - -	291
Oldham - - - -	475
Ongar - - - - -	196
Ormskirk - - - -	464
Orsett - - - - -	198
Oswestry - - - -	361
Oundle - - - -	174
Oxford - - - -	158
Paddington - - - -	1 *c*
Pateley Bridge - - -	490
Patrington - - - -	521
Pembroke - - - -	591
Penistone - - - -	506 *a*
Penkridge - - - -	378
Penrith - - - -	565
Penzance - - - -	311
Pershore - - - -	390
Peterborough - - -	175
Petersfield - - - -	112
Petworth - - - -	88
Pewsey - - - -	261
Pickering - - - -	530
Plomesgate - - - -	224
Plymouth - - - -	287
Plympton St. Mary - -	286
Pocklington - - -	516
Pontefract - - - -	504 *a*[2]
Pont-y-pool - - -	579
Pontypridd - - - -	582 *b*
Poole (Dorset) - - -	272
Poplar - - - -	25
Portsea Island - - -	96
Potterspury - - -	166
Prescot - - - -	463
Presteigne - - - -	603 *b*
Preston - - - -	482
Prestwich - - - -	473 *b*
Pwllheli - - - -	619
Radford - - - -	439
Reading - - - -	127
Redruth - - - -	310
Reeth - - - - -	538
Reigate - - - -	44
Rhayader - - - -	605
Rhosgoch, &c. - - -	608 *b*
Richmond (Surrey) - -	48
Richmond (York) - -	539
Ringwood - - - -	102
Ripon - - - - -	491
Risbridge - - - -	211
Rochdale - - - -	476
Rochford - - - -	201

Index to the Unions, &c.—*continued.*

(C.)
Poor Rates, &c.

UNIONS, &c.	Reference Number.	UNIONS, &c.	Reference Number.
Romford - - - -	197	Shrewsbury - - -	360
Romney Marsh - - -	74	Skipton - - - -	489 *a*
Romsey - - - -	107	Skirlaugh - - - -	522
Ross - - - - -	347	Sleaford - - - -	426
Rothbury - - - -	563	Solihull - - - -	402
Rotherham - - - -	509	Southam - - - -	407
Royston - - - -	140 *b*	Southampton - - -	105
Rugby - - - -	401	South Molton - - -	294
Runcorn - - - -	455	South Shields - - -	550
Ruthin - - - -	612	South Stoneham - - -	106
Rye - - - - -	75	Southwell - - -	441
		Spalding - - - -	423
		Spilsby - - - -	430
		Stafford - - - -	367
Saddleworth - - -	496	Staines - - - -	132
Saffron Walden - - -	210	Stamford - - - -	421
St. Albans - - - -	144	Stepney - - - -	24 *a*
St. Asaph - - - -	613	Steyning - - - -	86
St. Austell - - - -	306	Stockbridge - - - -	108
St. Columb Major - -	305	Stockport - - - -	452
St. Faith - - - -	233	Stockton - - - -	541 *a*
St. George, Hanover Square -	3	Stoke Damerel - - -	289
St. George-in-the-East - -	23	Stokesley - - - -	533
St. George, Southwark - -	29	Stoke-upon-Trent - -	371
St. Germans - - - -	302	Stone - - - - -	368
St. Giles and St. George -	12	Stourbridge - - - -	383
St. Ives - - - -	177	Stow - - - - -	217
St. James, Clerkenwell -	15	Stow-on-the-Wold - -	342
St. John, Hampstead - -	8	Strand - - - -	13
St. Leonard, Shoreditch -	20	Stratford-on-Avon - -	404
St. Luke - - - -	16	Stratton - - - -	299
St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster - - -	4	Stroud - - - -	338
		Sturminster - - - -	269
St. Mary, Islington - -	10	Sudbury - - - -	212
St. Marylebone - - -	7	Sutton - - - -	90 *d*, 92 *a*
St. Mary, Newington - -	30	Sunderland - - - -	549
St. Mary, Rotherhithe - -	34	Swaffham - - - -	248
St. Neot's - - - -	178	Swansea - - - -	585 *a*
St. Olave, Southwark - -	27		
St. Pancras - - - -	9		
St. Saviour, Southwark -	26	Tadcaster - - - -	514 *b*
St. Thomas - - - -	281	Tamworth - - - -	376
Salford - - - -	472	Taunton - - - -	315
Salisbury - - - -	264	Tavistock - - - -	290
Samford - - - -	221	Teesdale - - - -	543
Scarborough - - -	525	Tenbury - - - -	385
Scilly Islands - - -	312	Tendring - - - -	203
Sculcoates - - - -	519	Tenterden - - - -	61
Sedbergh - - - -	487	Tetbury - - - -	339
Sedgefield - - - -	541 *c*	Tewkesbury - - -	345
Seisdon - - - -	379 *a*	Thakeham - - - -	89
Selby - - - - -	513 *a*	Thame - - - -	156
Settle - - - - -	488	Thetford - - - -	249
Sevenoaks - - - -	56	Thingoe - - - -	214
Shaftesbury - - - -	268	Thirsk - - - -	528
Shardlow - - - -	444	Thornbury - - - -	332
Sheffield - - - -	508	Thorne - - - -	511
Sheppey - - - -	69	Thorpe Stapleton - -	500 *b*
Shepton Mallet - - -	322	Thrapston - - - -	173
Sherborne - - - -	276	Ticehurst - - - -	80
Shiffnal - - - -	357	Tisbury - - - -	266
Shipston-on-Stour - -	406	Tiverton - - - -	293

(C.)
Poor Rates, &c.

Index to the Unions, &c.—*continued.*

UNIONS, &c.	Reference Number.	UNIONS, &c.	Reference Number.
Todmorden - - - -	495	Westbury-on-Severn - -	334
Tonbridge - - - -	57	West Derby - - -	462 *a*
Torrington - - - -	296	West Firle - - - -	84 *c*
Totnes - - - -	284	West Ham - - - -	194
Towcester - - - -	165	Westhampnett - - -	91
Toxteth Park - - -	462 *b*	West London - - -	18
Tregaron - - - -	598	Westminster - - -	6
Truro - - - -	307	West Ward - - - -	574
Tunstead and Happing - -	230	Wetherby - - - -	492 *c*
Tynemouth - - - -	553	Weymouth - - - -	274
		Wharfedale - - - -	493 *c*
		Wheatenhurst - - -	337
		Whitby - - - -	531
Uckfield - - - -	81	Whitchurch (Southampton) -	117
Ulverstone - - - -	486	Whitchurch (Salop) - -	363 *b*
Uppingham - - - -	420	Whitechapel - - -	22
Upton-on-Severn - - -	388	Whitehaven - - -	571
Uttoxeter - - - -	374	Whittlesey - - - -	192
Uxbridge - - - -	133	Wigan - - - -	465
		Wigton - - - -	569
		Williton - - - -	313 *a*
		Wilton - - - -	265
Wakefield - - - -	503 *a*	Wimborne and Cranborne -	271
Wallingford - - -	125	Wincanton - - - -	320
Walsall - - - -	380	Winchcomb - - -	343
Walsingham - - - -	243	Windsor - - - -	131
Wandsworth and Clapham -	32	Winslow - - - -	152
Wangford - - - -	226	Wirrall - - - -	460 *a*
Wantage - - - -	124	Wisbeach - - - -	193
Ware - - - -	138	Witham - - - -	206
Wareham and Purbeck -	273	Witney - - - -	161
Warminster - - -	260	Woburn - - - -	182
Warrington - - -	466	Wokingham - - -	128
Warwick - - - -	403	Wolstanton and Burslem -	370
Watford - - - -	145	Wolverhampton - - -	379 *b*
Wayland - - - -	241	Woodbridge - - -	223
Weardale - - - -	544	Woodstock - - - -	160
Wellingborough - - -	171	Worcester - - - -	387
Wellington (Salop) - -	365	Worksop - - - -	436
Wellington (Somerset) - -	314	Wortley - - - -	506 *b*
Wells - - - - -	323	Wrexham - - - -	611
Welwyn - - - - -	143 *b*	Wycombe - - - -	150
Wem - - - - -	363 *a*		
Weobly - - - -	349		
West Ashford - - -	62		
Westbourne - - - -	94	Yeovil - - - -	319
West Bromwich - - -	381	York - - - - -	515 *a*
Westbury and Whorwelsdown	259		

No. 19.

POOR RATES LEVIED AND EXPENDED.—SERIAL SUMMARY; 30 Years, 1840 to 1869.

Poor Rates, &c.

No. 19.—Statement of the Sums Levied as Poor Rates; the Receipts in aid of Poor Rates; for the Years ended at **Lady-day 1840 to 1869** inclusive; also the

Years ended Lady-day.	RECEIPTS.			EXPENDITURE - - - -				
				A.—Expended for Relief, and Purposes *connected* therewith.		B.—Expended for Purposes *unconnected*		
	From Poor Rates.	Receipts in aid of Poor Rates.	Total Receipts.	Amount Expended for the Relief of the Poor.	Costs of Proceedings at Law or in Equity.	Payments for or towards the County, Hundred, Borough, or Police Rate.	Payments by Overseers to Highway Boards, under 27 & 28 Vict. c. 101. s. 33.	Constables' Expenses, and Cost of Proceedings before Justices.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1840	6,014,605	227,966	6,242,571	4,576,965	67,020	855,552	..	..
1841	6,351,828	226,984	6,578,812	4,760,929	69,942	1,026,035	..	..
1842	6,552,890	201,514	6,754,404	4,911,498	68,051	1,230,718	..	..
1843	7,085,595	219,066	7,304,601	5,208,027	84,730	1,295,616	..	..
1844	6,847,205	219,592	7,066,797	4,976,093	105,304	1,356,457	..	..
1845	6,791,006	218,508	7,009,511	5,039,703	95,397	1,279,962	..	57,988
1846	6,800,623	187,043	6,988,666	4,954,204	83,298	1,297,505	..	52,240
1847	6,964,825	152,527	7,117,352	5,298,787	76,385	1,334,770	..	51,565
1848	7,817,430	158,664	7,976,094	6,180,764	73,439	1,391,376	..	58,265
1849	7,674,146	199,751	7,873,897	5,792,963	70,252	1,381,132	..	62,776
1850	7,270,493	230,002	7,500,495	5,395,022	77,582	1,321,035	..	65,120
1851	6,778,914	181,408	6,960,322	4,962,704	68,545	1,392,509	..	61,259
1852	6,552,298	318,070	6,870,368	4,897,685	62,830	1,344,798	..	60,325
1853	6,522,412	282,971	6,805,383	4,939,064	52,818	1,406,173	..	55,376
1854	6,973,220	278,061	7,251,281	5,282,853	46,569	1,481,881	..	56,514
1855	7,864,149	310,805	8,174,954	5,890,041	51,503	1,598,401	..	58,342
1856	8,201,348	295,110	8,496,458	6,004,244	53,544	1,577,359	..	61,006
1857	8,139,003	301,987	8,440,990	5,898,756	59,164	1,776,944	..	59,396
1858	8,188,880	303,240	8,492,120	5,878,542	60,473	1,916,273	..	50,043
1859	8,108,222	326,566	8,434,788	5,558,689	65,088	1,915,255	..	46,059
1860	7,715,948	317,578	8,033,526	5,454,964	61,139	1,936,549	..	42,083
1861	7,921,619	330,549	8,252,168	5,778,943	59,509	1,925,210	..	43,566
1862	8,511,161	327,829	8,838,990	6,077,922	56,783	2,026,916	..	45,162
1863	9,174,976	337,679	9,512,655	6,527,036	49,793	2,075,468	..	43,273
1864	9,448,319	426,250	9,874,569	6,423,381	43,290	2,163,290	..	41,609
1865	9,392,191	376,951	9,769,142	6,264,966	47,065	2,133,290	550,976	41,830
1866	9,573,772	384,478	9,958,250	6,439,517	42,153	2,209,184	578,494	40,868
1867	10,303,665	388,523	10,692,188	6,959,840	26,999	2,511,511	595,699	38,132
1868	11,054,513	418,330	11,472,843	7,498,059	28,832	2,456,578	614,893	36,281
1869	11,363,656	412,497	11,776,153	7,673,100	24,526	2,564,735	658,469	42,823

the Total Amount Expended for Relief to the Poor, and for other Purposes, in England and Wales, Expenditure for Medical Relief only, during the same Years.

– – – – EXPENDITURE.												
with Relief to the Poor.			C.—Expended for Purposes partly *connected* and partly *unconnected* with Relief.									
Payments on Account of the Registration Act, viz. Fees to Clergymen and Registrars; Outlay for Register Offices, Books, and Forms.	Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	Expenses allowed in respect of Parliamentary or Municipal Registration, and Cost of Jury Lists.	Payments under the Parochial Assessment's Act, for Surveys, Valuations, &c., and Loans repaid under the same.	Money Expended for all other Purposes.	Total Expenditure.	Difference per Cent. between each Year in the Amount of Relief to the Poor.		Average Price of Wheat per Imperial Quarter.		Expended for Medical Relief only (included in "Amount expended for the Relief of the Poor").	Years ended Lady-day.
£	£	£	£	£	£	Increase.	Decrease	*s.*	*d.*	£	
51,228	..	..	49,963	466,698	6,067,426	3·9	—	68	6	151,781	1840
53,728	11,664	..	43,157	527,717	6,493,172	4·0	—	65	3	154,054	1841
52,379	33,744	..	40,178	375,203	6,711,771	3·2	—	64	0	153,481	1842
53,896	16,425	..	30,420	346,007	7,035,121	6·0	—	54	4	160,726	1843
56,094	16,980	..	30,083	359,106	6,990,117	—	4·5	51	5	166,257	1844
57,388	25,905	20,153	22,877	258,029	6,857,402	1·3	—	49	2	174,330	1845
54,821	27,447	21,556	21,162	234,352	6,746,585	—	1·7	53	3	175,190	1846
59,328	18,115	25,041	17,289	213,377	7,094,657	7·0	—	59	0	179,526	1847
56,982	21,965	24,329	14,115	226,250	8,047,485	16·6	—	64	6	197,954	1848
57,200	29,375	28,564	15,282	273,074	7,710,617	—	6·3	49	1	211,181	1849
58,637	23,642	28,773	14,196	376,204	7,360,221	—	6·9	42	7	227,171	1850
56,676	25,248	28,257	14,409	309,800	6,919,407	—	8·0	39	11	209,993	1851
58,960	25,895	30,533	12,500	325,820	6,819,346	—	1·3	39	4	212,050	1852
60,810	27,576	30,994	12,433	269,545	6,854,788	0·8	—	42	0	215,054	1853
60,339	45,729	31,622	12,440	299,983	7,317,930	7·0	—	61	7	230,777	1854
65,119	54,727	31,418	10,997	328,838	8,089,387	11·5	—	70	0	231,682	1855
63,873	44,503	31,247	12,740	363,496	8,212,012	1·9	—	75	4	231,872	1856
63,850	41,256	32,767	13,785	393,294	8,339,212	—	1·8	65	3	231,623	1857
64,978	40,761	32,466	16,484	389,638	8,449,658	—	0·3	53	10	230,597	1858
66,441	46,472	32,301	15,922	403,228	8,149,455	—	5·4	42	9	233,124	1859
67,917	46,006	34,226	16,705	416,315	8,075,904	—	1·9	44	9	236,339	1860
66,992	47,730	34,910	15,043	423,309	8,395,212	5·9	—	55	10	238,233	1861
67,633	42,520	35,976	14,687	438,475	8,806,074	5·2	—	56	7	242,200	1862
69,130	45,662	36,586	19,345	458,779	9,325,072	7·4	—	52	1	248,286	1863
72,946	62,653	37,509	42,864	792,938	9,680,480	—	1·6	43	2	253,204	1864
74,861	58,524	38,974	63,438	518,234	9,792,158	—	2·5	39	8	259,833	1865
75,563	55,818	37,715	58,035	451,773	9,989,120	2·8	—	43	6	264,052	1866
74,239	44,815	39,637	54,522	559,779	10,905,173	8·8	—	53	7½	272,225	1867
73,826	50,987	39,199	49,734	532,204	11,380,593	7·7	—	67	6½	272,341	1868
76,735	64,378	71,213	47,119	550,901	11,773,999	2·3	—	58	3	282,180	1869

No. 20.

POOR RATES LEVIED AND EXPENDED.—RATE PER HEAD AND RATE IN THE £; 36 Years, 1834 to 1869.

No. 20.

Poor Rates and the Expenditure for Relief in England and Wales; Rate per Head, and Rate in the Pound, of both Items; and the Average Price of Wheat; for the Years ended at **Lady-day 1834 to 1869** inclusive.

Years ended at Lady-day.	Population estimated according to the Ratios of Increase.	Amount of Money levied for Poor Rates.	Total expended in Relief and Maintenance of the Poor.	Rate per Head of Amount Levied and expended in Relief to the Poor on the Estimated Population.		Rate in the Pound for Levy, and for Relief to the Poor, on the Rateable Value of Property assessed in 1841, 1847, 1850, 1856, 1866, and 1868 respectively.		Average Price of Wheat per Imperial Quarter.	Years ended at Lady-day.
				Levy.	Relief to the Poor.	Levy.	Relief to the Poor.		
		£	£	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	
1834	14,372,000	8,338,079	6,317,255	11 7¼	8 9½	—	—	51 11	1834
1835	14,564,000	7,373,807	5,526,418	10 1½	7 7	—	—	44 2	1835
1836	14,758,000	6,354,538	4,717,630	8 7¼	6 4¾	—	—	39 5	1836
1837	14,955,000	5,294,566	4,044,741	7 1	5 5	—	—	52 6	1837
1838	15,155,000	5,186,389	4,123,604	6 10¼	5 5¼	—	—	55 3	1838
1839	15,357,000	5,613,939	4,406,907	7 3¾	5 8¾	—	—	69 4	1839
1840	15,562,000	6,014,605	4,576,965	7 8¾	5 10½	—	—	68 6	1840
1841	15,911,757	6,351,828	4,760,929	7 11¾	5 11¾	2 0·4	1 6·3	65 3	1841
1842	15,981,000	6,552,890	4,911,498	8 2½	6 1¾	—	—	64 0	1842
1843	16,194,000	7,085,595	5,208,027	8 9	6 5¼	—	—	54 4	1843
1844	16,410,000	6,847,205	4,976,093	8 4¼	6 0¾	—	—	51 5	1844
1845	16,629,000	6,791,006	5,039,703	8 2	6 0¾	—	—	49 2	1845
1846	16,851,000	6,800,623	4,954,204	8 0¾	5 10½	—	—	53 3	1846
1847	17,076,000	6,964,825	5,298,787	8 2	6 2½	2 0·8	1 6·9	59 0	1847
1848	17,304,000	7,817,430	6,180,764	9 0½	7 1¾	—	—	64 6	1848
1849	17,534,000	7,674,146	5,792,963	8 9	6 7¼	—	—	49 1	1849
1850	17,765,000	7,270,493	5,395,022	8 2¼	6 1	2 1·8	1 7·1	42 7	1850
1851	17,927,609	6,778,914	4,962,704	7 6¾	5 6½	—	—	39 11	1851
1852	18,205,000	6,552,298	4,897,685	7 2½	5 4½	—	—	39 4	1852
1853	18,402,000	6,522,412	4,939,064	7 1	5 4½	—	—	42 0	1853
1854	18,617,000	6,973,220	5,282,853	7 6	5 8	—	—	61 7	1854
1855	18,840,000	7,864,149	5,890,041	8 4¼	6 3	—	—	70 0	1855
1856	19,043,000	8,201,348	6,004,244	8 7¼	6 3¾	2 3·4	1 8·1	75 4	1856
1857	19,207,000	8,139,003	5,898,756	8 5¼	6 1¾	—	—	65 3	1857
1858	19,361,000	8,188,880	5,878,542	8 5½	6 0¾	—	—	53 10	1858
1859	19,578,000	8,108,222	5,558,689	8 3½	5 8¼	—	—	42 9	1859
1860	19,837,000	7,715,948	5,454,964	7 9¼	5 6	—	—	44 9	1860
1861	20,066,224	7,921,619	5,778,943	7 10¾	5 9	—	—	55 10	1861
1862	20,228,000	8,511,161	6,077,922	8 5	6 0	—	—	56 7	1862
1863	20,445,000	9,174,976	6,527,036	8 4	6 4½	—	—	52 1	1863
1864	20,663,000	9,448,319	6,423,381	9 1¾	6 2½	—	—	43 2	1864
1865	20,881,000	9,392,191	6,264,966	9 0	6 0	—	—	39 8	1865
1866	21,100,000	9,573,772	6,439,517	9 1	6 1¼	2 0·5	1 4·5	43 6	1866
1867	21,320,000	10,303,665	6,959,840	9 8	6 6¼	—	—	53 7½	1867
1868	21,540,000	11,054,513	7,498,059	10 3¼	6 11½	2 2·4	1 5·9	67 6½	1868
1869	21,760,000	11,363,656	7,673,100	10 5¼	7 0¾	—	—	57 8¾	1869

Notes.—(*a*) The year 1834 was the last parochial year prior to the passing of the Poor Law Amendment Act.

(*b*) The Population of 1841, 1851, and 1861 is the actual Population according to the Census taken in those years.

(*c*) The net Annual Value of Rateable Property for England and Wales in 1841 was £62,540,030; in 1847 £67,320,587; in 1850 £67,700,153, and in 1856 £71,840,270. The gross estimated Rental was, for the first time, returned in the last-mentioned year; it amounted to £86,077,676. In 1866 the gross estimated Rental was £110,079,308; and the Rateable Value £93,638,408. In 1868 the gross estimated rental was £118,334,081; and the Rateable Value, £100,612,734.

(C.)
Poor Rates, &c.

No. 21.

IN-MAINTENANCE AND OUT-DOOR RELIEF.—REMARKS, Half-year ended LADY-DAY 1869.

(C.)
Poor Rates, &c.

No. 21.

In-maintenance and Out-door Relief.—Remarks, Half Year ended Lady-day 1869.

Number of Unions returned.

The Returns of In-maintenance and Out-door Relief have been received from 655 Unions and single Parishes under Boards of Guardians; but two of that number, namely, Shrewsbury, and Montgomery and Pool, give the cost of In-maintenance only.

The population of the places referred to was 19,886,104, according to the Census of 1861; the entire population of England and Wales being 20,066,224.

Expenditure, Lady-day half years 1868 and 1869.

The amount expended in the 655 Unions and Parishes during the half year ending Lady-day 1869 was, for—

In-maintenance.	Out-door Relief.	Total.
£777,152 -	£1,807,895 -	£2,585,047

for the corresponding half year in 1868 it was—

£788,351 -	£1,838,115 -	£2,626,466

showing a decrease of £41,419, or 1·6 per cent.

Prices of Wheat.

The average price of wheat, during the same half years, was in—

1868 - - - - 70*s.* 0*d.* per imperial quarter.
1869 - - - - 51*s.* 0*d.* " "

Of other Provisions.

The average contract prices of certain articles of food, supplied to the Guardians of the Poor of Lambeth, Birmingham, and Bury St. Edmunds during the same periods, are exhibited in the next Tables:

Half Years ended at Lady-day.	Bread, per 4lbs. Loaf.			Flour, per Sack of 280 lbs.			Potatoes, per Ton.			Mutton and Beef, per Stone of 14 lbs.		
	Lambeth.	Birmingham.	Bury St. Edmunds.	Lambeth.	Birmingham.	Bury St. Edmunds.	Lambeth.	Birmingham.	Bury St. Edmunds.	Lambeth.	Birmingham.	Bury St. Edmunds.
	s. *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*
1868	0 7	0 8	0 6⅞	46 0	54 5	51 8	107 6	66 8	110 0	6 5*	7 3½	8 1
1869	0 5½	0 5¾	0 5⅝	39 0	36 0	38 4	110 0	95 0	121 6	7 0	7 0	7 6

Half Years ended at Lady-day.	Butter, per lb.			Cheese, per lb.			Tea, per lb.			Sugar, per lb.		
	Lambeth.	Birmingham.	Bury St. Edmunds.	Lambeth.	Birmingham.	Bury St. Edmunds.	Lambeth.	Birmingham.	Bury St. Edmunds.	Lambeth.	Birmingham.	Bury St. Edmunds.
	s. *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*
1868	0 9	0 10	1 0	0 5½	0 5	0 6	1 5	1 6½	3 0	0 3½	0 4	0 4
1869	1 0	1 1¼	1 2	0 6	0 6	0 6¼	1 6½	1 7¾	3 0	0 3⅝	0 4	0 4

* Legs of beef supplied to Lambeth Workhouse at 4*s.* 1*d.* per stone.

Poor Rates, &c.

Comparative Expenditure in Divisions.

Comparing the expenditure for In-maintenance and Out-door Relief of the Lady-day half year, 1869, with that of 1868, it has been shown there was a decrease of 41,419*l.*; but it will be seen by the next Table that four Divisions of the Kingdom showed an augmented cost.

DIVISIONS.	Number of Unions, &c.	Expended for In-Maintenance and Out-Door Relief, during the Half Years ended at Lady-day 1868.	1869.	Difference between the Lady-day Half Years 1869 and 1868. Incr.	Decr.	Difference per Cent. Incr.	Decr.
		£	£	£	£		
I. THE METROPOLIS -	39	419,427	414,549	—	4,878	—	1·2
II. SOUTH EASTERN -	97	302,305	294,375	—	7,930	—	2·6
III. SOUTH MIDLAND -	64	233,392	232,542	—	850	—	0·4
IV. EASTERN - -	56	222,844	207,451	—	15,393	—	6·9
V. SOUTH WESTERN -	80	273,779	271,331	—	2,448	—	0·9
VI. WEST MIDLAND -	82	264,790	255,307	—	9,483	—	3·6
VII. NORTH MIDLAND -	45	157,187	157,624	437	—	0·3	—
VIII. NORTH WESTERN -	40	263,954	253,400	—	10,554	—	4·0
IX. YORK - - -	60	174,099	174,385	286	—	0·2	—
X. NORTHERN - -	39	116,188	118,500	2,312	—	2·0	—
XI. WELSH - - -	53	198,501	205,583	7,082	—	3·6	—
ENGLAND AND WALES (So far as returned)	655	2,626,466	2,585,047	—	41,419	—	1·6

Poor Law Board,
8th October 1869.

FREDERICK PURDY,
Principal of the Statistical Department.

No. 22.

In-maintenance and Out-door Relief.—Comparative Statement, Half-years ended Lady-day 1868 and 1869.

No. 22.—IN-MAINTENANCE and OUT-DOOR RELIEF.—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT, Half Years ended at **Lady-Day 1868 and 1869** respectively, in 655 Unions and Parishes, under Boards of Guardians, having a population of 19,886,104 Persons; the entire Population of England and Wales being 20,066,224 (Census 1861).

DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.	Unions and Single Parishes under Boards of Guardns.	Number of Parishes.	Population, 1861.	COST OF IN-MAINTENANCE AND OUT-DOOR RELIEF. Half Years ended at Lady-day						Difference between the Lady-day Half Years 1869 & 1868.		Difference per Cent.	
				1868.			1869.						
				In-maintenance.	Out-door Relief.	Total.	In-maintenance.	Out-door Relief.	Total.	Incr.	Decr.	Incr.	Decr.
I. THE METROPOLIS.				£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£		
1.*Middlesex (part) -	27	162	2,029,192	169,939	148,886	318,825	162,809	149,933	312,742	—	6,083	—	1·9
2.*Surrey (part) -	9	17	579,748	37,433	37,283	74,716	37,757	35,227	72,984	—	1,732	—	2·3
3.*Kent (part) - -	3	11	193,427	8,889	16,997	25,886	7,724	21,099	28,823	2,937	—	11·3	—
Totals -	39	190	2,802,367	216,261	203,166	419,427	208,290	206,259	414,549	—	4,878	—	1·2
II. SOUTH EASTERN.													
2.*Surrey (part) -	11	136	258,946	14,833	28,915	43,748	15,462	26,816	42,278	—	1,470	—	3·4
3.*Kent (part) - -	26	418	543,549	28,612	50,010	78,622	30,556	49,088	79,644	1,022	—	1·3	—
4. Sussex - - -	22	287	341,827	20,390	44,323	64,713	19,318	40,748	60,066	—	4,647	—	7·2
5. Southampton -	26	345	455,587	23,675	55,722	79,397	24,025	53,796	77,821	—	1,576	—	2·0
6. Berks - - -	12	240	205,625	9,888	25,937	35,825	10,136	24,430	34,566	—	1,259	—	3·5
Totals -	97	1,426	1,805,534	97,398	204,907	302,305	99,497	194,878	294,375	—	7,930	—	2·6
III. SOUTH MIDLAND.													
1.*Middlesex (part) -	6	58	187,325	10,570	14,597	25,167	11,343	15,149	26,492	1,325	—	5·3	—
7. Hertford - -	12	165	177,452	8,340	23,659	31,999	8,541	23,523	32,064	65	—	0·2	—
8. Buckingham -	7	195	147,186	5,914	23,253	29,167	6,323	22,388	28,711	456	—	1·6	—
9. Oxford - - -	9	297	171,057	7,043	24,234	31,277	7,370	23,771	31,141	—	136	—	0·4
10. Northampton -	12	332	230,964	6,837	37,663	44,500	6,849	36,593	43,442	—	1,058	—	2·4
11. Huntingdon -	3	88	59,137	1,697	7,984	9,681	2,114	7,507	9,621	—	60	—	0·6
12. Bedford - -	6	138	140,479	5,037	19,484	24,521	5,102	19,462	24,564	43	—	0·2	—
13. Cambridge - -	9	174	181,552	7,698	29,382	37,080	8,184	28,323	36,507	—	573	—	1·5
Totals -	64	1,447	1,295,152	53,136	180,256	233,392	55,826	176,716	232,542	—	850	—	0·4
IV. EASTERN.													
14. Essex - - -	17	372	379,699	23,992	59,486	83,478	22,354	54,504	76,858	—	6,620	—	7·9
15. Suffolk - - -	17	531	335,409	12,234	46,557	58,791	12,313	41,926	54,239	—	4,552	—	7·7
16. Norfolk - - -	22	741	427,122	17,850	62,725	80,575	17,967	58,387	76,354	—	4,221	—	5·2
Totals -	56	1,644	1,142,230	54,076	168,768	222,844	52,634	154,817	207,451	—	15,393	—	6·9
V. SOUTH WESTERN.													
17. Wilts - - -	18	315	236,027	9,759	38,071	47,830	9,867	37,291	47,158	—	672	—	1·4
18. Dorset - - -	12	287	182,193	4,840	27,572	32,412	5,033	26,662	31,695	—	717	—	2·2
19. Devon - - -	20	474	589,159	15,731	66,118	81,849	15,782	65,849	81,631	—	218	—	0·3
20. Cornwall - -	13	221	362,409	7,149	28,403	35,552	7,144	29,330	36,474	922	—	2·6	—
21. Somerset - -	17	495	463,286	14,598	61,538	76,136	14,215	60,158	74,373	—	1,763	—	2·3
Totals -	80	1,792	1,833,074	52,077	221,702	273,779	52,041	219,290	271,331	—	2,448	—	0·9
VI. WEST MIDLAND.													
22. Gloucester - -	17	363	442,983	17,248	50,171	67,419	17,987	48,464	66,451	—	968	—	1·4
23. Hereford - -	7	219	106,796	3,297	13,438	16,735	3,369	12,802	16,171	—	564	—	3·4
24. Salop - - -	16	303	260,229	7,764	14,776	22,540	8,036	15,010	23,046	506	—	2·2	—

In-maintenance and Out-door Relief.—Comparative Statement, Half Years ended at **Lady-day 1868 and 1869** respectively, &c.—*continued.*

DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.	Unions and Single Parishes under Boards of Guard[ns].	Number of Parishes.	Population, 1861.	COST OF IN-MAINTENANCE AND OUT-DOOR RELIEF. Half Years ended at Lady-day 1868. In-maintenance.	1868. Out-Door Relief.	1868. Total.	1869. In-maintenance.	1869. Out-Door Relief.	1869. Total.	Difference between the Lady-day Half-Years 1869 & 1868. Incr. £	Decr. £	Difference per Cent. Incr.	Decr.
I. WEST MIDLAND —*continued.*				£	£	£	£	£	£				
5. Stafford	17	277	768,371	21,363	46,274	67,637	20,468	45,587	66,055	—	1,582	—	2·3
6. Worcester	11	233	294,901	7,695	23,088	30,783	7,752	22,038	29,790	—	993	—	3·2
7. Warwick	14	272	561,334	18,778	40,898	59,676	18,125	35,669	53,794	—	5,882	—	9·9
Totals	82	1,667	2,434,614	76,145	188,645	264,790	75,737	179,570	255,307	—	9,483	—	3·6
II. NORTH MIDLAND.													
8. Leicester	11	350	243,636	8,449	23,347	31,796	8,757	22,845	31,602	—	194	—	0·6
9. Rutland	2	67	23,479	780	3,072	3,852	815	3,287	4,102	250	—	6·5	—
0. Lincoln	14	751	403,850	11,326	52,451	63,777	11,962	52,012	63,974	197	—	0·3	—
1. Nottingham	9	305	323,784	8,777	27,274	36,051	8,638	27,462	36,100	49	—	0·1	—
2. Derby	9	277	293,223	5,819	15,892	21,711	5,873	15,973	21,846	135	—	0·6	—
Totals	45	1,750	1,287,972	35,151	122,036	157,187	36,045	121,579	157,624	437	—	0·3	—
III. NH. WESTERN.													
3. Chester	12	469	469,577	12,675	32,411	45,086	13,097	33,500	46,597	1,511	—	3·4	—
4. Lancaster	28	454	2,453,910	95,021	123,847	218,868	85,695	121,108	206,803	—	12,065	—	5·5
Totals	40	923	2,923,487	107,696	156,258	263,954	98,792	154,608	253,400	—	10,554	—	4·0
IX. YORK.													
5. West Riding	35	610	1,420,107	35,184	94,190	129,374	34,331	94,085	128,416	—	958	—	0·7
6. East Riding	10	373	273,674	7,342	16,525	23,867	7,598	16,902	24,500	633	—	2·7	—
7. North Riding	15	481	205,452	4,413	16,445	20,858	4,969	16,500	21,469	611	—	2·9	—
Totals	60	1,464	1,899,233	46,939	127,160	174,099	46,898	127,487	174,385	286	—	0·2	—
X. NORTHERN.													
8. Durham	15	314	542,125	10,341	39,893	50,234	10,763	41,708	52,471	2,237	—	4·5	—
9. Northumberland	12	541	342,997	7,794	33,541	41,335	8,149	33,495	41,644	309	—	0·7	—
0. Cumberland	9	208	205,264	5,652	13,303	18,955	5,515	13,487	19,002	47	—	0·2	—
1. Westmorland	3	110	60,946	1,562	4,102	5,664	1,439	3,944	5,383	—	281	—	5·0
Totals	39	1,173	1,151,332	25,349	90,839	116,188	25,866	92,634	118,500	2,312	—	2·0	—
XI. WELSH.													
2. Monmouth	6	164	196,977	5,566	22,962	28,528	5,959	22,232	28,191	—	337	—	1·2
3. South Wales	28	683	699,649	11,703	86,261	97,964	12,232	91,696	103,928	5,964	—	6·1	—
4. North Wales	19	372	414,483	6,854	65,155	72,009	7,335	66,129	73,464	1,455	—	2·0	—
Totals	53	1,219	1,311,109	24,123	174,378	198,501	25,526	180,057	205,583	7,082	—	3·6	—
otals of Unions and Single Parishes under Boards of Guardians in England and Wales	655	14,695	19,886,104	788,351	1,838,115	2,626,466	777,152	1,807,895	2,585,047	—	41,419	—	1·6
esidue of the Kingdom	- -	191	180,120	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		—	
otals of England and Wales	- -	14,886*	20,066,224	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		—	

* Inclusive of the Scilly Islands.

No. 23.

In-maintenance and Out-door Relief.—Remarks, Half-year ended Michaelmas 1869.

(C.)
Poor Rates, &c.

No. 23.

In-maintenance and Out-door Relief.—Remarks, Half Year ended Michaelmas 1869.

Number of Unions returned.

The Returns of In-maintenance and Out-door Relief have been received from 652 Unions and single Parishes under Boards of Guardians; but two of that number, namely, Shrewsbury, and Montgomery and Pool, give the cost of In-maintenance only.

The population of the places referred to was 20,015,729, according to the Census of 1861; the entire population of England and Wales being 20,066,224.

Expenditure, Michaelmas half years 1868 and 1869.

The following Table is a comparative statement of the Expenditure for the half years ended at Michaelmas 1868 and 1869 in 652 Unions and Single Parishes.

Half Years ended at Michaelmas	Cost of In-maintenance.	Cost of Out-door Relief.	Cost of Total.	Decrease in 1869, as compared with 1868.	Decrease per cent.
	£	£	£	£	
1868 -	726,043	1,837,930	2,563,973	—	—
1869 -	699,859	1,773,774	2,473,633	90,340	3·5

Prices of Wheat.

The average price of wheat, during the same half years, was in—

1868 - - - - 65*s.* 6*d.* per imperial quarter.
1869 - - - - 48*s.* 4*d.* ,, ,,

Of other Provisions.

The average contract prices of certain articles of food, supplied to the Guardians of the Poor of Lambeth, Birmingham, and Bury St. Edmunds, during the same periods, are exhibited in the next Tables:—

Half Years ended at Michaelmas	Bread, per 4lbs. Loaf. Lambeth.	Bread, Birmingham.	Bread, Bury St. Edmund's.	Flour, per Sack of 280 lbs. Lambeth.	Flour, Birmingham.	Flour, Bury St. Edmund's.	Potatoes, per Ton. Lambeth.	Potatoes, Birmingham.	Potatoes, Bury St. Edmund's.	Mutton and Beef, per Stone of 14 lbs. Lambeth.	Mutton and Beef, Birmingham.	Mutton and Beef, Bury St. Edmund's.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
1868	0 7	0 7½	0 7	52 6	46 3	51 8	135 0	130 0	180 0	6 8½	7 1¾	7 0
1869	0 4½	0 5¾	0 4⅝	33 6	31 6	29 2	85 0	91 8	114 4	7 7⅞	8 5½	8 0¾

Half Years ended at Michaelmas	Butter, per lb. Lambeth.	Butter, Birmingham.	Butter, Bury St. Edmund's.	Cheese, per lb. Lambeth.	Cheese, Birmingham.	Cheese, Bury St. Edmund's.	Tea, per lb. Lambeth.	Tea, Birmingham.	Tea, Bury St. Edmund's.	Sugar, per lb. Lambeth.	Sugar, Birmingham.	Sugar, Bury St. Edmund's.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
1868	0 8¾	0 10¾	1 0	0 5½	0 5¼	0 5¾	1 6½	1 9½	3 0	0 3¾	0 4	0 4
1869	1 1½	0 11½	1 1½	0 6	0 7½	0 6½	1 8	1 8	2 10½	0 3¾	0 4½	0 4½

Poor Rates, &c.

Comparative Expenditure in Divisions.

Comparing the expenditure for In-maintenance and Out-door Relief of the Michaelmas half year 1869 with that of 1868, it will be found from the next Table that there was an increase in three and a decrease in eight Divisions of the Kingdom.

DIVISIONS.	Number of Unions, &c.	Expended for IN-MAINTENANCE and OUT-DOOR RELIEF, during the Half Years ended at Michaelmas 1868.	1869.	Difference between the Michaelmas Half Years 1869 and 1868. Incr.	Decr.	Difference per Cent. Incr.	Decr.
		£	£	£	£		
I. THE METROPOLIS -	37	393,246	386,974	—	6,272	—	1·6
II. SOUTH EASTERN -	97	285,386	274,371	—	11,015	—	3·9
III. SOUTH MIDLAND -	64	227,836	210,747	—	17,089	—	7·5
IV. EASTERN - -	56	213,573	191,843	—	21,730	—	10·2
V. SOUTH WESTERN -	79	275,813	266,618	—	9,195	—	3·3
VI. WEST MIDLAND -	82	265,737	249,381	—	16,356	—	6·2
VII. NORTH MIDLAND -	45	157,367	150,900	—	6,467	—	4·1
VIII. NORTH WESTERN -	40	249,068	245,988	—	3,080	—	1·2
IX. YORK - - -	60	173,780	173,886	106	—	0·1	—
X. NORTHERN - -	39	117,521	117,776	255	—	0·2	—
XI. WELSH - -	53	204,646	205,149	503	—	0·2	—
ENGLAND AND WALES (so far as returned)	652	2,563,973	2,473,633	—	90,340	—	3·5

Poor Law Board,
11th January 1869.

FREDERICK PURDY,
Principal of the Statistical Department.

No. 24.

IN-MAINTENANCE AND OUT-DOOR RELIEF.—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT,
Half-years ended MICHAELMAS 1868 and 1869.

No. 24.—In-maintenance and Out-door Relief.—Comparative Statement, Half Years ended of Guardians, having a Population of 20,015,729 Persons; the entire

DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.	Unions and Single Parishes under Boards of Guardns.	Number of Parishes.	Population, 1861.	COST OF IN-MAINTENANCE AND OUT-DOOR RELIEF. Half Years ended at Michaelmas 1868. In-maintenance.	1868. Out-door Relief.	1868. Total.	1869. In-maintenance.	1869. Out-door Relief.	1869. Total.	Difference between the Michaelmas Half Years 1869 & 1868. Incr. £	Decr. £	Difference per Cent. Incr.	Decr.
I. THE METROPOLIS.				£	£	£	£	£	£				
1.*Middlesex (part)	25	162	2,029,192	154,678	141,089	295,767	151,399	136,006	287,405	—	8,362	—	2·8
2.*Surrey (part)	9	17	579,748	37,737	35,247	72,984	35,463	34,247	69,710	—	3,274	—	4·5
3.*Kent (part)	3	11	193,427	8,058	16,437	24,495	9,421	20,438	29,859	5,364	—	21·9	—
Totals	37	190	2,802,367	200,473	192,773	393,246	196,283	190,691	386,974	—	6,272	—	1·6
II. SOUTH EASTERN.													
2.*Surrey (part)	11	139	261,498	12,926	27,496	40,422	12,872	26,272	39,144	—	1,278	—	3·2
3.*Kent (part)	26	418	543,549	25,132	49,199	74,331	25,880	46,832	72,712	—	1,619	—	2·2
4. Sussex	22	287	341,827	17,207	43,447	60,654	17,245	40,403	57,648	—	3,006	—	5·0
5. Southampton	26	353	467,353	21,494	54,544	76,038	20,978	52,245	73,223	—	2,815	—	3·7
6. Berks	12	240	205,625	8,676	25,265	33,941	8,922	22,722	31,644	—	2,297	—	6·8
Totals	97	1,437	1,819,852	85,435	199,951	285,386	85,897	188,474	274,371	—	11,015	—	3·9
III. SOUTH MIDLAND.													
1.*Middlesex (part)	6	58	187,325	9,759	13,963	23,722	9,853	13,406	23,259	—	463	—	2·0
7. Hertford	12	165	177,452	7,042	23,869	30,911	6,632	22,297	28,929	—	1,982	—	6·4
8. Buckingham	7	195	147,186	5,261	23,540	28,801	4,951	21,949	26,900	—	1,901	—	6·6
9. Oxford	9	297	171,057	6,410	24,801	31,211	6,104	21,704	27,808	—	3,403	—	10·9
10. Northampton	12	332	230,964	5,993	37,988	43,981	5,449	34,353	39,802	—	4,179	—	9·5
11. Huntingdon	3	88	59,137	1,637	7,806	9,443	1,567	6,930	8,497	—	946	—	10·0
12. Bedford	6	138	140,479	4,250	19,536	23,786	3,819	18,157	21,976	—	1,810	—	7·6
13. Cambridge	9	174	181,552	7,016	28,965	35,981	5,906	27,670	33,576	—	2,405	—	6·7
Totals	64	1,447	1,295,152	47,368	180,468	227,836	44,281	166,466	210,747	—	17,089	—	7·5
IV. EASTERN.													
14. Essex	17	372	379,699	20,179	56,996	77,175	18,779	53,002	71,781	—	5,394	—	7·0
15. Suffolk	17	531	335,409	10,846	46,433	57,279	9,840	40,147	49,987	—	7,292	—	12·7
16. Norfolk	22	743	427,417	15,681	63,438	79,119	14,539	55,536	70,075	—	9,044	—	11·4
Totals	56	1,646	1,142,525	46,706	166,867	213,573	43,158	148,685	191,843	—	21,730	—	10·2
V. SOUTH WESTERN.													
17. Wilts	17	315	236,027	8,966	37,734	46,700	8,187	35,143	43,330	—	3,370	—	7·2
18. Dorset	12	287	182,193	4,573	28,613	33,186	4,452	27,028	31,480	—	1,706	—	5·1
19. Devon	20	474	589,159	14,865	66,960	81,825	14,421	66,953	81,374	—	451	—	0·6
20. Cornwall	13	221	362,409	7,161	29,765	36,926	6,747	30,031	36,778	—	148	—	0·4
21. Somerset	17	495	463,286	13,589	63,587	77,176	13,038	60,618	73,656	—	3,520	—	4·6
Totals	79	1,792	1,833,074	49,154	226,659	275,813	46,845	219,773	266,618	—	9,195	—	3·3
VI. WEST MIDLAND.													
22. Gloucester	17	363	442,983	16,644	49,922	66,566	16,232	46,865	63,097	—	3,469	—	5·2
23. Hereford	7	219	106,796	3,245	14,058	17,303	3,022	12,753	15,775	—	1,528	—	8·8
24. Salop	16	303	260,229	7,686	15,814	23,500	7,783	15,377	23,160	—	340	—	1·4

at **Michaelmas 1868 and 1869** respectively, in 652 Unions and Single Parishes under Boards
Population of England and Wales being 20,066,224 (Census 1861).

DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.	Unions and Single Parishes under Boards of Guardns.	Number of Parishes.	Population, 1861.	COST OF IN-MAINTENANCE AND OUT-DOOR RELIEF. Half Years ended at Michaelmas 1868. In-maintenance.	1868. Out-door Relief.	1868. Total.	1869. In-maintenance.	1869. Out-door Relief.	1869. Total.	Difference between the Michaelmas Half Years 1869 & 1868. Incr.	Difference between the Michaelmas Half Years 1869 & 1868. Decr.	Difference per Cent. Incr.	Difference per Cent. Decr.
VI. WEST MIDLAND *—continued.*				£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£		
25. Stafford - -	17	279	769,067	20,272	50,142	70,414	19,553	45,378	64,931	—	5,483	—	7·8
26. Worcester - -	11	233	294,901	7,426	24,327	31,753	7,171	22,517	29,688	—	2,065	—	6·5
27. Warwick - -	14	272	561,334	17,617	38,584	56,201	17,208	35,522	52,730	—	3,471	—	6·2
Totals -	82	1,669	2,435,310	72,890	192,847	265,737	70,969	178,412	249,381	—	16,356	—	6·2
VII. NORTH MIDLAND.													
28. Leicester - -	11	350	243,636	7,955	23,950	31,905	7,681	21,453	29,134	—	2,271	—	8·7
29. Rutland - -	2	67	23,479	698	3,180	3,878	771	2,896	3,667	—	211	—	5·4
30. Lincoln - - -	14	751	403,850	10,046	53,340	63,386	10,183	51,416	61,599	—	1,787	—	2·8
31. Nottingham -	9	305	323,784	8,090	27,415	35,505	8,200	25,914	34,114	—	1,391	—	3·9
32. Derby - - -	9	279	294,326	5,814	16,879	22,693	5,892	16,494	22,386	—	307	—	1·4
Totals -	45	1,752	1,289,075	32,603	124,764	157,367	32,727	118,173	150,900	—	6,467	—	4·1
VIII. NH. WESTERN.													
33. Chester - -	12	469	469,577	12,792	34,403	47,195	11,606	34,566	46,172	—	1,023	—	2·2
34. Lancaster - -	28	458	2,457,717	84,122	117,751	201,873	77,255	122,561	199,816	—	2,057	—	1·0
Totals -	40	927	2,927,294	96,914	152,154	249,068	88,861	157,127	245,988	—	3,080	—	1·2
IX. YORK.													
35. West Riding* -	35	704	1,529,513	33,616	94,539	128,155	31,857	97,008	128,865	710	—	0·6	—
36. East Riding -	10	373	273,674	7,121	16,933	24,054	6,897	16,502	23,399	—	655	—	2·7
37. North Riding -	15	481	205,452	4,641	16,930	21,571	4,238	17,384	21,622	51	—	0·2	—
Totals -	60	1,558	2,008,639	45,378	128,402	173,780	42,992	130,894	173,886	106	—	0·1	—
X. NORTHERN.													
38. Durham - -	15	314	542,125	10,364	41,420	51,784	10,775	42,888	53,663	1,879	—	3·6	—
39. Northumberland -	12	541	342,997	7,793	33,861	41,654	7,218	33,046	40,264	—	1,390	—	3·3
40. Cumberland - -	9	208	205,264	5,207	13,366	18,573	4,973	13,518	18,491	—	82	—	0·4
41. Westmorland -	3	110	60,946	1,399	4,111	5,510	1,352	4,006	5,358	—	152	—	2·8
Totals -	39	1,173	1,151,332	24,763	92,758	117,521	24,318	93,458	117,776	255	—	0·2	—
XI. WELSH.													
42. Monmouth - -	6	164	196,977	5,620	22,844	28,464	5,271	22,258	27,529	—	935	—	3·3
43. South Wales - -	28	683	699,649	11,673	90,012	101,685	11,819	93,612	105,431	3,746	—	3·7	—
44. North Wales -	19	372	414,483	7,066	67,431	74,497	6,438	65,751	72,189	—	2,308	—	3·1
Totals -	53	1,219	1,311,109	24,359	180,287	204,646	23,528	181,621	205,149	503	—	0·2	—
TOTALS of Unions and Single Parishes under Boards of Guardians in England and Wales	652	14,810	20,015,729	726,043	1,837,930	2,563,973	699,859	1,773,774	2,473,633	—	90,340	—	3·5
Residue of the Kingdom - - - -	- -	76	50,495	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		—	
TOTALS of England and Wales - -	- -	14,886 †	20,066,224	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		—	

* To this county some parishes have been added that in 1868 made no Return to the Poor Law Board of the cost of In-maintenance and Out-door relief.

† Inclusive of the Scilly Islands.

(D.)
Number of Paupers.

(D.)—Number of Paupers Relieved.

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(D.)
Number of Paupers.

No. 25.

RETURN OF PAUPERISM.—REMARKS, 1st July 1869.

(D.)
Number of Paupers.

No. 25.

PAUPERISM.—REMARKS on RETURN of the NUMBER OF PAUPERS on the 1st July 1869.

THE present publication contains the Tabulated Returns of 653 Unions and Single Parishes under Boards of Guardians; but in respect of two places, namely, the Incorporation of Shrewsbury and that of Montgomery and Pool, the Returns are limited to the number of ***In-door*** paupers relieved.

Pauperism, 1st July.

The aggregate population of the 653* places by the Census of 1861 was 20,021,378; and the total number of paupers on the 1st July 1869 was,

In-door.	Out-door.	GROSS TOTAL.	Deduct Persons relieved both In-door and Out-door, on the 1st July.	NET TOTAL.
143,645	834,475	978,120	420	977,700

This gives the proportion of paupers as 1 in 20, or 4·9 per cent. on the actual population, according to the Census of 1861.

First Table.

The first table exhibits the number of males, females, and children, and the number of vagrants, the latter being returned without distinction of sex, relieved in-door and out-door, and Medical Relief cases not classified.

TABLE I.

PAUPERS, 1st July 1869.	Total Number.	Whereof were In-door.	Whereof were Out-door.
Males - - - -	199,774	43,113	156,661
Females - - - -	422,194	43,940	378,254
Children under 16 - -	348,945	51,488	297,457
Vagrants - - -	6,692	5,104	1,588
Unclassified Medical Relief Cases - - - -	515	- - -	515
GRAND TOTALS -	978,120	143,645	834,475

Second Table.

The second table exhibits the number of able-bodied, not able-bodied, insane, and vagrants relieved in-door and out-door.

* Inclusive of one new Union.

(D.)
Number of Paupers.

TABLE II.

PAUPERS, 1st July 1869.	Total Number.	Whereof were	
		In-door.	Out-door.
Able-bodied - - -	417,806	36,277	381,529
Not able-bodied - - -	508,153	91,328	416,825
Insane - - - -	44,954	10,936	34,018
Vagrants - - - -	6,692	5,104	1,588
Unclassified Medical Relief Cases - - - -	515	- - -	515
GRAND TOTALS - -	978,120	143,645	834,475

Third Table.

The third table exhibits the able-bodied, not able-bodied, and insane paupers, classed as males, females, and children under 16; the vagrants not being returned in this manner are given in the "Total"; children relieved with "able-bodied" parents are classed as *able-bodied;* but children relieved without their parents, or relieved with parents who are "not able-bodied," are classed as *not able-bodied.*

TABLE III.

PAUPERS, 1st July 1869.	ADULTS.		Children under 16.	TOTAL NUMBER.
	Males.	Females.		
Able-bodied - - -	37,250	117,725	262,831	417,806
Not able-bodied - - -	143,049	279,897	85,207	508,153
Insane - - - -	19,475	24,572	907	44,954
Vagrants - - - -	Sex not stated.		- - -	6,692
Unclassified Medical Relief Cases - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	515
TOTALS - -	199,774	422,194	348,945	978,120

Fourth Table. Comparison of 1st July 1869 and 1868.

Comparing the numbers returned on the 1st July 1869 with those at the same date in 1868, the figures stand thus:—

TABLE IV.

DATE.	Number of Unions, &c.	In-door Paupers.	Out-door Paupers.*	TOTAL.
1st July - - 1868	655	144,233	827,154	971,387
1st July - - 1869	652†	143,622	833,897	977,519

* Exclusive of those relieved both in-door and out-door on 1st July.
† Since 1868, Clerkenwell and St. Luke's have been amalgamated with the Holborn Union, and Salisbury joined to the Alderbury Union. The new Union of Aysgarth is excluded from this Table, the number of Paupers in the Parishes now forming this Union not having been returned for 1868.

(D.) *Number of Paupers.*

The number of paupers of all classes in receipt of relief on the 1st of July 1868 and 1869, with the increase, is exhibited in the next Table.

Fifth Table.

TABLE V.

DATE.	Unions and Single Parishes.	Number of Paupers in Receipt of Relief.	Difference.		Difference per Cent.	
			Incr.	Decr.	Incr.	Decr.
1 July 1868 -	655	971,387	—		—	
1 July 1869 -	652	977,519	6,132	—	0·6	—

Sixth Table.

The number of adult able-bodied paupers on the 1st July 1868 and 1869 is shown by the next Table.

TABLE VI.

DATE.	Unions and Single Parishes.	Number of *Adult Able-bodied* Paupers.	Difference.		Difference per Cent.	
			Incr.	Decr.	Incr.	Decr.
1 July 1868 -	655	155,208	—		—	
1 July 1869 -	652	154,965	—	243	—	0·2

The Population, according to the Census of 1861, is printed opposite to each Union-County.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall,
10th December 1869.

FREDERICK PURDY,
Principal of the Statistical Department.

(D.)
Number of Paupers.

No. 26.

RETURN OF PAUPERS.—SUMMARY, 1st July 1869.

No. 26.—Return of Paupers.—Summary of In-door and Out-door, on the Population of 20,021,378 Persons; the entire Population of

DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.	Unions and Single Parishes under Boards of Guardians.	Number of Parishes.	Population, 1861.	IN-DOOR. Able-Bodied. Males.	Able-Bodied. Females.	Able-Bodied. Children under 16.	Not Able-Bodied. Males.	Not Able-Bodied. Females.	Not Able-Bodied. Children under 16.	Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots. Males.	Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots. Females.	Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots. Children under 16.	Vagrants relieved in the Workhouse.	Total in the Workhouse.
I. THE METROPOLIS.														
1.* Middlesex (part)	25	162	2,029,192	1,446	2,575	2,079	5,491	6,721	5,159	561	794	53	1,233	26,112
2.* Surrey (part)	9	17	579,748	410	700	699	1,422	1,476	1,468	100	165	12	377	6,829
3.* Kent (part)	3	11	193,427	115	204	127	267	347	552	5	3	..	14	1,634
Totals	37	190	2,802,367	1,971	3,479	2,905	7,180	8,544	7,179	666	962	65	1,624	34,575
II. SOUTH-EASTERN.														
2.* Surrey (part)	11	139	261,498	97	179	193	648	387	788	56	86	..	137	2,571
3.* Kent (part)	26	418	543,549	260	456	635	1,374	698	1,116	116	153	13	164	4,985
4. Sussex	22	287	341,827	84	217	283	819	485	804	99	105	16	220	3,132
5. Southampton	26	353	467,353	268	514	490	913	498	1,181	114	189	5	80	4,252
6. Berks	12	240	205,625	72	153	167	440	204	509	46	63	5	82	1,741
Totals	97	1,437	1,819,852	781	1,519	1,768	4,194	2,272	4,398	431	596	39	683	16,681
III. SOUTH-MIDLAND.														
1.* Middlesex (part)	6	58	187,325	77	104	137	563	330	416	20	29	1	61	1,738
7. Hertford	12	165	177,452	47	94	137	424	206	293	42	54	..	57	1,354
8. Buckingham	7	195	147,186	25	103	145	246	135	204	29	36	3	56	982
9. Oxford	9	297	171,057	37	118	174	280	146	405	36	62	2	67	1,327
10. Northampton	12	332	230,964	36	98	140	254	105	369	51	59	3	34	1,149
11. Huntingdon	3	88	59,137	16	38	54	104	44	94	6	8	2	2	368
12. Bedford	6	138	140,479	49	70	96	195	77	195	20	29	..	32	763
13. Cambridge	9	174	181,552	72	142	202	367	120	320	22	37	4	21	1,307
Totals	64	1,447	1,295,152	359	767	1,085	2,433	1,163	2,296	226	314	15	330	8,988
IV. EASTERN.														
14. Essex	17	372	379,699	128	270	379	993	492	954	84	103	6	49	3,458
15. Suffolk	17	531	335,409	146	265	416	576	233	560	53	70	2	34	2,355
16. Norfolk	22	743	427,417	222	461	667	753	323	716	100	135	7	25	3,409
Totals	56	1,646	1,142,525	496	996	1,462	2,322	1,048	2,230	237	308	15	108	9,222
V. SOUTH-WESTERN.														
17. Wilts	17	315	236,027	74	228	368	362	176	529	49	62	4	20	1,872
18. Dorset	12	287	182,193	21	106	166	219	135	293	38	42	4	16	1,040
19. Devon	20	474	589,159	98	394	595	771	613	829	126	163	13	22	3,624
20. Cornwall	13	221	362,409	3	209	295	345	380	573	30	62	..	5	1,902
21. Somerset	17	495	463,286	73	251	359	725	479	882	121	156	11	29	3,086
Totals	79	1,792	1,833,074	269	1,188	1,783	2,422	1,783	3,106	364	485	32	92	11,524
VI. WEST-MIDLAND.														
22. Gloucester	17	363	442,983	188	462	404	721	474	819	179	257	7	76	3,587
23. Hereford	7	219	106,796	22	71	112	145	47	211	21	25	..	8	662
24. Salop	16	303	260,229	37	179	223	416	205	468	29	83	2	47	1,689

Number of Paupers.

1st July 1869, in 653 Unions and Single Parishes under Boards of Guardians, having a England and Wales being 20,066,224 (Census 1861).

OUT-DOOR. Able-Bodied. Males.	OUT-DOOR. Able-Bodied. Females.	OUT-DOOR. Able-Bodied. Children under 16.	OUT-DOOR. Not Able-Bodied. Males.	OUT-DOOR. Not Able-Bodied. Females.	OUT-DOOR. Not Able-Bodied. Children under 16.	OUT-DOOR. Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots. Males.	OUT-DOOR. Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots. Females.	OUT-DOOR. Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots. Children under 16.	OUT-DOOR. Vagrants relieved out of the Workhouse.	OUT-DOOR. Total out of the Workhouse.	Deduct Persons Relieved, both In-door and Out-door, on the 1st July, &c.	Net Total of Persons Relieved.	DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.
													I. THE METROPOLIS.
3,273	10,694	25,684	4,980	16,728	3,076	1,696	2,403	31	155	68,720	..	94,832	1.*Middlesex (part).
1,267	3,481	9,936	1,478	4,275	906	582	681	6	..	22,612	..	29,441	2.*Surrey (part).
501	1,844	3,707	685	2,321	525	112	187	2	23	9,907	..	11,541	3.*Kent (part).
5,041	16,019	39,327	7,143	23,324	4,507	2,390	3,271	39	178	101,239	..	135,814	- - Totals.
													II. SOUTH EASTERN.
549	1,296	3,113	1,597	3,233	566	197	295	6	11	10,863	8	13,426	2.*Surrey (part).
702	2,365	6,075	2,911	6,669	1,250	405	531	5	11	20,924	3	25,906	3.*Kent (part).
796	1,746	4,366	2,552	4,836	1,204	299	388	4	43	16,234	5	19,361	4. Sussex.
1,054	2,895	6,123	3,324	7,676	1,715	381	470	11	..	23,649	..	27,901	5. Southampton.
824	1,270	2,509	1,553	2,813	457	225	282	7	10	9,950	..	11,691	6. Berks.
3,925	9,572	22,186	11,937	25,227	5,192	1,507	1,966	33	75	81,620	16	98,285	- - Totals.
													III. SOUTH MIDLAND.
374	1,044	2,464	713	1,805	145	136	231	12	24	6,948	26	8,660	1.*Middlesex (part).
435	1,223	2,687	1,491	3,250	529	180	201	3	1	10,000	..	11,354	7. Hertford.
420	1,112	2,098	1,502	3,085	456	150	191	3	6	9,023	..	10,005	8. Buckingham.
483	917	2,108	1,780	3,297	733	176	238	8	..	9,740	..	11,067	9. Oxford.
547	1,580	3,234	2,073	4,185	613	230	256	6	20	12,744	..	13,893	10. Northampton.
99	239	591	448	1,048	100	51	65	1	..	2,642	12	2,998	11. Huntingdon.
317	944	2,096	1,447	2,729	553	128	142	3	..	8,359	..	9,122	12. Bedford.
481	1,198	2,567	1,669	3,817	573	146	189	7	..	10,647	..	11,954	13. Cambridge.
3,156	8,257	17,845	11,123	23,216	3,702	1,197	1,513	43	51	70,103	38	79,053	- - Totals.
													IV. EASTERN.
1,535	3,143	7,490	3,052	6,121	1,059	305	425	17	9	23,156	12	26,602	14. Essex.
979	2,367	5,076	3,353	6,262	1,195	281	383	20	57	19,973	66	22,262	15. Suffolk.
1,181	2,840	5,348	3,956	8,934	1,544	320	458	11	1	24,593	2	28,000	16. Norfolk.
3,695	8,350	17,914	10,361	21,317	3,798	906	1,266	48	67	67,722	80	76,864	- - Totals.
													V. SOUTH WESTERN.
671	1,546	3,411	2,766	5,258	1,169	228	343	8	32	15,432	..	17,304	17. Wilts.
398	1,176	2,597	2,170	4,407	1,004	157	167	2	..	12,118	60	13,098	18. Dorset.
783	2,690	5,847	5,384	11,564	2,056	394	608	37	38	29,401	25	33,000	19. Devon.
299	1,782	4,361	1,997	5,444	1,101	217	265	1	..	15,467	3	17,366	20. Cornwall.
933	2,546	5,966	5,317	10,005	2,281	364	463	20	24	27,919	..	31,005	21. Somerset.
3,084	9,740	22,182	17,634	36,678	7,611	1,360	1,846	68	94	100,337	88	111,773	- - Totals.
													VI. WEST MIDLAND.
725	2,403	5,585	3,413	7,490	1,722	409	491	20	28	22,286	4	25,869	22. Gloucester.
202	523	1,362	1,037	1,871	398	118	162	3	3	5,679	..	6,341	23. Hereford.
220	802	2,115	1,301	2,842	488	184	251	8	7	8,241	..	9,930	24. Salop.

Number of Paupers.

RETURN OF PAUPERS.—SUMMARY of IN-DOOR and OUT-DOOR, on the **1st July 1869,** England and Wales being

DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.	Unions and Single Parishes under Boards of Guardians.	Number of Parishes.	Population, 1861.	IN-DOOR. Able-Bodied. Males.	Able-Bodied. Females.	Able-Bodied. Children under 16.	Not Able-Bodied. Males.	Not Able-Bodied. Females.	Not Able-Bodied. Children under 16.	Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots. Males.	Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots. Females.	Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots. Children under 16.	Vagrants relieved in the Workhouse.	Total in the Workhouse.
VI. WEST MIDLAND—*cont.*														
25. Stafford	17	279	769,067	129	442	544	966	473	1,063	143	220	25	172	4,177
26. Worcester	11	233	294,901	27	119	224	464	294	408	24	59	13	87	1,719
27. Warwick	14	272	561,334	119	316	514	1,012	601	838	128	153	11	130	3,822
Totals	82	1,669	2,435,310	522	1,589	2,021	3,724	2,094	3,807	524	797	58	520	15,656
VII. NORTH MIDLAND.														
28. Leicester	11	350	243,636	59	173	188	361	168	361	100	74	8	26	1,518
29. Rutland	2	67	23,479	5	15	16	35	15	29	3	4	2	4	128
30. Lincoln	14	751	403,850	35	192	277	577	223	569	50	81	3	22	2,029
31. Nottingham	9	305	323,784	80	216	210	401	201	333	118	127	7	30	1,723
32. Derby	9	279	294,326	44	106	125	258	143	352	55	77	1	45	1,206
Totals	45	1,752	1,289,075	223	702	816	1,632	750	1,644	326	363	21	127	6,604
VIII. NORTH WESTERN.														
33. Chester	12	469	469,577	145	303	342	452	272	701	109	150	9	139	2,622
34. Lancaster	28	458	2,457,717	605	1,387	1,500	4,013	3,678	4,257	852	1,023	131	535	17,981
Totals	40	927	2,927,294	750	1,690	1,842	4,465	3,950	4,958	961	1,173	140	674	20,603
IX. YORK.														
35. West Riding	35	704	1,529,513	281	566	567	1,634	811	1,370	315	396	28	402	6,370
36. East Riding	10	373	273,674	46	159	208	329	227	439	54	93	6	90	1,651
37. North Riding	16	493	211,101	17	77	126	177	134	290	35	49	1	68	974
Totals	61	1,570	2,014,288	344	802	901	2,140	1,172	2,099	404	538	35	560	8,995
X. NORTHERN.														
38. Durham	15	314	542,125	47	198	287	525	323	617	99	102	6	143	2,347
39. Northumberland	12	541	342,997	35	171	230	279	231	474	64	80	13	115	1,692
40. Cumberland	9	208	205,264	32	164	245	276	143	314	45	59	1	13	1,292
41. Westmorland	3	110	60,946	15	32	61	75	37	87	17	19	..	19	362
Totals	39	1,173	1,151,332	129	565	823	1,155	734	1,492	225	260	20	290	5,693
XI. WELSH.														
42. Monmouth	6	164	196,977	28	78	156	262	110	304	25	46	5	11	1,025
43. South Wales	28	683	699,649	68	354	475	435	292	753	42	74	9	41	2,543
44. North Wales	19	372	414,483	33	198	340	296	106	384	49	79	7	44	1,536
Totals	53	1,219	1,311,109	129	630	971	993	508	1,441	116	199	21	96	5,104
TOTALS of Unions, &c., in England and Wales	653	14,822	20,021,378	5,973	13,927	16,377	32,660	24,018	34,650	4,480	5,995	461	5,104	143,645
Residue of the Kingdom	..	64	44,846	No Return.			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTALS of England and Wales	..	14,886*	20,066,224	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Inclusive of the Scilly Islands.

Number of Paupers.

in 653 Unions, &c., having a Population of 20,021,378 Persons ; the entire Population of 20,066,224—*continued.*

Out-door. Able-Bodied. Males.	Out-door. Able-Bodied. Females.	Out-door. Able-Bodied. Children under 16.	Out-door. Not Able-Bodied. Males.	Out-door. Not Able-Bodied. Females.	Out-door. Not Able-Bodied. Children under 16.	Out-door. Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots. Males.	Out-door. Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots. Females.	Out-door. Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots. Children under 16.	Vagrants relieved out of the Workhouse.	Total out of the Workhouse.	Deduct Persons Relieved, both In-door and Out-door, on the 1st July, &c.	Net Total of Persons Relieved.	Divisions and Union-Counties.
													VI. WEST MIDLAND—*cont.*
1,045	3,559	9,763	3,339	7,278	1,716	484	500	6	252	28,352	83	32,446	25. Stafford.
489	1,157	2,966	1,837	3,707	878	297	308	17	..	11,656	..	13,375	26. Worcester.
519	1,920	5,165	2,371	5,592	1,249	496	620	24	..	17,956	..	21,778	27. Warwick.
3,200	10,364	26,956	13,298	28,780	6,451	1,988	2,332	78	290	94,170	87	109,739	- - Totals.
													VII. NORTH MIDLAND.
332	986	2,365	1,636	3,202	390	239	321	1	..	9,472	39	10,951	28. Leicester.
44	123	279	154	379	38	19	20	..	..	1,056	..	1,184	29. Rutland.
402	1,597	3,712	3,227	6,947	1,613	307	380	4	20	18,209	..	20,238	30. Lincoln.
357	1,410	3,254	1,977	4,117	653	219	275	27	69	12,358	..	14,081	31. Nottingham.
221	835	2,248	1,215	2,456	394	203	187	3	15	7,777	..	8,983	32. Derby.
1,356	4,951	11,858	8,209	17,101	3,088	987	1,183	35	104	48,872	39	55,437	- - Totals.
													VIII. NORTH WESTERN.
306	1,765	4,344	1,808	4,477	906	299	340	9	42	14,296	..	16,918	33. Chester.
3,040	11,461	27,871	5,892	16,967	2,428	1,300	1,527	10	135	70,631	19	88,593	34. Lancaster.
3,346	13,226	32,215	7,700	21,444	3,334	1,599	1,867	19	177	84,927	19	105,511	- - Totals.
													IX.—YORK.
1,353	6,514	16,200	5,285	13,092	1,983	779	836	22	196	46,260	20	52,610	35. West Riding.
138	816	2,058	1,038	2,729	453	214	198	..	..	7,644	..	9,295	36. East Riding.
189	793	1,843	1,099	2,537	379	167	172	1	21	7,201	..	8,175	37. North Riding.
1,680	8,123	20,101	7,422	18,358	2,815	1,160	1,206	23	217	61,105	20	70,080	- - Totals.
													X. NORTHERN.
778	3,528	8,762	1,930	5,081	1,077	299	298	10	73	21,836	..	24,183	38. Durham.
384	2,157	5,191	1,590	4,597	691	270	273	9	42	15,204	..	16,896	39. Northumberland.
194	902	2,270	856	2,458	424	177	145	5	25	7,456	..	8,748	40. Cumberland.
39	159	434	283	594	139	52	36	..	20	1,756	..	2,118	41. Westmorland.
1,395	6,746	16,657	4,659	12,730	2,331	798	752	24	160	46,252	..	51,945	- - Totals.
													XI. WELSH.
209	1,085	2,709	1,437	3,180	1,011	168	216	5	15	10,035	..	11,060	42. Monmouth.
726	4,519	10,702	5,331	13,706	3,573	575	736	27	154	40,091	30	42,604	43. South Wales.
464	2,846	5,802	4,135	10,818	3,144	360	423	4	6	28,002	3	29,535	44. North Wales.
1,399	8,450	19,213	10,903	27,704	7,728	1,103	1,375	36	175	78,128	33	83,199	- - Totals.
31,277	103798	246,454	110389	255,879	50,557	14,995	18,577	446	1,588	834,475†	420	977,700	TOTALS of Unions, &c., in England and Wales.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Residue of the Kingdom.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	TOTALS of England and Wales.

† Including 515 Medical Relief cases not classified in the preceding columns.

No. 27.

PAUPERS OF ALL CLASSES.—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT, 1st July 1868 and 1869.

No. 27.—Paupers.—Comparative Statement, **1st July 1868 and 1869,** in 652 Unions and Single Parishes under Boards of Guardians, having a Population of 20,015,729 Persons; the entire Population of England and Wales being 20,066,224 (Census 1861).

DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.	Unions, &c.	NUMBER OF PAUPERS OF ALL CLASSES RELIEVED. ON 1st JULY 1868. In-door.	Out-door.	TOTAL.	ON 1st JULY 1869. In-door.	Out-door.	TOTAL.	Difference between 1st July 1869 and 1868. Incr.	Decr.	Difference per Cent. Inc.	Dec.
I. THE METROPOLIS.											
1.*Middlesex (part) -	25	26,174	71,749	97,923	26,112	68,720	94,832	- -	3,091	- -	3·2
2.*Surrey (part) -	9	7,040	22,251	29,291	6,829	22,612	29,441	150	- -	0·5	- -
3.*Kent (part) - -	3	1,716	8,621	10,337	1,634	9,907	11,541	1,204	- -	11·6	- -
Totals - -	37	34,930	102,621	137,551	34,575	101,239	135,814	- -	1,737	- -	1·3
II. SOUTH EASTERN.											
2.*Surrey (part) -	11	2,436	10,584	13,020	2,571	10,855	13,426	406	- -	3·1	- -
3.*Kent (part) - -	26	4,871	20,415	25,286	4,985	20,921	25,906	620	- -	2·5	- -
4. Sussex - - -	22	3,022	16,010	19,032	3,132	16,229	19,361	329	- -	1·7	- -
5. Southampton -	26	4,381	23,188	27,569	4,252	23,649	27,901	332	- -	1·2	- -
6. Berks - - -	12	1,685	9,985	11,670	1,741	9,950	11,691	21	- -	0·2	- -
Totals - -	97	16,395	80,182	96,577	16,681	81,604	98,285	1,708	- -	1·8	- -
III. SOUTH MIDLAND.											
1.*Middlesex (part) -	6	1,652	6,800	8,452	1,738	6,922	8,660	208	- -	2·5	- -
7. Hertford - -	12	1,323	9,914	11,237	1,354	10,000	11,354	117	- -	1·0	- -
8. Buckingham -	7	999	9,087	10,086	982	9,023	10,005	- -	81	- -	0·8
9. Oxford - - -	9	1,372	9,619	10,991	1,327	9,740	11,067	76	- -	0·7	- -
10. Northampton -	12	1,128	12,956	14,084	1,149	12,744	13,893	- -	191	- -	1·4
11. Huntingdon -	3	357	2,630	2,987	368	2,630	2,998	11	- -	0·4	- -
12. Bedford - -	6	884	8,568	9,452	763	8,359	9,122	- -	330	- -	3·5
13. Cambridge -	9	1,224	10,441	11,665	1,307	10,647	11,954	289	- -	2·5	- -
Totals	64	8,939	70,015	78,954	8,988	70,065	79,053	99	-	0·1	- -
IV. EASTERN.											
14. Essex - - -	17	3,569	22,372	25,941	3,458	23,144	26,602	661	- -	2·5	- -
15. Suffolk - - -	17	2,428	20,319	22,747	2,355	19,907	22,262	- -	485	- -	2·1
16. Norfolk - -	22	3,491	24,613	28,104	3,409	24,591	28,000	- -	104	- -	0·4
Totals - -	56	9,488	67,304	76,792	9,222	67,642	76,864	72	- -	0·1	- -
V. SOUTH WESTERN.											
17. Wilts - - -	17	1,849	15,380	17,229	1,872	15,432	17,304	75	- -	0·4	- -
18. Dorset - - -	12	1,022	12,079	13,101	1,040	12,058	13,098	- -	3	- -	0·0
19. Devon - - -	20	3,581	29,335	32,916	3,624	29,376	33,000	84	- -	0·3	- -
20. Cornwall - -	13	1,930	15,421	17,351	1,902	15,464	17,366	15	- -	0·1	- -
21. Somerset - -	17	3,229	27,130	30,359	3,086	27,919	31,005	646	- -	2·1	- -
Totals - -	79	11,611	99,345	110,956	11,524	100,249	111,773	817	- -	0·7	- -
VI. WEST MIDLAND.											
22. Gloucester - -	17	3,644	22,777	26,421	3,587	22,282	25,869	- -	552	- -	2·1
23. Hereford - -	7	685	5,675	6,360	662	5,679	6,341	- -	19	- -	0·3
24. Salop - - -	16	1,684	8,294	9,978	1,689	8,241	9,930	- -	48	- -	0·5

PAUPERS OF ALL CLASSES.—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT, **1st July 1868 and 1869**, &c.—*continued.*

DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.	Unions, &c.	NUMBER OF PAUPERS OF ALL CLASSES RELIEVED. ON 1ST JULY 1868. In-door.	Out-door.	TOTAL.	ON 1ST JULY 1869. In-door.	Out-door.	TOTAL.	Difference between 1st July 1869 and 1868. Incr.	Decr.	Difference per Cent. Inc.	Dec.
VI. WEST MIDLAND—*continued.*											
25. Stafford	17	4,402	28,541	32,943	4,177	28,269	32,446	-	497	-	1·5
26. Worcester	11	1,788	11,965	13,753	1,719	11,656	13,375	-	378	-	2·7
27. Warwick	14	3,806	17,712	21,518	3,822	17,956	21,778	260	-	1·2	-
Totals	82	16,009	94,964	110,973	15,656	94,083	109,739	-	1,234	-	1·1
VII. NORTH MIDLAND.											
28. Leicester	11	1,507	9,386	10,893	1,518	9,433	10,951	58	-	0·5	-
29. Rutland	2	119	1,038	1,157	128	1,056	1,184	27	-	2·3	-
30. Lincoln	14	2,086	18,115	20,201	2,029	18,209	20,238	37	-	0·2	-
31. Nottingham	9	1,598	12,668	14,266	1,723	12,358	14,081	-	185	-	1·3
32. Derby	9	1,180	7,421	8,601	1,206	7,777	8,983	382	-	4·4	-
Totals	45	6,490	48,628	55,118	6,604	48,833	55,437	319	-	0·6	-
VIII. NORTH WESTERN.											
33. Chester	12	2,632	14,541	17,173	2,622	14,296	16,918	-	255	-	1·5
34. Lancaster	28	17,998	66,500	84,498	17,981	70,612	88,593	4,095	-	4·8	-
Totals	40	20,630	81,041	101,671	20,603	84,908	105,511	3,840	-	3·8	-
IX. YORK.											
35. West Riding	35	6,391	45,638	52,029	6,370	46,240	52,610	581	-	1·1	-
36. East Riding	10	1,639	7,634	9,273	1,651	7,644	9,295	22	-	0·2	-
37. North Riding	15	955	6,901	7,856	951	7,043	7,994	138	-	1·8	-
Totals	60	8,985	60,173	69,158	8,972	60,927	69,899	741	-	1·1	-
X. NORTHERN.											
38. Durham	15	2,330	21,312	23,642	2,347	21,836	24,183	541	-	2·3	-
39. Northumberland	12	1,774	15,362	17,136	1,692	15,204	16,896	-	240	-	1·4
40. Cumberland	9	1,280	7,256	8,536	1,292	7,456	8,748	212	-	2·5	-
41. Westmorland	3	340	1,769	2,109	362	1,756	2,118	9	-	0·4	-
Totals	39	5,724	45,699	51,423	5,693	46,252	51,945	522	-	1·0	-
XI. WELSH.											
42. Monmouth	6	1,088	9,985	11,073	1,025	10,035	11,060	-	13	-	0·1
43. South Wales	28	2,435	38,724	41,159	2,543	40,061	42,604	1,445	-	3·5	-
44. North Wales	19	1,509	28,473	29,982	1,536	27,999	29,535	-	447	-	1·5
Totals	53	5,032	77,182	82,214	5,104	78,095	83,199	985	-	1·2	-
TOTALS of Unions, &c. in England and Wales	652	144,233	827,154	971,387	143,622	833,897	977,519	6,132	-	0·6	-
Residue of the Kingdom	No Return.		..	..	..	..	..	..		..	
TOTALS of England and Wales	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	

No. 28.

ADULT ABLE-BODIED PAUPERS.—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT, 1st July 1868 and 1869.

Number of Paupers.

No. 28.—Adult Able-bodied Paupers (Male and Female, but exclusive of Vagrants).—Comparative Statement, **1st July 1868 and 1869,** in 652 Unions and Single Parishes under Boards of Guardians, having a Population of 20,015,729 Persons; the entire Population of England and Wales being 20,066,224 (Census 1861).

DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.	Unions, &c.	NUMBER OF *ADULT*† *ABLE-BODIED* PAUPERS RELIEVED. ON 1st JULY 1868. In-door.	Out-door.	TOTAL.	ON 1st JULY 1869. In-door.	Out-door.	TOTAL.	Difference between 1st July 1869 and 1868. Incr.	Decr.	Difference per Cent. Inc.	Dec.
I. THE METROPOLIS.											
1.*Middlesex (part)	25	3,541	15,016	18,557	4,021	13,967	17,988	-	569	-	3·1
2.*Surrey (part)	9	1,219	4,529	5,748	1,110	4,748	5,858	110	-	1·9	-
3.*Kent (part)	3	342	2,020	2,362	319	2,345	2,664	302	-	12·8	-
Totals	37	5,102	21,565	26,667	5,450	21,060	26,510	-	157	-	0·6
II. SOUTH EASTERN.											
2.*Surrey (part)	11	238	1,782	2,020	276	1,845	2,121	101	-	5·0	-
3.*Kent (part)	26	681	2,880	3,561	716	3,067	3,783	222	-	6·2	-
4. Sussex	22	271	2,644	2,915	301	2,542	2,843	-	72	-	2·5
5. Southampton	26	732	4,125	4,857	782	3,949	4,731	-	126	-	2·6
6. Berks	12	229	2,066	2,295	225	2,094	2,319	24	-	1·0	-
Totals	97	2,151	13,497	15,648	2,300	13,497	15,797	149	-	1·0	-
III. SOUTH MIDLAND.											
1.*Middlesex (part)	6	169	1,424	1,593	181	1,418	1,599	6	-	0·4	-
7. Hertford	12	135	1,701	1,836	141	1,658	1,799	-	37	-	2·0
8. Buckingham	7	120	1,550	1,670	128	1,532	1,660	-	10	-	0·6
9. Oxford	9	153	1,492	1,645	155	1,400	1,555	-	90	-	5·5
10. Northampton	12	132	2,196	2,328	134	2,127	2,261	-	67	-	2·9
11. Huntingdon	3	51	324	375	54	338	392	17	-	4·5	-
12. Bedford	6	108	1,333	1,441	119	1,261	1,380	-	61	-	4·2
13. Cambridge	9	213	1,717	1,930	214	1,679	1,893	-	37	-	1·9
Totals	64	1,081	11,737	12,818	1,126	11,413	12,539	-	279	-	2·2
IV. EASTERN.											
14. Essex	17	458	4,483	4,941	398	4,678	5,076	135	-	2·7	-
15. Suffolk	17	441	3,445	3,886	411	3,346	3,757	-	129	-	3·3
16. Norfolk	22	629	3,930	4,559	683	4,021	4,704	145	-	3·2	-
Totals	56	1,528	11,858	13,386	1,492	12,045	13,537	151	-	1·1	-
V. SOUTH WESTERN.											
17. Wilts	17	301	2,312	2,613	302	2,217	2,519	-	94	-	3·6
18. Dorset	12	134	1,611	1,745	127	1,574	1,701	-	44	-	2·5
19. Devon	20	513	3,452	3,965	492	3,473	3,965	-	-	-	-
20. Cornwall	13	227	2,158	2,385	212	2,081	2,293	-	92	-	3·9
21. Somerset	17	315	3,363	3,678	324	3,479	3,803	125	-	3·4	-
Totals	79	1,490	12,896	14,386	1,457	12,824	14,281	-	105	-	0·7
VI. WEST MIDLAND.											
22. Gloucester	17	629	3,643	4,272	650	3,128	3,778	-	494	-	11·6
23. Hereford	7	103	780	883	93	725	818	-	65	-	7·4
24. Salop	16	208	979	1,187	216	1,022	1,238	51	-	4·3	-

† The term "Adult" has, in the Tables of Pauperism, been always applied to Paupers aged 16 years and upwards.

Adult Able-bodied Paupers.—Comparative Statement, **1st July 1868 and 1869**, &c.—*continued.*

DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.	Unions, &c.	NUMBER OF *ADULT ABLE-BODIED* PAUPERS RELIEVED. On 1st July 1868. In-door.	Out-door.	TOTAL.	On 1st July 1869. In-door.	Out-door.	TOTAL.	Difference between 1st July 1869 and 1868. Incr.	Decr.	Difference per Cent. Inc.	Dec.
VI. WEST MIDLAND—*continued.*											
25. Stafford - -	17	747	5,010	5,757	571	4,604	5,175	- -	582	- -	10·1
26. Worcester - -	11	193	1,909	2,102	146	1,646	1,792	- -	310	- -	14·7
27. Warwick - -	14	478	2,446	2,924	435	2,439	2,874	- -	50	- -	1·7
Totals - -	82	2,358	14,767	17,125	2,111	13,564	15,675	- -	1,450	- -	8·5
VII. NORTH MIDLAND.											
28. Leicester - -	11	221	1,325	1,546	232	1,318	1,550	4	- -	0·3	- -
29. Rutland - -	2	19	167	186	20	167	187	1	- -	0·5	- -
30. Lincoln - -	14	237	2,030	2,267	227	1,999	2,226	- -	41	- -	1·8
31. Nottingham - -	9	315	1,753	2,068	296	1,767	2,063	- -	5	- -	0·2
32. Derby - - -	9	133	989	1,122	150	1,056	1,206	84	- -	7·5	- -
Totals - -	45	925	6,264	7,189	925	6,307	7,232	43	- -	0·6	- -
VIII. NORTH WESTERN.											
33. Chester - -	12	388	2,041	2,429	448	2,071	2,519	90	- -	3·7	- -
34. Lancaster - -	28	2,076	13,129	15,205	1,992	14,501	16,493	1,288	- -	8·5	- -
Totals - -	40	2,464	15,170	17,634	2,440	16,572	19,012	1,378	- -	7·8	- -
IX. YORK.											
35. West Riding -	35	777	8,043	8,820	847	7,867	8,714	- -	106	- -	1·2
36. East Riding -	10	223	963	1,186	205	954	1,159	- -	27	- -	2·3
37. North Riding -	15	101	896	997	91	975	1,066	69	- -	6·9	- -
Totals - -	60	1,101	9,902	11,003	1,143	9,796	10,939	- -	64	- -	0·6
X. NORTHERN.											
38. Durham - -	15	246	4,278	4,524	245	4,306	4,551	27	- -	0·6	- -
39. Northumberland -	12	231	2,613	2,844	206	2,541	2,747	- -	97	- -	3·4
40. Cumberland -	9	189	999	1,188	196	1,096	1,292	104	- -	8·8	- -
41. Westmorland -	3	41	176	217	47	198	245	28	- -	12·9	- -
Totals - -	39	707	8,066	8,773	694	8,141	8,835	62	- -	0·7	- -
XI. WELSH.											
42. Monmouth - -	6	121	1,222	1,343	106	1,294	1,400	57	- -	4·2	- -
43. South Wales -	28	397	5,157	5,554	422	5,245	5,667	113	- -	2·0	- -
44. North Wales -	19	236	3,446	3,682	231	3,310	3,541	- -	141	- -	3·8
Totals - -	53	754	9,825	10,579	759	9,849	10,608	29	- -	0·3	- -
Totals of Unions, &c. in England and Wales - - -	652	19,661	135,547	155,208	19,897	135,068	154,965	- -	243	- -	0·2
Residue of the Kingdom - - -	No Return.		..	..	..	..	..	..		..	
Totals of England and Wales - -	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	

No. 29.

RETURN OF PAUPERISM.—REMARKS, 1st January 1870.

(D.)
Number of Paupers.

No. 29.

RETURN OF PAUPERISM.—REMARKS, NUMBER OF PAUPERS on the 1st January 1870.

THE present publication contains the Tabulated Returns of Unions and Single Parishes under Boards of Guardians; but in respect of two places, namely, the Incorporation of Shrewsbury and that of Montgomery and Pool, the Returns are limited to the number of *In-door* paupers relieved.

Pauperism, 1st January.

The aggregate population of the 649* places by the Census of 1861 was 20,053,676; and the total number of paupers on the 1st January 1870 was—

In-door.	Out-door.	GROSS TOTAL.	Deduct Persons relieved both In-door and Out-door, on the 1st January.	NET TOTAL.
169,471	915,727	1,085,198	377	1,084,821

This gives the proportion of paupers as 1 in 18, or 5·4 per cent. on the actual population, according to the Census of 1861.

First Table.

The first table exhibits the number of males, females, and children, and the number of vagrants, the latter being returned without distinction of sex, relieved in-door and out-door, and Medical Relief cases not classified.

TABLE I.

PAUPERS, 1st January 1870.	Total Number.	Whereof were	
		In-door.	Out-door.
Males - - -	234,769	58,076	176,693
Females - - - - -	452,434	50,379	402,055
Children under 16 - -	392,126	56,869	335,257
Vagrants - - - -	5,430	4,147	1,283
Unclassified Medical Relief Cases - - - -	439	- - -	439
GRAND TOTALS - -	1,085,198	169,471	915,727

Second Table.

The second table exhibits the number of able-bodied, not able-bodied, insane, and vagrants relieved in-door and out-door.

* Inclusive of three new Unions.

(D.)
Number of Paupers.

TABLE II.

PAUPERS, 1st January 1870.	Total Number.	Whereof were	
		In-door.	Out-door.
Able-bodied - - -	496,615	51,169	445,446
Not Able-bodied - -	536,370	102,783	433,587
Insane - - - -	46,344	11,372	34,972
Vagrants - - - -	5,430	4,147	1,283
Unclassified Medical Relief Cases - - - -	439	- - -	439
GRAND TOTALS - -	1,085,198	169,471	915,727

Third Table.

The third table exhibits the able-bodied, not able-bodied, and insane paupers, classed as males, females, and children under 16; the vagrants not being returned in this manner are given in the "Total;" children relieved with "able-bodied" parents are classed as *able-bodied;* but children relieved without their parents, or relieved with parents who are "not able-bodied," are classed as *not able-bodied.*

TABLE III.

PAUPERS, 1st January 1870.	ADULTS.		Children under 16.	TOTAL NUMBER.
	Males.	Females.		
Able-bodied - - -	57,234	136,855	302,526	496,615
Not Able-bodied - - -	157,452	290,244	88,674	536,370
Insane - - - -	20,083	25,335	926	46,344
Vagrants - - - -	Sex not stated.		- -	5,430
Unclassified Medical Relief Cases - - - -	- -	- -	- -	439
TOTALS - -	234,769	452,434	392,126	1,085,198

Fourth Table. Comparison of 1st January 1870 and 1869.

Comparing the numbers returned on the 1st January 1870 with those at the same date in 1869, the figures stand thus:—

TABLE IV.

DATE.	Number of Unions, &c.	In-door Paupers.	Out-door Paupers.	TOTAL.
1st January - 1869	655	168,417	878,152	1,046,569
1st January - 1870	646*	169,316	914,216	1,083,532

* The area of the 646 Unions returned in 1870 is identical with that of the 655 entered against 1869; the difference in number arises from the absorption of nine Unions by amalgamation.

(D.)
Number of Paupers.

Fifth Table.

The number of paupers of all classes in receipt of relief on the 1st of January 1869 and 1870, with the increase, is exhibited in the next Table.

TABLE V.

DATE.	Unions and Single Parishes.	Number of Paupers in Receipt of Relief.	Difference.		Difference per Cent.	
			Incr.	Decr.	Incr.	Decr.
1 January 1869 -	655	1,046,569	—		—	
1 January 1870 -	646	1,083,532	36,963	—	3·5	—

Sixth Table.

The number of adult able-bodied paupers on the 1st January 1869 and 1870 is shown by the next Table.

TABLE VI.

DATE.	Unions and Single Parishes.	Number of *Adult Able-bodied* Paupers.	Difference.		Difference per Cent.	
			Incr.	Decr.	Incr.	Decr.
1 January 1869 -	655	183,162	—		—	
1 January 1870 -	646	193,862	10,700	—	5·8	—

The Population, according to the Census of 1861, is printed opposite to each Union-County.

Poor Law Board, Whitehall, 17th February 1870. } FREDERICK PURDY, Principal of the Statistical Department.

No. 30.

RETURN OF PAUPERS.—SUMMARY, 1st January 1870.

Number of Paupers.

No. 30.—Return of Paupers.—Summary, In-door and Out-door, on the a Population of 20,053,676 Persons ; the entire Population of

DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.	Unions and Single Parishes under Boards of Guardians.	Number of Parishes.	Population, 1861.	IN-DOOR.										
				Able-Bodied.			Not Able-Bodied.			Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots.			Vagrants relieved in the Workhouse.	Total in the Workhouse.
				Males.	Females.	Children under 16.	Males.	Females.	Children under 16.	Males.	Females.	Children under 16.		
I. THE METROPOLIS.														
1.*Middlesex (part) -	23	162	2,029,192	2,210	3,281	2,479	6,107	7,163	5,123	501	785	44	1,051	28,744
2.*Surrey (part) - -	5	17	579,748	569	823	653	1,658	1,652	1,781	110	155	12	274	7,687
3.*Kent (part) - -	3	11	193,427	171	249	92	295	366	648	14	17	2	22	1,876
Totals - -	31	190	2,802,367	2,950	4,353	3,224	8,060	9,181	7,552	625	957	58	1,347	38,307
II. SOUTH EASTERN.														
2.*Surrey (part) -	11	139	261,498	258	258	250	970	448	825	52	89	..	98	3,248
3.*Kent (part) - -	26	418	543,549	812	786	1,115	1,797	810	1,196	130	151	9	83	6,889
4. Sussex - - -	23	326	366,639	512	391	550	1,141	528	857	112	103	9	135	4,338
5. Southampton -	26	353	467,353	569	677	777	1,085	504	1,150	163	206	9	114	5,254
6. Berks - - -	12	240	205,625	194	253	265	581	231	572	48	71	3	41	2,259
Totals - -	98	1,476	1,844,664	2,345	2,365	2,957	5,574	2,521	4,600	505	620	30	471	21,988
III. SOUTH MIDLAND.														
1.*Middlesex (part) -	6	58	187,325	165	167	192	719	360	445	23	29	3	41	2,144
7. Hertford - -	12	165	177,452	167	164	229	725	244	338	42	54	..	52	2,015
8. Buckingham -	7	195	147,186	139	160	262	383	134	196	30	35	6	28	1,373
9. Oxford - - -	9	297	171,057	147	173	281	367	165	383	39	60	1	66	1,682
10. Northampton -	12	332	230,964	141	142	213	340	128	397	62	71	4	14	1,512
11. Huntingdon -	3	88	59,137	57	67	104	169	45	104	7	11	2	10	576
12. Bedford - -	6	138	140,479	179	96	163	300	73	196	22	30	1	38	1,098
13. Cambridge - -	9	174	181,552	253	269	425	500	146	309	28	36	3	16	1,985
Totals - -	64	1,447	1,295,152	1,248	1,238	1,869	3,503	1,295	2,368	253	326	20	265	12,385
IV. EASTERN.														
14. Essex - - - -	17	372	379,699	483	424	550	1,291	558	952	88	94	6	30	4,476
15. Suffolk - - -	17	531	335,409	394	396	588	764	247	555	55	65	1	7	3,072
16. Norfolk - - -	22	743	427,417	468	526	825	880	354	731	99	138	6	25	4,052
Totals - -	56	1,646	1,142,525	1,345	1,346	1,963	2,935	1,159	2,238	242	297	13	62	11,600
V. SOUTH WESTERN.														
17. Wilts - - -	17	315	236,027	235	323	444	479	179	563	50	69	3	26	2,371
18. Dorset - - -	12	287	182,193	69	113	202	308	170	332	31	35	4	15	1,279
19. Devon - - -	20	474	589,159	153	506	707	968	649	812	124	161	10	25	4,115
20. Cornwall - -	13	221	362,409	13	257	320	402	392	581	34	59	1	4	2,063
21. Somerset - -	17	495	463,286	198	308	415	917	502	881	123	159	13	41	3,557
Totals - -	79	1,792	1,833,074	668	1,507	2,088	3,074	1,892	3,169	362	483	31	111	13,385
VI. WEST MIDLAND.														
22. Gloucester - -	17	363	442,983	403	534	497	923	496	799	185	271	12	57	4,177
23. Hereford - -	7	219	106,796	72	97	148	192	60	226	21	26	1	1	844
24. Salop - - -	16	303	260,229	87	225	309	502	202	436	31	86	2	34	1,914

Number of Paupers.

1st January 1870, in 649 Unions and Single Parishes under Boards of Guardians, having England and Wales being 20,066,224 (Census 1861).

OUT-DOOR.											Deduct Persons Relieved, both In-door and Out-door on the 1st January, &c.	Net Total of Persons Relieved.	DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.
Able-Bodied.			Not Able-Bodied.			Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots.			Vagrants relieved out of the Workhouse.	Total out of the Workhouse.			
Males.	Females.	Children under 16.	Males.	Females.	Children under 16.	Males.	Females.	Children under 16.					
													I. THE METROPOLIS.
6,642	14,718	33,709	5,651	17,708	3,365	1,833	2,599	55	280	86,560	1	115,303	1.*Middlesex (part).
2,234	4,257	12,502	1,941	4,813	1,349	507	810	17	..	28,430	4	36,113	2.*Surrey (part).
1,000	2,310	5,219	802	2,396	396	155	270	..	..	12,548	..	14,424	3.*Kent (part).
9,876	21,285	51,430	8,394	24,917	5,110	2,495	3,679	72	280	127,538	5	165,840	- - Totals.
													II. SOUTH EASTERN.
926	1,641	4,060	1,754	3,394	763	195	308	3	12	13,056	7	16,297	2.*Surrey (part).
1,126	2,989	7,205	3,256	7,076	1,386	390	514	5	29	23,976	26	30,839	3.*Kent (part).
1,229	2,222	5,786	2,835	5,446	1,386	313	408	7	2	19,634	1	23,971	4. Sussex.
1,484	3,229	7,021	3,529	7,988	1,859	382	453	14	..	25,959	..	31,213	5. Southampton.
1,018	1,524	2,943	1,702	2,994	487	238	292	11	11	11,220	..	13,479	6. Berks.
5,783	11,605	27,015	13,076	26,898	5,881	1,518	1,975	40	54	93,845	34	115,799	- - Totals.
													III. SOUTH MIDLAND.
994	1,607	3,923	864	2,006	210	101	221	2	..	9,928	28	12,044	1.*Middlesex (part).
611	1,319	3,029	1,639	3,391	599	170	191	5	..	10,954	..	12,969	7. Hertford.
489	1,215	2,394	1,602	3,174	485	143	211	2	2	9,717	..	11,090	8. Buckingham.
578	1,012	2,238	1,917	3,392	728	177	231	8	6	10,287	..	11,969	9. Oxford.
799	1,849	3,688	2,215	4,207	683	229	262	7	18	13,957	9	15,460	10. Northampton.
162	382	530	501	1,066	97	46	68	1	..	2,853	..	3,429	11. Huntingdon.
565	1,136	2,563	1,554	2,823	537	126	150	9	..	9,463	..	10,561	12. Bedford.
631	1,341	2,889	1,778	3,920	588	149	177	9	1	11,483	..	13,468	13. Cambridge.
4,829	9,861	21,254	12,070	23,979	3,927	1,141	1,511	43	27	78,642	37	90,990	- - Totals.
													IV. EASTERN.
1,831	3,459	8,611	3,270	6,292	1,208	302	438	11	3	25,425	5	29,896	14. Essex.
1,109	2,453	5,568	3,575	6,389	1,200	280	383	22	52	21,031	70	24,033	15. Suffolk.
1,404	3,110	5,988	4,031	8,895	1,628	329	476	7	3	25,871	1	29,922	16. Norfolk.
4,344	9,022	20,167	10,876	21,576	4,036	911	1,297	40	58	72,327	76	83,851	- - Totals.
													V. SOUTH WESTERN.
789	1,706	3,714	2,963	5,587	1,205	264	345	11	11	16,595	11	18,955	17. Wilts.
469	1,257	2,866	2,237	4,546	1,058	172	203	4	7	12,819	62	14,036	18. Dorset.
984	2,894	6,477	5,522	11,763	2,230	410	598	32	3	30,913	39	34,989	19. Devon.
363	1,881	4,486	2,077	5,508	1,123	204	273	3	..	15,918	1	17,980	20. Cornwall.
1,149	2,767	6,436	5,441	10,267	2,425	368	477	19	6	29,355	..	32,912	21. Somerset.
3,754	10,505	23,979	18,240	37,671	8,041	1,418	1,896	69	27	105,600	113	118,872	- - Totals.
													VI. WEST MIDLAND.
963	2,733	6,077	3,493	7,599	1,888	419	480	19	31	23,702	1	27,878	22. Gloucester.
165	509	1,393	1,045	1,909	454	133	176	4	1	5,789	..	6,633	23. Hereford.
262	951	2,128	1,343	2,867	445	216	278	14	2	8,506	..	10,420	24. Salop.

Number of Paupers.

RETURN OF PAUPERS.—SUMMARY, In-door and Out-door, on the **1st January 1870**, England and Wales being

DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.	Unions and Single Parishes under Boards of Guardians.	Number of Parishes.	Population, 1861.	IN-DOOR. Able-Bodied. Males.			Not Able-Bodied. Males.			Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots. Males.			Vagrants relieved in the Workhouse.	Total in the Workhouse.
				Males.	Females.	Children under 16.	Males.	Females.	Children under 16.	Males.	Females.	Children under 16.		
VI. WEST MIDLAND—*cont.*														
25. Stafford - -	17	279	769,067	263	493	608	1,139	547	1,030	156	229	25	90	4,580
26. Worcester - -	11	233	294,901	67	133	258	596	320	421	27	64	12	46	1,944
27. Warwick - -	14	272	561,334	213	399	559	1,215	642	843	131	165	15	97	4,279
Totals - -	82	1,669	2,435,310	1,105	1,881	2,379	4,567	2,267	3,755	551	841	67	325	17,738
VII. NORTH MIDLAND.														
28. Leicester - -	11	350	243,636	214	263	336	479	187	358	107	76	8	33	2,061
29. Rutland - -	2	67	23,479	24	18	34	51	12	30	4	4	..	3	180
30. Lincoln - - -	14	751	403,850	170	254	407	801	235	593	57	86	1	36	2,640
31. Nottingham - -	9	305	323,784	143	246	252	560	248	330	115	131	14	26	2,065
32. Derby - - -	9	279	294,326	118	140	190	329	146	365	53	76	3	50	1,470
Totals - -	45	1,752	1,289,075	669	921	1,219	2,220	828	1,676	336	373	26	148	8,416
VIII. NORTH WESTERN.														
33. Chester - - -	12	469	469,577	241	356	353	575	275	643	126	154	9	60	2,792
34. Lancaster - -	29	480	2,465,203	826	1,555	1,658	5,035	4,149	4,432	916	1,120	133	376	20,200
Totals - -	41	949	2,934,780	1,067	1,911	2,011	5,610	4,424	5,075	1,042	1,274	142	436	22,992
IX. YORK.														
35. West Riding - -	35	704	1,529,513	500	714	704	2,016	844	1,318	344	406	39	399	7,284
36. East Riding - -	10	373	273,674	87	192	263	449	242	480	54	97	6	66	1,936
37. North Riding -	16	493	211,101	26	78	154	247	163	312	30	48	2	72	1,132
Totals - -	61	1,570	2,014,288	613	984	1,121	2,712	1,249	2,110	428	551	47	537	10,352
X. NORTHERN.														
38. Durham - -	15	314	542,125	76	257	321	668	373	675	100	105	6	180	2,761
39. Northumberland -	12	541	342,997	83	232	267	366	246	466	69	76	8	158	1,971
40. Cumberland - -	9	208	205,264	61	196	264	292	151	321	47	57	2	4	1,395
41. Westmorland -	3	110	60,946	18	44	82	106	42	76	17	16	1	17	419
Totals - -	39	1,173	1,151,332	238	729	934	1,432	812	1,538	233	254	17	359	6,546
XI. WELSH.														
42. Monmouth - -	6	164	196,977	32	88	172	369	155	311	22	48	4	27	1,228
43. South Wales - -	28	683	699,649	88	405	524	532	314	790	49	82	5	41	2,830
44. North Wales - -	19	372	414,483	56	237	319	349	133	434	67	78	13	18	1,704
Totals - -	53	1,219	1,311,109	176	730	1,015	1,250	602	1,535	138	208	22	86	5,762
TOTALS of Unions, &c. in England and Wales -	649	14,883	20,053,676	12,424	17,965	20,780	40,937	26,230	35,616	4,715	6,184	473	4,147	169,471
Residue of the Kingdom - - -	..	11	12,548	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTALS of England and Wales -	..	14,894*	20,066,224	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Inclusive of the Scilly Islands.

in 649 Unions, &c., having a Population of 20,053,676 Persons; the entire Population of 20,066,224—*continued.*

OUT-DOOR.											Deduct Persons Relieved, both In-door and Out-door on the 1st January, &c.	Net Total of Persons Relieved.	DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.
ABLE-BODIED.			NOT ABLE-BODIED.			LUNATICS, INSANE PERSONS, AND IDIOTS.			Vagrants relieved out of the Workhouse.	Total out of the Workhouse.			
Males.	Females.	Children under 16.	Males.	Females.	Children under 16.	Males.	Females.	Children under 16.					
													VI. WEST MIDLAND—*cont.*
1,058	3,438	9,587	3,451	7,348	1,671	509	523	11	61	28,096	37	32,639	25. Stafford.
553	1,214	3,160	1,872	3,791	955	294	326	15	..	12,180	4	14,120	26. Worcester.
837	2,192	5,834	2,534	5,699	1,331	521	637	17	1	19,603	..	23,882	27. Warwick.
3,838	11,037	28,179	13,738	29,213	6,744	2,092	2,420	80	96	97,876	42	115,572	- - Totals.
													VII. NORTH MIDLAND.
397	1,128	2,695	1,752	3,384	407	242	309	3	..	10,317	16	12,362	28. Leicester.
49	129	294	196	394	55	22	18	..	..	1,157	3	1,334	29. Rutland.
470	1,721	3,990	3,304	7,079	1,576	302	384	5	19	18,850	..	21,490	30. Lincoln.
472	1,400	3,390	2,030	4,131	597	225	272	7	13	12,537	..	14,602	31. Nottingham.
237	899	2,339	1,238	2,512	411	200	195	7	8	8,046	..	9,516	32. Derby.
1,625	5,277	12,708	8,520	17,500	3,046	991	1,178	22	40	50,907	19	59,304	- - Totals.
													VIII. NORTH WESTERN.
338	1,807	4,397	1,826	4,593	952	277	327	6	57	14,580	..	17,372	33. Chester.
5,226	13,862	33,857	6,500	17,909	2,561	1,327	1,446	12	117	82,817	20	102,997	34. Lancaster.
5,564	15,669	38,254	8,326	22,502	3,513	1,604	1,773	18	174	97,397	20	120,369	- - Totals.
													IX. YORK.
1,684	7,178	17,958	5,654	13,735	2,080	833	883	19	205	50,229	14	57,499	35. West Riding.
171	888	2,174	1,096	2,793	466	211	197	1	..	7,997	..	9,933	36. East Riding.
216	835	2,029	1,106	2,549	348	163	174	1	6	7,427	..	8,559	37. North Riding.
2,071	8,901	22,161	7,856	19,077	2,894	1,207	1,254	21	211	65,653	14	75,991	- - Totals.
													X. NORTHERN.
885	3,666	9,213	1,961	5,198	1,144	307	293	8	54	22,729	..	25,490	38. Durham.
394	2,169	5,178	1,533	4,584	666	281	279	7	2	15,093	4	17,060	39. Northumberland.
215	936	2,359	894	2,485	420	185	141	2	47	7,684	..	9,079	40. Cumberland.
38	156	414	284	607	141	48	46	..	3	1,737	..	2,156	41. Westmorland.
1,532	6,927	17,164	4,672	12,874	2,371	821	759	17	106	47,243	4	53,785	- - Totals.
													XI. WELSH.
302	1,177	2,824	1,458	3,174	969	198	230	3	88	10,423	..	11,651	42. Monmouth.
839	4,900	10,902	5,083	13,880	3,456	601	763	20	119	40,563	12	43,381	43. South Wales.
453	2,724	5,709	4,206	10,753	3,070	371	416	8	3	27,713	1	29,416	44. North Wales.
1,594	8,801	19,435	10,747	27,807	7,495	1,170	1,409	31	210	78,699	13	84,448	- - Totals.
44,810	118,890	281,746	116,515	264,014	53,058	15,368	19,151	453	1283	915,727†	377	1,084,821	TOTALS of Unions, &c. in England and Wales.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Residue of the Kingdom.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	TOTALS of England and Wales.

† Including 439 Medical Relief cases not classified in the preceding columns.

No. 31.

PAUPERS OF ALL CLASSES.—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT, 1st January 1869 and 1870.

Number of Paupers.

No. 31.—Paupers of All Classes.—Comparative Statement, **1st January 1869 and 1870**, in 646 Unions and Single Parishes under Boards of Guardians, having a Population of 20,023,118 Persons; the entire Population of England and Wales being 20,066,224 (Census 1861).

DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.	Unions, &c.	NUMBER OF PAUPERS OF ALL CLASSES RELIEVED — ON 1st JANUARY 1869.			ON 1st JANUARY 1870.			Difference between 1st Jan. 1870 and 1869.		Difference per Cent.	
		In-door.	Out-door.	TOTAL.	In-door.	Out-door.	TOTAL.	Incr.	Decr.	Inc.	Dec.
I. THE METROPOLIS.											
1.*Middlesex (part)	23	28,790	81,376	110,166	28,744	86,559	115,303	5,137	-	4·7	-
2.*Surrey (part)	5	7,837	24,846	32,683	7,687	28,426	36,113	3,430	-	10·5	-
3.*Kent (part)	3	1,837	11,423	13,260	1,876	12,548	14,424	1,164	-	8·8	-
Totals	31	38,464	117,645	156,109	38,307	127,533	165,840	9,731	-	6·2	-
II. SOUTH EASTERN.											
2.*Surrey (part)	11	3,087	11,350	14,437	3,248	13,049	16,297	1,860	-	12·9	-
3.*Kent (part)	26	6,271	22,423	28,694	6,889	23,950	30,839	2,145	-	7·5	-
4. Sussex	22	3,899	17,221	21,120	4,233	18,941	23,174	2,054	-	9·7	-
5. Southampton	26	5,194	24,903	30,097	5,254	25,959	31,213	1,116	-	3·7	-
6. Berks	12	2,080	10,792	12,872	2,259	11,220	13,479	607	-	4·7	-
Totals	97	20,531	86,689	107,220	21,883	93,119	115,002	7,782	-	7·3	-
III. SOUTH MIDLAND.											
1.*Middlesex (part)	6	2,101	8,621	10,722	2,144	9,900	12,044	1,322	-	12·3	-
7. Hertford	12	1,895	10,791	12,686	2,015	10,954	12,969	283	-	2·2	-
8. Buckingham	7	1,393	9,739	11,132	1,373	9,717	11,090	-	42	-	0·4
9. Oxford	9	1,783	10,397	12,180	1,682	10,287	11,969	-	211	-	1·7
10. Northampton	12	1,490	13,805	15,295	1,512	13,948	15,460	165	-	1·1	-
11. Huntingdon	3	498	2,814	3,312	576	2,853	3,429	117	-	3·5	-
12. Bedford	6	1,217	9,358	10,575	1,098	9,463	10,561	-	14	-	0·1
13. Cambridge	9	1,833	11,066	12,899	1,985	11,483	13,468	569	-	4·4	-
Totals	64	12,210	76,591	88,801	12,385	78,605	90,990	2,189	-	2·5	-
IV. EASTERN.											
14. Essex	17	4,668	24,426	29,094	4,476	25,420	29,896	802	-	2·8	-
15. Suffolk	17	3,261	21,255	24,516	3,072	20,961	24,033	-	483	-	2·0
16. Norfolk	22	4,377	25,476	29,853	4,052	25,871	29,922	69	-	0·2	-
Totals	56	12,306	71,157	83,463	11,600	72,251	83,851	388	-	0·5	-
V. SOUTH WESTERN.											
17. Wilts	17	2,473	16,274	18,747	2,371	16,584	18,955	208	-	1·1	-
18. Dorset	12	1,306	12,722	14,028	1,279	12,757	14,036	8	-	0·1	-
19. Devon	20	4,145	30,390	34,535	4,115	30,874	34,989	454	-	1·3	-
20. Cornwall	13	2,196	15,769	17,965	2,063	15,917	17,980	15	-	0·1	-
21. Somerset	17	3,636	28,231	31,867	3,557	29,355	32,912	1,045	-	3·3	-
Totals	79	13,756	103,386	117,142	13,385	105,487	118,872	1,730	-	1·5	-
VI. WEST MIDLAND.											
22. Gloucester	17	4,284	23,534	27,818	4,177	23,701	27,878	60	-	0·2	-
23. Hereford	7	833	5,655	6,488	844	5,789	6,633	145	-	2·2	-
24. Salop	16	1,947	8,214	10,161	1,914	8,506	10,420	259	-	2·5	-

PAUPERS OF ALL CLASSES.—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT, **1st January 1869 and 1870**, &c. —*continued.*

DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.	Unions, &c.	NUMBER OF PAUPERS OF ALL CLASSES RELIEVED — ON 1ST JANUARY 1869. In-door.	Out-door.	TOTAL.	ON 1ST JANUARY 1870. In-door.	Out-door.	TOTAL.	Difference between 1st Jan. 1870 and 1869. Incr.	Decr.	Difference per Cent. Inc.	Dec.
VI. WEST MIDLAND—*cont.*											
25. Stafford	17	4,798	27,550	32,348	4,580	28,059	32,639	291	- -	0·9	- -
26. Worcester	11	1,993	11,981	13,974	1,944	12,176	14,120	146	- -	1·0	- -
27. Warwick	14	4,260	19,136	23,396	4,279	19,603	23,882	486	- -	2·1	- -
Totals	82	18,115	96,070	114,185	17,738	97,834	115,572	1,387	- -	1·2	- -
VII. NORTH MIDLAND.											
28. Leicester	11	1,801	9,883	11,684	2,061	10,301	12,362	678	- -	5·8	- -
29. Rutland	2	158	1,292	1,450	180	1,154	1,334	- -	116	- -	8·0
30. Lincoln	14	2,578	18,883	21,461	2,640	18,850	21,490	29	- -	0·1	- -
31. Nottingham	9	1,836	13,069	14,905	2,065	12,537	14,602	- -	303	- -	2·0
32. Derby	9	1,357	7,831	9,188	1,470	8,046	9,516	328	- -	3·6	- -
Totals	45	7,730	50,958	58,688	8,416	50,888	59,304	616	- -	1·0	- -
VIII. NORTH WESTERN.											
33. Chester	12	3,081	15,110	18,191	2,792	14,580	17,372	- -	819	- -	4·5
34. Lancaster	28	19,852	73,401	93,253	20,173	82,521	102,694	9,441	- -	10·1	- -
Totals	40	22,933	88,511	111,444	22,965	97,101	120,066	8,622	- -	7·7	- -
IX. YORK.											
35. West Riding	35	7,227	46,320	53,547	7,284	50,215	57,499	3,952	- -	7·4	- -
36. East Riding	10	1,937	7,872	9,809	1,936	7,997	9,933	124	- -	1·3	- -
37. North Riding	15	1,113	7,186	8,299	1,109	7,261	8,370	71	- -	0·9	- -
Totals	60	10,277	61,378	71,655	10,329	65,473	75,802	4,147	- -	5·8	- -
X. NORTHERN.											
38. Durham	15	2,533	21,625	24,158	2,761	22,729	25,490	1,332	- -	5·5	- -
39. Northumberland	12	1,860	15,787	17,647	1,971	15,089	17,060	- -	587	- -	3·3
40. Cumberland	9	1,419	7,327	8,746	1,395	7,684	9,079	333	- -	3·8	- -
41. Westmorland	3	408	1,795	2,203	419	1,737	2,156	- -	47	- -	2·1
Totals	39	6,220	46,534	52,754	6,546	47,239	53,785	1,031	- -	2·0	- -
XI. WELSH.											
42. Monmouth	6	1,237	10,588	11,825	1,228	10,423	11,651	- -	174	- -	1·5
43. South Wales	28	2,845	39,918	42,763	2,830	40,551	43,381	618	- -	1·4	- -
44. North Wales	19	1,793	28,727	30,520	1,704	27,712	29,416	- -	1,104	- -	3·6
Totals	53	5,875	79,233	85,108	5,762	78,686	84,448	- -	660	- -	0·8
TOTALS of Unions, &c. in England and Wales	646	168,417	878,152	1,046,569	169,316	914,216	1,083,532	36,963	- -	3·5	- -
Residue of the Kingdom	No Return.		..	..	..	..	..	..		..	
TOTALS of England and Wales	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	

No. 32.

Adult Able-bodied Paupers.—Comparative Statement, 1st January 1869 and 1870.

No. 32.—Adult Able-bodied Paupers (Male and Female, but exclusive of Vagrants).—Comparative Statement, **1st January 1869 and 1870,** in 646 Unions and Single Parishes under Boards of Guardians, having a Population of 20,023,118 Persons; the entire Population of England and Wales being 20,066,224 (Census 1861).

DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.	Unions, &c.	NUMBER OF *ADULT*† *ABLE-BODIED* PAUPERS RELIEVED: ON 1st JANUARY 1869. In-door.	Out-door.	TOTAL.	ON 1st JANUARY 1870. In-door.	Out-door.	TOTAL.	Difference between 1st Jan. 1870 and 1869. Incr.	Decr.	Difference per Cent. Inc.	Dec.
I. THE METROPOLIS.											
1.*Middlesex (part) -	23	5,106	19,013	24,119	5,491	21,360	26,851	2,732	- -	11·3	- -
2.*Surrey (part) -	5	1,404	5,716	7,120	1,392	6,491	7,883	763	- -	10·7	- -
3.*Kent (part) - -	3	478	3,258	3,736	420	3,310	3,730	- -	6	- -	0·2
Totals - -	31	6,988	27,987	34,975	7,303	31,161	38,464	3,489	- -	10·0	- -
II. SOUTH EASTERN.											
2.*Surrey (part) -	11	479	1,985	2,464	516	2,567	3,083	619	- -	25·1	- -
3*Kent (part) - -	26	1,342	3,676	5,018	1,598	4,115	5,713	695	- -	13·9	- -
4. Sussex - - -	22	636	3,000	3,636	865	3,360	4,225	589	- -	16·2	- -
5. Southampton -	26	1,188	4,722	5,910	1,246	4,713	5,959	49	- -	0·8	- -
6. Berks - - -	12	386	2,437	2,823	447	2,542	2,989	166	- -	5·9	- -
Totals - -	97	4,031	15,820	19,851	4,672	17,297	21,969	2,118	- -	10·7	- -
III. SOUTH MIDLAND.											
1.*Middlesex (part) -	6	315	2,009	2,324	332	2,601	2,933	609	- -	26·2	- -
7. Hertford - -	12	349	1,975	2,324	331	1,930	2,261	- -	63	- -	2·7
8. Buckingham -	7	289	1,741	2,030	299	1,704	2,003	- -	27	- -	1·3
9. Oxford - - -	9	325	1,615	1,940	320	1,590	1,910	- -	30	- -	1·5
10. Northampton -	12	294	2,528	2,822	283	2,648	2,931	109	- -	3·9	- -
11. Huntingdon -	3	116	404	520	124	544	668	148	- -	28·5	- -
12. Bedford - -	6	312	1,680	1,992	275	1,701	1,976	- -	16	- -	0·8
13. Cambridge - -	9	447	1,907	2,354	522	1,972	2,494	140	- -	5·9	- -
Totals - -	64	2,447	13,859	16,306	2,486	14,690	17,176	870	- -	5·3	- -
IV. EASTERN.											
14. Essex - - -	17	1,089	5,091	6,180	907	5,290	6,197	17	- -	0·3	- -
15. Suffolk - - -	17	883	3,623	4,506	790	3,562	4,352	- -	154	- -	3·4
16. Norfolk - -	22	1,125	4,224	5,349	994	4,514	5,508	159	- -	3·0	- -
Totals - -	56	3,097	12,938	16,035	2,691	13,366	16,057	22	- -	0·1	- -
V. SOUTH WESTERN.											
17. Wilts - - -	17	564	2,314	2,878	558	2,495	3,053	175	- -	6·1	- -
18. Dorset - - -	12	219	1,817	2,036	182	1,726	1,908	- -	128	- -	6·3
19. Devon - - -	20	650	3,848	4,498	659	3,878	4,537	39	- -	0·9	- -
20. Cornwall - -	13	253	2,234	2,487	270	2,244	2,514	27	- -	1·1	- -
21. Somerset - -	17	489	3,611	4,100	506	3,916	4,422	322	- -	7·9	- -
Totals - -	79	2,175	13,824	15,999	2,175	14,259	16,434	435	- -	2·7	- -
VI. WEST MIDLAND.											
22. Gloucester - -	17	925	3,870	4,795	937	3,696	4,633	- -	162	- -	3·4
23. Hereford - -	7	150	705	855	169	674	843	- -	12	- -	1·4
24. Salop - - -	16	295	1,008	1,303	312	1,213	1,525	222	- -	17·0	- -

† The term "Adult" has, in the Tables of Pauperism, been always applied to Paupers aged 16 years and upwards.

(D.)
Number of Paupers.

ADULT ABLE-BODIED PAUPERS.—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT, **1st January 1869 and 1870**, &c. —*continued.*

DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.	Unions, &c.	NUMBER OF *ADULT ABLE-BODIED* PAUPERS RELIEVED						Difference between 1st Jan. 1870 and 1869.		Difference per Cent.	
		ON 1ST JANUARY 1869.			ON 1ST JANUARY 1870.						
		In-door.	Out-door.	TOTAL.	In-door.	Out-door.	TOTAL.	Incr.	Decr.	Inc.	Dec.
VI. WEST MIDLAND—*cont.*											
25. Stafford - - -	17	832	4,468	5,300	756	4,496	5,252	- -	48	- -	0·9
26. Worcester - - -	11	255	1,733	1,988	200	1,767	1,967	- -	21	- -	1·1
27. Warwick - - -	14	598	2,854	3,452	612	3,029	3,641	189	- -	5·5	- -
Totals - -	82	3,055	14,638	17,693	2,986	14,875	17,861	168	- -	0·9	- -
VII. NORTH MIDLAND.											
28. Leicester - - -	11	356	1,434	1,790	477	1,525	2,002	212	- -	11·8	- -
29. Rutland - - -	2	43	239	282	42	178	220	- -	62	- -	22·0
30. Lincoln - - -	14	376	2,265	2,641	424	2,191	2,615	- -	26	- -	1·0
31. Nottingham - -	9	385	1,997	2,382	389	1,872	2,261	- -	121	- -	5·1
32. Derby - - - -	9	182	1,086	1,268	258	1,136	1,394	126	- -	9·9	- -
Totals - - -	45	1,342	7,021	8,363	1,590	6,902	8,492	129	- -	1·5	- -
VIII. NORTH WESTERN.											
33. Chester - - -	12	603	2,276	2,879	597	2,145	2,742	- -	137	- -	4·8
34. Lancaster - - -	28	2,694	15,895	18,589	2,373	19,012	21,385	2,796	- -	15·0	- -
Totals - - -	40	3,297	18,171	21,468	2,970	21,157	24,127	2,659	- -	12·4	- -
IX. YORK.											
35. West Riding - -	35	1,077	8,210	9,287	1,214	8,862	10,076	789	- -	8·5	- -
36. East Riding - -	10	305	1,019	1,324	279	1,059	1,338	14	- -	1·1	- -
37. North Riding - -	15	133	1,015	1,148	102	1,039	1,141	- -	7	- -	0·6
Totals - - -	60	1,515	10,244	11,759	1,595	10,960	12,555	796	- -	6·8	- -
X. NORTHERN.											
38. Durham - - -	15	297	4,367	4,664	333	4,551	4,884	220	- -	4·7	- -
39. Northumberland -	12	284	2,761	3,045	315	2,563	2,878	- -	167	- -	5·5
40. Cumberland - -	9	245	1,063	1,308	257	1,151	1,408	100	- -	7·6	- -
41. Westmorland - -	3	67	212	279	62	194	256	- -	23	- -	8·2
Totals - - -	39	893	8,403	9,296	967	8,459	9,426	130	- -	1·4	- -
XI. WELSH.											
42. Monmouth - - -	6	175	1,478	1,653	120	1,479	1,599	- -	54	- -	3·3
43. South Wales - -	28	490	5,527	6,017	493	5,739	6,232	215	- -	3·6	- -
44. North Wales - -	19	321	3,426	3,747	293	3,177	3,470	- -	277	- -	7·4
Totals - - -	53	986	10,431	11,417	906	10,395	11,301	- -	116	- -	1·0
TOTALS of Unions, &c. in England and Wales -	646	29,826	153,336	183,162	30,341	163,521	193,862	10,700	- -	5·8	- -
Residue of the Kingdom -	No Return.		..	..	..	..	..	..		..	
TOTALS of England and Wales - - - -	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	

No. 33.

NUMBER OF PAUPERS.—SERIAL STATEMENT from 1858 to 1870.

Number of Paupers.

No. 33.

NUMBER OF PAUPERS on the **1st January** and on the **1st July**.—SERIAL
Single Parishes under Boards of

Number of Unions, &c.	Population comprised therein.	Number of Paupers in Receipt of Relief on the *First* Day of	IN-DOOR.									Vagrants Relieved in the Workhouse.	Total in the Workhouse.
			ABLE-BODIED.			NOT ABLE-BODIED.			LUNATICS, INSANE PERSONS, AND IDIOTS.				
			Males.	Females.	Children under 16.	Males.	Females.	Children under 16.	Males.	Females.	Children under 16.		
642	18,974,000	January 1858 -	7,671	16,382	21,047	27,372	21,898	32,132	3,049	4,134	372	1,593	135,650
642	19,047,000	July 1858 -	3,576	11,051	14,631	22,726	19,453	29,753	3,122	4,244	325	1,189	110,070
642	19,220,000	January 1859 -	6,389	13,709	16,679	27,307	20,931	29,839	3,467	4,666	318	1,273	124,578
645	19.334,000	July 1859 † -	3,136	9,844	12,149	22,287	19,011	27,365	3,348	4,573	314	1,270	103,297
645	19,460,000	January 1860 -	5,737	12,860	15,241	26,988	20,005	27,427	3,335	4,492	321	903	117,309
645	19,573,000	July 1860 -	3,260	9,848	12,142	23,047	18,927	25,544	3,344	4,646	319	1,146	102,223
646	19,900,000	January 1861 -	7,589	15,813	19,441	29,227	21,735	28,480	3,512	4,837	327	1,179	132,140
647	19,813,984	July 1861 § -	4,274	12,537	15,679	24,554	20,121	27,840	3,547	5,010	652	1,798	116,012
649	19,813,984	January 1862 -	8,737	17,841	22,247	31,091	22,745	29,899	3,546	4,912	345	1,828	143,191
651	19,833,064	July 1862 -	4,706	13,388	16,664	26,321	21,241	29,014	3,778	5,245	649	2,426	123.432
653	19,874,530	January 1863 -	9,098	17,403	21,224	32,344	23,447	30,599	3,799	5,210	381	2,692	146,197
655	19,885,921	July 1863 -	4,967	13,044	16,434	27,186	21,390	29,721	3,898	5,441	543	2,744	125,368
655	19,885,921	January 1864 -	7,733	15,930	19,066	31,951	23,077	30,430	3,855	5,346	380	1,976	139,750
655	19,885,921	July 1864 -	4,285	11,595	14,419	27,041	21,332	29,003	4,038	5,648	377	2,348	120,086
655	19,885,921	January 1865 -	8,040	15,360	18,097	33,117	23,304	30,476	3,879	5,486	360	2,055	140,174
655	19,886,104	July 1865 -	4,390	11,596	13,829	27,427	21,806	29,501	4,099	5,803	385	2,864	121,700
655	19,886,104	January 1866 -	7,270	15,020	17,051	33,331	24,017	31,159	4,092	5,663	383	3,166	141,152
655	19,886,104	July 1866 -	4,275	11,417	14,149	28,064	22,481	29,735	4,242	5,941	356	3,047	123,707
655	19,886,104	January 1867 -	7,851	15,548	18,537	34,940	24,859	32,377	4,258	5,869	390	3,566	148,195
655	19,886,104	July 1867 -	5,019	13,234	16,334	29,626	23,213	31,668	4,394	6,280	429	3,854	134,051
655	19,886,104	January 1868 -	10,594	18,052	21,583	36,948	26,376	34,494	4,384	5,864	428	4,357	163,080
655	19,886,104	July 1868 -	5,688	13,973	16,800	32,121	24,053	34,728	4,471	5,945	411	6,033	144,233
655	19,886,104	January 1869 -	11,268	18,558	21,881	38,927	25,419	35,868	4,653	6,053	444	5,346	168,417
653	20,021,378	July 1869 -	5,973	13,927	16,377	32,660	24,018	34,650	4,480	5,995	461	5,104	143,645
649	20,053,676	January 1870 -	12,424	17,965	20,780	40,937	26,230	35,616	4,715	6,184	473	4,147	169,471

* The increase in the number of Insane Paupers, recorded in the Out-door portion of this Summary on the
in Lunatic Asylums being then

† It is necessary to observe, with reference to the small decrease in the total number of Paupers in July 1859,
on the 1st July 1859 certain classes of paupers which ought to have been included in previous Returns; namely,

‡ The figures placed in this column represent the number of persons relieved, both in-door and out-door, on
settled paupers whose relief had been transferred to

§ The population at this date and subsequently is given according

Note.—The corresponding table to this, but with a more detailed classification, will be found at page 196
mencing with

(D.)
Number of Paupers.

No. 33.

STATEMENT from **1858** to **1870** in a given Number of Unions and Guardians in England and Wales.

OUT-DOOR.											Deduct Persons Relieved, &c.†	Net Total of Persons Relieved.	Number of Paupers in Receipt of Relief on the *First* Day of
Able-Bodied.			Not Able-Bodied.			Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots.			Vagrants Relieved out of the Workhouse.	Total out of the Workhouse.			
Males.	Females.	Children under 16.	Males.	Females.	Children under 16.	Males.	Females.	Children under 16.					
40,262	107,067	257,956	101,604	231,329	53,067	5,872	7,289	259	823	805,528	626	940,552	January 1858.
24,298	87,924	213,326	97,471	224,906	49,426	6,080	7,428	257	880	711,996	584	821,482	July 1858.
26,811	90,509	220,691	99,865	227,521	50,267	9,438*	11,754*	309	880	738,045	545	862,078	January 1859.
23,480	85,406	205,580	97,924	225,239	48,137	9,750	12,043	317	997	708,873	551	811,619	July 1859
27,120	88,409	211,497	100,460	228,180	48,757	10,041	12,651	331	639	728,085	519	844,875	January 1860.
25,107	85,357	202,783	97,351	225,597	48,469	10,228	12,896	330	591	710,290	674	811,839	July 1860.
32,654	94,470	224,734	101,900	230,673	49,957	10,516	13,333	362	762	760,224	496	891,868	January 1861.
28,679	91,487	212,754	99,161	229,797	48,375	10,567	13,521	363	907	736,058	496	851,574	July 1861.
38,247	102,821	243,073	103,898	236,580	51,876	10,996	14,087	329	1,002	803,657	682	946,166	January 1862.
36,812	104,961	242,804	103,827	236,877	51,610	10,840	13,867	371	1,180	803,706	880	926,258	July 1862.
73,211	153,787	323,623	111,570	248,379	57,470	11,484	14,789	355	1,542	997,021	594	1,142,624	January 1863.
46,566	122,131	267,433	109,319	246,545	55,150	11,420	14,520	390	1,384	875,199	593	999,974	July 1863.
44,606	118,485	265,890	110,684	249,052	54,211	12,063	15,401	367	1,162	872,644	641	1,011,753	January 1864.
31,229	100,911	230,075	106,374	242,883	51,983	11,876	14,954	319	1,021	792,328	537	911,877	July 1864.
38,226	108,510	248,153	109,877	246,610	53,416	12,465	15,781	371	1,284	835,490	892	974,772	January 1865.
27,921	95,720	219,709	105,397	241,005	50,551	12,320	15,529	370	947	770,046	455	891,291	July 1865.
29,746	97,284	225,515	106,213	242,232	51,960	12,883	16,279	395	1,303	784,170	509	924,813	January 1866.
26,601	93,312	217,081	103,428	239,034	48,880	12,694	15,825	372	1,028	758,610	869	881,448	July 1866.
33,878	101,031	239,465	107,253	247,005	54,690	13,331	16,824	418	1,461	815,815	810	963,200	January 1867.
29,083	97,329	230,332	105,762	244,825	52,901	13,355	16,676	379	1,394	792,252	759	925,544	July 1867.
42,893	114,091	269,956	111,145	252,014	53,041	14,133	17,645	473	1,772	877,872	849	1,040,103	January 1868.
32,019	103,528	244,429	108,953	251,394	51,750	14,399	17,906	555	1,913	828,095	941	971,387	July 1868.
40,427	112,909	268,146	112,985	257,145	51,415	14,818	18,431	418	1,674	878,991	839	1,046,569	January 1869.
31,277	103,798	246,454	110,389	255,879	50,557	14,995	18,577	446	1,588	834,475	420	977,700	July 1869.
44,810	118,890	281,746	116,515	264,014	53,058	15,368	19,151	453	1,283	915,727	377	1,084,821	January 1870.

1st January 1859, arises from the circumstance of those persons chargeable to the Poor Rates and maintained fully returned for the first time.

as compared with July 1858, that many unions included in their statements of the number of paupers relieved pauper lunatics in asylums and licensed houses, paupers receiving medical relief only, and non-resident paupers.

the 1st January (or July), and therefore entered in the in-door and out-door totals on that day; also those non-the accounts of the unions to which it was chargeable.

to the actual enumeration of 1861; the previous amounts were estimated.

of the Eleventh Annual Report, where the particulars are given in reference to twenty-one periods com-January 1849.

No. 34.

METROPOLITAN PAUPERISM.—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF THE NUMBER OF PAUPERS on the last Day of each QUARTER, 1868 and 1869.

No. 34.—Metropolitan Pauperism.—Comparative Statement of the Number of the last Week of each Quarter

DISTRICTS AND UNIONS, &c.	Number of Paupers on the last Day: Lady-day Quarter. 1868.	Lady-day Quarter. 1869.	Difference per Cent. Incr.	Difference per Cent. Decr.	Midsummer Quarter. 1868.	Midsummer Quarter. 1869.	Difference per Cent. Incr.	Difference per Cent. Decr.
West District.								
Kensington	3,285	3,982			3,063	3,097		
Fulham	1,823	2,399			1,438	1,653		
Paddington	1,865	2,169			1,796	2,091		
Chelsea	2,393	2,646	6·0	-	1,896	1,989	-	0·3
St. George Hanover Square	2,346	2,478			2,028	2,158		
St. Margaret and St. John Westminster	5,553	4,102			4,697	3,109		
Westminster	2,122	2,766			1,508	2,287		
Totals	19,387	20,542			16,426	16,384		
North District.								
St. Marylebone	6,066	6,567			5,310	5,682		
Hampstead	386	362			361	324		
St. Pancras	8,939	9,480	0·9	-	8,300	8,446	1·3	-
Islington	4,969	4,780			4,232	4,258		
Hackney	6,473	5,884			5,319	5,127		
Totals	26,833	27,073			23,522	23,837		
Central District.								
St. Giles and St. George Bloomsbury	2,325	2,293			1,742	1,733		
Strand	3,317	2,316			2,385	1,926		
Middle Temple	No Return.				..	..		
Holborn	9,720	8,658			7,776	7,456		
Gray's Inn	No Return.		-	9·5	..	..	-	5·4
Charterhouse	Ditto.				..	..		
Inner Temple	Ditto.				..	..		
City of London	7,964	7,832			7,381	7,128		
Totals	23,326	21,099			19,284	18,243		
East District.								
Shoreditch	5,859	5,748			5,048	4,947		
Bethnal Green	5,183	4,422			3,823	3,944		
Whitechapel	4,642	4,340			4,081	3,963		
St. George-in-the-East	4,144	4,676	-	5·1	3,608	4,023	-	7·0
Stepney	5,338	5,072			4,111	3,802		
Mile End Old Town	2,741	3,198			2,716	2,567		
Poplar	8,977	7,541			7,917	5,870		
Totals	36,884	34,997			31,304	29,116		
South District.								
St. Saviour Southwark	9,886	9,678			8,070	8,475		
St. Olave Southwark	4,691	4,860			4,422	4,622		
Lambeth	8,742	8,408			7,546	7,215		
Wandsworth and Clapham	3,948	4,212			3,586	3,501		
Camberwell	3,707	4,382	6·3	-	3,203	3,364	4·8	-
Greenwich*	6,930	7,534			5,680	5,733		
Woolwich*	3,000	4,426			3,050	4,506		
Lewisham*	1,470	1,532			1,254	1,176		
Totals	42,374	45,032			36,811	38,592		

* The In-door Paupers belonging to the Woolwich Union are included

(D.)
Number of Paupers.

of PAUPERS (except Lunatic Paupers in Asylums, and Vagrants), on the last Day of the Years **1868** and **1869**.

of the last Week in each Quarter.

Michaelmas Quarter. 1868.	Michaelmas Quarter. 1869.	Difference per Cent. Incr.	Difference per Cent. Decr.	Christmas Quarter. 1868.	Christmas Quarter. 1869.	Difference per Cent. Incr.	Difference per Cent. Decr.	DISTRICTS AND UNIONS, &c.
								WEST DISTRICT.
3,126	3,449			3,851	5,049			Kensington.
1,548	1,832			2,530	2,935			Fulham.
1,893	2,215			2,136	2,525			Paddington.
2,000	1,927	-	3·1	2,529	2,495	11·8	-	Chelsea.
2,127	2,180			2,471	2,622			St. George Hanover Square.
5,059	3,618			4,751	5,362			St. Margaret and St. John Westminster.
2,382	2,347			2,771	2,531			Westminster.
18,135	17,568			21,039	23,519			
								NORTH DISTRICT.
6,183	5,939			6,766	6,515			St. Marylebone.
346	334			365	425			Hampstead.
8,509	8,461	-	6·0	9,627	9,685	4·5	-	St. Pancras.
4,643	4,445			4,708	6,087			Islington.
6,335	5,267			6,026	6,030			Hackney.
26,016	24,446			27,492	28,742			
								CENTRAL DISTRICT.
1,895	1,901			2,125	2,516			St. Giles and St. George Bloomsbury.
2,166	1,923			2,195	2,179			Strand.
..	..			..	..			Middle Temple.
7,967	7,572			8,677	9,215			Holborn.
..	..	-	3·1	..	..	7·7	-	Gray's Inn.
..	..			..	..			Charterhouse.
..	..			..	..			Inner Temple.
7,240	7,276			7,493	8,161			City of London.
19,268	18,672			20,490	22,071			
								EAST DISTRICT.
5,350	5,276			5,306	5,639			Shoreditch.
3,975	4,493			4,305	5,064			Bethnal Green.
4,236	3,905			4,176	4,214			Whitechapel.
3,480	3,706	-	4·3	3,951	4,346	-	0·5	St. George-in-the-East.
3,911	3,582			4,103	3,543			Stepney.
2,478	2,532			2,834	3,123			Mile End Old Town.
6,833	5,477			7,333	5,903			Poplar.
30,263	28,971			32,008	31,832			
								SOUTH DISTRICT.
8,071	8,513			9,242	10,393			St. Saviour Southwark.
4,392	4,571			4,695	4,841			St. Olave Southwark.
7,692	7,058			8,093	8,007			Lambeth.
3,923	3,747			4,144	5,039			Wandsworth and Clapham.
3,536	3,460	2·2	-	3,936	4,787	9·5	-	Camberwell.
5,662	5,821			6,821	6,524			Greenwich.
3,306	4,264			4,334	5,167			Woolwich.
1,346	1,324			1,409	1,971			Lewisham.
37,928	38,758			42,674	46,729			

in the Returns for the Greenwich and Lewisham Unions.

(D.)
Number of Paupers.

No. 35.

INSANE PAUPERISM.—REMARKS, 1st January 1869.

(D.)
Number of Paupers.

No. 35.

INSANE PAUPERISM.—REMARKS, 1st JANUARY 1869.

Source of Information.

1. The Statistics of Pauper Insanity contained in this paper have been compiled from the lists of the Insane chargeable to the Poor Rates on the 1st January 1869. These lists are made out annually by the Clerks to the Guardians, and transmitted to the Poor Law Board, in compliance with the 16 & 17 Vict. c. 97. s. 64., and in the form prescribed by Schedule D. of that Statute.

Places returned.

2. Returns have been received from 663* Unions and Single Parishes under Boards of Guardians. The number of Insane Paupers chargeable to the Poor Rates in those places on that day is shown below :—

Population, 1861.	Number of Paupers on 1st January 1869.	Whereof were Insane Paupers.
20,023,287	1,046,569 †	45,153

Thus 4·3 per cent. of the pauperism on the 1st January last is ascribable to Insanity. In regard to the sexes, 20,045 were Males, and 25,108 Females.

Insane Paupers, 1st January 1869.

3. In the next Statement the number of Insane Paupers is shown for each Division of England and Wales, with the total number of Paupers of all classes relieved on the same day.

DIVISIONS.	Number of Paupers in Receipt of Relief on 1st Jan. 1869.	WHEREOF WERE INSANE PAUPERS, NAMELY:—		
		Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
I. THE METROPOLIS -	156,109	3,125	4,399	7,524
II. SOUTH EASTERN -	107,220	1,974	2,617	4,591
III. SOUTH MIDLAND -	88,801	1,411	1,858	3,269
IV. EASTERN - -	83,463	1,188	1,614	2,802
V. SOUTH WESTERN -	117,142	1,810	2,412	4,222
VI. WEST MIDLAND -	114,185	2,621	3,258	5,879
VII. NORTH MIDLAND -	58,688	1,359	1,580	2,939
VIII. NORTH WESTERN -	111,444	2,636	2,962	5,598
IX. YORK - - -	71,655	1,573	1,742	3,315
X. NORTHERN - -	52,754	1,032	1,029	2,061
XI. WELSH - -	85,108	1,316	1,637	2,953
ENGLAND AND WALES (so far as returned) -	1,046,569 †	20,045	25,108	45,153

* Inclusive of *Nine* Gilbert's Incorporations.
† Exclusive of the paupers in Eight of the Gilbert's Incorporations, from which the Poor Law Board do not receive this information.

(D.)
Number of Paupers.

Residences of the Insane.

4. The 45,153 Insane Paupers were maintained in the following establishments, or were lodged with strangers, or resided with their relatives; namely—

25,460 in County or Borough Lunatic Asylums.
1,541 in Registered Hospitals, or in Licensed Houses.
11,183 in Union or Parish Workhouses.
938 in Lodgings, or Boarded Out.
6,031 Residing with Relatives.

Poor Law Board, 9th October 1869.

FREDERICK PURDY,
Principal of the Statistical Department.

No. 36.

INSANE PAUPERS.—SUMMARY, 1st January 1869.

(D.)
Number of Paupers.

No. 36.—Insane Paupers.—Summary, 1st January 1869, in 663 Unions † and Single Parishes under Boards of Guardians, having a Population of 20,023,287 Persons; the entire Population of England and Wales being 20,066,224 (Census 1861).

DIVISIONS and UNION COUNTIES.	Unions and Single Parishes under Boards of Guardians.	Number of Parishes.	Population, 1861.	Number of Paupers in Receipt of Relief on 1st January 1869.	Whereof were Insane Paupers, Namely:— Males.	Females.	Total.	Where Maintained. In County or Borough Asylum.	In Registered Hospital, or Licensed House.	In the Workhouse.	In Lodgings or Boarded Out.	Residing with Relatives.
I. THE METROPOLIS.												
1.*Middlesex (part of)	27	162	2,029,192	110,166	2,265	3,228	5,493	3,273	529	1,495	47	149
2.*Surrey (part of)	9	17	579,748	32,683	703	892	1,595	924	227	405	6	33
3.*Kent (part of)	3	11	193,427	13,260	157	279	436	264	98	38	8	28
Totals	39	190	2,802,367	156,109	3,125	4,399	7,524	4,461	854	1,938	61	210
II. SOUTH EASTERN.												
2.*Surrey (extra-metropolitan)	14	147	273,264	14,437	252	398	650	398	21	152	5	74
3.*Kent (extra-metropolitan)	26	418	543,549	28,694	516	697	1,213	592	189	292	8	132
4. Sussex	24	321	363,733	21,120	415	512	927	562	2	212	9	142
5. Southampton	26	345	455,587	30,097	505	668	1,173	592	95	311	16	159
6. Berkshire	12	240	205,625	12,872	286	342	628	373	19	114	9	113
Totals	102	1,471	1,841,758	107,220	1,974	2,617	4,591	2,517	326	1,081	47	620
III. SOUTH MIDLAND.												
1.*Middlesex (extra-metrop.)	6	58	187,325	10,722	131	238	369	283	26	53	—	7
7. Hertfordshire	12	165	177,452	12,686	213	262	475	269	6	91	2	107
8. Buckinghamshire	7	195	147,186	11,132	165	248	413	299	—	69	1	44
9. Oxfordshire	9	294	171,057	12,180	213	306	519	329	—	98	7	85
10. Northamptonshire	12	332	230,964	15,295	295	325	620	365	1	116	18	120
11. Huntingdonshire	3	88	59,137	3,312	58	74	132	90	3	17	—	22
12. Bedfordshire	6	137	140,476	10,575	151	179	330	203	8	54	3	62
13. Cambridgeshire	9	174	181,552	12,899	185	226	411	247	1	67	8	88
Totals	64	1,443	1,295,149	88,801	1,411	1,858	3,269	2,085	45	565	39	535
IV. EASTERN.												
14. Essex	17	372	379,699	29,094	397	530	927	553	—	179	32	163
15. Suffolk	17	530	335,409	24,516	359	474	833	439	58	128	25	183
16. Norfolk	22	739	427,060	29,853	432	610	1,042	529	39	243	16	215
Totals	56	1,641	1,142,168	83,463	1,188	1,614	2,802	1,521	97	550	73	561
V. SOUTH WESTERN.												
17. Wiltshire	18	315	236,027	18,747	308	424	732	424	3	121	14	170
18. Dorsetshire	12	287	182,193	14,028	208	243	451	293	—	82	—	76
19. Devonshire	20	474	589,159	34,535	557	760	1,317	692	36	290	35	264
20. Cornwall	13	221	362,409	17,965	249	323	572	391	1	96	6	78
21. Somersetshire	17	495	463,286	31,867	488	662	1,150	572	1	287	35	255
Totals	80	1,792	1,833,074	117,142	1,810	2,412	4,222	2,372	41	876	90	843

† Inclusive of *Nine* Gilbert's Incorporations.

(D.)
Number of Paupers.

INSANE PAUPERS.—SUMMARY, 1st January 1869, in 663 Unions and Single Parishes under Boards of Guardians, &c.—*continued.*

DIVISIONS and UNION COUNTIES.	Unions and Single Parishes under Boards of Guardians.	Number of Parishes.	Population, 1861.	Number of Paupers in Receipt of Relief on 1st January 1869.	WHEREOF WERE INSANE PAUPERS, NAMELY:— Males.	Females.	Total.	WHERE MAINTAINED. In County or Borough Asylum.	In Registered Hospital, or Licensed House.	In the Workhouse.	In Lodgings or Boarded Out.	Residing with Relatives.
VI. WEST MIDLAND.												
22. Gloucestershire - -	17	363	442,983	27,818	588	783	1,371	700	3	447	36	185
23. Herefordshire - - -	7	218	106,796	6,488	160	212	372	203	2	50	28	89
24. Shropshire - - -	16	302	260,225	10,161	256	373	629	372	—	125	12	120
25. Staffordshire - - -	17	276	768,369	32,348	645	735	1,380	844	—	393	5	138
26. Worcestershire - - -	11	233	294,901	13,974	329	387	716	480	—	103	22	111
27. Warwickshire - - -	14	272	561,334	23,396	643	768	1,411	951	—	263	11	186
Totals - - -	82	1,664	2,434,608	114,185	2,621	3,258	5,879	3,550	5	1,381	114	829
VII. NORTH MIDLAND.												
28. Leicestershire - - -	11	349	243,611	11,684	355	390	745	434	18	174	19	100
29. Rutlandshire - - -	2	67	23,479	1,450	25	23	48	36	—	10	—	2
30. Lincolnshire - - -	14	750	403,850	21,461	367	468	835	529	5	138	11	152
31. Nottinghamshire - -	9	305	323,784	14,905	357	420	777	379	—	216	11	171
32. Derbyshire - - -	9	277	293,223	9,188	255	279	534	313	14	133	9	65
Totals - - -	45	1,748	1,287,947	58,688	1,359	1,580	2,939	1,691	37	671	50	490
VIII. NORTH WESTERN.												
33. Cheshire - - - -	12	469	469,577	18,191	417	502	919	504	—	290	16	109
34. Lancashire - - -	29	471	2,463,222	93,253	2,219	2,460	4,679	2,244	112	2,007	33	283
Totals - - -	41	940	2,962,799	111,444	2,636	2,962	5,598	2,748	112	2,297	49	392
IX. YORK.												
35. West Riding - - -	37	673	1,511,837	53,547	1,109	1,253	2,362	1,278	12	746	22	304
36. East Riding - - -	10	373	273,674	9,809	264	284	548	358	—	148	14	28
37. North Riding - - -	15	481	205,452	8,299	200	205	405	257	—	88	12	48
Totals - - -	62	1,527	1,990,963	71,655	1,573	1,742	3,315	1,893	12	982	48	380
X. NORTHERN.												
38. Durham - - - -	15	314	542,125	24,158	382	410	792	468	1	207	22	94
39. Northumberland - -	12	540	342,991	17,647	356	352	708	442	—	158	—	113
40. Cumberland - - -	9	208	205,264	8,746	228	210	438	260	1	109	9	59
41. Westmorland - - -	3	110	60,946	2,203	66	57	123	68	—	35	3	17
Totals - - -	39	1,172	1,151,326	52,754	1,032	1,029	2,061	1,238	2	504	34	283
XI. WELSH.												
42. Monmouthshire - -	6	164	196,977	11,825	214	292	506	331	1	69	19	86
43. South Wales - - -	28	683	699,649	42,763	676	839	1,515	682	7	124	193	509
44. North Wales - - -	19	371	414,402	30,520	426	506	932	371	2	145	121	293
Totals - - -	53	1,218	1,311,028	85,108	1,316	1,637	2,953	1,384	10	338	333	888
TOTALS of England and Wales (*so far as returned*)	663	14,806	20,023,287	1,046,569	20,045	25,108	45,153	25,460	1,541	11,183	938	6,031

No. 37.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT.—AREA, POPULATION, PAUPERISM, AND RATEABLE VALUE, Years 1868–1869.

Number of Paupers.

No. 37.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT.—AREA, POPULATION, PAUPERISM, COST OF RELIEF, RATEABLE VALUE, and the RATE in the £ for the RELIEF of the POOR in the METROPOLIS, during the Parochial Year 1868–9.

Reference Number.	UNIONS.	Area in Acres.	POPULATION in 1861.	PAROCHIAL YEAR 1868–9. Average Pauperism. In-door.	Average Pauperism. Out-door.	TOTAL RELIEF TO POOR.	RATEABLE VALUE.	Rate in the £ for Relief.
						£	£	s. d.
	WEST DISTRICT.							
1a	Kensington	1,942	70,108	954	2,942	41,197	745,066	1 1¼
1b	Fulham	4,155	40,058	389	1,691	21,841	271,198	1 7¼
1c	Paddington	1,245	75,784	511	1,637	27,129	750,758	0 8¾
2	Chelsea	865	63,439	743	1,730	21,720	281,269	1 6½
3	St. George Hanover-square	1,161	87,771	799	1,876	33,556	905,812	0 9
4	St. Margaret and St. John	917	68,213	1,059	3,879	43,510	515,775	1 8¼
6	Westminster	217	52,752	1,198	1,432	33,613	535,121	1 3
	NORTH DISTRICT.							
7	St. Marylebone	1,509	161,680	2,262	4,212	78,242	1,022,014	1 6¼
8	Hampstead	2,252	19,106	170	240	8,054	223,936	0 8¾
9	St. Pancras	2,716	198,788	2,281	7,517	89,555	1,077,429	1 8
10	Islington	3,127	155,341	908	3,706	46,293	868,467	1 0¾
11	Hackney	3,929	83,295	772	4,657	41,745	536,121	1 6¾
	CENTRAL DISTRICT.							
12	St. Giles and St. George Bloomsbury	245	54,076	902	1,131	22,394	256,131	1 9
13	Strand	419	48,161	1,129	1,297	32,578	451,510	1 5½
14	Holborn	164	44,252	625	2,026	22,924	197,095	2 4
15	Clerkenwell	380	65,681	756	2,027	26,638	231,199	2 3¾
16	St. Luke's	220	57,073	1,062	2,356	47,771*	228,597	4 2¼
17	East London	153	40,687	908	2,008	33,585	200,420	3 4¼
18	West London	122	26,997	573	1,306	27,520	198,047	2 9¼
19	City of London	434	45,555	1,181	2,061	67,413	1,840,736	0 8¾
	EAST DISTRICT.							
20	Shoreditch	646	129,364	1,476	3,924	60,897	389,082	3 1½
21	Bethnal Green	760	105,101	1,573	3,121	40,970	266,055	3 7½
22	Whitechapel	406	78,187	1,289	3,821	38,249	267,439	2 10¼
23	St. George-in-the-East	243	48,891	1,213	2,691	28,875	180,770	3 2¼
24a	Stepney	576	56,572	1,037	3,525	41,457	240,631	3 5¼
24b	Mile End Old Town	681	73,064	719	2,895	25,107	247,944	2 0¼
25	Poplar	2,918	79,196	995	6,808	64,293	487,576	2 7¾
	SOUTH DISTRICT.							
26	St. Saviour's Southwark	250	36,170	594	1,518	20,982	224,224	1 10½
27	St. Olave's Southwark	169	19,056	460	1,024	10,693	123,225	1 8¾
28	Bermondsey	688	58,355	756	1,611	20,476	252,786	1 7½
29	St. George's Southwark	282	55,510	761	3,073	23,740	160,982	2 11½
30	Newington	624	82,220	983	2,834	31,125	234,657	2 7¾
31	Lambeth	4,015	162,044	1,659	6,774	66,904	786,482	1 8½
32	Wandsworth and Clapham	11,695	70,403	1,000	3,231	39,932	631,000	1 3¼
33	Camberwell	4,342	71,488	933	2,719	30,783	414,341	1 5¾
34	Rotherithe	886	24,502	293	1,129	12,031	117,560	2 0½
35	Greenwich	3,771	85,975	1,492	5,098	47,657	374,654	2 6½
35a	Woolwich	7,408	75,473	—	3,852	28,046	255,459	2 2¼
36	Lewisham	11,412	31,979	284	1,072	15,343	304,431	1 0
	TOTAL of the METROPOLITAN UNIONS	77,944	2,802,367	36,697	110,508	1,414,838	17,255,972	1 7¾

* St. Luke's.—This amount includes a sum of £10,568, outstanding accounts paid off.

Poor Law Board,
1st February 1870.

FREDERICK PURDY,
Statistical Department.

No. 38.

METROPOLITAN PAUPERISM.—OUT-DOOR PAUPERS, classed according to Causes of Destitution, 1st January 1869.

(D.)
Number of Paupers.

No. 38.—Metropolitan Pauperism.—Out-door Paupers (exclusive of Insane Paupers and Vagrants) classed according to Causes of Destitution, 1st January 1869.

OUT-DOOR PAUPERS.		Number.		Per-centage on Total.
Men - - - - - - - -		15,820	- -	14·3
Women - - - - - - -		42,432	- -	38·4
Children under 16 - - - - - -		52,270	- -	47·3
Total Out-door - - -			110,522	100·0
Section A.—*Destitution caused by Old Age or Permanent Disability:*				
1. Men - - - - - - -		7,588		
2. Women - - - - - -		23,070		
3. Children dependent on 1 and 2 - - -		3,855		
Total of Section A. - - -			34,513	31·2
Section B.—*Destitution caused by the Death, Absence, or Desertion of Husband or Father:*				
1. Widows - - - - -	9,521	32,761	- -	29·6
Children dependent on them - -	23,240			
2. Unmarried Mothers - - -	425	1,273	- -	1·2
Children dependent - - - -	848			
3. Wives of Prisoners - - - -	322	1,272	- -	1·2
Children dependent - - - -	950			36·4 (B. 1–6)
4. Wives of Soldiers and Sailors - -	107	383	- -	0·3
Children dependent - - - -	276			
5. Wives deserted by Husbands - -	989	3,564	- -	3·2
Children dependent - - - -	2,575			
6. Orphan Children - - - -	954	954	- -	0·9
Total of Section B. - - -			40,207	
Section C.—*Destitution caused by the temporary Sickness or want of Work of Male Heads of Families and Single Men:*				
1. Adult Males relieved on account of their own Sickness		3,691	- -	3·3
2. Ditto ditto Sickness of a member of their family, or a funeral - - - -		1,109	- -	1·0
3. Ditto ditto Want of work - -		3,432	- -	3·1 (31·5, C. 1–3 and families)
Families dependent on 1, 2, and 3: Wives -	7,039	26,611	- -	24·1
Families dependent on 1, 2, and 3: Children -	19,572			
Total of Section C. - - -			34,843	
Section D.—*Single Women in receipt of Out-door Relief:*				
Single Women - - - - -		959		
Total of Section D. - - -			959	0·9 0·9
Total Out-door (*a*) - - -			110,522	100·0

(*a*) The total number of out-door paupers in the Metropolis on the 1st January 1869 was 118,016; this differs from the total given above by 7,494, and is thus explained:—The paupers chargeable to the Westminster Union, amounting to 1,679, could not be classed in sections this year; in addition to that number there were in the other Unions 5,415 insane paupers, 156 out-door vagrants, and 244 cases of medical relief which had to be excluded.

(D.)
Number of Paupers.

No. 39.

Metropolitan Pauperism.—Out-Door Paupers, classed according to Causes of Destitution, 1st January 1870.

(D.)
Number of Paupers.

No. 39. — METROPOLITAN PAUPERISM. — OUT-DOOR PAUPERS (exclusive of Insane Paupers and Vagrants) classed according to Causes of Destitution, 1st January 1870.

OUT-DOOR PAUPERS.		Number.		Per-centage on Total.	
Men - - - - - - - -		18,270	- -	15·1	
Women - - - - - - -		46,202	- -	38·2	
Children under 16 - - - - - -		56,540	- -	46·7	
TOTAL OUT-DOOR - - -			121,012	100·0	
Section A.—*Destitution caused by Old Age or Permanent Disability:*					
1. Men - - - - - - -		8,394			
2. Women - - - - - -		24,917			
3. Children dependent on 1 and 2 - - -		4,199			
TOTAL of Section A. - - -			37,510	31·0	
Section B.—*Destitution caused by the Death, Absence, or Desertion of Husband or Father:*					
1. Widows - - - - - Children dependent on them - -	9,968 23,928	33,896	- -	28·0	34·2
2. Unmarried Mothers - - - Children dependent - - -	462 886	1,348	- -	1·1	
3. Wives of Prisoners - - - Children dependent - - -	310 867	1,177	- -	1·0	
4. Wives of Soldiers and Sailors - - Children dependent - - -	108 271	379	- -	0·3	
5. Wives deserted by Husbands - - Children dependent - - -	1,003 2,617	3,620	- -	3·0	
6. Orphan Children - - - -	911	911	- -	0·8	
TOTAL of Section B. - - -			41,331		
Section C.—*Destitution caused by the temporary Sickness or want of Work of Male Heads of Families and Single Men:*					
1. Adult Males relieved on account of their own Sickness		4,010	- -	3·3	34·0
2. Ditto ditto Sickness of a Member of their family, or a funeral - - - -		1,267	- -	1·0	
3. Ditto ditto Want of work - -		4,599	- -	3·8	
Families dependent on 1, 2, and 3 { Wives - Children -	8,464 22,861	31,325	- -	25·9	
TOTAL of Section C. - - -			41,201		
Section D.—*Single Women in receipt of Out-door Relief:*					
Single Women - - - - -		970			
TOTAL of Section D. - - -			970	0·8	0·8
TOTAL OUT DOOR (*b*) - - -			121,012		100·0

(*b*) The total number of out-door paupers in the Metropolis on the 1st January 1870 was 127,538. The difference is thus explained:—6,246 were insane, and 280 were vagrants relieved out of the workhouse.

(E.)
Education of Pauper Children.

(E.)—Education of Pauper Children.

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No. 40.

Daily Average Attendance at School, &c. 1868–1869.

No. 40.

STATEMENT showing the daily average Number of Children attending the Schools of the Union Workhouses, &c. in England and Wales during the Half-year ended at Lady-day 1869, the Amount of Money paid to Boards of Guardians from the Parliamentary Grant in respect of the Salaries of the Schoolmasters and Schoolmistresses for the year ended at Lady-day 1869, and also the Population of each Union in 1861.

Reference Nos.	DIVISIONS, UNION—COUNTIES, and UNIONS.	Population, 1861.	The daily Average Number of Children attending the Schools of the Union Workhouses, &c. in England and Wales, during the Half-year ended at Lady-day 1869.							Amount of Money paid to Boards of Guardians from the Parliamentary Grant in respect of the Salaries of Schoolmasters and Schoolmistresses, for the Year ended Lady-day 1869.	OBSERVATIONS.
			Boys.			Girls.			Total Boys and Girls.		
			Under 10 Years of Age.	Above 10 Years of Age.	Total.	Under 10 Years of Age.	Above 10 Years of Age.	Total.		£ s. d.	
	I. THE METROPOLIS.										
	1.* MIDDLESEX (part of):										
1a	Kensington*	70,108	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In a separate School at Plashet.
1b	Fulham	40,058	15	14	29	25	15	40	69	74 4 2	
1c	Paddington*	75,784	22	32	54	21	27	48	102	74 11 7	
2	Chelsea*	63,439	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In the North Surrey District School.
3	St. George, Hanover-sq.	87,771	41	46	87	36	30	66	153	120 2 0	
4	St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster.	68,213	39	31	70	29	40	69	139	59 0 0	Part of the children at the Industrial School at Oxford.
6	Westminster	35,326	38	79	117	38	51	89	206	99 10 0	In a separate School at Battersea.
7	St. Marylebone	161,680	107	143	250	93	91	184	434	404 4 2	In a separate School at Southall.
8	Hampstead*	19,106	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In a separate School at Redhill, in the Hendon Union.
9	St. Pancras	198,788	58	33	91	50	41	91	182	102 8 4	
10	Islington	155,341	91	57	148	67	34	101	249	142 10 0	In a separate School at Holloway.
11	Hackney	83,295	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In a separate School at Forest Gate.
12	St. Giles and St. George, Bloomsbury.	54,076	22	2	24	23	9	32	56	70 6 0	Infants in a separate School at Isleworth.
13	Strand	42,898	85	121	206	65	68	133	339	281 0 0	In a separate School at Edmonton.
14	Holborn	44,252	38	35	73	55	26	81	154	67 14 2	
15	Clerkenwell	65,681	47	49	96	35	46	81	177	94 18 4	In a separate School at Highgate.
16	St. Luke	57,073	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Children are sent to School at Mile End and Plashet.
17	East London	40,687	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In the Central London District School.
18	West London	26,997	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ditto.
19	City of London	45,555	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ditto.
20	Shoreditch	129,364	129	101	230	90	103	193	423	371 1 2	In a separate School at Brentwood.
21	Bethnal Green*	105,101	41	64	105	34	46	80	185	28 8 8	In Schools at Mitcham and Leytonstone.
22	Whitechapel	78,187	166	223	389	171	208	379	768	555 16 0	In a separate School at Forest Gate.
23	St. George-in-the-East*	48,891	129	104	233	118	65	183	416	379 4 9	In a separate School at Plashet.
24a	Stepney	56,572	157	69	226	137	29	166	392	464 7 4	In a separate School at Limehouse.

NOTE.—Places marked in the Table thus * are single parishes under the Poor Law Amendment Act; ‖ are single parishes under Local Acts; † are incorporations under Local Acts; § are incorporations under Gilbert's Acts.

Number of Children attending the Schools of Union Workhouses, &c.—*continued.*

Reference Nos.	DIVISIONS, UNION—COUNTIES, and UNIONS.	Population, 1861.	The daily Average Number of Children attending the Schools of the Union Workhouses, &c. in England and Wales, during the Half-year ended at Lady-day 1869. Boys. Under 10 Years of Age.	Boys. Above 10 Years of Age.	Boys. Total.	Girls. Under 10 Years of Age.	Girls. Above 10 Years of Age.	Girls. Total.	Total Boys and Girls.	Amount of Money paid to Boards of Guardians from the Parliamentary Grant in respect of the Salaries of Schoolmasters and Schoolmistresses, for the Year ended Lady-day 1869.	OBSERVATIONS.
	I. THE METROPOLIS—*cont.*									£ s. d.	
	1.* MIDDLESEX (part of)—*continued.*										
24*b*	Mile End Old Town*	73,064	39	71	110	59	52	111	221	270 8 2	In a separate School.
25	Poplar	79,196	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In a separate School at Forest Gate.
	2.* SURREY (part of):										
26	St. Saviour, Southwark	36,170	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In the Central London District School.
27	St. Olave, Southwark	19,056	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In the South Metropolitan District School.
28	Bermondsey*	58,355	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In the South Metropolitan District School.
29	St. George, Southwark*	55,510	82	113	195	125	54	179	374	293 9 11	In a separate School at Mitcham.
30	Newington	82,220	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In the South Metropolitan District School.
31	Lambeth*	162,044	114	116	230	101	106	207	437	354 13 4	In a separate School at Norwood.
32	Wandsworth and Clapham	70,403	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In the North Surrey District School.
33	Camberwell*	71,488	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In the South Metropolitan District School.
34	Rotherhithe*	24,502	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ditto.
	3.* KENT (part of):										
35	Greenwich	85,975	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In the South Metropolitan District School.
36*a*	Lewisham	65,757	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In North Surrey District School.
36*b*	Woolwich	75,473	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ditto.
	II. SOUTH EASTERN COUNTIES.										
	2.* SURREY (extra-metropolitan).										
37	Epsom	22,409	13	13	26	20	15	35	61	45 16 0	
38	Chertsey	18,642	21	27	48	21	23	44	92	106 4 0	
39	Guildford	29,330	14	17	31	27	21	48	79	51 0 0	In a separate Building.
40	Farnham	30,707	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In Farnham and Hartley Wintney District School.
41*a*	Ash §	2,853	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
41*b*	Farnborough §	8,337	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
41*c*	Headley §	3,128	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
42	Hambledon	13,907	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Now sent to Farnham and Hartley Wintney District School.
43	Dorking	12,445	7	8	15	5	2	7	22	41 12 0	
44	Reigate	20,109	7	5	12	16	5	21	33	38 11 0	
45	Godstone	9,642	5	3	8	6	4	10	18	45 16 0	
46	Croydon	46,474	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In the North Surrey District School.

Number of Children attending the Schools of Union Workhouses, &c.—*continued.*

Reference Nos.	DIVISIONS, UNION—COUNTIES, and UNIONS.	Population, 1861.	The daily Average Number of Children attending the Schools of the Union Workhouses, &c. in England and Wales, during the Half-year ended at Lady-day 1869. Boys. Under 10 Years of Age.	Boys. Above 10 Years of Age.	Boys. Total.	Girls. Under 10 Years of Age.	Girls. Above 10 Years of Age.	Girls. Total.	Total Boys and Girls.	Amount of Money paid to Boards of Guardians from the Parliamentary Grant in respect of the Salaries of Schoolmasters and Schoolmistresses, for the Year ended Lady-day 1869.	OBSERVATIONS.
	II. SOUTH EASTERN COUNTIES—*cont.*									£ s. d.	
	2.* SURREY (extra-metropolitan)—*cont.*										
47	Kingston	36,479	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In the North Surrey District School.
48	Richmond	18,802	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ditto.
	3.* KENT (extra-metropolitan).										
49	Bromley	20,368	6	7	13	15	5	20	33	48 11 0	
50	Dartford	32,316	14	12	26	32	20	52	78	46 16 0	In a separate Building.
51	Gravesend and Milton	18,782	5	5	10	11	7	18	28	45 11 10	
52	North Aylesford	19,121	11	17	28	12	6	18	46	64 13 0	
53	Hoo	2,861	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
54	Medway	51,805	40	44	84	30	62	92	176	101 0 0	
55	Malling	21,447	18	30	48	25	17	42	90	47 4 0	
56	Seven Oaks	22,039	10	13	23	27	13	40	63	68 9 0	
57	Tonbridge	34,271	24	28	52	26	20	46	98	77 2 0	
58	Maidstone	38,670	30	24	54	54	28	82	136	75 7 0	In a separate Building.
59	Hollingbourn	13,584	11	16	27	23	10	33	60	68 0 0	
60	Cranbrook	13,412	6	10	16	13	6	19	35	38 17 4	
61	Tenterden	10,947	6	11	17	6	9	15	32	49 0 0	
62	West Ashford	15,137	10	10	20	12	6	18	38	34 1 1	
63	East Ashford	12,286	10	8	18	12	7	19	37	41 9 0	
64	Bridge	11,316	4	9	13	11	6	17	30	29 11 0	
65	Canterbury †	16,149	7	7	14	6	8	14	28	21 0 0	
66	Blean	16,161	15	2	17	7	5	12	29	49 2 8	
67	Faversham	18,867	12	11	23	11	7	18	41	42 6 0	
68	Milton	14,775	6	12	18	13	10	23	41	45 16 6	
69	Sheppey	18,494	15	16	31	12	17	29	60	36 0 0	
70	Thanet	31,862	18	25	43	34	18	52	95	62 6 0	
71	Eastry	25,900	11	17	28	32	22	54	82	57 14 0	
72	Dover	30,346	37	22	59	24	13	37	96	70 0 0	
73	Elham	26,925	9	17	26	34	7	41	67	40 16 0	
74	Romney Marsh	5,708	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
	4. SUSSEX.										
75	Rye	11,927	4	7	11	15	8	23	34	56 3 0	
76	Hastings	26,631	19	20	39	20	11	31	70	28 8 3	In a separate Building.
77	Battle	12,680	12	11	23	17	9	26	49	51 4 0	
78	Eastbourne	10,721	4	1	5	3	2	5	10	3 3 0	

Number of Children attending the Schools of Union Workhouses, &c.—*continued.*

Reference Nos.	DIVISIONS, UNION—COUNTIES, and UNIONS.	Population, 1861.	The daily Average Number of Children attending the Schools of the Union Workhouses, &c. in England and Wales, during the Half-year ended at Lady-day 1869. Boys. Under 10 Years of Age.	Boys. Above 10 Years of Age.	Boys. Total.	Girls. Under 10 Years of Age.	Girls. Above 10 Years of Age.	Girls. Total.	Total Boys and Girls.	Amount of Money paid to Boards of Guardians from the Parliamentary Grant in respect of the Salaries of Schoolmasters and Schoolmistresses, for the Year ended Lady-day 1869.	OBSERVATIONS.
	II. SOUTH EASTERN COUNTIES—*cont.*									£ s. d.	
	4. SUSSEX—*continued.*										
79	Hailsham - - - -	12,668	8	4	12	3	8	11	23	16 7 2	
80	Ticehurst - - - -	14,626	16	11	27	14	3	17	44	29 15 4	
81	Uckfield - - - -	17,260	7	12	19	7	6	13	32	41 12 0	
82	East Grinstead - - -	14,097	7	13	20	10	5	15	35	49 4 0	In a separate Building.
83	Cuckfield - - - -	17,163	13	19	32	11	13	24	56	54 0 3	
84*a*	Chailey - - - -	8,895	7	4	11	6	1	7	18	43 19 0	In a separate School.
84*b*	Lewes - - - - -	10,116	17	18	35	9	9	18	53	34 7 6	
84*c*	West Firle - - - -	2,379	4	4	8	3	1	4	12	19 18 11	
84*d*	Newhaven - - - -	5,605	8	3	11	4	2	6	17	18 5 0	
85	Brighton ‖ - - - -	77,693	73	84	157	42	51	93	250	241 11 4	In a separate School at Warren Farm.
86	Steyning - - - -	24,053	10	12	22	13	4	17	39	50 1 0	
87	Horsham - - - -	15,313	9	12	21	10	11	21	42	48 1 5	
88	Petworth - - - -	9,397	9	13	22	11	10	21	43	35 5 4	
89	Thakeham - - - -	7,567	5	6	11	10	3	13	24	39 9 0	
90*d*	Sutton § - - - -	6,522	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
91	West Hampnett - -	14,811	7	7	14	11	4	15	29	20 0 0	
92*b*	Chichester † - - -	8,687	7	3	10	6	8	14	24	20 16 0	
93	Midhurst - - - -	12,581	5	9	14	8	7	15	29	47 3 10	
94	Westbourne - - -	6,957	11	..	11	12	9	21	32	28 2 0	
	5. SOUTHAMPTON.										
95	Havant - - - -	7,212	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
96	Portsea Island - - -	94,828	87	144	231	87	138	225	456	287 0 0	
97	Alverstoke § - - -	22,653	16	14	30	16	18	34	64	42 17 4	
98	Fareham - - - -	14,864	9	10	19	16	15	31	50	57 12 6	
99	Isle of Wight - - -	55,362	46	37	83	31	24	55	138	176 8 8	
100	Lymington - - -	12,023	11	10	21	14	6	20	41	23 0 0	
101	Christchurch - - -	10,438	10	4	14	7	6	13	27	33 18 0	
102	Ringwood - - - -	5,151	5	7	12	2	2	4	16	19 12 0	
103	Fordingbridge - - -	6,377	5	5	10	8	8	16	26	30 3 0	
104	New Forest - - -	13,031	9	18	27	21	2	23	50	24 0 0	
105	Southampton † - - -	43,414	30	62	92	38	40	78	170	162 5 6	
106	South Stoneham - -	25,542	12	12	24	14	21	35	59	73 11 2	
107	Romsey - - - -	10,771	3	12	15	15	9	24	39	65 2 0	
108	Stockbridge - - -	7,286	7	3	10	5	2	7	17	18 2 0	

Number of Children attending the Schools of Union Workhouses, &c.—*continued.*

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	II. SOUTH EASTERN COUNTIES—*cont.*									£ s. d.	
	5. SOUTHAMPTON—*cont.*										
109*a*	New Winchester	23,752	9	12	21	23	17	40	61	88 15 8	
109*b*	Hursley	2,550	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend Village Schools.
110	Droxford	10,665	6	6	12	4	1	5	17	15 1 2	Now attend National School.
111	Catherington	2,497	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
112	Petersfield	7,853	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
113	Alresford	7,182	9	9	18	9	9	18	36	21 4 0	
114	Alton	12,063	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In the Farnham and Hartley Wintney District School.
115	Hartley Wintney	11,480	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ditto.
116	Basingstoke	17,429	16	4	20	20	12	32	52	52 0 0	
117	Whitchurch	5,522	6	3	9	5	7	12	21	32 12 0	
118	Andover	17,125	12	8	20	19	10	29	49	53 2 0	
119	Kingsclere	8,517	9	5	14	12	7	19	33	20 0 0	
	6. BERKS.										
120	Newbury	19,999	9	20	29	22	23	45	74	63 18 8	
121	Hungerford	19,882	12	2	14	18	5	23	37	43 4 0	
122	Faringdon	15,688	8	2	10	14	5	19	29	53 17 1	
123	Abingdon	20,861	9	7	16	23	19	42	58	80 18 8	
124	Wantage	17,308	14	12	26	6	6	12	38	36 13 4	
125	Wallingford	14,017	11	13	24	28	9	37	61	46 12 0	
126	Bradfield	15,771	10	13	23	14	11	25	48	118 10 8	
127	Reading	25,876	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In the Reading and Wokingham District School.
128	Wokingham	14,455	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ditto.
129	Cookham	13,031	12	7	19	12	8	20	39	61 10 0	
130	Easthampstead	7,436	6	4	10	3	3	6	16	22 0 0	
131	Windsor	21,301	12	14	26	16	5	21	47	67 5 0	
	III. SOUTH MIDLAND COUNTIES.										
	1.* MIDDLESEX (*extra-metropolitan*).										
132	Staines	15,976	12	19	31	31	9	40	71	45 8 0	
133	Uxbridge	23,155	13	17	30	15	7	22	52	48 9 [illegible]	
134	Brentford	50,534	28	46	74	18	31	49	123	88 12 0	
135	Hendon	19,220	26	25	51	15	20	35	86	60 18 0	In a separate School at Edgware.
136	Barnet	19,128	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Children now sent to Edgware in the Hendon Union.
137	Edmonton	59,312	64	48	112	56	40	96	208	133 9 4	In a separate School at Enfield.

Number of Children attending the Schools of Union Workhouses, &c.—*continued.*

Reference Nos.	DIVISIONS, UNION—COUNTIES, and UNIONS.	Population, 1861.	The daily Average Number of Children attending the Schools of the Union Workhouses, &c. in England and Wales, during the Half-year ended at Lady-day 1869. Boys. Under 10 Years of Age.	Boys. Above 10 Years of Age.	Boys. Total.	Girls. Under 10 Years of Age.	Girls. Above 10 Years of Age.	Girls. Total.	Total Boys and Girls.	Amount of Money paid to Boards of Guardians from the Parliamentary Grant in respect of the Salaries of Schoolmasters and Schoolmistresses, for the Year ended Lady-day 1869.	OBSERVATIONS.
	III. SOUTH MIDLAND COUNTIES—*cont.*									£ s. d.	
	7. HERTFORD.										
138	Ware - - - - -	16,515	8	18	26	25	7	32	58	43 12 0	
139	Bishop's Stortford - -	20,212	10	14	24	18	17	35	59	56 5 0	
140*a*	Buntingford - - -	6,389	1	2	3	2	7	9	12	..	Attend Village School, and a Master attends in the Evening Three Times a Week.
140*b*	Royston - - - -	18,625	11	13	24	17	19	36	60	56 4 0	
141	Hitchin - - - -	25,603	14	16	30	12	9	21	51	41 11 0	
142	Hertford - - - -	15,301	8	8	16	8	7	15	31	12 0 0	
143*a*	Hatfield - - - -	6,189	..	2	2	3	2	5	7	..	Attend National School.
143*b*	Welwyn - - - -	2,211	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ditto.
144	St. Albans - - - -	18,926	11	6	17	9	6	15	32	21 4 0	
145	Watford - - - -	20,355	8	20	28	17	10	27	55	53 10 0	
146	Hemel Hempstead - -	13,922	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
147	Berkhampstead - -	13,204	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ditto.
	8. BUCKINGHAM.										
148	Amersham - - -	18,240	11	12	23	16	13	29	52	65 14 0	
149	Eton - - - - -	22,353	..	..	..	26	5	31	31	16 5 0	
150	Wycombe - - - -	35,138	24	28	52	12	21	33	85	96 13 4	In a separate School at Bledlow.
151	Aylesbury - - -	23,600	22	19	41	15	9	24	65	59 5 0	
152	Winslow - - - -	9,265	10	9	19	8	1	9	28	20 8 0	
153	Newport Pagnell - -	24,855	19	12	31	17	8	25	56	47 4 0	
154	Buckingham - - -	13,735	13	7	20	17	5	22	42	30 10 0	
	9. OXFORD.										
155	Henley - - - -	18,200	22	23	45	28	13	41	86	110 1 11	
156	Thame - - - - -	15,305	7	15	22	12	8	20	42	42 16 0	
157	Headington - - -	17,107	11	8	19	13	9	22	41	32 0 0	
158	Oxford † - - - -	19,960	28	50	78	59	42	101	179	269 19 5	In a separate School at Cowley.
159	Bicester - - - -	15,555	11	10	21	6	7	13	34	32 14 0	
160	Woodstock - - -	14,236	6	8	14	17	7	24	38	43 0 0	
161	Witney - - - -	23,227	22	14	36	21	16	37	73	60 13 4	
162	Chipping Norton - -	17,296	16	5	21	10	4	14	35	26 0 6	
163	Banbury - - - -	30,171	24	21	45	49	15	64	109	96 2 0	

Number of Children attending the Schools of Union Workhouses, &c.—*continued.*

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	III. SOUTH MIDLAND COUNTIES—*cont.*										
	10. NORTHAMPTON.										
164	Brackley - - - -	13,471	9	11	20	15	9	24	44	50 9 0	
165	Towcester - - - -	13,004	7	6	13	5	3	8	21	21 0 0	
166	Potterspury - - -	11,618	11	9	20	10	5	15	35	19 0 0	
167	Hardingstone - - -	9,928	5	5	10	1	1	2	12	18 0 0	
168	Northampton - - -	41,152	18	16	34	11	8	19	53	54 16 0	
169	Daventry - - - -	20,600	14	17	31	16	17	33	64	36 0 0	
170	Brixworth - - - -	15,367	9	5	14	9	5	14	28	27 5 0	
171	Wellingborough - -	24,224	14	13	27	20	11	31	58	54 14 0	
172	Kettering - - - -	18,995	17	5	22	7	7	14	36	23 0 0	
173	Thrapston - - - -	14,065	4	1	5	8	3	11	16	16 0 0	
174	Oundle - - - -	15,362	9	11	20	6	12	18	38	22 16 0	
175	Peterborough - - -	33,178	23	14	37	17	15	32	69	57 12 4	
	11. HUNTINGDON.										
176	Huntingdon - - -	20,518	20	13	33	20	13	33	66	76 4 0	In a detached Building.
177	St. Ives - - - -	19,654	9	6	15	7	6	13	28	20 0 0	In a detached Building.
178	St. Neot's - - - -	18,965	4	8	12	22	4	26	38	23 12 0	
	12. BEDFORD.										
179	Bedford - - - -	38,069	11	23	34	21	24	45	79	102 6 6	
180	Biggleswade - - -	25,393	16	14	30	15	9	24	54	20 0 0	
181	Ampthill - - - -	16,970	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Children attend National School.
182	Woburn - - - -	11,684	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
183	Leighton Buzzard - -	17,648	7	7	14	14	5	19	33	31 0 0	
184	Luton - - - -	30,712	20	28	48	15	2	17	65	..	Attend National School.
	13. CAMBRIDGE.										
185	Caxton and Arrington -	10,966	11	2	13	9	4	13	26	19 12 0	In a detached Building.
186	Chesterton - - -	25,083	12	11	23	14	5	19	42	40 4 0	
187	Cambridge - - -	26,361	21	25	46	24	10	34	80	57 17 8	
188	Linton - - - -	13,510	11	10	21	9	9	18	39	48 12 0	
189	Newmarket - - -	28,675	9	28	37	9	27	36	73	52 8 8	
190	Ely - - - - -	21,891	6	5	11	14	9	23	34	51 18 8	
191	North Witchford - -	14,791	20	8	28	26	13	39	67	48 4 0	
192	Whittlesey* - - -	6,966	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
193	Wisbeach - - -	33,309	19	18	37	24	12	36	73	118 12 3	

Number of Children attending the Schools of Union Workhouses, &c.—*continued.*

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			Boys.			Girls.			Total Boys and Girls.		
			Under 10 Years of Age.	Above 10 Years of Age.	Total.	Under 10 Years of Age.	Above 10 Years of Age.	Total.			
	IV. EASTERN COUNTIES.									£ s. d.	
	14. ESSEX.										
194	West Ham	59,319	45	88	133	59	42	101	234	64 5 6	
195	Epping	16,549	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
196	Ongar	11,317	6	4	10	7	11	18	28	19 9 0	
197	Romford	26,965	27	25	52	30	17	47	99	50 19 0	
198	Orsett	11,595	6	5	11	7	6	13	24	40 17 0	
199	Billericay	15,031	17	8	25	15	8	23	48	48 4 0	
200	Chelmsford	32,765	14	29	43	33	15	48	91	57 19 9	
201	Rochford	18,282	15	7	22	16	8	24	46	53 2 0	
202	Maldon	22,556	20	16	36	25	13	38	74	72 16 0	In a separate Building.
203	Tendring	27,105	16	16	32	15	8	23	55	50 16 0	
204	Colchester	23,809	10	16	26	25	9	34	60	48 8 0	
205	Lexden and Winstree	22,950	14	16	30	33	15	48	78	60 4 0	
206	Witham	16,324	9	11	20	34	17	51	71	45 0 0	
207	Halstead	18,482	20	14	34	23	11	34	68	57 4 0	
208	Braintree	17,170	19	13	32	23	14	37	69	71 0 0	
209	Dunmow	19,759	13	30	43	22	23	45	88	82 2 0	
210	Saffron Walden	19,721	15	15	30	11	7	18	48	50 12 0	
	15. SUFFOLK.										
211	Risbridge	17,432	5	12	17	28	9	37	54	35 12 0	
212	Sudbury	31,415	13	14	27	19	15	34	61	55 10 6	
213	Cosford	17,376	1	17	18	11	7	18	36	43 8 0	
214	Thingoe	18,224	5	4	9	20	8	28	37	41 19 0	
215	Bury St. Edmund's †	13,318	14	14	28	8	5	13	41	42 19 0	
216	Mildenhall	9,595	6	4	10	..	..	..	10	..	Girls attend Lady Bunbury's School.
217	Stow	20,908	11	9	20	12	4	16	36	32 14 6	
218	Hartismere	17,665	12	12	24	10	11	21	45	98 10 8	In a separate Workhouse.
219	Hoxne	14,694	13	9	22	10	12	22	44	50 9 0	
220	Bosmere and Claydon	16,174	8	12	20	21	9	30	50	50 0 0	
221	Samford	12,736	4	8	12	6	5	11	23	27 13 0	
222	Ipswich	37,881	18	34	52	22	20	42	94	56 10 0	
223	Woodbridge	22,754	11	13	24	20	9	29	53	45 0 0	
224	Plomesgate	20,720	8	13	21	16	7	23	44	43 16 0	
225	Blything	26,848	13	15	28	26	24	50	78	50 5 0	

Number of Children attending the Schools of Union Workhouses, &c.—*continued.*

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	IV. EASTERN COUNTIES—*continued.*									£ s. d.	
	15. SUFFOLK—*continued.*										
226	Wangford - - - -	13,619	13	13	26	28	15	43	69	48 8 0	
227	Mutford and Lothingland †	24,050	5	14	19	11	7	18	37	23 4 0	
	16. NORFOLK.										
228	Yarmouth* - - -	30,338	19	20	39	27	15	42	81	110 11 5	
229	Flegg, East and West † -	8,615	7	..	7	7	8	15	22	19 8 0	
230	Tunstead and Happing † -	14,516	13	7	20	8	7	15	35	20 9 0	
231*a*	Erpingham - - -	20,579	14	19	33	16	11	27	60	53 2 0	
232	Aylsham - - - -	19,052	18	15	33	23	8	31	64	50 4 0	
233	St. Faith's - - - -	11,749	19	11	30	17	3	20	50	33 6 0	
234	Norwich - - - -	74,440	48	41	89	53	74	127	216	210 8 0	Partly in separate Schools and partly in Workhouse School.
235	Forehoe † - - - -	12,818	12	9	21	20	5	25	46	42 3 0	In separate Buildings.
236	Henstead - - - -	11,290	16	5	21	11	8	19	40	22 12 0	
237	Blofield - - - -	11,521	18	13	31	14	7	21	52	24 0 0	
238	Loddon and Clavering -	14,242	15	10	25	14	7	21	46	22 0 9	
239	Depwade - - - -	25,248	8	18	26	20	8	28	54	37 4 0	
240	Guiltcross - - - -	11,541	10	11	21	18	3	21	42	49 15 9	
241	Wayland - - - -	11,562	7	4	11	6	7	13	24	20 16 0	
242	Mitford and Launditch -	28,020	59	27	86	27	25	52	138	112 3 6	
243	Walsingham - - -	21,118	6	8	14	7	10	17	31	38 8 4	
244	Docking - - - -	17,589	7	6	13	10	11	21	34	16 12 3	
245	Freebridge Lynn - -	13,486	4	6	10	23	10	33	43	28 0 0	
246	King's Lynn - - -	16,701	16	16	32	16	15	31	63	56 7 0	
247	Downham - - - -	20,264	18	10	28	19	11	30	58	53 0 0	
248	Swaffham - - - -	13,747	..	..	..	7	3	10	10	18 4 0	
249	Thetford - - - -	18,624	13	13	26	13	11	24	50	43 7 10	
	V. SOUTH WESTERN COUNTIES.										
	17. WILTS.										
250	Highworth and Swindon -	19,237	9	13	22	13	22	35	57	..	
251	Cricklade and Wootton Bassett.	11,470	10	3	13	12	10	22	35	44 2 0	
252	Malmesbury - - -	14,556	11	13	24	12	12	24	48	41 8 10	
253	Chippenham - - -	22,029	25	17	42	15	13	28	70	93 15 8	
254	Calne - - - - -	8,885	20	3	23	15	9	24	47	52 13 8	
255*a*	Marlborough - - -	9,774	7	..	7	7	9	16	23	16 0 0	

Number of Children attending the Schools of Union Workhouses, &c.—*continued.*

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	V. SOUTH WESTERN COUNTIES—*cont.*									£ s. d.	
	17. WILTS—*continued.*										
256	Devizes - - - -	21,680	32	3	35	29	6	35	70	89 10 4	
257	Melksham - - - -	17,233	11	21	32	21	15	36	68	61 13 4	
258	Bradford - - - -	10,475	14	16	30	11	16	27	57	45 4 0	In a separate Building.
259	Westbury and Whorwelsdown.	11,751	6	18	24	18	12	30	54	62 13 4	
260	Warminster - - -	15,942	21	5	26	10	5	15	41	28 0 0	
261	Pewsey - - - -	12,466	12	6	18	9	8	17	35	31 18 0	
262	Amesbury - - - -	8,127	17	7	24	15	7	22	46	49 19 0	
263	Alderbury - - - -	14,770	14	6	20	9	3	12	32	29 9 0	
264	Salisbury † - - -	9,039	13	12	25	6	7	13	38	40 0 0	
265	Wilton - - - -	10,674	13	10	23	11	6	17	40	..	Attend National School.
266	Tisbury - - - -	9,862	12	6	18	15	11	26	44	20 0 0	
267	Mere - - - - -	8,057	7	5	12	9	5	14	26	26 18 0	
	18. DORSET.										
268	Shaftesbury - - -	12,986	12	5	17	12	6	18	35	30 16 0	
269	Sturminster - - -	10,340	9	5	14	8	6	14	28	20 9 0	
270	Blandford - - - -	14,821	24	8	32	12	15	27	59	23 0 0	
271	Wimborne and Cranborne	17,253	3	3	6	10	4	14	20	16 0 0	
272	Poole - - - - -	13,742	8	10	18	2	6	8	26	29 16 0	
273	Wareham and Purbeck -	17,072	11	11	22	9	6	15	37	22 8 0	
274	Weymouth - - -	27,291	15	16	31	24	13	37	68	53 16 0	
275*a*	Dorchester - - - -	17,492	5	3	8	5	4	9	17	23 19 0	
275*b*	Cerne - - - - -	7,318	7	7	14	3	6	9	23	20 0 0	
276	Sherborne - - - -	13,463	12	10	22	12	3	15	37	15 1 7	
277	Beaminster - - -	13,587	13	15	28	5	18	23	51	44 8 5	
278	Bridport - - - -	16,828	5	12	17	16	8	24	41	36 18 3	
	19. DEVON.										
279	Axminster - - - -	19,758	14	14	28	28	8	36	64	45 0 0	
280	Honiton - - - -	22,729	15	8	23	11	5	16	39	19 4 7	
281	St. Thomas - - -	48,338	13	19	32	22	5	27	59	80 2 3	
282	Exeter † - - - -	33,738	28	16	44	15	12	27	71	59 1 3	
283	Newton Abbot - - -	59,063	16	10	26	32	6	38	64	55 10 0	
284	Totnes - - - -	32,942	43	3	46	27	3	30	76	78 6 0	
285	Kingsbridge - - -	19,394	17	3	20	12	3	15	35	41 3 0	

Number of Children attending the Schools of Union Workhouses, &c.—*continued.*

Reference Nos.	DIVISIONS, UNION—COUNTIES, and UNIONS.	Population, 1861.	The daily Average Number of Children attending the Schools of the Union Workhouses, &c. in England and Wales, during the Half-year ended at Lady-day 1869. Boys. Under 10 Years of Age.	Boys. Above 10 Years of Age.	Boys. Total.	Girls. Under 10 Years of Age.	Girls. Above 10 Years of Age.	Girls. Total.	Total Boys and Girls.	Amount of Money paid to Boards of Guardians from the Parliamentary Grant in respect of the Salaries of Schoolmasters and Schoolmistresses, for the Year ended Lady-day 1869. £	s.	d.	OBSERVATIONS.
	V. SOUTH WESTERN COUNTIES—*cont.*												
	19. DEVON—*continued.*												
286	Plympton St. Mary	20,502	15	4	19	16	3	19	38	32	19	0	
287	Plymouth †	62,599	40	26	66	32	28	60	126	101	0	0	
288	East Stonehouse *	14,343	12	14	26	..	..	..	26	28	8	0	Boys and Girls.
289	Stoke Damerel ‖	50,440	33	25	58	24	21	45	103	106	18	4	
290	Tavistock	35,265	15	22	37	34	17	51	88	50	12	0	
291	Okehampton	18,580	11	8	19	13	4	17	36	27	13	6	
292	Crediton	20,274	15	9	24	18	8	26	50	46	0	0	
293a	Tiverton	30,875	13	5	18	14	3	17	35	40	0	0	
294	South Molton	19,532	15	3	18	20	3	23	41	50	5	4	
295	Barnstaple	36,293	27	11	38	39	6	45	83	68	0	0	The Boys' School is in a separate Building.
296	Torrington	16,876	21	7	28	21	6	27	55	49	8	0	
297	Bideford	17,742	18	6	24	8	1	9	33	22	8	0	
298	Holsworthy	9,876	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			Attend National School.
	20. CORNWALL.												
299	Stratton	8,028	7	1	8	6	1	7	15	16	0	0	
300	Camelford	7,784	12	5	17	14	3	17	34	20	0	0	
301	Launceston	17,005	17	6	23	13	4	17	40	20	12	0	The School is in a separate Building.
302	St. Germans	17,631	6	3	9	6	5	11	20	19	12	0	
303	Liskeard	33,554	17	16	33	17	13	30	63	42	9	0	
304	Bodmin	19,691	30	9	39	24	6	30	69	41	8	0	
305	St. Columb	16,754	12	5	17	15	12	27	44	35	12	8	
306	St. Austell	33,797	19	10	29	26	20	46	75	46	2	6	
307	Truro	43,070	22	10	32	39	22	61	93	99	7	0	
308	Falmouth	23,332	12	15	27	18	16	34	61	70	5	0	
309	Helston	30,036	19	10	29	24	12	36	65	45	0	0	
310	Redruth	57,173	30	25	55	50	23	73	128	81	1	0	
311	Penzance	54,554	17	8	25	16	6	22	47	24	0	0	
	21. SOMERSET.												
313	Williton	19,918	16	14	30	17	11	28	58	53	3	8	
313a	Dulverton	6,158	6	2	8	6	3	9	17	16	0	0	
314	Wellington	20,480	8	13	21	15	8	23	44	63	6	8	
315	Taunton	35,601	41	8	49	23	7	30	79	84	3	0	
316	Bridgwater	34,420	19	13	32	21	5	26	58	71	16	0	
317	Langport	17,999	11	2	13	11	3	14	27	16	0	0	

Number of Children attending the Schools of Union Workhouses, &c.—*continued.*

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	V. SOUTH WESTERN COUNTIES—*cont.*									£	s.	d.	
	21. SOMERSET—*continued.*												
318	Chard	25,591	11	12	23	17	9	26	49	42	8	0	
319	Yeovil	28,189	10	14	24	11	8	19	43	24	0	0	
320	Wincanton	21,500	9	15	24	30	4	34	58	37	12	0	
321	Frome	23,700	17	12	29	25	13	38	67	54	11	0	The Schools are in a separate Building.
322	Shepton Mallet	16,619	5	16	21	24	9	33	54	71	12	3	
323	Wells	21,889	5	19	24	20	12	32	56	61	9	5	
324	Axbridge	36,106	14	32	46	15	7	22	68	85	12	0	
325	Clutton	23,721	12	9	21	13	10	23	44	78	10	0	
326	Bath	68,336	57	57	114	43	19	62	176	220	11	7	
327	Keynsham	21,802	16	13	29	15	7	22	51	56	10	8	
328	Bedminster	41,257	20	17	37	31	12	43	80	68	0	0	
	VI. WEST MIDLAND COUNTIES.												
	22. GLOUCESTER.												
329	Bristol †	66,027	82	69	151	76	44	120	271	358	8	8	In a separate School.
330	Clifton	94,687	71	44	115	50	35	85	200	208	12	8	In a separate Building.
331	Chipping Sodbury	18,763	8	7	15	9	7	16	31	13	6	8	
332	Thornbury	16,499	9	6	15	3	8	11	26	...			
333	Dursley	13,331	9	8	17	7	5	12	29	38	5	0	
334	Westbury-on-Severn	19,854	18	6	24	21	10	31	55	32	10	0	
335	Newent	12,420	17	4	21	14	4	18	39	16	5	8	
336	Gloucester	34,733	20	13	33	12	5	17	50	40	5	8	
337	Wheatenhurst	7,813	5	4	9	7	1	8	17	23	6	0	
338	Stroud	36,448	20	21	41	35	15	50	91	88	14	8	
339	Tetbury	6,110	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			Attend National School.
340	Cirencester	20,934	22	20	42	12	17	29	71	65	13	0	
341	Northleach	10,895	1	1	2	7	6	13	15	33	3	10	
342	Stow-on-the-Wold	9,687	10	9	19	7	10	17	36	14	14	6	
343	Winchcomb	10,082	9	5	14	6	1	7	21	26	0	0	
344	Cheltenham	49,792	20	23	43	11	34	45	88	92	1	8	
345	Tewkesbury	14,908	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			Attend National School.
	23. HEREFORD.												
346	Ledbury	14,880	10	9	19	10	10	20	39	31	8	0	
347	Ross	16,306	18	15	33	15	4	19	52	16	0	0	
348*a*	Hereford	29,768	29	28	57	25	21	46	103	144	14	0	

Number of Children attending the Schools of Union Workhouses, &c.—*continued.*

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	VI. WEST MIDLAND COUNTIES—*cont.*									£ s. d.	
	23. HEREFORD—*continued.*										
348*b*	Dore	9,519	12	4	16	10	4	14	30	25 16 0	
349	Weobley	9,018	8	4	12	8	3	11	23	20 16 0	
350	Bromyard	11,811	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
351	Leominster	15,494	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	24. SALOP.										
352	Ludlow	17,717	14	10	24	8	5	13	37	60 17 6	
353	Clun	10,615	13	4	17	9	4	13	30	33 14 0	
354	Church Stretton	6,289	11	3	14	3	2	5	19	18 14 0	
355	Cleobury Mortimer	8,304	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In the South-east Shropshire District School.
356	Bridgnorth	15,920	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ditto.
357	Shiffnal	11,994	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ditto.
358	Madeley	30,403	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ditto.
359	Atcham	19,314	20	16	36	21	7	28	64	61 0 0	
360	Shrewsbury †	25,784	19	8	27	4	7	11	38	20 19 3	
361	Oswestry †	23,778	17	10	27	13	11	24	51	34 13 4	
362	Ellesmere	14,611	5	6	11	16	4	20	31	25 4 0	
363*a*	Wem	10,644	2	3	5	3	5	8	13	20 0 0	
363*b*	Whitchurch	11,272	11	8	19	7	4	11	30	18 5 10	
364	Drayton	14,260	9	3	12	4	3	7	19	11 11 9	
365	Wellington	23,873	19	12	31	19	4	23	54	59 3 0	In a separate School at Waters Upton.
366	Newport	15,447	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In South-east Shropshire District School.
	25. STAFFORD.										
367	Stafford	24,474	15	7	22	17	7	24	46	46 12 0	
368	Stone	21,926	1	2	3	10	7	17	20	20 8 0	
369	Newcastle-under-Lyme	24,567	17	8	25	13	10	23	48	59 13 0	
370	Wolstanton and Burslem	54,356	13	24	37	14	13	27	64	61 0 0	
371	Stoke-upon-Trent *	71,308	39	52	91	36	50	86	177	188 13 4	
372*a*	Leek	23,658	8	4	12	15	5	20	32	24 0 9	
373	Cheadle	20,988	4	8	12	3	6	9	21	19 6 0	
374	Uttoxeter	14,787	8	9	17	5	7	12	29	20 8 0	
375	Burton-on-Trent	41,065	17	17	34	10	30	40	74	72 10 0	
376	Tamworth	15,504	10	4	14	16	7	23	37	22 8 0	

Number of Children attending the Schools of Union Workhouses, &c.—*continued.*

Reference Nos.	DIVISIONS, UNION—COUNTIES, and UNIONS.	Population, 1861.	Boys. Under 10 Years of Age.	Boys. Above 10 Years of Age.	Boys. Total.	Girls. Under 10 Years of Age.	Girls. Above 10 Years of Age.	Girls. Total.	Total Boys and Girls.	Amount of Money paid to Boards of Guardians from the Parliamentary Grant in respect of the Salaries of Schoolmasters and Schoolmistresses, for the Year ended Lady-day 1869.	OBSERVATIONS.
	The daily Average Number of Children attending the Schools of the Union Workhouses, &c. in England and Wales, during the Half-year ended at Lady-day 1869.										
	VI. WEST MIDLAND COUNTIES—*cont.*									£ s. d.	
	25. STAFFORD—*continued.*										
377	Lichfield	27,541	9	3	12	10	3	13	25	21 0 0	
378	Penkridge	18,662	7	9	16	7	8	15	31	20 0 0	
379a	Seisdon	15,869	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In South East Shropshire District School.
379b	Wolverhampton	111,033	32	76	108	84	43	127	235	195 10 11	
380	Walsall	59,908	8	11	19	15	17	32	51	44 1 8	
381	West Bromwich	92,480	49	24	73	70	33	103	176	152 18 0	
382	Dudley	130,243	52	29	81	86	26	112	193	63 0 0	
	26. WORCESTER.										
383	Stourbridge	68,726	20	33	53	63	7	70	123	76 0 0	
384	Kidderminster	30,307	6	11	17	18	6	24	41	51 12 0	
385	Tenbury	7,366	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
386	Martley	15,098	13	5	18	8	2	10	28	20 12 0	
387	Worcester	30,969	21	17	38	26	12	38	76	55 8 0	
388	Upton-on-Severn	21,010	8	4	12	5	7	12	24	..	
389	Evesham	14,767	8	10	18	14	22	36	54	20 0 0	
390	Pershore	13,865	7	5	12	3	3	6	18	..	Attend National School.
391	Droitwich	19,237	8	11	19	7	4	11	30	15 17 7	
392	Bromsgrove	26,207	17	12	29	13	4	17	46	24 0 0	
393	King's Norton	47,349	19	15	34	11	14	25	59	24 0 0	
	27. WARWICK.										
394	Birmingham ‖	212,621	125	196	321	199	101	300	621	316 9 9	Children in a separate Building.
395	Aston	100,522	24	26	50	43	31	74	124	81 18 2	
396	Meriden	11,290	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
397	Atherstone	12,118	4	6	10	6	5	11	21	18 13 3	
398	Nuneaton	13,054	8	2	10	8	7	15	25	24 5 0	
399	Foleshill	19,997	18	9	27	15	4	19	46	16 0 0	
400	Coventry †	41,647	18	19	37	36	11	47	84	103 18 0	
401	Rugby	24,436	6	4	10	10	8	18	28	20 12 0	
402	Solihull	13,231	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend Village School.
403	Warwick	44,047	9	19	28	25	13	38	66	90 5 0	
404	Stratford-on-Avon	21,249	11	9	20	9	3	12	32	21 12 0	
405	Alcester	16,878	7	5	12	8	4	12	24	..	Attend National School.
406	Shipston-on-Stour	19,852	10	3	13	22	9	31	44	21 12 0	
407	Southam	10,392	10	7	17	10	6	16	33	27 5 0	

Education of Pauper Children.

Number of Children attending the Schools of Union Workhouses, &c.—*continued.*

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	VII. NORTH MIDLAND COUNTIES.									£ s. d.	
	28. LEICESTER.										
408	Lutterworth	15,515	9	9	18	5	3	8	26	21 16 0	
409	Market Harborough	16,034	10	14	24	5	7	12	36	24 13 4	
410	Billesdon	7,272	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Children sent out to School.
411	Blaby	14,305	4	4	8	3	7	10	18	..	
412	Hinckley	16,374	9	3	12	7	3	10	22	19 12 0	
413	Market Bosworth	13,428	10	5	15	8	7	15	30	24 2 8	
414	Ashby-de-la-Zouch	28,543	8	7	15	9	19	28	43	28 0 0	
415	Loughborough	24,147	6	7	13	10	6	16	29	40 19 0	
416	Barrow-on-Soar	19,766	8	12	20	6	2	8	28	21 8 0	
417	Leicester	68,056	63	52	115	37	28	65	180	151 3 4	
418	Melton Mowbray	20,171	12	10	22	18	9	27	49	60 1 3	
	29. RUTLAND.										
419	Oakham	11,112	4	5	9	6	1	7	16	30 0 0	
420	Uppingham	12,367	8	5	13	10	16	26	39	18 17 0	
	30. LINCOLN.										
421	Stamford	18,213	14	16	30	23	10	33	63	50 13 0	
422*a*	Bourn	20,113	13	3	16	17	5	22	38	20 0 0	
423	Spalding	22,129	10	18	28	23	14	37	65	57 16 0	
424	Holbeach	18,290	11	10	21	14	7	21	42	49 17 0	
425	Boston	37,933	14	17	31	31	16	47	78	70 2 6	
426	Sleaford	24,919	9	12	21	24	11	35	56	58 0 0	
427	Grantham	28,886	7	16	23	16	11	27	50	51 6 0	
428	Lincoln	46,941	29	14	43	28	12	40	83	78 0 0	
429	Horncastle	24,695	10	2	12	7	3	10	22	47 12 0	
430	Spilsby	28,799	9	8	17	18	7	25	42	39 16 0	
431	Louth	34,711	8	14	22	14	8	22	44	66 0 0	
432	Caistor	37,517	17	7	24	17	6	23	47	56 10 0	
433	Glanford Brigg	34,731	9	10	19	14	11	25	44	24 0 0	
434	Gainsborough	25,973	13	18	31	17	9	26	57	71 15 0	
	31. NOTTINGHAM.										
435	East Retford	22,677	3	6	9	2	2	4	13	23 10 0	
436	Worksop	20,704	15	13	28	23	12	35	63	36 0 0	

Number of Children attending the Schools of Union Workhouses, &c.—*continued.*

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										£ s. d.	
	VII. NORTH MIDLAND COUNTIES—*cont.*										
	31. NOTTINGHAM—*continued.*										
437	Mansfield	30,593	6	6	12	13	6	19	31	16 0 0	
438	Basford	74,357	21	19	40	25	7	32	72	80 16 0	
439	Radford	30,479	12	13	25	3	1	4	29	..	Attend National School.
440	Nottingham	74,693	35	60	95	32	24	56	151	175 10 4	
441	Southwell	24,425	12	5	17	8	5	13	30	20 0 0	
442	Newark	30,186	11	9	20	4	11	15	35	43 12 0	In a separate Building.
443	Bingham	15,670	4	3	7	..	2	2	9	22 10 0	
	32. DERBY.										
444	Shardlow	31,113	11	12	23	14	13	27	50	51 18 0	
445	Derby	51,049	12	33	45	26	17	43	88	78 0 0	
446	Belper	51,711	10	18	28	27	8	35	63	92 16 0	
447	Ashbourne	19,997	6	6	12	4	1	5	17	25 2 0	
448	Chesterfield	61,779	13	21	34	23	18	41	75	30 16 11	
449	Bakewell	31,378	5	13	18	14	8	22	40	48 17 6	
450	Chapel-en-le-Frith	14,020	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
451*a*	Glossop	21,200	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ditto.
451*b*	Hayfield	10,976	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ditto.
	VIII. NORTH WESTERN COUNTIES.										
	33. CHESTER.										
452	Stockport	94,335	21	32	53	27	16	43	96	143 14 8	
453	Macclesfield	61,543	18	22	40	30	4	34	74	99 12 0	
454	Altrincham	40,517	15	18	33	26	5	31	64	56 19 0	
455	Runcorn	26,792	9	14	23	19	12	31	54	89 4 5	
456	Northwich	33,338	17	12	29	23	8	31	60	46 18 1	
457	Congleton	34,328	9	17	26	14	12	26	52	58 4 0	
458	Nantwich	40,955	18	15	33	18	7	25	58	17 18 2	
459*a*	Great Boughton	19,000	8	12	20	16	5	21	41	50 19 0	
459*b*	Chester †	29,408	23	26	49	23	7	30	79	54 2 9	The Girls in a separate Building.
459*c*	Hawarden	9,528	10	4	14	9	4	13	27	16 0 0	
460*a*	Wirrall	18,413	17	17	34	27	13	40	74	48 10 7	
460*b*	Birkenhead	61,420	22	19	41	26	18	44	85	24 0 0	

Number of Children attending the Schools of Union Workhouses, &c.—*continued.*

Reference Nos.	DIVISIONS, UNION—COUNTIES, and UNIONS.	Population, 1861.	The daily Average Number of Children attending the Schools of the Union Workhouses, &c. in England and Wales, during the Half-year ended at Lady-day 1869. Boys. Under 10 Years of Age.	Boys. Above 10 Years of Age.	Boys. Total.	Girls. Under 10 Years of Age.	Girls. Above 10 Years of Age.	Girls. Total.	Total Boys and Girls.	Amount of Money paid to Boards of Guardians from the Parliamentary Grant in respect of the Salaries of Schoolmasters and School-mistresses, for the Year ended Lady-day 1869. £ s. d.	OBSERVATIONS.
	VIII. NORTH WESTERN COUNTIES—*cont.*										
	34. LANCASTER.										
461	Liverpool‖	269,742	213	488	701	300	311	611	1312	1,329 6 7	In the Industrial Schools at Kirkdale.
462*a*	West Derby	156,561	82	69	151	48	67	115	266	291 0 0	
462*b*	Toxteth Park*	69,284	61	41	102	60	38	98	200	185 2 2	
463	Prescot	73,127	23	24	47	21	25	46	93	47 0 0	
464	Ormskirk	46,252	12	12	24	29	6	35	59	7 6 5	
465	Wigan	94,561	38	19	57	22	13	35	92	68 0 0	
466	Warrington	43,875	27	36	63	34	14	48	111	73 13 11	
467	Leigh	37,700	18	10	28	19	12	31	59	32 18 0	
468	Bolton	130,269	40	8	48	40	13	53	101	71 0 0	
469	Bury	101,135	29	4	33	14	4	18	51	40 0 0	
470	Barton-upon-Irwell	39,038	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In the Swinton Industrial School.
471	Chorlton	169,579	29	78	107	104	37	141	248	264 0 8	
472	Salford	105,335	68	65	133	70	30	109	242	151 11 3	
473*a*	Manchester*	185,410	236	177	413	195	173	368	781	553 2 3	In the Swinton Industrial School.
473*b*	Prestwich	58,578	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In a separate School.
474	Ashton-under-Lyne	134,753	23	17	40	18	8	26	66	40 0 0	
475	Oldham	111,276	28	3	31	23	3	26	57	52 6 0	
476	Rochdale	91,754	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	In a separate School.
477	Haslingden	69,781	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
478	Burnley	75,595	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ditto.
479	Clitheroe	20,476	7	..	7	3	..	3	10	..	Attend Village School.
480	Blackburn	119,942	24	10	34	31	6	37	71	72 12 0	
481	Chorley	41,678	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend Village School at Brindle.
482	Preston	110,523	75	26	101	44	29	73	174	120 6 9	Two Schools away from the Workhouse and one in it.
483	Fylde	25,682	18	5	23	8	5	13	36	23 4 0	
484	Garstang	12,425	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	No Teacher.
485*a*	Lancaster	23,841	6	5	11	1	3	4	15	..	Attend National School.
485*b*	Caton §	9,312	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
486	Ulverstone	35,738	21	20	41	19	8	27	68	74 4 0	
	IX. YORK.										
	35. WEST RIDING.										
487	Sedbergh	4,391	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
488	Settle	12,528	3	3	6	5	7	12	18	16 0 0	In a separate Building.

Number of Children attending the Schools of Union Workhouses, &c.—*continued.*

Reference Nos.	DIVISIONS, UNION—COUNTIES, and UNIONS.	Population, 1861.	The daily Average Number of Children attending the Schools of the Union Workhouses, &c. in England and Wales, during the Half-year ended at Lady-day 1869. Boys. Under 10 Years of Age.	Boys. Above 10 Years of Age.	Boys. Total.	Girls. Under 10 Years of Age.	Girls. Above 10 Years of Age.	Girls. Total.	Total Boys and Girls.	Amount of Money paid to Boards of Guardians from the Parliamentary Grant in respect of the Salaries of Schoolmasters and Schoolmistresses, for the Year ended Lady-day 1869.	OBSERVATIONS.
										£ s. d.	
	IX. YORK—*continued.*										
	35. WEST RIDING—*continued.*										
489 *a*	Skipton - - - -	31,155	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Go out to School.
490	Pateley Bridge - - -	9,534	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Go out to School.
491	Ripon - - - - -	15,727	7	9	16	10	7	17	33	30 11 5	In a separate Building.
492*a*	Great Ouseburn - -	11,534	2	6	8	..	7	7	15	18 2 0	
492*b*	Knaresborough - - -	17,176	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
492*c*	Wetherby - - - -	6,714	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
493*c*	Wharfedale - - -	15,453	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	No Workhouse.
494*a*	Keighley - - - -	43,122	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	No Teacher.
495	Todmorden - - -	31,113	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	No Workhouse.
496	Saddleworth * - - -	18,631	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
497	Huddersfield - - -	131,336	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
498	Halifax - - - -	128,673	12	11	23	28	4	32	55	20 0 0	
499*a*	North Bierley - - -	85,775	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Children sent to Clayton National School.
499*b*	Bradford - - - -	106,218	25	10	35	26	12	38	73	72 16 0	
500*b*	Bramley - - - -	11,391	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
500*b*[1]	Holbeck * - - - -	15,824	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
500*b*[2]	Hunslet * - - - -	25,763	11	9	20	10	6	16	36	47 15 6	
501	Leeds * - - - -	117,566	81	75	156	73	71	144	300	314 18 5	In a separate Building.
502	Dewsbury - - - -	92,883	21	24	45	39	14	53	98	60 0 0	In a separate Building.
503*a*	Wakefield - - - -	53,126	21	4	25	20	12	32	57	33 9 0	
504*a*	Pontefract - - - -	14,635	5	6	11	4	2	6	17	19 3 0	
504*b*	Hemsworth - - -	7,793	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	No Teacher.
505	Barnsley - - - -	45,797	17	11	28	26	13	39	67	50 8 0	
506*a*	Penistone - - - -	14,419	5	10	15	6	5	11	26	25 15 0	
506*b*	Wortley - - - -	24,092	9	3	12	9	10	19	31	19 15 0	
507	Ecclesall Bierlow - -	63,618	33	42	75	38	28	66	141	78 0 0	
508	Sheffield - - - -	128,951	54	48	102	52	32	84	186	90 0 0	In a separate Building.
509	Rotherham - - -	44,350	13	15	28	21	6	27	55	24 0 0	
510	Doncaster - - - -	39,388	20	17	37	12	12	24	61	69 5 0	
511	Thorne - - - -	16,011	17	10	27	13	6	19	46	40 0 0	
512	Goole - - - -	15,153	13	7	20	14	6	20	40	21 16 0	
513*a*	Selby - - - - -	15,462	3	1	4	5	1	6	10	..	
514	Tadcaster - - -	4,805	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend School in the Town.

Number of Children attending the Schools of Union Workhouses, &c.—*continued.*

Reference Nos.	DIVISIONS, UNION—COUNTIES, and UNIONS.	Population, 1861.	The daily Average Number of Children attending the Schools of the Union Workhouses, &c. in England and Wales, during the Half-year ended at Lady-day 1869. Boys. Under 10 Years of Age.	Boys. Above 10 Years of Age.	Boys. Total.	Girls. Under 10 Years of Age.	Girls. Above 10 Years of Age.	Girls. Total.	Total Boys and Girls.	Amount of Money paid to Boards of Guardians from the Parliamentary Grant in respect of the Salaries of Schoolmasters and Schoolmistresses, for the Year ended Lady-day 1869.	OBSERVATIONS.
	IX. YORK—*continued.*									£ s. d.	
	36. EAST RIDING.										
515*a*	York	59,158	21	28	49	20	16	36	85	61 3 4	
516	Pocklington	16,710	3	5	8	4	6	10	18	26 11 6	
517	Howden	15,001	16	4	20	13	5	18	38	24 0 0	
518	Beverley	21,029	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
519	Sculcoates	51,956	45	23	68	49	24	73	141	67 18 0	
520	Kingston-on-Hull ‖	56,888	31	42	73	31	32	63	136	85 6 7	
521	Patrington	9,681	8	6	14	13	2	15	29	25 8 1	
522	Skirlaugh	9,654	10	5	15	6	4	10	25	..	
523	Driffield	19,226	4	11	15	14	7	21	36	38 4 0	
524	Bridlington	14,371	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
	37. NORTH RIDING.										
525	Scarborough	30,425	12	6	18	18	12	30	48	22 16 0	
526	Malton	23,483	9	5	14	11	4	15	29	16 0 0	
527	Easingwold	10,148	2	..	2	4	3	7	9	16 0 0	
528	Thirsk	12,299	3	4	7	4	1	5	12	17 16 0	
529*a*	Helmsley	6,093	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
529*b*	Kirkby Moorside	5,739	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
530	Pickering	10,541	6	1	7	6	2	8	15	22 0 0	
531	Whitby	23,633	12	8	20	10	6	16	36	23 11 10	
532	Guisborough	22,128	15	13	28	11	6	17	45	36 0 0	
533	Stokesley	10,381	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
534	Northallerton	12,174	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ditto.
535	Bedale	8,650	2	2	4	2	3	5	9	..	Ditto.
536	Leyburn	10,105	3	4	7	1	..	1	8	..	Go out to School.
538	Reeth	6,196	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ditto.
539	Richmond	13,457	13	6	19	7	1	8	27	20 8 0	
	X. NORTHERN COUNTIES.										
	38. DURHAM.										
540	Darlington	26,122	11	3	14	18	1	19	33	20 0 0	
541*a*	Stockton	45,325	19	26	45	30	23	53	98	41 0 0	In a separate Building.
541*b*	Hartlepool	29,153	15	16	31	11	9	20	51	40 0 0	
541*c*	Sedgefield	11,774	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
542	Auckland	50,491	9	5	14	21	9	30	44	20 0 0	

Number of Children attending the Schools of Union Workhouses &c.—*continued.*

Reference Nos.	DIVISIONS, UNION–COUNTIES, and UNIONS.	Population, 1861.	The daily Average Number of Children attending the Schools of the Union Workhouses, &c. in England and Wales, during the Half-year ended at Lady-day 1869.							Amount of Money paid to Boards of Guardians from the Parliamentary Grant in respect of the Salaries of Schoolmasters and Schoolmistresses, for the Year ended Lady-day 1869.	OBSERVATIONS.
			Boys.			Girls.			Total Boys and Girls.		
			Under 10 Years of Age.	Above 10 Years of Age.	Total.	Under 10 Years of Age.	Above 10 Years of Age.	Total.			
	X. NORTHERN COUNTIES—*cont.*									£ s. d.	
	38. DURHAM—*continued.*										
543	Teesdale - - - - -	20,880	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
544	Weardale - - - - -	16,418	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
545*a*	Lanchester - - - -	27,812	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend Village School.
545*b*	Durham - - - - -	42,462	15	22	37	22	18	40	77	67 10 0	
546	Easington - - - - -	27,293	8	2	10	5	4	9	19	..	Attend National School.
547	Houghton-le-Spring - -	21,773	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ditto.
548	Chester-le-Street - -	27,660	7	6	13	7	10	17	30	22 8 0	
549	Sunderland - - -	90,704	25	22	47	20	22	42	89	137 6 8	
550	South Shields - - -	44,849	19	13	32	19	9	28	60	40 0 0	In a separate Building.
551	Gateshead - - - - -	59,409	26	21	47	16	21	37	84	79 0 0	
	39. NORTHUMBERLAND.										
552	Newcastle-on-Tyne - -	110,968	109	74	183	91	44	135	318	195 11 8	In a separate Building.
553	Tynemouth - - - -	77,955	31	13	44	11	35	46	90	77 12 0	In a separate Building.
554	Castle Ward - - - -	14,943	6	4	10	1	3	4	14	..	
555	Hexham - - - - -	31,850	18	15	33	17	12	29	62	42 0 0	In a separate Building.
556	Haltwhistle - - - -	6,693	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
557	Bellingham - - - -	7,080	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Go out to School.
558	Morpeth - - - - -	23,998	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Go out to School.
559	Alnwick - - - - -	21,053	5	6	11	8	5	13	24	19 15 0	In a separate Building.
560	Belford - - - - -	6,231	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
561	Berwick-on-Tweed - -	21,862	27	20	47	23	23	46	93	78 16 0	
562	Glendale - - - - -	13,211	1	5	6	3	..	3	9	18 3 10	
563	Rothbury - - - - -	7,147	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Go out to School.
	40. CUMBERLAND.										
564	Alston-with-Garrigill* -	6,404	1	..	1	3	1	4	5	..	Attend Schools in the Town.
565	Penrith - - - - -	22,322	8	7	15	6	5	11	26	21 8 0	
566	Brampton - - - - -	10,866	5	4	9	2	4	6	15	..	Attend National School.
567	Longtown - - - - -	10,469	7	4	11	7	6	13	24	34 11 8	
568	Carlisle - - - - -	44,820	29	31	60	17	19	36	96	95 0 0	In a detached Building.
569	Wigton - - - - -	23,273	10	9	19	12	9	21	40	49 14 0	
570	Cockermouth - - -	41,280	16	14	30	24	8	32	62	47 9 11	
571	Whitehaven - - - -	39,950	26	23	49	25	22	47	96	67 0 0	
572	Bootle - - - - -	5,880	9	3	12	5	..	5	17	25 5 0	

Number of Children attending the Schools of Union Workhouses, &c.—*continued.*

Reference Nos.	DIVISIONS, UNION—COUNTIES, and UNIONS.	Population, 1861.	The daily Average Number of Children attending the Schools of the Union Workhouses, &c. in England and Wales, during the Half-year ended at Lady-day 1869. Boys. Under 10 Years of Age.	Boys. Above 10 Years of Age.	Boys. Total.	Girls. Under 10 Years of Age.	Girls. Above 10 Years of Age.	Girls. Total.	Total Boys and Girls.	Amount of Money paid to Boards of Guardians from the Parliamentary Grant in respect of the Salaries of Schoolmasters and Schoolmistresses, for the Year ended Lady-day 1869.	OBSERVATIONS.
	X. NORTHERN COUNTIES—*cont.*									£ s. d.	
	41. WESTMORELAND.										
573	East Ward	15,411	19	8	27	12	3	15	42	33 13 0	
574	West Ward	8,072	7	5	12	4	4	8	20	12 0 0	
575	Kendal	37,463	27	20	47	..	..	..	47	60 0 0	Boys and Girls.
	XI. MONMOUTH AND WALES.										
	42. MONMOUTH.										
576	Chepstow	17,941	13	7	20	8	4	12	32	28 0 0	
577	Monmouth	30,244	13	6	19	9	6	15	34	24 19 0	
578*a*	Abergavenny	19,527	10	5	15	9	6	15	30	41 1 0	
578*b*	Bedwellty	47,565	17	4	21	21	13	34	55	24 0 0	
579	Pontypool	30,288	14	7	21	15	14	29	50	18 0 0	
580	Newport	51,412	43	41	84	45	47	92	176	187 7 8	In a separate School at Caerleon.
	43. SOUTH WALES.										
	(A.) GLAMORGAN.										
581	Cardiff	58,285	53	38	91	99	46	145	236	245 5 0	In a separate School at Ely.
582*a*	Merthyr Tydfil	93,008	29	12	41	39	13	52	93	20 0 0	
582*b*	Pontypridd	30,387	9	1	10	15	4	19	29	14 17 4	
583	Bridgend and Cowbridge	26,465	13	2	15	12	8	20	35	8 0 0	
584	Neath	58,533	12	6	18	8	6	14	32	..	
585*a*	Swansea	51,260	31	10	41	20	4	24	65	52 14 0	
585*b*	Gower	8,316	4	..	4	2	..	2	6	..	Children attend National Schools at Penmaen.
	(B.) CARMARTHEN.										
586	Llanelly	27,979	4	6	10	5	6	11	21	27 0 0	
587	Llandovery	14,775	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
588	Llandilo-fawr	17,222	4	3	7	4	..	4	11	24 4 0	
589	Carmarthen	36,675	12	3	15	7	9	16	31	27 10 0	
	(C.) PEMBROKE.										
590	Narberth	21,344	14	3	17	10	2	12	29	22 8 0	
591	Pembroke	28,930	5	12	17	8	12	20	37	42 1 0	
592	Haverfordwest	37,343	14	16	30	21	6	27	57	53 0 0	

Number of Children attending the Schools of Union Workhouses, &c.—*continued.*

Reference Nos.	DIVISIONS, UNION—COUNTIES, and UNIONS.	Population, 1861.	Boys. Under 10 Years of Age.	Boys. Above 10 Years of Age.	Boys. Total.	Girls. Under 10 Years of Age.	Girls. Above 10 Years of Age.	Girls. Total.	Total Boys and Girls.	Amount of Money paid to Boards of Guardians from the Parliamentary Grant in respect of the Salaries of Schoolmasters and Schoolmistresses, for the Year ended Lady-day 1869.	Observations.
										£ s. d.	
	XI. MONMOUTH AND WALES—*cont.*										
	43. SOUTH WALES—*cont.*										
	(D.) CARDIGAN.										
593	Cardigan	18,585	3	6	9	1	2	3	12	..	
594	Newcastle-in-Emlyn	19,081	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
595	Lampeter	9,994	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	No Workhouse.
596	Aberayron	13,540	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
597	Aberystwith	25,464	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
598	Tregaron	10,737	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	No Workhouse.
	(E.) BRECKNOCK.										
599	Builth	8,305	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	No Workhouse.
600	Brecknock	17,279	16	11	27	15	10	25	52	36 1 4	
601	Crickhowell	22,457	6	5	11	7	5	12	23	23 10 6	
602	Hay	10,819	7	3	10	6	..	6	16	20 0 0	
	(F.) RADNOR.										
603*a*	Kington	11,930	7	6	13	7	4	11	24	29 0 0	
603*b*	Presteigne	3,741	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	No Workhouse.
604	Knighton	10,379	21	3	24	15	3	18	42	21 1 6	
605	Rhayader	6,816	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	No Workhouse.
	44. NORTH WALES.										
	(A.) MONTGOMERY.										
606	Machynlleth	12,395	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	No School.
607	Newtown and Llanidloes	23,732	13	16	29	25	9	34	63	46 15 6	
608*a*	Montgomery and Pool †	17,468	16	6	22	7	1	8	30	20 0 0	
609	Llanfyllin	21,699	19	5	24	22	4	26	50	50 13 4	
	(B.) FLINT.										
610	Holywell	39,941	22	15	37	32	13	45	82	69 1 0	
	(C.) DENBIGH.										
611	Wrexham	47,975	22	13	35	49	13	62	97	66 11 4	
612	Ruthin	16,083	12	8	20	14	7	21	41	39 2 8	
613	St. Asaph	27,518	15	16	31	12	7	19	50	40 4 0	
614	Llanrwst	12,770	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	

Education of Pauper Children.

Number of Children attending the Schools of Union Workhouses, &c.—*continued.*

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	XI. MONMOUTH AND WALES—*cont.*									£ s. d.	
	44. NORTH WALES—*cont.*										
	(D.) MERIONETH.										
615	Corwen	16,091	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
616	Bala	6,352	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
617	Dolgelly	12,482	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
618	Festiniog	18,289	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	(E.) CARNARVON.										
619	Pwllheli	20,827	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Attend National School.
620	Carnarvon	32,425	12	4	16	8	3	11	27	18 0 0	
621	Bangor	36,302	11	15	26	9	9	18	44	38 7 0	
622	Conway	13,896	2	6	8	12	6	18	26	25 10 0	
	(F.) ANGLESEY.										
623a	Anglesey	17,840	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	No Workhouse.
623b	Holyhead	20,317	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ditto.
	TOTAL	..	9,958	9,360	19,318	11,094	7,326	18,420	37,738	32,176 16 2	
	DISTRICT SCHOOLS.										
	Central London	..	213	338	551	186	252	438	989	1,117 10 2	
	Farnham and Hartley Wintney.	..	39	28	67	39	47	86	153	162 17 4	
	North Surrey	..	158	306	464	135	120	255	719	722 18 0	
	Reading and Wokingham	..	26	42	68	21	37	58	126	209 19 3	
	South-east Shropshire	..	41	44	85	49	50	99	184	167 12 10	
	South Metropolitan	..	311	415	726	290	290	580	1,306	916 15 8	
	TOTAL	..	788	1,173	1,961	720	796	1,516	3,477	3,297 13 3	
	Total in Union Workhouse Schools, &c. and District Schools	..	10,746	10,533	21,279	11,814	8,122	19,936	41,215	35,474 9 5	

(E.)
Education of Pauper Children.

No. 41.

Schools certified under 25 & 26 Vict. c. 43.

(E.)
Education of Pauper Children.

No. 41.

SCHOOLS certified by the Poor Law Board for the reception of Children or Persons, under the Act 25 & 26 Vict. Cap. 43.—(*In continuation of Report XXI., page* 313.)

Situation and Name of School.	County.	Date of Certificate.
Portobello Road, Notting Hill, for Roman Catholic female children, called "Saint Elizabeth's Home."	Middlesex - -	17 April 1869.
Trebyon, near Bodmin, Institution for training orphan or friendless girls for domestic service.	Cornwall - - -	27 April 1869.
Newcastle-upon-Tyne. The "Wellesley" Industrial School Ship, for the training of homeless and destitute boys.	Northumberland -	11 June 1869.
Tenter Ground, Goodman's Fields, for the reception of Jewish children, called "The Jews Orphan Asylum."	Middlesex - -	25 June 1869.
Rotherfield Orphanage, for the reception of Roman Catholic girls under 16 years of age, called "The Holy Trinity Orphanage."	Sussex - - -	27 September 1869.
Mayfield Orphanage, for the reception of Roman Catholic boys above the age of 7 years, called "The Holy Trinity Orphanage."	Sussex - - -	27 September 1869.

(F.)
Emigration.

(F.)—Emigration.

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No. 42.—EMIGRATION.—Sums authorized to be expended - -	335

(F.)
Emigration.

No. 42.

NUMBER of Poor Persons who have been authorized to Emigrate, at the cost of the Common Fund, in the year 1869.—(*In continuation of Report* XXI., *page* 314.)

Counties.	Unions.	Amount authorized to be expended.	Emigrants. Males. Adult Persons above 14 Years of Age.	Males. Children between 7 and 14 Years of Age.	Males. Children under 7 Years of Age.	Females. Adult Persons above 14 Years of Age.	Females. Children between 7 and 14 Years of Age.	Females. Children under 7 Years of Age.	Total Number of Emigrants.	To what part sanctioned.
		£ s. d.								
Berks - -	Abingdon - -	7	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	Canada.
Essex - -	Maldon - - -	30	..	..	..	3	..	..	3	Australia.
Hertford, Cambridge, and Essex -	Royston - - -	7	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	Ditto.
Kent - -	North Aylesford -	10	..	..	..	2	4	..	6	Ditto.
Middlesex -	City of London -	110	4	3	..	2	1	1	11	Canada.
Ditto -	Stepney - - -	10	1	1	1	1	1	..	5	Ditto.
Ditto -	Whitechapel - -	48	4	..	..	..	..	..	4	Ditto.
Oxford - -	City of Oxford -	20	2	..	..	..	..	..	2	Ditto.
Stafford -	Wolverhampton -	96	..	..	..	12	..	..	12	Ditto.
Sussex - -	City of Chichester -	20	2	..	..	..	..	..	2	Ditto.
	£	358	15	4	1	20	6	1	47	
Brought from Report XXI., Appendix No. 49. - -		147,303 17 9	..	..	..	..	..	..	26,558	
Totals - - -		147,661 17 9	..	..	..	..	..	..	26,605	

(G.)
Building, &c.
Workhouses,
Asylums,
and Schools.

(G.)—Building, &c. Workhouses, Asylums, and Schools.

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No. 43.	Workhouses ordered to be built, altered, or enlarged, Year 1869	339
No. 44.	Metropolitan Asylum Districts formed, Year 1869	343
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No. 47.	Houseless Poor (Metropolis).—Certified Wards, &c. provided, Year 1869	349

No. 43.

WORKHOUSES ORDERED TO BE BUILT, ALTERED, OR ENLARGED,
Year 1869.

(G.)
Building, &c. Workhouses, Asylums, and Schools.

No. 43.

Workhouses ordered by the Poor Law Board to be built, altered, or enlarged, together with the Sums authorized to be Expended, year 1869.—(*Continued from Report* XXI., *page* 315.)

Unions and Parishes.	Counties.	Number of Paupers to be accommodated.	Sums authorized to be Expended in erecting new Workhouses and in purchasing Sites.	Sums authorized to be Expended in completing or altering Workhouses.
			£	£ s.
Anglesey	Anglesey	..	..	300
Ashford, West	Kent	..	..	3,000
Aysgarth	York	..	..	1,000
Auckland	Durham	..	..	650
Banbury	Oxford, Northampton, and Warwick	..	..	2,000
Bangor and Beaumaris	Carnarvon and Anglesey	..	..	1,200
Barton-upon-Irwell	Lancaster	..	..	670
Basford	Nottingham and Derby	..	..	9,000
Birmingham (Parish)	Warwick *	300	(*a*) 10,000	..
Ditto	Ditto	..	..	† 1,400
Bishop Stortford	Hertford and Essex	..	..	2,000
Brampton	Cumberland	..	..	300
Bristol (City)	Gloucester	..	..	2,819
Bromley	Kent	..	..	700
Chapel-en-le-Frith	Derby	..	..	750
Chelsea, St. Luke (Parish)	Middlesex	..	..	3,500
Cheltenham	Gloucester	..	..	6,571 9
Chepstow	Monmouth and Gloucester	..	..	200
Chipping Norton	Oxford, Warwick, and Gloucester	..	..	256
Colchester	Essex	..	..	1,000
Cosford	Suffolk	..	..	700
Daventry	Northampton	..	..	300
Drayton	Salop, Stafford, and Chester	..	..	495
Droitwich	Worcester	..	..	300
Driffield	York	..	..	600
Devizes	Wilts	..	..	360
Dover	Kent	..	..	1,000
East Grinstead	Sussex and Surrey	..	..	750
Easingwold	York	..	..	755
Elham	Kent	..	..	3,000
Evesham	Worcester and Gloucester	..	..	3,400
Faversham	Kent	..	..	2,100
Fylde	Lancaster	..	..	2,605
Gateshead	Durham	..	..	3,900
George, St., in-the-East (Parish)	Middlesex	..	..	2,000
Gravesend and Milton	Kent	..	..	2,056
	Carried forward	– –	10,000	67,637 9

* Building for reception of boys. (*a*) Authority to expend 21,000*l.* rescinded. *See* Report XX.

† Alterations at Board Room and Offices.

(G.)
Building, &c. Workhouses, Asylums, and Schools.

Workhouses ordered to be built, altered, or enlarged, &c.—*continued.*

Unions and Parishes.	Counties.	Number of Paupers to be accommodated.	Sums authorized to be Expended in erecting new Workhouses and in purchasing Sites.	Sums authorized to be Expended in completing or altering Workhouses.
			£	£ s.
	Brought forward - -	- -	10,000	67,637 9
Hackney - - - -	Middlesex - - - - -	..	..	12,000
Hailsham - - - -	Sussex - - - - -	..	..	1,600
Halifax - - - - -	York - - - - -	..	..	10,000
Hampstead, St. John (Parish)	Middlesex - - - -	..	..	* 12,000
Hartlepool - - - -	Durham - - - -	..	..	800
Hartley Wintney - - -	Southampton - - -	120	(b) 10,600	..
Haslingden - - - -	Lancaster - - - -	..	..	3,650
Hastings - - - -	Sussex - - - - -	..	..	900
Headington - - - -	Oxford - - - - -	..	..	2,500
Hexham - - - -	Northumberland - - -	..	..	400
Hitchin - - - - -	Hertford and Bedford - -	..	..	360
Holyhead - - - -	Anglesey - - - -	..	..	860
Honiton - - - - -	Devon - - - - -	..	..	450
Howden - - - - -	York - - - - -	..	..	360
Huddersfield - - - -	Ditto - - - - -	413	(c) 21,000	..
Hungerford - - - -	Berks, Wilts, and Southampton - - - -	..	..	700
Islington, St. Mary (Parish) -	Middlesex - - - -	..	..	2,158
Ives, Saint - - - -	Huntingdon and Cambridge -	..	..	910
Kings Norton - - -	Worcester, Warwick, and Stafford - - - -	400	21,700	..
Kingston - - - -	Surrey and Middlesex - -	..	..	4,000
Knaresborough - - -	York - - - - -	..	..	784
Lambeth, St. Mary (Parish)	Surrey - - - - -	..	..	500
Lanchester - - - -	Durham - - - -	..	..	3,500
Leicester - - - -	Leicester - - - -	..	..	1,417
Liverpool (Parish) - -	Lancaster - - - -	..	..	5,000
London, City of - - -	Middlesex - - - -	..	..	2,475
Loughborough - - -	Leicester and Nottingham -	..	..	2,000
Madeley - - - -	Salop - - - - -	180	6,000	..
Maidstone - - - -	Kent - - - - -	..	..	2,530
Malling - - - - -	Ditto - - - - -	..	..	5,000
Manchester (Township) -	Lancaster - - - -	..	..	800
Market Harborough - -	Leicester and Northampton -	..	..	750
Marylebone, St. (Parish) -	Middlesex - - - -	..	..	4,500
Melton Mowbray - - -	Leicester and Nottingham -	..	..	1,930
Mile End Old Town (Hamlet)	Middlesex - - - -	..	..	600
Milton - - - - -	Kent - - - - -	..	..	1,000
Monmouth - - - -	Monmouth, Gloucester, and Hereford - - - -	..	..	3,460
Neath - - - - -	Glamorgan and Brecknock -	..	..	800
North Aylesford - - -	Kent - - - - -	..	..	1,500
Ongar - - - - -	Essex - - - - -	..	..	50
Penkridge - - - -	Stafford - - - - -	200	(d) 8,500	..
Pontypool - - - -	Monmouth - - - -	..	..	1,500
Poplar - - - - -	Middlesex - - - -	..	..	47,000
Richmond - - - -	Surrey - - - - -	..	..	3,600
Ripon - - - - -	York - - - - -	..	..	330
Rotherham - - - -	York and Derby - - -	..	..	1,200
Rugby - - - - -	Warwick, Northampton, and Leicester - - - -	..	..	622
Sculcoates - - - -	York - - - - -	..	..	2,500
Settle - - - - -	York - - - - -	..	..	5,000
Sheppey - - - - -	Kent - - - - -	..	..	2,880
Shipston-on-Stour - -	Worcester, Warwick, and Gloucester - - - -	..	..	550
	Carried forward - - -	- -	77,800	225,063 9

* Building for an Infirmary.
(b) Authority to expend £ 6,250 rescinded. See Report XIX.
(c) Do. £ 10,000 do. See Report XVII.
(d) Do. £ 4,575 do. See Report XXI.

(G.)
Building, &c. Workhouses, Asylums, and Schools.

Workhouses ordered to be built, altered, or enlarged, &c.—*continued.*

Unions and Parishes.	Counties.	Number of Paupers to be accommodated.	Sums authorized to be Expended in erecting new Workhouses and in purchasing Sites.	Sums authorized to be Expended in completing or altering Workhouses.
			£ s. d.	£ s.
	Brought forward – –	– –	77,800	225,063 9
Shoreditch, St. Leonard (Parish)	Middlesex – – – –	..	..	17,390
Solihull – – – – –	Warwick and Worcester –	..	..	750
South Shields – – –	Durham – – – –	..	..	1,025
Stepney – – – – –	Middlesex – – – –	..	..	525
Stockport – – – –	Chester and Lancaster – –	..	..	2,300
Stourbridge – – – –	Worcester and Stafford –	..	..	1,500
Strand – – – – –	Middlesex – – – –	800	54,000	..
Sunderland – – – –	Durham – – – –	..	..	8,000
Tamworth – – – –	Warwick, Stafford, and Derby	..	..	1,000
Tavistock – – – –	Devon and Cornwall – –	..	..	1,000
Tisbury – – – – –	Wilts – – – – –	..	..	1,400
Tonbridge – – – –	Kent – – – – –	..	..	5,000
Uxbridge – – – –	Middlesex – – – –	..	..	700
Walsall – – – – –	Stafford – – – – –	..	..	2,300
Walsingham – – – –	Norfolk – – – – –	..	..	300
Wantage – – – –	Berks – – – – –	..	..	2,000
Weardale – – – –	Durham – – – –	..	..	1,200
Westbury-upon-Severn –	Gloucester – – – –	..	..	6,825
West Derby – – – –	Lancaster – – – –	..	..	5,800
Whitechapel – – – –	Middlesex – – – –	..	..	10,000
Winchester – – – –	Southampton – – – –	..	..	950
Woolwich – – – –	Kent – – – – –	600	31,500	..
Yarmouth, Great (Parish) –	Norfolk – – – – –	..	..	955
		£	163,300	295,983 9
Amount brought from Rep. XXI., pages 316 and 317 –		£ 4,256,253 8 7		
Deduct total of sums (*a*), (*b*), (*d*) – – –		31,825	4,224,428 8 7	..
Amount brought from Rep. XXI., pages 316 and 317 –		2,822,872 16 2		
Deduct sum (*c*) – – – – – – –		10,000	..	2,812,872 16 2
			4,337,728 8 7	3,108,856 5 2
Total – – – – – –			* £ 7,496,584 13 9	

* Total of sums authorized to be expended during the years 1835–69.

(G.)
Building, &c. Workhouses, Asylums, and Schools.

No. 44.

METROPOLITAN ASYLUM DISTRICTS FORMED, Year 1869.

(G.)

Building, &c. Workhouses, Asylums, and Schools.

No. 44.

METROPOLITAN ASYLUM DISTRICTS formed, year 1869.—(*In continuation of Report XXI., page* 317.)

Asylums.	Where situated.	Amount authorized to be Expended.	Additional Amounts authorized to be Expended.
		£	£
Asylum for fever and small-pox patients - - - - -	Homerton - - - - -	..	56,760
Ditto - - - - -	Stockwell - - - - -	..	65,380
		..	122,140
Amount brought from Report XXI., page 317 - -		316,206	..
		316,206	122,140
Total - - - - -		£ 438,346	

(G.)
Building, &c. Workhouses, Asylums, and Schools.

No. 45.

METROPOLITAN SICK ASYLUM DISTRICTS FORMED, Year 1869.

(G.)
Building, &c.
Workhouses,
Asylums,
and Schools.

No. 45.

METROPOLITAN SICK ASYLUM DISTRICTS formed, year 1869.

Name of District.	Where situated.	County.	Amount authorized to be Expended.	Additional Amount authorized to be Expended.
			£	£
Poplar and Stepney -	Bromley - - -	Middlesex - - -	..	47,000
Rotherhithe * - -	Rotherhithe - - -	Surrey - - -	4,619	..
			4,619	47,000
Amount brought from Report XXI., page 318 - - -			30,950	..
			35,569	47,000
Total - - - - -			£ 82,569	

* This district and the Kensington and Newington Sick Asylum District have been dissolved.

(G.)
Building, &c. Workhouses, Asylums, and Schools.

No. 46.

School Districts formed, Year 1869.

(G.)
Building, &c. Workhouses, Asylums, and Schools.

No. 46.

SCHOOL DISTRICTS formed, year 1869.—(*In continuation of Report* XXI., *page* 318.)

Name of School District.	Amount authorized to be Expended.	Additional Amount authorized to be Expended.
	£ s. d.	£
North Surrey School - - - -	..	2,500
Forest Gate School - - - -	41,000	..
Walsall and West Bromwich School -	17,000	..
£	58,000	2,500
Amounts previously authorized to be expended. See Report XXI., p. 318	115,681 10 6	108,564
	173,681 10 6	111,064
Total - - - -	£ 284,745 10 6	

The Kensington and the Finsbury School Districts have been dissolved.

(G.)
Building, &c.
Workhouses,
Asylums,
and Schools.

No. 47.

HOUSELESS POOR (METROPOLIS).—CERTIFIED WARDS, &c. PROVIDED, Year 1869.

No. 47.

HOUSELESS POOR (METROPOLIS): CERTIFIED WARDS, &c. provided, year 1869.—
(*In continuation of Report* XX., *page* 397.)

Union.	County.	Date of Certificate.
Rotherhithe - - - - - - -	Surrey - - -	14 April. 1869.
Woolwich - - - - - - -	Kent - - -	3 May 1869.

(H.)
Parish and Union Property.

(H.)—Parish and Union Property.

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No. 48. Parish Property ordered to be sold and the Produce appropriated, Year 1869 - - - - - -	353
No. 49. Appropriation of Produce of Sale of Parish Property, Year 1869 - - - - - - - - -	357
No. 50. Union Property ordered to be sold and the Produce appropriated, Year 1869 - - - - - -	359
No. 51. Grants of Parish Property for School Purposes, Year 1869 - - - - - - - - - -	361

No. 48.

PARISH PROPERTY ORDERED TO BE SOLD AND THE PRODUCE APPROPRIATED, Year 1869.

(H.)
Parish and Union Property.

No. 48.

Parish Property ordered to be sold, and the Produce appropriated, year 1869.—
(*In continuation of Report* XXI., *page* 319.)

Unions.	Parishes.	Purchase Money.	Sums directed to be appropriated.	Nature of Appropriation.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Axbridge - - -	Kewstoke - - -	40	40	Investment.
Aylsham - - -	Tuttington - -	18	16 13 4	Ditto.
Battle - - - -	Whatlington - -	95	95	Ditto.
Bangor and Beaumaris.	Trefdraeth - -	59	49 12 9	In part liquidation of outstanding claim.
Bath - - - -	Charlcombe - -	20		
Belper - - - -	Ireton Wood - -	75		
Blaby - - - -	Cosby - - - -	265		
Blackburn - -	Blackburn - - -	1,832		
Caistor - - -	Immingham - -	58		
Christchurch -	Christchurch - -	600		
Dewsbury - - -	Ossett - - - -	1,337 18 1	1,258 6 5	Investment.
Grantham - -	Ancaster - - -	135	129 7 4	Ditto.
Guiltcross - - -	Fersfield - - -	85		
Havant - - - -	Havant - - - -	300		
Hemsworth - -	South Elmsall -	15	14 16	Towards cost of Union workhouse.
Ditto - - -	Hemsworth - -	112		
Howden - - -	Blacktoft - - -	109		
Ledbury - - -	Donnington - -	60	58 2	Ditto.
Lewes - - - -	All Saints - - -	580	542 4 2	Ditto.
Lincoln - - -	Normanby - -	84		
London, City of -	St. Katherine, Coleman.	1,150		
Louth - - - -	Mablethorpe - -	150	148 4 2	Investment.
Ditto - - -	Withern - - -	50	46 7 2	Ditto.
Lutterworth - -	Leire - - - -	69	64 6	Ditto.
Martley - - -	Brodwas - - -	69	62 4	Towards cost of erecting residence of schoolmistress.
Carried forward - -		7,367 18 1	2,525 3 4	

(H.) *Parish and Union Property.*

Parish Property ordered to be Sold, &c.—*continued.*

Unions.	Parishes.	Purchase Money.	Sums directed to be appropriated.	Nature of Appropriation.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward - -		7,367 18 1	2,525 3 4	
Newcastle-upon-Tyne.	St. Andrew - -	350	348 15	Towards cost of Union workhouse.
Ditto - - -	St. John - - -	330	320	Ditto.
Newent - - -	Taynton - - -	52		
Newmarket - -	Wicken - - -	80	65 8 2	Investment.
Newport - - -	Caerleon - - -	200	200	{ 127 10 0 Towards cost of Union workhouse. { 72 10 0 Investment.
North Bierley -	Clayton - - -	437 10	405 13	Investment.
Okehampton - -	Okehampton - -	112		
Ouseburn, Great -	Arkendale - - -	78	73 15 6	{ 33 13 6 Towards cost of Union workhouse. { 40 2 0 Investment.
Ditto - - -	Upper Dunsforth-cum-Branton Green.	80	76 15	{ 15 9 4 Towards cost of Union workhouse. { 61 5 8 Investment.
Preston - - - -	Walton-le-Dale -	715	701 11 9	Towards cost of Union workhouse.
Ditto - - -	Whittingham -	14 7 6		
Ditto - - -	Preston - - -	563 10		
Ditto - - -	Wood Plumpton -	505		
Reading - - -	St. Mary - - -	805		
Selby - - - -	Riccall - - - -	348	337 3	Investment.
Shardlow - - -	Littleover - - -	161 10		
Spilsby - - - -	Little Steeping -	218	212 7 5	Ditto.
Steyning - - -	Ashurst - - -	125	121	Ditto.
Stockport - - {	Cheadle Bulkeley Cheadle Moseley - }	60	60	Ditto.
Stratton - - -	Jacobstow - - -	2 5		
Stroud - - - -	Bisley - - - -	43		
Tewkesbury - -	Leigh - - - -	45		
Thrapston - -	Stanwick - - -	130		
Thingoe - - -	Bradfield, St. Clare	110	106 17	Ditto.
Tisbury - - -	Fonthill Bishop -	40	39	Towards cost of Union workhouse.
Weobley - - -	Brinsop - - -	72 10	61 5 6	Towards cost of school for education of poor children.
Wilton - - - -	Great Wishford -	30		
Wimborne and Cranborne.	Wimborne Minster.	1,200	1,200	{ 847 17 0 Towards cost of Union workhouse. { 352 3 0 Towards payment of loan to burial ground.
	£	14,275 10 7	6,849 14 8	
Amount brought from Report XXI., Appendix, page 320 - }		1,085,627 11 7	988,949 3 6*	
Amount shown by the Statement next following - - }		- - -	15,543 13 11	
Totals - -		1,099,903 2 2	1,011,342 12 1	

* Stated in error in Report XXI. to be £ 23,761 4*s.* 6*d.*

No. 49.

APPROPRIATION OF PRODUCE OF SALE OF PARISH PROPERTY,
Year 1869.

(H.)
Parish and Union Property.

No. 49.

APPROPRIATION of the Produce of the Sale of Parish Property, year 1869.— (*In continuation of Report* XXI., *page* 321.)

Unions.	Parishes.	Amount of Purchase Money.	Sums directed to be appropriated.	Nature of Appropriation.
			£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Austell, St. - -	St. Blazey - -	£150 Vide Rep. XXI.	149 1 6	Investment.
East and West Flegg Hundreds.	Hemsby - - -	£136 Vide Rep. XXI.	123 8 4	{ 48 0 0 Towards cost of drainage. { 75 8 4 Investment.
Louth - - - -	Tetney - - - -	£128 Vide Rep. XXI.	117 3 9	Investment.
Luke, St. (Parish)	Middlesex - - -	£12,600 Vide Rep. XXI.	12,065 4	Towards cost of workhouse.
Malling - - -	Wouldham - -	£80 Vide Rep. XXI.	65 7 3	Towards cost of school for the education of poor children.
Market Harborough.	Great Bowden -	£61 Vide Rep. XXI.	51 14 4	Investment.
Ditto - - -	Stoke Albany -	£71 Vide Rep. XX.	55 16	Towards construction of reservoir and providing iron pipes to convey the water to the village.
Melton Mowbray	Scalford - - -	£66 10s. Vide Rep. XX.	57 15 8	Investment.
Pickering - - -	Kirby Misperton	£60 Vide Rep. XXI.	56 17 6	Ditto.
Romney Marsh -	Ivychurch - - -	£1,290 Vide Rep. XXI.	1,233 18 10	Ditto.
Stroud - - - -	Stroud - - - -	£30 Vide Rep. XXI.	30	Towards payment of loan to Burial Board.
Tisbury - - -	East Tisbury - -	£281 Vide Rep. XXI.	271 11 2	Towards cost of Union workhouse.
Ditto - - -	West Tisbury -	£349 Vide Rep. XXI.	337 5 10	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Wardour - - -	£132 Vide Rep. XXI.	127 11	Ditto.
Thornbury - -	Rangeworthy -	£240 Vide Rep. XXI.	236 10 2	Investment.
Wharfdale - -	Fewston - - -	£165 Vide Rep. XXI.	158 16	In liquidation of outstanding claims and interest thereon.
Whitechapel - -	Christchurch - -	£420 Vide Rep. XXI.	405 13	Towards cost of Union workhouse.
	Total - - -		15,543 13 11	

(H.)
Parish and Union Property.

No. 50.

UNION PROPERTY ORDERED TO BE SOLD AND THE PRODUCE APPROPRIATED, Year 1869.

(H.)
Parish and Union Property.

No. 50.

UNION Property ordered to be sold and the Produce appropriated, year 1869.—
(*In continuation of Report* XXI., *page* 322.)

Parish and Unions.	County.	Amount of Purchase Money.	Sums directed to be appropriated.	Nature of Appropriation.
			£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Bala - - - -	Merioneth - -	£2,000	2,000	Investment.
Brighthelmston (Parish).	Sussex - - -	£5,310 £36,514 4 6 Vide Reps. XX. & XXI.	30,660	Vide Rep. XXI.
Carnarvon - -	Carnarvon and Anglesey.	£70	70	Investment.
Edmonton - -	Middlesex, Essex, and Hertford.	£225 Vide Rep. X.	225	Towards cost of Union workhouse.
Guiltcross - - -	Norfolk - - -	£85		
Lambeth, St. Mary (Parish).	Surrey - - - -	£500		
Martley - - -	Worcester - -	£69		
Newent - - -	Gloucester, Hereford, and Worcester.	£52		
Stepney - - -	Sussex - - - -	£7,200	5,387 10	Ditto.
Whitechapel - -	Middlesex - - -	£34,000	34,000	{ 10,863 12 2 Ditto. { 23,136 7 10 Investment.
	£	*49,286	*41,682 10	
Amounts brought from Report XXI., page 322 - - -		132,110 1 4	103,063 14 3	
TOTALS - - - -		181,396 1 4	144,746 4 3	

* The sums referred to as brought from previous Reports not included in these amounts.

(H.)
Parish and Union Property.

No. 51.

GRANTS OF PARISH PROPERTY FOR SCHOOL PURPOSES, Year 1869.

(H.)
Parish and Union Property.

No. 51.

Grants of Parish Property for School Purposes under the 4th and 5th Vict. Cap. 38, year 1869.—(*In continuation of Report* XXI., *page* 322.)

Union.	Parish.
Chipping Norton - - -	Kingham.
Stratford-on-Avon - - -	Old Stratford.
Thame - - - - -	Towersey.
Uttoxeter - - - - -	Doveridge.

(I.)
New Unions, &c.

(I.)—New Unions, &c.

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No. 52.—New Unions declared, &c., year 1869 - - - - - -	363

(I.)
New Unions, &c.

No. 52.

NEW UNIONS declared by the POOR LAW BOARD, and PARISHES added to UNIONS, Year 1869.

HOLBECK UNION. (YORK.)	Population, 1861.	Number of elected Guardians.
Parishes :—		
Beeston	2,547	3
Churwell	1,564	2
Holbeck	15,824	8
Total	19,935	13 Declared to take effect on the 21st June 1869.
HUNSLET UNION. (YORK.)		
Parishes :—		
Hunslet	25,763	9
Middleton	176	1
Oulton-with-Woodlesford	1,851	2
Rothwell	3,220	3
Templenewsam	1,806	2
Thorpe Stapleton	71	1
Total	32,887	18 Declared to take effect on the 21st June 1869.
LEEDS UNION. (YORK.)		
Parishes :—		
Chapel Allerton	3,083	2
Headingley-with-Burley	9,674	6
Leeds	117,566	18
Potter Newton	1,878	2
Roundhay	570	1
Seacroft	1,235	2
Total	134,006	31 Declared to take effect on the 21st June 1869.
EAST PRESTON UNION. (SUSSEX.)		
Parishes :—		
Angmering	953	1
Arundel	2,498	2
Broadwater	6,466	3
Burpham	256	1
Clapham	249	1
Climping	331	1
Durrington	171	1
East Preston	320	1
Ferring	253	1
Ford	82	1
Goring	535	1
Heene	194	1
Houghton	165	1
Kingston	45	1
Leominster	801	1
Littlehampton	2,350	2
Patching	275	1
Poling	203	1
Rustington	340	1
South Stoke	111	1
Tortington	112	1
Warningcamp	107	1
West Tarring	606	1
Total	17,423	27 Declared to take effect on the 29th September 1869.

New Unions declared by the Poor Law Board, &c.—*continued.*

(I.) *New Unions, &c.*

CHESTER UNION. (CITY AND COUNTY OF CHESTER.)	Population, 1861.	Number of elected Guardians.
Parishes:—		
Holy and Undivided Trinity	3,606	2
St. Bridget	1,040	1
St. John-the-Baptist	9,835	5
St. Martin	694	1
St. Mary-on-the-Hill	4,499	3
St. Michael	922	1
St. Olave	480	1
St. Oswald	7,534	4
St. Peter	798	1
Total	29,408	19 Declared to take effect on the 30th September 1869.

SMALLBURGH UNION. (NORFOLK.)		
Parishes:—		
Ashmanhaugh	136	1
Bacton	490	1
Barton Turf	379	1
Beeston St. Lawrence	50	1
Bradfield	226	1
Brumstead	99	1
Catfield	660	1
Crostwight	73	1
Dilham	425	1
East Ruston	757	2
Edingthorpe	181	1
Felmingham	434	1
Happisburg	584	1
Hempstead-with-Eccles	206	1
Hickling	767	2
Honing	304	1
Horning	441	1
Horsey	206	1
Hoveton St. John	285	1
Hoveton St. Peter	131	1
Ingham	464	1
Irstead	149	1
Lessingham	175	1
Ludham	884	2
Neatishead	580	1
Palling	442	1
Paston	286	1
Potter Heigham	439	1
Ridlington	236	1
Sloley	258	1
Smallburgh	559	1
South Ruston	102	1
Stalham	750	2
Sutton	338	1
Swafield	172	1
Tunstead	405	1
Walcott	141	1
Waxham	75	1
Westwick	207	1
Witton	269	1
Worstead	751	2
Total	14,516	46 Declared to take effect on the 9th October 1869.

(I.)
New Unions, &c.

PARISHES under the 43d Eliz., c. 2. now placed in Unions under the Poor Law Amendment Act, 1834, *see* page lxvi.

Parishes.	Unions.
Arkholme with Cawood - - - -	Lunesdale Union.
Burrow with Burrow - - - - -	Ditto.
Cantsfield - - - - - - -	Ditto.
Ireby - - - - - - - -	Ditto.
Leck - - - - - - - -	Ditto.
Melling with Drayton - - - - -	Ditto.
Roeburndale - - - - - -	Ditto.
Tunstal - - - - - - - -	Ditto.
Whittington - - - - - - -	Ditto.
South Stoke - - - - - - -	East Preston Union.
Kingston - - - - - - -	Ditto.
North Stoke - - - - - - -	Thakeham Union.
Heene - - - - - - - -	East Preston Union.
Bishopdale - - - - - - -	Aysgarth Union.
Carperby-cum-Thoresby - - - -	Ditto.
Newbiggin - - - - - - -	Ditto.
Thornton Rust - - - - - -	Ditto.
Thorp Stapleton - - - - - -	Hunslet Union.
Middletown - - - - - - -	Forden Union.
Rhosgoch - - - - - - -	Ditto.
Uppington - - - - - - -	Ditto.
Trewern - - - - - - -	Ditto.
Castle Caereinion - - - - - -	Ditto.
Cyfronydd - - - - - - -	Ditto.

(J.)
Orders and Certificates.

(J.)—Orders and Certificates.

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(J.)
Orders and Certificates.

No. 53.

ORDERS and CERTIFICATES issued by the POOR LAW BOARD, year 1869.—
(*In continuation of Report* XXI., *page* 324.)

SUBJECTS OF ORDERS.	Number of Orders and Certificates issued.	Number of Copies despatched.
Allowances, Disallowances, and Surcharges by District Auditors—		
Decisions of the Board in cases appealed against -	53	401
Accounts—		
Prescribing mode of keeping Accounts - -	5	259
Union Assessment Committee Act—		
Fixing day for Appointment of Committees by Guardians who had neglected to make the appointment at their first meeting after the annual election of Guardians - - - - -	1	12
Audit District—		
Adding Unions to District and separating Unions from District - - - - -	6	1,039
Appointment of Auditor - - -	1	24
Certificates—		
That proper Wards have been fitted for reception of destitute wayfarers - - - -	2	8
That Schools have been fitted for reception of children	6	18
Authorizing removal of children to ditto - - -	152	1,192
Decisions as to Disallowances and Surcharges appealed against - - - - - -	529	529
Collectors and Assistant Overseers—		
Appointments, Duties, Salaries, and Districts - -	94	826
Consolidated Orders - - - - -	6	190
Suspending part of ditto - - - -	1	9
Dietaries—		
Prescribing dietaries for inmates of workhouses -	6	50
Emigration—		
Authorizing Expenditure from Poor Rates - -	12	62
Certificates of Satisfaction - - -	4	8
Appropriation of Surplus Emigration Funds -	1	7
General Orders—		
Accounts - - - - - -	2	220
Authorizing Auditors to withhold sending copies of statements as to Overseers Books referred to in the General Order of Accounts - - -	1	682
Carried forward - - -	882	5,536

Orders issued by the Poor Law Board, &c.—*continued.*

(J.)
Orders and Certificates.

Subjects of Orders.	Number of Orders and Certificates issued.	Number of Copies despatched.
Brought forward - - -	882	5,536
General Orders—*cont.*		
Altering the form to be kept by the Storekeeper, referred to in the Accounts Order - - - -	1	1306
Vaccination Order - - - -	1	40
Regulating Out-door Relief - - - -	2	89
Workhouse Medical Officers, prescribing additional duties - - - - - -	1	3447
Guardians—		
Altering Number of Guardians - - -	19	327
Empowering the appointment of a collector of moneys due and payable to them - - -	1	9
Committees for Administration of Relief - -	6	200
Deciding Questions as to disputed Elections - -	4	33
Elections to supply Vacancies - - -	88	491
Extending Time for Payment of Debts lawfully incurred by Guardians - - - -	117	234
Rules and Regulations for Boards of Guardians -	2	93
Metropolitan Asylum Districts—		
Appointment of Auditors - - -	1	86
Furnish and fit up asylums, and to hire premises -	4	114
Sick Asylum Districts—		
Adding Parish to District - - - -	1	35
Election of Managers - - - - -	2	15
Furnish and fit up asylum and purchase of site -	2	42
Discontinuing Meeting of Board - - -	1	20
Dissolving Districts - - - - -	3	55
Officers of Unions—		
Appointments, Salaries, and Districts - -	8	137
Compensation for loss of office - - -	4	28
Dismissals - - - - - - - -	27	208
Out-door Labour Test - - - - -	4	134
Parochial Debts—		
Liquidation out of Poor Rates - - -	4	34
Parish Property—		
Meeting, Sale, Letting, and Exchange Orders, &c. -	105	644
Appropriation of Sale Produce - - - -	50	360
Parochial Offices—		
To provide same - - - -	6	39
Property of Unions—		
Sale, Letting, Exchange, &c. - - -	6	43
Appropriation of Sale Produce - - -	8	65
Public Works (Manufacturing Districts) Acts, 1863, 1864—		
Authorizing the advance of an instalment on Loan for Public Works - - - -	1	10
Carried forward - - -	1,361	13,874

(J.)
Orders and Certificates.

Orders issued by the Poor Law Board, &c.—*continued.*

Subjects of Orders.	Number of Orders and Certificates issued.	Number of Copies despatched.
Brought forward - - -	1,361	13,874
Relief, Regulation of, Out-door - - - -	4	110
Repeal of Local Act, Provisional Orders - - -	2	64
School Districts—		
Formation of - - - - -	1	31
Election of Managers, altering number - -	5	33
Accounts - - - - - -	1	40
Adding Union to School District - - -	1	20
Additions, alterations, purchase land, and furnishing and fitting up schools - - - - -	5	39
Auditor, Appointment of - - -	1	20
Dissolving School Districts - - -	2	23
Rules and Regulations for Board of Management -	4	162
Tasks of Work—		
Prescribing - - - - - - -	27	71
Unions—		
Declaring new Unions and Boards of Guardians -	8	224
Separating Parishes from and adding Parishes to existing Unions, and small townships to adjoining townships, dividing parishes into wards, altering name of Union, dissolving Unions and old Incorporations -	65	2,175
Adjustment of Interest on separation of Parishes from Union, and annexing Parish formerly an Extra-parochial place to a Union - - -	2	54
Fixing proportions of contributions to be paid by Parishes to Common Fund - - - -	29	615
Vaccination—		
Prescribing Form of Contract - - -	1	31
Valuation—		
Orders for Valuations under Union Assessments Act -	20	174
Vestries Act—		
Putting same wholly or partly in force in Parishes, fixing Salaries of Vestry Clerks - -	17	120
Witnesses—		
Fixing Amount of Expenses to be paid to Witnesses summoned and attending upon Inquiries held by Poor Law Inspectors - - - - - - -	15	81
Workhouses—		
Compensation for use of Workhouses of Parishes adopted by Unions - - - -	3	22
Erection of, Exchange of Land, Purchase of Sites, purchase and hiring additional Land and Premises, Enfranchisement of Land, and alteration of existing Workhouses - - - - - -	131	933
Enabling Guardians to sign Consent thereto otherwise than at a Meeting of a Board - - -	3	15
Directing Guardians to relinquish use of Workhouse -	5	110
Rescinding Order restricting the number of paupers to be relieved in workhouse - - -	1	12
Metropolitan Poor Fund Account, Form of Cheque - -	1	9
Prescribing Form of Medical Relief Book - - -	1	16
Totals - - - - -	1,716	19,078

(K.)
Vaccination.

(K.)—Vaccination.

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No. 54.

VACCINATION.—ABSTRACT OF RETURNS, Year ended 29th September 1869.

(K.)
Vaccination.

No. 54.

VACCINATION.—Abstract of Returns from 653 Places of the Number of Persons Vaccinated in the Year ended **29th September 1869.**

DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.	Number of Unions, &c.	Number of Vaccinators.	Year ended 29th September 1869. Number and Ages of Persons Vaccinated by the Public Vaccinators. Under one Year.	Above one Year.	Total.	Number of such Cases successfully Vaccinated. Under one Year.	Above one Year.	Total.	Number of Registered Births during the Year.
1. THE METROPOLIS.									
1.*Middlesex (part of) - -	27	108	26,901	4,272	31,173	26,450	4,221	30,671	77,784
2.*Surrey (part of) - - -	9	37	10,103	1,881	11,984	9,924	1,862	11,786	26,491
3.*Kent (part of) - - -	3	105	12,896	3,490	16,386	12,759	3,452	16,211	20,734
Totals - - -	39	250	49,900	9,643	59,543	49,133	9,535	58,668	125,009
2. SOUTH EASTERN.									
2.*Surrey (part of) - - -	11	73	5,972	1,452	7,424	5,882	1,441	7,323	11,113
3.*Kent (part of) - - -	26	14	3,701	532	4,233	3,561	524	4,085	8,187
4. Sussex - - - - -	22	97	5,892	1,904	7,796	5,797	1,936	7,733	11,943
5. Southampton - - -	25	98	9,127	3,584	12,711	9,078	3,560	12,638	16,034
6. Berkshire - - - -	12	51	4,818	1,549	6,367	4,779	1,526	6,305	7,280
Totals - - -	96	333	29,510	9,021	38,531	29,097	8,987	38,084	54,557
3. SOUTH MIDLAND.									
1.*Middlesex (part of) - -	6	48	3,858	1,027	4,885	3,822	1,018	4,840	8,179
7. Hertford - - - -	12	49	3,951	1,332	5,283	3,898	1,314	5,212	5,847
8. Buckingham - - - -	7	49	3,134	2,077	5,211	3,108	2,049	5,157	5,228
9. Oxford - - - - -	9	43	3,298	1,286	4,584	3,265	1,262	4,527	5,794
10. Northampton - - -	12	57	4,537	2,409	6,946	4,462	2,404	6,866	8,520
11. Huntingdon - - - -	3	16	1,372	524	1,896	1,359	522	1,881	1,915
12. Bedford - - - - -	6	29	3,322	2,007	5,329	3,272	1,993	5,265	5,210
13. Cambridge - - - -	9	52	3,272	1,418	4,690	3,239	1,406	4,645	6,327
Totals - - -	64	343	26,744	12,080	38,824	26,425	11,968	38,393	47,020
4. EASTERN.									
14. Essex - - - - -	17	110	9,022	3,221	12,243	8,928	3,178	12,106	13,889
15. Suffolk - - - - -	17	82	6,946	4,438	11,384	6,891	4,378	11,269	10,815
16. Norfolk - - - - -	22	116	7,625	4,129	11,754	7,565	4,098	11,663	13,383
Totals - - -	56	308	23,593	11,788	35,381	23,384	11,654	35,038	38,087
5. SOUTH WESTERN.									
17. Wilts - - - - -	17	65	5,252	2,169	7,421	5,218	2,119	7,337	7,673
18. Dorset - - - - -	12	55	3,028	1,618	4,646	2,989	1,603	4,592	5,832
19. Devon - - - - -	20	154	10,710	3,040	13,750	10,601	3,021	13,622	18,576
20. Cornwall - - - -	13	70	5,985	2,365	8,350	5,918	2,348	8,266	11,340
21. Somerset - - - -	17	105	8,747	3,150	11,897	8,653	3,134	11,787	14,871
Totals - - -	79	449	33,722	12,342	46,064	33,379	12,225	45,604	58,292

(K.)
Vaccination.

VACCINATION.—Abstract of Returns of the Number of Persons Vaccinated, &c.—*continued.*

DIVISIONS and UNION-COUNTIES.	Number of Unions, &c.	Number of Vaccinators.	Year ended 29th September 1869. Number and Ages of Persons Vaccinated by the Public Vaccinators.			Number of such Cases successfully Vaccinated.			Number of Registered Births during the Year.
			Under one Year.	Above one Year.	Total.	Under one Year.	Above one Year.	Total.	
6. WEST MIDLAND.									
22. Gloucester - - - - -	17	58	10,079	4,082	14,161	9,998	4,042	14,040	21,783
23. Hereford - - - - -	7	19	1,631	975	2,606	1,588	969	2,557	3,282
24. Salop - - - - - -	16	64	4,712	1,575	6,287	4,616	1,546	6,162	7,737
25. Stafford - - - - - -	17	92	19,307	6,214	25,521	19,165	6,185	25,350	33,546
26. Worcester - - - - -	11	56	6,539	2,283	8,822	6,471	2,263	8,734	11,131
27. Warwick - - - - -	14	66	10,938	4,671	15,609	10,853	4,628	15,481	21,842
Totals - - -	82	355	53,206	19,800	73,006	52,691	19,633	72,324	99,321
7. NORTH MIDLAND.									
28. Leicester - - - - - -	11	49	5,689	1,670	7,359	5,659	1,629	7,288	9,446
29. Rutland - - - - - -	2	7	582	302	884	578	301	879	740
30. Lincoln - - - - - -	14	110	8,158	2,291	10,449	8,092	2,277	10,369	13,970
31. Nottingham - - - - -	9	56	6,108	1,093	7,201	6,094	1,090	7,184	11,722
32. Derby - - - - - -	9	49	6,820	1,930	8,750	6,740	1,917	8,657	11,326
Totals - - -	45	271	27,357	7,286	34,643	27,163	7,214	34,377	47,204
8. NORTH WESTERN.									
33. Chester - - - - - -	12	54	11,107	1,369	12,476	11,093	1,365	12,458	18,196
34. Lancaster - - - - -	28	174	53,439	9,022	62,461	53,265	8,833	62,098	108,905
Totals - - -	40	228	64,546	10,391	74,937	64,358	10,198	74,556	127,101
9. YORK.									
35. West Riding - - - -	35	216	33,467	8,042	41,509	33,280	7,930	41,210	63,694
36. East Riding - - - -	10	53	4,867	1,746	6,613	4,793	1,725	6,518	10,144
37. North Riding - - -	16	63	3,552	1,622	5,174	3,520	1,616	5,136	7,636
Totals - - -	61	332	41,886	11,410	53,296	41,593	11,271	52,864	81,474
10. NORTHERN.									
38. Durham - - - - - -	15	83	15,109	2,368	17,477	15,044	2,362	17,406	29,073
39. Northumberland - - -	12	73	8,452	570	9,022	8,354	564	8,918	13,957
40. Cumberland - - - - -	9	36	3,932	814	4,746	3,883	803	4,686	7,458
41. Westmorland - - - - -	3	18	1,153	146	1,299	1,150	146	1,296	1,952
Totals - - -	39	210	28,646	3,898	32,544	28,431	3,875	32,306	52,440
11. WELSH.									
42. Monmouth - - - - -	6	26	4,748	1,158	5,906	4,727	1,127	5,854	7,341
43. South Wales - - - - -	28	111	18,092	5,718	23,810	17,669	5,610	23,279	27,583
44. North Wales - - - - -	18	78	8,363	4,720	13,083	8,196	4,600	12,796	13,610
Totals - - -	52	215	31,203	11,596	42,799	30,592	11,337	41,929	48,534
Totals of Unions, &c., England and Wales (so far as returned) -	653	3,294	410,313	119,255	529,568	406,246	117,897	524,143	779,039

No. 55.

VACCINATION.—NUMBER VACCINATED from 1852 to 1869.

(K.)
Vaccination.

No. 55.

VACCINATION.—NUMBER of PERSONS VACCINATED from 1852 to 1869.

Years ended 29th Sept.	Number of Persons vaccinated.	Number of Persons *successfully* vaccinated.	Number of registered Births.	Rate per Cent. of the Number vaccinated to the Number of Births.	Rate per Cent. of the Number *successfully* vaccinated to the Number of Births.
1852 -	411,600	397,128	601,839	68·4	66·0
1853 -	376,218	366,593	601,223	62·6	61·0
1854 -	698,935	677,886	623,699	*112·1	108·7
1855 -	464,099	448,519	623,181	74·5	72·0
1856 -	435,012	422,281	640,840	67·9	65·9
1857 -	423,421	411,268	649,963	65·1	63·3
1858 -	468,008	455,004	654,914	71·5	69·5
1859 -	455,349	445,020	669,834	68·0	66·4
1860 -	494,942	485,927	689,060	72·0	70·5
1861 -	432,806	425,739	685,646	63·1	62·1
1862 -	442,395	437,693	702,181	63·0	62·3
1863 -	658,909	646,464	720,660	91·4	89·7
1864 -	537,212	529,479	739,236	72·7	71·6
1865 -	588,361	578,583	742,680	79·2	77·9
1866 -	460,089	454,885	743,859	61·9	61·0
1867 -	496,715	490,598	766,635	64·8	64·0
1868 -	518,794	513,042	771,905	67·2	66·5
1869 -	529,568	524,143	779,039	68·0	67·3

* The increase in the rate per cent. of the number vaccinated to the number of births in this year was probably occasioned by the operation of the Act 16th & 17th Vict. Cap. 100.

(L.)—Public Works (Manufacturing Districts) Acts, 1863-64. —Loans and Repayments.

	Page.
No. 56. Public Works (Manufacturing Districts) Acts, 1863–64. —Loans advanced by Public Works Loan Commissioners and Repayments in respect thereof, up to 31st March 1869 - - - - - - - - - -	379

(L.)
Public Works, &c.

No. 56.—"The Public Works (Manufacturing Districts) Acts, 1863–64." — Loans up to 31st March 1869.—(*In continuation*

Name of Place.	Amount of Separate Loans.	Total Amount of Loans.	Amount advanced on each Separate Loan.	Total Amount advanced.	Principal Repaid on each Separate Loan.	Total Amount of Principal Repaid.
	£	£	£	£	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1. Accrington	3,000 24,200 11,900	39,100	3,000 24,200 11,900	39,100	300 0 0 1,640 0 0 1,000 0 0	2,940 0 0
2. Adlington (Chorley)	1,900	1,900	1,900	1,900	243 19 4	243 19 4
3. Ardwick (Manchester)	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	3,200 0 0	3,200 0 0
4. Ashton-under-Lyne	6,343 59,489 1,700 57,500	125,032	6,343 59,489 1,700 57,500	125,032	1,057 3 4 6,832 12 0 226 13 4 5,250 0 0	13,366 8 8
5. Atherton	5,216 8,669	13,885	5,216 —	5,216	581 1 4	581 1 4
6. Bacup	14,600 5,000	19,600	14,600 5,000	19,600	1,640 0 0 400 0 0	2,040 0 0
7. Barton and Eccles	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	333 6 8	333 6 8
8. Bedford	10,893	10,893	10,893	10,893	1,126 4 0	1,126 4 0
9. Blackburn	78,300 65,825	144,125	78,300 65,825	144,125	9,000 0 0 5,333 6 8	14,333 6 8
10. Bollington	9,859	9,859	7,500	7,500	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0
11. Bolton	55,000 66,000 4,934 52,000	177,934	55,000 66,000 4,934 52,000	177,934	5,833 6 8 9,700 0 0 560 1 4 4,800 0 0	20,893 8 0
12. Bowdon	2,750	2,750	2,750	2,750	366 13 4	366 13 4
13. Bradford	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	775 0 0	775 0 0
14. Bredbury (Stockport)	400 1,840	2,240	400 1,840	2,240	66 13 4 636 6 6	702 19 10
15. Brindle (Chorley)	1,200	1,200	600	600	331 16 11	331 16 11
16. Broughton (Salford)	9,500 3,100	12,600	9,500 3,007	12,507	1,266 13 4 334 0 8	1,600 14 0
17. Burnley	37,800	37,800	37,800	37,800	4,253 6 8	4,253 6 8
18. Bury	10,000 23,259 15,000	48,259	10,000 23,259 15,000	48,259	1,166 13 4 1,441 19 4 1,833 6 8	4,441 19 4
19. Charnock Richard (Chorley)	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	140 0 0	140 0 0
20. Cheadle Bulkeley (Stockport)	1,802	1,802	1,400	1,400	160 0 0	160 0 0

Advanced by the PUBLIC WORKS LOAN COMMISSIONERS and Repayments in respect thereof *of Report XXI page 144.*)

(L.) *Public Works, &c.*

NAME OF PLACE.	Amount of Separate Loans.	Total Amount of Loans.	Amount advanced on each Separate Loan.	Total Amount advanced.	Principal Repaid on each Separate Loan.	Total Amount of Principal Repaid.
	£	£	£	£	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
21. Cheadle Moseley (Stockport) -	698	698	698	698	93 1 4	93 1 4
22. Cheetham (Manchester) -	18,260	18,260	18,260	18,260	2,017 6 8	2,017 6 8
23. Chorley (Cheshire) - -	2,500 10,000	12,500	2,500 5,680	8,180	416 13 4 656 0 0	1,072 13 4
24. Chorley (Lancashire) - -	14,250	14,250	14,250	14,250	1,641 13 4	1,641 13 4
25. Chorlton (Manchester) - -	13,000 4,000	17,000	13,000 4,000	17,000	1,700 0 0 466 13 4	2,166 13 4
26. Clayton-le-Moors - - -	10,709	10,709	10,709	10,709	1,113 18 8	1,113 18 8
27. Crompton - - - - -	2,330	2,330	1,200	1,200	390 0 0	390 0 0
28. Cuerdon (Chorley) - -	750	750	750	750	112 10 0	112 10 0
29. Darcy Lever (Bolton) - -	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	210 0 0	210 0 0
30. Denton - - - - -	2,222 2,035 1,521	5,778	2,222 2,035 1,521	5,778	370 6 8 304 13 4 202 16 0	877 16 0
31. Disbury (Chorlton) - -	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	950 0 0	950 0 0
32. Droylsden - - -	2,800 11,421	14,221	2,800 11,421	14,221	416 13 4 1,228 1 4	1,644 14 8
33. Dukinfield - - -	2,010 9,000 8,400 6,700 9,000	35,110	2,010 9,000 8,400 6,700 9,000	35,110	335 0 0 1,000 0 0 696 13 4 613 6 8 900 0 0	3,545 0 0
34. Edgeworth (Bolton) - -	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	233 6 8	233 6 8
35. Euxton (Chorley) - - -	566	566	566	566	75 9 4	75 9 4
36. Failsworth - - -	6,500	6,500	6,500	6,500	450 0 0	450 0 0
37. Farnworth - - -	17,500	17,500	17,500	17,500	2,133 6 8	2,133 6 8
38. Glossop - - - - -	3,500 1,138 5,317 5,092 1,354 5,130 7,500	29,031	3,500 1,138 5,317 5,092 1,354 2,800 —	19,201	583 6 8 151 14 8 731 14 0 509 4 0 180 10 8 226 13 4 —	2,383 3 4
39. Gorton - - - -	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	1,900 0 0	1,900 0 0
40. Great Harwood - - -	8,000 280 500	8,780	8,000 280 } 500 }	8,780	1,033 6 8 104 0 0	1,137 6 8
41. Halliwell - - - -	3,250	3,250	3,250	3,250	268 0 0	268 0 0
42. Hardforth (Stockport) - -	400	400	400	400	53 6 8	53 6 8
43. Harwood (Bolton) - -	1,614	1,614	1,614	1,614	248 10 8	248 10 8

(L.)
Public Works, &c.

" The Public Works (Manufacturing Districts) Acts, 1863–64."—Loans Advanced
31st March 1869

Name of Place.	Amount of Separate Loans.	Total Amount of Loans.	Amount advanced on each Separate Loan.	Total Amount advanced.	Principal Repaid on each Separate Loan.	Total Amount of Principal Repaid.
	£	£	£	£	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
44. Hazel Grove (Stockport) -	2,000		2,000		300 0 0	
	900		900		100 0 0	
	800	3,700	800	3,700	80 0 0	480 0 0
45. Heaton Norris (Stockport) -	2,583	2,583	2,583	2,583	377 14 8	377 14 8
46. Heywood (Heap) - -	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	3,166 13 4	3,166 13 4
47. Horwich (Bolton) - - -	1,600	1,600	800	800	133 6 8	133 6 8
48. Hulme (Manchester) - -	7,600	7,600	7,600	7,600	826 13 4	826 13 4
49. Hurst - - - -	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	157 2 9	157 2 9
50. Hyde - - - -	14,200		14,200		1,573 6 8	
	14,790	28,990	14,790	28,990	1,226 6 8	2,799 13 4
51. Lancaster - - - -	7,000	7,000	—	—	—	—
52. Little Lever (Bolton) - -	1,670	1,670	1,200	1,200	193 6 8	193 6 8
53. Macclesfield (Borough) - -	33,500		16,500		1,883 6 8	
	7,500		3,500		483 6 8	
	5,530	46,530	1,500	21,500	—	2,366 13 4
54. Macclesfield Union - -	5,530		2,250 }		920 11 0	
	5,000		2,750 }			
	2,000	12,530	1,000	6,000	337 4 4	1,257 15 4
55. Manchester - - -	25,000		25,000		3,333 6 8	
	130,000	155,000	130,000	155,000	18,000 0 0	21,333 6 8
56. Marple (Stockport) - -	730		730		110 13 4	
	1,400	2,130	1,150	1,880	219 3 3	329 16 7
57. Middleton and Tonge - -	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	733 6 8	733 6 8
58. Mossley - - - -	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	583 6 8	583 6 8
59. Newton-in-Mackerfield - -	9,000		9,000		566 13 4	
	1,000		1,000		106 13 4	
	3,620		3,620		254 0 0	
	6,880	20,500	6,880	20,500	496 0 0	1,423 6 8
60. Offerton (Stockport) - -	200		200		33 6 8	
	200		200		26 13 4	
	100	500	100	500	6 13 4	66 13 4
61. Oldham - - - -	18,000		18,000		3,000 0 0	
	5,700		5,700		826 13 4	
	75,000		75,000		7,500 0 0	
	4,200		4,200		486 13 4	
	3,000		3,000		333 6 8	
	14,280	120,180	14,280	120,180	1,528 0 0	13,674 13 4
62. Openshaw - - - -	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	1,466 13 4	1,466 13 4
63. Oswaldtwistle - - -	22,738	22,738	22,738	22,738	2,091 5 4	2,091 5 4
64. Over Darwen - - -	2,000		2,000		266 13 4	
	32,000	34,000	32,000	34,000	3,133 6 8	3,400 0 0
65. Pendleton (Salford) - -	1,000		1,000		116 13 4	
	15,505	16,505	15,505	16,505	1,850 10 0	1,967 3 4

(L.)
Public Works, &c.

by the Public Works Loan Commissioners and Repayments in respect thereof up to
—*continued.*

Name of Place.	Amount of Separate Loans.	Total Amount of Loans.	Amount advanced on each Separate Loan.	Total Amount advanced.	Principal Repaid on each Separate Loan.	Total Amount of Principal Repaid.
	£	£	£	£	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
66. Pennington	11,685	11,685	11,685	11,685	2,379 0 0	2,379 0 0
67. Poulton	4,500	4,500	4,500	4,500	600 0 0	600 0 0
68. Preston	28,500 19,739 15,000	63,239	28,500 19,739 15,000	63,239	3,850 0 0 5,601 8 4 1,666 13 4	11,118 1 8
69. Quarlton (Bolton)	460	460	460	460	80 0 0	80 0 0
70. Ramsbottom	8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500	766 13 4	766 13 4
71. Reddish (Stockport)	300	300	300	300	40 0 0	40 0 0
72. Rochdale	5,000 10,600 14,000	29,600	5,000 10,600 14,000	29,600	833 6 8 1,413 6 8 666 13 4	2,913 6 8
73. Romiley (Stockport)	300	300	300	300	40 0 0	40 0 0
74. Royton	1,000 3,000	4,000	1,000 2,000	3,000	133 6 8 190 0 0	323 6 8
75. Rusholme	3,000	3,000	—	—	—	—
76. Salford	40,000 760	40,760	40,000 760	40,760	3,650 0 0 101 6 8	3,751 6 8
77. Sharples (Bolton)	2,100	2,100	1,500	1,500	154 13 4	154 13 4
78. Skerton (Lancaster)	600	600	600	600	70 0 0	70 0 0
79. Spotland (Rochdale)	1,000 2,000	3,000	1,000 2,000	3,000	150 0 0 250 0 0	400 0 0
80. Stalybridge	2,954 3,000 5,834 62,500	74,288	2,954 3,000 5,000 62,500	73,454	492 6 8 300 0 0 633 6 8 5,416 13 4	6,842 6 8
81. Stockport	25,493 883 2,000 31,000	59,376	25,493 883 2,000 22,000	50,376	3,565 14 8 117 14 8 266 13 4 2,033 6 8	5,983 9 4
82. Tintwistle (Ashton)	400	400	400	400	100 0 0	100 0 0
83. Tyldesley	7,100 8,650	15,750	7,100 5,000	12,100	806 13 4 566 13 4	1,373 6 8
84. West Houghton (Bolton)	1,560	1,560	1,560	1,560	224 13 4	224 13 4
85. West Leigh	5,312	5,312	5,312	5,312	714 10 8	714 10 8
86. Wheelton (Chorley)	700	700	700	700	116 13 4	116 13 4
87. Wigan	30,270 17,800	48,070	30,270 17,800	48,070	3,009 0 0 1,660 0 0	4,669 0 0
		1,846,082		1,766,515		199,037 1 9

(M.)—Workhouse Accommodation (Metropolis).

	Page.
No. 57. NUMBER of INMATES of different CLASSES sleeping in the WORKHOUSES of the METROPOLIS on the 18th January 1869, and the Cubical Contents of the Wards occupied as Sleeping Rooms - - - - - - - -	387
No. 58. NUMBER of WARDS or ROOMS used exclusively by Day in the METROPOLITAN WORKHOUSES, Cubical Contents of the Day Wards, and the Total Inmates of the Workhouses on the 18th January 1869 - - - - - -	393

(M.)
Workhouse Accommodation (Metropolis).

No. 57.

NUMBER of INMATES of different CLASSES sleeping in the WORKHOUSES of the METROPOLIS on the 18th January 1869, and the Cubical Contents of the Wards occupied as Sleeping Rooms.

No. 57.—WORKHOUSE ACCOMMODATION (METROPOLIS).—The NUMBER of INMATES of different CLASSES sleeping in the WORKHOUSES of the METROPOLIS on the 18th of January 1869, and the cubical contents of the Wards occupied as sleeping Rooms.

WORKHOUSE.	NUMBER of INMATES SLEEPING in the WORKHOUSE on the 18th of January 1869.													Total Number of Inmates.	Cubical contents of Wards occupied as Sleeping Rooms (height over 12 feet not being calculated).	Observations.
	Fever and Small-pox cases.	Lying-in Patients.	Cases giving rise to offensive smells.	Ordinary sick cases, including Itch and Venereal cases.	Old and Infirm Persons partially occupying the same Wards Day and Night.	Old and Infirm Persons occupying the same Wards Day and Night.	Insane and Imbecile Persons sleeping in Wards occupied by		Adult Persons not included in preceding column sleeping in Wards occupied by		Healthy Children above the Age of Seven and under Fifteen Years.	Healthy Children under the Age of Seven Years.	Infants with Lying-in Patients.*			
							Day and Night.	Night only.	Day and Night.	Night only.						
Bermondsey	—	—	—	41	—	135	24	18	9	277	10	44	—	558	303,921	
Bethnal Green	—	16	85 (b)	402	—	—	31	2	21	665	—	21	11	1,254	507,977 (a)	(a) Inclusive of young men's day room which is used as a sleeping room. (b) The medical officer includes under the head of offensive cases persons unable to help themselves on account of paralysis and extreme old age, also cases of incontinence of urine.
Camberwell	—	11	—	52	88	144	95	6	15	113	—	14	10	548	251,261 (c)	(c) The able men's day ward is used as a sleeping ward.
Chelsea	—	3	29	71	—	91	19	—	4	339	—	9	—	565	219,168	
Clerkenwell	—	5	12	128	68	126	40	—	23	72	—	17	5	496	187,890	
Fulham	—	—	18	90	—	—	3	35	17	157	50	41	—	411	231,258 (d)	(d) Inclusive of nursery day ward used as sleeping ward.
St. George Hanover Square: Mount Street Workhouse	—	2	—	100	—	25	6	—	2	220	—	—	—	364	221,995	
Little Chelsea Workhouse	—	—	—	52	—	41	5	—	13	199	140	31	—	481	286,924	
St. George-in-the-East	—	9	9	204	7	143	41	—	24	432	—	13	8	890 (e)	391,715	(e) The gallery of the dining hall is used for 19 beds.
St. George-the-Martyr Southwark.	—	5	19	74	—	12	—	—	7	320	—	4	2	443	227,491	
St. Giles-in-the-Fields and St. George Bloomsbury.	—	11	—	96	144	50	32	—	26	356	—	21	8	744	287,143 (f)	(f) Four additional wards will shortly be ready for occupation.

* In some cases infants with lying-in patients are included in the column headed Healthy Children under the age of Seven Years.

WORKHOUSE ACCOMMODATION (METROPOLIS).—The Number of Inmates of different Classes sleeping in the Workhouses of the Metropolis on the 18th of January 1869, and the cubical contents of the Wards occupied as sleeping Rooms—*continued.*

WORKHOUSE.	NUMBER of INMATES SLEEPING in the WORKHOUSE on the 18th of January 1869.													Total Number of Inmates.	Cubical contents of Wards occupied as Sleeping Rooms (height over 12 feet not being calculated).	Observations.
	Fever and Small-pox cases.	Lying-in Patients.	Cases giving rise to offensive smells.	Ordinary sick cases, including Itch and Venereal cases.	Old and Infirm Persons partially occupying the same Wards Day and Night.	Old and Infirm Persons occupying the same Wards Day and Night.	Insane and Imbecile Persons sleeping in Wards occupied by		Adult Persons not included in preceding column sleeping in Wards occupied by		Healthy Children above the Age of Seven and under Fifteen Years.	Healthy Children under the Age of Seven Years.	Infants with Lying-in Patients.*			
							Day and Night.	Night only.	Day and Night.	Night only.						
Greenwich	—	13	47	133	27	268	—	—	9	452	25	61	11	1,046	435,115	
Hackney	—	5	2	139	215	—	—	36	9	100	—	44	2	552	241,386	
Hampstead	—	3	4	43	—	9	—	—	—	79	—	11	3	152	87,009	
Holborn	—	6	—	35	—	125 (g)	—	7	1	276	83	71	3	607	213,709	(g) The 125 aged and infirm included in this column are returned as bed-ridden.
Islington	—	8	6	119	—	23	10	—	12	472	—	29	—	679	282,847 (h)	(h) Inclusive of an iron building on the workhouse premises containing 186 beds.
Kensington	—	14	95	102	15	65	72	—	53	252	—	56	5	729	241,525 (i)	(i) Inclusive of an iron building on the workhouse premises in which there are 117 beds.
Lambeth	—	14	28	334	—	48	60	—	47	465	16	35	6	1,053	473,145	
Lewisham	—	2	—	61	—	21	2	7	11	91	9	11	3	218	96,097	
London, City of	—	4	5	126	—	141	—	72	22	467	—	10	1	848	484,948	
London, East	—	—	4	180	—	24	7	55	6	359	5	16	—	656	308,607	
London, West	—	—	—	100	—	123	12	—	—	198	21	—	—	454	277,269	
St. Luke Middlesex	—	11	10	103	—	176	63	17	18	282	77	38	6	(j) 801	295,072	(j) At the workhouse during the day there are also 100 inmates, who leave at night to sleep at temporary wards in Old Street.
St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster: Petty France Workhouse.	1	11	14	30	—	8	—	1	36	62	—	15	7	185	71,430	

* In some cases infants with lying-in patients are included in the column headed Healthy Children under the age of Seven Years.

WORKHOUSE ACCOMMODATION (METROPOLIS).—The Number of Inmates of different Classes sleeping in the Workhouses of the Metropolis on the 18th of January 1869, and the cubical contents of the Wards occupied as sleeping Rooms—*continued.*

Workhouse.	Number of Inmates sleeping in the Workhouse on the 18th of January 1869.													Total Number of Inmates.	Cubical contents of Wards occupied as Sleeping Rooms (height over 12 feet not being calculated).	Observations.
	Fever and Small-pox cases.	Lying-in patients.	Cases giving rise to offensive smells.	Ordinary sick cases, including Itch and Venereal cases.	Old and Infirm Persons partially occupying the same Wards Day and Night.	Old and Infirm Persons occupying the same Wards Day and Night.	Insane and Imbecile Persons sleeping in Wards occupied by Day and Night.	Insane and Imbecile Persons sleeping in Wards occupied by Night only.	Adult Persons not included in preceding column sleeping in Wards occupied by Day and Night.	Adult Persons not included in preceding column sleeping in Wards occupied by Night only.	Healthy Children above the Age of Seven and under Fifteen Years.	Healthy Children under the Age of Seven Years.	Infants with Lying-in Patients.*			
St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster: Kensington Workhouse.	—	—	44	292	122	19	53	4	22	92	195	35	—	(k) 878	455,886	(k) The "ordinary sick" include all cases entered in the workhouse medical relief book as sick, and for whom a sick diet is ordered. There are temporary iron buildings containing 110 beds for men.
Marylebone	—	12	36	227	67	530	79	54	28	784	15	68	10	1,910	938,565	
Mile End Old Town	—	3	7	90	125	80	47	44	12	59	212	41	2	(l) 722	399,300	(l) This return includes the children in the separate school.
Newington St. Mary	—	3	1	163	—	17	16	35	34	471	25	19	—	(m) 784	300,954	(m) The return includes Bayldon House and cottages adjoining the workhouse.
St. Olaves	—	1	7	73	99	15	—	10	6	102	2	50	3	368	149,756	
Paddington	2	3	3	26	—	87	9	—	61	173	89	43	—	496	243,082	
St. Pancras	—	11	107	282	393	428	98	44	69	231	10	49	5	1,727 (n)	902,462	(n) 25 beds are in a "corridor," and 20 in a passage.
Poplar	—	8	8	64	18	95	14	6	6	244	25	55	5	548	268,778	
Rotherhithe	—	1	—	24	19	60	2	2	11	93	3	10	—	225	116,581 (o)	(o) Inclusive of infirm men's day ward in which beds are placed.
St. Saviour's	1	—	—	49	44	67	2	16	10	207	6	16	—	418	245,855	
Shoreditch	4	7	43	193	21	36	19	165	58	448	5	32	5	1,036	461,750	
Stepney (Bromley Workhouse)	—	5	33	76	26	98	16	38	34	312	—	23	2	663	333,615	
Strand: Cleveland Street Workhouse.	—	3	8	45	215	—	15	1	12	152	—	12	2	465	232,438	
St. Martin-in-the-Fields Workhouse.	—	5	—	59	—	212	18	—	12	173	2	11	5	497	246,956	

* In some cases infants with lying-in patients are included in the column headed Healthy Children under the age of Seven Years.

Workhouse Accommodation (Metropolis).—The Number of Inmates of different Classes sleeping in the Workhouses of the Metropolis on the 18th of January 1869, and the cubical contents of the Wards occupied as sleeping Rooms—*continued.*

Workhouse.	Number of Inmates sleeping in the Workhouse on the 18th of January 1869.													Total Number of Inmates.	Cubical contents of Wards occupied as Sleeping Rooms (height over 12 feet not being calculated).	Observations.
	Fever and Small-pox cases.	Lying-in Patients.	Cases giving rise to offensive smells.	Ordinary sick cases, including Itch and Venereal cases.	Old and Infirm Persons partially occupying the same Wards Day and Night.	Old and Infirm Persons occupying the same Wards Day and Night.	Insane and Imbecile Persons sleeping in Wards occupied by Day and Night.	Insane and Imbecile Persons sleeping in Wards occupied by Night only.	Adult Persons not included in preceding column sleeping in Wards occupied by Day and Night.	Adult Persons not included in preceding column sleeping in Wards occupied by Night only.	Healthy Children above the Age of Seven and under Fifteen Years.	Healthy Children under the Age of Seven Years.	Infants with Lying-in Patients.*			
Wandsworth and Clapham	—	1	6	162	49	135	3	—	8	279	—	57	1	701	282,466	
Westminster	—	2	19	108	—	252	3	—	58	258	19	51	—	770	336,635	
Whitechapel	10	10	53	210	—	117	27	54	21	387	10	11	5	915	496,264	
Woolwich	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Supplementary Workhouses.																
Camberwell: Nazareth House	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	95	—	—	—	103	48,052	
Clerkenwell: Temporary premises in St. John Street Road.	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	71	—	—	—	77	22,709	
Lambeth: Vauxhall temporary Workhouse.	—	—	—	—	—	187	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	191	83,244	
London, City of: Northumberland Alley.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16,434	
London, West: Thavies Inn	—	4	—	3	—	7	—	—	1	71	—	—	—	86	46,930	
St. Luke (Middlesex): temporary premises in Old Street.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100	—	—	—	100	24,348	
St. Margaret and St. John Westminster: Pear Street premises.	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	13,985	
Poplar: Old Wapping Workhouse.	—	—	—	11	—	12	—	—	—	191	—	—	—	214	91,527	
Totals	18	232	762	4,985	1,776	4,252	943	729	852	11,707	1,054	1,195	136	(a) 28,641	13,383,474	(a) This total is exclusive of about 8,200 children in district and separate schools.

* In some cases infants with lying-in patients are included in the column headed Healthy Children under the age of Seven Years.

No. 58.

NUMBER of WARDS or ROOMS used exclusively by Day in the METROPOLITAN WORKHOUSES, Cubical Contents of the Day Wards, and the Total Inmates of the Workhouses on the 18th January 1869.

(M.)
Workhouse Accommodation (Metropolis).

No. 58.

WORKHOUSE DAY ROOM ACCOMMODATION, METROPOLIS. — The NUMBER of WARDS or ROOMS used exclusively by DAY in the METROPOLITAN WORKHOUSES, the Cubical Contents of the Day Wards, and the Total Number of Inmates of the Workhouses on the 18th of January 1869.

WORKHOUSE.	Number of Wards used exclusively by Day.	Cubical Contents of Day Wards.*	Total Number of Inmates of Workhouse on the 18th January 1869.	Observations.
Bermondsey - - - -	5	43,091	558	The day wards do not include the space set apart for wood chopping, which is the employment of the male inmates.
Bethnal Green - - - -	7	53,838	1,254	The young men's day ward is used as a sleeping ward.
Camberwell - - - -	7	43,428	548	The able men's day room is used as a sleeping ward. The able-bodied are employed during the day in the laundry, wood sheds, &c.
Chelsea - - - - -	9	59,882	565	
Clerkenwell - - - -	1	9,472	496	
Fulham - - - - -	14	64,965	411	The nursery day ward is used as a sleeping ward.
George, St., Hanover Square: Mount Street Workhouse -	3	22,029	364	
Little Chelsea Workhouse -	13	103,644	481	The day rooms include school-rooms and workshops.
George, St., in-the-East - -	2	91,514	890	The day rooms are the oakum room and dining hall.
George, St., the-Martyr Southwark.	11	53,421	443	
Giles, St., in-the-Fields and St. George Bloomsbury.	6	46,610	744	The day rooms include two dining halls. An additional day room will shortly be ready for occupation.
Greenwich - - - - -	21	96,218	1,046	
Hackney - - - - -	8	44,600	552	
Hampstead - - - -	6	42,624	152	
Holborn - - - - -	12	59,930	608	
Islington - - - - -	8	59,409	679	
Kensington - - - -	4	26,780	729	
Lambeth - - - - -	5	39,101	1,053	
Lewisham - - - - -	4	27,129	218	
London City - - - -	15	114,919	848	
London, East - - - -	16	78,807	656	
London, West - - - -	15	67,089	454	
Luke, St., Middlesex - -	10	50,027	801	
Margaret St. and St. John Westminster: Petty France Workhouse.	2	5,956	185	The two day rooms are oakum and needle rooms.

* The height over 12 feet is not deducted.

(M.) *Workhouse Accommodation (Metropolis).*

Workhouse Day Room Accommodation, Metropolis.—The Number of Wards or Rooms used exclusively by Day in the Metropolitan Workhouses, the Cubical Contents of the Day Wards, and the Total Number of Inmates of the Workhouses on the 18th of January 1869—*continued.*

Workhouse.	Number of Wards used exclusively by Day.	Cubical Contents of Day Wards.*	Total Number of Inmates of Workhouse on the 18th January 1869.	Observations.
Margaret, St., and St. John Westminster: Kensington Workhouse.	15	71,601	878	
Marylebone, St. - - -	9	101,223	1,910	
Mile End Old Town - - -	11	73,115	722	
Newington, St. Mary - -	10	60,958	784	
Olaves, St. - - - - -	6	29,504	368	The day wards include schoolroom.
Paddington - - - -	9	47,283	496	The day wards include three schoolrooms.
Pancras, St. - - - -	10	81,881	1,727	
Poplar - - - - -	8	48,287	548	
Rotherhithe, St. Mary - -	4	20,158	225	Beds are placed in the infirm men's day ward.
Saviours, St. - - - -	12	60,571	418	
Shoreditch - - - - -	17	75,889	1,036	
Stepney - - - - -	21	121,140	662	
Strand: Cleveland Street Workhouse.	7	44,898	465	
St. Martin's-in-the-Fields Workhouse.	2	19,440	497	The two day rooms are dining halls.
Wandsworth and Clapham -	8	49,300	701	
Westminster - - - -	4	31,783	770	
Whitechapel - - - -	11	95,239	915	
Woolwich - - - - -	No Workhouse.			
Supplementary Workhouses.				
Camberwell: Nazareth House	2	13,764	103	
Clerkenwell: temporary premises in St. John's Street Road.	5	21,275	77	
Lambeth: Vauxhall temporary Workhouse.	None.	None.	191	
London, City of: Northumberland Alley.	3	4,350	None.	These premises were not occupied on the 18th January.
London, West: Thaives Inn -	—	—	86	
Luke, St. Middlesex: temporary premises in Old Street.	None.	—	100	The inmates only come to these wards to sleep at night, returning to the workhouse in the morning.
Margaret, St. and St. John Westminster: Pear Street premises.	None.	—	13	
Poplar: Old Wapping Workhouse.	3	36,570	214	The day rooms include the dining hall.
Total - -	381	2,412,712	28,641	

* The height over 12 feet is not deducted.

(N.)—Metropolitan Common Poor Fund.

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(N.)
Metropolitan Common Poor Fund.

No. 59.

The EXPENSES chargeable upon the METROPOLITAN COMMON POOR FUND, under Section 69 of "The Metropolitan Poor Act, 1867," in respect of the Three Half Years ended Lady-day 1868, Michaelmas 1868, and Lady-day 1869.

(N.) *Metropolitan Common Poor Fund.*

No. 59.

METROPOLITAN COMMON POOR FUND.—The EXPENSES chargeable upon the METROPOLITAN COMMON POOR FUND, under Section 69 of "The Metropolitan Poor Act, 1867," in respect of the Three Half Years ended Lady-day 1868, Michaelmas 1868, and Lady-day 1869.

Expenses Chargeable upon the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund.	Half Year ended Lady-day 1868.	Half Year ended Michaelmas 1868.	Half Year ended Lady-day 1869.
	£	£	£
1. For the maintenance of Lunatics in Asylums, Registered Hospitals, and Licensed Houses.	39,052	77,516	76,975
2. For Medicine and Medical and Surgical Appliances supplied to the Poor in receipt of Relief by Guardians.	2,751	3,675	4,428
3. For Salaries of Officers employed by the Guardians in and about the relief of the Poor, and the Salaries of Dispensers and other persons employed in Dispensaries under the Metropolitan Poor Act, in those cases in which the appointments have been sanctioned by the Poor Law Board.	44,281	45,656	58,058
4. For Compensation to any Medical Officer of a Workhouse affected by the determination or variation by the Poor Law Board of a contract respecting Medical Relief in the Workhouse, or for Compensation to any Officer who may be deprived of his office by reason of the operation of the Metropolitan Poor Act.	—	—	—
5. For Fees for Registration of Births and Deaths.	2,558	5,035	5,042
6. For Fees for, and other expenses of, Vaccination.	1,045	2,590	2,783
7. For Maintenance of Pauper Children in District, Separate, Certificated, and Licensed Schools.	34,474	44,704	46,375
8. For Relief of destitute Persons certified by the Auditor, and the provision of temporary Wards or other Places of Reception approved by the Poor Law Board under the Metropolitan Houseless Poor Acts of 1864 and 1865.	5,896	5,618	6,429
TOTAL - - - £	(*a*)130,057	184,794	200,090

(*a*) In the half year ended at Lady-day 1868, in several Unions and Parishes, the expenditure repayable from the Common Poor Fund was for a period less than six months, in consequence of the full liabilities for the half year not having been paid until after the date at which the accounts for the half year were closed. In subsequent half years the amounts to be repaid from the Common Poor Fund have been more promptly paid by the Guardians.

(N.)
Metropolitan Common Poor Fund.

No. 60.

The NET AMOUNTS contributed by UNIONS and PARISHES to the METROPOLITAN COMMON POOR FUND, and the Net Amounts received by Unions and Parishes out of that Fund in respect of the Three Half Years ended at Lady-day 1868, Michaelmas 1868, and Lady-day 1869.

No. 60.

(N.)
Metropolitan Common Poor Fund.

METROPOLITAN COMMON POOR FUND.—The NET AMOUNTS contributed by UNIONS and PARISHES to the METROPOLITAN COMMON POOR FUND, and the Net Amounts received by UNIONS and PARISHES out of that Fund in respect of the three Half Years ended at Lady-day 1868, Michaelmas 1868, and Lady-day 1869.

UNIONS AND PARISHES.	Net Amount Contributed to Metropolitan Common Poor Fund.	UNIONS AND PARISHES.	Net Amount Received from Metropolitan Common Poor Fund.
	£		£
City of London - -	39,402	Bethnal Green - -	15,675
St. George, Hanover Square	16,431	Whitehapel - - -	11,446
Paddington - - -	15,657	Greenwich (*c*) - -	10,718
Kensington - - -	10,220	Shoreditch - - -	9,447
Islington - - -	8,725	Stepney - - -	9,376
St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster.	5,618	Newington, St. Mary -	8,666
		St. George-in-the-East -	6,953
Wandsworth and Clapham	5,069	Lambeth - - -	6,840
Hampstead - - -	3,918	St. Pancras - - -	5,479
Hackney - - -	3,391	London, East - - -	4,436
Westminster (*a*) - -	3,228	St. George-the-Martyr -	4,396
Lewisham - - -	3,226	Poplar - - - -	4,336
Fulham - - -	2,652	Strand (*b*) - - -	4,194
St. Marylebone - -	2,198	London, West - -	3,345
Woolwich (*c*) - -	1,954	Mile End Old Town -	3,228
St. Giles-in-the-Fields and St. George Bloomsbury.	686	Chelsea - - - -	3,040
Inner Temple - - -	600	Clerkenwell - - -	2,536
Lincoln's Inn - -	521	St. Luke, Middlesex -	2,315
Middle Temple - -	393	Rotherhithe - - -	1,727
Gray's Inn - - -	382	St. Saviour's - - -	1,544
The Charter House - -	59	Bermondsey - - -	1,291
The Close of the Collegiate Church of St. Peter, Westminster.	44	St. Olave's - - -	518
		Camberwell - - -	106
		Holborn - - -	11
TOTAL - -	124,374	TOTAL - -	121,623

(*a*) At the date of the precept of the Poor Law Board, requiring payment of the contributions to the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund for the half year ended at Lady-day 1868, the parish of St. Anne, Westminster, had been separated from the Strand Union and with the parish of St. James, Westminster, had been constituted the Westminster Union. The contribution was required to be paid by the guardians of the new union; but as during the half year St. Anne, Westminster, had formed part of the Strand Union, that union had credit for the expenditure in respect of that parish, credit being given by the guardians for the amount on the adjustment of the accounts between the union and the parish.

(*b*) St. Martin-in-the-Fields having been added to the Strand Union prior to the termination of the half year ended at Lady-day 1868 was dealt with as if it had formed part of the union during the half year. *See* Note (*a*) as to St. Anne, Westminster.

(*c*) The Woolwich Union was formed in March 1868 of the parish of Woolwich, which was separated from the Greenwich Union, and certain parishes which had been included in the Lewisham Union. The assessment to the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund was on the rateable value of the union thus constituted, whilst Greenwich and Lewisham Unions had credit for the expenditure repayable in respect of those parishes, subject to an adjustment of the accounts between the unions and the parishes separated.

(N.)
Metropolitan Common Poor Fund.

No. 61.

The Expenses incurred by Unions and Parishes during the Half Year ended Lady-day 1869 for the under-mentioned purposes, and repayable from the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund.

Metropolitan Common Poor Fund.

No. 61.

METROPOLITAN COMMON POOR FUND.—The EXPENSES incurred by UNIONS and PARISHES, during the Half Year ended Lady-day 1869, for the under-mentioned Purposes, and repayable from the METROPOLITAN COMMON POOR FUND.

Unions and Parishes.	1. Maintenance of Lunatics.	2. Medicine and Medical and Surgical Appliances.	3. Salaries of Officers.	4. Registration Fees.	5. Vaccination Fees and Expenses.	6. Maintenance of Pauper Children.	7. Expenses under Houseless Poor Acts.	8. Totals.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Bethnal Green, St. Matthew	3,747	101	1,866	239	112	2,756	116	8,937
Camberwell, St. Giles	904	41	1,447	198	83	1,481	279	4,434
Chelsea, St. Luke	2,010	32	967	110	69	974	98	4,260
Fulham	569	48	783	98	162	105	91	1,856
George, St., Hanover Square	1,455	406	1,693	165	82	—	103	3,904
George, St., in-the-East	1,344	102	1,292	81	40	1,367	144	4,370
Giles, St., in-the-Fields and St. George, Bloomsbury	1,072	81	1,433	84	45	609	194	3,518
Greenwich	3,430	82	1,639	123	113	1,477	94	6,958
Hackney	1,910	26	1,343	177	71	2,201	39	5,767
Hampstead, St. John	230	32	363	35	11	148	—	819
Holborn	781	6	972	36	37	48	147	2,027
Clerkenwell	1,789	12	1,193	107	61	667	197	4,026
Luke, St., Middlesex	1,746	153	1,133	98	106	1,453	52	4,741
Islington, St. Mary	3,300	260	1,729	316	—	1,130	107	6,842
Kensington, St. Mary Abbotts	1,802	40	906	148	91	1,465	206	4,658
Lambeth, St. Mary	6,132	260	2,520	309	225	1,927	305	11,678
Lewisham	710	19	695	64	32	410	55	1,985
City of London	1,139	77	3,143	45	11	1,665	249	6,329
East London	1,697	6	1,229	51	14	1,101	180	4,278
West London	1,610	34	976	45	10	629	258	3,562
Margaret, St., and St. John, Westminster	1,669	135	1,328	101	58	449	177	3,917
Marylebone, St.	4,041	165	3,325	232	121	2,334	224	10,442
Mile End Old Town	1,235	155	1,399	144	47	1,031	135	4,146
Olave's, St.	539	39	408	38	18	455	66	1,563
Bermondsey	1,452	15	869	133	82	803	119	3,473
Rotherhithe	794	—	640	40	38	284	210	2,006
Paddington	1,265	65	877	115	91	—	554	2,967
Pancras, St.	7,087	669	3,333	332	221	3,152	142	14,936
Poplar	1,745	287	2,528	176	139	1,789	57	6,721
Saviour's, St.	1,115	103	1,247	47	8	827	81	3,428
George, St., the-Martyr, Southwark	883	29	1,241	97	29	1,209	112	3,600
Newington	2,929	145	1,118	158	73	966	97	5,486
Shoreditch, St. Leonard	2,633	70	2,881	221	149	3,034	236	9,224
Stepney	1,673	305	1,757	95	30	1,856	105	5,821
Strand	1,727	79	2,168	67	54	997	247	5,339
Wandsworth and Clapham	1,892	99	1,349	173	109	1,435	144	5,201
Westminster	2,154	2	1,237	68	25	1,432	136	5,054
Whitechapel	2,393	247	2,187	134	57	1,433	549	7,000
Woolwich	2,372	1	844	142	58	1,276	124	4,817
Total	76,975	4,428	58,058	5,042	2,782	46,375	6,429	200,089

(N.)
Metropolitan Common Poor Fund.

No. 62.

The Net Amounts contributed by Unions and Parishes to the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund, and the Net Amounts received by Unions and Parishes out of that Fund in respect of the Half Year ended Lady-day 1869.

(N.)
Metropolitan Common Poor Fund.

No. 62.

METROPOLITAN COMMON POOR FUND.—The NET AMOUNTS contributed by UNIONS and PARISHES to the METROPOLITAN COMMON POOR FUND, and the Net Amounts received by UNIONS and PARISHES out of that Fund in respect of the Half Year ended at Lady-day 1869.

UNIONS AND PARISHES.	Net Amount Contributed to Metropolitan Common Poor Fund. £	s.	d.
City of London - -	14,763	9	1
St. George, Hanover Square.	6,474	2	0
Paddington - -	5,634	8	6
Kensington - - -	3,879	14	9
Islington - - -	3,109	14	10
Wandsworth and Clapham	2,028	16	3
St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster.	1,993	15	8
Hampstead - - -	1,746	5	6
Lewisham - - -	1,503	7	4
Marylebone - - -	1,268	1	10
Fulham - - -	1,251	7	4
Westminster - -	1,077	3	2
Hackney - - -	376	1	3
Camberwell - -	312	11	6
Holborn - - -	230	19	1
Inner Temple - -	227	12	7
Lincoln's Inn - -	197	11	9
Middle Temple - -	148	19	2
Gray's Inn - - -	144	19	5
The Charter House -	22	6	5
The Close of the Collegiate Church of St. Peter, Westminster.	16	13	8
TOTAL - -	46,408	1	1

UNIONS AND PARISHES.	Net Amount Received from Metropolitan Common Poor Fund. £	s.	d.
Bethnal Green - -	6,346	15	9
Shoreditch - -	4,764	10	2
Whitechapel - -	3,935	7	10
Stepney - - -	3,064	11	4
Newington - - -	2,796	7	9
Lambeth - - -	2,665	19	2
Greenwich - - -	2,664	11	5
St. Pancras - - -	2,589	15	9
St. George-in-the-East -	2,298	15	7
St. Luke, Middlesex -	2,121	14	8
East London - -	1,980	19	6
Woolwich - - -	1,888	16	9
St. George-the-Martyr, Southwark.	1,755	1	9
Clerkenwell - - -	1,376	15	4
Mile End Old Town -	1,306	1	0
West London - -	1,292	14	5
Poplar - - -	1,134	6	3
Chelsea - - -	1,037	2	10
St. Saviour's - -	859	0	8
Rotherhithe - - -	658	16	9
St. Giles and St. George Bloomsbury.	583	3	0
Bermondsey - - -	576	15	4
Strand - - -	166	7	9
St. Olave's - - -	150	11	3
TOTAL - -	48,015	2	0

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For Her Majesty's Stationery Office.

TWENTY-FOURTH

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

BOARD OF SUPERVISION FOR THE RELIEF OF THE POOR

IN

SCOTLAND.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

EDINBURGH:
PRINTED BY MURRAY AND GIBB,
FOR HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE.
1869.

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TWENTY-FOURTH ANNUAL REPORT.

TO THE

RIGHT HON. H. A. BRUCE,

HER MAJESTY'S PRINCIPAL SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE HOME DEPARTMENT.

Board of Supervision for the Relief of the Poor in Scotland,
Chambers, George Street, Edinburgh.
August 1869.

Sir,

WE have the honour to submit the General Report of our proceedings for the past year.

Proceedings of the Board.

Since the date of our last Report, the General Superintendents of Poor have continued to discharge their duties within their respective districts to our entire satisfaction. Mr Peterkin has visited and inquired into the administration of the law in 96 Parishes in the Counties of Caithness, Inverness, Orkney and Shetland, Ross and Cromarty, and Sutherland. He has also visited 7 Poorhouses. Mr Campbell has visited 214 Parishes in the Counties of Aberdeen, Argyll, Banff, Bute, Dumbarton, Elgin, Forfar, Kincardine, Nairn, Perth, and Stirling, and he has also visited 13 Poorhouses. We have received from these gentlemen their General Half-yearly Reports upon the administration of the law within their respective districts, as well as special Parochial Reports from time to time, wherever circumstances appeared to require them, and we have continued to deal with these Reports in the same manner as with those of former years.

During the past year, Mr M'Neill, the Visiting Officer of the Board, has conducted 12 special investigations, and he has inspected and reported upon 62 Poorhouses. He has also visited and inquired into the administration of the law in 239 Parishes. We continue to have every reason to be satisfied with the zeal and ability with which the Visiting Officer performs his duties.

We have investigated allegations, involving charges more or less serious, against 22 Inspectors of Poor; and we have been under the necessity of dismissing two of these officers for neglect or failure to perform their duties. Three Inspectors, whose conduct was under investigation, were permitted by us to resign their offices. We censured or admonished seven Inspectors whose errors were not of so grave a character as to

Proceedings of the Board.

call for more serious punishment. We have had the satisfaction of acquitting ten Inspectors of the charges which were brought against them.

We have been called upon to investigate complaints against four Governors of Poorhouses, but in each instance we found that the complaint was groundless.

We have also investigated charges against two Medical Officers, but the charges made against these gentlemen were not substantiated.

Having reason to believe that a considerable number of Parochial Boards and Inspectors of Poor experience much difficulty in dealing with applications for relief by vagrants, we thought it advisable to issue a circular letter upon the subject to all Parishes, stating distinctly both what the law requires and what it permits in such cases. Our circular letter will be found in the Appendix. Being conscious that the discouragement of dishonest vagrancy depends not only upon the vigilance of the Inspectors of Poor to whom vagrants may apply for relief, but also upon the effective co-operation of the police in the detection and punishment of frauds, we transmitted a copy of our circular letter to each of the Chief Constables and Superintendents of Police in Scotland, and intimated our readiness to furnish them with such additional copies, for the information and use of the police force, as they might desire. Twenty-four Chief Constables and Police Superintendents accepted our offer, and we furnished them with copies of our circular accordingly. We trust that by these means the application of funds raised for the relief of the poor to the support of vagrant persons who are not proper objects of parochial relief will be checked. In reply to our letter offering to supply copies of the circular, we received an interesting and intelligent communication upon the subject of vagrancy in Scotland from the Chief Constable of Ayrshire, which we print in the Appendix.

App. (A.) No. 1.

App. (A.) No. 2.

The Act 8 & 9 Vict. c. 83, sect. 53, enacts—

'That all and every sums or sum of money or other funds which have 'been or may hereafter be given, mortified, or bequeathed for the use of 'the Poor, and which shall become vested in the Parochial Board of any 'Parish or Combination, and whereof the annual proceeds are to be applied 'for behoof of the Poor, shall, if not specially directed to be otherwise 'invested, be, without delay, either lodged in a chartered bank, or placed 'at interest on Government or heritable security, or in the stock of one or 'more of the chartered banks in *Edinburgh;* and the Board of Supervision is 'hereby authorized and empowered to require returns to be made to them from 'time to time, as they shall deem expedient, as to all such money or funds.'

For a considerable period after the passing of the Act, there was, in many instances, some difficulty in determining what funds or sums of money referred to in the first part of this section had become vested in the Parochial Boards, and no well-founded allegations of malversation have been at any time made against these

Boards as the administrators of such funds. The Board of Supervision had therefore never deemed it expedient to exercise the power of requiring returns to be made in terms of the latter portion of the enactment above quoted. But in consequence of various inquiries which were made regarding some of these funds, and considering that many of the doubts originally entertained had been now solved, either by decisions of the courts of law or by the acquiescence of the parties interested, we came to the conclusion, during the past year, that the time had come when we might beneficially exercise our statutory power by calling for detailed returns from all assessed Parishes, and giving them publicity in our Annual Report. We accordingly called for such returns by a circular, and in the form printed in the Appendix, and an abstract of the contents of these returns will also be found in the Appendix. The returns refer only to the Parishes in which the funds for the relief of the poor are raised by assessment, the 53d section of the Statute not being applicable to unassessed Parishes.—(See Sect. 52 of the Statute, and the Board's First Annual Report, App., p. 28, as to the time at which such funds are to become vested in the Parochial Board.)

Proceedings of the Board.

App. (A.) No. 3.

App. (B.) No. 9.

Since the date of our last Report, four Parishes which had previously raised the funds for relief of the poor by Voluntary Contributions, have resolved to raise those funds by Assessment. The number of Parishes now assessed is 793, and the number that still raise the funds by Voluntary Contributions is 94. During the past year the Parochial Boards of twenty-two Parishes have resolved on a change in the mode of assessment or classification of occupants formerly adopted. In nine of these Parishes we have sanctioned the proposed change, and in thirteen we have declined to do so. Of the Parishes in which we have sanctioned the change, three have adopted classification of occupants, and six have adopted an alteration in the classification previously in use. In some of the cases in which we have felt it to be our duty to withhold our approval of the proposed change, our resolution was based upon formal or technical defects in the proceedings of the Parochial Board; in others, upon the ground that the change proposed would have been inequitable in its operation towards one or other of the several classes of ratepayers affected by it.

Assessments.

The 36th section of the Act 8 & 9 Vict. c. 83, only authorizes a Parochial Board to resolve on, and this Board to concur in, a classification of occupants, when the classification proposed is 'just and equitable.' As it appeared to us that the principle upon which the system of classification is founded, and the considerations to be kept in view in framing the details of a 'just and equitable' scheme of classification had been frequently lost sight of by Parochial Boards when dealing with this subject, we thought it advisable to issue to all Parishes a circular letter

Assessments.

App. (A.) No. 4.

explanatory of the fundamental principle of the system of classification, and of the general views which have regulated the action of the Board when requested to concur in a proposed classification. This circular letter will be found in the Appendix.

A Parochial Board, which had previously provided for the poor without assessment, resolved, in terms of the 33d section of the Statute, to raise the funds requisite for the relief and management of the poor by assessment, and obtained our approval to the resolution. The Parochial Board referred to having subsequently determined by minute not to carry out their previous resolution, we intimated that the minute was *ultra vires* of the Parochial Board, and called their attention to the terms of the 33d section, which declares that a resolution to assess 'shall be final,' and that 'it shall not be lawful to alter 'or depart from such resolution without the consent and authority 'of the Board of Supervision previously had and obtained.'

In another Parish where the assessment for the poor is levied, in terms of section 35 of the Statute, according to an Established Usage, under which tenants of premises below L.3 of rent are exempted from assessment, the Parochial Board resolved to discontinue this exemption, but to retain in other respects the existing mode of assessment. We were of opinion that we had no power to approve a resolution which was only a partial abandonment of Established Usage, and that the Parochial Board must either adhere to the mode of assessment at present in operation in its integrity, or resolve to abandon the mode according to Established Usage, and adopt another mode of assessment pointed out by the Statute.

The progress of the change from Voluntary Contributions to Assessment, during the twenty-four years that have elapsed since this Board was formed, has been as follows:—

	Assessed.	Voluntary Contributions.
August 1845,	230	650
... 1846,	448	432
... 1847,	558	322
... 1848,	600	280
... 1849,	625	255
... 1850,	644	236
... 1851,	653	228
... 1852,	671	211
... 1853,	680	202
... 1854,	689	194
... 1855,	700	183
... 1856,	716	167
... 1857,	729	154
... 1858,	738	145
... 1859,	745	138
... 1860,	749	134
... 1861,	752	131
... 1862,	759	125
... 1863,	764	120
... 1864,	770	114

	Assessed.	Voluntary Contributions.
August 1865,	777	108
... 1866,	781	104
... 1867,	783	102
... 1868,	789	98
... 1869,	793	94

Assessments.

In 595 of the Assessed Parishes, the funds for the relief of the poor are raised by an equal rate upon owners and occupants respectively, and in 174 there is a classification of occupants in terms of the 36th section of the Act 8 & 9 Vict. c. 83. In 24 Parishes the assessment is levied according to Established Usage.

Elected Members.

We have increased the number of Members to be elected to the Parochial Boards of the following Parishes, namely:—In Kilmaurs, from 4 to 5; in Wick, from 10 to 11; in Trinity-Gask, from 1 to 2; and in Penicuick, from 3 to 4.

Poorhouses.

The number of Parishes that have Poorhouses, either singly or in combination, is 376, having an aggregate population of 2,049,336. In the 63 Poorhouses at present in operation, the accommodation is sufficient for 14,423 inmates. When the Poorhouses which are in progress, or the erection of which has been resolved on, are completed, the number of Parishes having Poorhouses, singly or in combination, will be 390, with an aggregate population of 2,100,695. We have during the past year approved of the rates for boarding paupers belonging to 110 Parishes, in those Poorhouses of other Parishes or Combinations to which it appeared to us that they might most advantageously be sent. We continue the practice, however, of limiting our approval in all such cases to a period of 12 months, as we deem it desirable that we should have a periodical opportunity of considering whether any change of circumstances has arisen to render a further continuance of our approval inexpedient. The number of Parishes that possess a right, in terms of the 65th section of the Statute, to send paupers to the Poorhouses belonging to other Parishes, is 149, with an aggregate population of 368,769; but some of these Parishes are embraced in Combinations for proposed Poorhouses, or propose to have Poorhouses of their own. The total population of the Parishes to which Poorhouse accommodation is thus at present available, amounts to 2,418,105. The Tables showing the number of Poorhouses in Operation and in Progress, and the Parishes forming the various Poorhouse Combinations in Scotland, are printed in the Appendix. These Tables indicate the number of inmates of Poorhouses as at 1st January and 1st July last; the number who were receiving in-door relief during the half-years ended 31st December 1868 and 30th June 1869; the number of those on the Sick List, as well as those who were Lunatic; and the number of Children who were at School. These Tables also exhibit the average weekly

App. (B.) No. 10.

Poor-houses.

cost per head of inmates actually in the Poorhouse during the half-years ended 31st December 1868 and 30th June 1869, for maintenance, including food, fuel, clothing, light, and all other necessaries; and the average weekly expenditure per head of inmates for whom there is accommodation in the Poorhouse for the same periods under the following heads, viz.:—1st, Establishment Charges, including salaries of officials, feu-duties, insurance, repairs, etc.; 2nd, Estimated Rent of Poorhouse and Land, being so much per cent. on the amount expended; and 3rd, Medical Relief, including medicine, medical and surgical appliances, and medical attendance.

We have sanctioned the occupation of Buchan Combination Poorhouse, which now comprises 17 Parishes, in the County of Aberdeen. We have also sanctioned the occupation, by an increased number of inmates, of the Poorhouses of Liff and Benvie and of Aberdeen, which have been enlarged by additional buildings that had previously obtained our approval.

We concurred in the addition of the Parish of Fyvie to the Buchan Poorhouse Combination, and to the addition of the Parish of Fala to the Dalkeith Poorhouse Combination. The aggregate population of these two Parishes is 4,726.

We have approved of plans for the new Poorhouse for the Parish of Govan, which have been substituted for those formerly approved by us. We have also approved of alterations of the Poorhouses of Barony, Inveresk Combination, Jedburgh Combination, and Kyle Combination; and of additions to the Poorhouses of Abbey (Paisley), Campbeltown, Dundee, Dunfermline, Forfar, Glasgow, Kirkcudbright Combination, Liff and Benvie, and Morayshire Combination.

Repeated complaints having been made to us regarding the treatment of inmates and the conduct of officials in the Poorhouse of Glasgow, and some of these complaints being of a serious character, we appointed, in terms of the 11th section of the Statute, and with the consent of the Lord Advocate, Mr John Marshall, advocate, a Commissioner to conduct a special inquiry at the Poorhouse, and to report to us thereon. The greater part of the allegations referred to had been previously investigated by our Visiting Officer, and we had no good reason to apprehend that they were well founded, but upon this, as upon other occasions, we regretted that our Visiting Officer had no power to examine witnesses upon oath. In consequence, therefore, of the importance of the subject of inquiry, and of the objections that might have been taken to conclusions founded upon unsworn testimony, we resolved to adopt the more formal and expensive course of appointing a Commissioner. After considering Mr Marshall's report, together with the evidence taken by him, we had the satisfaction of finding that the charges made were wholly unfounded. It was obvious to us that the principal

complainant, a benevolent person in Glasgow, had been imposed upon by the false or exaggerated statements of others. We were not surprised at the result of the investigation, for we had no reason to believe that the Parochial Board or House Committee would tolerate any impropriety, either in the management of the house or on the part of the officials. Nevertheless, we did not regret that this inquiry had taken place. The Poorhouse of Glasgow is the largest and one of the most important in Scotland, and the searching and exhaustive investigation made by the Commissioner has conclusively proved, that its management is creditable alike to the Parish and to the officers of the Parochial Board. Poorhouses.

We again print in the Appendix a tabular statement of the present Poorhouse Buildings Debt, as returned to us by the parochial authorities, showing the sums borrowed for the erection or enlargement of Poorhouse Buildings under the 62nd section of the Acts 8 & 9 Vict. c. 83, or 19 & 20 Vict. c. 117, sect. 3, the liquidation of the debt during the past year, and the amount of the debt as at 14th May 1869. App. (B.) No. 11.

We have completed the arrangements for the distribution of the 21st Parliamentary Grant of L.10,000 in aid of Medical Relief to the poor in Scotland. The number of Parishes which have this year resolved to comply with the conditions annexed to participation in the Grant is 723. Of these, only 14 have failed to establish their claims by producing vouchers for the required amount of expenditure from their own funds, and otherwise satisfying us that the conditions of the Grant had been fulfilled. Last year, 702 Parishes established their claims; this year, 709. The increase in the number actually participating this year is therefore 7. The detailed account of the distribution, showing the amount expended on Medical Relief afforded to the poor in each Parish, for which vouchers have been produced; the sum apportioned to it from the Grant; and the additional sum, proportionate to the excess of its vouched expenditure, beyond the minimum, assigned out of the unappropriated shares to each participating Parish, will be found in the Appendix. Medical Relief. App. (B.) No. 8.

The whole sum expended on Medical Relief to the poor in Scotland during the year ended 14th May 1869, according to the annual returns of the Inspectors, was L.33,784, 5s. 1d., which is equal to 2·64 pence per head of the population of Scotland in 1861. The population of the 723 Parishes that have resolved to comply with the conditions annexed to participation in the Grant is 2,869,559, and of the 164 Parishes that have not so resolved, 192,735. The sum expended by the former, according to the returns, was L.32,790, 11s. 5d., equal to about 2·74 pence per head of the population; and that

Medical Relief.

by the latter was L.993, 13s. 8d., equal to about 1·23 pence per head of the population of these Parishes.

Complaints of Inadequate Relief App. (B.) Nos. 2 & 3.

The number of applications complaining of Inadequate Relief that have been before us during the year ended 30th June 1869, has been 517. In the immediately preceding year the number was 462.

The subjoined Table exhibits the number of such applications in each year since this Board was formed, and the manner in which they have been disposed of.

YEAR.	No. of Applications.	Dismissed on information contained in Schedule.	Dismissed after being remitted.	Refused, not in receipt of Parochial Relief.	Refused as informal or incompetent.	Withdrawn, or stopped by death.	Ground of Complaint removed.	Minute issued declaring that applicant had just cause of action.
1845–46	597	273	97	25	5	...	197	...
1846–47	673	226	126	29	7	7	277	1
1847–48	793	297	114	36	13	7	317	9
1848–49	863	447	111	24	8	12	256	5
1849–50	788	439	97	28	5	3	214	2
1850–51	764	472	72	20	10	3	184	3
1851–52	684	415	66	27	6	5	165	...
1852–53	705	430	101	12	8	14	140	...
1853–54	596	291	109	14	6	5	169	2
1854–55	568	267	114	17	4	7	158	1
1855–56	549	300	77	14	4	5	149	...
1856–57	488	233	95	20	7	2	130	1
1857–58	495	244	106	17	6	7	113	2
1858–59	473	230	112	29	3	3	95	1
1859–60	542	272	108	26	5	3	128	...
1860–61	487	279	69	16	4	2	117	...
1861–62	558	294	95	33	...	2	134	...
1862–63	563	319	79	24	1	5	134	...
1863–64	521	300	96	18	5	...	102	...
1864–65	489	271	89	22	3	...	104	...
1865–66	433	270	48	20	1	2	91	1
1866–67	501	291	85	24	7	3	89	1
1867–68	462	298	69	17	...	2	76	...
1868–69	517	341	90	26	1	...	57	1
TOTAL,	14,109	7,499	2,225	538	119	99	3,596	30

Cost of Relief and Management. App. (B.) Nos. 4 & 5.

The sum expended during the year ended 14th May 1869, for the Relief and Management of the poor (including L.3,951, 16s. 1d. expended on buildings not being authorized Poorhouses, and L.106,139, 2s. 11d. expended on authorized Poorhouse Buildings), has been L.931,274, 19s. 4d. In the preceding year, the expenditure for the same purposes was L.863,202, 8s. 7¾d. There has therefore been an increase in the total expenditure of L.68,072, 10s. 8¼d.

This large increase of L.68,072, 10s. 8¼d. in the total expenditure of the year is, however, when examined in detail, found to be more apparent than real. It includes an increase in

Cost of Relief and Management.

the expenditure on Poorhouse Buildings amounting to L.42,375, 19s. 0¼d., which must be wholly regarded as an investment or expenditure of capital, and a very large portion of which is not truly expenditure applicable to the past year at all, but is merely the amount paid during the year to contractors for work executed, the funds for which are obtained by loans raised upon the security of the rates, and repayable either by annual instalments spread over a period not exceeding thirty years, or to be liquidated in a great measure (as in the cases of the new Poorhouses of St Cuthberts, Edinburgh, and Govan) from sums obtained, or to be obtained, for the sites and buildings of the old Poorhouses. Deducting, therefore, the increased expenditure on Poorhouse Buildings from the total increase as given above, there remains the sum of L.25,696, 11s. 8d., which more nearly represents the actual increase in the expenditure on the poor during the past year.

The total increase in the expenditure under the head of Relief of Registered Poor, amounts to L.26,375, 2s. 5½d.; but the cost of maintaining Pauper Lunatics, as well as of the ordinary poor, is almost wholly included under this head. The maintenance of Lunatics is obviously regulated by considerations in many respects different from those which affect the maintenance of the ordinary poor, and the cost of their maintenance is necessarily less under the control of parochial authorities, and less capable of economy in the expenditure. In endeavouring to estimate, then, the true increase in the cost of the ordinary poor, the increase in the cost of Lunatics, which amounts during the year to L.11,136, 17s. 6¾d., should be deducted. Upon the other hand, there has been an actual decrease during the year in the cost of relief of Casual Poor to the extent of L.3,904, 19s. 7½d. And deducting the increased cost of Lunatics and the diminished cost of Casual Poor from the total increase under the head of Relief of Registered Poor, it is found that the increase in the cost of all ordinary poor (Registered and Casual) during the year, amounts to no more than L.11,333, 5s. 3¼d.

Again, deducting the increase in the expenditure on Poorhouse Buildings and on Pauper Lunatics (together, L.53,512, 16s. 7d.) from the total increase of expenditure under all heads (L.68,072, 10s. 8¼d.), there remains only an increase of L.14,559, 14s. 1¼d. as applicable to the whole maintenance and management of the ordinary poor during the year.

The following Table presents a comparative statement of the sums expended for the Relief and Management of the poor for the last ten years, arranged under the different heads of expenditure, together with the rate per head of the population, calculated for two years on the census of 1851, and for the last eight years on the census of 1861. The rate per cent. on the annual value of real property, as returned in 1843, is also stated.

Cost of Relief and Management.

Period.	EXPENDITURE. Relief of Poor on Roll or Registered.	Relief of Casual Poor.	Medical Relief.	Management.	Law Expenses.	Buildings.	Total.	Rate per Head of Population.	Rate per cent. on the Annual Value of Real Property according to Returns in 1843.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ . d.	£ s. d.	s. d.	£ s. d.
For Year ended 14th May 1860, .	518,546 18 8¾	22,218 8 1½	26,738 14 11	67,048 19 1	8,750 9 2½	19,973 10	663,277 0 5¾	4 7	7 2 3¾
For Year ended 14th May 1861, .	531,233 15 11¼	24,118 12 7¾	26,908 13 6¾	67,717 3 10¾	7,975 9 8¼	25,948 1 4	683,901 17 0¾	4 5½	7 6 8¾
For Year ended 14th May 1862, .	545,862 3 9	27,730 6 11	27,622 13 7	71,275 11 10	8,208 17 10	38,617 11 6	719,317 5 5	4 8¼	7 14 4
For Year ended 14th May 1863, .	563,211 7 7	25,921 13 4½	28,626 12 7¾	77,916 16 3¼	9,170 6 3	31,181 1 4½	736,027 17 6	4 9½	7 17 11
For Year ended 14th May 1864, .	575,584 11 5	26,936 7 6½	30,601 3 9	81,738 2 2½	8,283 13 4½	46,885 16 6	770,029 14 9½	5 0¼	8 5 2½
For Year ended 14th May 1865, .	578,467 19 8½	25,741 3 9	31,399 11 9	84,257 8 5	11,988 1 7	46,419 16 1¼	778,274 1 3¾	5 0¾	8 6 11¾
For Year ended 14th May 1866, .	590,274 6 2½	24,639 4 8	31,687 11 11	85,660 3 11	7,053 13 3	43,812 8 7	783,127 8 6½	5 1¼	8 8 0¼
For Year ended 14th May 1867, .	598,687 0 11	28,007 4 11½	31,587 8 9	90,328 6 10½	8,601 19 11	50,419 9 1½	807,631 5 6½	5 3¼	8 13 3½
For Year ended 14th May 1868, .	633,127 14 10½	29,058 5 3	32,858 7 3	94,452 3 6½	5,986 14 3½	67,719 3 5¼	863,202 8 7¾	5 7½	9 5 2½
For Year ended 14th May 1869, .	659,502 17 4	25,153 5 7½	33,784 5 1	95,626 0 7½	7,117 11 8	110,090 19 0	931,274 19 4	6 0¾	9 19 9¾
Increase	26,375 2 5½	...	925 17 10	1,173 17	1,130 17 4½	42,371 15 6¾	68,072 10 8¼	0 5¼	0 14 7¼
Decrease, ...	...	3,904 19 7½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Average expenditure for last 10 years,	579,449 17 7¾	25,952 9 3¼	30,181 9 9¾	81,602 11 8	8,313 13 8¼	48,106 15 8¾	773,606 17 10¼	5 0¾	8 5 11¾

Cost of Relief and Management.

Although it has been thought desirable, for the purpose of comparison with former years, to show in the preceding Table the rate per cent. on the annual value of real property as returned in 1843, it is right to state that, according to the annual value returned in 1856, the rate per cent. for the last fourteen years would be as follows :—

Year ended 14th May 1856,	L.5	7	6¾
„ „ 1857,	5	8	9
„ „ 1858,	5	9	6¼
„ „ 1859,	5	12	4¼
„ „ 1860,	5	13	4¼
„ „ 1861,	5	16	10¾
„ „ 1862,	6	3	0¼
„ „ 1863,	6	5	9½
„ „ 1864,	6	11	7¼
„ „ 1865,	6	13	0¼
„ „ 1866,	6	13	10¼
„ „ 1867,	6	18	0½
„ „ 1868,	7	7	6½
„ „ 1869,	7	19	2

The rate per cent. of expenditure for 1869 on the annual value of real property, as estimated for 1859, would be L.7, 4s. 6¼d., or L.1, 16s. 11½d. per cent. greater than in 1856, when similar returns were available. But the rate per cent. of expenditure for 1869 on the annual value of real property for that year, as returned by the Inspectors of Poor, is only L.5, 14s. 2¾d.; and is L.1, 10s. 3½d. less than the rate per cent. of expenditure for the same period, calculated on the estimated annual value for 1859, as above stated.

The total sum expended under the heads of Relief to the Poor on the Roll or Registered, and to the Casual Poor, for the last ten years, was—

For the Year ending	Expended on Relief of Registered and Casual Poor.			Increase.			Decrease.			Average Allowance to each Pauper on Roll, or Registered.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
14th May 1860,	540,765	6	10¼	2,261	16	4	...			5	8	3¼
Do. 1861,	555,352	8	7	14,587	1	8¾	...			5	9	1¾
Do. 1862,	573,592	10	8	18,240	2	1	...			5	10	4
Do. 1863,	589,133	0	11½	15,541	10	3½	...			5	12	11
Do. 1864,	602,520	18	11½	13,387	18	0	...			5	13	3
Do. 1865,	604,209	3	5½	1,688	4	6	...			5	16	2½
Do. 1866,	614,913	10	10½	10,704	7	5	...			6	1	5¾
Do. 1867,	626,694	5	10½	11,780	15	0	...			5	18	10
Do. 1868,	662,186	0	1½	35,491	14	3	...			6	1	1½
Do. 1869,	684,656	2	11½	22,470	2	10	...			6	5	1¾
Average for the last ten years,	605,402	6	11¼	14,615	7	2¾	...			5	15	8

There is thus an increase in the average allowance to each pauper on the Roll or Registered, and relieved in the course of the year, of 4s. 0¼d., as compared with the immediately preceding year.

Number of Poor. App. (B.) No. 6.

The following is a statement of the Number of Poor relieved in Scotland for the last ten years:—

NUMBER OF POOR.

YEAR.	Population in 1851 and 1861.	1. Number of Registered Poor relieved during the year ended 14th May.	2. Number of such Poor who died or ceased to receive relief during the year ended 14th May.	3. Number of Registered Poor at 14th May.	4. Number of Casual Poor relieved during the year ended 14th May.	5. Number of Adult Casual Poor relieved on 1st. Jan.	5. Number of Adult Casual Poor relieved on 1st July.	6. Number of Poor refused relief during the year ended 14th May.	7. Number of such Poor relieved under order of Sheriff during the year ended 14th May.	8. Number of Poor removed to England or Ireland or to other Parishes during the year ended 14th May.	9. Number of Insane or Fatuous Poor relieved during the year ended 14th May.	10. Number of Orphans or Deserted Children relieved during the year ended 14th May.
1860	2,888,742	95,761	18,455	77,306	39,302	2,896	2,803	5,139	181	1,176	6,025	7,342
1861	2,888,742	97,340	18,907	78,433	42,848	3,385	2,973	5,204	203	1,090	6,173	7,129
1862	3,062,294	98,922	20,198	78,724	52,221	3,868	3,018	6,346	218	1,979	6,257	6,730
1863	3,062,294	99,695	20,978	78,717	52,068	3,306	3,198	5,888	313	1,721	6,266	6,949
1864	3,062,294	101,636	22,954	78,682	50,186	3,102	2,660	6,038	248	1,939	6,289	6,587
1865	3,062,294	99,556	21,661	77,895	47,227	2,910	2,690	5,329	225	1,744	6,345	6,947
1866	3,062,294	97,166	20,937	76,229	44,093	2,813	2,474	4,894	206	1,413	6,457	6,912
1867	3,062,294	100,756	24,019	76,737	48,519	2,973	3,031	6,003	256	1,244	6,768	7,153
1868	3,062,294	104,511	21,509	80,032	53,831	3,207	2,938	7,359	351	1,606	6,994	7,010
1869	3,062,294	105,384	25,050	80,334	52,141	2,929	2,667	7,609	425	1,607	7,346	7,507
Increase,	...	843	541	302	...	...	...	250	74	1	352	497
Decrease,	...	...	...	...	1,690	278	271	...	...	...	...	...
Average for the last 10 years,		100,075	21,766	78,308	48,243	3,138	2,845	5,980	262	1,551	6,492	7,026

The number of Lunatic Poor relieved in the course of the year was, as stated above, 7,346. Of these, 1,284 died, or were cured, or ceased to receive relief; thus the number at the 14th May was 6,062, being an increase, as compared with the number at the same date last year (5,790), of 272. Of these, 4,556 were in Asylums and Poorhouses, and 1,506 were residing with relatives or other parties in private dwellings. Number of Poor.

The subjoined Table shows the number of Poor and of their Dependants as returned to us for the past ten years:—

	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.
Number of Registered Poor relieved during the year, - - -	95,761	97,340	98,922	99,695	101,636	99,556	97,166	100,756	104,541	105,384
Number of their Dependants, - - -	49,789	51,911	56,329	58,864	59,648	60,792	60,592	63,648	69,205	68,370
Number of Registered Poor who have died or ceased to receive relief during the year, -	18,455	18,907	20,198	20,978	22,954	21,661	20,937	24,019	24,509	25,050
Number of Dependants of such Registered Poor	12,886	12,975	16,035	17,297	17,625	17,293	17,213	19,216	20,261	20,365
Number of Registered Poor at 14th May -	77,306	78,433	78,724	78,717	78,682	77,895	76,229	76,737	80,032	80,334
Number of Dependants of such Registered Poor at 14th May - -	36,903	38,936	40,204	41,567	42,023	43,499	43,379	44,432	48,944	48,005
Number of Casual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the year,	39,302	42,848	52,221	52,068	50,186	47,227	44,093	48,519	53,831	52,141
So classed because of Undetermined Settlements	4,939	5,619	6,832	6,672	6,859	7,308	6,730	6,911	8,458	8,531
Dependants of such, -	4,441	5,298	6,597	7,565	7,062	7,285	7,144	6,680	8,290	8,780
All other Casual Poor, -	34,363	37,229	45,389	45,396	43,327	39,919	37,363	41,608	45,373	43,610
Dependants of such, -	29,166	31,372	39,957	38,099	38,163	36,718	33,217	35,977	39,212	37,986
Number of Poor removed from Parish Voluntarily or by Warrant, - -	1,176	1,090	1,979	1,721	1,939	1,744	1,413	1,244	1,606	1,607
Number of their Dependants, - - -	997	1,017	1,760	1,488	1,826	1,422	1,231	1,020	1,371	1,457

The total number of Casual Poor stated in the above Table as having received relief during the past year is, of course, very

Number of Poor.

largely in excess of the number of such poor who are in receipt of relief at any one time, or who are habitual burdens upon the poor-rates. In the first place, of the Casual Poor and Dependants for 1869, as stated in the above table, 14,783, with 16,225 Dependants, are returned as being also enumerated as Registered Poor, having been transferred during the year from the one roll to the other. In the next place, very many of the persons who are relieved as Casual Poor are of the vagrant or migratory class, and have been relieved and enumerated as Casual Poor in a great many separate parishes during the same year, the relief given on each occasion being in most instances for one night only. A surer test of the actual amount of fluctuating or casual pauperism is to be found in the number of Casual Poor relieved throughout Scotland on one given day. Now, the whole number of Unregistered or Casual Poor relieved on the 14th May 1869 was 3,690, with 4,036 Dependants; the number of Adult Casual Poor relieved on the 1st January 1869 was 2,929, and their children, together with orphans or deserted children, 2,958; and the number of Adult Casual Poor relieved on the 1st July 1869 was 2,667, and of their children and orphans or deserted children, 2,972; or stated thus:—

The total number of persons of all classes and ages receiving relief as Casual Poor on 1st January 1869, was 5,887; on 14th May 1869, 7,726; and on 1st July 1869, 5,639; the average of the three periods being 6,417.

The following Table presents an abstract of the total existing Poorhouse Accommodation, and of the Number of Poor (exclusive of Lunatics) receiving In-door Relief at the dates specified respectively for the past six years:—

YEARS.	Poorhouse Accommodation at 1st July.	No. of Poor receiving In-door Relief at		
		1st January.	14th May.	1st July
1864	12,770	8,073	7,257	7,165
1865	13.398	8,270	7,348	7,344
1866	13,630	8,037	7,070	7,473
1867	13,864	8,890	7,929	8,291
1868	14,194	9,811	8,794	8,798
1869	14,423	9,426	8,346	8,386

Church Collections. App. (B.) No. 7.

The whole sum derived from Church Collections in Assessed Parishes during the year ended 14th May 1869, was L.23,311, 18s. 3d., of which L.10,907, 7s. 10d. is stated to have been expended on relief of the poor. Of this sum, however, L.181, 3s. 10d. were handed over to the Parochial Boards, and expended by them. It would appear, therefore, that the sum of L.10,726, 4s., derived from Church Collections, was actually applied by the Kirk-Sessions to the relief of persons in their respective Parishes who required assistance. But these funds are gene-

rally employed to afford aid to persons who have fallen into temporary difficulties, with a view to prevent them from becoming chargeable to the Parish as paupers; and it is probable that few of the persons so assisted have also been chargeable to the funds raised by assessment. Church Collections.

Returns of legal proceedings under the Statute, in the Sheriff Courts, have again been furnished to us by the courtesy of the Sheriffs-Substitute, and an abstract of them is inserted in the Appendix. Applications to Sheriffs. App. (B.) No. 1.

The total number of applications to Sheriffs, on the ground that relief had been improperly refused, as returned by the Sheriffs-Substitute, was, during the past year, 781; while, in the returns for the preceding year, the number of such applications was 688. These numbers, however, fall short of the actual number of applications, as in several Sheriff Courts no complete record is kept of them. The number of such applications in which Sheriffs felt called upon to grant *interim* orders of relief during the past year was 475; in the preceding year it was 467. The number of applicants admitted to the Roll of Paupers by final order of the Sheriffs during the past year was 171; in the preceding year it was 185. The average annual number of such *interim* orders during the ten preceding years was 374; and of such final orders, 104.

The number of prosecutions under the 79th and 80th sections of the Statute during the past year has been 73, and of convictions 46. In the previous year the number of such prosecutions was 114, and of convictions 62. The average annual number of such prosecutions during the ten preceding years was 102, and of convictions 61.

During the past year we have considered applications under the Public Health Act from eleven Parishes or Districts, to determine, in terms of the 5th section of the Act, the Local Authority within these places respectively. In ten cases we nominated the body which after inquiry appeared to us to be most suitable, and in the remaining case we saw no reason to make any change in the jurisdiction constituted by the Statute. Public Health (Scotland) Act.

Upon application made to us under the 6th section of the Act, we have determined that, for the purposes of the Act, the whole of the Parish of Cathcart shall be held to be situated in the County of Renfrew.

In pursuance of the powers conferred upon us by the 8th section of the Act, we have approved of Bye-laws for regulating the duties of Sanitary Inspectors in three Parishes. We have also, as empowered by the 62nd section, confirmed Rules and Regulations respecting Common Lodging-Houses in 34 Parishes or Districts. We, however, made such alterations as seemed to

Public Health (Scotland) Act.

us to be necessary upon the Bye-laws and Rules and Regulations which were submitted to us, and we only sanctioned them *ad interim*, and under reservation of our power to require the adoption of such other alterations as further experience might from time to time render expedient.

As empowered by section 59, we have approved in one place of the sum payable per night, according to which it is ascertained whether a house or part thereof is a Common Lodging-House, being raised from fourpence to sixpence.

We have approved, in terms of section 24, of sewers being laid down in three districts by the Local Authority, under the powers of that section.

We have also given our consent, in terms of section 44, of Regulations being made in the City of Glasgow, the Burgh of Port-Glasgow, and the Burgh of Leith, for houses or parts of houses let in lodgings or occupied by members of more than one family, such houses or parts of houses not being Common Lodging-Houses in the sense of the Act.

We have been called upon to exercise our powers under the 30th section of the Act upon two occasions, by parties dissatisfied with the resolution of the Local Authority to give their consent to the establishment within burghs of one of the noxious trades enumerated in that section. On each of these occasions we directed our Visiting Officer to make a careful inquiry upon the spot into the circumstances. In one instance we thereafter determined that the consent of the Local Authority ought not to have been given; and in the other, we found that the consent of the Local Authority had not been improperly given.

Application having been made to us by the Local Authority of the City of Aberdeen to grant our authority, in terms of section 74, to a contract for the purpose of utilizing sewage by distribution over land, we were able, after mature consideration, to give our cordial approval to the proposal. As this is, so far as we are aware, the first instance in which a similar utilization of sewage has been effected under the Statute, by any public body in Scotland, and as we are of opinion that the example of Aberdeen might be beneficially followed in many other places, we print in the Appendix the letter which we received upon the subject from the agents for the Local Authority of Aberdeen, together with our reply thereto.

App. (A.) Nos. 5 & 6.

A complaint having been made to us by Mr Robert Mitchell, a tenant-farmer in the Parish of Leslie and County of Fife, regarding the polluted state of the River Leven in that Parish, arising, as it was alleged, from the refuse of manufactories, we transmitted the complaint, for the observations of the Local Authority of Leslie, and in reply we were informed by them that they had agreed, in the first place, to serve a notice upon each of the owners and occupants on the river above the

complainant's premises, to the effect that the complaint had been made to us, that the Local Authority were obliged to take it up, and that the authors of the pollution must take measures for rendering their refuse innoxious within six weeks,—failing which, that an application would be made to the Sheriff. The Local Authority subsequently informed us that they had had a meeting, at which one or two of the millowners and occupiers were present, when it was suggested and agreed to that a general meeting of the owners and occupiers on the Leven should be held. It was at the same time stated that no such meeting had then taken place, and that nothing had been done by way of alterations or improvements, or erections at works, to render the refuse innoxious, but that a meeting of the Local Authority would be held immediately to take the whole subject into consideration. We were afterwards informed that the Local Authority had met and unanimously resolved to take no further steps in the matter,—one reason which weighed with them being, that the pollution was not such as to be prejudicial to the health of those living in the vicinity thereof, in terms of section 83 of the Public Health Act.

Public Health (Scotland) Act.

In these circumstances, the Board thought it their duty—the questions at issue being not only important to the district of the Leven, but to many other places in Scotland—to ascertain the actual state of the facts, by means of a precognition carefully taken upon the spot; and, having obtained such precognition, to lay it, along with all the documents in the case, before eminent consel, for their opinion and advice.

We were advised by counsel—1st, That 'offensiveness' in the 83d section of the Public Health Act is to be construed as distinct from 'injury to health;' and that, in proceedings under that section, it is not necessary, if the pollution is offensive, to prove also that it is prejudicial to the health of those living in the vicinity thereof. 2d, That the manufacturers polluting the River Leven are likewise liable to be prosecuted for penalties under the 27th and 29th sections of the Act, as 'persons who 'wilfully do, or permit to be done, an act whereby the water 'in a stream is fouled.' 3d, That the facts, as disclosed in the precognition obtained by the Board, are sufficient to warrant proceedings, both under the 83d and the 27th and 29th sections of the Act. 4th, That the remedy under the 27th and 29th sections and that under the 83d section, are not alternative but cumulative;—the former imposing penalties for a thing done, and the latter enacting a remedy whereby the continuance of the mischief may be prevented.

With the view to aid the Local Authority in the discharge of their duty, we communicated to them the information we had obtained from counsel, and we suggested that, as we did not observe on the part of the owners and occupiers of mills on the

App. (A.) No. 7.

Public Health (Scotland) Act.

Leven any appearance of a determination not to remedy the mischief, in the manner indicated by the 83d section of the Act, the Local Authority should at all events, in the first instance, endeavour to induce them to execute voluntarily such operations as were likely to remove the grounds of complaint. The Local Authority afterwards stated to us, that in compliance with our suggestion, a meeting of the millowners and occupiers had been held, and that those present expressed themselves to the effect, that they would endeavour to obviate any complaint in future, by taking greater care in discharging refuse into the river, and they trusted thereby that no further complaint would be made.

App. (A.) No. 8.

In the course of this case, we had to consider whether it was our duty to take legal proceedings against either the Local Authority or the persons whose operations caused the pollution of the river, and after a very careful and anxious deliberation, we came to the conclusion that it was not our duty to do so. We were not entitled to assume that the manufacturers were indisposed, or could not be brought to do all that was reasonable and practicable, in order to comply with the provisions of the statute; the provisions of the 96th section of the Act, which empowers any two householders residing within a district to enforce the execution of the Statute, had not been resorted to; and it did not appear that the pollution complained of was of a nature that implied danger to Public Health, and required our immediate interposition.

We thought it advisable to issue written instructions to the General Superintendents of Poor and the Visiting Officer, as to the duties to be discharged by them under the Public Health Act in the course of their visits to Parishes within their respective Districts, and a copy of these instructions will be found in the Appendix.

App. (A.) No. 9.

We have during the past year continued to afford, from time to time, such assistance as it was in our power to give to all Local Authorities who have applied to us for advice or information regarding the execution of the Public Health Act. These applications are still numerous, and appear to evince in many quarters a desire to take advantage of the beneficial provisions of the Statute.

We have called for returns from all Local Authorities of their receipts and expenditure under the Act, from 15th May 1868 to 14th May 1869, and we print an abstract of these returns in the Appendix. It appears that the number of Parishes in which money has been received or expended under the Act is 357, the number last year being 370. The total receipts in these Parishes amount to L.13,743, 10s. 2d.; of which the sum of L.9,303, 9s. 1d. was derived from assessment, L.69, 14s. 5d. from penalties, L.278, 17s. 5d. from authors of nuisances, and L.4,091, 9s. 3d. from other sources. The total expenditure

App. (B.) No. 12.

Public Health (Scotland) Act.

amounts to L.19,149, 1s. 9d.; of which the sum of L.6,059, 16s. 4d. has been expended on drainage, L.5,345, 14s. 11½d. on water supply, L.1,658, 19s. 3¼d. on removal of nuisances, and L.6,084, 11s. 2¼d. on other purposes, including salaries. The sums stated above do not, however, represent the whole receipts and expenditure in Scotland in relation to sanitary purposes. In many places important sanitary operations have been carried on, especially for drainage, water supply, and removal of nuisances, under the provisions either of Local Acts or of the General Police Acts, and none of these operations are embraced in the returns under the Public Health Act. We have again to state that the only county in Scotland in which there appears to have been no receipts or expenditure under the Act is Nairn.

The following Table presents a comparative statement of the receipts and expenditure under the Public Health Act, for the period from the passing of the Act (15th August 1867) to the 14th May 1868, and for the year ended 14th May 1869, arranged under the different heads of Receipt and Expenditure:—

	RECEIPTS FROM				
	Assessments.	Penalties.	Authors of Nuisances, &c.	Other sources.	Total.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
For period from passing of Public Health Act (15th August 1867) to 14th May 1868 . . .	10,844 14 11	4 4 8	195 3 9	1,666 8 9	12,710 7 1
For the Year ended 14th May 1869	9,303 9 1	69 14 5	278 17 5	4,091 9 3	13,743 10 2
Increase	...	65 9 9	83 13 8	2,425 5 6	1,033 3 1
Decrease	1,541 5 10	...	...	...	...

	EXPENDITURE ON				
	Drainage.	Water Supply.	Removal of Nuisances.	Other purposes, including Salaries, &c.	Total.
	£ s. d.	£ s d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
For period from passing of Public Health Act (15th August 1867) to 14th May 1868 . . .	2,186 16 4	494 12 10	4,272 11 4	4,837 12 0	11,791 12 6
For the Year ended 14th May 1869	6,059 16 4	5,345 14 11½	1,658 19 3¼	6,084 11 2¼	19,149 1 9
Increase	3,873 0 0	4,851 2 1½	...	1,246 19 2¼	7,357 9 3
Decrease	...	...	2,613 12 0¾	...	...

Vaccination Act.

We have continued to discharge the functions devolved upon us in relation to the duties of Parochial Boards and Vaccinators, under the Statute 26 & 27 Vict. c. 108, 'to extend and make 'compulsory the practice of Vaccination in Scotland.'

During the past year application was made to us to frame a modification of section 8 of the Act for the Parish of Sleat, under the powers conferred upon us by section 12, but we came to the conclusion that it was our duty to decline to modify the provisions of the Statute in that Parish.

Since the passing of the Act in 1863, we have framed modifications of the 8th and 9th sections of the Act, or of one or other of these sections, for 43 Parishes. Of these Parishes, 10 are in Shetland, 11 in Orkney, 3 in the County of Sutherland, 7 in the County of Ross, 7 in the County of Inverness, 4 in the County of Argyll, and 1 in the County of Bute.

App. (B.) No. 13.

We print in the Appendix Abstracts of Returns from all Parishes in Scotland, which have been made in compliance with our Regulations, by the Vaccinators appointed under the Vaccination Act, for the half-years ended 31st December 1868 and 30th June 1869. These returns show the number of persons vaccinated successfully and unsuccessfully during the half-year, the number of cases in which certificates of insusceptibility have been granted, and the number of persons vaccinated who were not in receipt of parochial relief. They relate exclusively to vaccinations performed by the Vaccinators in their official capacity, *i.e.* cases of paupers and the children of paupers, and of those persons not paupers whom the Parochial Board have authorized the Vaccinator to vaccinate; and they do not include vaccinations performed by the Vaccinators, or other medical practitioners, in the course of their private practice.

App. (B.) No. 14.

We also print in the Appendix an Abstract of Returns made by the Inspectors of the Poor from every Parish in Scotland, of defaulters under the 18th section of the Vaccination Act, as required by our Regulations, for the year ended 30th June 1869. That abstract shows the number of persons vaccinated in terms of the section referred to, the number of prosecutions for penalties under the 25th section of the Act, and the number of such prosecutions in which penalties have been adjudged.

Supply of Vaccine Lymph.

The operation of the Central Institution for the collection and redistribution of Vaccine Lymph in Scotland, during the past

year, has continued to be entirely satisfactory. We print in the Appendix the Report for the past year by Dr Husband, Superintendent of the Institution. Supply of Vaccine Lymph. App. (A.) No. 10.

We have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient humble Servants,

W. S. WALKER.
W. GIBSON-CRAIG.
PATRICK FRASER,
W. CHAMBERS.
WM SMYTHE.
JOHN TAIT.
JAMES LUMSDEN.
G. YOUNG.
A. MONCRIEFF.

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APPENDIX (A.)

DOCUMENTS ISSUED AND RECEIVED BY THE BOARD OF SUPERVISION.

No. 1.—Circular as to Relief to Vagrant Poor.

Board of Supervision, Edinburgh, 17*th March* 1869.

Sir,—I am directed by the Board of Supervision to state, that they have had under their consideration a letter, dated the 16th February 1869, of which the following is a copy:—

'*Cumbernauld, February* 16, 1869.

'Sir,—May I use the freedom to solicit your counsel under the following emergency.

'This town is inundated every night with a crowd of beggars, tramps, packmen, etc., who get a bed, and often a supper, off the poor's funds. On Friday last, for example, I understand there were 11 thus relieved. It is notorious they wait about Denny or Loanhead to arrive here at night, and that they sometimes sell the tickets given by the Inspector for whisky. Gross impostures are occasionally practised on the Inspector, such as simulating pregnancy, hushing a little dog for a baby, etc. The class I allude to are all hardy people, travelling along; and numbers of them, declared by the Medical Officer to be able-bodied, are nevertheless relieved. That item of expenditure last year amounted to £21, 12s. 8d; and the Inspector recently stated that he had no doubt it would be doubled next year.

'As the Chairman of the City of Glasgow Board was lately reported to say, that no vagrant had a legal claim for relief until after a night's residence in a parish, and it fell for an Inspector to relieve only, if required, in the morning, I am anxious, for the information of the Managing Committee, to ask—

'1. Has a *stout vagrant* arriving *at night* any claim for immediate relief or lodging?

'2. Should stout vagrants, *obviously under no ailments*, be relieved *in the morning*?—I am, etc.,

(Signed) 'Thomas Clement Waddell.'

'*To the Secretary of the Board of Supervision.*'

The Board have reason to believe that a considerable number of Parochial Boards and Inspectors of Poor encounter similar difficulties in dealing with

applications for relief by vagrants, and they think that it may be serviceable to parochial authorities generally to possess a distinct statement, both of what the law requires and of what it permits in such cases.

In the first place, it must be remembered that no applicant who is 'able-bodied' is entitled to parochial relief in Scotland; and that the House of Lords has decided that no assistance can be legally given to 'able-bodied' persons out of the funds raised for the relief of the poor.

In the second place, it should be observed that the Act 8 & 9 Vict. c. 83 (§ 70), draws no distinction between different classes of applications for relief, but lays down the same rules for dealing with all applicants, whether they are residents in the parish or are of the vagrant class.

Keeping these two leading principles in view, it follows, *first*, that a vagrant is not entitled to parochial relief, merely because he is in want of a night's lodging or food; and, *secondly*, that upon application for relief being made, the Inspector is not bound, if doubtful of the applicant's claim, to return an answer to it sooner than within twenty-four hours.

If the applicant be an adult male (or an adult female without children), who does not allege any disability, the Inspector can have no difficulty in at once refusing the application. If sickness or other disability be alleged, the Inspector should always cause the applicant to be examined by the Medical Officer, whenever it seems to him to be necessary, before relief is afforded.

Inspectors may do much to repress improper applications for relief, by applying these statutory rules with firmness. At the same time, they must be careful to do so with discretion and good sense; and they must be guided by circumstances in dealing with those special and exceptional cases in which a refusal or delay of relief would involve risk to life or health.

If the applicant be a woman with children, or a person of tender years, inquiries as to disability are of course unnecessary, as such applicants, if destitute, are legally entitled to relief.

But in no case of the vagrant class should relief ever be given in money, or in any shape convertible into money, if it be possible to avoid it. Where a poorhouse is available, admission to it is always the safest and most expedient mode of relief. If a poorhouse is not available, and applications of the vagrant class are sufficiently numerous to require a special arrangement, the Parochial Board would do well to provide a house of two or more apartments, in which the Inspector might offer to those applicants whom he considers entitled to relief, a night's lodging, along with a plain meal, consisting of say 4 oz. of oatmeal made into brose or porridge for each person, which could be prepared by the person in charge of the house. The too common practice of giving to every vagrant applicant a ticket to a private lodging-house is highly objectionable, even when the applicant is entitled to relief, and is nearly as objectionable as that of giving a sum of money to each.

There are two regulations which may be usefully enforced in houses provided for the accommodation of vagrants. Every person admitted may be required to submit to be cleansed in a hot bath. This regulation would operate to some extent as a test. And, in order to assist in the detection of attempted imposture, every person admitted may be required to permit his or her clothing and bundle (if any) to be searched. Acquiescence in these regulations may be made a condition of admission.

Further, a written statement of the particulars of application should, in every case, be taken down in writing, and entered in the Record of Applications. (See Instruction 13 attached to Record of Applications.)

It is well known that imposition is frequently and in various ways practised by applicants. Sometimes illness is feigned; at other times destitution is pretended, although the applicants are possessed of money which they conceal; women or children are frequently sent forward to make application, and represent themselves as single or deserted, as the case may be, while the

husband or father is at hand and keeps out of sight merely for the purpose of strengthening the application.

Every such or any other instance of detected imposition should be reported to the police, with a view to prosecution.

If such arrangements as these are firmly and judiciously carried through, the Board have no doubt that the number of applications by vagrants will be very soon reduced to their proper limits,—*i.e.* to those in which the applicants either have a legal right to relief, or a *prima facie* case for inquiry.

It is feared that many Inspectors give relief to vagrants much too easily. The Board have to remind Inspectors that indiscriminate relief without inquiry is not only prejudicial in its effects upon the recipients, and unjust towards the ratepayers, but absolutely illegal.

The Board, in conclusion, recommend that at each periodical meeting of the Parochial Board or its Committee, the Record of Applications and the payments on account of casual poor should be carefully examined, and the Inspector called upon to explain the manner in which the several applications for relief, since the previous meeting, were dealt with.

You will submit this letter to the Parochial Board at its next meeting.—I am, sir, your obedient servant,

JOHN SKELTON, *Secretary.*

The Inspector of Poor.

No. 2.—Letter of the Chief Constable of Ayrshire on the subject of Vagrant Poor.

Chief Constable's Office, Ayr, 15*th July* 1869.

Sir,—I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of yesterday's date, enclosing, by direction of the Board of Supervision, a copy of a circular letter respecting parochial relief to vagrant poor, which the Board had communicated to Inspectors of Poor and Parochial Boards, and in reply I have to acquaint you that I shall be happy to distribute to the constabulary of this county the copies of the said circular, which your Board is pleased to offer to furnish. For that purpose 100 copies will be sufficient.

I trust it may not be deemed out of place in me to take this opportunity of stating to your Board, that in Ayrshire vagrancy is an enormous and increasing evil. The Board is probably in possession of the statistics of vagrancy in the counties of Scotland, appended to the Annual Reports of Her Majesty's Inspector of Constabulary, according to the enumeration made by the county constabulary. It is thus shown that the number in Ayrshire is higher than in any other county. Ayrshire suffers, in this respect, from the regular transit of habitual 'tramps' between Scotland and England, and from the influx of Irish vagrants, as well as from the more general migrations of what may be called *native vagrants*, who swarm out of the large towns in spring and return in autumn. The numbers in the police returns are not strictly accurate, inasmuch as there is unavoidably some repetition of entries in different weekly reports; but in this county the returns made by constables are nominal, and the annual summary is made upon a careful examination, in which all repetitions that can be discovered are struck out. I have no hesitation, however, in assuring your Board that every road in Ayrshire is regularly traversed by a multitude of habitual tramps, comprising every description of beggar, impostor, and vagabond, and that the proportion of honestly destitute persons seen by the police is very small indeed. Charitable persons are thus exposed to imposition in endless forms, and they are thus hardened against the deserving poor. The lodging-houses of tramps in towns and villages are too often the scenes of their shameless dissipation.

Men and women live in gross immorality. Children are reared in vice and misery. Crime is spread throughout the country by an evil organization, the working of which is too little known.

These evils the police in counties are at present utterly unable to check, for want of a Vagrancy Act capable of being put in force (which the old Scotch Statutes are not). Various Statutes for the regulation of the police of towns in Scotland contain some of the provisions required in counties. More effectual provisions are contained in the English Vagrancy Act; and as I have had considerable experience of the enforcement of that Act by the county police in England, I have been the more ready to observe, during the last eleven years in this county, the comparative inefficiency of the police—for want of power—for the suppression of even the worst features of vagrancy in Scotland. The same experience leads me to maintain, that the non-existence of a legal provision for the relief of the able-bodied poor, ought not to be a great obstacle to the enactment of a law against habitual mendicancy, imposition, and fraudulent devices, the provisions of which need not, and certainly ought not to injure, but rather to benefit, the honest wandering poor.

I take leave to add that I expect to see good results from the circular of your Board. I am fully aware, from the reports of the police, who are much in communication with and often called to the aid of the Inspectors of Poor, that these officers experience great difficulties in dealing with the applications of vagrants, who not only practise a variety of impositions, some of the most common of which are noticed in the circular, but who often resort to intimidation. It is very clearly shown by special reports made to me on the subject of vagrancy, that the effect of these and other practices depends greatly upon the disposition of the Inspector; and it is equally evident from these reports, that relief given to vagrants in money is almost invariably spent in drink, and that orders for lodgings and food in common lodging-houses are also frequently abused.—I have the honour to be, sir, your obedient servant,

J. YOUNG,
Chief Constable of Ayrshire.

The Secretary to the Board of Supervision, Edinburgh.

No. 3.—Circular requiring a Return in terms of the 53d Section of the Act 8 & 9 Vict. c. 83, of Funds which have become vested in the Parochial Board.

Board of Supervision, Edinburgh, 17th December 1868.

Sir,—I am directed by the Board of Supervision to require a return to be made to them in the enclosed form, in terms of the 53d section of the Act 8 & 9 Vict. c. 83.

The return should be made on the 1st of January next, or at latest within fifteen days thereafter.

The certificate appended to it is to be signed either by the Chairman of the Parochial Board or by the Law Agent of the Parochial Board.—I am, sir, your obedient servant,

JOHN SKELTON, *Secretary.*

FORM OF RETURN, IN TERMS OF SECTION 53 OF 8 & 9 VICT. C. 83, OF ALL AND EVERY SUM OR SUMS OF MONEY OR OTHER FUNDS WHICH HAVE BEEN GIVEN, MORTIFIED, OR BEQUEATHED, FOR THE USE OF THE POOR, AND HAVE BECOME VESTED IN THE PAROCHIAL BOARD.

Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.	Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
(1)								
(2)								
(3)								

*Parish of*________________ (Signed)____________________ *Inspector.*

January 1869.

I certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the foregoing Return is correct.

(Signed)____________________ *Chairman of Parochial Board,* *or* *Law Agent of Parochial Board.*

No. 4.—Circular regarding the Classification of Lands and Heritages for purposes of Assessment.

Board of Supervision, Edinburgh, 10th December 1868.

Sir,—I am directed by the Board of Supervision to transmit, for the information of the Parochial Board, the following explanatory remarks upon the subject of classification of lands and heritages for purposes of assessment.

By the 36th section of the Poor Law Amendment Act, 8 & 9 Vict. c. 83, Parochial Boards are empowered to classify lands and heritages, with the sanction of the Board of Supervision, for the purpose of assessment. The enactment is in the following terms:—

'That where the one-half of any assessment is imposed on the owners, 'and the other half on the tenants or occupants of lands and heritages, it 'shall be lawful for the Parochial Board, with the concurrence of the Board 'of Supervision, to determine and direct that the lands and heritages may 'be distinguished into two or more separate classes, according to the pur-'poses for which such lands are used and occupied, and to fix such rate of 'assessment upon the tenants or occupants of each class respectively, as to 'such Boards may seem just and equitable.'

In virtue of this enactment, a system of classification is now in operation in 172 parishes in Scotland. As the principle upon which classification rests comes to be better understood, it is gradually making its way in those parishes where the adoption of the system is 'just and equitable.'

The Board have endeavoured, in considering the proposals from time to time submitted to them by Parochial Boards, to adjust such a scheme of classification as seemed, upon fair and equitable grounds, to be suitable to the case before them, and they have frequently explained, both by correspondence and by personal interviews with deputations, the reasons which have guided their determinations upon this subject.

The system has now been in operation for twenty-three years, and the Board have frequently before them applications from parishes in which classification is proposed to be adopted for the first time, and also applications for such changes of the mode of classification as experience has shown to be necessary or expedient.

It may be proper, therefore, with a view to the future action of Parochial Boards in this matter, that the Board should, in the present form, state generally the principles upon which they have proceeded in disposing of proposed schemes of classification.

Assessment for the relief of the poor was originally established on the equitable principle, that every one should contribute in proportion to his income, and that principle has never been abandoned. But as trade and commerce have extended, and social relations have become more complicated, it has been found difficult to ascertain the amount of each man's income, and the inquisition required to effect that object was unpopular. Attempts were therefore made to devise the means of maintaining the principle, without the necessity of having recourse to an inquisition into each man's affairs. It was assumed that, as a general rule, men occupied dwelling-houses at rents proportioned to their income, and that an assessment on the annual value of houses would therefore be approximately an assessment proportioned to their means. A man whose dwelling-house was of the annual value of £100, would thus be required to contribute ten times as much as the man who lived in a house worth only £10 a year. It was found, however, that this rough-and-ready measure of men's means was very imperfect, and that where 'lands and heritages' were occupied for different purposes, the income of the occupant varied with reference to the purposes for which the 'lands and heritages' were occupied. A farmer who paid £100 a year for his farm could not be supposed to have an income equal to that of a man who paid

a rent of £100 a year for his dwelling-house; and if the principle that every one should be required to contribute in proportion to his income was not to be lost sight of, it was obviously necessary that facilities should be afforded for imposing different rates with reference to the different amounts of means represented by the different kinds of occupancies. Accordingly, in the Act of 1845 it was provided (sect. 36), that it should be lawful to distinguish lands and heritages into two or more separate classes, according to the purposes for which such lands are used and occupied, and to fix such rate of assessment upon the tenants and occupants of each class respectively as may seem just and equitable. It was thus made lawful to vary the rate with reference to the presumed income of the different classes of occupants. The Act of 1861, which abolished direct assessment on means and substance, has given increased importance to the equitable exercise of this power of classification.

Occasions for the exercise of the power arise chiefly in the case of parishes partly urban and partly rural, and of rural parishes containing villages inhabited by a manufacturing population.

Let it be supposed that in such a case the rate is to be assessed upon tenants and occupants of dwelling-houses, of tenements occupied as shops or for manufacturing purposes, and of lands occupied as purely agricultural subjects; then the Board have frequently approved of a classification assessing the occupants of dwelling-houses at a full rate, or say 1s. in the pound of their rental, the occupants of agricultural subjects at one-fourth of the full rate, or 3d. per pound, and the occupants of shops or manufacturing premises at a half of the full rate, or at some intermediate rate.

This has occasionally been complained of as unjust to the occupants of dwelling-houses, particularly where they happen to be working men whose income consists of the wages of their labour, and who, by the supposed classification, are apparently more heavily burdened than the tenants of agricultural subjects.

It is easy to see, however, that the reverse is the case. Thus a farmer paying £100 a year of rent in Scotland is held by the Legislature, under the Income Tax Acts, to have a taxable income of only £33, 6s. 8d., equal to one-third of his rent, yet at 3d. in the pound he has to pay 25s. of poor-rates, while the working man with an income of £39, living in a house the rent of which is probably not more than £5 per annum, and assessed at 1s. in the pound, pays only 5s. per annum of poor-rates. The farmer, even if we suppose his income to be equal to that of the working man, would be paying five times as large an amount of poor-rates. Or, take the case of a farmer paying a rent of £300 a year, whose income is held to be equal to one-third of his rent, or £100 a year,—that is, a fraction less than three times the income of a working man earning 13s. a week and living in a house at a rent of £5 per annum; the farmer, assessed at 3d. in the pound, would pay £3, 15s. of poor-rates, while the working man, assessed at 1s. in the pound, would pay only 5s. The farmer, with three times the amount of income, would pay fifteen times the amount of poor-rates. Even if it were supposed that the farmer's income were equal to his whole rent, or £300 a year, which would be absurd, that income would only be nine times as great as the working man's at 13s. a week and occupying a house at a rent of £5; yet the farmer, assessed at 3d. in the pound, would pay, not nine times but fifteen times the amount of poor-rates which the working man, assessed at 1s. in the pound, would be required to pay.

It is thus apparent that if there be any error in the supposed classification, it is an error against agricultural tenants rather than against the occupants of dwelling-houses; and indeed it may be said that the illustration given above proves too much, and shows that the proportion of the full rate which it lays upon the agricultural tenant, instead of being too small, is much too large.

There are other considerations, however, which may be fairly taken into view, and which seem to go far towards redressing any inequity arising from the disproportion. The income of the working man is more precarious than that of the agricultural tenant. It may be assumed also, in general, to be of smaller amount, and taxation of every kind presses more heavily upon the recipient of the smaller income. Some favour may therefore be shown to him in the adjustment of the classification, and the Board, consequently, have not insisted upon following out rigorously the exact proportion between the probable means of the party assessed and the rate of assessment. That proportion, however, is the principle of the system, and therefore, must be kept in view, subject to the modifications which have been suggested, in dealing with every scheme of classification.

Acting on these principles, the Board have approved of classifications whereby the tenants of dwelling-houses are made to pay the full rate assessed; tenants of shops, manufactories, railways, mines, and quarries, a less rate, but generally two-thirds of the rate paid on dwelling-houses; and tenants of agricultural subjects a fourth or a fifth (according to circumstances) of the rate paid on dwelling-houses. These exact proportions, however, are not held to be inflexible in every case that comes before the Board, and are now stated only as illustrations of the general principles which regulate the Board's decisions.

The Board may, in conclusion, remind the Parochial Board, that in framing a scheme of classification under the 36th section of the Statute, they should bear in mind that it is a totally different thing from, and quite irrespective of, the provisions of the 37th section relating to 'Deductions.' Whether classification is adopted in a parish or not, the rates can only be imposed upon net annual value, as ascertained by making the deductions from gross rental required by section 37.—I am, sir, your obedient servant,

JOHN SKELTON, *Secretary.*

To the Inspector of Poor.

No. 5.—Letter of Messrs Milne & Walker, Agents for the Local Authority, Aberdeen.

129 *Union Street, Aberdeen, 22d April* 1869.

Sir,—The Commissioners of Police of the city of Aberdeen have the control of the drainage and cleaning thereof, in virtue of 'The Aberdeen Police and Waterworks Act, 1862,' 'The General Police and Improvement (Scotland) Supplemental Act, 1866,' and Provisional Order thereby confirmed, and 'The Aberdeen Police and Waterworks Amendment Act, 1867,' copies of which Acts we beg herewith to send you by book post.

The Commissioners are also, within their jurisdiction, the Local Authority under the 'Public Health (Scotland) Act, 1867.'

The Commissioners have lately constructed works for the drainage of the city. At present the sewage is discharged into the Navigation Channel at the mouth of the River Dee. But the system of sewers has been so laid out, as to enable the Commissioners, by gravitation, to supply with sewage a portion of the land in the neighbourhood of the town. The land immediately adjoining the police territory, at the termination of the sewer by which the sewage for land irrigation can be supplied, is situate at the Spital on the north side of the town, and belongs to Colonel Henry Knight Erskine of Pittodrie and Spital. That gentleman proposes to make the first experiment in this neighbourhood of irrigating land by town sewage, and he is to be at the expense of laying out his ground for that purpose. The Commissioners and he are ready to enter into a contract for a supply, by the Commissioners, to him of city sewage for a period of nineteen years, on the terms mentioned in the proposed stamped contract, which is herewith

sent by book post, and which is accompanied by the plan therein referred to.

The extent of Colonel Knight Erskine's lands, described in the contract, will enable him to take and use only a portion of the city sewage. By far the greater portion will remain at the disposal of the Commissioners. They expect that, if Colonel Knight Erskine's experiment succeeds, other proprietors will wish to be supplied with sewage. They also contemplate themselves acquiring land for the purpose of utilizing it. In the meantime, seeing that Colonel Knight Erskine is to take all the risk and be at all the expense of making the first experiment, the Commissioners think it their duty to contract with him at a less rate than they hope to receive from other parties hereafter taking a supply, or than they themselves will ultimately be able to realize from it.

By the Statutes above mentioned under which the Commissioners act, there is no special authority conferred upon them to enter into such a contract as that now proposed with Colonel Knight Erskine; but under section 74 of 'The Public Health (Scotland) Act,' they are entitled to do so with the authority of the Board of Supervision. On behalf of the Commissioners, we now beg leave to request that the Board will grant that authority.

If the Board is pleased to do so, we presume a proper mode of signifying their authority will be by a docquet endorsed upon the stamped contract, previous to its being executed by the parties.

We shall be glad to give you any further information or explanation which you may require. Mr Thomas Strong, W.S., acts for Colonel Knight Erskine. We have no doubt he will readily do the same.—We are, sir, your very obedient servants,

(Signed) MILNE AND WALKER.

John Skelton, Esq., Secretary, Board of Supervision,
125 *George Street, Edinburgh.*

No. 6.—Reply to Agents for Local Authority, Aberdeen.

Board of Supervision, Edinburgh, 22*d May* 1869.

Gentlemen,—With reference to your letter dated 22d April, which I have submitted to the Board of Supervision, I have to intimate to you that the Board have approved of and authorized the agreement between the Commissioners of Police of the city of Aberdeen and Henry Knight Erskine of Pittodrie and Spital, for the supply of sewage to the lands of the said Henry Knight Erskine, Esquire, as particularly set forth in the deed of agreement submitted to the Board.

When the agreement (which is enclosed herewith) has been duly signed by the contracting parties, you had better return it to me for the purpose of having the approval of the Board endorsed upon it.—I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

(Signed) JOHN SKELTON, *Secretary.*

Messrs Milne and Walker, 129 *Union Street, Aberdeen.*

No. 7.—Letter from Board of Supervision to Thomas Fotheringham, Esq., Clerk to Police Commissioners of Leslie (Fifeshire).

Board of Supervision, Edinburgh, 11*th June* 1869.

Sir,—With reference to your letters dated the 18th November 1868 and 28th January and 2d February 1869, respecting the complaint by Mr Robert Mitchell as to the polluted state of the River Leven, I am directed by the Board of Supervision to inform you that they have now given the whole subject their most anxious and careful consideration.

In your letter dated the 18th November 1868, you informed the Board that 'the Commissioners have agreed, in the first place, to send and serve a notice on each of the owners and occupants on the River Leven until it reaches Mr Mitchell's, the complainer's, territory, to the effect that the complaint has been made to you, and that we, the Local Authority, are obliged to take it up, and that they must have their premises all in order for rendering innocuous what goes into the river, and to have this attended to within six weeks, failing which, an application to the Sheriff would be made.'

Of date 28th January 1869, you reported 'that the present state of the question is as follows:—A fortnight ago we had a meeting at which one or two of the millowners and occupiers were present, when it was suggested and agreed to, that a general meeting of the owners and occupiers on the Leven should be held. I believe no such meeting has yet taken place, and nothing has been done by way of alterations, or improvements, or erections at works to render refuse innoxious; and a meeting of the Commissioners will be called for Monday first, to take the whole subject into consideration.'

And, on the 2d February, you stated that on the previous evening the Local Authority had 'unanimously resolved to take no further steps in the matter. One reason which weighed with the meeting was, that the pollution was such as was not prejudicial to the health of those living in the vicinity thereof, in terms of section 83, Public Health Act.'

The Board thereupon thought it desirable, in the first instance, to ascertain the actual state of the facts as to the alleged pollution of the Leven, by means of a precognition carefully taken upon the spot; and, having obtained such precognition, they laid it, along with all the documents in the case, before eminent counsel, for their opinion and advice.

The Board are now advised by counsel:—1st, That 'offensiveness' in the 83d section of the Public Health Act, is to be construed as distinct from 'injury to health;' and that, in proceedings under that section, it is not necessary, if the pollution is offensive, to prove also that it is prejudicial to the health of those living in the vicinity thereof. 2d, That the manufacturers polluting the River Leven are likewise liable to be prosecuted for penalties, under the 27th and 29th sections of the Act, as 'persons who 'wilfully do, or permit to be done, an act whereby the water in streams is 'fouled.' 3d, That the facts, as disclosed in the precognition obtained by the Board, are sufficient to warrant proceedings both under the 83d and the 27th and 29th sections of the Act. 4th, That the remedy under the 27th and 29th sections and that under the 83d section are not alternative but cumulative;—the former impose penalties for a thing done, and the latter enacts a remedy whereby the continuance of the mischief may be prevented.

In these circumstances, the Board are desirous to aid the Local Authority by conveying to them the information which they have thus obtained, and I have to request that you will lay this communication before the Local Authority for their consideration.

In your letter of the 2d February, you state that 'one reason' which weighed with the Local Authority in departing from their resolution of 18th November 1868, was the legal construction which they put upon the terms of the 83d section. That reason has been considered and replied to by counsel as above stated; and if there should be any other reasons for not taking proceedings, regarding which the Local Authority desire the assistance of the Board, I am to state that the Board will be glad to receive and consider them.

The Board do not observe, on the part of the owners and occupiers of mills on the Leven, the refuse of whose works causes the pollution of the stream, any appearance of a determination not to remedy the mischief in the manner indicated by the 83d section; and the Board would suggest to the Local Authority, that at all events, in the first instance, they should com-

municate with the owners and occupiers in a conciliatory spirit, with a view to induce them to execute voluntarily such operations as are likely to remove the grounds of complaint.

The Board cannot assume that the manufacturers are indisposed to do all that is reasonable and practicable, in order to comply with the provisions of the Statute.—I am, sir, your obedient servant,

(Signed) JOHN SKELTON, *Secretary.*

Thomas Fotheringham, Esq.,
Clerk to the Police Commissioners of Leslie.

No. 8.—Letter from Mr Fotheringham, Clerk to Police Commissioners, Leslie (Fifeshire).

Office of Commissioners of Police, Leslie, 22d June 1869.

Pollution of River Leven.

Sir,—I duly received your communication of date the 11th inst., embodying opinion of counsel as to the alleged pollution of the river. The same was laid before this Local Authority on the 14th inst., and considered. The precognition taken and memorial to counsel not being before them, they could not express an opinion. However, in terms of the suggestion made by you, I have to report that a meeting was called, and held yesterday evening, of the millowners and occcupiers located above the complainer's territory. Those present expressed themselves to the effect that they would endeavour to obviate any complaint in future, by taking greater care in discharging refuse into the river, and trusted thereby that no further complaint would be made.—I have the honour to be, sir, your most obedient servant,

THOMAS FOTHERINGHAM,
Clerk to Commissioners.

John Skelton, Esq., Secretary, Board of Supervision, Edinburgh.

No. 9.—Instructional Letter to the General Superintendents of Poor and the Visiting Officer, as to duties under the Public Health Act, with Dr Stark's Table and Notes.

Board of Supervision, Edinburgh, 31st May 1869.

Sir,—As the season of the year most suitable for active sanitary operations is approaching, I am directed by the Board to explain to you generally the nature of the duties which you are required to discharge within your district, in connection with the provisions of the Public Health (Scotland) Act, 1867.

The Board do not wish you, at present, to make such regular and minute inspections of your district with reference to its sanitary condition, as would seriously interfere with your ordinary duties as General Superintendent of Poor. But when you visit a parish in the course of your duties as a Poor Law officer, you will take the opportunity of inquiring how far the enactments of the Public Health Act are complied with, and whenever you find any failure on the part of the Local Authority, you will report the same to the Board.

You will keep in view that some of the enactments of the Statute are merely permissive and enabling, while others are obligatory and absolute.

In the case of the former, you will inquire as to the grounds upon which the Local Authority have put the statutory provisions into force, or (as the case may be) have resolved upon leaving them inoperative, and you will report as to whether the Local Authority appear to you to have exercised a sound discretion or not.

It is, of course, in towns and villages that the active operation of the Statute is of the greatest importance, and your observation will be chiefly directed to those parishes which contain any such.

Through the courtesy of the Registrar-General, the Board have received a valuable and interesting table, with explanatory notes, drawn up by Dr Stark, superintendent of the statistical department in the General Registry Office, showing the per-centage of deaths to the population in all the populous districts of Scotland during the ten years 1856–1865, and I am directed to transmit a copy for your information and guidance.

But you will understand that the Board do not expect that the whole of the provisions of the Public Health Act can be immediately and simultaneously put in force in all places. Many Local Authorities have already shown a commendable desire to improve the sanitary condition of their districts, by a prompt and voluntary use of the machinery which the Act provides; and it is upon the spontaneous action of the Local Authorities, aided or stimulated, as may be required from time to time, by information, advice, or remonstrance, that the Board are disposed mainly to rely for a successful execution of the Act, and a general improvement in the public health.

In addition to your ordinary inquiries and reports, the Board will, from time to time, call upon you to institute special investigations for their information upon any matters requiring such a step, and in these cases you will receive such further instructions as may be requisite.

It is the desire of the Board that, in all your proceedings under the Public Health Act, you should keep in view, and as closely as may be carry out, the general principles upon which you have been instructed to discharge your duties as an officer under the Poor Law.

I also transmit, for your information, a list of the various Local Authorities under the Act in Scotland, showing those parishes and districts in which sanitary inspectors and medical officers have been appointed, in terms of section 8 of the Act; those in which the powers conferred by the Act for the regulation of Lodging-Houses, either under section 44 or section 62, have been resorted to; and those in which the sum payable per night, according to which it is ascertained whether a house or part thereof is a common Lodging-House, has been raised or diminished by virtue of section 59.—I am, sir, your obedient servant,

(Signed) JOHN SKELTON, *Secretary.*

TABLE.

TABLE prepared by Dr Stark, Superintendent of Statistical Department, General Registry of Births, Deaths, and Marriages, Scotland, showing the Per-centage of Deaths to the Population in all the populous Districts of SCOTLAND, during the Ten Years 1856–1865.

DISTRICTS.	Population, 1861.	Per-cent. of Deaths.
1. Shetland.		
Sandwick & Cunningsburgh	2337	1·44
Lerwick	3631	1·74
Mid and South Yell	1784	1·45
North Mavine	2585	1·49
Unst	3060	1·48
Walls	1365	1·32
2. Orkney.		
Kirkwall	4422	1·98
Sanday	2145	1·13
South Ronaldshay	3282	1·32
Stromness	2540	1·93
Westray, etc.	2545	1·49
3. Caithness.		
Thurso	5561	1·81
Wick—1. Burgh	7505	2·58
Do. 2. Landward	5336	1·32
4. Sutherland.		
Dornoch	2885	1·50
Tongue	2077	1·39
5. Ross and Cromarty.		
Cromarty	2300	2·03
Dingwall	2412	1·74
Fodderty	2247	1·77
Rosemarkie and Fortrose	1545	1·88
Rosskeen	3766	1·73
Tain	3294	1·92
Urquhart and Logie-Wester	3147	1·51
Barvas	4609	1·72
Lochs	3568	1·62
Stornoway	8668	1·49
6. Inverness.		
Inverness	16162	2·15
Harris	3769	1·53
North Uist	3959	1·50
7. Nairn.		
Nairn	4486	2·19
8. Elgin.		
Duffus	3308	1·75
Elgin	9866	1·99
Forres	4112	2·18
Rothes	2407	1·72
Urquhart	2532	1·46
9. Banff.		
Banff—Burgh	6791	1·89
Cullen	1821	1·70
Fordyce	4145	1·77
Keith	5943	1·75
Marnoch	3289	1·69
Rathven (Buckie)	4922	2·09
Seafield (part of Cullen)	1725	1·64
10. Aberdeen.		
Aberdeen—1. St Nicholas	41962	2·71
Do. 2. Old Machar	31938	2·18
Chapel-of-Garioch	2023	1·39
Ellon	3239	1·37
Fraserburgh	4511	1·85
Fyvie	3264	1·81
Huntly	4329	1·88
Inverurie	2668	1·99
Kintore	1895	1·84
New Deer	3736	1·45
Newhill	3463	1·52
Old Deer	4392	1·71
Peterhead	9796	1·94
Rathven	2554	1·50
11. Kincardine.		
Bervie	1561	1·90
Dunnottar	1828	2·00
Fetteresso	5527	1·79
12. Forfar.		
Arbroath	17831	2·47
Brechin	8810	2·07
Coupar-Angus	2642	2·13
Craig (part of Montrose)	2177	1·57
Dundee—1st District	44064	2·72
Do. 2d District	40813	3·00
Do. 3d District	6787	2·70
Forfar	10838	2·32
Kirriemuir	7359	1·92
Montrose	15668	2·37
13. Perth.		
Alyth	3198	1·91
Auchterarder	4208	2·02
Blairgowrie	4423	2·29
Callander	1676	2·13
Crieff	4490	1·99
Culross	1423	1·56
Dunblane	3096	1·70
Dunkeld	1086	2·29
Kilmadock	3312	2·03
Little Dunkeld	2089	2·05
Logie (part of Stirling)	3483	1·81
Perth	26094	2·60
Scone	2153	1·90
Tulliallan	2410	2·09
14. Fife.		
Anstruther-Easter	1155	2·00
Anstruther-Wester	438	2·23

DISTRICTS.	Population, 1861.	Per-cent. of Deaths.
Auchterderran	3457	1·97
Auchtermuchty	3285	1·99
Beath	2390	1·96
Burntisland	3670	1·79
Crail	1931	2·23
Cupar	6750	2·01
Dunfermline—1. Burgh	13506	2·12
Do. 2. Landward	7609	2·33
Dysart	8842	1·86
Falkland	2937	1·87
Inverkeithing	3196	1·81
Kilconquhar	2431	1·65
Kilrenny	2534	1·62
Kinghorn	2349	2·56
Kirkcaldy	11117	1·90
Largo	2626	1·55
Leslie	4332	1·76
Markinch	5375	1·98
Newburgh	2693	2·23
Pittenweem	1710	2·09
St Andrews	7605	1·95
Scoonie (Leven)	3257	1·99
Wemyss	6003	1·91
15. Kinross.		
Kinross	2649	1·98
16. Clackmannan.		
Alloa	8867	2·15
Clackmannan	4225	1·96
Dollar	1776	1·71
Tillicoultry	5054	1·97
17. Stirling.		
Alva	3283	1·95
Campsie	6483	2·09
Denny	4988	2·02
Falkirk—1. Burgh	9030	2·38
Do. 2. Landward	7996	1·96
Kilsyth	6112	2·41
Larbert	4606	2·02
St Ninians	6648	2·03
Stirling	14012	2·31
18. Dumbarton.		
Bonhill	9059	1·84
Cardross (Renton)	4168	2·29
Dumbarton	8268	2·58
Kirkintilloch	8179	2·32
New Kilpatrick	4910	2·02
Old Kilpatrick	5577	2·51
Row	6334	1·95
19. Argyll.		
Campbeltown	8149	1·88
Dunoon	5461	1·85
Inveraray	1650	1·83
Tyree	3217	1·56
20. Bute.		
Rothesay	7227	2·57

DISTRICTS.	Population, 1861.	Per-cent. of Deaths.
21. Renfrew.		
Abbey—1. Part of Paisley	15889	2·54
Do. 2. Barrhead	4867	1·73
Do. 3. Johnston	7363	2·54
Cathcart	3782	1·81
Eastwood	11314	2·23
Greenock—1. New	9446	3·56
Do. 2. East	12135	2·59
Do. 3. West	22313	3·56
Gourock	2307	2·57
Kilbarchan	6348	2·09
Neilston (Barrhead)	11013	1·90
Paisley—1. High	14900	2·32
Do. 2. Low	6712	3·43
Do. 3. Middle	9904	3·09
Port-Glasgow	7294	3·30
Renfrew	4650	2·13
22. Ayr.		
Ardrossan	6776	1·96
Ayr	19659	2·39
Beith	5775	2·16
Dalmellington	4194	2·05
Dalry	11156	2·46
Dundonald (Troon)	4694	1·75
Galston	5254	1·97
Girvan	7053	2·13
Irvine	8607	2·47
Kilbirnie	5265	2·40
Kilmarnock	23556	2·49
Kilmaurs	3526	1·96
Kilwinning	7717	2·02
Largs	3620	2·03
Loudoun	4840	1·93
Maybole	6713	1·99
Muirkirk	3270	1·93
Old Cumnock	3721	2·03
Riccarton	5629	2·21
Sorn (Catrine)	4042	2·14
Stevenston	5452	2·62
Stewarton	4449	2·05
Tarbolton	2669	2·28
23. Lanark.		
Avondale (Strathaven)	6125	2·13
Barony—1. Maryhill	6734	2·50
Do. 2. Springburn	8911	5·21
Do. 3. Shettleston	6914	2·17
Biggar	1999	1·86
Blantyre	3092	1·91
Bothwell—1. Bothwell	7059	2·29
Do. 2. Holytown	10844	2·17
Cadder	5948	1·82
Cambuslang	3647	1·76
Cambusnethan	13377	1·98
Carluke	6176	1·91
Carnwath	3584	1·77
Dalserf—1. Larkhall	3629	2·18
Do. 2. Dalserf	1247	1·66
Dalziel (Motherwell)	5438	2·25
Douglas	2490	2·25

DISTRICTS.	Population, 1861.	Per-cent. of Deaths.
East Kilbride	4064	1·77
Glasgow—1. Central	49678	3·66
Do. 2. High	48119	4·13
Do. 3. Bridgeton	45485	2·72
Do. 4. Calton	36625	3·13
Do. 5. Clyde	29975	3·39
Do. 6. Blythswood	28697	1·93
Do. 7. Milton	33360	2·67
Do. 8. Anderston	40945	2·54
Do. 9. Tradeston	38600	2·68
Do. 10. Hutchesontown	44019	2·80
Govan—1. Govan	13725	2·47
Do. 2. Partick	14859	2·36
Hamilton	14047	2·21
Lanark	7891	2·24
Lesmahagow	9266	1·79
New Monkland–1. Airdrie	12922	2·47
Do. 2. Landward	7632	2·35
Old Monkland—		
1. Western Division	6932	2·32
2. Coatbridge	15303	2·44
3. Calderbank	7308	1·96
Rutherglen	9335	2·42
Shotts	4778	2·30
Stonehouse	3267	1·82
24. LINLITHGOW.		
Bathgate	10134	2·20
Borrowstounness	5698	2·03
Linlithgow—1. Burgh	3843	2·22
Do. 2. Landward	1941	1·96
Queensferry	1391	2·20
Whitburn	5511	1·68
25. EDINBURGH.		
Colinton	2656	1·72
Dalkeith	7114	2·29
Portobello	4366	1·98
Edinburgh	170444	2·52
Inveresk (Musselburgh)	9518	2·59
Lasswade	5688	1·89
Leith—1. North	11562	2·05
Do. 2. South	24467	2·49
Liberton	3510	2·03
Penicuick	3249	1·73
Ratho	1659	1·65
26. HADDINGTON.		
Dunbar	4944	1·88
Haddington	5548	2·16
North Berwick	2071	1·58
Prestonpans	2080	2·16
Tranent	4647	2·18
27. BERWICK.		
Coldstream	2823	2·01
Dunse	3595	1·92
Lauder	2198	1·72
28. PEEBLES.		
Innerleithen	1823	1·41
Peebles	2850	2·06
29. SELKIRK.		
Galashiels	3379	1·97
Selkirk	4739	1·69
30. ROXBURGH.		
Castleton	3688	1·30
Hawick	8726	2·56
Jedburgh	5011	1·88
Kelso	5192	2·10
Melrose—1. Town	3557	1·88
Do. 2. Ladhope	4154	2·01
Wilton	3357	2·11
31. DUMFRIES.		
Annan	5113	2·15
Canonbie	3219	1·73
Dumfries	13523	2·73
Lochmaben	3087	2·17
Moffat	2232	1·98
Morton	2253	2·16
Sanquhar	2758	2·05
32. KIRKCUDBRIGHT.		
Kirkcudbright	3467	2·38
Troqueer (Maxwellton)	4743	2·42
33. WIGTOWN.		
Kirkmaiden	2333	1·65
Mochrum	2694	1·75
Penninghame	3811	2·01
Portpatrick	2189	1·65
Stoneykirk	3228	1·49
Stranraer	6315	2·51
Whithorn	2934	1·99
Wigtown	2637	1·93
TOWN DISTRICTS	...	2·55
RURAL DISTRICTS	...	1·67
ALL SCOTLAND	...	2·13

NOTES.

The preceding table shows the per-centage of deaths to the population in all the populous districts of Scotland during the ten years 1856-1865, as

well as the mean mortality in all Scotland during the same period, and in its town and rural districts.

The occurrence of epidemics in any particular town or district during any one year is a most unfair test of the healthiness or unhealthiness of the locality. Epidemics, when once originated, acquire that property to which we give the name of contagion, whereby they have the faculty of being communicated from the sick to the healthy. But in every locality they are under the same laws as the more ordinary diseases, and prevail and are fatal just in proportion to the general unhealthiness of the place or district.

But these epidemics only occur at intervals of years, whereas the ordinary diseases occur with unfailing regularity year after year. If, therefore, a true test is wanted of the comparative salubrity of a district, the total mortality during a ten-yearly period will infallibly lead to a right conclusion, because it will include several epidemic years, and thus show the true average death-rate in the population.

It is where human beings are congregated in masses that the death-rate is excessive; and the experience in Scotland is, that the death-rate in the town districts is always *one-third higher* than in the rural districts. By the term 'town districts' we mean all the districts in Scotland which, at the census of 1861, contained towns with 3000 persons and upwards.

During the above ten years the death-rate in Scotland was 2·13 per cent. of the population; that of the town districts, 2·55 per cent.; that of the rural districts, 1·67 per cent.

Every one must be convinced that improved sanitary arrangements could greatly reduce this mortality in these several districts. No one can visit even the most healthy districts of Scotland, without seeing that much of the disease which prevails is produced by causes which might be remedied, so that there is nothing utopian in the belief that the death-rate of all the rural districts should not exceed 15 in the thousand per annum (1·50 per cent.). And as overcrowding, want of ventilation, and bad water, are the exciting causes of most of the excess of deaths in the town districts, the public ought not to be satisfied till they have brought down the mortality of the town districts to 20 deaths annually in the thousand persons, or 2·0 per cent.

Elgin, with its population of 9866, has only a death-rate of 1·99 per cent., and St Andrews, with its population of 7605, only 1·95 per cent.; while the small town of Kinghorn has 2·56 per cent.; Newburgh, 2·23 per cent.; Queensferry, 2·20 per cent.; Linlithgow, 2·22 per cent.; Nairn, 2·19 per cent.; Anstruther-Wester, 2·23 per cent.; &c.

Why should the landward portion of Dunfermline have a mortality of 2·33, while the burghal portion has only 2·12?

See the immense difference which there is between the mortality in the different districts of Greenock—2·59 per cent. in the East, but 3·56 in the other two districts. And why should a small town like Port-Glasgow have a death-rate of 3·30, while Elgin, with a large population, has under 2·00 per cent.?

As cholera is one of those diseases which have been found to be propagated by bad water, the cholera districts of 1866 would show where attention should be directed to the water supply.

(Initd.) J. S.

No. 10.—Copy Report by Superintendent of Central Vaccine Institution for Scotland, 1868–69.

Central Vaccine Institution for Scotland,
28 *Clarence Street, Edinburgh,*
19*th October* 1869.

Sir,—I have the honour to lay before you my report for the year ended 31st July 1869.

At 1st August 1868 I had on hand 301 charged tubes, and I received during the year 2550, making the total number available for distribution 2851. The distribution was as follows:—

To vaccinators of parishes, in reply to 356 applications for lymph,	1492	
To medical practitioners in Scotland not vaccinators of parishes,	184	
Total number distributed to Scotland,	1676	
To medical practitioners in England, and paid for at cost price,	50	
To official superintendents of vaccination, and others, in India, Jamaica, Antigua, and elsewhere abroad, also paid for at the cost price of 6d. per tube, ...	732	
Total number of tubes distributed,		2458
Total remaining in hands of the Superintendent,		393

I have had, as formerly, the satisfaction of receiving numerous letters of thanks for the lymph issued, and reports of its success, and there have been very few complaints of failure. The collectors, generally, have exercised much care in the selection of the lymph sent to me, and in the hermetical sealing of the tubes.—I have the honour to be, sir, your obedient servant,

WILLIAM HUSBAND, M.D., *Superintendent.*

John Skelton, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Supervision.

APPENDIX (B.)

ABSTRACTS, RETURNS, AND TABLES.

INDEX

TO THE PARISHES IN THE FOLLOWING ABSTRACTS, RETURNS, AND TABLES.

A Parish is placed in that County in which the greater part of its Population is stated to be by the Census of 1861.

Parish.	County.
A	
Abbey	Renfrew
Abbey St Bathans	Berwick
Abbotshall	Fife
Abdie	Fife
Abercorn	Linlithgow
Aberdalgie	Perth
Aberdeen	Aberdeen
Aberdour	Fife
Aberdour	Aberdeen
Aberfoyle	Perth
Aberlady	Haddington
Aberlemno	Forfar
Aberlour	Banff
Abernethy	Perth
Abernethy	Elgin
Abernyte	Perth
Aboyne	Aberdeen
Airly	Forfar
Airth	Stirling
Alford	Aberdeen
Alloa	Clackmannan
Alness	Ross
Alva	Stirling
Alvah	Banff
Alves	Elgin
Alvie	Inverness
Alyth	Perth
Ancrum	Roxburgh
Annan	Dumfries
Anstruther Easter	Fife
Anstruther Wester	Fife
Anwoth	Kirkcudbright
Applecross	Ross
Applegarth	Dumfries
Arbirlot	Forfar
Arbroath	Forfar
Arbuthnot	Kincardine
Ardchattan and Muckairn	Argyll
Ardclach	Nairn
Ardersier	Inverness
Ardnamurchan	Argyll
Ardrossan	Ayr
Arngask	Fife
Arrochar	Dumbarton
Ashkirk	Roxburgh
Assynt	Sutherland
Athelstaneford	Haddington
Auchindoir	Aberdeen
Auchinleck	Ayr
Auchterarder	Perth
Auchterderran	Fife
Auchtergaven	Perth
Auchterhouse	Forfar
Auchterless	Aberdeen
Auchtermuchty	Fife
Auchtertool	Fife
Auldearn	Nairn
Avoch	Ross
Avondale	Lanark
Ayr	Ayr
Ayton	Berwick
B	
Baldernock	Stirling
Balfron	Stirling
Ballantrae	Ayr
Ballingry	Fife
Balmaclellan	Kirkcudbright
Balmaghie	Kirkcudbright
Balmerino	Fife
Balquhidder	Perth

Parish.	County.
Banchory-Devenick	Kincardine
Banchory-Ternan	Kincardine
Banff	Banff
Barony	Lanark
Barr	Ayr
Barra	Inverness
Barry	Forfar
Barvas	Ross
Bathgate	Linlithgow
Beath	Fife
Bedrule	Roxburgh
Beith	Ayr
Belhelvie	Aberdeen
Bellie	Elgin
Bendochy	Perth
Benholme	Kincardine
Bervie	Kincardine
Biggar	Lanark
Birnie	Elgin
Birsay and Harray	Orkney
Birse	Aberdeen
Blackford	Perth
Blair-Athol	Perth
Blairgowrie	Perth
Blantyre	Lanark
Boharm	Banff
Boleskine & Abertarff	Inverness
Bolton	Haddington
Bonhill	Dumbarton
Borgue	Kirkcudbright
Borrowstounness	Linlithgow
Borthwick	Edinburgh
Bothkennar	Stirling
Bothwell	Lanark
Botriphnie	Banff
Bourtie	Aberdeen
Bowden	Roxburgh
Bower	Caithness
Boyndie	Banff
Bracadale	Inverness
Brechin	Forfar
Bressay	Shetland
Broughton	Peebles
Buchanan	Stirling
Buittle	Kirkcudbright
Bunkle and Preston	Berwick
Burntisland	Fife
C	
Cabrach	Banff
Cadder	Lanark
Caerlaverock	Dumfries
Cairney	Aberdeen
Calder, Mid	Edinburgh
Calder, West	Edinburgh
Callander	Perth
Cambuslang	Lanark
Cambusnethan	Lanark
Cameron	Fife
Campbeltown	Argyll
Campsie	Stirling
Canisbay	Caithness
Canonbie	Dumfries
Canongate	Edinburgh
Caputh	Perth
Cardross	Dumbarton
Caraldstone	Forfar
Cargill	Perth
Carluke	Lanark
Carmichael	Lanark
Carmunnock	Lanark
Carmylie	Forfar
Carnbee	Fife
Carnock	Fife
Carnwath	Lanark
Carriden	Linlithgow
Carrington	Edinburgh
Carsphairn	Kirkcudbright
Carstairs	Lanark
Castleton	Roxburgh
Cathcart	Renfrew
Cavers	Roxburgh
Cawdor	Nairn
Ceres	Fife
Channelkirk	Berwick
Chapel of Garioch	Aberdeen
Chirnside	Berwick
Clackmannan	Clackmannan
Clatt	Aberdeen
Cleish	Kinross
Closeburn	Dumfries
Clunie	Perth
Cluny	Aberdeen
Clyne	Sutherland
Cockburnspath	Berwick
Cockpen	Edinburgh
Coldinghame	Berwick
Coldstream	Berwick
Colinton	Edinburgh
Coll	Argyll
Collace	Perth
Collessie	Fife
Colmonell	Ayr
Colonsay & Oronsay	Argyll
Colvend	Kirkcudbright
Comrie	Perth
Contin	Ross
Corstorphine	Edinburgh
Cortachy	Forfar
Coull	Aberdeen
Coupar-Angus	Perth
Covington	Lanark
Coylton	Ayr

Parish.	County.
Craig . .	Forfar
Craigie . .	Ayr
Craignish . .	Argyll
Crail . .	Fife
Crailing . .	Roxburgh
Cramond . .	Edinburgh
Cranshaws . .	Berwick
Cranston . .	Edinburgh
Crathie & Braemar	Aberdeen
Crawford . .	Lanark
Crawfordjohn .	Lanark
Crichton . .	Edinburgh
Criech . .	Fife
Criech . .	Sutherland
Crieff . .	Perth
Crimond . .	Aberdeen
Cromarty . .	Ross
Cromdale . .	Inverness
Cross and Burness	Orkney
Crossmichael .	Kirkcudbright
Croy . . .	Inverness
Cruden . .	Aberdeen
Cullen . .	Banff
Culross . .	Perth
Culsamond .	Aberdeen
Culter . .	Lanark
Cults . .	Fife
Cumbernauld .	Dumbarton
Cumbraes . .	Bute
Cummertrees .	Dumfries
Cumnock (New)	Ayr
Cumnock (Old) .	Ayr
Cupar . .	Fife
Currie . .	Edinburgh
D	
Dailly . .	Ayr
Dairsie . .	Fife
Dalgety . .	Fife
Dalkeith . .	Edinburgh
Dallas . .	Elgin
Dalmellington .	Ayr
Dalmeny . .	Linlithgow
Dalry . .	Ayr
Dalry . .	Kirkcudbright
Dalrymple .	Ayr
Dalserf . .	Lanark
Dalton . .	Dumfries
Dalziel . .	Lanark
Daviot . .	Aberdeen
Daviot . .	Inverness
Deer, New .	Aberdeen
Deer, Old . .	Aberdeen
Delting . .	Shetland
Denino . .	Fife
Denny . .	Stirling
Deskford . .	Banff
Dingwall . .	Ross
Dirleton . .	Haddington
Dollar . .	Clackmannan
Dolphinton .	Lanark
Dores . .	Inverness
Dornoch . .	Sutherland
Dornock . .	Dumfries
Douglas . .	Lanark
Dowally . .	Perth
Drainy . .	Elgin
Dreghorn . .	Ayr
Dron . .	Perth
Drumblade .	Aberdeen
Drumelzier .	Peebles
Drumoak . .	Aberdeen
Dryfesdale .	Dumfries
Drymen . .	Stirling
Duddingstone .	Edinburgh
Duffus . .	Elgin
Duirness . .	Sutherland
Duirnish . .	Inverness
Dull . .	Perth
Dumbarney .	Perth
Dumbarton .	Dumbarton
Dumfries . .	Dumfries
Dun . . .	Forfar
Dunbar . .	Haddington
Dunblane . .	Perth
Dunbog . .	Fife
Dundee . .	Forfar
Dundonald .	Ayr
Dunfermline .	Fife
Dunipace . .	Stirling
Dunkeld . .	Perth
Dunkeld, Little .	Perth
Dunlop . .	Ayr
Dunnet . .	Caithness
Dunnichen .	Forfar
Dunning . .	Perth
Dunnottar .	Kincardine
Dunoon & Kilmun	Argyll
Dunrossness .	Shetland
Dunscore . .	Dumfries
Dunse . .	Berwick
Dunsyre . .	Lanark
Durris . .	Kincardine
Durrisdeer .	Dumfries
Duthil . .	Elgin
Dyce . .	Aberdeen
Dyke and Moy .	Elgin
Dysart . .	Fife
E	
Eaglesham	Renfrew
Earlston . .	Berwick
Eastwood . .	Renfrew
Eccles . .	Berwick

Parish.	County.	Parish.	County.
Ecclesmachen	Linlithgow	Foveran	Aberdeen
Echt	Aberdeen	Fraserburgh	Aberdeen
Eckford	Roxburgh	Fyvie	Aberdeen
Eday	Orkney	G	
Edderton	Ross	Gairloch	Ross
Eddleston	Peebles	Galashiels	Selkirk
Edinburgh	Edinburgh	Galston	Ayr
Edinkillie	Elgin	Gamrie	Banff
Ednam	Roxburgh	Gargunnock	Stirling
Edrachillis	Sutherland	Gartly	Aberdeen
Edrom	Berwick	Garvald	Haddington
Edzell	Forfar	Garvock	Kincardine
Elgin	Elgin	Gask	Perth
Elie	Fife	Gigha	Argyll
Ellon	Aberdeen	Girthon	Kirkcudbright
Errol	Perth	Girvan	Ayr
Erskine	Renfrew	Gladsmuir	Haddington
Eskdalemuir	Dumfries	Glammis	Forfar
Essie and Nevy	Forfar	Glasgow	Lanark
Ettrick	Selkirk	Glass	Aberdeen
Evie and Rendal	Orkney	Glassary	Argyll
Ewes	Dumfries	Glasserton	Wigton
Eyemouth	Berwick	Glassford	Lanark
F		Glenbervie	Kincardine
Fala and Soutra	Edinburgh	Glenbucket	Aberdeen
Falkirk	Stirling	Glencairn	Dumfries
Falkland	Fife	Glencross	Edinburgh
Farnell	Forfar	Glendevon	Perth
Farr	Sutherland	Glenelg	Inverness
Fearn	Ross	Glenisla	Forfar
Fenwick	Ayr	Glenmuick	Aberdeen
Fern	Forfar	Glenorchy and Innishail	Argyll
Ferry-Port-on-Craig	Fife	Glenshiel	Ross
Fetlar & North Yell	Shetland	Golspie	Sutherland
Fettercairn	Kincardine	Gorbals	Lanark
Fetteresso	Kincardine	Gordon	Berwick
Fintray	Aberdeen	Govan	Lanark
Fintry	Stirling	Graitney	Dumfries
Firth	Orkney	Grange	Banff
Flisk	Fife	Greenlaw	Berwick
Fodderty	Ross	Greenock	Renfrew
Fogo	Berwick	Guthrie	Forfar
Fordoun	Kincardine	H	
Fordyce	Banff	Haddington	Haddington
Forfar	Forfar	Half Morton	Dumfries
Forgan	Fife	Halkirk	Caithness
Forgandenny	Perth	Hamilton	Lanark
Forglen	Banff	Harris	Inverness
Forgue	Aberdeen	Hawick	Roxburgh
Forres	Elgin	Heriot	Edinburgh
Forteviot	Perth	Hobkirk	Roxburgh
Fortingall	Perth	Hoddam	Dumfries
Fossaway	Perth	Holme	Orkney
Foulden	Berwick	Holywood	Dumfries
Fowlis-Wester	Perth		

Parish.	County.	Parish.	County.
Houston . .	Renfrew	Kilchrenan and Dalavich	Argyll
Hownam . .	Roxburgh	Kilconquhar .	Fife
Hoy and Græmsay	Orkney	Kildalton . .	Argyll
Humbie . .	Haddington	Kildonan . .	Sutherland
Hume . .	Berwick	Kildrummy .	Aberdeen
Huntly . .	Aberdeen	Kilfinan . .	Argyll
Hutton . .	Berwick	Kilfinichen .	Argyll
Hutton . .	Dumfries	Killarrow . .	Argyll
I		Killean and Kilchenzie .	Argyll
Inch . . .	Wigton	Killearn . .	Stirling
Inchinnan . .	Renfrew	Killearnan . .	Ross
Inchture . .	Perth	Killin . .	Perth
Innerkip . .	Renfrew	Kilmadock .	Perth
Innerleithen .	Peebles	Kilmalcolm .	Renfrew
Innerwick . .	Haddington	Kilmallie . .	Inverness
Insch . .	Aberdeen	Kilmany . .	Fife
Inverarity . .	Forfar	Kilmarnock .	Ayr
Inverary . .	Argyll	Kilmaronock .	Dumbarton
Inveravon . .	Banff	Kilmartin . .	Argyll
Inverchaolain .	Argyll	Kilmaurs . .	Ayr
Inveresk . .	Edinburgh	Kilmodan . .	Argyll
Inverkeillor .	Forfar	Kilmore & Kilbride	Argyll
Inverkeithing .	Fife	Kilmonivaig .	Inverness
Inverkeithny .	Banff	Kilmorack . .	Inverness
Inverness . .	Inverness	Kilmory . .	Bute
Inverurie . .	Aberdeen	Kilmuir (Skye) .	Inverness
Irvine . .	Ayr	Kilmuir, Easter	Ross
J		Kilninian & Kilmore	Argyll
Jedburgh . .	Roxburgh	Kilninver & Kilmelfort .	Argyll
Johnstone . .	Dumfries	Kilpatrick, New	Dumbarton
Jura . . .	Argyll	Kilpatrick, Old .	Dumbarton
K		Kilrenny . .	Fife
Keig . . .	Aberdeen	Kilspindie . .	Perth
Keir . . .	Dumfries	Kilsyth . .	Stirling
Keith . .	Banff	Kiltarlity . .	Inverness
Keithhall . .	Aberdeen	Kiltearn . .	Ross
Kells . .	Kirkcudbright	Kilwinning .	Ayr
Kelso . .	Roxburgh	Kincardine .	Perth
Kelton . .	Kirkcudbright	Kincardine .	Ross
Kemback . .	Fife	Kincardine O'Neil	Aberdeen
Kemnay . .	Aberdeen	Kinclaven . .	Perth
Kenmore . .	Perth	Kinfauns . .	Perth
Kennoway . .	Fife	Kingarth . .	Bute
Kettins . .	Forfar	King-Edward .	Aberdeen
Kettle . .	Fife	Kinghorn . .	Fife
Kilbarchan .	Renfrew	Kinglassie . .	Fife
Kilbirnie . .	Ayr	Kingoldrum .	Forfar
Kilbrandon .	Argyll	Kingsbarns .	Fife
Kilbride (Arran)	Bute	Kingussie . .	Inverness
Kilbride, East .	Lanark	Kinloch . .	Perth
Kilbride, West .	Ayr	Kinloss . .	Elgin
Kilcalmonell and Kilberry	Argyll	Kinnaird . .	Perth
		Kinneff & Caterline	Kincardine
Kilchoman . .	Argyll	Kinnell . .	Forfar

Parish.	County.	Parish.	County.
Kinnellar	Aberdeen	Lauder	Berwick
Kinnethmont	Aberdeen	Laurencekirk	Kincardine
Kinnettles	Forfar	Lecropt	Stirling
Kinnoul	Perth	Legerwood	Berwick
Kinross	Kinross	Leith, North	Edinburgh
Kintail	Ross	Leith, South	Edinburgh
Kintore	Aberdeen	Leochel-Cushnie	Aberdeen
Kippen	Stirling	Lerwick	Shetland
Kirkbean	Kirkcudbright	Leslie	Aberdeen
Kirkcaldy	Fife	Leslie	Fife
Kirkcolm	Wigton	Lesmahagow	Lanark
Kirkconnell	Dumfries	Leswalt	Wigton
Kirkcudbright	Kirkcudbright	Lethendy	Perth
Kirkden	Forfar	Lethnot	Forfar
Kirkgunzeon	Kirkcudbright	Leuchars	Fife
Kirkhill	Inverness	Libberton	Lanark
Kirkhope	Selkirk	Liberton	Edinburgh
Kirkinner	Wigton	Liff and Benvie	Forfar
Kirkintilloch	Dumbarton	Lilliesleaf	Roxburgh
Kirkliston	Linlithgow	Linlithgow	Linlithgow
Kirkmabreck	Kirkcudbright	Linton	Roxburgh
Kirkmahoe	Dumfries	Linton, West	Peebles
Kirkmaiden	Wigton	Lintrathen	Forfar
Kirkmichael	Ayr	Lismore & Appin	Argyll
Kirkmichael	Banff	Livingstone	Linlithgow
Kirkmichael	Perth	Lochalsh	Ross
Kirkmichael	Dumfries	Lochbroom	Ross
Kirknewton	Edinburgh	Lochcarron	Ross
Kirkoswald	Ayr	Lochgoilhead	Argyll
Kirkowan	Wigton	Lochlee	Forfar
Kirkpatrick-Durham	Kirkcudbright	Lochmaben	Dumfries
		Lochrutton	Kirkcudbright
Kirkpat.-Fleming	Dumfries	Lochs	Ross
Kirkpat.-Irongray	Kirkcudbright	Lochwinnoch	Renfrew
Kirkpatrick-Juxta	Dumfries	Logie	Fife
Kirktown	Roxburgh	Logie	Clackmannan
Kirkurd	Peebles	Logie-Buchan	Aberdeen
Kirkwall	Orkney	Logie-Coldstone	Aberdeen
Kirriemuir	Forfar	Logie-Easter	Ross
Knapdale, North	Argyll	Logiepert	Forfar
Knapdale, South	Argyll	Logierait	Perth
Knockando	Elgin	Longforgan	Perth
Knockbain	Ross	Longformacus	Berwick
		Longside	Aberdeen
L		Lonmay	Aberdeen
Lady	Orkney	Loth	Sutherland
Ladykirk	Berwick	Loudoun	Ayr
Laggan	Inverness	Luce, New	Wigton
Lairg	Sutherland	Luce, Old	Wigton
Lanark	Lanark	Lumphanan	Aberdeen
Langholm	Dumfries	Lunan	Forfar
Langton	Berwick	Lundie and Fowlis Easter	Forfar
Larbert	Stirling	Luss	Dumbarton
Largo	Fife	Lyne and Meggat	Peebles
Largs	Ayr		
Lasswade	Edinburgh		
Latheron	Caithness		

Parish.	County.
M	
Machar, Old	Aberdeen
Machar, New	Aberdeen
Madderty	Perth
Mains	Forfar
Makerston	Roxburgh
Manor	Peebles
Markinch	Fife
Marnoch	Banff
Maryculter	Kincardine
Marykirk	Kincardine
Maryton	Forfar
Mauchline	Ayr
Maxton	Roxburgh
Maybole	Ayr
Mearns	Renfrew
Meigle	Perth
Meldrum	Aberdeen
Melrose	Roxburgh
Menmuir	Forfar
Mertoun	Berwick
Methlic	Aberdeen
Methven	Perth
Middlebie	Dumfries
Midmar	Aberdeen
Minnigaff	Kirkcudbright
Minto	Roxburgh
Mochrum	Wigton
Moffat	Dumfries
Monedie	Perth
Monifieth	Forfar
Monikie	Forfar
Monimail	Fife
Monivaird	Perth
Monkland, New	Lanark
Monkland, Old	Lanark
Monkton	Ayr
Monquhitter	Aberdeen
Montrose	Forfar
Monymusk	Aberdeen
Monzie	Perth
Moonzie	Fife
Morebattle	Roxburgh
Mordington	Berwick
Morham	Haddington
Mortlach	Banff
Morton	Dumfries
Morven	Argyll
Moulin	Perth
Mousewald	Dumfries
Moy & Dalarossie	Inverness
Muckhart	Perth
Muiravonside	Stirling
Muirkirk	Ayr
Murroes	Forfar
Muthil	Perth

Parish.	County.
N	
Nairn	Nairn
Neilston	Renfrew
Nenthorn	Berwick
Nesting	Shetland
Newabbey	Kirkcudbright
Newbattle	Edinburgh
Newburgh	Fife
Newburn	Fife
Newhills	Aberdeen
Newlands	Peebles
New Spynie	Elgin
Newton	Edinburgh
Newton-on-Ayr	Ayr
Newtyle	Forfar
Nigg	Kincardine
Nigg	Ross
North Berwick	Haddington
North Bute	Bute
Northmavine	Shetland
O	
Oathlaw	Forfar
Ochiltree	Ayr
Oldhamstocks	Haddington
Olrick	Caithness
Ordiquhill	Banff
Ormiston	Haddington
Orphir	Orkney
Orwell	Kinross
Oxnam	Roxburgh
Oyne	Aberdeen
P	
Paisley	Renfrew
Panbride	Forfar
Parton	Kirkcudbright
Peebles	Peebles
Pencaitland	Haddington
Penninghame	Wigton
Penicuick	Edinburgh
Penpont	Dumfries
Perth	Perth
Peterculter	Aberdeen
Peterhead	Aberdeen
Petty	Inverness
Pitsligo	Aberdeen
Pittenain	Lanark
Pittenweem	Fife
Polmont	Stirling
Polwarth	Berwick
Port-Glasgow	Renfrew
Portmoak	Kinross
Port Monteath	Perth
Portpatrick	Wigton
Portree	Inverness
Premnay	Aberdeen

Parish.	County.
Prestonkirk	Haddington
Prestonpans	Haddington
Q	
Queensferry	Linlithgow
R	
Rafford	Elgin
Rathen	Aberdeen
Ratho	Edinburgh
Rathven	Banff
Rattray	Perth
Rayne	Aberdeen
Reay	Caithness
Redgorton	Perth
Renfrew	Renfrew
Rerrick	Kirkcudbright
Rescobie	Forfar
Resolis	Ross
Rhynd	Perth
Rhynie	Aberdeen
Riccarton	Ayr
Roberton	Roxburgh
Rogart	Sutherland
Ronaldshay, South	Orkney
Rosemarkie	Ross
Roseneath	Dumbarton
Rosskeen	Ross
Rothes	Elgin
Rothesay	Bute
Rothiemay	Banff
Rousay & Egilshay	Orkney
Row	Dumbarton
Roxburgh	Roxburgh
Rutherglen	Lanark
Ruthven	Forfar
Ruthwell	Dumfries
St Andrews	Fife
St Andrews and Deerness	Orkney
St Andrews Lhanbride	Elgin
St Boswells	Roxburgh
St Cuthberts	Edinburgh
St Cyrus	Kincardine
St Fergus	Banff
St Leonards	Fife
St Madoes	Perth
St Martins	Perth
St Monance	Fife
St Mungo	Dumfries
St Ninians	Stirling
St Quivox	Ayr
St Vigeans	Forfar

Parish.	County.
Saddell & Skipness	Argyll
Saline	Fife
Salton	Haddington
Sandsting	Shetland
Sandwick	Orkney
Sanquhar	Dumfries
Scone	Perth
Scoonie	Fife
Selkirk	Selkirk
Shapinshay	Orkney
Shotts	Lanark
Skene	Aberdeen
Skirling	Peebles
Slains	Aberdeen
Slamannan	Stirling
Sleat	Inverness
Smailholm	Roxburgh
Small Isles	Inverness
Snizort	Inverness
Sorbie	Wigton
Sorn	Ayr
Southdean	Roxburgh
Southend	Argyll
Speymouth	Elgin
Spott	Haddington
Sprouston	Roxburgh
Stair	Ayr
Stennis	Orkney
Stenton	Haddington
Stevenston	Ayr
Stewarton	Ayr
Stirling	Stirling
Stitchel	Roxburgh
Stobo	Peebles
Stonehouse	Lanark
Stoneykirk	Wigton
Stornoway	Ross
Stow	Edinburgh
Strachan	Kincardine
Strachur	Argyll
Stralachlan	Argyll
Straiton	Ayr
Stranraer	Wigton
Strath	Inverness
Strathblane	Stirling
Strathdon	Aberdeen
Strathmiglo	Fife
Strichen	Aberdeen
Strickathrow	Forfar
Stromness	Orkney
Stronsay	Orkney
Swinton	Berwick
Symington	Ayr
Symington	Lanark
T	
Tain	Ross

Parish.	County.
Tannadice	Forfar
Tarbat	Ross
Tarbolton	Ayr
Tarland	Aberdeen
Tarves	Aberdeen
Tealing	Forfar
Temple	Edinburgh
Terregles	Kirkcudbright
Thurso	Caithness
Tibbermore	Perth
Tillicoultry	Clackmannan
Tingwall	Shetland
Tinwald	Dumfries
Tongland	Kirkcudbright
Tongue	Sutherland
Torosay	Argyll
Torphichen	Linlithgow
Torryburn	Fife
Torthorwald	Dumfries
Tough	Aberdeen
Towie	Aberdeen
Tranent	Haddington
Traquair	Peebles
Trinity-Gask	Perth
Troqueer	Kirkcudbright
Tulliallan	Perth
Tullynessle	Aberdeen
Tundergarth	Dumfries
Turriff	Aberdeen
Tweedsmuir	Peebles
Twynholm	Kirkcudbright
Tynron	Dumfries
Tyree	Argyll
Tyrie	Aberdeen
U	
Udny	Aberdeen
Uig	Ross
Uist, North	Inverness
Uist, South	Inverness
Unst	Shetland
Uphall	Linlithgow
Urquhart	Inverness
Urquhart	Ross
Urquhart	Elgin
Urr	Kirkcudbright
Urray	Ross
W	
Walls and Flotta	Orkney
Walls & Sandness	Shetland
Walston	Lanark
Wamphray	Dumfries
Wandell	Lanark
Watten	Caithness
Weem	Perth
Wemyss	Fife
Westerkirk	Dumfries
Westray & Papa Westray	Orkney
Westruther	Berwick
Whitburn	Linlithgow
Whitekirk	Haddington
Whithorn	Wigton
Whitsome	Berwick
Whittingham	Haddington
Wick	Caithness
Wigton	Wigton
Wilton	Roxburgh
Wiston	Lanark
Y	
Yarrow	Selkirk
Yell	Shetland
Yester	Haddington
Yetholm	Roxburgh

APPENDIX

[A]BSTRACT of RETURNS of APPLICATIONS made to Sheriffs, under Stat. 8 and 9 Vict. c. had been refused relief by Parochial Boards, and of other Proceedings

COUNTIES.		Reference to Notes.	I. Number of Applications to the Sheriff from 1st July 1868 to 30th June 1869.	II. Number of Cases in which an order has been made upon the Inspector to afford interim relief.	III. Number of Cases in which, after an order made by the Sheriff for interim relief, Answers have been lodged by Inspectors.	IV. Number of Cases in which an order made by the Sheriff to admit the Applicant to the roll of Paupers.	V. Number of Cases in which the Application to the Sheriff has been refused on the merits, or in which Applicant has declined or neglected to proceed within proper time.
Aberdeen	Aberdeen Dist.,	A	150	49	2	130	1
	Peterhead Dist.,		10	1	...	...	...
Argyll	Inverary,		4	4	2	...	3
	Campbeltown,		2	...	...	...	...
	Tobermory,		3	2	...	...	...
	Fort-William,		...	...	...	...	...
Ayr	Ayr,	B	24	8	8	...	18
	Kilmarnock,		3	2	1	...	...
Banff,		C	12	4	2	2	4
Berwick,			5	1	1	1	...
Bute,			...	...	1	...	1
Caithness,		D	21	11	4	...	7
Clackmannan,			8	4	4	...	4
Dumbarton,		E	11	7	5	...	5
Dumfries,		F	33	7	7	4	3
Edinburgh,		G	86	86	...	...	...
Elgin or Moray,		H	19	9	6	...	6

A. Aberdeen (Aberdeen Dist.)

Col. I. The greater number of these were disposed of on hearing applicants verbally.
Col. II. In most of these cases a communication was made to the Sheriff-Clerk, intimating that, upon the order being received, relief was granted.
Cols. XI. and XII. No record kept of these.
Col. XIII. Decree.

B. Ayr (Ayr Dist.)

Col. XI. One dismissed as irrelevant.

C. Banff.

Col. XIII. Parties found liable.

D. Caithness.

Col. XIII. Decree.

(B.)—No. 1.

33, sec. 73, by Poor Persons alleging themselves to be proper objects of Parochial Relief, but who in the Sheriff Courts, from 1st July 1868 to 30th June 1869.

VI. Number of Cases under consideration of the Sheriff, and not yet disposed of.	VII. Number of Cases in which Appeals against Interlocutor of Sheriff-Substitute have been made to Sheriff-Depute.	VIII. Number of such Cases affirmed by Sheriff-Depute.	IX. Number of Cases altered or reversed by Sheriff-Depute.	X. Number of Cases undisposed of by Sheriff-Depute.	XI. Number of Prosecutions under sections 79 and 80 of Stat. 8 and 9 Vict. c. 83.	XII. Number of Convictions under sections 79 and 80 of Stat. 8 and 9 Vict. c. 83.	XIII. Number of Actions brought by Inspectors of the Poor for recovery of Aliment paid to Paupers, against parties bound in law to support such Paupers, and how disposed of.	XIV. Number of Actions of Relief brought by Inspectors of the Poor against Inspectors of other Parishes, of payments to Paupers, or relating to disputed settlements of Paupers.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2
...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	1
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	1	...	...	3	1	...	...
...	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	2	2	4	2
...	2	1	...	1	1	1	1	5
...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...

E. Dumbarton.

Col. XIII. Decree granted.

F. Dumfries.

Col. I. In addition to the above, many applications were made between 1st July and 1st November 1868, in which no deliverance was pronounced, as it appeared the applicants either had no claim, or had been offered relief in the poorhouse. No record of these was kept; but the practice is now changed, and a record kept of the whole.

Col. XIII. Decree in favour of Inspector.

G. Edinburgh.

Cols. I. and II. Besides those in which orders have been granted, numerous applications for relief have been made in which no deliverance was pronounced, such applications being apparently groundless, and abandoned by the applicants.

H. Elgin or Moray.

Col. I. No record is kept of applications refused, unless an interlocutor refusing relief be asked for. The number refused may have been about 10.

COUNTIES.		Reference to Notes.	I. Number of Applications to the Sheriff from 1st July 1868 to 30th June 1869.	II. Number of Cases in which an order has been made upon the Inspector to afford interim relief.	III. Number of Cases in which, after an order made by the Sheriff for interim relief, Answers have been lodged by Inspectors.	IV. Number of Cases in which an order made by the Sheriff to admit the Applicant to the roll of Paupers.	V. Number of Cases in which the Application to the Sheriff has been refused on the merits, or in which Applicant has declined or neglected to proceed within proper time.
Fife	Cupar, - -		4	...	...	...	3
	Dunfermline, - -		4	...	...	...	...
Forfar	Forfar, - -	I	4	4	3	3	...
	Dundee, - -		...	...	...	...	...
Haddington, - - -			18	6	...	...	...
Inverness	Inverness, -		7	3	3	...	5
	Lochaber, -		2	...	...	...	2
	Skye, - -	K	6	5	5	6	...
	Uist, - -	L	4	3	3	...	3
Kincardine, - - -		M	2	1	1	...	2
Kinross, - - - -			1	...	...	...	...
Kirkcudbright, - - -			4	4	...	...	...
Lanark	Glasgow, - -	N	127	127	3	...	...
	Hamilton, - -	O	40	14	1	...	...
	Lanark, - -	P	2	1	1	...	1
	Airdrie, - -	Q	15	15	...	...	...
Linlithgow, - - -		R	7	7	6	1	8
Nairn, - - - -		S	2	2	2	...	...
Orkney and Shetland	Orkney, -	T	13	13	9	4	4
	Shetland, -	U	35	23	23	11	11
Peebles, - - - -			2	2	1	...	...

I. Forfar (Dundee Dist.)

Col. XIII. In Small Debt Court—one of which dismissed; and the other, decree for pursuer.

K. Inverness (Skye Dist.)

Col. IV. All these cases resulted in the applicants being admitted to the roll, though without any actual order by the Sheriff to that effect, the necessity of such order being superseded by the tender of relief, by admission to the poorhouse or otherwise, after the complaint was made. The result is entered under this head, because there seems to be no other more applicable to the circumstances.

L. Inverness (Uist Dist.)

Col. I. There are always several verbal applications for parochial relief made throughout the year, of which no record is kept, as I am able to satisfy the parties that they have no well founded claim.

M. Kincardine.

Col. XIII. Decree in two; one undisposed of.

N. Lanark (Glasgow.)

Col. I. Besides those here mentioned, there are many applications made to the Sheriff upon which no formal order is written, but the parties sent back to the Inspector of Poor, with suggestions from the Sheriff.
Col. V. The three cases in which answers were lodged were allowed to drop.
Col. XIII. Three decrees against defenders; two dismissed in absence. Two decrees of absolvitor; one not returned to Court; one continued *sine die*; one still pending.

VI. Number of Cases under consideration of the Sheriff, and not yet disposed of.	VII. Number of Cases in which Appeals against Interlocutor of Sheriff-Substitute have been made to Sheriff-Depute.	VIII. Number of such Cases affirmed by Sheriff-Depute.	IX. Number of Cases altered or reversed by Sheriff-Depute.	X. Number of Cases undisposed of by Sheriff-Depute.	XI. Number of Prosecutions under sections 79 and 80 of Stat. 8 and 9 Vict. c. 83.	XII. Number of Convictions under sections 79 and 80 of Stat. 8 and 9 Vict. c. 83.	XIII. Number of Actions brought by Inspectors of the Poor for recovery of Aliment paid to Paupers, against parties bound in law to support such Paupers, and how disposed of.	XIV. Number of Actions of Relief brought by Inspectors of the Poor against Inspectors of other Parishes, of payments to Paupers, or relating to disputed settlements of Paupers.
1	...	...	...	...	3	3	1	2
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
1	1	1	...	...	2	2	...	2
...	...	...	...	...	6	4	2	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
3	1	1	...	...	...	...	4	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	1	1	3	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	2
...	...	...	...	...	19	3	10	...
...	...	...	...	...	4	3	3	...
1	...	...	...	...	1	1	3	3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
13	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

O. Lanark (Hamilton Dist.)

Col. I. These were verbal applications personally made to the Sheriff-Substitute, chiefly from parties who had been offered the poorhouse and refused to go thither. No regular note was kept of their number; but this is an approximation.

P. Lanark (Lanark Dist.)

Col. XIII. Decree obtained in each.
Col. XIV. Decree got in one, and two not insisted in.

Q. Lanark (Airdrie Dist.)

Col. I. No record is kept, but the average is five or six per week.

R. Linlithgow.

Col. IV. Including case not disposed of last year.
Col V. Including two cases not disposed of last year.

S. Nairn.

Col III. In one of the above applications for relief the applicant was admitted by the Parochial Board after answers lodged, and the other application was withdrawn, also after answers.
Col. XIII. In which decree for pursuer.

T. Orkney and Shetland (Orkney Dist.)

Col. XIII. One action settled extrajudicially, and one dismissed.

U. Orkney and Shetland (Shetland Dist.)

Col. I. I have besides to report that applications are made to me almost daily by parties who, after hearing my view of their applications, do not wish judicial proceedings to be taken. The above Return embraces only those cases in which judicial orders have been made.

COUNTIES.		Reference to Notes.	I. Number of Applications to the Sheriff from 1st July 1867 to 30th June 1868.	II. Number of Cases in which an order has been made upon the Inspector to afford interim relief.	III. Number of Cases in which, after an order made by the Sheriff for interim relief, Answers have been lodged by Inspectors.	IV. Number of Cases in which an order made by the Sheriff to admit the Applicant to the roll of Paupers.	V. Number of Cases in which the Application to the Sheriff has been refused on the merits, or in which Applicant has declined or neglected to proceed within proper time.
Perth	Perth,	V	2	2	...	...	...
	Dunblane,		...	...	...	...	...
Renfrew	Greenock,	W	3	1	1	...	...
	Paisley,	X	12	12	1	...	...
Ross	Tain,	Y	3	2	2	1	2
	Dingwall,		10	2	2	3	5
	Cromarty,		...	...	...	...	...
	Lewis,	Z	14	7	...	...	7
Roxburgh,		A	5	4	4	1	3
Selkirk,			6	...	...	...	...
Stirling	Stirling,	B	11	10	6	2	2
	Falkirk,		3	3	3	1	...
Sutherland,			3	3	3	1	3
Wigton,			19	4	3	...	2
Total,			781	475	129	171	115

V. Perth (Perth Dist.)

Col. I. Written application.

Note.—Numerous verbal applications have been made during the year, especially from Perth, which, by a conference with the Inspectors, have been accommodated so as to render further procedure unnecessary.

Col. XIII. Four decerned; one assoilzied.

W. Renfrew (Greenock Dist.)

Col. XIII. Believed to have been none; but no register kept from which this can be correctly ascertained.

X. Renfrew (Paisley Dist.)

Col. I. No record kept.
Cols. XIII. and XIV. These actions are generally raised in the Small Debt Court, the record book of which does not contain any answers regarding these queries. There is at present one action depending in the ordinary Court between Inspectors as to the disputed settlement of a pauper.

VI. umber f Cases under nsidera- n of the heriff, nd not et dis- osed of.	VII. Number of Cases in which Appeals against Interlocutor of Sheriff-Substitute have been made to Sheriff-Depute.	VIII. Number of such Cases affirmed by Sheriff-Depute.	IX. Number of Cases altered or reversed by Sheriff-Depute.	X. Number of Cases undisposed of by Sheriff-Depute.	XI. Number of Prosecutions under sections 79 and 80 of Stat. 8 and 9 Vict. c. 83.	XII. Number of Convictions under sections 79 and 80 of Stat. 8 and 9 Vict. c. 83.	XIII. Number of Actions brought by Inspectors of the Poor for recovery of Aliment paid to Paupers, against parties bound in law to support such Paupers, and how disposed of.	XIV. Number of Actions of Relief brought by Inspectors of the Poor against Inspectors of other Parishes, of payments to Paupers, or relating to disputed settlements of Paupers.
...	...	...	...	...	2	2	5	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	1	...	...	2	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	...	...	...	...	5	4	1	...
...	...	...	...	...	7	7	...	...
...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
1	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...
27	10	8	1	1	73	46	53	30

Y. Ross (Tain Dist.)

Col. XIII. Defender assoilzied.

Z. Ross (Lewis Dist.)

Col. V. Without answers.

A. Roxburgh.

Col. XII. Warrant granted to apprehend; but not enforced in consequence of the parties having absconded.

B. Stirling (Stirling Dist.)

Col. II. Four of these not more heard of.
Col. XIII Of the two cases formerly in dependence, one is settled in favour of the defender, and the other is still pending.

APPENDIX (B.)—No. 2.

Record of Applications complaining of Inadequate Relief, from 1st July 1868 to 30th June 1869.

No.	Date of Receipt of Application	Name of Pauper.	Parish.	Application laid before Board.	Deliverance by Board of Supervision.	Deliverance intimated to Applicant.
	1868.			1868.		1868.
255	July 1	Marion Gourlay	Edinburgh	July 2	Refused—(poorhouse)	July 3
256	July 1	Edward Patterson	Lochmaben	July 2	Remitted for reconsideration	
				July 23	Ground of complaint removed	July 24
257	July 1	Widow Helen Gonnan	St Cuthberts	July 2	Refused—(poorhouse)	July 3
258	June 26 *Eo die* to Inspector, received July 3.	James M'Clatchie	Dailly	July 9	Remitted for observations of par. board	
				Oct. 2	Ground of complaint removed	Oct. 3
259	June 30	Jane Ross	Nairn	July 9	Refused—(poorhouse)	July 10
260	June 30	Catherine Ratcliffe	Whitburn	July 9	Continued	
				Aug. 12	Continued for further information	
				Aug. 26	Refused	Aug. 27
261	July 6 *Eo die* to Inspector, received July 8.	Ann Cockburn	Dundonald	July 9	Refused—(poorhouse)	July 10
262	July 6	Esther Taylor or Stewart	Strathdon	July 9	Refused	July 10
263	July 6	George Burnett	Gamrie	July 9	Refused	July 10
264	July 7	William Clark	Daviot (Aberdeen)	July 9	Refused	July 10
265	July 7	John Mitchell	Alloa	July 9	Medical certificate	
				July 23	Remitted for reconsideration	
				Aug. 12	Ground of complaint removed	Aug. 13
266	July 8	William Wilson	St Cuthberts	July 9	Refused—(poorhouse)	July 10
267	July 8	John Pringle	Glasgow	July 9	Refused—(poorhouse)	July 10

268	July 8	Widow Marjory Mitchell	Alyth	July 9	Refused—(poorhouse)	July 10
269	July 8 *Eo die* to Inspector, received July 13.	Ann Doull	Latheron	July 16 Aug. 12	Remitted for observations of par. board Refused—(poorhouse)	 Aug. 13
270	July 8 *Eo die* to Inspector, received July 15.	Allan Macintosh	Torosay	July 16	Refused—(poorhouse)	July 17
271	July 8 *Eo die* to Inspector, received July 11.	Widow Eliza Ross or Sherlaw	Innerwick	July 16	Refused—(poorhouse)	July 17
272	July 9 *Eo die* to Inspector, received July 11.	Widow Margaret Forgie or Turpie	Kinghorn	July 16	Refused	July 17
273	July 10	Widow Marion Walker	Abbey (Paisley)	July 16	Refused	July 17
274	July 11	William Irvine	Riccarton	July 16 July 23	Remitted for reconsideration Ground of complaint removed	 July 24
275	July 11	John Lawson	Kinross	July 16	Refused	July 17
276	July 11	James Robertson	Cadder	July 16 Aug. 5 Aug. 19	Remitted for reconsideration Medical certificate Ground of complaint removed	 Aug. 20
277	July 11	Thomas Reddie	Kettle	July 16	Refused	July 17
278	July 13	Bernard M'Cabe	Uphall	July 16	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	July 17
279	July 13	Widow Margaret Durie or Taylor	Fordoun	July 16 July 23 Aug. 12 Aug. 19	Continued Continued Call for report when applicant's daughter is provided for Refused—(poorhouse)	 Aug. 20
280	July 14	Peter Stewart	Logierait	July 16	Refused	July 17
281	July 15	Widow Isobel Smith	Coldstream	July 16	Refused	July 17
282	July 15	Mary Jane M'Kenna	Ratho	July 16	Refused—(poorhouse)	July 17
283	July 15	James Hunter	Banchory-Devenick	July 16	Refused—(poorhouse)	July 17

No.	Date of Receipt of Application	Name of Pauper.	Parish.	Application laid before Board.	Deliverance by Board of Supervision.	Deliverance intimated to Applicant.
	1868.			1868.		1868.
284	July 15	Patrick Slavan	Old Monkland	July 16	Refused—(poorhouse)	July 17
285	July 16	Widow Janet Muir or Drewer	Lady	July 23	Remitted for reconsideration	
				Aug. 19	Remitted again—allowance must be fixed	
				Sept. 16	Ground of complaint removed	Sept. 17
286	July 17	Widow Janet Sinclair	Walls	July 23	Refused	July 24
287	June 22 *Eo die* to Inspector, received July 17.	Marion Macphee	South Uist	July 23	Refused	July 24
288	July 17	Widow Margaret Bell or Queen	Renfrew	July 23	Refused	July 24
289	July 9 *Eo die* to Inspector, received July 17.	Helen Harper	South Ronaldshay	July 23	Medical certificate	
				Aug. 26	Refused	Aug. 27
290	July 15 *Eo die* to Inspector, received July 18.	Widow Jane Stewart Munro	Rosskeen	July 23	Refused	July 24
291	July 18	Widow John Patrick	Kilsyth	July 23	Refused—(poorhouse)	July 24
292	July 20	Alexander Thompson	Fraserburgh	July 23	Refused	July 24
293	July 20	William Rintoul	Dysart	July 23	Remitted for observations of par. board	
				Aug. 5	Ground of complaint removed	Aug. 6
294	July 22	Widow Elizabeth M'Queeny	Edinburgh	July 23	Refused—(poorhouse)	July 24
295	July 20 *Eo die* to Inspector, received July 23.	Elizabeth Smith or Cameron	Glasgow	July 31	Refused—(poorhouse)	Aug. 1
296	July 23	Widow Barbara Edgar or Houstoun	Inch	July 31	Refused—(poorhouse)	Aug. 1
297	July 23	Widow Eliz. Steven or Sutherland	Thurso	July 31	Medical certificate	
				Oct. 21	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	Oct. 22

298	July 25	Donald Corbet	Nairn	July 31	Continued	
				Aug. 19	Remitted for reconsideration	
				Sept. 16	Refused—(poorhouse)	Sept. 17
299	July 28	Widow Mary Scotland or Morrison	Alva	July 31	Remitted for reconsideration	
				Sept. 2	Ground of complaint removed	Sept. 3
300	July 29	Donald Macdonald	North Uist	July 31	Remitted for reconsideration	
				Aug. 26	Allowance must be made adequate	
				Sept. 16	Ground of complaint removed	Sept. 17
301	July 29	Widow Ritchie	Abbey (Paisley)	July 31	Refused—(poorhouse)	Aug. 1
302	July 28 *Eo die* to Inspector, received July 30.	Widow Ann Taylor or Gould	Lanark	July 31	Ground of complaint removed	Aug. 1
303	July 30	Alexander Sellar	Peterhead	July 31	Remitted for reconsideration	
				Aug. 19	Ground of complaint removed	Aug. 20
304	July 30	Ann Logan	North Leith	July 31	Remitted for observations of par. board	
				Aug. 19	Refused	Aug. 20
305	July 31	John Kelly	Houstoun	Aug. 5	Medical certificate	
				Aug. 12	Refused	Aug. 13
306	July 31	David Farquhar	Ochiltree	Aug. 5	Refused	Aug. 6
307	Aug. 1	Mary Morgan for Allan Morgan	Dundonald	Aug. 5	Refused	Aug. 6
308	Aug. 3	Janet Macdonald	Urquhart (Inverness)	Aug. 5	Medical certificate	
				Aug. 12	Remitted for observations of par. board	
				Sept. 9	Refused—(poorhouse)	Sept. 10
309	Aug. 3	Widow Mary Henderson or Hume	Portmoak	Aug. 5	Medical certificate	
				Aug. 19	Remitted for reconsideration	
				Sept. 2	Ground of complaint removed	Sept. 3
310	Aug. 4	Widow Jane Brotchie or Clark	Kirkcaldy	Aug. 5	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	Aug. 6
311	July 21 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Aug. 5.	Margaret Campbell	Kenmore	Aug. 12	Refused—(poorhouse)	Aug. 13
312	Aug. 5	William Ramsay	St Vigeans	Aug. 12	Refused	Aug. 13

No.	Date of Receipt of Application	Name of Pauper.	Parish.	Application laid before Board.	Deliverance by Board of Supervision.	Deliverance intimated to Applicant.
	1868.			1868.		1868.
313	Aug. 6 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Aug. 11.	James Fleming - - -	Blairgowrie -	Aug. 12 Aug. 26	Ascertain if offer of poorhouse still made Refused—(poorhouse) - -	 Aug. 27
314	Aug. 6 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Aug. 12.	Widow Catherine Fisher -	Barony - -	Aug. 12	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Aug. 13
315	Aug. 6	William Munro - - -	Kildonan -	Aug. 12	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Aug. 13
316	July 30 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Aug. 6.	Elizabeth Henderson - -	Latheron -	Aug. 12	Refused - - - -	Aug. 13
317	Aug. 8	Widow Robert Sutherland -	Kildonan -	Aug. 12	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Aug. 13
318	Aug. 8	Widow Catherine M'Neill or Green	Maybole -	Aug. 12	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Aug. 13
319	Aug. 10	Robert Newbigging - -	Lanark - -	Aug. 12	Refused - - - -	Aug. 13
320	Aug. 12	Widow Hannah Scott - -	Barony - -	Aug. 12	Refused - - - -	Aug. 13
321	Aug. 1 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Aug. 17.	Widow Ann Macphail or Martin -	Stornoway -	Aug. 19	Refused - - - -	Aug. 20
322	Aug. 5 To Inspector Aug. 6, received Aug. 14.	Catherine Moran - -	Tranent - -	Aug. 19	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	Aug. 20
323	Aug. 12	Widow Isabella Grant - -	Cromdale -	Aug. 19 Aug. 26	Continued Refused - - - -	 Aug. 27
324	Aug. 14	Mary Meanan - - -	Edinburgh -	Aug. 19	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	Aug. 20
325	Aug. 14	Thomas Fulton - - -	Greenock -	Aug. 19	Refused - - - -	Aug. 20
326	Aug. 15	James Lumsden - - -	Coldingham -	Aug. 19 Sept. 2	Continued Refused - - - -	 Sept. 3

327	Aug. 17	Widow Margaret Scott or Duncan	Kirkcaldy -	Aug. 19	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Aug. 20
328	Aug. 17	James Caanan - - -	Denny - -	Aug. 19	Remitted for reconsideration	
				Sept. 23	Continued	
				Oct. 21	Continued for evidence of wife's earnings	
				Oct. 29	Refused - - - -	Oct. 30
329	Aug. 18	Bridget Flynn - - -	Edinburgh -	Aug. 19	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Aug. 20
330	Aug. 19	Widow Margaret Ross - -	Edinburgh -	Aug. 26	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Aug. 27
331	Aug. 20	Jane Martin or M'Callich -	Govan - -	Aug. 26	Continued	
				Sept. 2	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	Sept. 3
332	Aug. 13 To Inspector Aug. 17, received Aug. 19.	Walter Clephane - -	Canongate -	Aug. 26	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Aug. 27
333	Aug. 19	Mary Shakey or Macartney -	Lochwinnoch -	Aug. 26	Continued	
				1869. July 1	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	1869. July 2
				1868.		1868.
334	Aug. 21	Widow Jane White - -	West Linton -	Aug. 26	Refused - - - -	Aug. 27
335	Aug. 20	Mary Morrison - - -	Lanark - -	Aug. 26	Refused - - - -	Aug. 27
336	Aug. 24	Elizabeth Annand - -	Lintrathen -	Aug. 26	Refused - - - -	Aug. 27
337	Aug. 24	John Campbell - - -	Creich (Suthd.)	Aug. 26	Medical certificate	
				Sept. 16	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Sept. 17
338	Aug. 25	Jane Thomson - - -	Cairney - -	Aug. 26	Refused - - - -	Aug. 27
339	Aug. 27	Janet Davidson or Byres -	Hutton (Dumfries) - -	Aug. 26	Refused - - - -	Aug. 27
340	Aug. 27	Ann Day for Elizabeth Day -	Glasgow - -	Sept. 2	Remitted for observations of par. board	
				Sept. 9	Continued—interim increase given	
				Oct. 15	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Oct. 16
341	Aug. 27	Widow Jean Melride - -	Shotts - -	Sept. 2	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Sept. 3
342	Aug. 24 To Inspector Aug. 28, received Sept. 8.	Wid. Grace Strachan for Alex. Strachan	Coldingham -	Sept. 9	Refused - - - -	Sept. 10
343	Aug. 27 To Inspector Aug. 28, received Sept 3.	Widow Christian Fraser or Martin	Monzie (Dist.)	Sept. 9	Refused - - - -	Sept. 10

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	1868.			1868.		1868.
344	Sept. 2	Charles Boyd	Monkton	Sept. 9	Refused	Sept. 10
345	Sept. 3	James Campbell	Kilmallie	Sept. 9	Refused	Sept. 10
346	Sept. 5	Mary Macdonald	Urquhart (Inverness)	Sept. 9	Refused—(poorhouse)	Sept. 10
347	Sept. 5	Bell Macdonald	Urquhart (Do.)	Sept. 9	Refused—(poorhouse)	Sept. 10
348	Sept. 7 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Sept. 9.	Janet Locke	St Cuthberts	Sept. 9	Refused—(poorhouse)	Sept. 10
349	Sept. 8	Ann Grant	Urquhart (Inverness)	Sept. 9	Refused—(poorhouse)	Sept. 10
350	Sept. 2 To Inspector Sept. 7, received Sept. 10.	Margaret Gaynor	Edinburgh	Sept. 16	Refused	Sept. 17
351	Sept. 6	Widow Helen Dalziel	Kilmaurs	Sept. 16	Refused	Sept. 17
352	Sept. 11	Margaret Donald	Keig	Sept. 16	Medical certificate	
				Oct. 2	Ground of complaint removed	Oct. 3
353	Sept. 11	Thomas Bradburn	Greenock	Sept. 16	Refused—(poorhouse)	Sept. 17
354	Sept. 12	Margaret Sutherland	Latheron	Sept. 16	Refused—(poorhouse)	Sept. 17
355	Sept. 14	Mary Kelly or Holmes	Leswalt	Sept. 16	Medical certificate	
				Sept. 23	Remitted for reconsideration	
				Oct. 21	Ground of complaint removed	Oct. 22
356	Sept. 11 To Inspector Sept. 14, received Sept. 17.	Janet Fraser	Perth	Sept. 23	Ground of complaint removed	Sept. 24
357	Sept. 14 To Inspector Sept. 16, received Sept. 18.	Widow Ann Clark Moffat	New Monkland	Sept. 23	Refused—(poorhouse)	Sept. 24

358	Sept. 17	John Muir	Irvine	Sept. 23	Refused	Sept. 24
359	Sept. 17	Elizabeth Marshall	Wilton	Sept. 23	Refused—(poorhouse)	Sept. 24
360	Sept. 18	Robert Lauderdale	Mochrum	Sept. 23	Refused	Sept. 24
361	Sept. 21	Janet Morrison	Wick	Sept. 23	Medical certificate	
				Oct. 2	Remitted for reconsideration	
				Oct. 21	Ground of complaint removed	Oct. 22
362	Sept. 21	Christy Grant	Wick	Sept. 23	Medical certificate	
				Oct. 2	Refused—(poorhouse)	Oct. 3
363	Sept. 23	Adam Mutch	Edinburgh	Oct. 2	Refused—(poorhouse)	Oct. 3
364	Aug. 19 *Eo die* to Inspector of Colinton, received Aug. 31. To St Cuthberts Aug. 31, received Sept. 24.	Ann Wilson or Bruce	Colinton	Oct. 2	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	Oct. 3
365	Sept. 23	John Macdonald	Kinnaird	Oct. 2	Refused	Oct. 3
366	Sept. 22 To Inspector Sept. 23, received Sept. 24.	Patrick Graham	Borrowstounness	Oct. 2	Refused—(poorhouse)	Oct. 3
367	Sept. 24	Widow Jane Leighton or Young	Aberdeen	Oct. 2	Refused—(poorhouse)	Oct. 3
368	Sept. 25	Alexander Roger	Fetteresso	Oct. 2	Refused	Oct. 3
369	Sept. 26	Widow Thomson Marshall	Aberdeen	Oct. 2	Refused—(poorhouse)	Oct. 3
370	Sept. 26	Murdoch Mackenzie	Lochalsh	Oct. 2	Refused	Oct. 3
371	Sept. 18 To Inspector Sept. 22, received Sept. 26.	James Hart	Carnock	Oct. 2	Refused	Oct. 3
372	Sept. 28	Jane Sinclair	Nairn	Oct. 2	Refused—(poorhouse)	Oct. 3
373	Sept. 18 To Inspector Sept. 22, received Sept. 23.	Christina Nicoll	Latheron	Oct. 2	Refused—(poorhouse)	Oct. 3
374	Sept. 28	Margaret Sinclair	Latheron	Oct. 2	Refused—(poorhouse)	Oct. 3

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	1868.			1868.		1868.
375	Sept. 28	Catherine Cunningham - -	Latheron -	Oct. 2	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Oct. 3
376	Sept. 22 To Inspector Sept. 23 received Sept. 28.	Widow Jane Milner or Troup -	Culsalmond -	Oct. 2	Refused - - - -	Oct. 3
377	Sept. 28	Helen Green - - -	Old Kilpatrick	Oct. 2	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Oct. 3
378	Sept. 19 To Inspector Sept. 22 received Sept. 30.	Widow James M'Kay - -	Reay - -	Oct. 2	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Oct. 3
379	Sept. 30	Sarah M'Clymont Thomson -	Glasgow -	Oct. 2	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Oct. 3
380	Sept. 30	Jessie Reid - - -	Kilwinning -	Oct. 2	Medical certificate	
				Oct. 15	Continued	
				Oct. 29	Remitted for reconsideration	
				Nov. 12	Ground of complaint removed -	Nov. 13
381	Oct. 3	Agnes M'Lellan or Farrell -	Dunbar - -	Oct. 8	Continued	
				Oct. 21	Ground of complaint removed -	Oct. 22
382	Oct. 3	John Thomson - - -	Midmar - -	Oct. 8	Refused - - - -	Oct. 9
383	Oct. 2	Widow Ann High or David -	Kirriemuir -	Oct. 8	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Oct. 9
384	Oct. 2	William Laurie - - -	Kinross - -	Oct. 8	Remitted for reconsideration	
				Oct. 15	Ground of complaint removed -	Oct. 16
385	Oct. 3	Alexander Brown - -	South Ronaldshay	Oct. 8	Remitted for reconsideration	
				Nov. 15	Remitted again—increase not sufficient	
				1869. Jan. 7	Ground of complaint removed -	1869. Jan. 8
				1868.		1868.
386	Oct. 3	Widow Mary Petrie or Munro -	New Spynie -	Oct. 8	Refused - - - -	Oct. 9
387	Oct. 6	James Donally - - -	Girthon - -	Oct. 8	Refused - - - -	Oct. 9

388	Oct. 2 To Inspector Oct. 5, received Oct. 7.	Patrick M'Corrin	Dundee	Oct. 8	Continued	
				Oct. 15	Continued	
				Oct. 21	Refused	Oct. 22
389	Oct. 7	Mary Macinnes	Morven	Oct. 8	Refused	Oct. 9
390	Oct. 3 To Inspector Oct. 5, received Oct. 7.	James Kennedy for Robert Paton	Kilmarnock	Oct. 8	Continued	
				Oct. 15	Refused	Oct. 16
391	Oct. 7	James Black	Stranraer	Oct. 8	Refused—(poorhouse)	Oct. 9
392	Oct. 10	Hugh Wilson	Rutherglen	Oct. 15	Remitted for reconsideration	
				Oct. 29	Ground of complaint removed	Oct. 30
393	Oct. 8	David Findlay	Brechin	Oct. 15	Refused	Oct. 16
394	Oct. 7	John Howie	Deskford	Oct. 15	Remitted for observations of par. board	
				Nov. 19	Refused	Nov. 20
395	Oct. 2 To Inspector Oct. 5, received Oct. 8.	Widow Elizabeth Brown	Skene	Oct. 15	Remitted for reconsideration	
				Oct. 29	Ground of complaint removed	Oct. 30
396	Oct. 10	Margaret Ballantyne	Bathgate	Oct. 15	Refused—(poorhouse)	Oct. 16
397	Oct. 1 To Inspector Oct. 5, received Oct. 12.	Elizabeth Matches	Kirkwall	Oct. 15	Ground of complaint removed	Oct. 16
398	Oct. 15	Ellen Connor	North Leith	Oct. 21	Refused—(poorhouse)	Oct. 22
399	Oct. 17	Ann Doull	Latheron	Oct. 21	Refused	Oct. 22
400	Oct. 19	James Smith	Grange	Oct. 21	Refused	Oct. 22
401	Oct. 19	Robert Denny	Barony	Oct. 21	Refused—(poorhouse)	Oct. 22
402	Oct. 19	Roderick Mackenzie	Knockbain	Oct. 21	Refused—(poorhouse)	Oct. 22
403	Oct. 19	Jessie Gordon	Creich (Suthd.)	Oct. 21	Remitted for observations of par. board	
				Dec. 23	Refused—(poorhouse)	Dec. 24
404	Oct. 14 To Inspector Oct. 14, received Oct. 19.	Isabella Grant	Ardnamurchan	Oct. 21	Continued	
				Nov. 19	Medical certificate	
				Dec. 17	Ground of complaint removed	Dec. 18

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	1868.			1868.		1868.
405	Oct. 17 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Oct. 24.	Widow Mary Gow	Balfron	Oct. 29	Refused	Oct. 30
406	Oct. 21	James Graham	Annan	Oct. 29	Refused—(poorhouse)	Oct. 30
407	Oct. 21	Margaret Macdonald	Kingarth	Oct. 29	Refused—(poorhouse)	Oct. 30
408	Oct. 1 To Inspector Oct. 5, received Oct. 23.	Widow Janet Sinclair	Walls	Oct. 29	Refused	Oct. 30
409	Oct. 23	Joseph Gibson	Hutton (Berwick)	Oct. 29	Refused	Oct. 30
410	Oct. 23	Widow Mary Docherty	Barony	Oct. 29	Refused—(poorhouse)	Oct. 30
411	Oct. 23	John Macdonald	Aberdeen	Oct. 29	Refused—(poorhouse)	Oct. 30
412	Oct. 24	James M'Ghee	Auchinleck	Oct. 29	Refused—(poorhouse)	Oct. 30
413	Oct. 27	Hay Wilson	Edinburgh	Oct. 29	Refused—(poorhouse)	Oct. 30
414	Oct. 23	Widow Helen Bell	Annan	Oct. 29	Refused—(poorhouse)	Oct. 30
415	Oct. 21 To Inspector Oct. 23, received Oct. 30.	Widow Mary M'Lellan or Wilson	Aberdeen	Nov. 5	Refused—(poorhouse)	Nov. 6
416	Oct. 23 To Inspector Oct. 27, received Nov. 3.	Catherine Cumming	Kilbride (Arran)	Nov. 5	Refused	Nov. 6
417	Oct. 29	Elizabeth Mann or M'Lean	Alvie	Nov. 5	Refused	Nov. 6
418	Oct. 30	Widow Ann Dearay or Johnston	Uphall	Nov. 5	Refused	Nov. 6
419	Oct. 31	Helen Fender or Punton	Dunbar	Nov. 5	Remitted for reconsideration	
				Nov. 12	Ground of complaint removed	Nov. 13
420	Oct. 31	Widow Ann Wood	Canongate	Nov. 5	Refused—(poorhouse)	Nov. 6
421	Nov. 2	Andrew Young	Monkton	Nov. 5	Refused	Nov. 6

422	Nov. 4 To Inspector Nov. 5, received Nov. 11.	Widow Catherine Forbes or Davidson	Nairn - -	Nov. 12	Medical certificate	
				Dec. 3	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Dec. 4
423	Nov. 6 To Inspector Nov. 7, received Nov. 12.	Lydia Kennedy or Macdonald -	Straiton - -	Nov. 12	Remitted for observations of par. board	
				Dec. 3	Ground of complaint removed -	Dec. 4
424	Nov. 6	Alexander Kessan - -	Towie - -	Nov. 12	Medical certificate	
				Nov. 26	Refused - - - -	Nov. 27
425	Nov. 6	Widow Rettie - - -	Tyrie - -	Nov. 12	Refused - - - -	Nov. 13
426	Nov. 7	Alexander Macfarlane - -	Linlithgow -	Nov. 12	Refused - - - -	Nov. 13
427	Nov. 9	Widow Janet Paton or Wilson -	St Ninians -	Nov. 12	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Nov. 13
428	Nov. 10	Widow Bridget Longan - -	Greenock -	Nov. 12	Continued	
				Nov. 26	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Nov. 27
429	Nov. 11 To Inspector Nov. 13, received Nov. 17.	Elizabeth Holland - -	Edinburgh -	Nov. 19	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Nov. 20
430	Nov. 12 To Inspector Nov. 13, received Nov. 17.	Bridget Curly - - -	Edinburgh -	Nov. 19	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	Nov. 20
431	Nov. 12	Widow Alexander Sinclair -	Wick - -	Nov. 19	Continued	
				Dec. 3	Remitted for reconsideration	
				Dec. 17	Continued	
				Dec. 31	If provision not made for protection of girl of 18 if mother goes to poorhouse, minute will be issued	
				1869.		1869.
				Jan. 14	Continued	
				Feb. 11	Continued for decision of parochial board	
				Feb. 18	Circulate to members of board	
				Mar. 11	Minute issued - - -	Mar. 12

No.	Date of Receipt of Application	Name of Pauper.	Parish.	Application laid before Board.	Deliverance by Board of Supervision.	Deliverance intimated to Applicant
	1868.			1868.		1868.
432	Nov. 13	Ann Doull - - -	Latheron -	Nov. 19	Continued	
				Nov. 26	Refused, in respect applicant can be removed to her own parish in the manner recommended by the medical officer, and be provided for there - - -	Nov. 27
433	Nov. 14	Widow Henrietta Forbes or Malcolm	Wick - -	Nov. 19	Refused - - - -	Nov. 20
434	Nov. 16	David Doull - -	Wick - -	Nov. 19	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Nov. 20
435	Nov. 16	John Stewart for Helen M'Carron	Old Machar -	Nov. 19	Observations of parochial board	
				Dec. 3	Refused—Par. board ought to obtain custody of child, and provide for her education -	Dec. 4
436	Nov. 16	Widow Ann Young - -	Keith - -	Nov. 19	Refused - - - -	Nov. 20
437	Nov. 18	James Walker - - -	Tyrie - -	Nov. 19	Refused - - - -	Nov. 20
438	Nov. 18	William Macadam - -	Girthon - -	Nov. 19	Refused - - - -	Nov. 20
439	Nov. 18	Elizabeth Walker - -	Tyrie - -	Nov. 19	Refused - - - -	Nov. 20
440	Nov. 12 To Inspector Nov. 13, received Nov. 19.	Catherine M'Lean - -	Latheron -	Nov. 26	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Nov. 27
441	Nov. 20	Jessie Patterson - - -	St Vigeans -	Nov. 26	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Nov. 27
442	Nov. 20	Widow Thomas Conelly - -	Barony - -	Nov. 26	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Nov. 27
443	Nov. 21 To Inspector Nov. 24, received Nov. 25.	Wid. Mary Walker Hutcheson M'Lellan	Edinburgh -			
444	Nov. 21	George Horn - - -	Marnoch -	Nov. 26	Continued	
				Dec. 10	Refused - - - -	Dec. 11
445	Nov. 23	Widow Ann King or Muir -	Cross & Burness	Nov. 26	Remitted for reconsideration	
				1869. Apr. 8	Ground of complaint removed -	1869. Apr. 9
446	Nov. 23	Widow Ann Watson - -	Longside	1868. Nov 26	Refused - - - -	1868. Nov. 27

447	Nov. 24	Alexander Munro - -	Deskford -	Nov. 26	Medical certificate	
				Dec. 10	Refused - - - -	Dec. 11
448	Nov. 25	Widow Mary Docherty - -	Edinburgh -	Nov. 26	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Nov. 27
449	Nov. 25	Widow Sydney Sinclair or Laing	Latheron -	Nov. 26	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Nov. 27
450	Nov. 25	Murdoch Mackenzie - -	Lochalsh -	Nov. 26	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Nov. 27
451	Nov. 24 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Dec. 2.	Widow Agnes Dunn or Petrie -	Durris - -	Dec. 3	Refused - - - -	Dec. 4
452	Nov. 26	Margaret Findlay - -	St Cuthberts -	Dec. 3	Board decline to interfere - -	Dec. 4
453	Nov. 27	John Clark - - -	Unst - -	Dec. 3	Medical certificate	
				Dec. 31	Refused - - - -	Dec. 31
454	Nov. 28	James Flynn - - -	Mochrum -	Dec. 3	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Dec. 4
455	Nov. 28	Mary M'Miken - - -	Twynholm -	Dec. 3	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Dec. 4
456	Nov. 30	Alexander Bremner - -	Wick - -	Dec. 3	Remitted for observations of parochial board and medical certificate	
				Dec. 17	Continued	
				Dec. 31	Remitted for reconsideration	
				1869. Jan. 14	Ground of complaint removed -	1869. Jan. 15
457	Nov. 30 To Inspector Dec. 1, received Dec. 3.	James Aitken - - -	New Monkland	1868. Dec. 3	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	1868. Dec. 4
458	Nov. 30	Catherine Campbell or Duncan -	Newhills -	Dec. 3	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Dec. 4
459	Nov. 30	Widow Cockburn - -	Cramond -	Dec. 3	Refused - - - -	Dec. 4
460	Dec. 1	Alexander Copeland - -	Rathven -	Dec. 3	Refused - - - -	Dec. 4
461	Dec. 2	Widow Jane Sutherland or Mouatt	Durris - -	Dec. 3	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Dec. 4
462	Dec. 2	Helen Hilson or Laing - -	Newlands -	Dec. 3	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Dec. 4
463	Dec. 2	Widow Christian Gow or M'Lellan	Falkirk - -	Dec. 3	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Dec. 4
464	Dec. 3	Mary Pleetfoot - - -	Edinburgh -	Dec. 10	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Dec. 11
465	Dec. 3	George Rodgers - - -	Strichen - -	Dec. 10	Refused - - - -	Dec. 11
466	Dec. 3 To Inspector Dec. 4, received Dec. 9.	Jane Deerness or Moyes - -	Dysart - -	Dec. 10	Observations of Inspector of South Leith	
				Dec. 17	Refused - - - -	Dec. 18

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	1868.			1868.		1868.
467	Dec. 4	Widow Ann Hood - -	Jedburgh -	Dec. 10	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Dec. 11
468	Dec. 4 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Dec. 9.	Widow Jessie Munro -	Petty - -	Dec. 10	Refused - - - -	Dec. 11
469	Dec. 4 To Inspector Dec. 8, received Dec. 9.	Widow Burns - -	St Cuthberts -	Dec. 10	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Dec. 11
470	Dec. 10	Ellen Sinclair - - -	Unst - -	Dec. 17	Refused - - - -	Dec. 18
471	Dec. 10 To Inspector Dec. 14, received Dec. 17.	Widow Agnes Russell - -	St Cuthberts -	Dec. 17	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	Dec. 18
472	Dec. 12	Allan M'Dermid - - -	Glasgow - -	Dec. 17	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Dec. 18
473	Dec. 14	Wid. Christian Bisset or Cruickshank	Urquhart (Inverness) - -	Dec. 17	Refused - - - -	Dec. 18
474	Dec. 14	Widow Robert Munro - -	Wick - -	Dec. 17	Remitted for reconsideration	
				Dec. 31	Allowance must be made adequate	
				1869.		1869.
				Jan. 14	Refused - - - -	Jan. 15
				1868.		
475	Dec. 5 To Inspector, Scoonie, Dec. 7, received Dec. 11. To Markinch, Dec. 14, received Dec. 16.	Duncan Neish for William Carr -	Markinch -	Dec. 17	Remitted for observations of par. board	
				1869.		
				Jan. 7	Refused - - - -	Jan. 8

				1868.		1868.
476	Dec. 12 To Inspector Dec. 14, received Dec. 16.	David Darling	Hutton (Berwick)	Dec. 17	Refused	Dec. 18
477	Dec. 16 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Dec. 19.	James Aitken	New Monkland	Dec. 23	Refused—(poorhouse)	Dec. 24
478	Dec. 17 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Dec. 21.	Ann Doull	Latheron	Dec. 23	Continued	
				Dec. 31	Continued	
				1869.		1869.
				Jan. 7	Continued	
				Jan. 14	Refused	Jan. 15
				1868.		1868.
479	Dec. 14 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Dec. 17.	James M'Culloch	Whitburn	Dec. 23	Refused—(poorhouse)	Dec. 24
480	Dec. 16 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Dec. 21.	Janet Horne	Latheron	Dec. 23	Refused	Dec. 24
481	Dec. 16 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Dec. 21.	Dolina Farquhar	Latheron	Dec. 23	Continued	
				Dec. 31	Continued	
				1869.		1869.
				Jan. 7	Refused	Jan. 8
				1868.		1868.
482	Dec. 12 To Inspector Dec. 14, received Dec. 17.	Charlotte Daffron	Perth	Dec. 23	Refused—(poorhouse)	Dec. 24
483	Dec. 18	Widow James Moore	Grange	Dec. 23	Continued for medical certificate	
				Dec. 31	Refused	Dec. 31
484	Dec. 18	Barbara Petrie	Unst	Dec. 23	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	Dec. 24
485	Dec. 19	William Arnot	Kilwinning	Dec. 23	Refused—(poorhouse)	Dec. 24
486	Dec. 19	Hugh M'Hugh	Dunbar	Dec. 23	Refused	Dec. 24

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	1868.			1868.		1868.
487	Dec. 19	James Lindores - - -	Ayton - -	Dec. 23	Refused - - - -	Dec. 24
488	Dec. 21	Duncan Harrow - - -	Kilmallie -	Dec. 23	Continued	
				Dec. 31	Refused - - - -	Dec. 31
489	Dec. 21	Isabella M'Kinnon - -	Rothes - -	Dec. 23	Ground of complaint removed -	Dec. 24
490	Dec. 21	James Farrell - - -	Dunbar - -	Dec. 23	Refused - - -	Dec. 24
491	Dec. 22	John Young - - -	Kirkintilloch -	Dec. 23	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Dec. 24
492	Dec. 21	Thomas Beaton - - -	Kintore - -	Dec. 23	Refused - - - -	Dec. 24
493	Dec. 19 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Dec. 28.	Ann Johnston Buchanan -	Snizort - -	Dec. 31	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Dec. 31
494	Dec. 19 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Dec. 23.	Alexander M'Tavish - -	Kilmorack -	Dec. 31	Continued	
				1869. Jan. 22	Refused - - - -	1869. Jan. 23
495	Dec. 21 To Inspector Dec. 23, received Dec. 28.	Murdoch Maclean - -	Latheron -	1868. Dec. 31	Refused - - - -	1868. Dec. 31
496	Dec. 23	Widow Elizabeth Marshall -	Hawick - -	Dec. 31	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	Dec. 31
497	Dec. 24	Edward French - - -	Lanark - -	Dec. 31	Refused - - - -	Dec. 31
498	Dec. 26	Widow Helen Rowley - -	Tranent - -	Dec. 31	Continued	
				1869. Jan. 7	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	1869. Jan. 8
499	Dec. 28	Widow Elspet Bain - -	Fraserburgh -	1868. Dec. 31	Refused - - - -	1868. Dec. 31
500	Dec. 29	Francis Murray - - -	Abernethy (Elgin)	Dec. 31	Remitted for reconsideration	
				1869. Jan. 22	Remitted again for reconsideration, with medical certificate	1869.
				Mar. 11	Ground of complaint removed -	Mar. 12

1	Dec. 23 To Inspector Dec 29, received Dec. 31.	James Kilburn - -	Edinburgh -	Jan. 7 Jan. 14	Continued Ground of complaint removed -	Jan. 15
2	Dec. 24 To Inspector Dec. 29, received Dec. 31.	Widow Margaret Blakeley -	Edinburgh -	Jan. 7 Jan. 14	Continued Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Jan. 15
3	Dec. 26	Helen Thom - - -	Tyrie - -	Jan. 7	Refused - - - -	Jan. 8
4	Dec. 31 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Jan. 4, 1869.	Widow Elizabeth Lamb or M'Kenzie	Edinburgh -	Jan. 7	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	Jan. 8
5	Dec. 31	Widow Ann Macdonald or Fletcher	Kilbrandon -	Jan. 7	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Jan. 8
6	Dec. 28 To Inspector Dec. 29, received Jan. 4, 1869	Widow Mary Lewis - -	Lanark - -	Jan. 7	Refused - - - -	Jan. 8
7	Dec. 28 To Inspector Dec. 29 received Jan 4, 1869.	Janet Bell or Peebles - -	Alva - -	Jan. 7	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	Jan. 8
8	Dec. 31 To St Cuthberts Jan. 4 1869, received Jan 6. *Eo die* to Inverness, received Jan. 8.	Widow Elizabeth Gordon -	Inverness -	Jan. 14	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Jan. 15
9	1869. Jan. 4 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Jan. 6.	Widow Ann Sutherland - -	St Cuthberts -	Jan. 14	Refused - - - -	Jan. 15

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	1869.			1869.		1869.
10	Jan. 4 *Eo die* to Inspector received Jan. 9	William Laurie - - -	Ratho - -	Jan. 14	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Jan. 15
11	Jan. 5 To Inspector Jan. 6, received Jan. 8.	Widow Isabella Spence or Christie	Dunfermline -	Jan. 14	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Jan. 15
12	Jan. 5 To Inspector Jan 6. received Jan. 7.	Wid. Isabella Johnston or Macdonald	Edinburgh -	Jan. 14	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Jan. 15
13	Jan. 6 To St Cuthberts Jan. 6, received Jan. 8. To Edinburgh Jan. 9, received Jan. 12.	Widow Mary Burns or Cassels -	Edinburgh -	Jan. 14 Jan. 22	Continued Refused—(poorhouse) - -	 Jan. 23
14	Jan. 9	Joan Shewan or Nicholson -	Delting - -	Jan. 14	Refused - - - -	Jan. 15
15	Jan. 13	Widow Martha Caldwell -	Dailly - -	Jan. 4 Jan. 22	Medical certificate Refused - - - -	 Jan. 23
16	Jan. 13	William M'Quaide - -	Rutherglen -	Jan. 14	Refused - - - -	Jan. 15
17	Jan. 13	Grace Cairns or Strachan -	Coldingham -	Jan. 14	Refused - - - -	Jan. 15
18	Jan. 9 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Jan. 14.	Widow Sarah Campbell or M'Kinnon	Eastwood -	Jan. 22	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Jan. 23

19	Jan. 11 To Inspector Jan. 12, received Jan. 14.	Murdina Ross	Glasgow	Jan. 22	Refused—(poorhouse)	Jan. 23
20	Jan. 12 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Jan. 20.	Widow Marion M'Millan Thomson	Saddell and Skipness	Jan. 22	Continued	
				Jan. 28	Ground of complaint removed	Jan. 29
21	Jan. 14	George Templeton	Cardross	Jan. 22	Remitted for reconsideration	
				Feb. 11	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 12
22	Jan. 13 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Jan. 16.	Margaret Kirkham	Aberdour (Fife)	Jan. 22	Remitted for observations of par. board	
				Jan. 28	Ground of complaint removed	Jan. 29
23	Jan. 14	Mary Robertson	Wick	Jan. 22	Refused—(poorhouse)	Jan. 23
24	Jan. 15	William Morton	Tranent	Jan. 22	Remitted for observations of par. board	
				Feb. 11	Ground of complaint removed	Feb. 12
25	Jan. 15	John Murphy	Tranent	Jan. 22	Remitted for observations of par. board	
				Feb. 11	Ground of complaint removed	Feb. 12
26	Jan. 16	Terence Lappin	Glasgow	Jan. 22	Refused—(poorhouse)	Jan. 23
27	Jan. 16	Baird Beveridge	Rutherglen	Jan. 22	Medical certificate	
				Jan. 28	Remitted for reconsideration	
				Feb. 11	Increase not sufficient	
				Feb. 25	Ground of complaint removed	Feb. 26
28	Jan. 18	Widow Catherine Donaldson	Wick	Jan. 22	Refused—(poorhouse)	Jan. 23
29	Jan. 18	John Andrew for his son	Mauchline	Jan. 22	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	Jan. 23
30	Jan. 18 To Inspector Jan. 19, received Jan. 21.	Widow Ellen Torley	New Monkland	Jan. 22	Refused—(poorhouse)	Jan. 23
31	Jan. 18	Dennis M'Lean	Lanark	Jan. 22	Refused	Jan. 23
32	Jan. 20	Widow Ann Cameron or M'Diarmid	Barony	Jan. 22	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	Jan. 23
33	Jan. 20	John Ross	Urray	Jan. 22	Refused—incompetent	Jan. 23

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	1869.			1869.		1869.
34	Jan. 20	Ann Grant for William Macpherson	Kirkmichael (Banff) -	Jan. 22	Continued	
				Feb. 18	Call upon parochial board to fix allowance	
				Mar. 25	Continued	
				Apr. 1	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	Apr. 2
35	Jan. 21	Widow Bridget Clifford - -	St Cuthberts -	Jan. 22	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Jan. 23
36	Jan. 22	Catherine M'Beath - -	Urray - -	Jan. 28	Ground of complaint removed - -	Jan. 29
37	Jan. 27	James Anderson - - -	Kirkowan -	Jan. 28	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Jan. 29
38	Jan. 27	Mary Mack - - -	Gladsmuir -	Jan. 28	Refused - - - -	Jan. 29
39	Jan. 26	Widow Margaret M'Michie or Kerr	Cambusnethan	Jan. 28	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Jan. 29
40	Jan. 25	Widow Helen Allan or Lofferty -	Shotts - -	Jan. 28	Refused - - - -	Jan. 29
41	Jan. 23	Widow James Moore - -	Grange - -	Jan. 28	Continued	
				Feb. 11	Refused - - - -	Feb. 12
42	Jan. 23	Widow Mary Ann Tolan or Cartie	Yetholm -	Jan. 28	Refused - - - -	Jan. 29
43	Jan. 18 To Inspector Jan. 19, received Jan. 23.	Mary Mackenzie - -	Latheron -	Jan. 28	Continued	
				Feb. 11	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Feb. 12
44	Jan. 18 To Inspector Jan. 19, received Jan. 23.	Elizabeth Bremner - -	Latheron -	Jan. 28	Medical certificate	
				Feb. 11	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Feb. 12
45	Jan. 23	Widow Mary Tosh or Milne -	Aberlemno -	Jan. 28	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Jan. 29
46	Jan. 22	William Robertson - -	New Cumnock	Jan. 28	Continued	
				Feb. 11	Refused—(poorhouse)—clothing for journey to be supplied - - -	Feb. 12
47	Jan. 22	William Macaulay - -	Forres - -	Jan. 28	Medical certificate	
				Feb. 25	Refused - - - -	Feb. 26

48	Jan. 16 To Inspector Jan. 19, received Feb. 2.	James Harrower	Saline	Feb. 3	Ground of complaint removed	Feb. 4
49	Jan. 22 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Jan. 28.	Isabella Grant	Ardnamurchan	Feb. 3	Refused	Feb. 4
50	Jan. 28 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Feb. 1.	John M'Vey	Peebles	Feb. 3	Refused	Feb. 4
51	Jan. 30 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Feb. 2.	Ann Kirkland	Edinburgh	Feb. 3	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 4
52	Feb. 1	Donald Sutherland	Walls and Flotta	Feb. 3 Feb. 25	Medical certificate Refused	 Feb. 26
53	Feb. 2	Widow Jane Cochrane	South Leith	Feb. 3	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 4
54	Jan. 28	Donald Wilson	Assynt	Feb. 11	Refused	Feb. 12
55	Jan. 30 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Feb. 4.	Widow Euphemia M'Cafferty	Eastwood	Feb. 11	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 12
56	Jan. 30 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Feb. 8.	Catherine M'Gregor	Morven	Feb. 11	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 12
57	Feb. 6	William Fraser	Fearn	Feb. 11	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 12
58	Feb. 2 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Feb. 5.	James Sinclair	Kinross	Feb. 11 Feb. 18	Remitted for reconsideration Ground of complaint removed	 Feb. 19
59	Feb. 2 *Eo die* to Inspector. recd. Feb. 5.	Widow Catherine Rait	Edinburgh	Feb. 11	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 12
60	Feb. 3	Catherine Stewart or M'Gregor	Neilston	Feb. 11	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 12

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	1869.			1869.		1869.
61	Feb. 3	Mary Macdonald	Urquhart (Inverness)	Feb. 11	Medical certificate	
				Mar. 4	Refused	Mar. 5
62	Feb. 3	Agnes Marshall	Edrom	Feb. 11	Refused	Feb. 12
63	Feb. 4	Widow Helen Ross or Mackenzie	Fearn	Feb. 11	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 12
64	Feb. 4	William Bremner	Keith	Feb. 11	Refused	Feb. 12
65	Feb. 5	Widow Milne	Edinburgh	Feb. 11	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 12
66	Feb. 5	Donald Grant	Applecross	Feb. 11	Continued	
				Mar. 17	Evidence of means other than par. relief	
				May 6	Refused	May 7
67	Feb. 10	Alexander Morrison	Nigg	Feb. 11	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 12
68	Feb. 10	Widow Jane Brown Macnichol	Greenock	Feb. 11	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 12
69	Feb. 10	David Kirk	Dumfries	Feb. 11	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 12
70	Feb. 10 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Feb. 13	Widow John Ross	Killearnan	Feb. 18	Continued for observations of Inspector of Glasgow	
				Mar. 4	Refused—(poorhouse)	Mar. 5
71	Feb. 9 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Feb. 11. To Dundee Feb. 11, received Feb. 15.	John Adams	Dundee	Feb. 18	Ground of complaint removed—(poorhouse)	Feb. 19
72	Feb. 11	Widow Ann Macrae	Kintail	Feb. 18	Refused	Feb. 19
73	Feb. 12	Widow Rearth	Wick	Feb. 18	Continued	
				Feb. 25	Continued	
				Mar. 11	Observations of parochial board	
				Mar. 25	Refused	Mar. 25
74	Feb. 12	Widow Catherine Macdonald	Clyne	Feb. 18	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 19
75	Feb. 13	Widow Geary	Peterhead	Feb. 18	Remitted for observations of par. board	
				Mar. 17	Ground of complaint removed	Mar. 18

76	Feb. 15	Isabella Macleod	Assynt	Feb. 18	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 19
77	Feb. 15	Johan Milne	North Leith	Feb. 18	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 19
78	Feb. 15	Janet Campbell	Wick	Feb. 18	Refused	Feb. 19
79	Feb. 16	George Macgregor	Lanark	Feb. 18	Refused	Feb. 19
80	Feb. 15 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Feb. 19.	Ann Doull	Latheron	Feb. 25 Mar. 25 Apr. 8	Continued Continued for medical certificate Refused	 Apr. 9
81	Feb. 13 To Inspector Feb. 15, received Feb. 25.	Widow Eliza Sherlaw	Innerwick	Feb. 25 May 21	Remitted for observations of par. board Refused—(poorhouse)	 May 22
82	Feb. 15 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Feb. 24.	Widow Sylpha Munro or M'Kinnon	Strath	Feb. 25	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 26
83	Feb. 17 To Inspector Feb. 18, received Feb. 24.	James Hart	Carnock	Feb. 25	Refused	Feb. 26
84	Feb. 18	James Pirie	Rathven	Feb. 25 Mar. 11 Apr. 1	Remitted for reconsideration Medical certificate as to wife Refused	 Apr. 2
85	Feb. 18	Mary Laven	Edinburgh	Feb. 25	Refused	Feb. 26
86	Feb. 19	Widow Ann Henderson or Calder	Wick	Feb. 25	Refused	Feb. 26
87	Feb. 19	Janet M'Bride	Sorn	Feb. 25	Refused	Feb. 26
88	Feb. 20 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Feb. 24.	Widow Elizabeth Gray or Douglas	Dundee	Feb. 25	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 26
89	Feb. 20	Widow Elizabeth Brunton	Dunbar	Feb. 25 Mar. 11	Remitted for reconsideration Ground of complaint removed	 Mar. 12
90	Feb. 20 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Feb. 23.	Widow Mary Logan or Kirk	Dalmellington	Feb. 25	Refused	Feb. 26

No.	Date of Receipt of Application.	Name of Pauper.	Parish.	Application laid before Board.	Deliverance by Board of Supervision.	Deliverance intimated to Applicant.
	1869.			1869.		1869.
91	Feb. 22	Widow Marian Macartney	Monkton	Feb. 25	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 26
92	Feb. 22	James Urquhart	Resolis	Feb. 25	Ground of complaint removed	Feb. 26
93	Feb. 22	Daniel Macdougall	Rothesay	Feb. 25 Apr. 8	Remitted for reconsideration Ground of complaint removed	 Apr. 9
94	Feb. 22	Widow Jane Durie Smith	Penicuik	Feb. 25	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 26
95	Feb. 23	Widow Sievright	Auchinleck	Feb. 25	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 26
96	Feb. 23	Jane Macmaster	Auchinleck	Feb. 25	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 26
97	Feb. 24	Henry Knox	Kilbarchan	Feb. 25	Refused—(poorhouse)	Feb. 26
98	Feb. 22	Widow Margaret M'Callum	Monkton	Mar. 4	Refused—(poorhouse)	Mar. 5
99	Feb. 23	Margaret Macdonald	Inverness	Mar. 4	Refused—(poorhouse)	Mar. 5
100	To Inspector Feb 24, received Feb. 26. Feb. 24	Peter Maciver	Kilmartin	Mar. 4	Refused	Mar. 5
101	*Eo die* to Inspector, received Mar. 1. Feb. 25	Janet Polson	Kildonan	Mar. 4	Refused—(poorhouse)	Mar. 5
102	Feb. 26	Ann Young Muir	Paisley	Mar. 4	Refused—(poorhouse)	Mar. 5
103	Feb. 26	Andrew Templeton	Kilmaurs	Mar. 4 Mar. 11	Medical certificate Refused	 Mar. 12
104	Feb. 27	George Barr	Lanark	Mar. 4 Mar. 11	Medical certificate Refused	 Mar. 12
105	Feb. 25	James Shand	Drainie	Mar. 4 Mar. 11	Observations of Inspector of Cromdale Refused	 Mar. 12
106	Mar. 1	James Laven	Edinburgh	Mar. 11	Refused	Mar. 12
107	To Inspector Mar. 3, received Mar. 5. Mar. 8	Widow Christina Peter	Kintore	Mar. 11	Refused	Mar. 12

108	Feb. 22 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Mar. 5.	John Carruthers	Kirkmichael (Dumfries)	Mar. 11	Continued	
				Mar. 25	Remitted for observations of par. board	
				Apr. 16	Ground of complaint removed	Apr. 17
109	Mar. 3 To Inspector Mar. 5, received Mar. 9.	Widow Janet Gentle or Goodlet	St Cuthberts	Mar. 11	Ground of complaint removed	Mar. 12
110	Mar. 2 To Inspector Mar. 3, received Mar. 10.	Dolina Farquhar	Latheron	Mar. 11	Continued for medical certificate	
				Mar. 25	Continued	
				Apr. 8	Refused	Apr. 9
111	Mar. 8 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Mar. 10.	Widow M'Ilwane	Hamilton	Mar. 11	Refused—(poorhouse)	Mar. 12
112	Mar. 10	William Reid	Shotts	Mar. 11	Observations of Inspector of Whitburn	
				Mar. 25	Refused—(poorhouse)	Mar. 25
113	Mar. 4 To Inspector Mar. 5, received Mar. 13.	Widow Barbara Elder or Gunn	Tongue	Mar. 17	Refused—(poorhouse)	Mar. 18
114	Mar. 9 To Inspector Mar. 10, received Mar. 13.	Widow Margaret Young Durie	Cranston	Mar. 17	Refused—(poorhouse)	Mar. 18
115	Mar. 10	Christina Hodge	Cockpen	Mar. 17	Refused—(poorhouse)	Mar. 18
116	Mar. 10 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Mar. 12.	Widow M'Caul	St Cuthberts	Mar. 17	Refused—(poorhouse)	Mar. 18
117	Mar. 10	Widow Marion Cuthbertson or Buchan	South Leith	Mar. 17	Refused—(poorhouse)	Mar. 18
118	Mar. 11	Joanna Milne	North Leith	Mar. 17	Refused—(poorhouse)	Mar. 18
119	Mar. 12	Ann Brooks or Charteris	Edinburgh	Mar. 17	Refused—(poorhouse)	Mar. 18
120	Mar. 13	Widow Robina Mackay or Scott	Crossmichael	Mar. 17	Refused—(poorhouse)	Mar. 18

No.	Date of Receipt of Application	Name of Pauper.	Parish.	Application laid before Board.	Deliverance by Board of Supervision.	Deliverance intimated to Applicant.
	1869.			1869.		1869.
121	Mar. 15	Duncan M'Askill - -	Lochs - -	Mar. 17	Remitted for observations of par. board	
				May 6	Remitted for reconsideration	
				May 27	Evidence of means other than par. relief	
				June 17	Allowance must be made adequate	
				July 28	Increase not sufficient	
				Sept. 15	Communicate with Chairman	
				Oct. 8	Ground of complaint removed -	Oct. 9
122	Mar. 15	Alexander Macrae - -	Contin - -	Mar. 17	Refused - - - -	Mar. 18
123	Mar. 15	Edward O'Brien - -	Kirkpat.-Irongray	Mar. 17	Refused - - - -	Mar. 18
124	Mar. 16	Euphemia Macdonald - -	Logierait -	Mar. 25	For remarks of Inspector of Logierait	
				Apr. 1	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Apr. 2
125	Mar. 19	Charles Macpherson - -	Inveravon -	Mar. 25	Continued	
				Apr. 1	Remitted for reconsideration	
				May 6	Ground of complaint removed -	May 7
126	Mar. 19	Widow Agnes Boyd or Kinnel -	Mochrum -	Mar. 25	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Mar. 25
127	Mar. 17	James Webster - - -	Keith - -	Mar. 25	Refused - - - -	Mar. 25
128	Mar. 17	Farquhar M'Iver - -	Reay - -	Mar. 25	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Mar. 25
129	Mar. 15 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Mar. 19.	Elizabeth Bremner - -	Latheron -	Mar. 25	Continued for medical certificate	
				Apr. 8	Refused - - - -	Apr. 9
130	Mar. 18	George Forrest - - -	Peterhead -	Mar. 25	Refused - - - -	Mar. 25
131	Mar. 9 To Inspector Mar. 10, received Mar. 12.	Widow Jane Durie Smith -	Penicuik -	Mar. 25	Continued for remarks of Inspector of Cranston	
				Apr. 1	Refused - - - -	Apr. 17
132	Mar. 22	Thomas Glen - - -	Markinch -	Mar. 25	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Mar. 25
133	Mar. 18	Widow Mary English - -	Liff and Benvie	Mar. 25	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Mar. 25
134	Mar. 18	Mary Allison - - -	Knockbain -	Mar. 25	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Mar. 25
135	Mar. 24	Robina Anderson - -	Unst - -	Mar. 25	Continued	
				May 6	Refused - - - -	May 7

136	Mar. 27	Alexander Mille	Wick	Apr. 1	Refused	Apr. 2
137	Mar. 27	Hannah Duncan	Govan	Apr. 1	Refused—(poorhouse)	Apr. 2
138	Mar. 29	Charles Hay	Kirkcudbright	Apr. 1	Observations of poorhouse committee	
				May 6	Refused—(poorhouse)	May 7
139	Mar. 30	John Stewart	Kilbride (Arran)	Apr. 1	Refused	Apr. 2
140	Mar. 25	John Turner	Cambusnethan	Apr. 1	Refused—(poorhouse)	Apr. 2
141	Mar. 31	William Robertson	Denny	Apr. 1	Refused	Apr. 2
142	Mar. 27 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Apr. 1.	Widow Henrietta Miller or Sangster	Aberdeen	Apr. 8	Refused	Apr. 9
143	Mar. 29	Mary Kelly	Girvan	Apr. 8	Refused	Apr. 9
144	Apr. 1	Alexander Smith	Dores	Apr. 8	Remitted for observations of par. board	
				Apr. 16	Ground of complaint removed	Apr. 17
145	Apr. 1	Widow Ann Mair	Cairney	Apr. 8	Refused	Apr. 9
146	Apr. 2	Christian Fraser	Kirkmichael (Banff)	Apr. 8	Remitted for reconsideration	
				May 6	Ground of complaint removed	May 7
147	Apr. 2 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Apr. 7.	Isabella Millar	Clackmannan	Apr. 8	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	Apr. 9
148	Apr. 3	Widow Margaret Skae or Linay	St Andrews and Deerness	Apr. 8	Medical certificate	
				June 10	Remitted for reconsideration	
				July 28	Continued	
				Aug. 4	Refused	Aug. 5
149	Apr. 3	David Doull	Wick	Apr. 8	Medical certificate	
				Apr. 16	Refused—(poorhouse)	Apr. 17
150	Apr. 3	William Archibald	Auchindoir	Apr. 8	Refused	Apr. 9
151	Apr. 7	Widow Andrina Sinclair or Munro	Mid & South Yell	Apr. 8	Refused	Apr. 9
152	Apr. 7	George M'Conkey	Straiton	Apr. 8	Ground of complaint removed	Apr. 9
153	Apr. 5	Jane Simpson	Clackmannan	Apr. 16	Remitted for observations of par. board	
				May 6	Refused—(poorhouse)	May 7
154	Apr. 5	Widow Agnes Johnston or M'Dead	Kirkoswald	Apr. 16	Refused—(poorhouse)	Apr. 16

No.	Date of Receipt of Application	Name of Pauper.	Parish.	Application laid before Board.	Deliverance by Board of Supervision.	Deliverance intimated to Applicant.
	1869.			1869.		1869.
155	Apr. 7 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Apr. 9.	James Coyle - - -	Edinburgh -	Apr. 16	Continued	
				May 6	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	May 7
156	Apr. 7 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Apr. 14.	Andrew Henry - - -	Stoneykirk -	Apr. 16	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Apr. 16
157	Apr. 8	David Farquhar - - -	Ochiltree -	Apr. 16	Refused - - - -	Apr. 16
158	Apr. 10	Widow Jane Hay or Phimister -	Forres - -	Apr. 16	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Apr. 16
159	Apr. 12	Isabella Reid - - -	Peterhead -	Apr. 16	Refused - - - -	Apr. 16
160	Apr. 12	Widow O'Brien - - -	Old Meldrum -	Apr. 16	Refused - - - -	Apr. 16
161	Apr. 14	Widow Jane Nichol or Wilson -	Rutherglen -	Apr. 16	Remitted for reconsideration	
				May 6	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	May 7
162	Apr. 14	Flora Macdonald - -	North Uist -	Apr. 16	Medical certificate	
				May 13	Remitted for reconsideration	
				June 3	Remitted again—increase not sufficient	
				July 8	Ground of complaint removed -	July 9
163	Apr. 17	Widow Ann M'Coll - -	Inveraray -	Apr. 19	Continued	
				May 21	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	May 22
164	Apr. 19	Widow Ann M'Fee or M'Millan -	Newton-on-Ayr	Apr. 19	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Apr. 20
165	Apr. 20	James Elder - - -	Carnwath -	Apr. 20	Refused - - - -	Apr. 21
166	Apr. 19 To Inspector Apr. 20, received Apr. 23.	Francis M'Lusky - -	Culter - -	May 6	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	May 7
167	Apr. 20	Euphemia Macdonald - -	Logierait -	May 6	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	May 7
168	Apr. 21	Ann Ross or M'Lean - -	North Uist -	May 6	Refused - - - -	May 7
169	Apr. 7 *Eo die* to Inspector, received Apr. 23.	Colin Campbell - - -	Kilbrandon -	May 6	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	May 7

170	Apr. 23	Ann Macgregor	Wick	May 6	Refused—(poorhouse)	May 7
171	Apr. 26	Alexander M'Lachlan	Balfron	May 6	Refused—(poorhouse)	May 7
172	Apr. 26	Widow Margaret Mahoney or Martin	Cambuslang	May 6	Refused—(poorhouse)	May 7
173	Apr. 26	James Byrne	Banff	May 6	Refused	May 7
174	Apr. 28	William Grant	Kirkmichael (Banff)	May 6	Refused	May 7
175	Apr. 28	Marion Macphee	South Uist	May 6	Refused	May 7
176	Apr. 28	George Stevenson	Duddingston	May 6	Refused—(poorhouse)	May 7
177	Apr. 24 To Inspector Apr. 26, received Apr. 29.	Thomas Biggs	Girvan	May 6	Refused	May 7
178	Apr. 24 To Inspector Apr. 26, received May 1.	Murdoch M'Lean	Latheron	May 6 May 21 June 3 June 17	Medical certificate Medical certificate as to applicant and family Reconsideration, with reference to medical certificate Ground of complaint removed	 June 18
179	Apr. 30	Archibald M'Neill	Old Monkland	May 6 May 13	Continued Refused	 May 14
180	May 3 *Eo die* to Inspector, received May 5.	Widow Isabella Kay or Sharp	Haddington	May 6	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	May 7
181	May 3	Mrs Alexander Campbell	Wick	May 6	Refused—(poorhouse)	May 7
182	May 1	James Penman	Markinch	May 13	Refused	May 14
183	May 3 *Eo die* to Inspector, received May 7.	James Rae	Old Cumnock	May 13	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	May 14
184	May 4 To Inspector May 5, received May 7.	Widow S. Morris	New Monkland	May 13	Refused—(poorhouse)	May 14
185	May 4 To Inspector May 5, received May 7.	Elizabeth Riley	Edinburgh	May 13	Refused—(poorhouse)	May 14

No.	Date of Receipt of Application	Name of Pauper.	Parish.	Application laid before Board.	Deliverance by Board of Supervision.	Deliverance intimated to Applicant.
	1869.			1869.		1869.
186	May 4 To Inspector May 5, received May 8.	Andrew Macdonald	St Cuthberts	May 13	Refused—(poorhouse)	May 14
187	May 6 *Eo die* to Inspector, received May 11.	Widow Jane Ingram or Bain	Elgin	May 13	Refused—(poorhouse)	May 14
188	May 6 *Eo die* to Inspector, received May 8.	Mary M'Gonigal	Edinburgh	May 13	Refused	May 14
189	May 6	Patrick Dollan	Bothwell	May 13 May 21	Continued Refused—(poorhouse)	 May 22
190	May 7	Widow Forbes or Malcolm	Wick	May 13 May 21 June 10	Medical certificate Remitted for observations of par. board Refused	 June 11
191	May 7	Widow Jane Shearer or Hercus	Eday	May 13	Refused—(poorhouse)	May 14
192	May 8	Janet Drummond	Trinity-Gask	May 13	Refused	May 14
193	May 8	Elizabeth Wade	Liff and Benvie	May 13	Refused—(poorhouse)	May 14
194	May 10	Widow Janet Rose	Kingussie	May 13	Refused	May 14
195	May 11	Widow Ann Acres or Smith	Cromdale	May 13	Refused—(poorhouse)	May 14
196	May 5 *Eo die* to Inspector, received May 14.	Widow Ann Groat or Dickie	South Ronaldshay	May 21 June 24	Medical certificate Refused	 June 25
197	May 13	Anthony Stewart	Newton-on-Ayr	May 21	Refused—(poorhouse)	May 22
198	May 14	Mary Saunders	Kelton	May 21	Refused—(poorhouse)	May 22
199	May 14	Joseph Barclay	Aberdour (Aberdeen)	May 21	Refused	May 22

200	May 14	Catherine Miley - - -	Humbie - -	May 21	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	May 22
201	May 15	Alexander Rodger - -	Kirkmaiden -	May 21	Medical certificate	
				June 3	Remitted for observations of par. board	
				July 22	Continued	
				Aug. 19	Refused - - - -	Aug. 20
202	May 18	Widow Mary Bryce or Dickson -	Dumfries -	May 21	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	May 22
203	May 18	Widow Isabella Kemp or Grant -	Cromdale -	May 21	Refused - - - -	May 22
204	May 19	David Whiteford - -	Lanark - -	May 21	Medical certificate	
				May 27	Remitted for reconsideration	
				June 10	Ground of complaint removed -	June 11
205	May 19	Hugh Mackenzie - -	Girvan - -	May 21	Refused - - - -	May 22
206	May 21	Donald Stewart - - -	Kirkmichael (Banff) -	May 21	Refused - - - -	May 22
207	May 21	Isabella Mackenzie - -	Applecross -	May 21	Remitted for reconsideration	
				July 8	Ground of complaint removed -	July 9
208	May 21	Roderick M'Kay - - -	Applecross -	May 21	Continued	
				July 8	Refused - - - -	July 9
209	May 14	James Macpherson - -	Strathdon -	May 27	Refused - - - -	May 28
210	May 22	Widow Margaret Mathewson -	Dalrymple -	May 27	Medical certificate	
				June 10	Remitted for reconsideration	
				June 17	Refused - - - -	June 18
211	May 24	Widow Catherine Calder or Macintosh	Elgin - -	May 27	Refused - - - -	May 28
212	May 25	Kate Stewart - - -	Killearnan -	May 27	Continued	
				Aug. 26	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	Aug. 27
213	May 26	John Mavelin - - -	Carnwath -	May 27	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	May 28
214	May 26	John M'Burnie - - -	Dumfries -	May 27	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	May 28
215	May 25	Mary Dunn Sinclair - -	Thurso - -	June 3	Continued	
				June 10	Refused - - - -	June 11
216	May 25 To Inspector May 25, received May 28.	Janet Collins - - -	Eddleston -	June 3	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	June 4
217	May 26 *Eo die* to Inspector, received June 2.	William Snadden - -	Beath - -	June 3	Refused - - - -	June 4

No.	Date of Receipt of Application	Name of Pauper.	Parish.	Application laid before Board.	Deliverance by Board of Supervision.	Deliverance intimated to Applicant.
	1869.			1869.		1869.
218	May 27	Catherine Michael - -	Kirkmichael (Banff) -	June 3	Refused - - - -	June 4
219	May 27	Widow Galbraith, junior -	Dunbar - -	June 3 June 10	Continued Refused - - - -	June 11
220	May 27	Widow Margaret Morrison -	Clackmannan -	June 3	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	June 4
221	May 27	Widow Margaret Russell Wightman	Cranston -	June 3 June 10	Continued Refused—(poorhouse) - -	June 11
222	May 27 To Inspector May 28, received June 2.	John M'Millan - - -	Saddell & Skipness	June 3	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	June 4
223	May 29	Widow Christina Marquis -	Lochgoilhead -	June 3	Refused - - - -	June 4
224	May 29	Widow Agnes Bailiff - -	Kirkcudbright	June 3 June 10	Continued Refused—(poorhouse) - -	June 11
225	May 29	Wid. Catherine M'Cready Fitzpatrick	Glasgow - -	June 3	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	June 4
226	May 31	Thomas Mackenzie - -	Slamannan -	June 3 June 10	Continued Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	June 11
227	June 1	Widow M'Cowie Whitelaw -	Kilwinning -	June 3 June 10	Observations of parochial board Refused—(poorhouse) - -	June 11
228	June 2	William Grant - - -	Abernethy (Elgin)	June 3	Refused - - - -	June 4
229	May 29 *Eo die* to Inspector, received June 3.	Widow Lilly Ross - -	Logie-Easter -	June 10	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	June 11
230	May 31 *Eo die* to Inspector, received June 3.	Widow Jane Ingram or Howie -	Elgin - -	June 10	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	June 11
231	June 3	Isabella Ironside - - -	Strichen - -	June 10	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	June 11
232	June 3	Widow David Melville - -	Barony - -	June 10	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	June 11

233	June 3	Widow Margaret Macdonald -	Perth - -	June 10	Continued	
				June 24	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	June 25
234	June 3	Hugh Callander - - -	Barony - -	June 10	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	June 11
235	June 3	Margaret M'Keggie - -	Kiltarlity -	June 10	Medical certificate	
				June 24	Refused - - - -	June 25
236	June 3	Peter Grant - - -	Glammis -	June 10	Medical certificate	
				June 17	Refused - - - -	June 18
237	June 4	John Macdonald - -	North Uist -	June 10	Refused - - - -	June 11
238	June 5	Widow Jane Young or Simpson -	Drainie - -	June 10	Remitted for reconsideration	
				July 8	Ground of complaint removed -	July 9
239	June 5	Fanny Ross or Porter - -	Tyrie - -	June 10	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	June 11
240	June 7	Widow Christian Harper or Crichton	Huntly - -	June 10	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	June 11
241	June 9	Widow Donelly - - -	Whitburn -	June 10	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	June 11
242	June 9	Mary Currie - - -	Cockpen -	June 10	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	June 11
243	June 3 To Inspector June 4, received June 10.	Isabella M'Lean or M'Kay -	Kilbrandon -	June 17	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	June 18
244	June 5 To Inspector June 8, received June 12.	Widow Ann M'Guire - -	Bathgate -	June 17	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	June 18
245	June 7 To Inspector June 8, received June 10.	James Murray - - -	Edinburgh -	June 17	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	June 18
246	June 10 *Eo die* to Inspector, received June 14.	Widow James Moore - -	Grange -	June 17	Refused - - - -	June 18
247	June 11	Widow Isabella Blyth or Bartlett	Monquhitter	June 17	Refused - - - -	June 18
248	June 11	Janet Law - - -	Galston -	June 17	Remitted for observations of par. board	
				July 15	Refused - - - -	July 16
249	June 11 To Inspector June 12, received June 15.	David Hislop - - -	St Cuthberts	June 17	Continued	
				June 24	Refused—(poorhouse for wife and children)	June 25

No.	Date of Receipt of Application	Name of Pauper.	Parish.	Application laid before Board.	Deliverance by Board of Supervision.	Deliverance intimated to Applicant.
	1869.			1869.		1869.
250	June 11	Widow Jane Graham	Cummertrees	June 17	Refused	June 18
251	June 14	John Hall	Swinton	June 17	Remitted for reconsideration	
				July 1	Refused	July 2
252	June 14	Ann Gunn	Wick	June 17	Continued	
				June 24	Continued	
				July 1	Refused—(poorhouse)	July 2
253	June 16	Mary Sinclair or Malcolm	Dunrossness	June 17	Medical certificate	
				July 1	Remitted for reconsideration	
				July 22	Ground of complaint removed	July 23
254	June 16	John Inglis	Cabrach	June 17	Medical certificate	
				July 1	Remitted for reconsideration	
				July 22	Ground of complaint removed	July 23
255	June 14 To Inspector June 15, received June 21.	Ann Doull	Latheron	June 24	Refused	June 25
256	June 18	Mary Allison	Knockbain	June 24	Refused—(poorhouse)	June 25
257	June 19	Widow Ann M'Kelvie or Houstoun	Glasgow	June 24	Refused—(poorhouse)	June 25
258	June 19	Widow Ann Acres or Smith	Cromdale	June 24	Refused	June 25
259	June 21	James Campbell	New Kilpatrick	June 24	Refused—(poorhouse)	June 25
260	June 21	Widow Ann White	Rathven	June 24	Refused	June 25
261	June 21	James Sym	Gamrie	June 24	Refused	June 25
262	June 23	John Angus	Culross	June 24	Continued	
				July 22	Refused—(poorhouse)	July 23
263	June 23	Margaret Macintyre or Whitson	Barony	July 1	Refused—(poorhouse)	July 2
264	June 24 *Eo die* to Inspector, received June 26.	Widow Isabella Young	Dalry (Ayr)	July 1	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	July 2

265	June 24	Isabella Ironside - -	Strichen - -	July 1	Refused - - - -	July 2
266	June 24	Alexander Montgomery - -	Auchindoir -	July 1	Refused - - - -	July 2
267	June 25	Matthew Reilly - - -	Dalry (Ayr) -	July 1	Refused—not in receipt of parochial relief	July 2
268	June 28	Robert Waddington - -	Kintore - -	July 1	Remitted for observations of par. board	
				July 15	Refused - - - -	July 16
269	June 28	Christy Macdonald - -	Kintail - -	July 1	Refused - - - -	July 2
270	June 29	James Murphy - - -	Bothwell -	July 1	Refused - - - -	July 2
271	June 29	Widow Bridget Shiells - -	Gorbals - -	July 1	Refused—(poorhouse) - -	July 2

ABSTRACTS, showing how the Applications to the Board of Supervision by Paupers complaining on account of Inadequate Relief, from 1st July 1868 to 30th June 1869, have been disposed of.

Total number of applications, - - - -		517
I. Number of applications refused, - - -	341	
II. Number refused, not being in receipt of relief from any parish, - - - - -	26	
III. Number refused after being remitted to inspector or parochial board, - - - -	90	
IV. Number in which, after being remitted to inspector or parochial board, the ground of complaint has been removed, - - - - -	58	
V. Number refused as informal, - - -	1	
VI. Number in which minute issued, - - -	1	
		517

I. Number refused, - - - - -	457
II. Number in which the ground of complaint has been removed, applications informal, or in which minute has been issued, - - -	60
	517

APPENDIX (B.)—No. 3.

ABSTRACT

SHOWING THE NUMBER OF APPLICATIONS WHICH HAVE BEEN MADE BY POOR PERSONS COMPLAINING OF INADEQUATE RELIEF FROM EACH PARISH IN SCOTLAND, FROM 1st JULY 1868 TO 30th JUNE 1869.

ABERDEEN.

Aberdeen - - -	5
Aberdour - - -	1
Aboyne - - -	0
Alford - - -	0
Auchindoir - -	2
Auchterless - -	0
Belhelvie - - -	0
Birse - - -	0
Bourtie - - -	0
Cairney - - -	2
Chapel-of-Garioch -	0
Clatt - - - -	0
Cluny - - -	0
Coull - - - -	0
Crathie and Braemar -	0
Crimond - - -	0
Cruden - - -	0
Culsamond - - -	1
Daviot - - -	1
Deer, New - - -	0
Deer, Old - - -	0
Drumblade - - -	0
Drumoak - - -	0
Dyce - - -	0
Echt - - - -	0
Ellon - - - -	0
Fintray - - -	0
Forgue - - -	0
Foveran - - -	0
Fraserburgh - -	2
Fyvie - - -	0
Gartly - - -	0
Glass - - - -	0
Glenbucket - -	0
Glenmuick - - -	0
Huntly - - -	1
Insch - - - -	0
Inverurie - - -	0
Keig - - - -	1
Keithhall and Kinkell -	0
Kemnay - - -	0
Kildrummy - -	0
Kincardine-O'Neil -	0
King Edward - -	0
Kinnellar - - -	0
Kinnethmont - -	0
Kintore - - -	3
Leochel-Cushnie - -	0
Leslie - - -	0
Logie-Buchan - -	0
Logie-Coldstone - -	0
Longside - - -	1
Lonmay - - -	0
Lumphanan - -	0
Machar, New - -	0
Machar, Old - -	1
Meldrum, Old - -	1
Methlic - - -	0
Midmar - - -	1
Monquhitter - -	1
Monymusk - - -	0
Newhills - - -	1
Oyne - - -	0
Peterculter - - -	0
Peterhead - - -	4
Pitsligo - - -	0
Premnay - - -	0
Rathen - - -	0
Rayne - - -	0
Rhynie - - -	0
Skene - - -	1
Slains - - -	0
Strathdon - - -	2
Strichen - - -	3
Tarland and Migvie -	0
Tarves - - -	0
Tough - - -	0
Towie - - -	1
Tullynessle - - -	0
Turriff - - -	0
Tyrie - - -	5
Udny - - -	0
	41

ARGYLL.

Ardchattan and Muckairn	0
Ardnamurchan - -	2
Campbeltown - -	0
Coll - - - -	0
Colonsay and Oronsay	0
Craignish - - -	0
Dunoon and Kilmun -	0
Gigha - - -	0
Glassary - - -	0
Glenorchy and Inishail	0
Inverary - - -	1
Inverchaolain - -	0
Isla Combination -	0
Jura - - - -	0
Kilbrandon - -	3
Kilcalmonell and Kilberry	0
Kilchrenan and Dalavich	0
Kilfinan - - -	0
Kilfinichen - - -	0
Killean and Kilchenzie	0
Kilmartin - - -	1
Kilmodan - - -	0
Kilmore and Kilbride -	0
Kilninian and Kilmore	0
Kilninver and Kilmelfort	0
Knapdale (North) -	0
Knapdale (South) -	0
Lismore and Appin -	0
Lochgoilhead - -	1
Morven - - -	2
Saddell and Skipness -	2
Southend - - -	0
Strachur - - -	0
Stralachlan - -	0
Torosay - - -	1
Tyree - - - -	0
	13

AYR.

Ardrossan - - -	0
Auchinleck - -	3
Ayr - - - -	0
Ballantrae - - -	0
Barr - - - -	0
Beith - - -	0
Colmonell - - -	0
Coylton - - -	0
Craigie - - -	0
Cumnock, New - -	1
Cumnock, Old - -	1
Dailly - - -	2
Dalmellington - -	1
Dalry - - -	2
Dalrymple - - -	1
Dreghorn - - -	0
Dundonald - - -	2
Dunlop - - -	0
Fenwick - - -	0
Galston - - -	1
Girvan - - -	3
Irvine - - -	1
Kilbirnie - - -	0

Kilbride, West	0
Kilmarnock	1
Kilmaurs	2
Kilwinning	3
Kirkmichael	0
Kirkoswald	1
Largs	0
Loudoun	0
Mauchline	1
Maybole	1
Monkton	4
Muirkirk	0
Newton-upon-Ayr	2
Ochiltree	2
Riccarton	1
St Quivox	0
Sorn	1
Stair	0
Stevenston	0
Stewarton	0
Straiton	2
Symington	0
Tarbolton	0
	39

BANFF.

Aberlour	0
Alvah	0
Banff	1
Boharm	0
Botriphnie	0
Boyndie	0
Cabrach	1
Cullen	0
Deskford	2
Fordyce	0
Forglen	0
Gamrie	2
Grange	4
Inveravon	1
Inverkeithny	0
Keith	3
Kirkmichael	5
Marnoch	1
Mortlach	0
Ordiquhill	0
Rathven	3
Rothiemay	0
St Fergus	0
	23

BERWICK.

Abbey St Bathans	0
Ayton	1
Bunkle and Preston	0
Channelkirk	0
Chirnside	0
Cockburnspath	0
Coldingham	3
Coldstream	1
Cranshaws	0
Dunse	0
Earlstoun	0
Eccles	0
Edrom	1
Eyemouth	0
Fogo	0
Foulden	0
Gordon	0
Greenlaw	0
Hume	0
Hutton	2
Ladykirk	0
Langton	0
Lauder	0
Legerwood	0
Longformacus	0
Mertoun	0
Mordington	0
Nenthorn	0
Polwarth	0
Swinton	1
Westruther	0
Whitsome	0
	9

BUTE.

Cumbraes	0
Kilbride (Arran)	2
Kilmory	0
Kingarth	1
North Bute	0
Rothesay	1
	4

CAITHNESS.

Bower	0
Canisbay	0
Dunnett	0
Halkirk	0
Latheron	21
Olrick	0
Reay	2
Thurso	2
Watten	0
Wick	18
	43

CLACKMANNAN.

Alloa	1
Clackmannan	3
Dollar	0
Logie	0
Tillicoultry	0
	4

DUMBARTON.

Arrochar	0
Bonhill	0
Cardross	1
Cumbernauld	0
Dumbarton	0
Kilmaronock	0
Kilpatrick, New	1
Kilpatrick, Old	1
Kirkintilloch	1
Luss	0
Roseneath	0
Row	0
	4

DUMFRIES.

Annan	2
Applegarth	0
Caerlaverock	0
Canonbie	0
Closeburn	0
Cummertrees	1
Dalton	0
Dornock	0
Dryfesdale	0
Dumfries	3
Dunscore	0
Durrisdeer	0
Eskdalemuir	0
Ewes	0
Glencairn	0
Graitny	0
Half Morton	0
Hoddam	0
Holywood	0
Hutton	1
Johnstone	0
Keir	0
Kirkconnell	0
Kirkmahoe	0
Kirkmichael	1
Kirkpatrick-Fleming	0
Kirkpatrick-Juxta	0
Langholm	0
Lochmaben	1
Middlebie	0
Moffat	0
Morton	0
Mousewald	0
Penpont	0
Ruthwell	0
St Mungo	0
Sanquhar	0
Tinwald	0
Torthorwald	0
Tundergarth	0
Tynron	0
Wamphray	0
Westerkirk	0
	9

EDINBURGH.

Borthwick	0
Calder, Mid	0
Calder, West	0
Canongate	2
Carrington	0
Cockpen	2
Colinton	1
Corstorphine	0
Cramond	1
Cranston	2
Crichton	0
Currie	0
Dalkeith	0
Duddingstone	1
Edinburgh	28
Fala	0
Glencross	0
Heriot	0
Inveresk	0
Kirknewton	0
Lasswade	0
Leith, North	4
Leith, South	2
Liberton	0
Newbattle	0
Newton	0
Penicuick	2
Ratho	2
St Cuthberts	12
Stow	0
Temple	0
	59

ELGIN OR MORAY.

Abernethy	2
Alves	0
Bellie	0
Birnie	0
Dallas	0
Drainy	2
Duffus	0
Duthill	0
Dyke and Moy	0
Edinkillie	0
Elgin	3
Forres	2
Kinloss	0
Knockando	0
New Spynie	1
Rafford	0
Rothes	1
St Andrews Lhanbride	0
Speymouth	0
Urquhart	0
	11

FIFE.

Abbotshall	0
Abdie	0
Aberdour	1
Anstruther, Easter	0
Anstruther, Wester	0
Arngask	0
Auchterderran	0
Auchtermuchty	0
Auchtertool	0
Ballingry	0
Balmerino	0
Beath	1
Burntisland	0
Cameron	0
Carnbee	0
Carnock	2
Ceres	0
Collessie	0
Crail	0
Creich	0
Cults	0
Cupar	0
Dairsie	0
Dalgety	0
Denino	0
Dunbog	0
Dunfermline	1
Dysart	2
Elie	0
Falkland	0
Ferry-Port-on-Craig	0
Flisk	0
Forgan	0
Inverkeithing	0
Kemback	0
Kennoway	0
Kettle	1
Kilconquhar	0
Kilmany	0
Kilrenny	0
Kinghorn	1
Kinglassie	0
Kingsbarns	0
Kirkcaldy	2
Largo	0
Leslie	0
Leuchars	0
Logie	0
Markinch	3
Monimail	0
Moonzie	0
Newburgh	0
Newburn	0
Pittenweem	0
St Andrews	0
St Leonards	0
St Monance	0
Saline	1
Scoonie	0
Strathmiglo	0
Torryburn	0
Wemyss	0
	15

FORFAR.

Aberlemno	1
Airlie	0
Arbirlot	0
Arbroath	0
Auchterhouse	0
Barry	0
Brechin	1
Caraldstone	0
Carmyllie	0
Cortachy	0
Craig	0
Dun	0
Dundee	3
Dunnichen	0
Edzell	0
Essie and Nevy	0
Farnell	0
Fearn	2
Forfar	0
Glammis	1
Glenisla	0
Guthrie	0
Inverarity	0
Inverkeillor	0
Kettins	0
Kingoldrum	0
Kinnell	0
Kinnettles	0
Kirkden	0
Kirriemuir	1
Lethnot	0
Liff and Benvie	2
Lintrathen	1
Lochlee	0
Logie-Pert	0
Lunan	0
Lundie and Fowlis Easter	0
Mains and Strathmartin	0
Marytoun	0
Menmuir	0
Monifieth	0
Monikie	0
Montrose	0
Murroes	0
Newtyle	0
Oathlaw	0
Panbride	0
Rescobie	0
Ruthven	0
St Vigeans	2
Strickathrow	0
Tannadice	0
Tealing	0
	14

HADDINGTON.

Aberlady	0
Athelstaneford	0
Bolton	0
Dirleton	0

Dunbar	6
Garvald	0
Gladsmuir	1
Haddington	1
Humbie	1
Innerwick	2
Morham	0
North Berwick	0
Oldhamstocks	0
Ormiston	0
Pencaitland	0
Prestonkirk	0
Prestonpans	0
Salton	0
Spot	0
Stenton	0
Tranent	4
Whitekirk	0
Whittingham	0
Yester	0
	15

INVERNESS.

Alvie	1
Ardersier	0
Barra	0
Boleskine and Abertarff	0
Bracadale	0
Cromdale	4
Croy	0
Daviot	0
Dores	1
Duirnish	0
Glenelg	0
Harris	0
Inverness	2
Kilmallie	2
Kilmonivaig	0
Kilmorack	1
Kilmuir (Skye)	0
Kiltarlity	1
Kingussie	1
Kirkhill	0
Laggan	0
Moy	0
Petty	1
Portree	0
Sleat	0
Small Isles	0
Snizort	1
Strath	1
Uist, North	4
Uist, South	2
Urquhart	6
	28

KINCARDINE.

Arbuthnot	0
Banchory-Devenick	1
Banchory-Ternan	0
Benholm	0
Bervie	0
Dunottar	0
Durris	2
Fettercairn	0
Fetteresso	1
Fordoun	1
Garvock	0
Glenbervie	0
Kinneff	0
Laurencekirk	0
Maryculter	0
Marykirk	0
Nigg	0
St Cyrus	0
Strachan	0
	5

KINROSS.

Cleish	0
Kinross	3
Orwell	0
Portmoak	1
	4

KIRKCUDBRIGHT.

Anwoth	0
Balmaclellan	0
Balmaghie	0
Borgue	0
Buittle	0
Carsphairn	0
Colvend	0
Crossmichael	1
Dalry	0
Girthon	2
Kells	0
Kelton	1
Kirkbean	0
Kirkcudbright	2
Kirkgunzeon	0
Kirkmabreck	0
Kirkpatrick-Durham	0
Kirkpatrick-Irongray	1
Lochrutton	0
Minnigaff	0
New Abbey	0
Parton	0
Rerrick	0
Terregles	0
Tongland	0
Troqueer	0
Twynholm	1
Urr	0
	8

LANARK.

Avondale	0
Barony	9
Biggar	0
Blantyre	0
Bothwell	2
Cadder	1
Cambuslang	1
Cambusnethan	2
Carluke	0
Carmichael	0
Carmunnock	0
Carnwath	2
Carstairs	0
Covington	0
Crawford	0
Crawfordjohn	0
Culter	1
Dalserf	0
Dalziel	0
Dolphington	0
Douglas	0
Dunsyre	0
Glasgow	9
Glassford	0
Gorbals	1
Govan	2
Hamilton	1
Kilbride, East	0
Lanark	9
Lesmahago	0
Libberton	0
Monkland, New	5
Monkland, Old	2
Pittenain	0
Rutherglen	4
Shotts	3
Stonehouse	0
Symington	0
Wandell and Lamington	0
Walston	0
Wiston and Roberton	0
	54

LINLITHGOW.

Abercorn	0
Bathgate	2
Borrowstounness	1
Carriden	0
Dalmeny	0
Ecclesmachen	0
Kirkliston	0
Linlithgow	1
Livingstone	0
Queensferry	0
Torphichen	0
Uphall	2
Whitburn	3
	9

NAIRN.

Ardclach	0
Auldearn	0
Cawdor	0
Nairn	4
	4

ORKNEY AND SHETLAND.

Orkney.

Birsay and Harray	0
Cross and Burness	1
Eday	1
Evie and Rendal	0
Firth	0
Holm	0
Hoy and Græmsay	0
Kirkwall	1
Lady	1
Orphir	0
Ronaldshay, South	3
Rousay and Egilshay	0
St Andrews and Deerness	1
Sandwick	0
Shapinshay	0
Stennis	0
Stromness	0
Stronsay	0
Walls and Flotta	3
Westray & Papa Westray	0
	11

Shetland.

Bressay	0
Delting	1
Dunrossness	1
Fetlar	0
Lerwick	0
Nesting	0
North Mavine	0
Sandsting	0
Tingwall	0
Unst	4
Walls	0
Yell	1
	7

PEEBLES.

Broughton	0
Drumelzier	0
Eddlestone	1
Innerleithen	0
Kirkurd	0
Linton	1
Lyne and Megget	0
Manor	0
Newlands	1
Peebles	1
Skirling	0
Stobo	0
Traquair	0
Tweedsmuir	0
	4

PERTH.

Aberdalgie	0
Aberfoyle	0
Abernethy	0
Abernyte	0
Alyth	1
Auchterarder	0
Auchtergaven	0
Balquhidder	0
Bendochy	0
Blackford	0
Blair-Athol	0
Blairgowrie	1
Callander	0
Caputh	0
Cargill	0
Clunie	0
Collace	0
Comrie	0
Coupar-Angus	0
Crieff	0
Culross	1
Dowally	0
Dron	0
Dull	0
Dumbarney	0
Dunblane	0
Dunkeld	0
Dunkeld, Little	0
Dunning	0
Errol	0
Forgandenny	0
Forteviot	0
Fortingall	0
Fossaway	0
Foulis Wester	0
Gask	0
Glendevon	0
Inchture	0
Kenmore	1
Killin	0
Kilmadock	0
Kilspindie	0
Kincardine	0
Kinclaven	0
Kinfauns	0
Kinloch	0
Kinnaird	1
Kinnoull	0
Kirkmichael	0
Lethendy	0
Logierait	3
Longforgan	0
Madderty	0
Meigle	0
Methven	0
Moneydie	0
Monivaird	0
Monzie	1
Moulin	0
Muckhart	0
Muthil	0
Perth	3
Port of Monteith	0
Rattray	0
Redgorton	0
Rhynd	0
Scone	0
St Madoes	0
St Martins	0
Tibbermuir	0
Trinity-Gask	1
Tulliallan	0
Weem	0
	13

RENFREW.

Abbey	2
Cathcart	0
Eaglesham	0
Eastwood	2
Erskine	0
Greenock	4
Houstoun	1
Inchinnan	0
Innerkip	0
Kilbarchan	1
Kilmalcolm	0
Lochwinnoch	1
Mearns	0
Neilston	1
Paisley	1
Port-Glasgow	0
Renfrew	1
	14

ROSS & CROMARTY.

Alness	0
Applecross	3
Avoch	0
Barvas	0
Contin	1
Cromarty	0
Dingwall	0
Edderton	0
Fearn	0
Fodderty	0
Gairloch	0
Glenshiel	0
Killearnan	2
Kilmuir, Easter	0
Kiltearn	0
Kincardine	0
Kintail	2
Knockbain	3

Lochalsh	2
Lochbroom	0
Lochcarron	0
Lochs	1
Logie Easter	1
Nigg	1
Resolis or Kirkmichael	1
Rosemarkie	0
Rosskeen	1
Stornoway	1
Tain	0
Tarbat	0
Uig	0
Urquhart	0
Urray	2
	21

ROXBURGH.

Ancrum	0
Ashkirk	0
Bedrule	0
Bowden	0
Castleton	0
Cavers	0
Crailing	0
Eckford	0
Ednam	0
Hawick	1
Hopekirk	0
Hownam	0
Jedburgh	1
Kelso	0
Kirkton	0
Lilliesleaf	0
Linton	0
Mackerston	0
Maxton	0
Melrose	0
Minto	0
Morebattle	0
Oxnam	0
Roberton	0
Roxburgh	0
St Boswells	0
Smailholm	0
Southdean	0
Sprouston	0
Stitchel	0
Wilton	1
Yetholm	1
	4

SELKIRK.

Ettrick	0
Galashiels	0
Kirkhope	0
Selkirk	0
Yarrow	0
	0

STIRLING.

Airth	0
Alva	2
Baldernock	0
Balfron	2
Bothkennar	0
Buchanan	0
Campsie	0
Denny	2
Drymen	0
Dunipace	0
Falkirk	1
Fintry	0
Gargunnock	0
Killearn	0
Kilsyth	1
Kippen	0
Larbert	0
Lecropt	0
Muiravonside	0
Polmont	0
St Ninians	1
Slamannan	1
Stirling	0
Strathblane	0
	10

SUTHERLAND.

Assynt	2
Clyne	1
Creich	2
Dornoch	0
Duirness	0
Eddrachillis	0
Farr	0
Golspie	0
Kildonan	3
Lairg	0
Loth	0
Rogart	0
Tongue	1
	9

WIGTOWN.

Glasserton	0
Inch	1
Kirkcolm	0
Kirkinner	0
Kirkmaiden	1
Kirkowan	1
Leswalt	1
Luce, New	0
Luce, Old	0
Mochrum	3
Penninghame	0
Portpatrick	0
Sorby	0
Stoneykirk	1
Stranraer	1
Whithorn	0
Wigtown	0
	9

SUMMARY.

Counties.	
Aberdeen	41
Argyll	13
Ayr	39
Banff	23
Berwick	9
Bute	4
Caithness	43
Clackmannan	4
Dumbarton	4
Dumfries	9
Edinburgh	59
Elgin or Moray	11
Fife	15
Forfar	14
Haddington	15
Inverness	28
Kincardine	5
Kinross	4
Kirkcudbright	8
Lanark	54
Linlithgow	9
Nairn	4
Orkney and Shetland	18
Peebles	4
Perth	13
Renfrew	14
Ross and Cromarty	21
Roxburgh	4
Selkirk	0
Stirling	10
Sutherland	9
Wigtown	9
Total	517

APPENDIX (B.) No. 4.

GENERAL ABSTRACT

OF

RECEIPT AND EXPENDITURE.

APPENDIX

GENERAL ABSTRACT of Receipt and Expenditure for the Relief and

Note.—In the Parishes marked with an Asterisk (*) there has been an additional expenditur

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT.														
		From Assessment.			From Loans raised on the Security of the Assessment.			From Voluntary Contributions and Church Collections.			From Mortifications and all other sources.			Total Amount of Money Received.		
	ABERDEEN.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1	Aberdeen - - *	12,437	15	10	...			...			499	2	4	12,936	18	2
2	Aberdour - -	...			...			547	12	1	...			547	12	1
3	Aboyne - - -	335	18	5½	39	4	4	...			153	6	6½	528	9	4
4	Alford - - - *	271	13	7	...			...			4	16	5	276	10	0
5	Auchindoir - -	521	19	6	...			...			28	15	11	550	15	5
6	Auchterless - -	612	4	8	...			...			13	10	0	625	14	8
7	Belhelvie - -	403	5	8	...			...			6	5	8	409	11	4
8	Birse - - -	323	2	6½	...			...			74	8	2	397	10	8
9	Bourtie - - -	...			...			44	2	11	19	17	11	64	0	10
10	Cairney - - -	578	19	5	...			...			11	16	7	590	16	[illegible]
11	Chapel-of-Garioch - *	521	4	11	...			...			13	11	2	534	16	[illegible]
12	Clatt - - -	160	3	11	...			...			2	7	9	162	11	8
13	Cluny - - - *	356	12	9	...			...			25	8	5	382	1	2
14	Coull - - -	166	19	1	...			...			11	18	11	178	18	[illegible]
15	Crathie & Braemar - *	484	4	4	...			...			7	12	2	491	16	[illegible]
16	Crimond - - - *	194	16	3	...			...			16	3	9	211	0	[illegible]
17	Cruden - - - *	805	17	9	...			...			26	19	9	832	17	[illegible]
18	Culsamond - - *	252	2	2½	...			...			19	6	3	271	8	[illegible]
19	Daviot - - -	...			...			143	6	9½	39	6	1	182	12	[illegible]
20	Deer, New - - *	...			...			503	3	8	78	1	3	581	4	[illegible]
21	Deer, Old - - *	1,978	12	2½	...			...			34	5	5	2,012	17	[illegible]
22	Drumblade - -	251	1	4	...			...			23	16	1	274	17	[illegible]
23	Drumoak - -	...			...			19	12	1	180	15	5½	200	7	[illegible]
24	Dyce - - -	223	9	0	...			...			1	19	3	225	8	[illegible]
25	Echt - - -	...			...			405	19	6	4	15	4	410	14	[illegible]
26	Ellon - - - *	1,087	10	8	...			...			22	9	3	1,109	19	[illegible]
27	Fintray - - -	324	6	2	...			...			32	14	3	357	0	[illegible]
28	Forgue - - - *	971	9	11½	...			...			27	4	10	998	14	[illegible]
29	Foveran - - -	531	13	8	...			...			13	19	0	545	12	[illegible]
30	Fraserburgh - - *	1,487	5	0	...			...			23	7	3	1,510	12	[illegible]
31	Fyvie - - - *	1,267	3	5	...			...			46	18	4	1,314	1	[illegible]
32	Gartly - - - *	466	4	5	...			...			45	18	3	512	2	[illegible]
33	Glass - - - *	199	11	2½	...			...			9	19	10	209	11	[illegible]
34	Glenbucket - -	138	7	7½	...			...			4	10	8	142	18	[illegible]
35	Glenmuick - - *	758	11	4½	...			...			182	11	4	941	2	[illegible]
36	Huntly - - -	1,346	6	5	...			...			53	19	0	1,400	5	[illegible]
37	Insch - - - *	351	0	6½	...			...			36	9	3½	387	9	[illegible]
38	Inverurie - - *	684	13	3	...			...			5	7	0	690	0	[illegible]
39	Keig - - -	177	11	2½	...			...			2	16	9	180	7	[illegible]
40	Keithhall & Kinkell	...			...			143	3	10	0	7	6	143	11	[illegible]
41	Kemnay - - -	164	7	5½	...			...			9	8	2½	173	15	[illegible]
42	Kildrummy - -	...			...			181	0	0	4	7	3	185	7	[illegible]
43	Kincardine O'Neil -	537	9	9	...			...			53	13	1	591	2	[illegible]
44	King-Edward - - *	906	3	2	...			...			21	13	7	927	16	[illegible]
45	Kinnellar - -	246	17	9	...			...			3	13	6	250	11	[illegible]
46	Kinnethmont - - *	410	14	0½	...			...			11	8	1½	422	2	[illegible]
47	Kintore - - - *	443	9	11	...			...			42	16	11	486	6	[illegible]

3.)—No. 4.

ANAGEMENT of the POOR in each Parish, during the Year ended 14th May 1869.

account of Poorhouse Buildings, the particulars of which are stated in a separate Table (No. 5).

EXPENDITURE.																					
elief of Poor n the Roll or Registered.			Relief of Casual Poor.			Medical Relief.			Management.			Law Expenses.			Repayment of Money borrowed on Security of Assessment.			Total Amount of Money Expended.			No.
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	
0,111	14	5	179	14	3	261	4	4	1,325	14	5	222	10	11	...			12,100	18	4	1
412	15	4½	30	0	7½	23	4	0	23	4	3½	1	6	10	...			490	11	1½	2
337	6	0	4	19	3	12	12	0	27	14	9	2	9	6	142	0	0	527	1	6	3
215	18	0	0	3	0	15	0	0	24	19	10½	...			...			256	0	10½	4
297	9	9	7	13	6	9	1	6	28	1	10	0	6	8	...			342	13	3	5
459	4	3½	0	19	0	29	15	8	41	5	8	...			2	2	1	533	6	8½	6
397	1	4½	6	4	0	18	8	3	36	1	3	...			...			457	14	10½	7
325	11	5½	13	8	0	16	8	8	27	0	2	...			11	6	6	393	14	9½	8
49	10	7	0	13	0	1	11	10	3	3	2	...			...			54	18	7	9
437	10	2½	13	4	0	22	16	4	38	5	0	...			...			511	15	6½	10
445	18	6	20	3	11	32	6	1	51	9	8	...			...			549	18	2	11
168	1	4½	6	15	0	8	7	1½	22	2	2	...			...			205	5	8	12
309	10	0	2	11	0	10	7	1	30	18	7	1	2	7½	12	19	3	367	8	6½	13
112	1	2½	2	14	6	9	1	0	19	0	7	3	3	1	...			146	0	4½	14
374	9	8	15	10	3½	22	18	0	45	5	11	...			...			458	3	10½	15
126	18	1	1	2	6	10	10	0	20	4	7	...			...			158	15	2	16
835	14	11	1	17	6	19	0	0	59	0	3	2	0	0	...			917	12	8	17
171	17	1½	10	5	7	15	3	1	30	3	8	...			...			227	9	5½	18
153	17	5½	...			7	7	2	6	11	1	...			...			167	15	8½	19
493	12	11½	71	16	10	30	0	0	35	0	0	...			...			630	9	9½	20
,753	14	2½	21	14	0	38	13	6	91	7	2	17	5	3	...			1,922	14	1½	21
186	6	6½	6	19	8	8	0	0	22	18	2	...			...			224	4	4½	22
173	14	8	1	12	0	7	3	8	11	4	3	4	13	10	...			198	8	5	23
142	17	1	...			6	19	3	30	0	0	...			...			179	16	4	24
238	10	10	93	6	8	8	8	5	18	0	0	...			...			358	5	11	25
800	12	7	9	19	1	26	11	7	93	2	1	...			...			930	5	4	26
301	15	3½	0	18	0	10	1	3	26	8	1	...			...			339	2	7½	27
858	12	0½	12	10	6	29	8	9½	51	19	6½	4	2	2	35	2	8	991	15	8½	28
534	11	1	17	1	0	13	2	6	34	0	10	...			...			598	15	5	29
,133	17	7½	6	11	8	40	0	0	130	8	4	...			...			1,310	17	7½	30
,097	10	3	1	5	6	38	5	0	86	0	1	26	6	9	...			1,249	7	7	31
373	15	10½	5	15	0	11	18	8½	36	13	5	0	10	6	27	3	7	455	17	1	32
203	0	9	17	19	6	11	9	8	26	12	11	...			...			259	2	10	33
120	15	7	3	4	5	8	0	0	10	10	8	1	17	9	...			144	8	5	34
553	19	6	11	16	0	35	13	2	18	9	3	2	3	8	...			622	1	7	35
,223	13	3½	29	12	4½	46	2	2	91	3	11	9	7	2	...			1,399	18	11	36
302	9	1½	6	4	9	18	12	7	44	0	5½	0	7	0	...			371	13	11	37
582	1	2	16	8	0	15	14	8	57	2	8	0	5	6	...			671	12	0	38
101	19	7	13	5	1	7	4	8½	13	1	5	...			...			135	10	9½	39
133	1	8	...			1	4	6	7	13	10	...			...			142	0	0	40
133	10	11½	2	1	0	6	0	0	23	15	1	...			...			165	7	0½	41
134	6	10	...			5	5	0	7	8	4	...			...			147	0	2	42
552	12	0	18	8	11½	45	0	0	47	7	0	...			...			663	7	11½	43
763	9	2	32	17	3	20	0	0	63	11	11	...			...			879	18	4	44
205	19	7½	11	7	0	7	11	9	23	4	8	...			...			248	3	0½	45
344	7	1	2	13	2½	14	10	0	31	8	9	0	7	10	...			393	6	10½	46
457	9	2	6	11	3	22	3	3	50	2	6	0	15	5	...			537	1	7	47

No.	County and Parish.		RECEIPT. From Assessment. £	s.	d.	From Loans raised on the Security of the Assessment. £	s.	d.	From Voluntary Contributions and Church Collections. £	s.	d.	From Mortifications and all other sources. £	s.	d.	Total Amount of Money Received. £	s.	d.
48	Leochel-Cushnie -		...			...			147	4	10	18	16	6	166	1	[illegible]
49	Leslie - - -	*	127	12	11	...			...			3	0	0	130	12	[illegible]
50	Logie-Buchan -	*	162	5	3½	...			...			2	17	4	165	2	[illegible]
51	Logie-Coldstone -		240	8	4½	...			...			15	7	2	255	15	[illegible]
52	Longside - -	*	1,167	12	8½	...			...			15	6	8	1,182	19	[illegible]
53	Lonmay - - -	*	607	5	9½	...			...			10	7	2	617	12	[illegible]
54	Lumphanan - -	*	147	11	4	...			...			18	16	3	166	7	[illegible]
55	Machar, New - -	*	488	10	11	...			...			6	5	5	494	16	[illegible]
56	Machar, Old - -	*	8,982	13	8	...			...			296	9	10	9,279	3	[illegible]
57	Meldrum - -	*	483	9	7	...			...			53	9	9	536	19	[illegible]
58	Methlic - - -	*	591	2	0	...			...			15	19	2	607	1	[illegible]
59	Midmar - - -		323	8	4½	...			...			8	18	6	332	6	[illegible]
60	Monquhitter - -	*	696	13	4	...			...			20	3	1	716	16	[illegible]
61	Monymusk - -		254	8	11	...			...			9	17	11	264	6	[illegible]
62	Newhills - - -		1,419	12	3	...			...			11	3	3	1,430	15	[illegible]
63	Oyne - - -	*	327	9	0½	...			...			12	9	10½	339	18	[illegible]
64	Peterculter - -		224	12	1	...			...			11	9	1	236	1	[illegible]
65	Peterhead - -	*	3,061	15	5	...			...			30	11	3	3,092	6	[illegible]
66	Pitsligo - - -	*	414	4	7	...			...			17	5	8	431	10	[illegible]
67	Premnay - -	*	237	10	6	...			...			47	10	4	285	0	[illegible]
68	Rathen - - -		923	19	10½	...			...			15	6	0	939	5	[illegible]
69	Rayne - - -		...			...			158	10	0	...			158	10	[illegible]
70	Rhynie - - -	*	360	2	7	...			...			115	5	8	475	8	[illegible]
71	Skene - - -	*	501	17	7	...			...			9	4	8	511	2	[illegible]
72	Slains - - -	*	343	5	4	...			...			9	12	6	352	17	[illegible]
73	Strathdon - -	*	277	19	3½	...			...			17	11	0	295	10	[illegible]
74	Strichen - - -		736	16	0	...			...			24	18	7	761	14	[illegible]
75	Tarland and Migvie		268	8	7	...			...			11	6	6	279	15	[illegible]
76	Tarves - - -	*	607	19	1	83	0	0	...			25	18	9	716	17	[illegible]
77	Tough - - -		138	9	2½	...			...			4	1	10	142	11	[illegible]
78	Towie - - -		155	15	4	...			...			3	4	9	159	0	[illegible]
79	Tullynessle - -	*	381	10	1½	...			...			19	7	4	400	17	[illegible]
80	Turriff - - -		1,146	15	6	...			...			90	6	9½	1,237	2	[illegible]
81	Tyrie - - -	*	1,026	19	2	...			...			124	7	10	1,151	7	[illegible]
82	Udny - - -	*	579	4	3½	...			...			82	15	0	661	19	[illegible]
	Total -		60,788	9	5½	122	4	4	2,293	15	8½	3,133	11	2½	66,338	0	[illegible]
	ARGYLL.																
1	Ardchattan and Muckairn -	*	1,408	12	1	...			...			11	9	7	1,420	1	[illegible]
2	Ardnamurchan -	*	2,118	1	0½	...			...			52	7	1	2,170	8	[illegible]
3	Campbeltown - -	*	3,192	6	4½	...			...			53	16	1	3,966	2	[illegible]
4	Coll - - -		367	17	4	...			...			6	14	6	374	11	[illegible]
5	Colonsay & Oronsay		...			...			137	19	1	...			137	19	[illegible]
6	Craignish - -		381	1	10	...			...			5	17	1	386	18	[illegible]
7	Dunoon & Kilmun -	*	1,138	3	4	...			...			66	2	1½	1,204	5	[illegible]
8	Gigha - - -		169	6	10½	...			...			...			169	6	[illegible]
9	Glassary - -	*	1,446	17	0	...			...			51	13	1	1,498	10	[illegible]
10	Glenorchy & Inishail	*	659	12	4½	...			...			...			659	12	[illegible]
11	Inveraray - -		704	6	1	...			...			59	4	2	763	10	[illegible]
12	Inverchaolain - -		...			...			201	3	1	...			201	3	[illegible]
13	Jura - - -		...			...			480	11	9	6	14	11	487	6	[illegible]
14	Kilbrandon - -	*	756	11	6	...			...			71	8	8	828	0	[illegible]
15	Kilcalmonell and Kilberry -	*	804	17	6½	...			...			13	0	0	817	17	[illegible]
16	Kilchoman - -	*	1,066	4	8	...			...			69	11	0	1,135	15	[illegible]

EXPENDITURE.

lief of Poor the Roll or Registered.			Relief of Casual Poor.			Medical Relief.			Management.			Law Expenses.			Repayment of Money borrowed on Security of Assessment.			Total Amount of Money Expended.			No.
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	
79	4	9	9	11	3	9	16	2	12	0	10	...			...			210	13	0	48
39	7	8	0	5	4	5	0	8	10	7	5	...			...			155	1	1	49
41	18	2	...			6	14	8	25	1	1	...			...			173	13	11	50
61	17	2	14	7	3½	12	0	0	39	5	7½	9	10	0	...			237	0	1	51
04	18	10	35	8	11½	24	3	2	51	1	5½	12	6	4	...			1,127	18	9	52
27	5	5	4	18	10	18	6	0	52	1	8½	...			...			602	11	11½	53
44	0	5	9	4	10	7	10	7	24	9	5½	...			...			185	5	3½	54
380	0	3	5	5	0	11	19	2	48	8	3	...			...			445	12	8	55
72	7	2	111	15	0	240	5	3	795	19	6	11	18	6	...			8,632	5	5	56
34	1	7	4	3	5	41	2	2	71	4	9	0	10	10	...			551	2	9	57
524	4	7½	1	8	6	23	12	11	30	14	7	...			...			580	0	7½	58
229	19	8½	17	9	0	9	16	9	23	1	3½	...			...			280	6	9	59
536	15	0	7	13	0	17	1	1	56	11	7	9	8	6	...			627	9	2	60
245	4	4½	1	5	0	11	1	5	20	14	1	8	8	0	...			28[illegible]	12	10½	61
116	13	4½	35	3	3	27	8	5	70	6	1	10	15	8	...			1,260	6	9½	62
303	11	3	7	8	1	13	8	7	25	7	5	0	8	8	...			350	4	0	63
260	13	0½	0	7	0	11	6	10	33	12	9½	...			...			305	19	8	64
547	14	6	79	1	3½	88	7	6	241	17	4	2	13	6	...			2,959	14	1½	65
422	9	3	...			16	0	0	33	16	10	1	2	6	...			473	8	7	66
243	5	7	0	15	6	10	15	7	28	2	6	3	8	6	...			286	7	8	67
638	3	5½	10	1	11½	17	2	10	42	1	11	3	2	6	...			710	12	8	68
158	1	11	2	0	0	7	13	0	12	15	5	...			...			180	10	4	69
372	8	4	5	2	0	12	0	0	31	18	3	...			...			421	8	7	70
452	0	3	6	12	0	16	15	0	35	15	0	...			...			511	2	3	71
336	16	2	4	8	8	10	0	0	34	4	2	...			...			385	9	0	72
293	15	4	3	19	7	30	0	0	31	2	0	2	17	6	...			361	14	5	73
722	1	7½	15	17	4	21	0	0	45	16	11	1	0	6	...			805	16	4½	74
206	18	9	2	5	2	13	7	3	30	15	2	...			...			253	6	4	75
522	5	4½	0	13	6	26	4	10	40	16	7	14	18	10	...			604	19	1½	76
127	15	5½	1	13	1½	6	0	0	14	2	9	...			...			149	11	4	77
154	18	9	10	9	11	11	1	9	25	9	7	5	13	0	...			207	13	0	78
209	14	11½	12	0	5	12	0	0	21	16	2½	174	0	4	...			429	11	11	79
145	18	8½	3	12	7	42	14	5½	98	13	6	5	3	9	...			1,296	3	0	80
858	0	3½	38	14	11½	32	10	0	85	0	2	85	16	1	...			1,100	1	6	81
404	11	2½	16	7	10½	15	0	0	38	4	10	8	9	0	...			482	12	11	82
,263	19	0½	1,219	7	3	1,957	12	3½	5,325	19	3½	672	14	11½	230	14	1	62,670	6	11	
,027	2	2½	13	18	4	39	8	0	150	3	7	67	16	7	...			1,298	8	8½	1
,650	6	11½	21	1	10½	135	12	0	196	5	10	26	13	1	...			2,029	19	9	2
,898	13	1½	53	12	6½	100	14	6	348	8	10	74	2	1	...			3,475	11	1	3
322	15	9	0	12	0	30	0	0	26	8	9	...			...			379	16	6	4
111	19	7	20	19	6	...			5	0	0	...			...			137	19	1	5
317	9	4	5	9	2½	30	14	2	19	18	11	...			...			373	11	7½	6
934	2	9	2	8	0	88	4	0½	174	11	11½	...			...			1,199	6	9	7
158	1	11½	1	10	0	...			9	14	11	...			...			169	6	10½	8
,000	12	6	40	19	6	53	3	0	316	11	1	...			...			1,411	6	1	9
512	18	9½	7	0	0	64	4	6	80	18	9	...			...			665	2	0½	10
722	4	1	8	0	0	45	0	0	38	0	0	10	0	0	...			823	4	1	11
136	18	1	1	0	0	8	0	0	21	10	7	1	9	10	...			168	18	6	12
433	16	6½	3	1	7	23	0	0	29	4	5	...			...			489	2	6½	13
537	10	2	0	14	0	25	0	0	139	0	8	15	16	1	...			718	0	11	14
541	9	1½	14	19	6	28	16	0	240	19	11	...			...			826	4	6½	15
733	17	10½	28	14	11	75	17	1½	99	11	3	0	7	3	...			938	8	5	16

No.	County and Parish.		RECEIPT. From Assessment. £ s. d.	From Loans raised on the Security of the Assessment. £ s. d.	From Voluntary Contributions and Church Collections. £ s. d.	From Mortifications and all other sources. £ s. d.	§Total Amount Money Receiv[ed] £ s.
17	Kilchrennan and Dalavich	*	391 14 11½	...	...	4 18 1	396 13
18	Kildalton	*	1,168 3 9	...	...	55 3 3	1,123 7
19	Kilfinan		462 12 10½	...	...	10 10 2	473 3
20	Kilfinichen	*	1,566 14 2	...	...	41 19 0	1,608 13
21	Killarow, &c.	*	1,452 16 2	...	...	133 10 1	1,586 6
22	Killean & Kilchenzie		688 14 3	...	...	60 7 6	749 1
23	Kilmartin	*	360 0 0	...	...	51 10 0½	411 10
24	Kilmodan		...	...	64 11 3	3 10 0	68 1
25	Kilmore & Kilbride	*	1,195 0 5	...	...	12 1 1	1,207 1
26	Kilninian & Kilmore	*	1,192 3 3½	...	...	67 2 8	1,259 5
27	Kilninver and Kilmelfort	*	450 15 6	...	...	3 10 0	454 5
28	Knapdale, North	*	1,017 10 11	...	...	22 19 7	1,040 10
29	Knapdale, South	*	592 7 11	...	...	40 2 0	632 9
30	Lismore and Appin	*	1,259 15 1½	47 7 6	...	41 1 2	1,348 3
31	Lochgoilhead	*	406 4 11	220 17 1	...	13 11 0	640 13
32	Morven	*	834 9 10	...	...	9 17 10	844 7
33	Saddell and Skipness		606 14 7½	...	...	8 17 9	615 12
34	Southend		436 16 9	...	...	8 15 4	445 12
35	Strachur		296 9 6½	...	...	3 16 10	300 6
36	Stralachlan		...	...	73 15 6	2 2 0	75 17
37	Torosay	*	740 10 6½	...	...	39 7 1½	779 17
38	Tyree	*	777 10 0½	...	...	18 1 10	795 11
	Total		30,831 3 7½	268 4 7	958 0 8	1,120 12 7½	33,178 1
	AYR.						
1	Ardrossan		1,402 7 9	...	...	137 9 10	1,539 17
2	Auchinleck	*	...	...	893 18 11½	7 5 7	901 4
3	Ayr	*	3,639 17 2	...	...	477 18 11	4,117 16
4	Ballantrae	*	763 6 2½	...	...	7 5 11	770 12
5	Barr		252 14 10	...	...	...	252 14
6	Beith	*	1,721 6 4½	...	...	111 19 2	1,833 5
7	Colmonell	*	689 8 8	...	...	19 8 1	708 16
8	Coylton	*	357 19 11	...	...	68 1 11	426 1
9	Craigie		...	...	120 0 0	4 6 9	124 6
10	Cumnock, New	*	658 10 6	...	...	10 6 10	668 17
11	Cumnock, Old	*	1,001 6 6½	...	...	22 11 0	1,023 17
12	Dailly	*	714 0 10	...	...	27 0 4	741 1
13	Dalmellington	*	830 3 6	...	...	15 18 7	846 2
14	Dalry	*	1,980 4 0	...	...	27 10 0	2,007 14
15	Dalrymple		214 6 11	...	...	13 1 2	227 8
16	Dreghorn		340 1 10	...	...	6 5 7	346 7
17	Dundonald	*	2,006 6 10½	...	...	642 17 3	2,649 4
18	Dunlop		197 17 2	...	...	...	197 17
19	Fenwick	*	348 12 6½	...	...	11 8 4	360 0
20	Galston		899 17 2½	...	...	34 8 11	934 6
21	Girvan		1,775 15 10	...	...	44 2 2	1,819 18
22	Irvine		1,364 16 10½	...	...	83 12 10	1,448 9
23	Kilbirnie	*	1,130 16 0	...	...	437 15 1	1,568 11
24	Kilbride, West	*	578 18 5	...	...	17 14 0	596 12
25	Kilmarnock	*	6,529 6 1	...	...	161 5 4	6,690 11
26	Kilmaurs		1,027 8 4½	...	...	19 11 3	1,046 19
27	Kilwinning	*	1,183 5 8	...	...	218 8 0	1,401 13
28	Kirkmichael	*	...	...	540 0 0	16 15 8	556 15

EXPENDITURE.							
elief of Poor ı the Roll or Registered.	Relief of Casual Poor.	Medical Relief.	Management.	Law Expenses.	Repayment of Money borrowed on Security of Assessment.	Total Amount of Money Expended.	No.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
350 7 8	4 7 10	20 7 6	77 11 11	...	...	452 14 11	17
815 16 1	18 9 2	73 14 11½	90 12 11	2 19 0	...	1,001 12 1½	18
391 0 7½	6 16 5½	30 0 0	41 13 2	...	...	469 10 3	19
159 18 10	31 6 0	60 0 0	113 2 1	...	...	1,364 6 11	20
080 0 9	31 19 11	68 8 11	141 5 8	16 2 11	...	1,337 18 2	21
567 4 8	5 4 0	24 2 0	61 4 11	2 2 0	...	659 17 7	22
283 0 7½	3 14 5	25 11 4	76 2 9½	2 16 4	...	391 5 6	23
39 2 1	0 10 6	6 0 0	12 13 0	...	...	58 5 7	24
635 4 10½	...	27 0 0	401 6 9½	6 0 0	...	1,069 11 8	25
887 14 5½	43 2 1	39 5 0	140 7 6	...	...	1,110 9 0½	26
345 3 0	3 17 6	10 10 0	61 14 3	...	...	421 4 9	27
768 1 9½	11 0 0	35 0 0	173 11 4	10 6 4	...	997 19 5½	28
377 1 7	8 9 1	20 0 0	120 0 1	...	...	525 10 9	29
119 1 8½	45 1 5	70 0 0	204 0 0	...	...	1,438 2 1½	30
270 16 5	0 3 6	42 10 0	50 17 1	...	30 0 0	394 7 0	31
485 13 4	5 18 6½	45 0 0	133 6 5	79 4 4	...	749 2 7½	32
555 6 5	1 9 6	37 1 0	82 1 7	...	...	675 18 6	33
370 6 0½	5 4 6	33 12 10	28 14 0	...	...	437 17 4½	34
141 10 3½	43 10 7	20 0 0	20 13 8	4 19 6	21 2 0	251 16 0½	35
48 17 3	...	6 0 0	7 6 6	...	...	62 3 9	36
512 3 2	3 16 0	50 0 0	118 15 9	...	...	684 14 11	37
540 13 6½	7 15 2	46 13 4	39 10 4	1 10 0	...	636 2 4½	38
,784 4 0½	505 16 1½	1,538 10 2½	4,093 1 2½	322 5 4	51 2 0	30,294 18 11	
,527 11 5	48 13 11	42 0 0	149 13 7	11 13 11	...	1,779 12 10	1
532 19 4½	54 10 11	21 10 0	124 4 1½	14 16 0½	...	748 0 5½	2
,347 17 10	41 17 10	102 0 9	326 19 5	...	...	3,818 15 10	3
374 14 6	27 8 1	51 1 0	71 10 8	...	41 19 9	566 14 0	4
212 8 0	30 0 2½	5 10 6	23 18 6	...	...	271 17 2½	5
942 10 7½	12 11 6½	49 14 0	173 2 5½	42 7 8	...	1,220 6 3½	6
510 9 5	16 13 7	45 4 0	89 17 11	5 19 0	...	668 3 11	7
330 3 2	3 13 5	12 0 0	43 10 6	2 4 11	...	391 12 0	8
91 17 4	1 5 3	3 5 6	16 1 0	...	...	112 9 1	9
535 7 2½	20 17 3	25 0 0	94 17 11	2 8 6	...	678 10 10½	10
832 17 0	54 18 10	24 1 0	95 17 0½	0 6 0	...	1,007 19 10½	11
622 3 10	8 2 6	38 3 5	96 18 8	2 9 6	...	767 17 11	12
599 1 6	4 1 3	30 0 0	99 1 11	7 5 4	...	739 10 0	13
,763 10 10	117 12 6	43 12 9	290 3 7	...	...	2,214 19 8	14
218 7 9½	6 2 8	12 0 0	24 3 5	...	...	260 13 10½	15
345 1 10	21 8 11	28 9 2	113 9 1	...	...	508 9 0	16
,863 19 7½	28 1 8	59 16 10	268 9 9	13 1 1	...	2,233 8 11½	17
178 9 5	1 10 2	...	27 6 5	...	...	207 6 0	18
271 17 4	9 8 2	34 7 6	36 10 4	...	...	352 3 4	19
755 12 9½	75 17 8	58 14 10	46 18 4	...	...	937 3 7½	20
,566 13 7½	58 11 7	61 6 0	141 17 7	1 7 9	...	1,829 16 6½	21
,323 8 0	38 12 4	45 11 7	239 15 6	4 2 2	...	1,651 9 7	22
831 0 10	34 6 6½	37 15 10	151 6 6½	0 3 2	...	1,054 12 11	23
484 8 10½	18 4 4	22 3 8	78 4 8	0 8 11	...	603 10 5½	24
,056 9 3	196 5 4	271 3 7	558 6 0	3 19 8	...	6,086 3 10	25
923 19 8	18 18 8	48 11 11	80 15 0	0 5 2	...	1,072 10 5	26
,340 11 1	66 6 10	49 5 6	213 4 9	4 10 3	...	1,673 18 5	27
422 6 4	14 7 2	26 9 0	102 9 10½	0 2 9	...	565 15 1½	28

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. From Assessment.	From Loans raised on the Security of the Assessment.	From Voluntary Contributions and Church Collections.	From Mortifications and all other sources.	Total Amount of Money Received
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s.
29	Kirkoswald - - *	419 1 8	...	...	9 7 4	428 9
30	Largs - - -	900 0 0	...	...	15 8 8	915 8
31	Loudoun - -	1,008 17 1	...	...	39 19 7	1,048 16
32	Mauchline - - *	...	...	422 7 1	26 7 9	448 14
33	Maybole - - - *	1,725 3 3	...	...	48 3 2	1,773 6
34	Monkton - -	1,098 17 10	...	...	18 3 6	1,117 1
35	Muirkirk - - *	1,086 13 11½	...	...	14 13 11	1,101 7
36	Newton-upon-Ayr - *	1,190 16 1	...	...	32 8 8½	1,223 4
37	Ochiltree - - *	398 1 0	...	...	9 8 9½	407 9
38	Riccarton - -	891 15 6	...	...	61 14 4	953 9
39	St Quivox - - *	2,507 8 8½	...	...	71 16 9½	2,579 5
40	Sorn - - - *	1,056 7 10	...	...	20 11 5	1,076 19
41	Stair - - -	153 8 8½	...	...	...	153 8
42	Stevenston - - *	1,331 18 2	...	...	411 11 0	1,743 9
43	Stewarton - -	837 0 0	...	...	17 12 6	854 12
44	Straiton - - -	...	...	328 19 9½	...	328 19
45	Symington - - *	176 2 0½	...	...	19 2 0	195 4
46	Tarbolton - -	681 11 7	...	...	10 12 4	692 3
	Total -	47,071 19 6	...	2,305 5 10	3,471 10 3½	52,848 15
	BANFF.					
1	Aberlour - -	402 9 5	...	...	8 3 4	410 12
2	Alvah - - -	267 10 5	...	...	8 0 5	275 10
3	Banff - - -	1,464 9 11	...	...	20 18 9	1,485 8
4	Boharm - - -	618 4 0	...	...	19 3 9	637 7
5	Botriphnie - -	180 14 4½	...	...	2 15 9	183 10
6	Boyndie - - -	537 11 2	...	...	101 6 5	638 17
7	Cabrach - - - *	255 17 9½	...	...	7 2 9	263 0
8	Cullen - - - *	352 19 1	...	...	35 17 1	388 16
9	Deskford - - *	176 5 6	...	...	54 5 9½	230 11
10	Fordyce and Portsoy	694 6 4	...	...	32 19 6½	727 5
11	Forglen - - -	196 7 1	...	...	0 11 0	196 18
12	Gamrie and Macduff *	1,700 11 0	120 0 0	...	18 14 3	1,839 5
13	Grange - - -	594 15 2½	...	...	6 18 1	601 13
14	Inveravon - -	1,067 8 4	...	...	50 2 1½	1,117 10
15	Inverkeithny - -	190 13 7½	...	...	1 16 7	192 10
16	Keith - - -	1,580 8 5	...	...	30 4 8	1,610 13
17	Kirkmichael - -	821 17 1	...	...	17 7 6	839 4
18	Marnoch - -	1,299 3 2	...	...	11 18 4	1,311 1
19	Mortlach - - *	860 0 0	...	...	22 16 10	882 16
20	Ordiquhill - -	265 9 10½	...	...	2 9 9	267 19
21	Rathven - - - *	1,988 7 5	...	...	166 11 3½	2,154 18
22	Rothiemay - -	516 15 4½	...	...	11 11 4	528 6
23	St Fergus - - *	391 0 6	...	...	36 12 6½	427 13
	Total -	16,423 5 1	120 0 0	...	668 7 10½	17,211 12
	BERWICK.					
1	Abbey St Bathans -	44 9 4	...	...	...	44 9
2	Ayton - - -	616 4 1½	...	...	11 5 6	627 9
3	Buncle and Preston	83 2 0	...	...	...	83 2
4	Channelkirk - -	170 14 5½	...	...	4 10 8½	175 5
5	Chirnside - -	508 2 1½	...	...	5 15 8	513 17
6	Cockburnspath - *	530 0 0	...	...	2 0 0	532 0
7	Coldingham - -	965 0 7½	...	...	24 18 8	989 19
8	Coldstream - -	1,207 18 5	...	...	365 11 11	1,573 10

EXPENDITURE.							
[R]elief of Poor [o]n the Roll or Registered.	Relief of Casual Poor.	Medical Relief.	Management.	Law Expenses.	Repayment of Money borrowed on Security of Assessment.	Total Amount of Money Expended.	No.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
304 15 0½	2 1 0	9 5 3	63 9 2	1 10 0	...	381 0 5½	29
709 16 2½	7 17 6	31 0 0	104 6 6½	4 12 3	...	857 12 6	30
001 19 10	18 2 7	40 4 6	74 11 0	30 8 9	...	1,165 6 8	31
333 17 5	56 3 1	16 16 0	75 4 11	...	...	482 1 5	32
302 5 4	21 2 7	54 8 4	296 17 9	10 0 3	...	1,684 14 3	33
703 7 1	37 1 7	30 6 3	58 13 1	6 17 2	...	836 5 2	34
899 18 2	34 6 2	64 1 1	125 8 8	4 13 1½	...	1,128 7 2½	35
019 16 0	15 11 9	30 18 4	145 0 3½	...	...	1,211 6 4½	36
361 18 10	2 5 2½	17 17 6	55 3 3½	1 9 0	...	438 13 10	37
757 18 5	14 11 8	30 10 6	105 4 9	2 8 6	...	910 13 10	38
048 1 0	65 2 11	64 16 1½	222 12 7½	...	...	2,400 12 8	39
890 3 8	37 10 10	31 7 6	133 0 0	12 4 3	...	1,104 6 3	40
145 8 4	5 18 5	1 4 4	14 15 2	...	...	167 6 3	41
929 5 1	62 17 5	35 9 2	175 7 9	259 18 8	...	1,462 18 1	42
639 11 9	35 14 1	42 9 6	137 16 1	0 11 7	...	856 3 0	43
315 8 11½	2 9 7	10 10 4	44 18 8	2 13 2	...	376 0 8½	44
117 15 0	2 9 5	14 1 10	34 16 2	0 7 0	...	169 9 5	45
476 1 6	64 13 5	24 0 0	63 18 5	17 16 8	...	646 10 0	46
,763 6 1½	1,516 8 4	1,798 4 10½	5,709 18 10½	473 2 2	41 19 9	50,303 0 1½	
382 0 0	2 5 6	23 0 0	28 0 0	0 13 4	...	435 18 10	1
355 0 3	3 1 0	11 0 0	24 0 5	...	...	393 1 8	2
475 0 9½	38 4 10	50 3 6	108 8 5½	0 1 6	...	1,671 19 1	3
565 7 9	23 9 9	15 0 0	37 3 1	16 10 1	...	657 10 8	4
160 1 5	4 12 11	5 11 6	20 0 4	...	...	190 6 2	5
572 7 8	2 5 10	16 10 9	35 4 3	...	...	626 8 6	6
245 18 9	20 5 6½	10 0 0	15 5 6	1 6 4	...	292 16 1½	7
329 10 10½	1 14 6	22 0 0	53 6 7	49 11 5	...	456 3 4½	8
154 16 1½	15 13 5	10 3 5	20 19 2	1 11 4	...	203 3 5½	9
243 5 4½	21 14 1	45 6 2	102 14 2½	0 14 10	...	1,413 14 8	10
209 2 7	3 6 2	3 0 0	14 6 2	...	...	229 14 11	11
663 5 11	38 0 2½	36 0 0	81 5 11	2 15 6	...	1,824 7 6½	12
517 13 2½	10 10 0	19 17 0	38 14 7	35 10 6	...	622 5 3½	13
964 10 8	8 16 9	40 15 0	74 0 5½	12 7 11	...	1,095 10 4½	14
172 17 2½	3 15 0	0 15 7½	17 14 7½	...	...	195 2 5½	15
,379 1 7	39 18 9	61 15 10	93 4 7	130 4 4	...	1,704 5 1	16
589 10 2½	3 2 6	44 3 1	45 13 4	117 8 8	...	799 17 9½	17
,221 12 4½	9 12 2	36 18 0	62 8 6½	...	...	1,330 11 1	18
808 9 6	35 18 4	30 0 0	56 5 2½	...	...	930 13 0½	19
231 5 5	...	6 0 0	13 11 3½	...	...	250 16 8½	20
,637 17 2½	44 0 9	53 11 6	130 4 3½	35 14 10	...	1,901 8 7	21
416 4 2½	12 6 2	23 18 9½	46 10 2½	...	...	498 19 4½	22
311 8 8½	24 18 6	17 4 11	42 0 3	6 7 1	...	401 19 5½	23
.606 7 4½	362 12 8	582 15 1	1,161 1 5½	410 17 8	...	18,123 14 3	
43 8 6	3 8 9	1 2 6	6 9 2	...	...	54 8 11	1
537 1 11½	23 19 2½	23 7 0	62 8 2	...	...	646 16 4	2
77 16 8½	7 8 4½	8 2 0	23 5 0	...	...	116 12 1	3
162 4 8½	8 9 9	15 18 8	18 18 8½	...	...	200 11 10	4
402 19 11	20 13 8½	24 14 6	62 13 6	...	...	511 1 7½	5
362 5 9	73 0 5½	11 9 0	34 0 8	21 10 6	...	502 6 4½	6
867 8 3½	19 15 6	34 0 6	95 16 5	6 3 1	...	1,023 3 11½	7
971 9 8	37 9 7	34 17 11	120 14 10	...	...	1,164 12 0	8

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. From Assessment. £ s. d.	From Loans raised on the Security of the Assessment. £ s. d.	From Voluntary Contributions and Church Collections. £ s. d.	From Mortifications and all other sources. £ s. d.	Total Amount of Money Received. £ s. d.
9	Cranshaws	...	...	...	41 0 11	41 0 [illegible]
10	Dunse	1,437 14 0	...	...	33 2 10	1,470 16 [illegible]
11	Earlstoun *	568 17 7½	...	...	62 6 0	631 3 [illegible]
12	Eccles *	555 14 1	...	...	23 3 2	578 17 [illegible]
13	Edrom	542 9 0	...	...	28 19 1	571 8 [illegible]
14	Eyemouth	446 0 0	...	...	12 15 6	458 15 [illegible]
15	Fogo	136 7 5½	...	...	5 18 10	142 6 [illegible]
16	Foulden	64 12 10½	...	...	...	64 12 [illegible]
17	Gordon	361 13 3½	...	...	...	361 13 [illegible]
18	Greenlaw *	654 19 2	...	...	9 0 9	663 19 [illegible]
19	Hume	110 0 0	...	...	...	110 0 [illegible]
20	Hutton	485 9 1½	...	...	11 12 9	497 1 [illegible]
21	Ladykirk	212 19 8½	...	...	2 8 0	215 7 [illegible]
22	Langton	164 16 6½	...	...	3 3 0	167 19 [illegible]
23	Lauder	733 3 6	...	...	60 9 4	793 12 [illegible]
24	Legerwood	105 0 0	...	...	...	105 0 [illegible]
25	Longformacus	108 17 3	...	...	2 15 3	111 12 [illegible]
26	Mertoun	86 2 8	...	...	...	86 2 [illegible]
27	Mordington	107 11 8	...	...	...	107 11 [illegible]
28	Nenthorn	131 13 11	...	...	...	131 13 [illegible]
29	Polwarth	102 6 4½	...	...	5 10 6	107 16 [illegible]
30	Swinton	458 15 3	...	...	9 11 10	468 7 [illegible]
31	Westruther	180 0 0	...	...	...	180 0 [illegible]
32	Whitsome	235 1 2½	...	...	4 0 0	239 1 [illegible]
	Total	12,115 15 9½	...	...	730 0 2½	12,845 16 [illegible]
	BUTE.					
1	Cumbraes	130 7 3	...	...	...	130 7 [illegible]
2	Kilbride (Arran)	861 13 8	...	...	12 6 0	873 19 [illegible]
3	Kilmory	807 0 0	100 0 0	...	14 18 4	921 18 [illegible]
4	Kingarth	244 10 10½	...	...	...	244 10 [illegible]
5	North Bute	297 5 8½	...	...	9 13 6	306 19 [illegible]
6	Rothesay	2,102 0 0	...	...	62 5 8	2,164 5 [illegible]
	Total	4,442 17 6	100 0 0	...	99 3 6	4,642 1 [illegible]
	CAITHNESS.					
1	Bower	...	...	342 4 11	11 12 1	353 17 [illegible]
2	Canisbay *	628 11 6	100 0 0	...	10 4 5	738 15 [illegible]
3	Dunnet *	761 2 3	...	...	31 14 9	792 17 [illegible]
4	Halkirk *	862 5 8	...	...	12 15 3	875 0 [illegible]
5	Latheron *	2,319 0 0	...	...	1,196 6 10	3,515 6 [illegible]
6	Olrig *	450 0 0	...	...	7 12 11	457 12 [illegible]
7	Reay	555 8 1½	...	...	12 2 1	567 10 [illegible]
8	Thurso *	2,443 16 7	...	...	79 13 4	2,523 9 [illegible]
9	Watten	...	...	180 0 0	7 5 6	187 5 [illegible]
10	Wick *	4,370 0 0	1,000 0 0	...	128 1 10	5,498 1 [illegible]
	Total	12,390 4 1½	1,100 0 0	522 4 11	1,497 9 0	15,509 18 [illegible]
	CLACKMANNAN.					
1	Alloa *	2,125 0 0	...	...	33 15 6	2,158 15 [illegible]
2	Clackmannan	1,255 2 11½	...	...	24 2 0	1,279 4 [illegible]

EXPENDITURE.

Relief of Poor on the Roll or Registered. £ s. d.	Relief of Casual Poor. £ s. d.	Medical Relief. £ s. d.	Management. £ s. d.	Law Expenses. £ s. d.	Repayment of Money borrowed on Security of Assessment. £ s. d.	Total Amount of Money Expended. £ s. d.	No.
25 15 5½	3 2 6½	2 10 0	6 2 6	...	...	37 10 6	9
,279 5 0	63 16 8½	47 19 10	115 19 9	0 6 8	...	1,507 7 11½	10
439 18 0	24 10 6	25 3 6	38 12 4	...	36 12 8	564 17 0	11
542 14 9	28 17 6½	25 8 6	47 1 3½	1 18 8	...	646 0 9	12
507 14 4	10 8 5½	20 1 6	41 19 2	0 10 2	...	580 13 7½	13
350 4 1	9 2 9	24 18 6	59 5 11	22 12 0	...	466 3 3	14
98 11 3	7 17 6	11 18 0	16 3 3	...	...	134 10 0	15
35 18 0	8 1 4	0 6 0	14 17 10	...	...	59 3 2	16
270 11 11½	31 16 0	11 19 6	33 11 2	...	...	347 18 7½	17
536 16 6	26 9 10	33 3 7	37 6 2	0 17 11	...	634 14 0	18
84 14 6	...	2 7 0	15 7 11	...	...	102 9 5	19
425 3 2½	12 11 2	21 3 7	38 15 2	...	...	497 13 1½	20
174 4 10½	3 7 6	10 0 0	23 11 9	...	...	211 4 1½	21
179 11 9	6 5 3	9 15 6	25 10 0	5 4 10	...	226 7 4	22
577 9 3	79 18 2	23 2 2	44 9 8	6 16 1	...	731 15 4	23
91 13 4	0 2 0	2 2 0	13 5 0	...	...	107 2 4	24
63 4 2½	6 19 11	0 12 6	19 10 3	...	...	90 6 10½	25
34 9 2	0 10 0	12 16 8	20 16 6	...	...	68 12 4	26
85 0 4	5 13 0	0 15 0	16 12 0	...	...	108 0 4	27
90 2 0½	14 12 5	3 4 6	14 12 4	1 0 6	...	123 11 9½	28
89 15 1	10 15 6	0 16 6	11 2 8	...	...	112 9 9	29
393 1 0	11 11 9	24 1 0	28 13 10	...	...	457 7 7	30
146 17 9	7 8 4	4 13 0	16 14 3	...	...	175 13 4	31
232 3 6	3 10 0	11 3 0	30 18 0	...	...	277 14 6	32
0179 14 10	566 13 8	483 13 5	1,155 5 2	67 0 5	36 12 8	12,489 0 2	
99 9 11	0 4 6	5 2 6	17 12 11	...	...	122 9 10	1
669 2 7	8 10 8	42 5 3	58 13 9	...	...	778 12 3	2
740 0 6½	10 1 9	40 0 0	48 9 11	...	80 16 0	919 8 2½	3
170 1 6	...	...	23 12 7	...	...	193 14 1	4
282 18 1½	0 11 0	19 1 0	35 14 8	9 12 0	...	347 16 9½	5
1,821 17 8	143 16 6	46 14 0	203 16 0	...	...	2,216 4 2	6
3,783 10 4	163 4 5	153 2 9	387 19 10	9 12 0	80 16 0	4,578 5 4	
298 16 0	2 7 10	13 5 0	46 18 9	...	...	361 7 7	1
414 6 9½	10 5 6	40 0 0	70 3 10	...	...	534 16 1½	2
406 13 10	13 9 6	33 10 0	50 11 9	...	...	504 5 1	3
488 1 9½	2 18 3	29 10 2	114 17 1	...	...	635 7 3½	4
1,748 0 1½	19 4 2	132 10 6	301 14 2½	25 6 10	...	2,226 15 10	5
268 12 11½	9 2 2	30 0 0	68 2 5	142 0 0	...	517 17 6½	6
350 13 4	5 0 6	25 11 3	71 3 4	...	...	452 8 5	7
1,127 2 4	18 9 2	88 3 1½	289 14 8½	101 5 5	...	1,624 14 9	8
138 16 11	15 11 2½	5 5 6	35 14 5	...	...	195 8 0½	9
3,096 3 11	128 16 5½	101 2 0	543 4 1	32 18 11	...	3,902 5 4½	10
8,337 8 0	225 4 9	498 17 6½	1,592 4 7	301 11 2	...	10,955 6 0½	
2,290 12 1	40 14 2	60 1 0	264 18 5	39 0 0	...	2,695 5 8	1
920 11 9	16 11 0	41 19 5	80 18 4	7 19 10	...	1,068 0 4	2

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT.														
		From Assessment.			From Loans raised on the Security of the Assessment.			From Voluntary Contributions and Church Collections.			From Mortifications and all other sources.			Total Amount of Money Received.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
3	Dollar - - -	357	1	3	...			...			8	8	8	365	9	11
4	Logie - - -	545	12	3	...			...			13	11	11	559	4	2
5	Tillicoultry - - *	573	15	2	...			...			40	6	11	614	2	1
	Total -	4,856	11	7½	...			...			120	5	0	4,976	16	7
	DUMBARTON.															
1	Arrochar - -	...			...			138	16	8½	3	13	4	142	10	0
2	Bonhill - - - *	1,625	6	11½	...			...			284	3	3	1,909	10	2
3	Cardross - - - *	1,612	1	5	...			...			300	12	3	1,912	13	8
4	Cumbernauld - -	993	15	4	...			...			74	4	0	1,067	19	4
5	Dumbarton - - *	1,618	0	2	...			...			25	12	5	1,643	12	7
6	Kilmaronock - - *	265	4	7½	...			...			14	18	4	280	2	11
7	Kilpatrick, New - *	1,431	8	3½	...			...			38	18	4	1,470	6	7
8	Kilpatrick, Old - *	1,913	13	0	...			...			45	0	8	1,958	13	8
9	Kirkintilloch - - *	1,647	17	1	...			...			124	4	10	1,772	1	11
10	Luss - - - *	329	16	4	...			...			15	0	3	344	16	7
11	Roseneath - - *	352	5	0	...			...			3	19	0	356	4	0
12	Row - - - *	1,059	5	8	...			...			15	8	8	1,074	14	4
	Total -	12,848	13	10½	...			138	16	8½	945	15	4	13,933	5	11
	DUMFRIES.															
1	Annan - - -	1,789	12	1	...			...			37	5	9½	1,826	17	[illegible]
2	Applegarth - -	...			...			106	3	10½	5	6	8	111	10	[illegible]
3	Caerlaverock - -	311	14	0½	...			...			10	11	11	322	5	11
4	Canonbie - - *	660	18	5	...			...			37	16	0	698	14	[illegible]
5	Closeburn - - *	611	18	8	9	17	8	...			6	9	2	628	5	[illegible]
6	Cummertrees - -	355	4	0	...			...			5	14	9	360	18	[illegible]
7	Dalton - - -	270	11	0	...			...			2	19	4	273	10	[illegible]
8	Dornock - - -	266	14	11	...			...			10	8	9	277	3	[illegible]
9	Dryfesdale - -	624	5	1	...			...			8	18	6	633	3	[illegible]
10	Dumfries - - *	2,847	13	0	623	6	8	...			153	17	2½	3,624	16	[illegible]
11	Dunscore - -	548	8	10	...			...			8	10	10	556	19	[illegible]
12	Durrisdeer - -	454	11	3	...			...			7	6	7	461	17	[illegible]
13	Eskdalemuir - -	222	2	10½	...			...			8	1	8	228	4	[illegible]
14	Ewes - - - *	51	19	1	...			...			1	7	4	53	6	[illegible]
15	Glencairn - -	739	15	4	...			...			20	1	10	759	17	[illegible]
16	Graitney - -	438	10	3	...			...			20	19	0	459	9	[illegible]
17	Half-Morton - -	102	8	5½	...			...			3	6	1	105	14	[illegible]
18	Hoddam - -	454	13	0	...			...			7	11	2	462	4	[illegible]
19	Holywood - -	567	19	10	...			...			63	5	2	631	5	[illegible]
20	Hutton - - -	208	10	4	...			...			3	9	1	211	19	[illegible]
21	Johnstone - -	250	1	4	...			...			1	3	6	251	4	[illegible]
22	Keir - - -	411	16	4	...			...			4	5	2	416	1	[illegible]
23	Kirkconnel - -	357	13	4	...			...			6	6	10	364	0	[illegible]
24	Kirkmahoe - -	423	15	4	...			...			14	10	10	438	6	[illegible]
25	Kirkmichael - -	297	13	11	20	0	0	...			4	11	9	322	5	[illegible]
26	Kirkpatrick-Fleming	500	4	1½	...			...			15	15	7½	515	19	[illegible]
27	Kirkpatrick-Juxta -	165	11	4½	...			...			4	10	0	170	1	[illegible]
28	Langholm - - *	341	6	11	...			...			26	6	5	367	13	[illegible]
29	Lochmaben - - *	766	3	10	...			...			26	12	11	792	16	[illegible]
30	Middlebie - -	307	7	1½	...			...			22	17	3	330	4	[illegible]
31	Moffat - - -	484	3	11½	...			...			6	0	0	490	3	[illegible]
32	Morton - - - *	562	18	0	...			...			61	15	8½	624	13	[illegible]

EXPENDITURE.

Relief of Poor on the Roll or Registered.	Relief of Casual Poor.	Medical Relief.	Management.	Law Expenses.	Repayment of Money borrowed on Security of Assessment.	Total Amount of Money Expended.	No.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
329 17 6	12 13 3	11 19 6	42 10 9	...	...	397 1 0	3
472 9 0	21 4 0	31 6 0	54 15 10	...	...	579 14 10	4
523 12 3	8 15 7	23 8 6	67 13 11	...	...	623 10 3	5
4,537 2 7	99 18 0	168 14 5	510 17 3	46 19 10	...	5,363 12 1	
108 10 8	2 3 0	20 0 0	11 7 0	...	...	142 0 8	1
1,226 10 9½	36 13 11	76 9 0	250 19 8	1 15 5	...	1,592 8 9½	2
1,068 4 11	153 19 7	51 14 1	264 3 9	3 19 7	...	1,542 1 11	3
901 2 8½	29 6 5½	47 2 4	82 13 11	...	...	1,060 5 5	4
966 17 6	108 18 7	49 5 9	262 2 9	36 15 7	...	1,424 0 2	5
116 3 9	4 5 5	...	36 13 8½	...	...	157 2 10½	6
1,071 8 11½	48 14 0	31 19 0	127 17 1	0 15 3	...	1,280 14 3½	7
1,468 12 5	64 11 2	67 12 10	174 17 2	13 13 9	...	1,789 7 4	8
1,688 2 6½	138 4 4½	66 9 6	207 18 3	52 16 3	...	2,153 10 11	9
286 12 0	4 4 0	20 0 0	27 15 10	...	...	338 11 10	10
188 19 11	2 3 6	10 0 0	42 15 5	...	...	243 18 10	11
862 11 0	179 13 10	41 1 0	190 10 6	5 7 5	...	1,279 3 9	12
9,953 17 2	772 17 10	481 13 6	1,679 15 0½	115 3 3	...	13,003 6 9½	
1,520 8 8½	58 1 5½	42 5 8	163 9 11	19 13 0	...	1,803 18 9	1
87 4 4½	19 5 7	10 10 8	15 15 8	...	...	132 16 3½	2
261 9 9½	42 17 6	12 0 0	28 5 1	1 7 4	...	345 19 8½	3
639 14 5½	22 10 4	36 0 0	10 10 6	...	21 10 0	730 5 3½	4
504 13 11	16 15 4	12 15 0	101 17 4	0 12 1	...	636 13 8	5
279 6 11½	7 13 2	18 3 4	59 0 6	...	...	364 3 11½	6
204 6 9½	10 0 6	10 0 0	29 14 6½	...	...	254 1 10	7
199 2 7	6 10 11	14 6 8	34 5 8	...	...	254 5 10	8
531 3 7½	43 5 9	25 0 0	44 19 10	...	...	644 9 2½	9
2,698 16 11	184 2 3	127 17 5	480 0 5½	81 18 2	...	3,572 15 2½	10
438 4 2	9 1 1	19 6 10	55 10 3	...	...	522 2 4	11
327 8 4½	10 19 3	32 17 0	60 16 0	...	...	432 0 7½	12
173 9 4½	3 14 0½	13 1 8	13 3 9	...	...	203 8 10	13
36 18 0	3 12 3	3 0 0	11 10 7½	...	...	55 0 10½	14
659 7 2	3 17 1½	26 12 0	73 1 8	...	...	762 17 11½	15
367 2 0	6 8 3	17 18 4	48 3 0	...	...	439 11 7	16
65 5 5	10 3 1	10 3 10	21 9 1	...	...	107 1 5	17
363 18 8	6 5 0	28 19 4	47 11 10	23 5 6	...	470 0 4	18
564 9 0	10 8 7	14 7 10	26 1 0	3 6 5	...	618 12 10	19
183 17 10½	2 13 2	8 0 0	17 14 0	2 13 7	...	214 18 7½	20
195 15 10½	15 1 3	2 14 0	21 16 2½	7 2 4	...	242 9 8	21
327 7 1	15 19 6	15 8 6	53 11 8	...	...	412 6 9	22
284 16 8½	12 11 2	15 9 1	59 16 9	...	...	372 13 8½	23
355 19 11	5 12 0	26 1 11	39 5 7	...	...	426 19 5	24
278 16 0	3 7 2	10 0 0	18 7 3	...	...	310 10 5	25
432 9 8½	11 4 9	24 0 11	52 0 8	0 7 1	...	520 3 1½	26
128 6 4½	29 9 7	4 6 0	20 16 0	...	3 11 3½	186 9 3	27
385 17 2	47 7 4	22 11 6	79 14 2	...	...	535 10 2	28
617 6 8	25 13 5	52 16 1	75 19 8	17 15 10	...	789 11 8	29
344 17 7	6 12 6	32 3 4	45 7 8	6 1 0	...	435 2 1	30
559 11 9½	9 6 5	15 1 6	33 13 1	...	...	617 12 9½	31
561 3 9	4 11 4	36 3 3½	83 16 8	...	...	685 15 0½	32

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. From Assessment.	From Loans raised on the Security of the Assessment.	From Voluntary Contributions and Church Collections.	From Mortifications and all other sources.	Total Amount of Money Received.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
33	Mouswald - -	284 18 11½	...	...	8 3 4	293 2 3½
34	Penpont - - -	288 7 3	...	...	12 7 1	300 14 4
35	Ruthwell - -	378 14 0	...	...	4 13 11	383 7 11
36	St Mungo - -	254 5 8	...	...	...	254 5 8
37	Sanquhar - -	618 16 4	...	...	87 1 9	705 18 1
38	Tinwald - - -	306 5 2	...	...	4 9 9	310 14 11
39	Torthorwald - - *	375 1 0½	...	...	6 3 3	381 4 3½
40	Tundergarth - -	130 14 5½	...	...	...	130 14 5½
41	Tynron - - -	166 13 6½	...	...	1 18 0	168 11 6½
42	Wamphray - -	93 10 10	...	...	...	93 10 10
43	Westerkirk - -	200 0 0	...	...	3 4 10	203 4 10
	Total -	19,491 13 3½	653 4 4	106 3 10½	746 4 9	20,997 6 3
	EDINBURGH.					
1	Borthwick - -	636 15 9	...	...	26 19 0	663 14 9
2	Calder, Mid - -	395 0 0	...	...	7 10 10	402 10 10
3	Calder, West - -	981 10 8½	...	...	12 16 8½	994 7 5
4	Canongate - -	3,061 9 1	...	...	57 1 7	3,118 10 8
5	Carrington - -	110 12 2½	...	...	3 11 7	114 3 9½
6	Cockpen - -	805 16 4	...	...	8 6 6	814 2 10
7	Colinton - -	825 5 6½	...	...	316 16 4	1,142 1 10½
8	Corstorphine - -	495 5 3	...	...	172 1 5	667 6 8
9	Cramond - -	1,455 18 0	...	...	145 12 11	1,601 10 11
10	Cranston - -	208 3 6	...	...	29 9 2	237 12 8
11	Crichton - -	282 7 10	...	...	7 19 8	290 7 6
12	Currie - - -	511 15 6	...	...	8 6 0	520 1 6
13	Dalkeith - - -	1,544 0 3	...	...	68 11 6	1,612 11 9
14	Duddingston - - *	1,364 12 1	...	...	95 12 10	1,460 4 11
15	Edinburgh - - *	32,884 4 3	...	...	1,747 0 4½	34,631 4 7½
16	Fala - - - *	74 18 0	...	...	1 18 0	76 16 0
17	Glencross - -	179 5 11	...	...	2 15 3	182 1 2
18	Heriot - - -	44 3 9	...	...	...	44 3 9
19	Inveresk - - *	3,683 7 4	...	...	115 13 4	3,799 0 8
20	Kirknewton - -	598 13 1	...	...	7 17 9	606 10 10
21	Lasswade - -	963 8 11	...	...	524 9 6½	1,487 18 5½
22	Leith, North - - *	2,387 15 4	...	...	229 7 11	2,617 3 3
23	Leith, South - -	8,292 5 6	...	...	250 3 5	8,542 8 11
24	Liberton - -	1,361 5 0	...	...	89 8 1	1,450 13 1
25	Newbattle - -	716 2 1½	12 15 6	...	19 3 8	748 1 3½
26	Newton - - -	581 6 8½	...	...	12 18 3	594 4 11½
27	Penicuick - - *	869 3 4	...	...	35 18 0	905 1 4
28	Ratho - - -	456 10 1	...	...	32 9 3	488 19 4
29	St Cuthbert's - - *	25,423 0 8	...	...	7,488 0 11½	32,911 1 7½
30	Stow - - - *	409 5 11½	...	...	7 4 11	416 10 10½
31	Temple - - - *	399 11 9½	...	...	6 7 7	405 19 4½
	Total -	92,002 19 9½	12 15 6	...	11,531 12 4	103,547 7 7½
	ELGIN or MORAY.					
1	Abernethy - - *	828 19 7	...	...	10 1 10	839 1 5
2	Alves - - - *	345 8 5	...	...	5 11 3	350 19 8
3	Bellie - - - *	744 19 3	...	...	...	744 19 3
4	Birnie - - - *	95 12 6	...	...	3 7 10	99 0 4
5	Dallas - - - *	370 17 5½	...	...	19 15 4	390 12 9½
6	Drainie - - - *	482 14 2	...	...	24 16 7	507 10 9
7	Duffus - - - *	851 18 10	...	...	15 4 1	867 2 11

EXPENDITURE.

Relief of Poor on the Roll or Registered.	Relief of Casual Poor.	Medical Relief.	Management.	Law Expenses.	Repayment of Money borrowed on Security of Assessment.	Total Amount of Money Expended.	No.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
235 8 0½	5 7 6	14 14 0	30 5 2	2 11 1	...	288 5 9½	33
263 14 3	11 12 9	16 14 10	57 17 3	0 17 6	...	350 16 7	34
337 1 10	12 10 0	13 9 5	26 4 6	...	...	389 5 9	35
192 4 8½	8 1 6	8 10 0	31 4 5½	...	...	240 0 8	36
491 10 1½	4 14 10	31 1 7	118 10 11½	...	1 11 9	647 9 3	37
275 2 6½	1 15 11	11 1 0	10 11 11	...	...	298 11 4½	38
275 9 8	15 13 9	23 9 7½	30 15 4	...	...	345 8 4½	39
133 6 4	0 1 0	0 18 6	15 1 6	...	...	149 7 4	40
155 18 8½	6 2 6½	19 9 5½	20 3 2	...	...	201 13 10½	41
79 19 0	11 10 8	1 1 3	11 14 11	...	...	104 5 10	42
165 13 5	10 16 2	12 15 0	12 13 8	...	...	201 18 3	43
7,184 5 5	753 7 8	893 6 4½	2,292 8 11	167 10 11	26 13 0½	21,317 12 4	
504 2 6	6 4 11	16 14 0	55 19 6	6 5 0	...	589 5 11	1
370 17 5½	11 11 3	11 6 8	50 8 9	...	...	444 4 1½	2
780 15 1½	89 17 0	19 5 6	76 4 2½	1 14 10	...	967 16 8	3
1,974 16 3	66 19 8	129 17 6	510 6 5	18 3 1	...	2,700 2 11	4
77 10 0	0 17 6	8 10 8	22 19 6	...	...	109 17 8	5
787 15 2	0 5 0	18 1 2	51 6 0	...	...	857 7 4	6
749 2 0	6 15 0	31 10 0	66 15 10	7 6 7	...	861 9 5	7
486 11 10	20 17 1	41 7 6	60 11 0	...	...	609 7 5	8
1,055 1 6	24 18 0½	40 11 3	84 19 4	0 13 1	...	1,206 3 2½	9
199 1 0½	6 15 3	13 0 0	39 0 9	...	...	257 17 0½	10
183 1 11	19 7 3	15 18 10	43 10 8	...	...	261 18 8	11
493 16 2	39 8 5	21 18 6	56 18 5	...	...	612 1 6	12
1,598 17 3½	86 9 3½	43 7 0	182 3 9	...	...	1,910 17 4	13
1,020 0 4	52 17 8	64 7 8	158 13 11	...	...	1,295 19 7	14
21,062 7 4½	1,331 2 7	904 12 10½	3,521 7 2	207 19 7	...	27,027 9 7	15
54 7 2	3 18 0	7 3 6	8 5 9	...	...	73 14 5	16
133 3 8	3 1 0	10 0 0	17 10 7	...	...	163 15 3	17
39 2 2	...	...	6 0 0	...	...	45 2 2	18
2,632 0 1½	150 14 1	73 3 8	438 18 2½	11 3 6	35 4 5	3,341 4 0	19
503 13 0½	4 2 7	15 0 0	50 11 8	0 18 0	...	574 5 3½	20
918 12 3½	9 19 7	48 17 4	107 4 3	0 6 0	...	1,084 19 5½	21
2,214 18 10	18 5 9	184 12 0	500 14 7	88 2 4	...	3,006 3 6	22
6,912 5 0	150 0 11	335 9 4	1,133 7 6	140 9 8	...	8,671 12 5	23
1,082 15 6	22 5 6	35 16 0	143 6 1	...	...	1,284 3 1	24
552 18 3	11 15 6	25 19 6	81 4 2	...	70 0 0	741 17 5	25
525 1 4½	20 14 7½	16 16 11	82 8 3	0 8 8	...	645 9 10	26
779 13 2	14 17 9	29 7 6	91 11 11	0 12 6	...	916 2 10	27
453 5 2	11 12 1	13 13 0	48 16 0	1 17 4	...	529 3 7	28
20,797 19 2	357 2 5	702 0 6½	3,117 6 0	14 0 6	...	24,988 8 7½	29
330 7 11½	3 18 4½	14 3 6	45 16 5	...	...	394 6 3	30
251 4 11½	2 2 10½	12 6 0	41 16 11	0 10 0	...	308 0 9	31
69,525 3 9½	2,548 16 11½	2,904 7 11	10,896 3 6	500 10 8	105 4 5	86,480 7 3	
740 14 10	19 17 8	25 4 6	40 0 0	2 16 10	...	828 13 10	1
241 14 11	0 18 0	7 0 0	34 16 5	...	...	284 9 4	2
615 17 6½	7 14 8	18 17 2	54 1 8	...	...	696 11 0½	3
83 1 2	0 8 0	1 10 0	19 5 6	0 8 0	...	104 12 8	4
280 15 10	7 14 0	15 0 0	50 9 11	24 0 6	...	378 0 3	5
358 17 1½	18 3 7	20 0 0	79 10 5½	0 10 7	...	477 1 9	6
658 9 10	13 7 5	25 0 0	121 19 1	...	...	818 16 4	7

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. From Assessment. £ s. d.	From Loans raised on the Security of the Assessment. £ s. d.	From Voluntary Contributions and Church Collections. £ s. d.	From Mortifications and all other sources. £ s. d.	Total Amount of Money Receive[d] £ s.
8	Duthil - - - *	511 7 6	...	...	14 8 6	525 16
9	Dyke and Moy -	541 6 3½	...	...	23 13 11	565 0
10	Edinkillie - - *	476 17 2	...	...	13 9 3	490 6
11	Elgin - - - *	2,147 2 8½	...	...	55 12 8	2,202 15
12	Forres - - -	1,271 14 7	...	...	35 2 8	1,306 17
13	Kinloss - - -	503 10 5	...	...	17 16 4½	521 6
14	Knockando - - *	545 14 10	...	...	7 10 11	553 5
15	New Spynie - - *	553 5 4	...	...	56 5 3½	609 10
16	Rafford - - - *	372 2 6½	...	...	4 7 8	376 10
17	Rothes - - - *	628 1 7	95 7 9	...	60 8 4½	783 17
18	St Andrews-Lhanbride - - *	408 18 9	...	...	13 12 1	422 10
19	Speymouth - - *	177 19 0	...	...	15 8 2	193 7
20	Urquhart - - *	453 14 5½	...	...	12 5 3	465 19
	Total -	12,312 5 4½	95 7 9	...	408 18 0½	12,816 11
	FIFE.					
1	Abbotshall - - *	1,376 8 5½	156 0 0	...	23 17 5	1,556 5
2	Abdie - - -	...	...	214 12 0	12 7 2	226 19
3	Aberdour - -	344 18 6	...	...	16 1 5	360 19
4	Anstruther-Easter -	208 13 1½	...	...	8 10 1	217 3
5	Anstruther-Wester -	...	...	43 15 10	...	43 15
6	Arngask - - -	...	...	69 12 5	70 0 0	139 12
7	Auchterderran -	378 9 8	...	...	4 13 3½	383 2
8	Auchtermuchty -	647 14 1	...	...	18 5 11	666 0
9	Auchtertool - -	110 8 7	...	...	11 9 8½	121 18
10	Ballingry - -	128 12 2	...	...	39 5 9	167 17
11	Balmerino - -	...	...	200 0 0	11 4 1	211 4
12	Beath - - -	361 16 11½	...	...	9 4 0	371 0
13	Burntisland - - *	773 0 3½	...	...	18 12 2	791 12
14	Cameron - -	300 8 11	...	...	9 18 4	310 7
15	Carnbee - - -	...	...	372 14 4	8 7 5	381 1
16	Carnock - - - *	589 5 2	118 9 2	...	120 2 1½	827 16
17	Ceres - - - *	512 15 2½	...	...	29 11 11	542 7
18	Collessie - - -	...	...	300 18 7	18 3 1	319 1
19	Crail - - -	352 0 3	...	...	81 16 11	433 17
20	Creich - - -	...	...	80 0 0	12 10 9	92 10
21	Cults - - -	245 17 3	...	...	3 4 9	249 2
22	Cupar - - - *	1,217 0 0	...	...	105 14 2	1,322 14
23	Dairsie - - -	151 15 5	...	...	4 10 6	156 5
24	Dalgety - - -	227 19 9½	...	...	8 12 2	236 11
25	Denino - - -	...	...	72 0 0	0 2 10	72 2
26	Dunbog - - -	...	...	40 0 0	9 4 4	49 4
27	Dunfermline - - *	5,508 3 3	...	...	554 16 1	6,062 19
28	Dysart - - - *	1,839 18 5	...	...	58 18 11	1,898 17
29	Elie - - -	...	...	167 4 0	91 4 1	258 8
30	Falkland - -	472 5 7	...	...	65 3 8	537 9
31	Ferry-Port-on-Craig	584 3 6½	...	...	48 18 11	633 2
32	Flisk - - -	...	...	77 3 3	...	77 3
33	Forgan - - -	235 0 0	...	...	5 3 0	240 3
34	Inverkeithing - -	878 4 0	118 0 0	...	13 10 9	1,009 14
35	Kemback - -	198 2 5½	...	...	5 14 5	203 16
36	Kennoway - -	417 4 4	...	...	28 14 2	445 18
37	Kettle - - -	559 2 8½	...	...	21 16 10	580 19
38	Kilconquhar - - *	420 6 0	...	...	58 0 0	478 6
39	Kilmany - - -	...	...	131 12 11½	8 13 2	140 6

EXPENDITURE.

Relief of Poor on the Roll or Registered.			Relief of Casual Poor.			Medical Relief.			Management.			Law Expenses.			Repayment of Money borrowed on Security of Assessment.			Total Amount of Money Expended.			No.
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	
491	0	5	4	2	2	33	12	1	56	2	6	0	19	1	...			585	16	3	8
448	13	7½	3	16	0	17	19	6	32	18	7½	...			...			503	7	9	9
384	8	5½	5	4	0	17	17	0	67	19	2	...			...			475	8	7½	10
1,598	17	6	25	8	0	45	0	0	317	4	6	60	9	0	...			2,046	19	0	11
1,161	16	1½	28	4	0	36	18	0	76	7	3	12	10	8	...			1,315	16	0½	12
338	9	1½	26	4	4	12	5	0	35	5	8	2	2	0	...			414	6	1½	13
470	2	1	1	4	6	32	5	0	49	10	2½	4	18	0	...			557	19	9½	14
447	5	9	32	10	0	12	10	6	49	16	0½	...			...			542	2	3½	15
239	10	3	3	14	6	10	10	0	40	7	0	...			...			294	1	9	16
623	4	11½	11	2	1½	42	0	0	78	3	10½	...			...			754	10	11½	17
233	0	3½	1	16	6	9	17	5	54	10	9	0	12	0	...			299	16	11½	18
186	6	11½	17	10	3	6	17	1	26	15	9½	7	3	0	...			244	13	1	19
557	1	7	10	11	6	21	0	6	66	8	5½	...			...			655	2	0½	20
10,159	8	4½	239	11	2½	411	3	9	1,351	12	10½	116	9	8	...			12,278	5	10½	
981	4	5½	21	17	11	21	16	3	210	15	7	42	0	2	...			1,277	14	4½	1
163	1	1	14	0	11	15	19	9	20	5	1	0	16	0	...			214	2	10	2
322	13	5	3	7	4	20	0	0	44	0	4	4	1	7	...			394	2	8	3
171	6	10½	2	17	4	7	7	0	31	19	7	...			...			213	10	9½	4
33	8	8	...			...			5	3	9	...			...			38	12	5	5
115	6	0	0	12	7	...			10	5	6	...			...			126	4	1	6
336	7	8	7	1	6	5	18	6	58	2	6	1	12	7	...			409	2	9	7
607	17	9	6	11	6	23	12	0	67	2	3	20	0	10	...			725	4	4	8
81	4	2½	1	10	0	8	2	8	24	1	10	...			...			114	18	8½	9
127	6	3½	0	4	6	2	10	0	14	17	11½	...			...			144	18	9	10
170	4	10	5	15	4	9	10	0	10	2	0	...			...			195	12	2	11
327	12	5½	17	8	8	8	0	0	51	19	5	...			...			405	0	6½	12
614	19	9	17	3	3	29	5	1	124	7	3	0	4	6	...			785	19	10	13
265	19	1	16	9	2	16	1	0	34	5	8	18	12	5	...			351	7	4	14
216	8	0	0	15	0	8	3	0	13	12	10	...			...			238	18	10	15
704	0	10	29	4	0	17	1	0	19	16	0	...			...			770	1	10	16
448	15	2½	9	3	2	24	11	7	59	15	2	...			...			542	5	1½	17
249	15	9	12	5	2	16	8	1	14	13	1	...			...			293	2	1	18
349	10	3½	12	19	6	14	14	0	33	18	0	...			...			411	1	9½	19
72	12	7½	...			3	5	0	10	18	9	...			...			86	16	4½	20
242	14	1½	7	8	6½	8	12	0	19	2	4	1	0	1	...			278	17	1	21
1,129	12	7	21	5	8	50	0	0	96	3	10	...			...			1,297	2	1	22
138	12	6	0	0	4	5	5	0	13	7	3	...			...			157	5	1	23
219	12	5½	5	18	3	16	10	0	46	13	8	...			...			288	14	4½	24
33	4	10	18	13	4½	6	7	1	9	1	0	...			...			67	6	3½	25
40	16	11	...			0	11	11	5	6	7	...			...			46	15	5	26
4,520	3	2	101	14	0	141	8	0	475	17	3	1	18	0	641	15	7	5,882	16	0	27
1,521	8	10½	11	4	3	21	12	11	276	5	0	10	13	8	...			1,841	4	8½	28
207	0	4½	3	8	6	10	10	6	15	6	9	...			...			236	6	1½	29
458	4	4½	3	11	7	22	11	4	55	16	3	...			...			540	3	6½	30
356	13	1	12	15	11½	19	4	0	77	3	1½	...			...			465	16	2	31
62	8	9½	5	10	0	...			5	8	11	...			...			73	7	8½	32
182	16	0	1	1	6	10	0	0	39	17	7	...			...			233	15	1	33
771	8	8	22	0	10	20	0	0	77	5	11	...			119	13	7	1,010	9	0	34
155	9	3½	0	14	3	11	9	3	23	0	8	...			...			190	13	5½	35
459	6	11	6	4	8	15	0	0	38	18	6	...			...			519	10	1	36
460	8	5	5	0	2	17	0	0	37	7	9	...			...			519	16	4	37
360	17	0	29	4	7	20	0	0	59	12	6	...			...			469	14	1	38
129	13	6	...			7	10	0	6	3	6	...			...			143	7	0	39

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. From Assessment. £ s. d.	From Loans raised on the Security of the Assessment. £ s. d.	From Voluntary Contributions and Church Collections. £ s. d.	From Mortifications and all other sources. £ s. d.	Total Amount of Money Received. £ s.
40	Kilrenny	365 0 0	...	...	52 15 3	417 15
41	Kinghorn *	874 9 0½	...	...	11 7 4	885 16
42	Kinglassie *	181 18 11½	...	...	229 11 7½	411 10
43	Kingsbarns	185 19 5½	...	...	47 9 11	233 9
44	Kirkcaldy *	1,637 13 1½	...	...	53 12 2	1,691 5
45	Largo	784 1 9	...	...	24 12 3	808 14
46	Leslie *	735 12 7	...	...	73 2 7	808 15
47	Leuchars	462 0 1½	...	...	127 16 8	589 16
48	Logie	...	...	68 4 9½	1 16 0	70 0
49	Markinch *	1,105 9 9½	...	...	56 13 9	1,162 3
50	Monimail	...	...	232 14 9½	27 9 2	260 3
51	Moonzie	...	...	1 3 1½	39 4 6½	40 7
52	Newburgh	475 5 5	...	...	20 12 9	495 18
53	Newburn	36 4 4	...	...	...	36 4
54	Pittenweem	174 9 4	...	...	114 11 9	289 1
55	St Andrews *	1,397 19 1	...	...	173 2 4	1,571 1
56	St Leonards	128 12 4	...	...	20 0 0½	148 12
57	St Monance	194 15 2	...	...	...	194 15
58	Saline	404 13 11½	...	...	...	404 13
59	Scoonie *	1,120 11 0	...	...	10 16 0	1,131 7
60	Strathmiglo	283 8 10	...	...	40 18 9½	324 7
61	Torryburn	349 7 10	...	...	...	349 7
62	Wemyss *	1,387 4 9	...	...	36 17 9	1,424 2
	Total	31,324 11 0	392 9 2	2,071 16 1	2,778 14 11½	36,567 11
	FORFAR.					
1	Aberlemno	364 12 11½	...	...	14 18 11	379 11
2	Airlie	...	...	248 3 7	4 0 0	252 3
3	Arbirlot	355 0 0	...	...	20 1 7½	375 1
4	Arbroath *	2,520 16 8	...	...	53 12 1	2,574 8
5	Auchterhouse	...	...	116 1 9	2 19 6	119 1
6	Barry	531 1 10	...	...	21 11 2	552 13
7	Brechin *	2,647 3 3	...	...	28 15 3	2,675 18
8	Caraldstone	92 11 2	...	...	7 5 2	99 16
9	Carmylie	388 17 5	...	...	33 5 0	422 2
10	Cortachy	...	...	152 16 8	...	152 16
11	Craig	568 16 5	...	...	8 3 2	576 19
12	Dun	...	...	180 0 0	...	180 0
13	Dundee *	16,891 11 3	1,253 0 4	...	232 4 6	18,376 16
14	Dunnichen	534 7 9½	...	...	16 16 8½	551 4
15	Edzell	346 2 2	...	...	23 7 4	369 9
16	Essie and Nevy	...	...	173 7 2½	6 2 4	179 9
17	Farnell	...	...	107 3 3	27 10 1	134 13
18	Fearn	159 13 6½	...	...	1 13 8	161 7
19	Forfar *	2,196 17 0½	...	...	479 5 5½	2,676 2
20	Glammis *	560 13 0	...	...	8 14 11	569 7
21	Glenisla	174 7 2	...	...	10 18 2	185 5
22	Guthrie *	...	...	...	177 15 5	177 15
23	Inverarity *	175 5 6	...	...	12 17 6	188 3
24	Inverkeillor	547 14 11	...	...	14 0 0	561 14
25	Kettins	...	...	127 1 8	112 19 4	240 1
26	Kingoldrum	...	...	35 15 9	3 15 2	39 10
27	Kinnell	...	...	320 12 6	4 13 3	325 5
28	Kinnettles	...	...	82 2 9	...	82 2
29	Kirkden	501 6 9	...	...	12 10 9	513 17
30	Kirriemuir	2,167 0 0	...	...	275 8 1½	2,442 8

EXPENDITURE.

Relief of Poor on the Roll or Registered. £ s. d.	Relief of Casual Poor. £ s. d.	Medical Relief. £ s. d.	Management. £ s. d.	Law Expenses. £ s. d.	Repayment of Money borrowed on Security of Assessment. £ s. d.	Total Amount of Money Expended. £ s. d.	No.
319 16 0½	0 10 0	15 0 0	50 13 6	...	...	385 19 6½	40
671 13 5	2 11 6	33 7 9½	140 15 3½	...	...	848 8 0	41
367 6 6½	2 11 6	11 0 6	25 13 4	6 16 4	...	413 8 2½	42
138 4 3	7 19 0	33 1 6½	28 0 5½	...	...	207 5 3	43
,679 1 5½	22 11 7	49 6 1	258 7 0	9 12 2½	...	2,018 18 4	44
565 16 1	20 8 8	33 0 0	51 7 5	...	...	670 12 2	45
590 2 1½	24 9 8½	27 13 6	99 18 9½	...	18 1 8	760 5 9½	46
413 0 10½	3 19 4	26 0 0	56 11 2	5 5 0	...	504 16 4½	47
53 2 6	0 3 0	5 0 0	8 19 6	...	...	67 5 0	48
929 0 6	12 0 6½	47 13 11	174 16 10	...	...	1,163 11 9½	49
192 2 10½	18 2 8	14 9 6	38 10 6	...	...	263 5 6½	50
33 9 0	...	...	6 18 8	...	...	40 7 8	51
462 11 3	9 16 9½	20 10 0	66 12 4	1 1 7	...	560 11 11½	52
19 14 6	...	0 10 0	10 3 11	...	...	30 8 5	53
241 6 8½	6 15 10	10 0 0	19 10 2½	5 13 7½	...	283 6 4½	54
1,331 0 9	8 13 6	51 18 6	103 13 2	...	...	1,495 5 11	55
89 13 11	...	6 12 9½	16 7 6	35 12 1	...	148 6 3½	56
153 6 2½	26 11 6	2 2 0	59 5 3	...	...	241 4 11½	57
303 7 4	5 17 0	10 2 6	25 0 11	...	...	344 7 9	58
854 9 0	26 2 3	25 0 0	66 13 2	...	...	972 4 5	59
271 6 0½	6 9 7	16 10 3	35 19 3	...	...	330 5 1½	60
319 17 7	...	6 5 0	16 19 4½	35 7 4	...	378 9 3½	61
1,020 18 0	12 14 5	107 3 6	224 3 9	48 14 4	...	1,413 14 0	62
8,830 14 1	653 11 8	1,208 4 3½	3,823 2 2½	249 2 4	779 10 10	35,544 5 5	
313 10 10	1 1 5	8 0 3	30 14 9½	14 0 8	...	367 7 11½	1
230 13 4	0 10 0	11 12 0	11 5 6	...	...	254 0 10	2
313 19 7	4 11 6	10 0 0	32 6 0	12 10 0	...	373 7 1	3
1,940 19 3	4 11 0	78 13 0	337 12 0	29 6 3	...	2,391 1 6	4
105 4 0	1 2 0	6 1 0	7 15 0	...	...	120 2 0	5
4[illegible]5 1 1	10 2 8	16 16 0	57 6 6	25 0 0	...	525 6 3	6
2,421 13 8	13 1 0	70 17 11	158 8 1½	126 2 5	...	2,790 3 1½	7
93 4 2½	...	...	11 19 4	...	15 16 11	121 0 5½	8
298 7 7	2 18 8	12 0 0	17 13 11	26 0 0	...	357 0 2	9
137 18 11½	0 1 0	3 6 6	14 12 8	...	...	155 19 1½	10
505 8 2½	4 6 1	14 11 1	45 9 1	...	...	569 14 5½	11
178 0 0	3 11 0	6 9 5½	12 10 0	1 0 0	...	201 10 5½	12
14,681 19 3	663 19 5	807 16 4	2,053 6 4	151 16 5	...	18,358 17 9	13
509 6 5	0 14 6	14 0 0	34 1 10	6 17 6	...	565 0 3	14
329 6 5½	0 13 9	10 0 0	35 19 5	...	...	375 19 7½	15
133 5 11	...	3 2 0	9 15 4	...	...	146 3 3	16
140 3 1	...	7 0 0	10 0 7	...	...	157 3 8	17
146 10 2	1 17 9	3 10 0	14 14 4	...	...	166 12 3	18
2,214 8 6½	23 3 8	96 6 7½	280 9 9½	48 7 5	...	2,662 16 0½	19
441 18 1	19 5 11	17 10 0	45 3 0	...	...	523 17 0	20
149 1 7½	3 3 10	9 9 0	19 12 9½	...	...	181 7 3	21
72 8 6	0 6 0	5 0 0	11 12 4	...	...	89 6 10	22
163 17 4½	...	8 0 0	23 10 7	...	...	195 7 11½	23
447 3 1½	8 14 2	20 16 8	39 10 2½	...	...	516 4 2	24
167 18 3	6 10 6	10 1 0	19 2 4	...	...	203 12 1	25
31 11 6	...	3 5 7	5 4 2	...	...	40 1 3	26
278 6 4½	2 1 4	8 0 0	14 7 9	...	...	302 15 5½	27
64 1 6	...	5 0 0	5 18 6	3 11 9	...	78 11 9	28
334 6 8½	20 17 8½	16 0 0	27 15 5½	52 8 11	...	451 8 9½	29
2,136 3 11½	21 2 9	53 8 0	113 0 11	...	...	2,323 15 7½	30

No.	County and Parish.		RECEIPT. From Assessment. £	s.	d.	From Loans raised on the Security of the Assessment. £	s.	d.	From Voluntary Contributions and Church Collections. £	s.	d.	From Mortifications and all other sources. £	s.	d.	Total Amou Money Rec £	s
31	Lethnot		161	3	4½	...			...			1	3	5	162	6
32	Liff and Benvie	*	5,488	3	7	...			...			150	17	1	5,639	0
33	Lintrathen		...			...			161	0	5½	15	3	8	176	4
34	Lochlee		309	18	9	...			...			4	12	3	314	11
35	Logie-Pert		557	15	9½	...			...			12	8	5	570	4
36	Lunan		...			...			55	0	3	...			55	0
37	Lundie & Fowlis-Easter		...			...			208	14	7½	...			208	14
38	Mains & Strathmartin	*	379	13	3	...			...			59	5	6	438	18
39	Marytoun		...			...			...			25	0	0	25	0
40	Menmuir		127	4	6	...			...			...			127	4
41	Monifieth		1,066	0	4	226	8	11	...			17	19	1	1,310	8
42	Monikie		...			...			239	7	1	...			239	7
43	Montrose		3,734	10	2	...			...			139	4	10	3,873	15
44	Murroes		...			...			118	13	11	...			118	13
45	Newtyle		251	17	1	...			...			7	15	10	259	12
46	Oathlaw		...			...			95	0	0	2	1	11	97	1
47	Panbride		333	10	4	...			...			19	9	0	352	19
48	Rescobie		201	19	11	...			...			23	4	4	225	4
49	Ruthven		120	0	0	...			...			2	19	0	122	19
50	St Vigeans	*	2,416	14	11	...			...			72	11	5	2,489	6
51	Strickathrow		172	19	6	...			...			2	4	10	175	4
52	Tannadice		243	16	0½	...			...			5	0	4	248	16
53	Tealing		125	7	8½	...			...			1	2	5	126	10
	Total		47,414	14	1	1,479	9	3	2,421	1	5½	2,177	7	11	53,492	12
	HADDINGTON.															
1	Aberlady		395	16	1	...			...			13	17	0	409	13
2	Athelstaneford	*	257	4	5	...			...			...			257	4
3	Bolton	*	66	14	6	...			...			...			66	14
4	Dirleton	*	...			565	2	7	...			40	14	5	605	17
5	Dunbar	*	2,119	4	6	...			...			17	15	2	2,136	19
6	Garvald	*	244	13	6½	...			...			12	6	8	257	0
7	Gladsmuir	*	847	8	7½	...			...			10	0	9	857	9
8	Haddington		2,078	11	11	...			...			41	19	11	2,120	11
9	Humbie	*	...			...			200	0	0	9	10	1	209	10
10	Innerwick	*	221	4	2½	...			...			...			221	4
11	Morham		101	6	3	...			...			...			101	6
12	North Berwick	*	561	1	2½	...			...			6	17	10	567	19
13	Oldhamstocks	*	116	17	7	...			...			3	2	9	120	0
14	Ormiston	*	257	1	2	...			...			56	8	9	313	9
15	Pencaitland	*	402	5	3	...			...			32	2	6	434	7
16	Prestonkirk	*	802	1	5	...			...			9	2	7	811	4
17	Prestonpans	*	925	11	9	...			...			26	6	2	951	17
18	Salton	*	217	19	3	...			...			13	15	3½	231	14
19	Spot	*	192	14	6	...			...			2	13	7	195	8
20	Stenton	*	395	12	11	...			...			42	15	7	438	8
21	Tranent	*	2,134	7	1	...			...			13	19	9	2,148	6
22	Whitekirk		341	19	8	...			...			12	2	9	354	2
23	Whittingham		...			194	11	1	...			...			194	11
24	Yester		...			...			216	12	6	91	5	0½	307	17
	Total		12,679	15	10	759	13	8	416	12	6	456	16	7	14,312	18
	INVERNESS.															
1	Alvie	*	428	14	0	...			...			31	5	3	459	19
2	Ardersier	*	289	2	11	15	9	5	...			213	16	10	518	9

EXPENDITURE.

elief of Poor n the Roll or Registered.	Relief of Casual Poor.	Medical Relief.	Management.	Law Expenses.	Repayment of Money borrowed on Security of Assessment.	Total Amount of Money Expended.	No.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
115 17 1	...	1 12 6	11 7 9	0 10 6	...	129 7 10	31
674 9 1	106 10 4	271 12 2	724 7 2	6 17 1	...	4,783 15 10	32
160 11 3	8 12 6	11 8 3	13 7 4	...	...	193 19 4	33
199 2 2½	1 14 2	11 7 6	22 5 5	...	...	234 9 3½	34
494 2 9½	0 5 0	18 9 7	43 1 1	...	...	555 18 5½	35
43 9 5	...	0 9 0	5 5 4	...	...	49 3 9	36
191 6 10½	...	3 2 0	17 14 9	...	...	212 3 7½	37
308 8 10	16 5 6	30 11 7	57 13 6	...	...	412 19 5	38
60 12 6	...	...	10 12 6	...	...	71 5 0	39
98 19 8	0 7 6	...	13 16 11	...	...	113 4 1	40
973 19 4	18 17 11	32 14 6	117 8 4	22 4 2	138 15 2	1,303 19 5	41
198 7 8½	4 3 1	8 16 7	22 16 10	...	...	234 4 2½	42
,358 2 6	54 16 5	103 17 0	272 7 1	8 5 4	...	3,797 8 4	43
77 1 5	0 3 6	...	11 1 6	...	...	88 6 5	44
229 19 4	11 13 11	10 1 6	25 10 6	...	...	277 5 3	45
96 3 1	...	3 10 0	10 7 3	...	...	110 0 4	46
293 4 8½	8 13 3	10 10 0	49 9 9	12 10 0	...	374 7 8½	47
174 9 6	0 6 0	7 0 0	28 6 1	12 10 0	...	222 11 7	48
93 0 8	...	3 8 0	11 15 0	...	...	108 3 8	49
,922 18 9	24 14 5	78 11 0	355 8 8	57 7 11	...	2,439 0 9	50
184 16 7	2 13 8	5 2 8	16 18 5	...	...	209 11 4	51
198 0 11½	1 11 6	13 7 0	37 7 1	0 7 5	...	250 13 11½	52
56 9 2½	1 3 6	9 19 0	17 16 3½	...	...	85 8 0	53
2,600 11 0	1,080 19 9½	1,972 2 3	5,397 3 1½	617 13 9	154 12 1	51,823 2 0	
239 0 5	14 12 6	19 19 4	53 2 0½	20 5 0	...	346 19 3½	1
202 3 10	1 3 6	7 8 6	24 5 10	...	...	235 1 8	2
39 13 3	...	...	15 8 9	...	...	55 2 0	3
351 9 9½	6 11 6	16 14 0	77 4 5	...	...	451 19 8½	4
1,485 9 11	7 4 11	41 17 6	232 5 2½	58 13 10	...	1,825 11 4½	5
213 13 7½	14 1 0	12 15 8	36 1 2½	...	...	276 11 6	6
690 13 0½	16 8 11	14 7 0	77 10 2	17 17 10	...	816 16 11½	7
1,555 10 3	11 5 5	55 7 6	166 10 1	31 9 5	...	1,820 2 8	8
131 6 9	0 6 6	10 2 6	36 10 8	...	...	178 6 5	9
167 18 5½	0 8 0	6 7 0	37 14 10	...	...	212 8 3½	10
59 17 5	...	...	14 3 3	...	...	74 0 8	11
406 13 10	5 14 10½	20 0 0	94 5 6	...	...	526 14 2½	12
76 19 11	14 18 0	1 0 0	36 0 4	...	...	128 18 3	13
168 11 9	6 7 6	10 0 0	54 15 6	...	...	239 14 9	14
346 9 7	15 15 3	10 0 0	49 15 4	18 8 1	...	440 8 3	15
577 0 3	9 10 5½	21 18 0	74 7 2	...	...	682 15 10½	16
639 15 3	16 6 1	20 0 0	95 0 0	...	...	771 1 4	17
146 13 7½	8 2 6	9 3 6	44 9 11	5 1 11	...	213 11 5½	18
128 15 1½	3 10 9	7 18 7	38 18 8	2 15 7	...	181 18 8½	19
301 10 7	...	11 3 7	46 9 5	...	...	359 3 7	20
1,196 15 1	76 16 9½	32 7 2	203 18 8	...	...	1,509 17 8½	21
305 1 11½	9 5 5	5 5 0	61 2 0	...	...	380 14 4½	22
144 18 11	12 3 7½	6 5 0	32 17 3½	20 0 0	...	216 4 10	23
235 9 4	7 17 1	10 18 8	38 3 7½	...	...	292 8 8½	24
9,811 11 11½	258 10 7	350 18 6	1,640 19 10½	174 11 8	...	12,236 12 7	
366 15 3	10 2 2	35 1 4½	47 9 11½	3 10 10	...	462 19 7	1
331 10 5½	31 9 4	21 14 11½	68 1 7	...	41 13 8	494 10 0	2

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. From Assessment. £ s. d.	From Loans raised on the Security of the Assessment. £ s. d.	From Voluntary Contributions and Church Collections. £ s. d.	From Mortifications and all other sources. £ s. d.	Total Amoun[t of] Money Recei[ved]. £ s.
3	Barra - - - *	506 15 9	...	...	16 3 7	522 19
4	Boleskine & Abertarff *	840 1 6	...	...	10 14 6	850 16
5	Bracadale - - *	427 18 11	...	...	21 1 3	449 0
6	Cromdale - - *	1,139 11 4	...	...	53 8 9	1,193 0
7	Croy - - - *	546 9 3	43 13 3	...	17 1 6	607 4
8	Daviot - - -	376 0 0	...	...	10 0 7	386 0
9	Dores - - -	707 11 5½	...	...	11 17 2	719 8
10	Duirnish - - *	633 9 0	...	...	20 5 0	653 14
11	Glenelg - - - *	846 7 11	...	...	44 18 11	891 6
12	Harris - - - *	445 4 4½	...	...	19 9 3	464 13
13	Inverness - - *	6,582 15 3	619 3 9	...	160 9 11	7,362 8
14	Kilmallie - - *	1,468 16 6	...	...	26 11 5	1,495 7
15	Kilmonivaig - - *	1,016 7 6	...	...	20 2 7	1,036 10
16	Kilmorack - - *	737 5 3	...	...	11 12 10	748 18
17	Kilmuir (Skye) - *	702 3 5	...	...	15 4 0	717 7
18	Kiltarlity - - *	768 1 1	...	...	12 7 5	780 8
19	Kingussie - - *	826 6 7	...	...	12 2 3	838 8
20	Kirkhill - - - *	686 12 4	...	...	7 8 1	694 0
21	Laggan - - - *	533 19 10	9 7 10	...	17 14 9	561 2
22	Moy - - - *	221 2 1½	...	...	4 13 11	225 16
23	Petty - - - *	590 14 6	...	...	7 3 3	597 17
24	Portree - - - *	713 6 2	...	...	16 2 0	729 8
25	Sleat - - - *	559 0 0	...	...	12 13 4	571 13
26	Small Isles - -	...	...	99 17 0	...	99 17
27	Snizort - - - *	600 0 0	150 0 0	...	14 0 3	764 0
28	Strath - - - *	783 9 11	...	...	14 5 4	797 15
29	Uist, North - - *	562 13 3	...	...	20 7 4	583 0
30	Uist, South - -	563 6 5	...	...	33 7 7	596 14
31	Urquhart - - *	1,106 18 7	168 16 1	...	26 2 2	1,301 16
	Total -	26,210 5 1½	1,006 10 4	99 17 0	902 11 0	28,219 3
	KINCARDINE.					
1	Arbuthnott - - *	...	...	180 7 4	79 6 9	259 14
2	Banchory-Devenick *	916 4 0	...	...	39 3 8	955 7
3	Banchory-Ternan - *	711 17 6½	...	...	26 6 1	738 3
4	Benholm - -	472 3 4½	...	...	71 19 6½	544 2
5	Bervie - - - *	445 14 4	...	...	28 13 1½	474 7
6	Dunottar - - *	747 17 2	...	...	18 19 11	766 17
7	Durris - - - *	369 7 1	...	...	6 6 10	375 13
8	Fettercairn - - *	388 18 9½	...	...	12 16 0	401 14
9	Fetteresso - - *	1,915 19 9	...	...	53 2 4	1,969 2
10	Fordoun - - - *	581 11 0	...	...	147 18 3	729 9
11	Garvock - - -	...	...	79 2 5	0 10 0	79 12
12	Glenbervie - - *	313 1 1	...	...	13 15 3	326 16
13	Kinneff - - - *	264 6 0	...	...	32 15 10	297 1
14	Laurencekirk - - *	765 0 0	...	...	12 8 0	777 8
15	Maryculter - - *	246 19 11	...	...	52 6 5	299 6
16	Marykirk - - *	1,029 10 6	...	...	43 15 0	1,073 5
17	Nigg - - -	604 13 9	112 10 7	...	33 6 11	750 11
18	St Cyrus - - *	598 8 3½	...	...	22 6 5	620 14
19	Strachan - - *	456 3 5	...	...	30 14 7	486 18
	Total -	10,827 16 0	112 10 7	259 9 9	726 10 11	11,926 7
	KINROSS.					
1	Cleish - - -	...	...	44 12 0	2 13 2	47 5

EXPENDITURE.

…ef of Poor …he Roll or …egistered.	Relief of Casual Poor.	Medical Relief.	Management.	Law Expenses.	Repayment of Money borrowed on Security of Assessment.	Total Amount of Money Expended.	No.
… s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
…08 5 7½	10 16 6	78 0 0	32 13 0	0 5 6	125 8 0	545 8 7½	3
…04 2 4	28 6 2	41 13 4	62 19 7	...	...	837 1 5	4
…38 16 11	12 10 6	60 10 6	69 8 0	...	...	381 5 11	5
…31 3 6	7 0 6	69 13 6	106 13 4	3 7 5	...	1,317 18 3	6
…01 4 7½	20 16 9	24 3 3	76 9 11½	...	86 14 6	609 9 1	7
…10 6 8	8 4 9	22 5 3	32 19 2	...	...	373 15 10	8
…31 10 2½	1 10 0	21 0 0	61 8 2	7 10 1	...	722 18 5½	9
…41 17 2	34 14 9	42 4 0	64 9 8	0 14 6	...	584 0 1	10
…55 10 7	14 12 8	120 0 0	86 19 4	...	...	877 2 7	11
…66 18 6	5 18 6	55 0 0	66 4 0	...	...	394 1 0	12
…36 4 2	100 19 8	130 12 8	618 17 4	22 7 6	850 1 3	6,759 2 7	13
…55 4 1	21 14 0	70 0 0	146 5 4	0 5 0	...	1,393 8 5	14
…47 5 3	5 5 6	65 0 0	105 19 8	14 8 9	...	937 19 2	15
…39 7 0	19 4 3	27 9 0	64 9 8	...	...	650 9 11	16
…30 12 11	15 3 0	38 6 4	81 1 8	...	...	665 3 11	17
…88 11 5	5 0 3	29 0 0	57 16 10	...	...	780 8 6	18
…32 19 2	0 11 5	82 0 0	70 0 0	...	...	885 10 7	19
…51 17 3	7 10 2	20 0 0	45 4 6	...	...	524 11 11	20
…28 0 9	15 1 4	52 18 2	64 4 10	...	...	560 5 1	21
…18 0 10½	6 17 10	10 0 3	32 6 0	...	...	267 4 11½	22
…43 7 6½	8 6 8½	20 0 0	123 3 2	...	56 12 0	551 9 5	23
…71 4 9	18 0 11	40 0 0	108 5 9	3 0 0	...	640 11 5	24
…32 18 11	6 7 0	83 5 0	74 8 8	...	...	496 19 7	25
…92 7 0	1 10 0	...	6 0 0	...	...	99 17 0	26
…31 7 0	12 8 4	36 0 0	102 0 0	4 0 8	150 0 0	735 16 0	27
…74 8 2	24 4 7	50 0 0	155 6 10	40 7 7	...	744 7 2	28
…58 2 6	3 10 6	72 13 6	40 10 0	...	...	574 16 6	29
…22 19 2	25 10 3	90 0 0	59 6 5	...	...	697 15 10	30
…42 8 3½	17 17 3½	98 16 6	90 19 0	26 13 6	...	1,276 14 7	31
…475 8 0½	501 5 7	1,607 7 7	2,822 1 5	126 11 4	1,310 9 5	26,843 3 4½	
…59 0 1	1 7 6	14 11 3	33 0 0½	...	...	207 18 10½	1
…20 7 11	4 7 4	21 19 8	81 9 5	12 11 10	...	940 16 2	2
…94 18 6	41 8 11½	21 3 0	90 19 3	5 8 8	...	753 18 4½	3
…71 1 7	40 14 11	17 5 0	65 15 1½	...	...	594 16 7½	4
…53 12 4	21 14 2½	10 15 5	35 12 1	13 12 10	...	435 6 10½	5
…47 11 6½	19 19 10	18 10 6	56 18 9	...	...	643 0 7½	6
…69 0 11	76 9 8	13 0 6	45 10 6	...	...	404 1 7	7
…76 5 8½	0 8 0	22 15 7	40 5 1	...	...	539 14 4½	8
…34 14 9	56 14 6	45 0 0	283 18 2	...	...	1,620 7 5	9
…05 8 10½	0 1 0	18 10 0	96 13 8	...	...	520 13 6½	10
…88 19 11½	...	0 12 0	6 10 1½	...	...	96 2 1	11
…96 15 2	4 11 5	10 9 3	45 5 3	...	...	357 1 1	12
…08 18 1	5 7 10	8 11 9	35 14 5	...	...	258 12 1	13
…94 6 11	9 13 10	18 1 3	85 11 11	...	...	707 13 11	14
…33 13 1	9 2 4	7 19 1	31 5 10	0 11 0	...	282 11 4	15
…54 14 1	1 7 6	26 1 0	82 0 6	...	...	864 3 1	16
…50 6 3½	17 10 6	13 14 3	54 5 2½	1 7 0	...	737 3 3	17
…00 11 9	6 12 6	20 1 0	46 7 5½	...	...	573 12 8½	18
…18 8 6	1 8 0	12 0 0	42 14 8	...	...	374 11 2	19
…78 16 0½	318 19 10	321 0 6	1,259 17 5½	33 11 4	...	10,912 5 2	
…36 2 10	0 10 0	5 10 0	8 12 2	...	...	50 15 0	1

No.	County and Parish.		RECEIPT. From Assessment. £	s.	d.	From Loans raised on the Security of the Assessment. £	s.	d.	From Voluntary Contributions and Church Collections. £	s.	d.	From Mortifications and all other sources. £	s.	d.	Total Amount of Money Received. £	s.
2	Kinross	*	814	10	0	...			...			107	5	6	921	15
3	Orwell		506	0	11	...			...			73	6	7	579	7
4	Portmoak	*	246	15	10	...			...			81	14	2½	328	10
	Total		1,567	6	9	...			44	12	0	264	19	5½	1,876	18
	KIRKCUDBRIGHT.															
1	Anwoth	*	297	11	5	...			...			6	5	3	303	16
2	Balmaclellan		473	10	0	...			...			4	11	0	478	1
3	Balmaghie	*	346	11	8½	...			...			7	5	11	353	17
4	Borgue		502	0	8	...			...			21	9	0	523	9
5	Buittle		312	1	5½	159	14	6	...			8	7	3	480	3
6	Carsphairn		110	12	0	...			...			5	1	0	115	13
7	Colvend	*	457	14	8	...			...			7	10	8	465	5
8	Crossmichael		365	14	6½	...			...			5	19	9	371	14
9	Dalry	*	507	7	3	...			...			5	12	11	513	0
10	Girthon		650	0	0	...			...			14	14	0	664	14
11	Kells	*	415	6	10	...			...			5	6	9	420	13
12	Kelton		887	19	10	...			...			17	17	2	905	17
13	Kirkbean	*	304	16	6	...			...			21	0	7	325	17
14	Kirkcudbright		1,223	15	1	...			...			14	7	10	1,238	2
15	Kirkgunzeon		403	3	2½	...			...			3	15	3	406	18
16	Kirkmabreck		440	0	0	...			...			9	0	2	449	0
17	Kirkpatrick-Durham		446	6	6	...			...			29	4	10	475	11
18	Kirkpatrick-Irongray		167	4	9	...			...			24	10	1	191	14
19	Lochrutton		150	14	8	...			...			6	15	6	157	10
20	Minnigaff	*	597	10	0	...			...			9	11	1	607	1
21	New Abbey		209	16	8	...			...			140	0	0	349	16
22	Parton		225	13	4	...			...			5	19	7	231	12
23	Rerrick		788	16	10	...			...			20	15	1	809	11
24	Terregles		123	10	0	...			...			2	5	0	125	15
25	Tongland	*	362	15	1½	...			...			4	15	1	367	10
26	Troqueer		1,402	7	8	...			...			19	0	3	1,421	7
27	Twynholm	*	361	5	0	...			...			6	3	5	367	8
28	Urr		1,176	12	9	...			...			13	13	6	1,190	6
	Total		13,710	18	5½	159	14	6	...			440	17	11	14,311	10
	LANARK.															
1	Avondale	*	1,910	0	0	...			...			67	11	4	1,977	11
2	Barony	*	46,391	11	10	8,328	13	3	...			2,915	8	5	57,635	13
3	Biggar	*	478	12	3	...			...			...			478	12
4	Blantyre	*	754	5	0	...			...			23	0	1	777	5
5	Bothwell	*	4,473	13	1	...			...			55	16	9½	4,529	9
6	Cadder		1,547	3	0	...			...			17	5	2	1,564	8
7	Cambuslang		1,256	5	10	6	13	1	...			4	9	8	1,267	8
8	Cambusnethan	*	3,452	11	2	...			...			22	16	0	3,475	7
9	Carluke		1,564	8	7	...			...			33	19	5	1,598	8
10	Carmichael		196	1	10½	...			...			...			196	1
11	Carmunnock		...			...			91	4	1	29	7	6	120	11
12	Carnwath	*	806	0	1½	...			...			37	1	0	843	1
13	Carstairs		...			...			127	18	8	4	0	0	131	18
14	Covington		150	14	4	...			...			28	11	4	179	5
15	Crawford		717	14	5	...			...			15	9	6	733	3
16	Crawfordjohn		259	12	4	...			...			4	7	9	264	0
17	Culter		151	9	10½	...			...			2	4	11	153	14
18	Dalserf	*	1,347	12	8	...			...			234	4	9	1,581	17

EXPENDITURE.

elief of Poor n the Roll or Registered. £ s. d.	Relief of Casual Poor. £ s. d.	Medical Relief. £ s. d.	Management. £ s. d.	Law Expenses. £ s. d.	Repayment of Money borrowed on Security of Assessment. £ s. d.	Total Amount of Money Expended. £ s. d.	No.
619 4 9	8 5 9	21 16 10	36 0 4	9 11 8	...	694 19 4	2
425 19 1	0 6 5	5 7 2	56 15 10	...	...	488 8 6	3
268 17 8½	1 3 6	16 1 0	18 6 3	3 7 3	...	307 15 8½	4
350 4 4½	10 5 8	48 15 0	119 14 7	12 18 11	...	1,541 18 6½	
197 8 9	5 2 11	12 17 6	30 5 11	...	...	245 15 1	1
416 8 9½	10 4 4	13 14 1	38 17 6	...	...	479 4 8½	2
269 14 7	2 14 9	26 7 6	39 13 1	1 8 6	...	339 18 5	3
408 4 11½	30 2 7	21 11 0	37 9 7	...	...	497 8 1½	4
325 11 7	8 2 10	26 15 9	34 14 0	22 15 9	...	417 19 11	5
90 19 7	2 12 10	2 14 0	19 15 3	...	...	116 1 8	6
336 14 4	19 8 6	38 7 11	47 5 5	...	...	441 16 2	7
324 14 9½	30 6 4	24 10 10	41 17 1	1 14 6	...	423 3 6½	8
408 4 0	31 0 3½	18 15 6	45 7 3½	1 18 11	...	505 6 0	9
545 19 10	15 16 4	39 9 0	55 2 0	...	...	656 7 2	10
375 12 9	15 2 11	18 14 8	39 15 6	...	...	449 5 10	11
897 3 1½	18 11 0	37 1 2	106 13 6	...	...	1,059 8 9½	12
250 4 11	1 13 9	28 13 8	33 10 5	5 12 6	...	319 15 3	13
054 16 11	19 1 9½	42 16 3	97 10 5	8 8 6	...	1,222 13 10½	14
304 1 3½	6 5 6	23 0 3	19 8 3½	...	45 16 2	398 11 6	15
345 10 6½	10 8 3	24 12 0	58 18 5	...	...	439 9 2½	16
385 9 1	11 11 8	26 1 5½	46 18 5	0 2 6	...	470 3 1½	17
147 12 4	8 9 2	13 13 11	20 7 5	9 7 3	...	199 10 1	18
134 9 11½	3 1 0	15 7 0	15 19 4	...	...	168 17 3½	19
466 4 9	12 9 2	25 0 0	78 6 7	...	...	582 0 6	20
270 12 11½	6 3 0	25 14 4½	30 11 4	...	...	333 1 8	21
179 19 2	0 17 4	9 17 5½	28 2 8	...	...	218 16 7½	22
632 9 10	3 10 6	50 8 9	53 7 7	...	...	739 16 8	23
104 8 9½	5 18 6	5 0 0	7 4 7	...	...	122 11 10½	24
298 12 4½	12 5 9	21 12 0	30 16 11	...	...	363 7 0½	25
141 17 2	25 7 6	44 1 8	100 8 10	...	...	1,311 15 2	26
231 13 9½	33 6 7½	20 7 4½	36 6 9	...	36 19 8½	358 14 3	27
096 17 6	64 8 9	49 14 0	95 13 4	...	...	1,306 13 7	28
,641 18 5½	414 3 10½	706 19 1	1,290 7 5	51 8 5	82 15 10½	14,187 13 1½	
381 19 10	49 3 6	49 6 0	273 7 5	...	...	1,753 16 9	1
,158 0 0	2,339 3 11	1,892 18 9	5,806 2 3	482 16 5	9,529 8 2	56,208 9 6	2
483 1 2½	21 19 5	5 4 6	49 4 8	...	...	559 9 9½	3
632 11 4	11 5 0	33 13 0	131 10 1	...	...	808 19 5	4
532 11 1	241 9 4½	94 9 11½	355 12 0½	8 6 6	...	4,232 8 11½	5
,346 12 9½	16 5 6	36 2 6	142 16 0½	...	90 0 0	1,631 16 10	6
,063 17 8	17 8 0	12 8 5	87 18 8	...	66 6 2	1,247 18 11	7
,731 13 8	246 13 8	55 0 0	238 15 7	...	...	3,272 2 11	8
,607 12 2	47 1 9	34 14 9	110 7 9	...	...	1,799 16 5	9
162 11 7½	6 19 9	3 4 4	23 2 10	1 17 1	...	197 15 7½	10
48 11 6	10 13 6	5 0 0	18 6 0	...	...	82 11 0	11
729 12 8	20 16 7	28 15 0	88 12 11½	95 6 3	...	963 3 5½	12
102 6 7	11 5 9	2 6 0	21 10 3½	...	...	137 8 7½	13
149 19 8	7 18 3	4 4 0	13 8 7½	...	...	175 10 6½	14
467 8 9	94 8 11½	22 10 0	56 11 1	...	75 13 3	716 12 0½	15
226 3 3½	11 11 11½	11 11 0	24 19 4	0 5 0	...	274 10 7	16
89 3 8	1 12 8	7 4 11	8 2 3	...	...	106 3 6	17
974 9 3	75 4 7	40 8 6	167 7 9	13 7 3	...	1,270 17 4	18

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. From Assessment. £ s. d.	From Loans raised on the Security of the Assessment. £ s. d.	From Voluntary Contributions and Church Collections. £ s. d.	From Mortifications and all other sources. £ s. d.	Total Amount Money Receive £ s.
19	Dalziel - - - *	743 6 3	...	...	...	743 6
20	Dolphington - -	...	...	57 15 3	...	57 15
21	Douglas - - -	612 18 1	...	...	23 17 11	636 16
22	Dunsyre - - - *	...	...	...	34 4 9	34 4
23	Glasgow - - - *	47,563 16 0	...	...	648 16 11	48,212 12
24	Glassford - - *	613 0 9	...	...	6 12 9	619 13
25	Gorbals - - - *	2,781 8 0	...	...	34 13 11	2,816 1
26	Govan - - - *	21,324 16 9	...	...	2,102 11 7	23,427 8
27	Hamilton - - *	4,819 17 1½	...	...	101 16 11½	4,921 14
28	Kilbride, East - *	740 5 0½	600 0 0	...	29 12 8	1,369 17
29	Lanark - - -	2,002 0 3	...	...	76 7 6	2,078 7
30	Lesmahagow - - *	2,349 11 2	...	...	62 12 2½	2,412 3
31	Libberton - -	129 15 4½	...	...	9 15 6	139 10
32	Monkland, New -	5,285 7 8	...	...	89 5 9	5,374 13
33	Monkland, Old - *	5,604 19 6	915 0 6	...	87 4 3	6,607 4
34	Pittenain - -	107 11 4½	...	...	...	107 11
35	Rutherglen - -	2,194 17 0	...	...	...	2,194 17
36	Shotts - - - *	1,550 13 4	...	...	19 3 4	1,569 16
37	Stonehouse - - *	717 0 10½	...	...	24 6 2	741 7
38	Symington - -	153 4 9	...	...	0 12 0	153 16
39	Wandell & Lamington - -	95 7 0	...	...	...	95 7
40	Walston - - -	131 14 8	...	...	6 2 6	137 17
41	Wiston & Roberton *	192 17 9	...	...	4 14 7½	197 12
	Total -	165,172 5 1	9,850 6 10	276 18 0	6,858 4 11	182,157 14
	LINLITHGOW.					
1	Abercorn - -	199 15 10	...	...	20 1 0	219 16
2	Bathgate - -	1,879 6 11	...	...	16 1 5	1,895 8
3	Borrowstounness - *	1,300 0 0	...	...	59 6 8	1,359 6
4	Carriden - -	538 8 8	...	...	11 13 11	550 2
5	Dalmeny - -	...	...	928 11 11	48 15 0	977 6
6	Ecclesmachen - - *	106 11 5	...	...	3 9 6	110 0
7	Kirkliston - -	722 0 0	...	...	11 9 0	733 9
8	Linlithgow - -	2,091 8 3	...	...	...	2,091 8
9	Livingstone - -	602 10 10½	...	...	4 4 10	606 15
10	Queensferry - -	154 8 0½	...	...	5 14 4	160 2
11	Torphichen - -	334 15 9½	...	...	30 11 0	365 6
12	Uphall - - -	395 0 0	...	...	85 17 5	480 17
13	Whitburn - -	681 12 2½	...	...	9 9 0	691 1
	Total -	9,005 17 11	...	928 11 11	306 13 1	10,241 2
	NAIRN.					
1	Ardclach - - *	539 4 3	...	...	18 6 3½	557 10
2	Auldearn - - *	476 2 0	...	...	6 5 0	482 7
3	Cawdor - - - *	490 5 1	...	...	34 9 7	524 14
4	Nairn - - - *	787 3 8	427 10 6	...	57 8 4	1,272 2
	Total -	2,292 15 0	427 10 6	...	116 9 2½	2,836 14
	ORKNEY & SHETLAND. ORKNEY.					
1	Birsay and Harray -	84 5 0	...	...	9 7 11	93 12
2	Cross and Burness - *	44 4 4	...	...	3 11 11	47 16
3	Eday - - - *	...	...	136 4 2	0 14 6	136 18

EXPENDITURE.

Relief of Poor on the Roll or Registered. £ s. d.	Relief of Casual Poor. £ s. d.	Medical Relief. £ s. d.	Management. £ s. d.	Law Expenses. £ s. d.	Repayment of Money borrowed on Security of Assessment. £ s. d.	Total Amount of Money Expended. £ s. d.	No.
601 5 6	35 0 3	23 0 0	115 1 10	...	...	774 7 7	19
54 10 8	...	...	3 4 7	...	...	57 15 3	20
542 17 10	32 4 0	28 4 2	57 11 8	0 10 1	...	661 7 9	21
54 2 11	...	2 8 0	7 5 11	...	...	63 16 10	22
,495 5 4	1,549 2 2	3,503 1 11	6,958 11 10	61 4 11	...	44,567 6 2	23
444 5 3	12 9 11	14 0 0	122 7 5	6 19 3	...	600 1 10	24
895 9 6½	166 19 0½	73 7 6	264 18 4	100 15 2½	250 18 6	2,752 8 1½	25
,607 15 7	1,400 13 9	762 4 9	2,560 10 2	112 9 3	...	19,443 13 6	26
490 19 1	141 4 1	105 10 10	737 1 1	35 6 9½	222 17 2	4,732 19 0½	27
451 8 8½	13 1 9	31 13 0	133 18 5	...	...	630 1 10½	28
884 15 1	43 1 0	55 19 10	148 11 5½	...	...	2,132 7 4½	29
171 15 3½	30 3 9	53 7 6	111 4 11	...	...	2,366 11 5½	30
114 7 11	0 19 9	2 8 2	20 17 0	...	...	138 12 10	31
458 2 1	116 2 6	152 9 6	396 15 0	67 11 0	121 8 8	5,312 8 9	32
529 10 4	306 2 3	182 0 0	419 18 8	10 9 5	271 10 0	6,719 10 8	33
73 16 9	10 8 6	...	9 14 2	...	...	93 19 5	34
815 16 11	97 0 3	30 10 6	281 2 7	0 13 4	...	2,225 3 7	35
341 4 3	88 19 4	47 2 0	116 5 3	27 3 5	...	1,620 14 3	36
581 9 4	7 17 5	22 7 0	113 9 10	2 5 3	...	727 8 10	37
84 2 11	2 3 0	5 0 0	3 11 2	...	...	94 17 1	38
74 12 6	0 11 8	...	13 0 6	...	...	88 4 8	39
113 14 9	...	3 18 0	8 10 0	...	...	126 2 9	40
165 18 5	4 3 7	1 11 9	25 13 4	0 14 0	...	198 1 1	41
4,935 13 8½	7,289 10 1	7,439 6 0½	20,247 0 9	1,028 0 5	10,628 1 11	171567 12 11	
145 17 9	3 12 9	15 17 9	41 12 1	...	...	207 0 4	1
303 6 1½	221 1 10	50 0 0	299 9 11	...	...	1,873 17 10½	2
077 3 9½	9 1 10½	30 2 0	153 5 11	50 5 2	...	1,319 18 9	3
403 13 7	6 1 0	20 0 0	105 14 2	2 7 11	...	537 16 8	4
598 15 7	2 9 0	15 2 6	38 19 0	322 0 10	...	977 6 11	5
64 4 0	0 4 4	6 8 6	12 17 8	...	...	83 14 6	6
590 19 4	11 11 4	23 0 0	107 1 6	...	...	732 12 2	7
333 9 2	60 13 8	34 19 11	172 9 11	7 19 9	30 9 4	1,640 1 9	8
426 15 7½	7 14 10	19 17 0	89 15 6	...	...	544 2 11½	9
122 13 3	9 0 2	11 11 5	26 4 5	0 15 10	...	170 5 1	10
255 14 8½	4 3 0	14 0 0	40 0 11	...	...	313 18 7½	11
293 4 5	42 7 7½	15 0 0	64 16 3	...	...	415 8 3½	12
504 16 8	12 6 6	19 0 0	133 15 4	2 12 9	...	672 11 3	13
120 14 0	390 7 11	274 19 1	1,286 2 7	386 2 3	30 9 4	9,488 15 2	
411 3 5	5 2 8	19 3 8	68 3 2½	...	...	503 12 11½	1
402 12 2	3 18 6	15 15 0	84 5 3	...	...	506 10 11	2
386 4 5½	8 3 8½	14 15 11	58 6 10	...	21 4 2	488 15 1	3
766 2 0	6 13 7	38 12 2	194 6 0	2 0 9	174 0 1	1,181 14 7	4
,966 2 0½	23 18 5½	88 6 9	405 1 3½	2 0 9	195 4 3	2,680 13 6½	
67 2 0	2 11 3	18 16 0	12 16 0	...	...	101 5 3	1
176 0 9	10 17 10	6 9 9	17 14 10	0 5 10	...	211 9 0	2
122 17 11½	4 11 7	2 19 6	6 6 7½	...	...	136 15 8	3

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. From Assessment.	From Loans raised on the Security of the Assessment.	From Voluntary Contributions and Church Collections.	From Mortifications and all other sources.	Total Amount of Money Received.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
4	Evie and Rendal - *	152 18 11½	...	...	6 2 4	159 1 3½
5	Firth - - -	60 0 0	...	...	...	60 0 0
6	Holm - - -	137 13 5	...	...	14 17 10	152 11 3
7	Hoy and Græmsay -	...	...	38 0 0	2 5 7	40 5 7
8	Kirkwall - -	902 16 5	...	...	46 13 3	949 9 8
9	Lady - - -	231 15 6½	...	...	4 1 11	235 17 5
10	Orphir - - -	170 0 0	...	...	4 0 0	174 0 0
11	Ronaldshay, South -	393 19 0	...	...	24 10 6	418 9 6
12	Rousay and Egilshay *	...	...	116 19 7½	...	116 19 7
13	St Andrews & Deerness - - *	...	...	150 17 6	1 14 0	152 11 6
14	Sandwick - -	...	...	99 3 1½	...	99 3 1
15	Shapinshay - - *	...	...	35 7 10	...	35 7 10
16	Stennis - - -	...	...	30 12 9	...	30 12
17	Stromness - -	418 10 7	...	...	25 9 11½	444 0
18	Stronsay - -	252 5 11½	...	...	7 14 1	260 0
19	Walls and Flotta -	...	...	93 1 7	...	93 1
20	Westray and Papa-Westray -	176 5 11	...	...	34 17 5	211 3
	Total -	3,024 15 1½	...	700 6 7	186 1 2½	3,911 2 1
	SHETLAND.					
21	Bressay - - -	194 14 9	...	...	6 11 6	201 6
22	Delting - - - *	295 5 4	...	...	8 19 1	304 4
23	Dunrossness† - -	...	...	...	534 12 4	534 12
24	Fetlar & North Yell	301 5 2	...	...	...	301 5
25	Lerwick - - -	905 0 8	...	...	18 7 3	923 7 1
26	Nesting - - - *	311 14 9	...	...	...	311 14
27	North Mavine - *	248 4 4	...	...	12 1 4	260 5
28	Sandsting - -	355 8 9½	...	...	...	355 8
29	Tingwall - -	639 19 4	292 9 7	...	15 7 5	947 16
30	Unst - - -	698 2 7½	...	...	12 2 10	710 5
31	Walls - - -	279 1 11½	...	...	...	279 1 1
32	Yell - - -	347 11 10	...	...	...	347 11 1
	Total -	4,576 9 6½	292 9 7	...	608 1 9	5,477 0 1
	Orkney and Shetland together -	7,601 4 8	292 9 7	700 6 7	794 2 11½	9,388 3
	PEEBLES.					
1	Broughton - -	338 17 5	...	...	...	338 17
2	Drumelzier - - *	80 2 5	...	...	5 8 3½	85 10
3	Eddlestone - -	311 17 2	...	...	3 1 10	314 19
4	Innerleithen - -	291 17 4	...	...	29 19 11	321 17
5	Kirkurd - - - *	...	...	...	76 4 0	76 4
6	Linton, West - - *	344 19 4	...	...	16 19 8	361 19
7	Lyne and Megget -	...	...	22 1 2	...	22 1
8	Manor - - - *	22 3 3	...	...	1 2 6	23 5
9	Newlands - - *	349 13 0	...	...	5 6 8	354 19
10	Peebles - - -	773 7 10	...	...	34 10 6	807 18
11	Skirling - - - *	...	...	77 16 9	1 6 11	79 3
12	Stobo - - - *	119 13 7	...	...	15 13 7½	135 7
13	Traquair - -	116 7 0	...	...	16 11 2	132 18
14	Tweedsmuir - - *	...	...	51 19 8	...	51 19
	Total -	2,748 18 4	...	151 17 7	206 5 1	3,107 1

† No Return from Fair Isle District of Dunrossness.

EXPENDITURE.

elief of Poor n the Roll or Registered.			Relief of Casual Poor.			Medical Relief.			Management.			Law Expenses.			Repayment of Money borrowed on Security of Assessment.			Total Amount of Money Expended.			No.
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	
105	18	10½	12	19	0½	19	8	6	24	5	10	6	16	7½	...			169	8	10½	4
50	4	5	1	4	0	4	19	6	7	0	3	...			...			63	8	2	5
128	14	3	1	12	0	12	16	6	14	1	4	...			...			157	4	1	6
24	11	0	...			...			3	15	0	...			...			28	6	0	7
883	19	10	24	10	4	81	4	11	129	6	0	...			...			1,119	1	1	8
152	2	3½	1	13	0	15	0	0	20	15	5	...			...			189	10	8½	9
112	16	5½	13	9	0	15	13	0	10	5	7	0	8	2	40	0	0	192	12	2½	10
325	12	10	15	1	0	32	12	6	45	2	4	6	10	5	...			424	19	1	11
89	19	5	2	0	6	10	10	3½	10	11	3	...			...			113	1	5½	12
139	2	6	5	0	0	5	9	3½	10	1	4½	...			...			159	13	2	13
62	19	5½	0	14	3	...			8	10	11	...			...			72	4	7½	14
29	7	8	2	0	4	...			4	16	6	...			...			36	4	6	15
24	5	0	0	10	0	...			2	10	0	...			...			27	5	0	16
366	11	8	7	16	0	26	9	8	59	1	2	0	2	2	...			460	0	8	17
226	10	9	3	6	10	70	8	3½	31	6	3	0	7	5	...			331	19	6½	18
83	11	7	1	10	0	0	17	0	5	19	11½	...			...			91	18	6½	19
128	8	3	4	15	0	50	10	2½	21	19	7	1	17	9	...			207	10	9½	20
300	16	11½	116	1	11½	374	4	11	446	6	2½	16	8	4½	40	0	0	4,293	18	5	
98	11	3	2	11	3	5	3	6	22	0	8	14	12	2	...			142	18	10	21
229	0	1½	11	4	5½	26	0	0	15	4	6	...			...			281	9	1	22
477	4	5	24	5	11	15	0	10	26	18	0	1	16	11	...			545	6	1	23
247	17	6	9	16	1	2	2	2	37	10	6	...			...			297	6	3	24
726	3	5	31	10	2	30	1	6	86	14	2½	9	10	10	23	11	4	907	11	5½	25
220	4	6	46	1	11	8	10	8½	34	12	11½	...			...			309	10	1	26
214	7	1	6	11	6	34	0	0	18	17	10	...			...			273	16	5	27
314	11	5½	27	5	6	12	13	0	17	12	9	...			...			372	2	8½	28
701	9	10	30	13	2	25	0	0	34	3	8	116	7	7	...			907	14	3	29
452	19	4	3	18	11	32	10	0	41	2	8	0	19	10	131	13	7	663	4	4	30
232	8	6½	5	1	9	9	10	8½	23	15	4	...			...			270	16	4	31
296	16	11	4	14	2	8	5	0	22	12	11	15	2	10	...			347	11	10	32
211	14	4½	203	14	9½	208	17	5	381	6	0	158	10	2	155	4	11	5,319	7	8	
512	11	4	319	16	9	583	2	4	827	12	2½	174	18	6½	195	4	11	9,613	6	1	
180	5	11½	18	2	5	6	3	6	19	0	0	...			...			223	11	10½	1
49	11	5½	...			2	3	0	18	6	10	...			...			70	1	3½	2
269	3	5	0	1	0	7	5	9	38	6	11	...			...			314	17	1	3
266	1	3	9	19	3	14	17	7	38	16	1	...			...			329	14	2	4
51	3	11	0	1	8	...			12	6	9	...			...			63	12	4	5
335	17	3	3	15	10	21	5	11	69	1	3	...			...			430	0	3	6
5	6	8½	1	3	2	...			11	16	5	...			...			18	6	3½	7
9	15	0	...			2	0	0	13	0	10	...			...			24	15	10	8
237	16	1½	1	8	0	2	0	0	46	13	2½	...			...			287	17	4	9
703	11	9½	21	9	5	35	5	5½	141	11	4	...			...			901	18	0	10
41	15	3	8	14	6	2	14	0	10	12	11	...			...			63	16	8	11
53	13	6	2	2	11	4	3	3	16	3	2	...			...			76	2	10	12
109	15	7	5	17	0	8	4	6	21	11	10	...			...			145	8	11	13
28	13	11½	1	10	11	3	4	8	19	18	3	...			...			53	7	9½	14
342	11	2	74	6	1	109	7	7½	477	5	9½	...			...			3,003	10	8	

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. From Assessment.			From Loans raised on the Security of the Assessment.			From Voluntary Contributions and Church Collections.			From Mortifications and all other sources.			Total Amount of Money Received.		
	PERTH.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1	Aberdalgie - -	73	3	10	...			...			5	9	8	78	13	6
2	Aberfoyle - -	318	3	4	...			...			...			318	3	4
3	Abernethy - -	342	16	7	...			...			7	5	0	350	1	7
4	Abernyte - -	...			...			70	10	0	...			70	10	0
5	Alyth - - -	798	11	1	...			...			11	12	4	810	3	5
6	Auchterarder - - *	838	12	0	...			...			39	18	5	878	10	5
7	Auchtergaven - -	994	16	3	...			...			13	2	6	1,007	18	9
8	Balquhidder - -	232	3	11	...			...			5	5	3	237	9	2
9	Bendochy - -	208	5	6	...			...			...			208	5	6
10	Blackford - - *	513	19	6½	...			...			10	2	10	524	2	4
11	Blair-Athol - - *	812	4	0	...			...			10	6	3	822	10	3
12	Blairgowrie - -	919	18	0	...			...			20	12	6	940	10	6
13	Callander - -	559	13	9	...			...			65	8	10	625	2	7
14	Caputh - - - *	585	19	10	...			...			11	14	9	597	14	7
15	Cargill - - -	645	0	0	...			...			28	8	3	673	8	3
16	Clunie - - -	249	15	7	...			...			...			249	15	7
17	Collace - - -	141	12	8	...			...			4	1	0	145	13	8
18	Comrie - - -	624	6	2	...			...			22	8	2	646	14	4
19	Coupar-Angus -	657	17	2	...			...			10	0	1	667	17	3
20	Crieff - - - *	1,340	9	7	...			...			51	2	10½	1,391	12	5
21	Culross - - -	179	5	7	...			...			52	3	2	231	8	9
22	Dowally - - - *	127	8	10	...			...			1	0	0	128	8	10
23	Dron - - -	90	12	2½	...			...			...			90	12	2
24	Dull - - - *	1,065	13	9	...			...			17	9	10	1,083	3	7
25	Dunbarney - - *	225	3	8	...			...			4	3	10	229	7	6
26	Dunblane - -	993	16	8	...			...			16	17	7	1,010	14	3
27	Dunkeld - -	...			355	19	5	...			...			355	19	5
28	Dunkeld, Little - *	725	5	11½	...			...			11	6	6	736	12	5
29	Dunning - - *	624	6	11½	...			...			8	6	3	632	13	2
30	Errol - - -	949	2	0	...			...			19	8	9	968	10	9
31	Forgandenny - -	303	5	7	...			...			3	4	3	306	9	10
32	Forteviot - -	152	10	6	...			...			2	9	10	155	0	
33	Fortingall - - *	1,065	1	1	...			...			15	2	3	1,080	3	
34	Fossaway - -	238	6	7½	...			...			11	5	0	249	11	
35	Foulis, Wester - *	...			...			461	18	8	6	15	9	468	14	
36	Gask - - -	119	13	11	...			...			...			119	13	1
37	Glendevon - -	...			...			...			12	13	9	12	13	
38	Inchture - - -	...			...			271	18	4	42	6	9	314	5	
39	Kenmore - - *	764	8	2½	...			...			10	8	3	774	16	
40	Killin - - - *	551	10	4½	...			...			7	8	6	558	18	1
41	Kilmadock - -	754	12	1	...			...			32	6	1½	786	18	
42	Kilspindie - -	120	0	0	...			...			...			120	0	
43	Kincardine - -	...			...			371	8	10½	113	8	4	484	17	
44	Kinclaven - -	202	18	1	...			...			...			202	18	
45	Kinfauns - -	239	0	0	...			...			11	0	7	250	0	
46	Kinloch - - -	...			...			93	0	0	...			93	0	
47	Kinnaird - -	66	0	0	...			...			0	14	0	66	14	
48	Kinnoul - - -	806	3	1	...			...			11	14	11	817	18	
49	Kirkmichael - -	...			...			225	8	8½	20	15	1	246	3	
50	Lethendy - -	59	17	7½	...			...			...			59	17	
51	Logierait - - *	800	7	1	...			...			8	4	6	808	11	
52	Longforgan - -	450	5	5	...			...			6	8	2	456	13	
53	Madderty - -	...			...			225	11	6½	2	9	6	228	1	
54	Meigle - - -	91	2	10	...			...			...			91	2	
55	Methven - - *	621	1	3½	...			...			49	4	4	670	5	
56	Moneydie - -	55	14	0½	...			...			1	7	11	57	1	

EXPENDITURE.

Relief of Poor on the Roll or Registered.	Relief of Casual Poor.	Medical Relief.	Management.	Law Expenses.	Repayment of Money borrowed on Security of Assessment.	Total Amount of Money Expended.	No.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
66 4 8	...	7 16 8	13 9 8½	...	...	87 11 0½	1
242 19 0½	15 15 6	3 10 0	20 3 11	1 5 1	...	283 13 6½	2
251 2 1	67 15 9	14 10 0	25 16 4	...	...	359 4 2	3
60 10 0	...	2 0 0	4 10 6	...	...	67 0 6	4
716 10 2	31 15 7	26 0 0	77 14 1	...	...	851 19 10	5
744 1 10	5 3 8	26 13 6	105 18 6	3 10 8	...	885 8 2	6
900 7 9	23 1 2	30 0 0	35 0 6	...	...	988 9 5	7
233 4 0½	6 0 6	15 0 0	30 1 7	...	...	284 6 1½	8
186 13 8½	1 5 0	...	18 10 4	3 10 5	...	209 19 5½	9
402 3 9	7 12 10	32 0 0	80 7 3½	...	...	522 3 10½	10
653 17 9	7 6 0	19 0 0	100 10 7	1 11 8	...	782 6 0	11
733 1 4	10 16 9½	35 8 8	102 7 5½	...	...	881 14 3	12
449 14 9	33 13 7	15 15 0	68 0 11	1 0 2	...	568 4 5	13
430 18 0	64 0 10	32 16 0	82 17 4	6 11 7	...	617 3 9	14
498 6 7	20 7 4	16 3 0	27 6 1	...	...	562 3 0	15
217 5 11½	2 13 0	2 2 0	23 2 1	...	...	245 3 0½	16
124 6 8	3 3 2	17 10 6	13 18 9	...	...	158 19 1	17
503 19 6	23 2 1	27 6 0	57 1 11	...	...	611 9 6	18
510 14 2	6 10 5	24 4 3	76 4 4	...	...	617 13 2	19
1,183 10 0½	17 10 2	35 3 4	191 15 6	8 0 0	47 8 9	1,483 7 9½	20
148 19 9	21 11 2	15 0 0	36 5 4	...	...	221 16 3	21
56 15 8½	1 17 5	6 4 0	43 9 7	0 5 0	...	108 11 8½	22
68 10 2	...	...	14 7 0	...	...	82 17 2	23
843 3 2½	8 8 6	36 1 3	146 7 1	0 18 2	...	1,034 18 2½	24
224 3 1½	3 7 6½	10 0 0	28 12 2	...	...	266 2 10	25
838 4 4	43 4 2	30 0 0	68 12 8	5 9 6	...	985 10 8	26
311 10 0	0 6 0	10 0 0	15 10 0	...	...	337 6 0	27
604 0 4	6 4 1	23 0 0	109 11 3	21 3 3	...	763 18 11	28
416 12 2½	31 13 4	17 0 0	93 16 3½	...	40 0 0	599 1 10	29
794 8 6½	22 8 8	26 0 6	76 8 9	...	...	919 6 5½	30
208 12 2	13 15 8	6 10 0	22 13 1	...	...	251 10 11	31
99 19 8	8 4 0	5 0 0	17 0 7	2 2 0	...	132 6 3	32
680 12 8½	18 10 11	32 0 0	125 15 10	4 4 5	...	861 3 10½	33
185 16 0½	2 5 3	14 8 0	42 14 9	...	...	245 4 0½	34
253 12 10	1 0 3	14 0 0	51 0 9	3 10 8	...	323 4 6	35
83 11 3	0 1 6	0 15 8	18 5 2	...	...	102 13 7	36
2 18 11	0 5 6	1 7 0	2 7 1	...	...	6 18 6	37
323 1 0	0 7 7½	7 13 9	26 11 10	...	...	357 14 2½	38
574 17 5½	8 10 0	21 19 10	95 3 11	...	...	700 11 2½	39
440 1 11½	16 2 7½	18 0 0	86 12 5	...	...	560 17 0	40
747 15 2½	24 1 6½	32 0 0	64 19 2½	0 8 6	...	869 4 5½	41
88 11 11	7 7 9	...	7 16 4	1 0 0	...	104 16 0	42
299 11 5½	21 5 6	18 0 0	39 11 10	...	...	378 8 9½	43
131 6 3	6 6 0	7 10 6	10 10 0	5 5 0	...	160 17 9	44
199 19 7	...	8 0 0	20 4 7	8 17 9	...	237 1 11	45
80 18 10½	...	...	7 13 9	...	...	88 12 7½	46
43 6 0	11 14 10	...	12 13 11	...	...	67 14 9	47
576 10 5	8 1 10	24 15 6	109 3 2½	...	...	718 10 11½	48
179 7 6	9 3 1	21 2 3	36 10 3	...	...	246 3 1	49
35 16 5	3 1 8	...	11 9 2	...	...	50 7 3	50
744 18 3	13 13 1	29 0 0	121 8 10	2 15 6	...	911 15 8	51
393 10 2	6 17 6	15 0 0	39 17 10	...	...	455 5 6	52
157 13 5½	3 19 3	5 0 0	13 7 3	...	...	179 19 11½	53
71 14 2	6 8 6	...	14 8 2	0 5 0	...	92 15 10	54
457 7 4	6 3 2	20 0 0	53 16 5½	...	...	537 6 11½	55
35 19 8	1 3 2	3 8 0	10 2 8	...	...	50 13 6	56

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. From Assessment.	From Loans raised on the Security of the Assessment.	From Voluntary Contributions and Church Collections.	From Mortifications and all other sources.	Total Amount of Money Received
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s.
57	Monivaird - -	...	...	217 19 3	...	217 19
58	Monzie - - -	297 19 5	...	...	13 13 0	311 12
59	Moulin - - - *	526 2 0	...	...	23 1 2	549 3
60	Muckhart - -	...	...	184 18 4	47 9 8½	232 8
61	Muthill - - -	865 9 5	...	...	72 16 6	938 5
62	Perth - - - *	6,950 0 0	...	...	67 4 4	7,017 4
63	Port-of-Monteith -	454 18 9	...	...	1 0 0	455 18
64	Rattray - - -	355 0 6½	...	...	31 4 8	386 5
65	Redgorton - -	701 17 5½	...	...	7 12 4	709 9
66	Rhynd - - -	37 12 1½	...	...	1 11 4	39 3
67	Scone - - -	683 9 1½	...	...	37 18 7	721 7
68	St Madoes - -	85 0 0	...	...	...	85 0
69	St Martins - -	...	...	191 0 0	46 1 8½	237 1
70	Tibbermuir - -	212 15 7½	...	...	...	212 15
71	Trinity-Gask - -	248 0 10	...	...	2 13 4	250 14
72	Tulliallan - -	672 10 1	...	...	11 6 3	683 16
73	Weem - - - *	270 0 2	...	...	3 14 2	273 14
	Total -	35,660 17 9½	355 19 5	2,313 13 8½	1,184 9 6	39,515 0
	RENFREW.					
1	Abbey - - - *	7,210 17 8	...	...	1,180 15 0	8,391 12
2	Cathcart - - -	906 8 0	...	...	31 12 5	938 0
3	Eaglesham - -	606 5 6	...	...	20 6 4	626 11
4	Eastwood - -	2,708 0 8	...	...	113 13 4	2,821 14
5	Erskine - - -	253 10 10	...	...	6 4 11	259 15
6	Greenock - -	10,098 2 9	...	...	328 19 11	10,427 2
7	Houston - - -	860 12 6	...	...	19 16 1	880 8
8	Inchinnan - -	...	...	166 19 10	2 14 6	169 14
9	Innerkip and Gourock	768 0 0	...	...	14 7 2	782 7
10	Kilbarchan - -	1,352 10 4	...	...	129 1 7	1,481 11
11	Kilmalcolm - -	376 15 7	...	...	8 3 1	384 18
12	Lochwinnoch - -	1,085 19 3½	...	...	153 0 6	1,238 19
13	Mearns - - -	1,010 16 3	...	...	46 17 7	1,057 13
14	Neilston - - - *	3,040 0 0	...	...	120 5 3	3,160 5
15	Paisley - - - *	7,104 17 0	...	...	1,196 16 9	8,301 13
16	Port-Glasgow - -	2,129 18 10	175 1 2	...	88 17 6	2,393 17
17	Renfrew - - -	1,381 1 2½	...	...	14 11 4	1,395 12
	Total -	40,893 16 5	175 1 2	166 19 10	3,476 3 3	44,712 0
	ROSS & CROMARTY.					
1	Alness - - -	524 12 9	...	...	99 9 4	624 2
2	Applecross - -	676 17 5	...	...	19 10 1	696 7
3	Avoch - - - *	568 3 9	...	...	9 1 2	577 4
4	Barvas - - - *	342 5 6	...	...	17 10 2	359 15
5	Contin - - - *	718 18 11	...	...	10 5 10	729 4
6	Cromarty - - *	853 12 0	164 6 9	...	11 15 9	1,029 14
7	Dingwall - -	745 6 2	...	...	12 17 10	758 4
8	Edderton - -	232 7 10	...	...	11 16 8	244 4
9	Fearn - - -	478 15 6	3 15 1	...	14 3 7	496 14
10	Fodderty - - *	886 17 10	...	...	11 8 1	898 5
11	Gairloch - - *	1,057 6 5½	...	...	22 0 0	1,079 6
12	Glenshiel - - *	302 13 2	...	...	4 8 9	307 1
13	Killearnan - - *	730 19 2	...	...	30 17 0	761 16
14	Kilmuir, Easter -	422 15 6	...	...	93 0 2	515 15
15	Kiltearn - - -	614 2 6	...	...	16 4 9	630 7

EXPENDITURE.							
Relief of Poor on the Roll or Registered.	Relief of Casual Poor.	Medical Relief.	Management.	Law Expenses.	Repayment of Money borrowed on Security of Assessment.	Total Amount of Money Expended.	No.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
189 15 2	5 18 8	11 4 5	11 1 0	...	...	217 19 3	57
254 15 8	10 15 10	9 8 11	36 3 7	7 13 5	...	318 17 5	58
422 8 0	1 17 0	30 3 6	107 5 2	1 12 2	...	563 5 10	59
194 18 6½	4 3 3	5 7 0	14 18 8	...	...	219 7 5½	60
753 14 11	56 6 8	47 16 3	58 14 1	...	...	916 11 11	61
,918 4 10	244 16 4	168 8 9	829 9 2	57 1 7	...	6,218 0 8	62
366 19 2	12 2 7	32 15 10	39 19 1	...	...	451 16 8	63
245 18 0	63 8 9	18 0 0	56 14 7½	15 16 11	...	399 18 3½	64
577 16 3	10 18 6	17 2 6	33 16 3	...	...	639 13 6	65
79 5 9	3 1 0	3 3 6	14 4 5	...	...	99 14 8	66
664 7 0	8 12 0	18 0 0	43 10 5	...	...	734 9 5	67
48 14 11	3 4 5	3 3 0	11 16 11	...	...	66 19 3	68
194 0 5	15 12 7½	10 2 9	11 4 4	...	...	231 0 1½	69
234 1 10	0 16 6	8 5 0	21 2 10	...	...	264 6 2	70
212 3 5	0 3 4	8 0 0	26 7 0	...	...	246 13 9	71
511 17 10	4 18 0	23 0 0	54 7 7	...	...	594 3 5	72
228 7 7	0 0 6	7 10 0	40 6 10½	...	...	276 4 11½	73
0,610 19 1½	1,132 0 5	1,283 6 7	4,260 18 8½	163 18 5	87 8 9	37,538 12 0	
,889 10 4	217 6 7	311 11 1	986 14 7	...	...	7,405 2 7	1
635 2 3	19 18 2	17 9 6	191 7 11	5 8 10	...	869 6 8	2
608 6 1	41 12 5	22 10 2	51 19 2	...	...	724 7 10	3
,632 14 9	171 10 10	133 18 9	308 12 7	9 15 1	...	3,256 12 0	4
205 4 1½	19 9 8	22 2 0	29 1 2	...	...	275 16 11½	5
,956 7 2	99 18 2	541 16 1	1,724 17 11	28 5 9	...	8,351 5 1	6
703 1 2	31 16 11	33 3 0	92 12 0	2 11 7	...	863 4 8	7
133 17 4	3 2 6	6 14 6	11 13 7	...	...	155 7 11	8
522 19 3	116 6 10½	54 8 1½	150 17 2	...	...	844 11 5	9
1,195 13 0	72 15 10	44 3 0	212 7 9	...	...	1,524 19 7	10
289 6 11	5 1 2	28 15 0	72 16 8	0 5 2	...	396 4 11	11
1,096 4 4	20 2 5	37 0 0	88 19 11	...	6 11 1	1,248 17 9	12
803 14 7½	26 3 2½	25 11 6	103 17 3	...	...	959 6 7	13
2,887 4 4	57 7 6	112 5 0	216 7 10	0 8 0	...	3,273 12 8	14
5,872 16 0	263 4 7	356 4 4	986 1 11	0 6 8	...	7,478 13 6	15
1,835 10 9	105 8 1	186 19 4	272 13 3	21 17 2	...	2,422 8 7	16
784 18 10½	64 0 7	30 9 6	117 5 4	8 1 3	246 11 9	1,251 7 3½	17
32.052 11 3½	1,335 5 6	1,965 0 10½	5,618 6 0	76 19 6	253 2 10	41,301 6 0	
528 19 6	7 7 2	29 15 5	50 2 3	...	...	616 4 4	1
473 19 10	23 15 6	115 0 0	50 14 10	...	...	663 10 2	2
396 14 4	8 15 8	25 0 0	103 2 10	...	...	533 12 10	3
167 19 10	10 2 1½	51 0 0	62 2 6	...	...	291 4 5½	4
447 4 5	10 1 4	24 8 2	102 0 7	125 0 9	...	708 15 3	5
722 1 3	14 10 0	43 9 8	151 3 0	0 6 2	31 12 6	963 2 7	6
597 0 2	12 19 1	27 6 4	106 3 0	...	...	743 8 7	7
229 1 3	6 14 6	25 7 0	58 13 0	...	...	319 15 9	8
389 18 4	11 4 4	38 5 5	78 19 2	...	...	518 7 3	9
771 1 8	8 2 6	32 10 9	78 17 5	...	...	890 12 4	10
1,139 14 9	7 6 7	65 16 4	83 12 1	...	...	1,296 9 9	11
278 18 3	5 6 6	27 10 9	34 14 6	0 19 6	...	347 9 6	12
557 3 8	5 12 2	37 11 0	121 4 9	...	...	721 11 7	13
393 19 0	1 3 9	27 1 3	73 11 7	...	...	495 15 7	14
494 0 8	2 10 6	35 16 5	57 12 2	...	...	589 19 9	15

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. From Assessment. £ s. d.	From Loans raised on the Security of the Assessment. £ s. d.	From Voluntary Contributions and Church Collections. £ s. d.	From Mortifications and all other sources. £ s. d.	Total Amount Money receive[d] £ s.
16	Kincardine - -	537 17 3	...	...	10 0 8	547 17
17	Kintail - - - *	530 10 8½	...	...	7 17 4	538 8
18	Knockbain - - *	860 0 0	...	...	14 9 8	874 9
19	Lochalsh - - *	738 5 0	...	...	39 13 2	777 18
20	Lochbroom - -	1,888 4 6½	58 11 9½	...	21 13 3	1,968 9
21	Lochcarron - -	461 2 10	...	...	16 8 4	477 11
22	Lochs - - - *	502 6 0	...	...	27 15 2	530 1
23	Logie-Easter - -	314 16 6	...	...	6 2 11	320 19
24	Nigg - - - *	431 16 6	...	...	8 2 3	439 18
25	Resolis - - - *	405 0 0	...	...	9 0 5	414 0
26	Rosemarkie - - *	553 0 0	...	...	7 19 11	560 19
27	Rosskeen - -	938 1 10	...	...	91 2 11	1,029 4
28	Stornoway - -	1,042 1 10	...	...	25 1 11	1,067 3
29	Tain - - - *	843 16 5	...	...	17 15 8	861 12
30	Tarbat - - -	482 8 4	...	...	17 19 10	500 8
31	Uig - - - *	377 18 1	...	...	14 7 6	392 5
32	Urquhart - - *	1,105 0 0	...	...	15 9 10	1,120 9
33	Urray - - - *	775 17 10	...	...	11 0 6	786 18
	Total -	21,943 18 1½	226 13 7½	...	746 10 5	22,917 2
	ROXBURGH.					
1	Ancrum - - -	417 13 3	...	...	6 9 3	424 2
2	Ashkirk - - - *	145 18 1	...	...	...	145 18
3	Bedrule - - -	68 19 10	...	...	...	68 19
4	Bowden - - - *	288 13 5	...	...	30 8 4	319 1
5	Castleton - - *	578 4 9	...	...	44 3 9	622 8
6	Cavers - - - *	378 14 5½	...	...	16 10 5	395 4
7	Crailing - - -	72 13 0½	...	...	...	72 13
8	Eckford - - -	181 3 6	...	...	1 5 0	182 8
9	Ednam - - - *	163 6 3	...	...	2 14 7	166 0
10	Hawick - - - *	2,208 11 7½	...	...	26 9 3	2,235 0
11	Hobkirk - - - *	114 7 3½	...	...	27 10 6½	141 17
12	Hownam - -	71 9 9½	...	...	...	71 9
13	Jedburgh - - *	1,567 11 1	...	...	338 0 1	1,905 11
14	Kelso - - - *	809 16 6½	...	...	52 11 7½	862 8
15	Kirktown - - *	74 17 8	...	...	2 15 9	77 13
16	Lilliesleaf - - *	215 9 9½	...	...	24 3 10	239 13
17	Linton - - -	127 19 8	...	...	5 4 0	133 3
18	Mackerston - -	66 8 0	...	...	...	66 8
19	Maxton - - -	110 7 1½	...	...	2 10 10	112 17
20	Melrose - - - *	1,984 16 9	...	...	20 12 7	2,005 9
21	Minto - - - *	123 6 10	...	...	1 17 7	125 4
22	Morebattle - -	164 8 5	...	...	...	164 8
23	Oxnam - - -	118 8 7½	...	...	6 1 11½	124 10
24	Roberton - - *	128 0 1	...	...	...	128 0
25	Roxburgh - -	476 16 0½	...	...	4 0 11	480 16
26	St Boswells - -	240 1 3½	...	...	4 0 4	244 1
27	Smailholm - -	120 0 2½	...	...	7 12 3	127 12
28	Southdean - - *	72 5 5	...	...	4 14 0	76 19
29	Sprouston - -	509 13 8	...	...	21 6 4	531 0
30	Stitchell - - -	92 4 3	...	...	...	92 4
31	Wilton - - - *	620 1 2½	...	...	41 11 1½	661 12
32	Yetholm - - - *	355 8 7½	...	...	10 11 3	365 19
	Total -	12,667 16 7	...	...	703 5 7	13,371 2

EXPENDITURE.

elief of Poor n the Roll or Registered. £ s. d.	Relief of Casual Poor. £ s. d.	Medical Relief. £ s. d.	Management. £ s. d.	Law Expenses. £ s. d.	Repayment of Money borrowed on Security of Assessment. £ s. d.	Total Amount of Money Expended. £ s. d.	No.
393 3 0	0 3 0	42 10 0	89 19 8	...	...	525 15 8	16
416 9 0	12 18 5½	47 6 10	54 7 2	...	...	531 1 5½	17
597 3 4	9 1 4	40 0 0	122 1 2	19 18 7	...	788 4 5	18
554 17 11½	21 4 9	93 17 1	59 4 4	30 1 0	...	759 5 1½	19
203 12 6	36 15 8	76 8 9	297 2 6	2 4 7	352 5 7	1,968 9 7	20
268 10 10	15 6 9	116 7 6	40 2 9	...	...	440 7 10	21
359 16 2½	9 16 0	30 11 4	71 8 8	7 1 1	...	478 13 3½	22
250 9 1	0 17 6	19 17 5	49 2 6	...	...	320 6 6	23
293 6 3	6 18 10	27 14 10	73 0 0	...	...	400 19 11	24
304 17 4	0 12 0	21 17 8	85 2 2	...	...	412 9 2	25
394 19 9	8 2 6	25 0 0	105 1 1	...	...	533 3 4	26
812 1 1	9 7 3	57 15 9	164 7 8	0 13 0	...	1,044 4 9	27
695 10 11½	50 18 10½	50 3 11	119 2 3	2 3 10	...	917 19 10	28
678 6 11	5 1 1	40 12 6	124 12 4	...	...	848 12 10	29
411 11 4	12 15 0	32 19 10	85 11 3	2 6 10	...	545 4 3	30
265 11 7	3 15 0	35 10 6	56 15 8½	11 1 6	...	372 14 3½	31
825 0 0½	15 3 1	43 10 6	173 6 4	...	...	1,056 19 11½	32
650 4 1	10 0 0	27 12 3	74 2 4	24 19 8	...	786 18 4	33
,963 8 2	364 8 9½	1,435 15 2	3,057 3 6½	226 16 6	383 18 1	22,431 10 3	
273 12 9½	2 17 4	17 1 9½	55 0 11	3 9 8	...	352 2 6	1
100 6 6	...	1 14 0	23 19 1	...	...	125 19 7	2
71 3 1	...	...	11 19 3	...	...	83 2 4	3
209 5 11	51 1 0	10 0 0	31 10 5	5 5 8	...	307 3 0	4
369 3 0½	53 3 2½	34 1 6	39 18 10½	...	...	496 6 7½	5
311 11 3	9 5 10½	15 4 5	54 8 11	...	...	390 10 5½	6
53 12 0	...	5 7 5	16 8 0	...	...	75 7 5	7
130 18 6½	10 19 7	5 18 2	35 6 7	...	...	183 2 10½	8
130 10 1½	3 18 6	8 13 0	19 8 8	...	...	162 10 3½	9
658 1 9	66 16 1	73 0 3	245 14 8½	0 19 6½	...	2,044 12 4	10
105 9 7	10 1 0	8 13 5½	20 14 4½	...	...	144 18 5	11
57 3 6	...	1 3 6	9 18 7	...	...	68 5 7	12
,212 5 9½	51 7 2½	71 6 2	322 9 4½	23 14 10	...	1,681 3 4½	13
,352 9 3	39 1 3	49 13 4	222 2 8	...	...	1,663 6 6	14
61 6 6	...	1 13 10	13 7 1	...	...	76 7 5	15
160 9 0	4 16 5	11 15 11	26 6 5½	...	...	203 7 9½	16
108 15 9	0 6 0	5 6 0	25 0 11	...	...	139 8 8	17
43 2 1	16 1 0	6 0 0	14 7 1	...	...	79 10 2	18
80 15 2	...	10 13 10	17 14 11	...	...	109 3 11	19
,374 11 4½	70 4 0	56 1 2	204 2 9	13 14 0	...	1,718 13 3½	20
94 16 5	0 1 10	5 16 5	14 16 3	...	...	115 10 11	21
133 15 8	1 6 0	13 13 6	19 13 8	...	...	168 8 10	22
95 7 3½	3 11 0	6 16 0	17 3 11	...	...	122 18 2½	23
117 8 7	0 9 3	2 19 5½	17 18 11½	...	...	138 16 3	24
348 2 4½	8 15 6	15 15 1	23 0 6	...	...	395 13 5½	25
213 12 3	13 2 9½	5 13 0	34 15 2½	...	...	267 3 3	26
119 19 3	1 8 2	12 12 0	15 7 9	...	...	149 7 2	27
57 6 8½	...	11 11 4	18 0 1½	...	...	86 18 2	28
472 7 7½	14 19 5½	15 4 8	29 11 8	...	...	532 3 5	29
55 6 [illegible]	1 13 6	1 8 0	18 16 5	...	...	77 4 7	30
424 2 3	61 1 6½	15 9 7	97 7 5	...	...	598 0 9½	31
243 18 7	6 10 1	30 2 9	64 0 1	...	...	344 11 6	32
,240 16 8	502 17 7	530 9 6½	1,780 11 7	47 3 8½	...	13,101 19 1	

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT.													
		From Assessment.			From Loans raised on the Security of the Assessment.			From Voluntary Contributions and Church Collections.			From Mortifications and all other sources.			Total Amoun Money Receiv	
	SELKIRK.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.
1	Ettrick - - -	194	17	11½	...			...			4	10	11½	199	8
2	Galashiels - - *	972	1	1½	...			...			9	5	6	981	6
3	Kirkhope - - *	212	11	4	...			...			5	11	0	218	2
4	Selkirk - - - *	875	5	0	...			...			60	2	9½	935	7
5	Yarrow - - - *	178	19	10½	...			...			3	3	6	182	3
	Total -	2,433	15	3½	...			...			82	13	9	2,516	9
	STIRLING.														
1	Airth - - -	321	17	4	...			...			17	12	0	339	9
2	Alva - - -	566	19	7	...			...			8	1	7	575	1
3	Baldernock - -	147	2	11½	...			...			3	14	6	150	17
4	Balfron - - -	494	15	10	50	0	0	...			1	1	1	545	16
5	Bothkennar - -	475	2	11½	...			...			32	7	9	507	10
6	Buchanan - - *	297	8	5	...			...			11	2	10	308	11
7	Campsie - -	1,489	16	9	...			...			89	3	7	1,579	0
8	Denny - - -	1,726	15	3	...			...			230	6	3	1,957	1
9	Drymen - - -	314	3	3½	...			...			6	13	4	320	16
10	Dunipace - -	447	4	5	...			...			6	3	3	453	7
11	Falkirk - - - *	4,064	11	2	...			...			297	6	11	4,361	18
12	Fintry - - -	240	0	0	...			...			6	11	2	246	11
13	Gargunnock - -	186	14	8	...			...			14	4	0	200	18
14	Killearn - - -	...			...			218	14	10	13	8	0	232	2
15	Kilsyth - - - *	1,493	12	2	...			...			75	19	4½	1,569	11
16	Kippen - - -	596	17	1½	...			...			8	5	1	605	2
17	Larbert - - - *	1,163	3	5	...			...			15	9	7	1,178	13
18	Lecropt - - -	...			...			200	15	1½	8	2	4	208	17
19	Muiravonside - -	403	7	9	...			...			51	9	6	454	17
20	Polmont - - -	859	14	5	...			...			24	12	3	884	6
21	St Ninians - -	1,937	19	3	...			...			81	3	8	2,019	2
22	Slamannan - -	327	11	9½	...			...			3	17	6	331	9
23	Stirling - - - *	2,226	4	1	...			...			78	6	7	2,304	10
24	Strathblane† - -	...			...			...			...			...	
	Total -	19,781	2	7½	50	0	0	419	9	11½	1,085	2	1½	21,335	14
	SUTHERLAND.														
1	Assynt - - - *	683	10	5	...			...			20	4	4	703	14
2	Clyne - - - *	506	9	2	...			...			12	8	6	518	17
3	Creich - - - *	651	11	0	...			...			10	14	8	662	5
4	Dornoch - - *	540	6	0	...			...			...			540	6
5	Durness - - - *	355	18	4	...			...			8	8	7	364	6
6	Eddrachillis - - *	385	16	2	...			...			10	9	5	396	5
7	Farr - - - *	624	15	1	...			...			17	18	4	642	13
8	Golspie - - - *	348	10	11	...			...			11	1	2	359	12
9	Kildonan - - *	574	7	3	...			...			10	17	10	585	5
10	Lairg - - - *	356	5	8	...			...			5	8	11	361	14
11	Loth - - - *	194	8	6	...			...			5	14	2	200	2
12	Rogart - - - *	272	7	0	...			...			6	18	5	279	5
13	Tongue - - - *	565	4	7	...			...			11	13	5	576	18
	Total -	6,059	10	1	...			...			131	17	9	6,191	7

† No Money raised from Assessment during the year. Expenditure made from surplus funds in hand.

EXPENDITURE.

Relief of Poor on the Roll or Registered. £ s. d.	Relief of Casual Poor. £ s. d.	Medical Relief. £ s. d.	Management. £ s. d.	Law Expenses. £ s. d.	Repayment of Money borrowed on Security of Assessment. £ s. d.	Total Amount of Money Expended. £ s. d.	No.
158 12 4½	2 3 0½	13 9 0	19 0 6	...	...	193 4 11	1
195 17 4	116 6 8	36 3 4½	144 1 10	2 5 10	...	794 15 0½	2
128 6 3	7 5 3	10 10 5½	23 4 1	...	30 0 0	199 6 0½	3
17 11 11	55 4 9½	38 11 3	181 16 7	0 3 1	...	893 7 7½	4
77 15 1	2 9 9	10 7 6	37 5 7	...	...	127 17 11	5
478 2 11½	183 9 6	109 1 7	405 8 7	2 8 11	30 0 0	2,208 11 6½	
362 11 7	20 2 11	15 12 0	43 7 1	...	...	441 13 7	1
500 8 4½	0 7 10	16 5 0	62 7 6	...	...	579 8 8½	2
68 3 10½	7 1 0	8 5 0	18 6 6	...	...	101 16 4½	3
439 5 11½	19 17 1	42 15 5	41 15 8	0 11 5	...	544 5 6½	4
468 0 10	9 16 9	10 0 0	44 16 3	...	...	532 13 10	5
216 14 6	...	6 6 8	53 8 11	17 11 2	...	294 1 3	6
241 1 5½	94 13 11½	50 7 0	194 14 1½	15 17 5	...	1,596 13 11½	7
887 0 11	53 5 7	37 10 0	146 12 6	357 9 5½	221 6 0	1,703 4 5½	8
228 5 5½	10 11 2	12 15 6	31 0 4	...	...	282 12 5½	9
341 0 2	16 5 1	12 6 6	28 7 7	...	...	397 19 4	10
463 16 2½	227 5 10½	113 18 2	492 10 0	...	...	4,297 10 3	11
174 2 0	7 11 6	12 0 0	24 0 0	19 6 7	...	237 0 1	12
140 4 5	2 11 3	...	13 6 6½	...	...	156 2 2½	13
168 12 2	27 16 2	4 19 0	19 7 5	3 19 6	...	224 14 3	14
096 6 4	33 4 0	64 0 0	221 1 1½	...	...	1,414 11 5½	15
593 0 11½	5 17 10	15 0 3	38 2 4	...	...	652 1 4½	16
069 13 6	16 5 10	30 19 3	96 9 0	9 2 6	...	1,222 10 1	17
130 19 11	1 10 2	9 19 0	20 6 0	...	...	162 15 1	18
359 1 6	24 10 0	8 7 6	69 15 11	...	...	461 14 11	19
864 10 5	20 6 3	32 0 3	85 0 5	...	...	1,001 17 4	20
682 10 2	17 16 11	76 5 0	249 18 10	...	...	2,026 10 11	21
260 5 8	19 6 11	8 12 0	46 16 7	...	...	335 1 2	22
184 17 8	101 11 1	78 12 5	328 2 4	5 5 0	...	2,698 8 6	23
174 4 4	9 5 9	5 11 6	34 18 6	...	...	224 0 1	24
,114 18 4½	747 0 11	672 7 5	2,404 11 5½	429 3 0½	221 6 0	21,589 7 2½	
437 6 6	8 1 4	110 0 0	92 9 9	...	...	647 17 7	1
384 12 6	3 8 6	33 13 9	65 5 5	...	...	487 0 2	2
469 0 0	2 1 3	33 15 0	100 6 4½	...	...	605 2 7½	3
418 8 11	10 18 0	28 4 3	81 10 0	...	...	539 1 2	4
189 4 10	1 7 6	55 0 0	70 8 0	1 1 0	...	317 1 4	5
218 14 3	4 15 4	55 0 0	64 18 4	...	...	343 7 11	6
446 11 10	3 9 6	57 7 3	87 15 6	...	...	595 4 1	7
221 3 1	0 4 0	24 13 6	66 4 4	...	...	312 4 11	8
366 10 5½	3 1 9	42 16 4	111 10 11	10 6 4	...	524 5 9½	9
208 0 7	1 17 6	33 7 0	51 7 4	47 12 10	...	342 5 3	10
125 1 5	0 13 0	17 2 3	37 0 3	...	...	179 16 11	11
159 18 6	1 16 6	25 6 1	55 7 6	11 7 8	...	253 16 3	12
395 5 0	4 14 6	55 0 0	74 2 8	22 6 6	...	551 8 8	13
039 17 10½	46 8 8	571 5 5	948 6 4½	92 14 4	...	5,698 12 8	

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. From Assessment. £ s. d.	From Loans raised on the Security of the Assessment. £ s. d.	From Voluntary Contributions and Church Collections. £ s. d.	From Mortifications and all other sources. £ s. d.	Total Amount Money Receive £ s.
	WIGTOWN.					
1	Glasserton - - *	525 0 0	...	...	0 17 5	525 17
2	Inch - - - *	1,099 19 6	...	...	12 18 1	1,103 17
3	Kirkcolm - - *	807 17 10½	...	...	19 18 6	827 16
4	Kirkinner - -	600 0 0	...	...	7 7 8	607 7
5	Kirkmaiden - - *	865 4 6	...	...	32 5 0	897 9
6	Kirkowan - - *	516 1 8	...	...	11 9 7	527 11
7	Leswalt - - - *	919 10 1½	...	...	9 17 3	929 7
8	Luce, New - - *	209 10 9½	...	...	3 6 0	212 16
9	Luce, Old - - *	781 10 7	...	...	11 0 11	792 11
10	Mochrum - - *	890 0 0	...	...	44 2 0	934 2
11	Penninghame - - *	1,512 0 0	...	...	54 12 3	1,566 12
12	Portpatrick - - *	601 2 5	20 0 0	...	11 6 11	632 9
13	Sorby - - -	674 10 2	...	...	...	674 10
14	Stoneykirk - - *	1,630 5 0	230 0 0	...	16 5 10	1,876 10
15	Stranraer - - *	763 2 0½	306 15 3	...	23 3 0	1,093 0
16	Whithorn - -	858 5 9	...	...	27 12 8	885 18
17	Wigtown - - *	737 12 9	...	...	43 16 10	781 9
	Total -	13,982 13 2	556 15 3	...	329 19 11	14,869 8

SUMMARY OF GENERAL ABSTRAC

No.	County.	From Assessment. £ s. d.	From Loans. £ s. d.	From Voluntary Contributions. £ s. d.	From Mortifications. £ s. d.	Total Amount. £ s.
1	Aberdeen - -	60,788 9 5½	122 4 4	2,293 15 8½	3,133 11 2½	66,338 0
2	Argyll - - -	30,831 3 7½	268 4 7	958 0 8	1,120 12 7½	33,178 1
3	Ayr - - -	47,071 19 6	...	2,305 5 10	3,471 10 3½	52,848 15
4	Banff - - -	16,423 5 1	120 0 0	...	668 7 10½	17,211 12
5	Berwick - -	12,115 15 9½	...	...	730 0 2½	12,845 16
6	Bute - - -	4,442 17 6	100 0 0	...	99 3 6	4,642 1
7	Caithness - -	12,390 4 1½	1,100 0 0	522 4 11	1,497 9 0	15,509 18
8	Clackmannan -	4,856 11 7½	...	...	120 5 0	4,976 16
9	Dumbarton - -	12,848 13 10½	...	138 16 8½	945 15 4	13,933 5
10	Dumfries - -	19,491 13 3½	653 4 4	106 3 10½	746 4 9	20,997 6
11	Edinburgh - -	92,002 19 9½	12 15 6	...	11,531 12 4	103,547 7
12	Elgin - - -	12,312 5 4½	95 7 9	...	408 18 0½	12,816 11
13	Fife - - -	31,324 11 0	392 9 2	2,071 16 1	2,778 14 11½	36,567 11
14	Forfar - - -	47,414 14 1	1,479 9 3	2,421 1 5½	2,177 7 11	53,492 12
15	Haddington - -	12,679 15 10	759 13 8	416 12 6	456 16 7	14,312 18
16	Inverness - -	26,210 5 1½	1,006 10 4	99 17 0	902 11 0	28,219 3
17	Kincardine - -	10,827 16 0	112 10 7	259 9 9	726 10 11	11,926 7
18	Kinross - - -	1,567 6 9	...	44 12 0	264 19 5½	1,876 18
19	Kirkcudbright -	13,710 18 5½	159 14 6	...	440 17 11	14,311 10
20	Lanark - - -	165,172 5 1	9,850 6 10	276 18 0	6,858 4 11	182,157 14
21	Linlithgow - -	9,005 17 11	...	928 11 11	306 13 1	10,241 2
22	Nairn - - -	2,292 15 0	427 10 6	...	116 9 2½	2,836 14
23	Orkney and Shetland	7,601 4 8	292 9 7	700 6 7	794 2 11½	9,388 3
24	Peebles - - -	2,748 18 4	...	151 17 7	206 5 1	3,107 1
25	Perth - - -	35,660 17 9½	355 19 5	2,313 13 8½	1,184 9 6	39,515 0
26	Renfrew - -	40,893 16 5	175 1 2	166 19 10	3,476 3 3	44,712 0
27	Ross - - -	21,943 18 1½	226 13 7½	...	746 10 5	22,917 2
28	Roxburgh - -	12,667 16 7	...	...	703 5 7	13,371 2
29	Selkirk - - -	2,433 15 3½	...	...	82 13 9	2,516 9
30	Stirling - - -	19,781 2 7½	50 0 0	419 9 11½	1,085 2 1½	21,335 14
31	Sutherland - -	6,059 10 1	...	...	131 17 9	6,191 7
32	Wigtown - -	13,982 13 2	556 15 3	...	329 19 11	14,869 8
	Total -	809,555 17 4½	18,317 0 4½	16,595 16 1	48,243 4 5½	892,711 18

EXPENDITURE.

ief of Poor the Roll or egistered. £ s. d.	Relief of Casual Poor. £ s. d.	Medical Relief. £ s. d.	Management. £ s. d.	Law Expenses. £ s. d.	Repayment of Money borrowed on Security of Assessment. £ s. d.	Total Amount of Money Expended. £ s. d.	No.
58 15 11	12 4 9	6 1 2	51 13 5	...	...	528 15 3	1
94 8 9½	56 12 10	31 1 0	121 9 9	...	...	1,103 12 4½	2
98 0 6	51 3 2½	35 6 6	112 15 4	7 12 7	...	804 18 1½	3
25 10 9	62 14 0	22 8 6	51 4 9	...	...	661 18 0	4
23 8 7	31 5 0	65 0 0	76 5 0	...	...	895 18 7	5
74 15 8½	2 3 6	40 0 0	60 19 11½	1 13 7	...	479 12 9	6
73 0 10	46 11 10½	32 1 10	104 5 11	...	...	956 0 5½	7
02 5 8	8 2 6	12 0 0	36 8 8½	...	...	358 16 10½	8
13 5 6½	37 13 0	40 18 6	76 11 4	...	...	868 8 4½	9
44 14 7	33 0 8	62 15 9	88 18 10	...	...	929 9 10	10
37 13 10½	8 12 11	43 4 7	106 10 7	...	...	1,496 1 11½	11
39 7 0	34 16 10	50 0 0	72 3 2½	...	...	696 7 0½	12
87 14 2½	19 16 9	11 0 0	56 15 4	...	...	675 6 3½	13
56 14 6½	8 12 6	93 10 6	110 13 6	0 2 6	...	1,869 13 6½	14
40 3 8	77 18 10½	40 8 0	134 12 8½	8 0 10	155 5 1	1,056 9 2	15
62 11 11½	29 7 1	21 16 8	68 7 6	...	...	982 3 2½	16
24 7 5½	11 2 9½	26 14 4	68 1 10	...	...	730 6 5	17
356 19 7	531 19 1	634 7 4	1,397 17 8	17 9 6	155 5 1	15,093 18 3	

RECEIPT AND EXPENDITURE.

,263 19 0½	1,219 7 3	1,957 12 3½	5,325 19 3½	672 14 11½	230 14 1	62,670 6 11	1
,784 4 0½	505 16 1½	1,538 10 2½	4,093 1 2½	322 5 4	51 2 0	30,294 18 11	2
,763 6 1½	1,516 8 4	1,798 4 10½	5,709 18 10½	473 2 2	41 19 9	50,303 0 1½	3
,606 7 4½	362 12 8	582 15 1	1,161 1 5½	410 17 8	...	18,123 14 3	4
,179 14 10	566 13 8	483 13 5	1,155 5 2	67 0 5	36 12 8	12,489 0 2	5
,783 10 4	163 4 5	153 2 9	387 19 10	9 12 0	80 16 0	4,578 5 4	6
,337 8 0	225 4 9	498 17 6½	1,592 4 7	301 11 2	...	10,955 6 0½	7
,537 2 7	99 18 0	168 14 5	510 17 3	46 19 10	...	5,363 12 1	8
,953 17 2	772 17 10	481 13 6	1,679 15 0½	115 3 3	...	13,003 6 9½	9
,184 5 5	753 7 8	893 6 4½	2,292 8 11	167 10 11	26 13 0½	21,317 12 4	10
,525 3 9½	2,548 16 11½	2,904 7 11	10,896 3 6	500 10 8	105 4 5	86,480 7 3	11
,159 8 4½	239 11 2½	411 3 9	1,351 12 10½	116 9 8	...	12,278 5 10½	12
,830 14 1	653 11 8	1,208 4 3½	3,823 2 2½	249 2 4	779 10 10	35,544 5 5	13
,600 11 0	1,080 19 9½	1,972 2 3	5,397 3 1½	617 13 9	154 12 1	51,823 2 0	14
,811 11 11½	258 10 7	350 18 6	1,640 19 10½	174 11 8	...	12,236 12 7	15
,475 8 0½	501 5 7	1,607 7 7	2,822 1 5	126 11 4	1,310 9 5	26,843 3 4½	16
,978 16 0½	318 19 10	321 0 6	1,259 17 5½	33 11 4	...	10,912 5 2	17
,350 4 4½	10 5 8	48 15 0	119 14 7	12 18 11	...	1,541 18 6½	18
,641 18 5½	414 3 10½	706 19 1	1,290 7 5	51 8 5	82 15 10½	14,187 13 1½	19
4,935 13 8½	7,289 10 1	7,439 6 0½	20,247 0 9	1,028 0 5	10,628 1 11	171,567 12 11	20
,120 14 0	390 7 11	274 19 1	1,286 2 7	386 2 3	30 9 4	9,488 15 2	21
,966 2 0½	23 18 5½	88 6 9	405 1 3½	2 0 9	195 4 3	2,680 13 6½	22
,512 11 4	319 16 9	583 2 4	827 12 2½	174 18 6½	195 4 11	9,613 6 1	23
2,342 11 2	74 6 1	109 7 7½	477 5 9½	...	...	3,003 10 8	24
,610 19 1½	1,132 0 5	1,283 6 7	4,260 18 8½	163 18 5	87 8 9	37,538 12 0	25
2,052 11 3½	1,335 5 6	1,965 0 10½	5,618 6 0	76 19 6	253 2 10	41,301 6 0	26
,963 8 2	364 8 9½	1,435 15 2	3,057 3 6½	226 16 6	383 18 1	22,431 10 3	27
,240 16 8	502 17 7	530 9 6½	1,780 11 7	47 3 8½	...	13,101 19 1	28
,478 2 11½	183 9 6	109 1 7	405 8 7	2 8 11	30 0 0	2,208 11 6½	29
,114 18 4½	747 0 11	672 7 5	2,404 11 5½	429 3 0½	221 6 0	21,589 7 2½	30
4,039 17 10½	46 8 8	571 5 5	948 6 4½	92 14 4	...	5,698 12 8	31
2,356 19 7	531 19 1	634 7 4	1,397 17 8	17 9 6	155 5 1	15,093 18 3	32
9,502 17 4	25,153 5 7½	33,784 5 1	95,626 0 7½	7,117 11 8	15,080 11 4	836,264 11 8	

APPENDIX (B.)—No. 5.

ADDITIONAL EXPENDITURE by Parishes on account of Buildings being Authorized Poorhouses, and Buildings not being Authorized Poorhouses, during the Year ended 14th May 1869, but not included in the preceding General Abstract of Ordinary Expenditure on the Relief and Management of the Poor.

No. in Gen. Abst.	County and Parish.	On Buildings being Authorized Poorhouses.			On Buildings not being Authorized Poorhouses.			Total.		
	ABERDEEN.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1	Aberdeen - - -	3,350	10	11	...			3,350	10	11
4	Alford - - -	...			0	18	3	0	18	3
11	Chapel-of-Garioch - -	...			11	14	1	11	14	1
13	Cluny - - -	...			3	5	2½	3	5	2½
15	Crathie and Braemar -	...			18	10	0	18	10	0
16	Crimond - - -	59	0	0	2	18	10	61	18	10
17	Cruden - - -	60	19	9	...			60	19	9
18	Culsamond - - -	...			0	9	0	0	9	0
20	Deer, New - - -	324	10	0	...			324	10	0
21	Deer, Old - - -	190	0	0	8	0	6½	198	0	6½
26	Ellon - - -	177	0	0	11	4	9	188	4	9
28	Forgue - - -	...			6	19	1	6	19	1
30	Fraserburgh - -	31	10	0	...			31	10	0
31	Fyvie - - -	177	0	0	95	1	6	272	1	6
32	Gartly - - -	...			12	5	1	12	5	1
33	Glass - - -	...			1	0	0	1	0	0
35	Glenmuick - - -	...			43	9	0	43	9	0
37	Insch - - -	...			1	0	9	1	0	9
38	Inverurie - - -	...			32	0	3	32	0	3
44	King-Edward - -	...			9	7	10	9	7	10
46	Kinnethmont - -	...			2	6	7	2	6	7
47	Kintore - - -	...			3	14	2	3	14	2
49	Leslie - - -	...			3	2	3½	3	2	3½
50	Logie-Buchan - -	59	0	0	...			59	0	0
52	Longside - - -	177	0	0	...			177	0	0
53	Lonmay - - -	206	10	0	2	15	4½	209	5	4½
54	Lumphanan - -	...			1	17	8	1	17	8
55	Machar, New - -	...			1	13	0	1	13	0
56	Machar, Old - -	2,393	2	2	...			2,393	2	2
57	Meldrum - - -	...			7	4	4	7	4	4
58	Methlick - - -	177	18	10	...			177	18	10
60	Monquhitter - -	65	0	0	...			65	0	0
63	Oyne - - -	...			4	6	8	4	6	8
65	Peterhead - - -	...			15	19	2	15	19	2
66	Pitsligo - - -	...			1	10	0	1	10	0
67	Premnay - - -	...			5	12	3	5	12	3
70	Rhynie - - -	...			0	15	10	0	15	10
71	Skene - - -	...			10	17	0	10	17	0
72	Slains - - -	...			5	7	11	5	7	11
73	Strathdon - - -	...			7	2	0	7	2	0
76	Tarves - - -	177	0	0	11	14	5	188	14	5
79	Tullynessle - - -	...			11	10	6	11	10	6
81	Tyrie - - -	334	6	11	...			334	6	11
82	Udny - - -	147	10	0	14	13	7	162	3	7
	Total - -	8,107	18	7	370	6	11	8,478	5	6

No. in Gen. Abst.	County and Parish.	On Buildings being Authorized Poorhouses.			On Buildings not being Authorized Poorhouses.			Total.		
	ARGYLL.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1	Ardchattan and Muckairn	35	12	0	...			35	12	0
2	Ardnamurchan	112	9	2	45	10	11	158	0	1
3	Campbeltown	279	16	3	...			279	16	3
7	Dunoon and Kilmun	...			7	4	4	7	4	4
9	Glassary	135	19	8	...			135	19	8
10	Glenorchy and Inishail	19	0	5	...			19	0	5
14	Kilbrandon	72	1	0	...			72	1	0
15	Kilcalmonell and Kilberry	54	7	10	6	19	0	61	6	10
16	Kilchoman	90	6	9	...			90	6	9
17	Kilchrennan and Dalavich	30	8	7	...			30	8	7
18	Kildalton	78	5	9½	...			78	5	9½
20	Kilfinichen	...			197	17	10	197	17	10
21	Killarrow	120	8	11	...			120	8	11
23	Kilmartin	30	11	10½	...			30	11	10½
25	Kilmore and Kilbride	111	5	0	...			111	5	0
26	Kilninian and Kilmore	90	18	6½	14	0	0	104	18	6½
27	Kilninver and Kilmelfort	23	15	1	...			23	15	1
28	Knapdale, North	67	19	10	...			67	19	10
29	Knapdale, South	40	15	10	...			40	15	10
30	Lismore and Appin	17	6	10	7	18	3	25	5	1
31	Lochgoilhead	...			220	17	1	220	17	1
32	Morven	93	2	11	...			93	2	11
37	Torosay	107	9	5	...			107	9	5
38	Tyree	140	15	9	15	5	1½	156	0	10½
	Total	1,752	17	5½	515	12	6½	2,268	10	0
	AYR.									
2	Auchinleck	30	0	0	...			30	0	0
3	Ayr	240	17	9	...			240	17	9
4	Ballantrae	4	0	8	...			4	0	8
6	Beith	581	4	0	...			581	4	0
7	Colmonell	9	0	0	...			9	0	0
8	Coylton	30	2	4	0	12	8	30	15	0
10	Cumnock, New	30	0	0	2	10	0	32	10	0
11	Cumnock, Old	35	0	0	29	9	2	64	9	2
12	Dailly	...			7	10	0	7	10	0
13	Dalmellington	55	9	9	23	8	0	78	17	9
14	Dalry	...			46	14	11	46	14	11
17	Dundonald	...			301	14	10½	301	14	10½
19	Fenwick	...			7	15	2½	7	15	2½
23	Kilbirnie	...			3	11	4½	3	11	4½
24	Kilbride, West	7	12	9	...			7	12	9
25	Kilmarnock	489	19	7	...			489	19	7
27	Kilwinning	...			7	1	0	7	1	0
28	Kirkmichael	27	0	3½	...			27	0	3½
29	Kirkoswald	13	1	3	0	0	4½	13	1	7½
32	Mauchline	20	0	0	...			20	0	0
33	Maybole	70	19	11	...			70	19	11
35	Muirkirk	60	0	0	...			60	0	0
36	Newton-upon-Ayr	60	0	0	...			60	0	0
37	Ochiltree	20	0	0	...			20	0	0
39	St Quivox	140	19	6	2	6	2	143	5	8
40	Sorn	50	0	0	...			50	0	0
42	Stevenston	396	9	1	5	11	6	402	0	7
45	Symington	22	19	9	...			22	19	9
	Total	2,394	16	7½	438	5	3	2,833	1	10½

No. in Gen. Abst.	County and Parish.	On Buildings being Authorized Poorhouses.	On Buildings not being Authorized Poorhouses.	Total.
	BANFF.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
7	Cabrach	...	17 18 8	17 18 8
8	Cullen	...	7 16 6	7 16 6
9	Deskford	...	44 11 6	44 11 6
12	Gamrie and Macduff	...	0 8 0	0 8 0
19	Mortlach	...	4 2 3	4 2 3
21	Rathven	...	12 19 1	12 19 1
23	St Fergus	...	5 1 5½	5 1 5½
	Total	...	92 17 5½	92 17 5½
	BERWICK.			
6	Cockburnspath	57 9 0	...	57 9 0
11	Earlston	...	2 9 0	2 9 0
12	Eccles	...	2 0 0	2 0 0
18	Greenlaw	...	2 10 0	2 10 0
	Total	57 9 0	6 19 0	64 8 0
	CAITHNESS.			
2	Canisbay	198 11 6	2 17 6	201 9 0
3	Dunnet	265 4 3	...	265 4 3
4	Halkirk	357 3 8	...	357 3 8
5	Latheron	1,282 1 0	14 3 6	1,296 4 6
6	Olrick	30 15 2	...	30 15 2
8	Thurso	647 3 8	3 13 9	650 17 5
9	Watten	...	1 19 4½	1 19 4½
10	Wick	1,298 4 5	170 16 11½	1,469 1 4½
	Total	4,079 3 8	193 11 1	4,272 14 9
	CLACKMANNAN.			
1	Alloa	...	175 0 0	175 0 0
5	Tillicoultry	...	2 9 7	2 9 7
	Total	...	177 9 7	177 9 7
	DUMBARTON.			
2	Bonhill	120 8 0	1 10 0½	121 18 0½
3	Cardross	96 6 6	7 10 0	103 16 6
5	Dumbarton	120 8 0	...	120 8 0
6	Kilmaronock	9 12 7	17 2 5	26 15 0
7	Kilpatrick, New	107 8 7	9 14 8½	117 3 3½
8	Kilpatrick, Old	74 2 7	3 3 1	77 5 8
9	Kirkintilloch	144 11 8	21 12 3	166 3 11
10	Luss	17 18 10	...	17 18 10
11	Roseneath	19 5 3	43 4 9	62 10 0
12	Row	71 0 0	18 0 0	89 0 0
	Total	781 2 0	121 17 3	902 19 3
	DUMFRIES.			
4	Canonbie	53 15 0	...	53 15 0
5	Closeburn	...	14 0 0	14 0 0
10	Dumfries	50 19 11	...	50 19 11
14	Ewes	1 11 5	143 18 9	145 10 2
28	Langholm	4 14 4	..	4 14 4

No. in Gen. Abst.	County and Parish.	On Buildings being Authorized Poorhouses.			On Buildings not being Authorized Poorhouses.			Total.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
29	Lochmaben - - -	...			17	3	0	17	3	0
32	Morton - - -	...			1	7	9	1	7	9
39	Torthorwald - -	13	0	0	...			13	0	0
	Total - -	124	0	8	176	9	6	300	10	2
	EDINBURGH.									
14	Duddingston - -	...			19	4	2	19	4	2
15	Edinburgh - - -	26,478	16	5	248	9	8	26,727	6	1
16	Fala - - -	...			9	8	6	9	8	6
19	Inveresk - - -	216	13	5	...			216	13	5
22	Leith, North - -	38	18	2	31	5	2	70	3	4
27	Penicuick - - -	54	0	0	...			54	0	0
29	St Cuthberts - -	9,012	7	2	122	3	2	9,134	10	4
30	Stow - - -	...			0	15	2	0	15	2
31	Temple - - -	...			2	10	0	2	10	0
	Total - -	35,800	15	2	433	15	10	36,234	11	0
	ELGIN.									
1	Abernethy - - -	...			17	13	5	17	13	5
2	Alves - - -	14	12	4	...			14	12	4
3	Bellie - - -	...			31	7	0½	31	7	0½
4	Birnie - - -	...			0	7	9	0	7	9
5	Dallas - - -	18	7	3	...			18	7	3
6	Drainy - - -	21	3	1	...			21	3	1
7	Duffus - - -	53	7	9	...			53	7	9
8	Duthill - - -	...			7	18	6	7	18	6
10	Edinkillie - - -	26	10	6	...			26	10	6
11	Elgin - - -	258	11	7	...			258	11	7
14	Knockando - -	2	8	3	...			2	8	3
15	New Spynie - -	29	4	8	...			29	4	8
16	Rafford - - -	23	5	3	...			23	5	3
17	Rothes - - -	18	7	2½	...			18	7	2½
18	St Andrews-Lhanbride -	14	12	4	...			14	12	4
19	Speymouth - - -	28	12	3	9	0	8	37	12	11
20	Urquhart - - -	35	5	2	7	6	4	42	11	6
	Total - -	544	7	7½	73	13	8½	618	1	4
	FIFE.									
1	Abbotshall - -	0	5	0	...			0	5	0
13	Burntisland - -	50	0	0	...			50	0	0
16	Carnock - - -	...			2	0	0	2	0	0
17	Ceres - - -	...			6	11	9½	6	11	9½
22	Cupar - - -	...			28	6	1	28	6	1
27	Dunfermline - -	117	5	5	27	12	4	144	17	9
28	Dysart - - -	177	10	4	...			177	10	4
38	Kilconquhar - -	...			6	3	1	6	3	1
41	Kinghorn - - -	62	10	0	...			62	10	0
42	Kinglassie - - -	...			12	13	2½	12	13	2½
44	Kirkcaldy - - -	91	3	5	...			91	3	5
46	Leslie - - -	29	18	4	...			29	18	4
49	Markinch - - -	88	15	3	...			88	15	3
55	St Andrews - -	...			32	4	1	32	4	1
59	Scoonie - - -	...			122	9	11	122	9	11
62	Wemyss - - -	88	15	2	0	13	0	89	8	2
	Total - -	706	2	11	238	13	6	944	16	5

No. in Gen. Abst.	County and Parish.	On Buildings being Authorized Poorhouses. £ s. d.	On Buildings not being Authorized Poorhouses. £ s. d.	Total. £ s. d.
	FORFAR.			
4	Arbroath	231 19 10	...	231 19 10
7	Brechin	...	12 16 8	12 16 8
13	Dundee	6,168 0 10	...	6,168 0 10
19	Forfar	284 0 11	...	284 0 11
20	Glammis	...	2 10 0	2 10 0
22	Guthrie	...	4 0 0	4 0 0
23	Inverarity	...	1 10 0	1 10 0
32	Liff and Benvie	1,207 9 3	...	1,207 9 3
38	Mains and Strathmartin	...	1 5 0	1 5 0
50	St Vigeans	309 16 5	3 12 3	313 8 8
	Total	8,201 7 3	25 13 11	8,227 1 2
	HADDINGTON.			
2	Athelstaneford	...	2 6 8½	2 6 8½
3	Bolton	4 5 0	...	4 5 0
4	Dirleton	58 10 2	...	58 10 2
5	Dunbar	169 4 0	...	169 4 0
6	Garvald	...	1 11 7½	1 11 7½
7	Gladsmuir	26 7 0	...	26 7 0
9	Humbie	17 11 4	...	17 11 4
10	Innerwick	10 0 0	...	10 0 0
12	North Berwick	10 0 0	5 7 5½	15 7 5½
13	Oldhamstocks	19 7 1	...	19 7 1
14	Ormiston	17 11 4	...	17 11 4
15	Pencaitland	17 11 4	...	17 11 4
16	Prestonkirk	58 15 0	...	58 15 0
17	Prestonpans	33 19 8	...	33 19 8
18	Salton	17 11 4	...	17 11 4
19	Spott	2 18 2	...	2 18 2
20	Stenton	75 3 3	...	75 3 3
21	Tranent	106 3 2	...	106 3 2
	Total	644 17 10	9 5 9½	654 3 7½
	INVERNESS.			
1	Alvie	...	27 6 0	27 6 0
2	Ardersier	20 3 2	...	20 3 2
3	Barra	...	2 10 0	2 10 0
4	Boleskine and Abertarff	...	23 19 0	23 19 0
5	Bracadale	52 3 6	3 0 0	55 3 6
6	Cromdale	...	112 13 5	112 13 5
7	Croy	23 10 5	...	23 10 5
10	Duirnish	52 3 6	...	52 3 6
11	Glenelg	...	20 5 0	20 5 0
12	Harris	...	12 5 0	12 5 0
13	Inverness	429 5 6	...	429 5 6
14	Kilmallie	...	7 4 4	7 4 4
15	Kilmonivaig	...	16 16 1	16 16 1
16	Kilmorack	...	70 0 11	70 0 11
17	Kilmuir (Skye)	52 3 6	...	52 3 6
18	Kiltarlity	...	96 13 11½	96 13 11½
19	Kingussie	...	2 9 6	2 9 6
20	Kirkhill	...	20 13 8	20 13 8
21	Laggan	...	33 18 1	33 18 1
22	Moy	...	1 0 0	1 0 0
23	Petty	118 8 0	...	118 8 0
24	Portree	52 7 2	5 17 7	58 4 9
25	Sleat	71 2 0	2 11 6	73 13 6
27	Snizort	52 3 4	3 2 2	55 5 6

No. in Gen. Abst.	County and Parish.	On Buildings being Authorized Poorhouses. £ s. d.	On Buildings not being Authorized Poorhouses. £ s. d.	Total. £ s. d.
28	Strath - - -	52 7 2	16 12 7	68 19 9
29	Uist, North - - -	....	4 3 6	4 3 6
31	Urquhart - - -	...	29 10 0½	29 10 0½
	Total - -	975 17 3	512 12 4	1,488 9 7
	KINCARDINE.			
1	Arbuthnot - - -	37 8 10	...	37 8 10
2	Banchory-Devenick -	11 0 0	...	11 0 0
3	Banchory-Ternan - -	27 10 0	...	27 10 0
5	Bervie - - -	22 4 6	...	22 4 6
6	Dunottar - - -	52 16 8	...	52 16 8
7	Durris - - -	66 8 4	...	66 8 4
8	Fettercairn - - -	38 10 0	...	38 10 0
9	Fetteresso - - -	470 19 7	...	470 19 7
10	Fordoun - - -	115 10 0	...	115 10 0
12	Glenbervie - - -	33 0 0	...	33 0 0
13	Kinneff - - -	44 5 0	...	44 5 0
14	Laurencekirk - -	66 0 0	...	66 0 0
15	Maryculter - - -	23 8 1½	...	23 8 1½
16	Marykirk - - -	122 0 0	1 11 7	123 11 7
18	St Cyrus - - -	...	4 5 10	4 5 10
19	Strachan - - -	69 10 9	3 14 6	73 5 3
	Total - -	1,200 11 9½	9 11 11	1,210 3 8½
	KINROSS.			
2	Kinross - - -	...	1 7 9½	1 7 9½
4	Portmoak - - -	...	3 18 11	3 18 11
	Total - -	...	5 6 8½	5 6 8½
	KIRKCUDBRIGHT.			
1	Anwoth - - -	1 5 1	...	1 5 1
3	Balmaghie - - -	1 13 9	1 3 0	2 16 9
7	Colvend - - -	2 5 5	...	2 5 5
9	Dalry - - -	...	2 3 10	2 3 10
11	Kells - - -	1 5 11	...	1 5 11
13	Kirkbean - - -	3 19 4	2 0 0	5 19 4
20	Minnigaff - - -	...	1 5 6	1 5 6
25	Tongland - - -	1 9 3	...	1 9 3
27	Twynholm - - -	1 9 0	...	1 9 0
	Total - -	13 7 9	6 12 4	20 0 1
	LANARK.			
1	Avondale - - -	200 0 0	2 18 5	202 18 5
2	Barony - - -	1,885 5 8	...	1,885 5 8
3	Biggar - - -	34 16 0	...	34 16 0
4	Blantyre - - -	697 1 7	...	697 1 7
5	Bothwell - - -	302 1 5	...	302 1 5
8	Cambusnethan - -	195 2 4	79 7 8	274 10 0
12	Carnwath - - -	14 1 8	...	14 1 8
18	Dalserf - - -	50 11 3	2 0 0	52 11 3
19	Dalziel - - -	54 14 1	...	54 14 1
22	Dunsyre - - -	...	2 0 0	2 0 0
23	Glasgow - - -	11,119 1 10	...	11,119 1 10
24	Glassford - - -	160 17 0	...	160 17 0
26	Govan - - -	19,221 16 11	...	19,221 16 11
27	Hamilton - - -	430 3 4	...	430 3 4

No. in Gen. Abst.	County and Parish.	On Buildings being Authorized Poorhouses.	On Buildings not being Authorized Poorhouses.	Total.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
28	Kilbride, East - -	967 15 1	...	967 15 1
30	Lesmahagow - -	...	9 0 0	9 0 0
33	Monkland, Old - -	610 0 0	...	610 0 0
36	Shotts - - -	130 0 0	0 10 4	130 10 4
37	Stonehouse - - -	218 12 0	0 2 4	218 14 4
41	Wiston and Roberton -	0 13 6	1 5 4½	1 18 10½
	Total - -	36,292 13 8	97 4 1½	36,389 17 9½
	LINLITHGOW.			
3	Borrowstounness - -	87 18 0	...	87 18 0
6	Ecclesmachen - -	...	5 0 0	5 0 0
	Total - -	87 18 0	5 0 0	92 18 0
	NAIRN.			
1	Ardclach - - -	23 10 4½	...	23 10 4½
2	Auldearn - - -	25 17 6	...	25 17 6
3	Cawdor - - -	32 4 10½	...	32 4 10½
4	Nairn - - -	71 13 1	...	71 13 1
	Total - -	153 5 10	...	153 5 10
	ORKNEY & SHETLAND.			
	Orkney.			
2	Cross and Burness - -	...	0 8 0	0 8 0
3	Eday - - -	...	0 2 11	0 2 11
4	Evie and Rendal - -	...	2 7 2½	2 7 2
12	Rousay and Egilshay -	...	2 13 2	2 13 2
13	St Andrews and Deerness -	...	10 9 2	10 9 2
15	Shapinshay - - -	...	1 0 6	1 0 6
	Total - -	...	17 0 11½	17 0 11
	Shetland.			
22	Delting - - -	...	4 2 8	4 2 8
26	Nesting - - -	...	3 3 8	3 3 8
27	Northmavine - -	...	1 6 11	1 6 11
	Total - -	...	8 13 3	8 13 3
	Orkney and Shetland together	...	25 14 2½	25 14 2
	PEEBLES.			
2	Drumelzier - - -	10 1 6	...	10 1
5	Kirkurd - - -	11 1 2	...	11 1
6	Linton, West - -	45 7 2	...	45 7
8	Manor - - -	11 0 5	...	11 0
9	Newlands - - -	36 10 8	...	36 10
11	Skirling - - -	11 4 0	...	11 4
12	Stobo - - -	30 0 11	...	30 0 1
14	Tweedsmuir - -	...	1 0 0	1 0
	Total - -	155 5 10	1 0 0	156 5 1
	PERTH.			
6	Auchterarder - -	143 4 2	...	143 4
10	Blackford - - -	54 6 2	...	54 6
11	Blair-Athol - - -	49 14 0½	1 17 0	51 11
14	Caputh - - -	17 16 5	...	17 16

. in n. st.	County and Parish.	On Buildings being Authorized Poorhouses.	On Buildings not being Authorized Poorhouses.	Total.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
0	Crieff - - -	129 16 0	1 6 3½	131 2 3½
2	Dowally - - -	17 16 5½	...	17 16 5½
4	Dull - - - -	53 9 3½	25 7 3	78 16 6½
5	Dunbarney - - -	...	4 18 11	4 18 11
8	Dunkeld, Little - -	38 12 4½	...	38 12 4½
9	Dunning - - -	45 4 0	...	45 4 0
3	Fortingall - - -	38 12 4½	...	38 12 4½
5	Foulis, Wester - -	...	2 0 0	2 0 0
9	Kenmore - - -	35 12 10½	...	35 12 10½
0	Killin - - -	26 14 8	...	26 14 8
1	Logierait - - -	44 11 2	...	44 11 2
5	Methven - - -	...	17 19 4½	17 19 4½
9	Moulin - - -	32 13 6	...	32 13 6
2	Perth - - -	813 4 8	...	813 4 8
3	Weem - - -	11 17 7½	8 6 4	20 3 11½
	Total - -	1,553 5 9½	61 15 2	1,615 0 11½
	RENFREW.			
1	Abbey - - -	615 0 0	...	615 0 0
4	Neilston - - -	...	6 10 0	6 10 0
5	Paisley - - -	...	33 10 8	33 10 8
	Total - -	615 0 0	40 0 8	655 0 8
	ROSS AND CROMARTY.			
3	Avoch - - -	25 16 8½	...	25 16 8½
4	Barvas - - -	...	6 1 9	6 1 9
5	Contin - - -	...	33 10 11	33 10 11
6	Cromarty - - -	53 5 0	...	53 5 0
0	Fodderty - - -	...	12 4 6	12 4 6
1	Gairloch - - -	...	41 3 0½	41 3 0½
2	Glenshiel - - -	...	7 19 7	7 19 7
3	Killearnan - - -	26 3 10	...	26 3 10
17	Kintail - - -	...	7 6 9	7 6 9
18	Knockbain - - -	46 12 8	...	46 12 8
9	Lochalsh - - -	...	9 17 0	9 17 0
22	Lochs - - -	...	6 3 3	6 3 3
24	Nigg - - -	24 6 0	...	24 6 0
25	Resolis or Kirkmichael -	21 1 6	...	21 1 6
26	Rosemarkie - - -	29 18 3½	...	29 18 3½
29	Tain - - -	1 11 3	...	1 11 3
31	Uig - - - -	...	1 4 0	1 4 0
32	Urquhart - - -	56 11 10	...	56 11 10
33	Urray - - -	...	13 2 6	13 2 6
	Total - -	285 7 1	138 13 3½	424 0 4½
	ROXBURGH.			
2	Ashkirk - - -	7 0 5	...	7 0 5
4	Bowden - - -	...	3 10 3	3 10 3
5	Castleton - - -	16 0 10	...	16 0 10
6	Cavers - - -	12 11 6	2 1 7½	14 13 1½
9	Ednam - - -	...	2 10 0	2 10 0
10	Hawick - - -	114 0 2	...	114 0 2
11	Hopekirk - - -	4 15 0	...	4 15 0
13	Jedburgh - - -	180 0 0	...	180 0 0
14	Kelso - - -	...	23 9 8	23 9 8
15	Kirktown - - -	2 8 6½	...	2 8 6½
16	Lilliesleaf - - -	9 9 11	...	9 9 11

No. in Gen. Abst.	County and Parish.	On Buildings being Authorized Poorhouses.			On Buildings not being Authorized Poorhouses.			Total.	
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.
20	Melrose - - -	151	18	7	4	1	5½	156	0
21	Minto - - -	7	2	3	...			7	2
24	Roberton - - -	4	15	0	...			4	15
28	Southdean - - -	...			2	6	9	2	6
31	Wilton - - -	47	16	6	...			47	16
32	Yetholm - - -	...			6	16	8	6	16
	Total - -	557	18	8½	44	16	5	602	15
	SELKIRK.								
2	Galashiels - - -	69	7	11	...			69	7
3	Kirkhope - - -	4	16	4	...			4	16
4	Selkirk - - -	71	7	6	3	9	7½	74	17
5	Yarrow - - -	22	15	7	...			22	15
	Total - -	168	7	4	3	9	7½	171	16
	STIRLING.								
6	Buchanan - - -	9	12	7	...			9	12
11	Falkirk - - -	91	18	0	12	18	8	104	16
15	Kilsyth - - -	89	16	6	...			89	16
17	Larbert - - -	...			59	6	7	59	6
23	Stirling - - -	116	0	0	...			116	0
	Total - -	307	7	1	72	5	3	379	12
	SUTHERLAND.								
1	Assynt - - -	34	1	7	2	11	0	36	12
2	Clyne - - -	25	15	2	6	2	4	31	17
3	Creich - - -	49	8	1	4	11	6	53	19
4	Dornoch - - -	...			4	4	0	4	4
5	Duirness - - -	30	18	10	4	9	0	35	7
6	Eddrachillis - -	30	19	11	4	11	0	35	10
7	Farr - - -	47	13	6	...			47	13
8	Golspie - - -	41	13	10	...			41	13
9	Kildonan - - -	49	16	0	...			49	16
10	Lairg - - -	25	19	9	1	17	6	27	17
11	Loth - - -	17	19	10	...			17	19
12	Rogart - - -	22	6	2	3	3	0	25	9
13	Tongue - - -	23	16	10	2	10	0	26	6
	Total - -	400	9	6	33	19	4	434	8
	WIGTOWN.								
1	Glasserton - - -	5	5	0	...			5	5
2	Inch - - -	15	7	6	...			15	7
3	Kirkcolm - - -	7	13	9	...			7	13
5	Kirkmaiden - - -	4	7	3	...			4	7
6	Kirkcowan - - -	1	19	0	5	0	0	6	19
7	Leswalt - - -	17	14	6	...			17	14
8	Luce, New - - -	6	12	6	...			6	12
9	Luce, Old - - -	15	3	0	...			15	3
10	Mochrum - - -	16	10	0	3	10	0	20	0
11	Penninghame - -	9	0	0	7	13	4½	16	13
12	Portpatrick - - -	10	13	7	...			10	13
14	Stoneykirk - - -	12	1	11	...			12	1
15	Stranraer - - -	44	5	6	...			44	5
17	Wigtown - - -	10	15	0	3	0	0	13	15
	Total - -	177	8	6	19	3	4½	196	11

SUMMARY OF ADDITIONAL EXPENDITURE ON POORHOUSE BUILDINGS.

No.	COUNTIES.	On Buildings being Authorized Poorhouses.			On Buildings not being Authorized Poorhouses.			Total.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1	Aberdeen - -	8,107	18	7	370	6	11	8,478	5	6
2	Argyll - - -	1,752	17	5½	515	12	6½	2,268	10	0
3	Ayr - - -	2,394	16	7½	438	5	3	2,833	1	10½
4	Banff - - -	...			92	17	5½	92	17	5½
5	Berwick - - -	57	9	0	6	19	0	64	8	0
6	Bute - - -	...			...			...		
7	Caithness - -	4,079	3	8	193	11	1	4,272	14	9
8	Clackmannan - -	...			177	9	7	177	9	7
9	Dumbarton - -	781	2	0	121	17	3	902	19	3
10	Dumfries - - -	124	0	8	176	9	6	300	10	2
11	Edinburgh - -	35,800	15	2	433	15	10	36,234	11	0
12	Elgin - - -	544	7	7½	73	13	8½	618	1	4
13	Fife - - -	706	2	11	238	13	6	944	16	5
14	Forfar - - -	8,201	7	3	25	13	11	8,227	1	2
15	Haddington - -	644	17	10	9	5	9½	654	3	7½
16	Inverness - -	975	17	3	512	12	4	1,488	9	7
17	Kincardine - -	1,200	11	9½	9	11	11	1,210	3	8½
18	Kinross - - -	...			5	6	8½	5	6	8½
19	Kirkcudbright - -	13	7	9	6	12	4	20	0	1
20	Lanark - - -	36,292	13	8	97	4	1½	36,389	17	9½
21	Linlithgow - -	87	18	0	5	0	0	92	18	0
22	Nairn - - -	153	5	10	...			153	5	10
23	Orkney and Shetland -	...			25	14	2½	25	14	2½
24	Peebles - - -	155	5	10	1	0	0	156	5	10
25	Perth - - -	1,553	5	9½	61	15	2	1,615	0	11½
26	Renfrew - - -	615	0	0	40	0	8	655	0	8
27	Ross - - -	285	7	1	138	13	3½	424	0	4½
28	Roxburgh - -	557	18	8½	44	16	5	602	15	1½
29	Selkirk - - -	168	7	4	3	9	7½	171	16	11½
30	Stirling - - -	307	7	1	72	5	3	379	12	4
31	Sutherland - -	400	9	6	33	19	4	434	8	10
32	Wigtown - - -	177	8	6	19	3	4½	196	11	10½
	Total -	106,139	2	11	3,951	16	1	110,090	19	0

APPENDIX

GENERAL ABSTRACT of the Population of each Parish in Scotland in 1861, and

No. of Parish.	County and Parish.	Population in 1861.	Number of Poor on Roll, or Register. 1. Relieved during the Year. Registered Poor. Males.	Females	Total.	De-pend-ants.	2. Died, or ceased to receive Relief. Regis-tered Poor.	De-pend-ants.
	ABERDEEN.							
1	Aberdeen	41,962	465	1,084	1,549	1,033	502	535
2	Aberdour	1,997	21	43	64	53	7	20
3	Aboyne	1,160	10	40	50	26	3	...
4	Alford	1,264	4	17	21	22	3	6
5	Auchindoir	1,593	10	37	47	28	6	7
6	Auchterless	2,010	11	52	63	22	3	3
7	Belhelvie	1,807	18	40	58	54	5	6
8	Birse	1,284	17	30	47	46	1	5
9	Bourtie	547	1	9	10	13	2	5
10	Cairney	1,490	11	54	65	66	7	6
11	Chapel-of-Garioch	2,023	19	48	67	41	10	12
12	Clatt	511	2	12	14	8	2	1
13	Cluny	1,254	10	27	37	41	4	3
14	Coull	792	4	13	17	15	5	1
15	Crathie and Braemar	1,574	11	48	59	20	3	1
16	Crimond	892	7	12	19	10	4	...
17	Cruden	2,743	29	62	91	80	15	21
18	Culsamond	1,165	5	21	26	12	1	...
19	Daviot	614	8	10	18	22	1	...
20	Deer, New	4,385	21	65	86	56	6	4
21	Deer, Old	5,174	59	177	236	161	38	35
22	Drumblade	926	9	10	19	6	1	...
23	Drumoak	996	8	14	22	1	6	1
24	Dyce	585	2	11	13	6	1	...
25	Echt	1,287	6	22	28	32	4	3
26	Ellon	3,913	29	74	103	126	9	17
27	Fintray	1,003	8	28	36	25	5	...
28	Forgue	2,686	31	84	115	98	18	14
29	Foveran	1,891	10	54	64	68	4	1
30	Fraserburgh	4,511	58	128	186	138	48	30
31	Fyvie	4,344	32	114	146	82	10	9
32	Gartly	1,029	10	34	44	38	4	10
33	Glass	1,049	11	15	26	26	4	2
34	Glenbucket	552	1	9	10	4	...	1
35	Glenmuick	1,668	69	23	92	40	7	...
36	Huntly	4,329	52	121	173	100	13	14
37	Insch	1,565	9	35	44	49	10	12
38	Inverurie	2,668	23	46	69	47	13	7
39	Keig	811	9	7	16	6	3	...
40	Keithhall and Kinkell	933	7	15	22	23	1	1
41	Kemnay	382	4	11	15	24	2	2

.)—No. 6.

:he NUMBER OF POOR relieved in each Parish during the year ended 14th May 1869.

asual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the Year.				5.	6. Number of Poor (already enumerated)—who were							No. of Parish.
3. So classed cause of Undetermined ettlements.		4. All other Casual Poor.		Number of Applicants refused Relief.								
n-gis-ered oor.	Dependants.	Other Casual Poor.	Dependants.		Orphans or Deserted Children.	Relieved under order of Sheriff.	Natives of England.	Their Dependants.	Natives of Ireland.	Their Dependants.	Insane or Fatuous.	
34	48	545	607	206	132	37	10	7	28	28	139	1
1	5	13	20	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	3	2
...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3
...	...	1	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	4
...	...	3	3	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	5
...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6
...	...	7	15	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	2	7
...	...	4	7	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	8
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
...	...	15	24	2	5	...	...	...	...	...	2	10
...	...	13	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	11
...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	12
...	...	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	13
...	...	2	2	1	1	1	...		...	...	1	14
...	...	8	9	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	4	15
...	...	3	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	16
2	5	7	5	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	11	17
...	...	3	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	18
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	19
2	2	34	66	3	5	...	...	...	...	...	6	20
...	...	69	71	17	7	...	1	6	...	...	19	21
6	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	22
1	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	3	23
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	24
12	8	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	25
...	...	27	12	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	10	26
...	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	27
2	1	10	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	5	28
...	...	8	5	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	4	29
1	2	14	8	1	11	...	...	...	...	...	14	30
...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	31
...	...	7	6	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	32
...	...	1	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	33
1	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	34
2	1	113	88	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	35
5	...	49	30	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	36
1	1	9	5	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	37
...	...	26	34	1	8	...	2	...	...	...	4	38
1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	39
...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	40
...	...	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41

No. of Parish.	County and Parish.	Population in 1861.	Number of Poor on Roll, or Register. 1. Relieved during the Year. Registered Poor. Males.	Females	Total.	De-pend-ants.	2. Died, or ceased to receive Relief. Regis-tered Poor.	De-pend-ants.
42	Kildrummy	590	6	10	16	17	2	1
43	Kincardine-O'Neil	2,186	25	58	83	71	14	23
44	King-Edward	2,843	32	83	115	98	14	24
45	Kinnellar	691	7	16	23	21	3	4
46	Kinnethmont	1,187	11	35	46	26	4	6
47	Kintore	1,895	23	38	61	66	16	24
48	Leochel-Cushnie	1,173	8	22	30	11	3	3
49	Leslie	577	4	15	19	10	2	3
50	Logie-Buchan	762	3	12	15	7	3	2
51	Logie-Coldstone	932	5	20	25	1	5	...
52	Longside	3,008	30	114	144	100	13	8
53	Lonmay	2,142	14	46	60	31	10	3
54	Lumphanan	1,251	1	21	22	21	6	5
55	Machar, New	1,511	14	35	49	34	9	9
56	Machar, Old	33,236	456	1,006	1,462	846	518	395
57	Meldrum	2,343	16	41	57	34	9	5
58	Methlic	2,157	16	43	59	63	8	5
59	Midmar	1,091	4	26	30	29	4	4
60	Monquhitter	2,580	12	69	81	48	6	6
61	Monymusk	988	8	17	25	27	1	3
62	Newhills	3,463	39	92	131	88	15	10
63	Oyne	1,127	11	28	39	36	7	14
64	Peterculter	1,410	15	20	35	54	7	18
65	Peterhead	9,796	104	300	404	301	65	57
66	Pitsligo	1,890	15	44	59	54	12	14
67	Premnay	916	5	32	37	25	8	5
68	Rathen	2,554	23	54	77	56	6	8
69	Rayne	1,514	3	18	21	30	2	1
70	Rhynie	1,061	17	27	44	44	10	18
71	Skene	1,831	15	33	48	12	4	...
72	Slains	1,266	16	29	45	18	5	...
73	Strathdon	1,459	10	34	44	33	4	15
74	Strichen	2,472	23	88	111	58	7	...
75	Tarland and Migvie	1,246	8	18	26	17	5	...
76	Tarves	2,509	19	56	75	61	15	17
77	Tough	874	4	14	18	7	3	2
78	Towie	839	5	11	16	8	1	1
79	Tullynessle	957	10	19	29	10	2	...
80	Turriff	3,693	38	126	164	109	19	20
81	Tyrie	3,043	30	110	140	56	20	9
82	Udny	1,668	10	33	43	22	5	3
	Total	222,550	2,246	5,669	7,915	5,428	1,663	1,540
	ARGYLL.							
1	Ardchattan and Muckairn	2,110	52	88	140	55	24	15
2	Ardnamurchan	4,700	82	197	279	100	23	5
3	Campbeltown	8,149	130	313	443	329	107	114
4	Coll	784	19	57	76	13	4	1
5	Colonsay and Oronsay	598	9	20	29	2	...	...
6	Craignish	618	13	31	44	12	6	1

Casual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the Year. 3. So classed because of Undetermined Settlements. Unregistered Poor.	3. De-pendants.	4. All other Casual Poor. Other Casual Poor.	4. De-pendants.	5. Number of Applicants refused Relief.	6. Number of Poor (already enumerated)—who were Orphans or Deserted Children.	Relieved under order of Sheriff.	Natives of England.	Their Dependants.	Natives of Ireland.	Their Dependants.	Insane or Fatuous.	No. of Parish.
...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	42
1	4	7	5	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	2	43
8	12	9	16	7	2	...	1	...	...	...	9	44
...	...	3	6	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	45
1	3	6	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	5	46
1	2	14	14	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	7	47
...	...	10	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	48
1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	49
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	50
3	8	1	6	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	51
...	...	14	16	5	8	1	...	...	...	...	7	52
...	...	7	5	1	1	1	...	...	1	2	5	53
...	...	8	8	4	1	2	...	...	...	...	1	54
...	...	2	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	3	55
9	6	485	339	72	109	1	3	3	14	6	96	56
6	18	7	6	5	9	1	...	...	...	...	4	57
...	...	2	...	2	5	...	...	...	...	...	5	58
2	9	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	59
5	4	6	2	4	2	...	...	...	1	5	5	60
...	...	2	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	61
2	4	11	15	1	12	...	...	...	1	...	8	62
...	...	5	13	...	2	...	...	...	1	2	2	63
...	...	2	4	...	1	...	1	2	...	...	1	64
3	2	95	133	25	35	7	4	3	6	4	23	65
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	66
3	6	3	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	67
...	...	15	9	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	6	68
5	...	1	1	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	69
...	...	7	7	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	3	70
1	1	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	71
3	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	72
1	...	3	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	73
1	...	12	13	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	5	74
...	...	8	7	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	3	75
...	...	1	3	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	4	76
...	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	77
1	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	78
...	...	3	5	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	3	79
...	...	27	21	2	10	...	...	...	...	...	6	80
3	5	21	15	2	7	...	...	...	1	...	6	81
7	8	12	4	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	82
140	185	1,836	1,748	388	469	51	24	22	55	49	542	
3	1	18	19	3	4	...	...	...	...	...	10	1
...	...	25	17	8	6	1	...	...	...	...	19	2
3	3	118	176	4	57	1	3	...	53	41	21	3
...	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
...	...	7	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	5
2	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	6

No. of Parish.	County and Parish.	Population in 1861.	Number of Poor on Roll, or Register. 1. Relieved during the Year. Registered Poor. Males.	Females	Total.	Dependants.	2. Died, or ceased to receive Relief. Registered Poor.	Dependants.
7	Dunoon and Kilmun	5,461	26	96	122	71	18	15
8	Gigha	467	9	14	23	7	1	...
9	Glassary	4,473	56	97	153	86	30	13
10	Glenorchy and Inishail	1,307	18	55	73	35	12	9
11	Inverary	2,095	22	62	84	52	8	3
12	Inverchaolain	424	6	12	18	14	3	...
13	Jura	1,052	20	45	65	20	2	1
14	Kilbrandon	1,859	27	43	70	23	10	...
15	Kilcalmonell and Kilberry	2,312	18	43	61	26	12	5
16	Kilchoman	3,436	52	95	147	74	26	23
17	Kilchrennan and Dalavich	615	11	42	53	25	5	2
18	Kildalton	2,956	41	101	142	82	30	28
19	Kilfinan	1,891	21	40	61	24	2	5
20	Kilfinichen	2,518	59	112	171	84	29	11
21	Killarow, etc.	3,969	61	124	185	80	40	13
22	Killean and Kilchenzie	1,890	34	68	102	34	14	...
23	Kilmartin	949	13	27	40	11	3	...
24	Kilmodan	433	1	5	6	5	1	...
25	Kilmore and Kilbride	2,962	40	63	103	39	48	28
26	Kilninian and Kilmore	3,433	59	114	173	41	21	11
27	Kilninver and Kilmelfort	800	14	33	47	9	...	...
28	Knapdale, North	1,327	30	61	91	26	12	12
29	Knapdale, South	2,519	14	38	52	43	14	7
30	Lismore and Appin	3,595	55	111	166	70	19	5
31	Lochgoilhead	702	12	25	37	27	4	2
32	Morven	1,226	19	63	82	19	10	...
33	Saddell and Skipness	1,277	13	46	59	13	9	...
34	Southend	1,214	15	30	45	27	5	5
35	Strachur	563	5	16	21	6	3	1
36	Stralachlan	309	3	2	5	3	...	...
37	Torosay	1,380	34	82	116	9	14	...
38	Tyree	3,214	27	85	112	30	19	7
	Total	79,587	1,140	2,556	3,696	1,626	588	342
	AYR.							
1	Ardrossan	6,776	64	147	211	136	35	26
2	Auchinleck	4,213	27	65	92	102	22	28
3	Ayr	9,308	185	378	563	259	114	46
4	Ballantrae	1,483	12	47	59	29	5	1
5	Barr	910	12	23	35	3	2	1
6	Beith	5,775	72	104	176	152	49	55
7	Colmonell	2,588	25	55	80	49	18	12
8	Coylton	1,604	12	42	54	35	6	8
9	Craigie	730	2	8	10	8	2	...
10	Cumnock, New	2,891	34	54	88	58	11	3
11	Cumnock, Old	3,721	36	76	112	59	15	10
12	Dailly	2,050	32	65	97	59	15	10
13	Dalmellington	4,194	27	60	87	93	28	38
14	Dalry	11,156	89	184	273	360	80	139
15	Dalrymple	1,325	9	26	35	26	5	2

Casual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the Year.				5.	6. Number of Poor (already enumerated)—who were							No. of Parish.
3. So classed because of Undetermined Settlements.		4. All other Casual Poor.		Number of Applicants refused Relief.								
Unregistered Poor.	Dependants.	Other Casual Poor.	Dependants.		Orphans or Deserted Children.	Relieved under order of Sheriff.	Natives of England.	Their Dependants.	Natives of Ireland.	Their Dependants.	Insane or Fatuous.	
3	2	12	19	11	5	...	...	...	7	11	10	7
2	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	1	8
8	2	26	20	6	4	...	1	...	4	4	21	9
2	...	7	6	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	10
...	...	24	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	11
1	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	12
...	...	4	1	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	3	13
1	...	3	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	8	14
7	7	8	15	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	13	15
...	...	28	17	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	6	16
...	...	4	8	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	17
1	...	18	6	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	5	18
1	...	18	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	8	19
33	25	29	14	60	3	...	...	...	...	...	19	20
1	1	44	23	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	13	21
...	...	3	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	8	22
...	...	6	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	23
...	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24
...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	8	25
...	...	52	26	1	11	...	...	...	2	...	10	26
1	...	6	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	9	27
2	...	2	...	2	3	1	...	...	...	...	8	28
2	1	7	10	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	4	29
...	...	60	22	6	5	...	...	...	1	...	15	30
1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	31
8	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	32
...	...	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	7	33
1	...	4	10	...	1	...	...	...	11	8	6	34
1	...	5	4	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	35
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	36
3	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	37
...	...	9	8	8	1	...	...	...	...	...	8	38
87	56	558	452	117	167	3	4	...	79	64	280	
6	16	110	88	8	16	...	2	...	77	75	11	1
3	6	47	102	2	1	...	1	2	56	113	...	2
4	6	574	355	2	55	...	28	9	277	95	20	3
...	...	130	64	30	...	...	5	1	43	18	5	4
2	...	15	6	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	5
5	3	65	96	37	16	...	...	...	53	68	12	6
...	...	129	119	11	...	...	...	...	86	76	5	7
1	...	15	7	2	3	...	...	...	18	10	...	8
4	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	9
2	6	275	190	15	1	...	98	47	68	87	1	10
8	8	55	46	11	16	...	10	2	31	42	8	11
5	5	19	24	2	1	...	...	...	50	16	9	12
5	2	10	8	2	8	...	...	...	22	28	3	13
55	94	105	163	9	35	...	9	9	239	383	8	14
1	4	39	31	1	1	...	...	...	10	10	2	15

No. of Parish.	County and Parish.	Population in 1861.	Number of Poor on Roll, or Register. 1. Relieved during the Year. Registered Poor. Males.	Females	Total.	Dependants.	2. Died, or ceased to receive Relief. Registered Poor.	Dependants.
16	Dreghorn	3,283	26	32	58	73	17	19
17	Dundonald	7,606	61	200	261	150	26	14
18	Dunlop	1,038	4	19	23	30	2	4
19	Fenwick	1,532	12	27	39	27	7	7
20	Galston	5,254	34	84	118	68	6	...
21	Girvan	7,053	101	198	299	201	65	45
22	Irvine	5,695	77	148	225	179	55	51
23	Kilbirnie	5,265	53	92	145	205	36	59
24	Kilbride, West	1,968	29	55	84	56	8	10
25	Kilmarnock	23,556	401	516	917	633	306	165
26	Kilmaurs	3,526	23	100	123	77	11	6
27	Kilwinning	7,717	71	165	236	254	51	80
28	Kirkmichael	2,823	28	50	78	38	15	19
29	Kirkoswald	2,060	19	25	44	36	9	12
30	Largs	3,620	60	22	82	71	11	11
31	Loudoun	4,840	39	74	113	51	8	10
32	Mauchline	2,303	8	38	46	34	4	6
33	Maybole	6,713	85	137	222	252	44	47
34	Monkton	1,937	38	81	119	67	15	10
35	Muirkirk	3,270	44	98	142	133	25	21
36	Newton-upon-Ayr	5,124	53	161	214	123	34	41
37	Ochiltree	1,676	13	29	42	36	7	4
38	Riccarton	5,629	30	93	123	82	28	22
39	St Quivox	7,097	105	253	358	354	62	103
40	Sorn	4,042	42	91	133	117	21	32
41	Stair	743	5	8	13	11	2	...
42	Stevenston	5,452	60	132	192	187	46	68
43	Stewarton	4,449	32	102	134	68	18	23
44	Straiton	1,544	15	34	49	43	4	8
45	Symington	855	5	18	23	11	1	...
46	Tarbolton	2,669	29	50	79	70	5	1
	Total	199,063	2,240	4,466	6,706	5,165	1,356	1,277
	BANFF.							
1	Aberlour	1,665	14	28	42	23	2	...
2	Alvah	1,467	17	34	51	39	4	1
3	Banff	4,673	51	124	175	107	34	12
4	Boharm	1,412	40	37	77	102	3	...
5	Botriphnie	867	5	6	11	10	1	1
6	Boyndie	1,711	15	41	56	41	4	11
7	Cabrach	794	8	20	28	21	4	4
8	Cullen	1,975	9	30	39	21	2	4
9	Deskford	1,031	5	19	24	21	2	9
10	Fordyce and Portsoy	4,145	40	131	171	101	17	8
11	Forglen	783	4	20	24	17	...	3
12	Gamrie and M'Duff	6,086	44	152	196	117	17	8
13	Grange	1,909	21	52	73	30	5	...
14	Inveravon	2,639	40	110	150	99	17	15
15	Inverkeithny	880	5	13	18	19	2	3

Casual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the Year.				5.	6. Number of Poor (already enumerated)—who were							
3. So classed ecause of Undetermined Settlements.		4. All other Casual Poor.		Number of Applicants refused Relief.								No. of Parish.
Un-egis-ered 'oor.	Dependants.	Other Casual Poor.	Dependants.		Orphans or Deserted Children.	Relieved under order of Sheriff.	Natives of England.	Their Dependants.	Natives of Ireland.	Their Dependants.	Insane or Fatuous.	
4	10	38	56	4	5	...	1	3	13	13	...	16
17	17	189	123	24	30	...	11	7	80	22	20	17
...	...	26	26	...	3	...	2	2	5	8	1	18
...	...	160	94	73	3	...	18	8	38	33	...	19
...	...	37	36	...	15	...	1	4	...	...	11	20
27	22	315	267	14	13	...	16	7	115	65	9	21
6	15	83	140	12	21	...	1	...	64	88	19	22
10	17	58	139	7	20	...	...	...	123	155	5	23
2	2	79	95	...	9	...	4	5	42	77	2	24
9	10	59	78	40	49	...	3	3	154	71	51	25
12	27	9	11	2	16	1	2	14	10	3	5	26
16	11	105	223	4	20	...	6	8	86	153	9	27
...	...	24	19	...	14	...	...	...	22	17	10	28
1	...	2	4	4	4	...	...	...	8	17	2	29
13	14	130	107	43	3	...	5	5	50	59	9	30
...	...	123	68	79	4	1	8	20	62	33	18	31
...	...	49	28	4	3	...	...	...	2	...	3	32
2	...	200	154	14	34	...	12	7	121	69	8	33
...	...	21	27	2	8	...	...	...	28	14	5	34
9	10	31	62	43	16	...	1	...	12	34	6	35
1	1	104	195	13	13	...	2	4	96	152	6	36
7	...	12	18	...	2	...	1	...	8	7	3	37
5	7	21	18	6	10	...	1	2	22	24	8	38
4	5	319	409	18	27	2	5	...	219	264	14	39
3	5	20	47	4	11	...	...	...	21	45	14	40
2	...	11	9	...	...	...	...	...	7	5	...	41
27	43	96	159	14	23	1	6	6	83	156	10	42
...	...	103	117	2	9	...	3	4	45	49	8	43
...	...	44	50	5	5	...	3	7	36	26	2	44
...	...	51	28	...	1	...	1	...	13	9	...	45
...	...	113	63	4	5	1	2	...	69	22	5	46
278	366	4,225	4,169	567	550	6	268	186	2,684	2,711	349	
2	...	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1
...	...	4	4	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	2	2
9	6	24	10	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	3
1	...	6	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	3	4
...	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	5
1	1	7	2	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	6	6
1	1	7	1	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	4	7
1	3	2	1	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	5	8
...	...	5	10	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	4	9
2	...	23	9	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	15	10
...	...	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	11
16	25	45	54	8	5	3	...	...	...	...	11	12
...	...	7	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	13
...	...	7	8	1	4	...	...	...	3	3	10	14
...	...	3	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	15

No. of Parish.	County and Parish.	Population in 1861.	Number of Poor on Roll, or Register. 1. Relieved during the Year. Registered Poor. Males.	Females	Total.	De-pend-ants.	2. Died, or ceased to receive Relief. Regis-tered Poor.	De-pend-ants.
16	Keith	5,943	48	142	190	154	23	17
17	Kirkmichael	1,511	30	47	77	39	11	7
18	Marnoch	3,289	43	123	166	100	13	11
19	Mortlach	3,095	32	87	119	58	8	2
20	Ordiquhill	764	9	19	28	24	2	3
21	Rathven	8,240	75	191	266	223	45	53
22	Rothiemay	1,414	14	42	56	51	9	10
23	St Fergus	1,608	14	37	51	34	3	3
	Total	57,901	583	1,505	2,088	1,451	228	185
	BERWICK.							
1	Abbey St Bathans	179	...	3	3	...	...	...
2	Ayton	2,014	20	53	73	72	3	3
3	Bunkle and Preston	756	3	7	10	7	1	...
4	Channelkirk	671	5	18	23	15	6	3
5	Chirnside	1,502	14	34	48	21	3	...
6	Cockburnspath	1,194	7	19	26	18	4	1
7	Coldingham	3,241	38	86	124	47	12	4
8	Coldstream	2,823	32	109	141	74	8	...
9	Cranshaws	134	1	2	3	13	...	...
10	Dunse	3,595	45	106	151	55	7	1
11	Earlstoun	1,825	10	37	47	17	6	4
12	Eccles	1,861	29	42	71	33	4	5
13	Edrom	1,592	12	37	49	34	2	...
14	Eyemouth	1,804	10	35	45	33	5	5
15	Fogo	559	6	7	13	13	...	1
16	Foulden	431	1	7	8	1	2	1
17	Gordon	931	12	25	37	16	2	...
18	Greenlaw	1,370	13	49	62	30	7	...
19	Hume	420	5	8	13	7	3	5
20	Hutton	1,067	21	29	50	31	4	7
21	Ladykirk	564	12	11	23	5	2	...
22	Langton	502	5	6	11	2	2	1
23	Lauder	2,198	13	49	62	23	4	2
24	Legerwood	599	3	9	12	7	2	4
25	Longformacus	448	2	6	8	9	...	...
26	Mertoun	729	1	5	6	2	1	...
27	Mordington	377	4	7	11	3	...	...
28	Nenthorn	461	5	6	11	5	...	1
29	Polwarth	251	3	6	9	9	...	...
30	Swinton	964	18	30	48	22	8	6
31	Westruther	786	7	16	23	5	2	...
32	Whitsome	640	9	14	23	9	2	1
	Total	36,488	366	878	1,244	638	102	55

Casual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the Year.				5.	6. Number of Poor (already enumerated)—who were							No. of Parish.
3. So classed because of Undetermined Settlements.		4. All other Casual Poor.		Number of Applicants refused Relief.								
Unregistered Poor.	Dependants.	Other Casual Poor.	Dependants.		Orphans or Deserted Children.	Relieved under order of Sheriff.	Natives of England.	Their Dependants.	Natives of Ireland.	Their Dependants.	Insane or Fatuous.	
17	19	28	18	...	9	...	1	...	1	2	7	16
...	...	18	11	4	2	1	...	...	3	1	4	17
2	5	21	17	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	10	18
7	15	17	19	...	8	...	...	...	2	2	7	19
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	20
2	4	29	31	13	14	1	2	...	2	4	17	21
1	2	9	15	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	3	22
...	...	17	24	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	23
62	81	286	249	41	71	5	4	...	13	12	138	
1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
...	...	38	28	...	5	...	6	...	16	2	...	2
3	10	2	2	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
2	7	41	52	...	...	...	9	7	11	13	1	4
2	3	54	71	12	1	...	6	5	15	25	2	5
...	...	26	37	26	2	...	1	2	3	4	3	6
4	3	114	125	28	9	1	12	8	14	20	6	7
2	4	160	101	133	1	...	68	24	70	31	7	8
...	...	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
10	4	8	5	46	9	...	1	...	3	2	7	10
2	...	16	8	3	3	...	1	...	...	...	4	11
2	3	8	1	...	8	...	7	2	2	3	2	12
3	2	11	9	1	5	...	2	...	1	...	2	13
...	...	5	3	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	14
2	...	2	6	1	1	...	1	...	1	2	...	15
...	...	7	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	16
1	...	32	25	...	2	...	10	7	2	3	2	17
2	2	95	45	10	...	...	20	7	23	12	6	18
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19
1	1	2	1	2	2	...	10	5	...	...	2	20
1	...	1	...	2	...	...	4	...	2	4	1	21
11	6	1	...	...	3	...	2	...	2	...	6	22
7	4	23	38	8	7	...	3	...	6	9	10	23
...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24
1	2	9	5	...	...	...	4	...	1	1	...	25
...	...	21	15	5	...	...	5	2	3	3	1	26
...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27
2	2	6	10	...	1	...	...	...	7	12	1	28
1	1	2	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	29
3	1	5	2	2	7	...	...	...	1	...	4	30
...	...	3	4	...	5	...	1	...	1	...	...	31
...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	3	32
63	55	705	604	282	73	2	175	73	184	146	72	

No. of Parish.	County and Parish.	Population in 1861.	Number of Poor on Roll, or Register. 1. Relieved during the Year. Registered Poor. Males.	Females	Total.	Dependants.	2. Died, or ceased to receive Relief. Registered Poor.	Dependants.
	BUTE.							
1	Cumbraes	1,256	5	7	12	4	1	...
2	Kilbride (Arran)	2,441	26	68	94	31	4	1
3	Kilmory	3,151	42	93	135	53	17	6
4	Kingarth	905	2	15	17	7	...	...
5	North Bute	1,140	6	31	37	11	3	...
6	Rothesay	7,438	67	228	295	143	57	24
	Total	16,331	148	442	590	249	82	31
	CAITHNESS.							
1	Bower	1,746	7	38	45	28	...	2
2	Canisbay	2,730	10	85	95	17	15	6
3	Dunnet	1,861	22	58	80	33	5	3
4	Halkirk	2,864	21	73	94	20	5	...
5	Latheron	8,571	86	240	326	162	58	20
6	Olrick	2,059	21	47	68	37	8	8
7	Reay	2,476	21	72	93	60	15	7
8	Thurso	5,561	51	159	210	117	21	19
9	Watten	1,491	5	21	26	4	3	...
10	Wick	12,841	161	424	585	425	139	166
	Total	42,200	405	1,217	1,622	903	269	231
	CLACKMANNAN.							
1	Alloa	8,867	65	220	285	184	19	24
2	Clackmannan	4,425	48	121	169	94	30	41
3	Dollar	1,776	14	28	42	17	2	...
4	Logie	3,483	12	43	55	23	6	4
5	Tillicoultry	5,054	20	43	63	36	15	14
	Total	23,605	159	455	614	354	72	83
	DUMBARTON.							
1	Arrochar	629	2	11	13	3	...	...
2	Bonhill	8,866	48	124	172	118	25	13
3	Cardross	6,325	60	127	187	125	53	51
4	Cumbernauld	3,513	40	97	137	102	15	26
5	Dumbarton	6,304	39	117	156	138	23	25
6	Kilmaronock	1,085	5	13	18	8	...	...
7	Kilpatrick, New	4,910	65	110	175	203	49	21
8	Kilpatrick, Old	5,577	57	168	225	102	39	12
9	Kirkintilloch	8,179	96	181	277	285	69	68
10	Luss	831	14	18	32	21	3	3
11	Roseneath	1,626	6	10	16	3	3	...
12	Row	6,334	36	75	111	63	11	13
	Total	54,179	468	1,051	1,519	1,171	290	232

Casual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the Year.				5.	6. Number of Poor (already enumerated)—who were							
3. So classed because of Undetermined Settlements.		4. All other Casual Poor.		Number of Applicants refused Relief.								No. of Parish.
Unregistered Poor.	Dependants.	Other Casual Poor.	Dependants.		Orphans or Deserted Children.	Relieved under order of Sheriff.	Natives of England.	Their Dependants.	Natives of Ireland.	Their Dependants.	Insane or Fatuous.	
1	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
8	4	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	9	2
...	...	13	8	3	...	...	...	...	2	4	7	3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4
...	...	2	...	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	5	5
39	21	37	19	18	26	1	1	...	60	47	17	6
48	25	52	27	23	36	1	1	...	62	51	40	
1	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
1	...	8	5	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	2
...	...	20	24	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	3
...	...	4	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	7	4
2	1	40	36	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	5
3	5	6	7	9	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	6
...	...	6	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	7
12	14	34	48	4	19	...	...	...	...	...	7	8
5	1	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	3	9
68	98	78	88	44	54	5	1	1	...	...	35	10
92	119	200	213	79	82	5	2	1	...	...	102	
4	7	77	59	12	5	3	4	4	24	26	18	1
15	23	15	17	3	9	...	...	...	6	4	7	2
.	...	36	18	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	2	3
2	...	68	43	...	5	...	6	...	11	13	7	4
2	7	28	13	1	7	...	...	...	...	...	8	5
23	37	224	150	16	31	3	10	4	41	43	42	
...	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
19	24	80	87	...	16	...	3	...	44	43	16	2
...	...	96	79	6	22	...	2	4	71	77	12	3
1	...	54	32	2	10	...	...	...	19	20	11	4
26	45	54	65	4	25	...	3	1	76	111	5	5
...	...	142	58	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
4	11	65	85	2	10	...	2	10	75	74	6	7
5	8	124	106	...	17	...	1	...	180	140	12	8
29	50	179	239	69	26	...	3	1	73	105	18	9
2	...	2	...	...	7	...	...	...	2	...	...	10
2	...	7	5	...	...	...	...	...	3	5	5	11
4	9	133	49	4	6	...	10	5	68	12	10	12
92	147	939	807	87	140	...	24	21	611	587	95	

No. of Parish.	County and Parish.	Population in 1861.	Number of Poor on Roll, or Register. 1. Relieved during the Year. Registered Poor. Males.	Females	Total.	Dependants.	2. Died, or ceased to receive Relief. Registered Poor.	Dependants.
	DUMFRIES.							
1	Annan	5,761	54	149	203	127	27	23
2	Applegarth	935	3	9	12	4	...	1
3	Caerlaverock	1,248	8	38	46	25	5	1
4	Canonbie	3,219	28	70	98	27	9	...
5	Closeburn	1,651	16	50	66	28	3	...
6	Cummertrees	1,230	15	26	41	35	1	2
7	Dalton	679	5	17	22	14	3	8
8	Dornock	856	18	17	35	10	3	...
9	Dryfesdale	2,509	19	46	65	42	5	1
10	Dumfries	13,523	120	316	436	366	127	169
11	Dunscore	1,554	17	36	53	36	3	6
12	Durrisdeer	1,320	12	29	41	16	3	2
13	Eskdalemuir	590	5	18	23	10	...	...
14	Ewes	356	...	5	5	3	...	...
15	Glencairn	1,867	26	68	94	47	2	...
16	Graitny	1,620	19	34	53	21	4	...
17	Half-Morton	713	6	6	12	6	1	...
18	Hoddam	1,653	18	39	57	37	5	5
19	Holywood	1,115	16	25	41	39	3	5
20	Hutton	876	4	18	22	19	1	1
21	Johnstone	1,149	7	16	23	15	3	2
22	Keir	849	10	26	36	40	5	10
23	Kirkconnell	996	9	29	38	25	5	5
24	Kirkmahoe	1,462	14	33	47	32	11	4
25	Kirkmichael	1,026	15	23	38	16	8	...
26	Kirkpatrick-Fleming	1,925	20	46	66	37	9	2
27	Kirkpatrick-Juxta	1,025	4	13	17	10	...	...
28	Langholm	2,979	17	46	63	33	8	7
29	Lochmaben	3,087	27	66	93	44	6	5
30	Middlebie	2,004	14	40	54	31	5	3
31	Moffat	2,232	19	44	63	21	3	3
32	Morton	2,253	25	43	68	48	12	19
33	Mousewald	633	15	30	45	36	3	6
34	Penpont	1,326	9	24	33	14	3	4
35	Ruthwell	1,046	11	26	37	23	7	5
36	St Mungo	686	4	16	20	16	1	...
37	Sanquhar	3,569	18	56	74	40	11	12
38	Tinwald	1,079	15	20	35	18	6	...
39	Torthorwald	1,254	13	29	42	12	3	...
40	Tundergarth	507	3	11	14	19	...	4
41	Tynron	446	5	13	18	14	2	1
42	Wamphray	559	2	8	10	7	1	2
43	Westerkirk	537	6	14	20	...	1	...
	Total	75,904	691	1,688	2,379	1,463	318	318
	EDINBURGH.							
1	Borthwick	1,742	15	42	57	41	7	1
2	Calder, Mid	1,389	17	30	47	38	2	3
3	Calder, West	1,927	18	39	57	45	9	9

asual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the Year. 3. So classed cause of Undetermined Settlements. Un-gis-ered oor.	3. De-pend-ants.	4. All other Casual Poor. Other Casual Poor.	4. De-pend-ants.	5. Number of Applicants refused Relief.	6. Number of Poor (already enumerated)—who were Orphans or Deserted Children.	Relieved under order of Sheriff.	Natives of England.	Their Dependants.	Natives of Ireland.	Their Dependants.	Insane or Fatuous.	No. of Parish.
16	23	39	50	1	3	1	4	6	6	8	25	1
...	...	14	17	...	...	...	...	...	7	14	...	2
2	2	31	6	...	1	...	2	...	9	...	...	3
12	25	10	5	...	...	...	...	...	2	4	6	4
4	1	22	27	...	10	...	1	5	4	9	6	5
1	1	7	2	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	6
1	...	4	10	11	4	...	4	...	...	...	1	7
1	2	8	5	6	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	8
...	...	157	206	...	5	...	23	32	32	43	6	9
38	46	190	235	5	53	...	10	14	78	81	44	10
...	...	41	70	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	7	11
...	...	35	42	...	3	...	...	...	9	10	4	12
...	...	7	7	...	...	...	1	...	4	7	1	13
1	1	4	9	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	14
...	...	46	14	12	...	...	5	...	6	1	5	15
1	...	13	5	...	6	...	1	...	3	2	2	16
...	...	8	1	...	...	...	...	...	7	1	2	17
1	...	135	82	3	5	...	20	9	26	14	3	18
...	...	16	6	1	3	1	...	...	...	...	1	19
...	...	12	7	...	3	...	2	1	5	4	1	20
...	...	15	24	...	...	...	...	...	5	6	4	21
1	...	16	18	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	3	22
6	3	144	90	4	4	...	32	11	15	5	2	23
...	...	9	2	1	11	...	...	...	1	...	4	24
...	...	56	43	...	2	...	3	...	25	...	5	25
3	7	39	30	1	4	...	3	8	7	11	2	26
...	...	45	24	...	...	...	5	...	30	18	2	27
1	4	129	142	62	...	...	26	30	32	36	5	28
6	5	119	156	7	5	...	27	22	36	40	7	29
...	...	17	17	...	...	...	1	...	5	11	2	30
1	...	25	16	...	1	...	4	4	3	3	8	31
...	...	125	98	26	4	...	27	9	34	18	10	32
7	7	12	16	1	4	...	4	...	2	6	...	33
...	...	14	11	2	...	1	...	...	4	5	...	34
...	...	32	13	...	5	...	11	5	16	9	2	35
...	...	9	7	...	...	...	1	2	6	8	1	36
...	...	34	51	78	3	...	6	6	11	19	7	37
...	...	39	20	...	6	...	...	...	9	2	5	38
2	...	8	16	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	39
...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	40
2	1	30	18	5	...	...	2	...	9	...	1	41
...	...	28	53	...	...	...	1	5	4	10	1	42
...	...	25	9	...	...	...	1	...	13	7	3	43
107	128	1,771	1,681	230	156	3	228	171	468	412	194	
6	5	46	52	1	3	...	1	...	4	8	7	1
7	15	55	73	...	13	...	5	6	47	35	3	2
19	39	123	44	3	6	...	4	12	52	55	11	3

No. of Parish.	County and Parish.	Population in 1861.	Number of Poor on Roll, or Register.					
			1. Relieved during the Year.				2. Died, or ceased to receive Relief.	
			Registered Poor.			Dependants.		
			Males.	Females	Total.		Registered Poor.	Dependants.
4	Canongate	11,653	128	242	370	257	165	114
5	Carrington	681	4	9	13	11	2	3
6	Cockpen	2,902	20	51	71	47	8	...
7	Colinton	2,656	22	54	76	19	7	...
8	Corstorphine	1,579	11	44	55	32	6	7
9	Cramond	2,748	31	58	89	47	8	6
10	Cranston	1,035	7	21	28	24	7	8
11	Crichton	1,304	7	19	26	22	3	2
12	Currie	2,248	13	43	56	14	2	...
13	Dalkeith	7,114	89	158	247	161	60	25
14	Duddingstone	5,159	44	110	154	83	45	38
15	Edinburgh	66,429	793	1,770	2,563	2,421	588	614
16	Fala, &c.	382	4	9	13	4	1	...
17	Glencross	1,217	1	17	18	14	1	2
18	Heriot	407	...	4	4	4	...	...
19	Inveresk	9,525	89	219	308	224	55	18
20	Kirknewton	1,539	16	30	46	35	5	2
21	Lasswade	5,688	34	87	121	88	20	35
22	Leith, North	10,903	102	174	276	196	94	53
23	Leith, South	26,170	342	724	1,066	872	299	437
24	Liberton	3,507	53	87	140	81	26	24
25	Newbattle	2,837	12	61	73	53	17	16
26	Newton	1,553	20	56	76	70	17	20
27	Penicuick	3,249	21	56	77	66	10	9
28	Ratho	1,659	22	28	50	24	11	6
29	St Cuthberts	91,325	903	1,906	2,809	1,778	854	684
30	Stow	2,171	5	28	33	30	5	9
31	Temple	1,385	9	31	40	35	4	3
	Total	274,083	2,852	6,207	9,059	6,836	2,338	2,148
	ELGIN or MORAY.							
1	Abernethy	1,928	21	94	115	17	10	3
2	Alves	1,010	6	29	35	15	6	2
3	Bellie	2,292	18	86	104	29	20	6
4	Birnie	411	5	9	14	4	1	...
5	Dallas	1,102	15	30	45	34	5	6
6	Drainy	3,028	17	49	66	32	14	10
7	Duffus	3,308	21	86	107	48	13	8
8	Duthill	1,928	25	84	109	45	18	13
9	Dyke and Moy	1,247	8	57	65	21	10	3
10	Edinkillie	1,303	19	48	67	37	11	12
11	Elgin	8,726	72	164	236	72	50	23
12	Forres	4,112	42	116	158	55	19	17
13	Kinloss	1,315	16	34	50	22	5	...
14	Knockando	1,736	16	62	78	36	7	14
15	New Spynie	1,600	17	45	62	72	8	17
16	Rafford	1,055	9	28	37	14	2	1
17	Rothes	2,407	23	56	79	43	9	9

Casual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the Year.				5.	6.							No. of Parish.
3. So classed ecause of Undetermined Settlements.		4. All other Casual Poor.		Number of Applicants refused Relief.	Number of Poor (already enumerated)—who were							
Unegistered Poor.	Dependants.	Other Casual Poor.	Dependants.		Orphans or Deserted Children.	Relieved under order of Sheriff.	Natives of England.	Their Dependants.	Natives of Ireland.	Their Dependants.	Insane or Fatuous.	
89	41	...	...	155	8	18	30	18	136	293	22	4
...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
6	9	4	11	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	10	6
5	...	11	...	1	16	...	...	...	1	...	8	7
10	6	15	10	...	7	...	8	4	25	16	3	8
5	...	6	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	6	9
...	...	2	...	...	3	...	...	...	1	1	2	10
...	...	8	21	10	...	...	...	...	4	10	3	11
2	...	14	5	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	12
8	9	1,175	410	2	29	...	158	43	188	79	14	13
14	15	715	169	3	19	...	...	...	...	...	9	14
126	64	3,542	2,024	479	183	54	156	107	1,615	2,131	318	15
2	...	30	50	...	...	...	9	12	14	20	...	16
1	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	17
...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	18
8	4	418	246	15	32	...	8	2	26	20	31	19
1	...	26	13	5	1	...	...	...	6	5	7	20
10	41	12	7	...	2	...	3	17	9	20	9	21
38	39	4	3	19	...	3	10	6	16	28	26	22
58	55	386	472	41	101	6	16	11	145	216	72	23
4	5	23	19	1	6	...	2	1	1	...	17	24
1	...	22	38	...	6	...	1	6	...	...	7	25
5	6	6	12	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	6	26
11	6	14	9	12	8	...	3	4	9	5	11	27
9	4	19	3	...	8	...	...	...	11	11	5	28
331	347	1,780	1,184	48	170	4	74	68	230	207	286	29
3	...	55	54	13	1	...	9	3	13	16	4	30
2	3	4	9	2	3	...	1	...	6	5	2	31
781	714	8,518	4,946	810	635	85	498	320	2,562	3,185	901	
3	3	17	12	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	1
...	...	4	7	...	...	...	1	1	1	1	1	2
...	...	14	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	3
...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
...	...	18	9	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	2	5
1	...	21	24	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	6
...	...	17	18	6	3	...	...	...	...	...	4	7
4	13	17	5	3	7	...	...	...	1	1	7	8
...	...	8	5	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	4	9
...	...	8	8	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	2	10
23	11	42	33	14	22	2	1	2	3	5	33	11
16	15	33	16	5	8	...	...	...	2	...	15	12
1	1	4	2	2	3	2	...	...	...	...	3	13
1	...	4	1	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	14
2	5	8	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	15
...	...	9	12	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	16
1	5	22	13	4	11	...	...	...	1	...	5	17

No. of Parish.	County and Parish.	Population in 1861.	Number of Poor on Roll, or Register. 1. Relieved during the Year. Registered Poor. Males.	Females	Total.	Depend-ants.	2. Died, or ceased to receive Relief. Regis-tered Poor.	Depend-ants.
18	St Andrews-Lhanbride	1,402	12	24	36	24	3	...
19	Speymouth	689	4	20	24	13	...	...
20	Urquhart	2,532	22	63	85	48	13	9
	Total	43,131	388	1,184	1,572	681	224	153
	FIFE.							
1	Abbotshall	5,193	46	86	132	92	50	26
2	Abdie	1,381	7	20	27	33	5	10
3	Aberdour	1,874	15	27	42	40	8	9
4	Anstruther-Easter	1,155	2	18	20	5	1	1
5	Anstruther-Wester	438	1	4	5	6	1	...
6	Arngask	705	2	11	13	10	1	3
7	Auchterderran	3,457	26	26	52	49	18	23
8	Auchtermuchty	3,285	28	48	76	19	9	...
9	Auchtertool	609	4	13	17	14	4	2
10	Ballingry	736	7	11	18	15	1	5
11	Balmerino	815	8	12	20	9	1	3
12	Beath	2,390	13	39	52	50	6	2
13	Burntisland	3,670	45	24	69	42	8	3
14	Cameron	1,362	6	22	28	25	3	2
15	Carnbee	1,157	8	18	26	22	5	3
16	Carnock	2,925	22	52	74	36	9	...
17	Ceres	2,723	14	41	55	22	11	2
18	Collessie	1,530	6	22	28	14	4	3
19	Crail	1,931	11	23	34	26	3	...
20	Creich	377	4	7	11	11	2	1
21	Cults	800	15	16	31	15	4	...
22	Cupar	6,750	40	113	153	57	30	11
23	Dairsie	638	4	14	18	7	3	1
24	Dalgety	1,569	14	26	40	57	7	28
25	Denino	370	2	1	3	2	1	1
26	Dunbog	207	1	4	5	3	...	...
27	Dunfermline	21,187	409	595	1,004	539	323	132
28	Dysart	8,842	81	185	266	166	66	51
29	Elie	826	8	18	26	4	2	...
30	Falkland	2,937	18	44	62	17	8	3
31	Ferry-Port-on-Craig	2,013	11	35	46	12	8	...
32	Flisk	313	3	6	9	4	3	1
33	Forgan	1,326	13	10	23	6	4	...
34	Inverkeithing	3,124	34	72	106	77	15	13
35	Kemback	896	5	20	25	20	3	...
36	Kennoway	2,012	20	41	61	37	15	...
37	Kettle	2,474	14	50	64	45	10	10
38	Kilconquhar	2,431	15	49	64	32	12	3
39	Kilmany	656	3	11	14	...	2	...
40	Kilrenny	2,534	16	33	49	22	2	2
41	Kinghorn	2,981	35	87	122	51	32	12
42	Kinglassie	1,266	13	23	36	26	8	19
43	Kingsbarns	937	8	21	29	12	6	4

Casual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the Year. 3. So classed ecause of Un-determined Settlements.		4. All other Casual Poor.		5.	6. Number of Poor (already enumerated)—who were							No. of Parish.
Un-egis-ered Poor.	De-pend-ants.	Other Casual Poor.	De-pend-ants.	Number of Appli-cants refused Relief.	Or-phans or De-serted Chil-dren.	Relieved under order of Sheriff.	Natives of Eng-land.	Their De-pend-ants.	Natives of Ire-land.	Their De-pend-ants.	Insane or Fatu-ous.	
...	...	5	6	...	1	...	1	4	...	...	4	18
...	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	19
1	5	16	12	1	5	...	2	3	...	...	8	20
53	58	272	211	45	73	4	6	10	8	7	109	
18	16	84	58	30	2	1	6	9	11	3	9	1
...	...	9	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2
...	...	21	34	...	3	...	...	...	1	3	4	3
...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
...	...	10	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
1	...	32	44	17	6	...	1	...	14	22	5	7
1	2	62	71	5	1	...	...	...	3	8	11	8
...	...	2	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	9
...	...	2	3	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	10
...	...	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	11
2	5	19	40	2	...	...	...	...	5	10	3	12
8	5	54	48	7	2	...	...	...	1	3	9	13
5	5	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	14
...	...	1	...	...	3	...	1	3	...	...	3	15
12	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	16
...	...	13	3	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	5	17
...	...	8	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	18
...	...	5	7	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	6	19
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20
7	7	18	20	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	2	21
19	11	149	125	81	7	...	2	...	22	23	14	22
...	...	1	3	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	23
...	...	9	23	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	24
6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26
59	55	652	330	11	65	...	7	4	53	34	58	27
3	1	73	75	56	18	...	4	3	5	4	18	28
...	...	2	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	5	29
...	...	18	4	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	8	30
...	...	11	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	31
...	...	2	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	33
...	...	54	45	6	14	...	6	3	11	5	6	34
...	...	3	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	35
...	...	11	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	36
...	...	20	24	2	5	...	...	...	7	12	6	37
...	...	45	11	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	4	38
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	39
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	40
1	...	7	9	7	6	...	...	...	1	...	3	41
1	...	6	9	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	7	42
...	...	14	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	43

No. of Parish.	County and Parish.	Population in 1861.	Number of Poor on Roll, or Register. 1. Relieved during the Year. Registered Poor. Males.	Females	Total.	Dependants.	2. Died, or ceased to receive Relief. Registered Poor.	Dependants.
44	Kirkcaldy - - - -	6,100	36	125	161	92	24	15
45	Largo - - - -	2,626	18	53	71	26	5	1
46	Leslie - - - -	4,332	24	78	102	81	26	29
47	Leuchars - - - -	1,903	11	40	51	41	9	8
48	Logie - - - -	410	3	8	11	5	1	...
49	Markinch - - - -	5,375	36	110	146	102	20	26
50	Monimail - - - -	1,054	8	22	30	13	3	...
51	Moonzie - - - -	179	3	1	4	7	2	3
52	Newburgh - - - -	2,693	14	51	65	32	7	...
53	Newburn - - - -	374	1	4	5	...	...	...
54	Pittenweem - - -	1,710	14	22	36	10	4	...
55	St Andrews - - -	7,092	51	126	177	101	19	14
56	St Leonards - - -	513	4	10	14	2	...	...
57	St Monance - - -	1,498	4	21	25	13	2	1
58	Saline - - - -	1,610	12	37	49	49	2	...
59	Scoonie - - - -	3,257	27	80	107	77	16	15
60	Strathmiglo - - -	2,261	8	29	37	9	6	...
61	Torryburn - - -	1,229	11	41	52	24	5	2
62	Wemyss - - - -	6,003	46	122	168	94	24	25
	Total - -	155,021	1,388	2,978	4,366	2,529	889	528
	FORFAR.							
1	Aberlemno - - -	1,054	12	25	37	36	4	8
2	Airlie - - - -	845	4	19	23	16	5	3
3	Arbirlot - - - -	960	7	31	38	23	5	1
4	Arbroath - - - -	9,847	102	195	297	145	61	33
5	Auchterhouse - - -	706	3	14	17	8	...	...
6	Barry - - - -	2,465	9	41	50	26	5	7
7	Brechin - - - -	8,810	117	159	276	189	34	14
8	Caraldstone - - -	225	2	5	7	5	1	...
9	Carmylie - - - -	1,286	10	27	37	36	6	7
10	Cortachy - - - -	653	8	11	19	15	1	4
11	Craig - - - -	2,177	18	54	72	55	10	9
12	Dun - - - - -	765	2	21	23	12	5	1
13	Dundee - - - -	68,986	1,215	2,028	3,243	2,821	1,594	1,399
14	Dunnichen - - - -	1,932	15	50	65	71	16	12
15	Edzell - - - -	1,025	11	38	49	32	12	8
16	Essie and Nevy - - -	748	7	14	21	14	1	1
17	Farnell - - - -	703	4	14	18	13	3	5
18	Fearn - - - -	439	1	10	11	16	...	...
19	Forfar - - - -	10,838	77	162	239	147	42	36
20	Glammis - - - -	1,980	16	41	57	36	6	6
21	Glenisla - - - -	1,008	5	11	16	11	2	...
22	Guthrie - - - -	476	2	8	10	8	1	...
23	Inverarity - - - -	961	5	10	15	23	2	2
24	Inverkeillor - - -	1,792	10	42	52	36	6	1
25	Kettins - - - -	962	6	12	18	10	2	1
26	Kingoldrum - - -	473	3	...	3	8	1	6
27	Kinnell - - - -	816	8	20	28	30	2	1

Casual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the Year.				5.	6.							
3. So classed because of Undetermined Settlements.		4. All other Casual Poor.		Number of Applicants refused Relief.	Number of Poor (already enumerated)—who were							No. of Parish.
Unregistered Poor.	Dependants.	Other Casual Poor.	Dependants.		Orphans or Deserted Children.	Relieved under order of Sheriff.	Natives of England.	Their Dependants.	Natives of Ireland.	Their Dependants.	Insane or Fatuous.	
9	4	166	187	49	11	...	9	12	24	30	15	44
...	...	6	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	45
5	15	135	132	37	1	...	5	6	13	12	5	46
2	...	8	12	1	...	...	...	...	3	2	2	47
...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	48
4	2	164	163	8	14	...	9	13	27	27	7	49
...	...	12	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	50
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	51
12	9	11	8	14	...	...	...	...	2	5	8	52
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	53
...	...	8	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	54
...	...	40	25	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	17	55
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	56
...	...	5	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	57
5	6	3	1	...	5	...	...	...	5	3	2	58
5	8	134	145	166	2	...	5	6	16	11	7	59
1	...	5	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	60
...	...	6	8	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	61
30	18	12	7	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	10	62
218	189	2,142	1,735	521	207	1	56	60	227	218	344	
1	...	1	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	9	1
...	...	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	6	2
...	...	27	41	...	...	...	5	9	3	4	5	3
23	19	135	142	20	42	1	8	16	40	38	34	4
...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
1	1	32	31	2	1	...	1	...	2	1	6	6
2	4	65	30	14	34	...	6	4	14	8	15	7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	8
...	...	4	7	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	3	9
...	...	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	10
...	...	10	10	2	6	...	...	...	...	...	5	11
...	...	5	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	12
353	346	1,665	1,594	102	197	...	47	41	884	1,158	216	13
...	...	4	8	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	5	14
...	...	22	6	...	2	...	...	...	4	1	5	15
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17
1	2	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	18
7	13	67	41	5	14	...	1	...	7	3	28	19
...	...	13	12	...	6	...	...	...	1	...	5	20
...	...	4	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	21
1	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	22
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	23
...	...	6	5	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	24
...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	25
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26
...	...	6	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	27

No. of Parish.	County and Parish.	Population in 1861.	Number of Poor on Roll, or Register. 1. Relieved during the Year. Registered Poor. Males.	Females	Total.	De-pend-ants.	2. Died, or ceased to receive Relief. Regis-tered Poor.	De-pend-ants.
28	Kinnettles	447	3	6	9	8	1	...
29	Kirkden	1,862	11	32	43	26	5	3
30	Kirriemuir	7,359	80	203	283	225	31	18
31	Lethnot	446	4	11	15	10	2	...
32	Liff and Benvie	24,108	191	427	618	478	249	230
33	Lintrathen	898	5	12	17	5	2	...
34	Lochlee	495	6	18	24	18	1	...
35	Logie-Pert	1,483	17	39	56	45	9	4
36	Lunan	259	1	4	5	...	...	...
37	Lundie and Fowlis-Easter	759	4	13	17	16	1	...
38	Mains and Strathmartin	2,181	12	31	43	11	10	...
39	Marytoun	417	3	1	4	1	1	1
40	Menmuir	796	4	7	11	10	2	...
41	Monifieth	5,052	33	100	133	43	18	...
42	Monikie	1,460	3	21	24	21	...	1
43	Montrose	15,455	146	425	571	395	118	97
44	Murroes	763	3	6	9	...	2	...
45	Newtyle	1,139	8	27	35	9	1	3
46	Oathlaw	399	4	5	9	6	2	3
47	Panbride	1,299	12	16	28	9	2	1
48	Rescobie	747	7	10	17	9	1	1
49	Ruthven	265	2	8	10	6	3	1
50	St Vigeans	10,537	101	196	297	149	69	40
51	Strickathrow	546	6	12	18	17	...	...
52	Tannadice	1,438	12	17	29	21	6	9
53	Tealing	883	3	5	8	3	1	...
	Total	204,425	2,360	4,714	7,074	5,383	2,364	1,977
	HADDINGTON.							
1	Aberlady	1,019	8	30	38	14	3	6
2	Athelstaneford	902	7	22	29	6	7	1
3	Bolton	332	1	5	6	...	...	...
4	Dirleton	1,540	11	27	38	14	7	...
5	Dunbar	4,944	67	126	193	83	52	21
6	Garvald	891	5	21	26	18	3	3
7	Gladsmuir	1,945	26	52	78	75	11	9
8	Haddington	5,548	51	139	190	52	31	7
9	Humbie	997	4	15	19	8	2	2
10	Innerwick	937	2	10	12	4	1	...
11	Morham	281	1	4	5	1	...	...
12	North Berwick	2,071	7	40	47	30	4	2
13	Oldhamstocks	615	4	8	12	5	2	3
14	Ormiston	915	6	24	30	20	3	2
15	Pencaitland	1,187	17	27	44	39	7	7
16	Prestonkirk	1,960	14	48	62	26	6	...
17	Prestonpans	2,080	30	70	100	27	15	7
18	Salton	712	4	17	21	16	5	2
19	Spot	555	4	8	12	3	...	...
20	Stenton	692	9	23	32	9	10	4

Casual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the Year.				5.	6. Number of Poor (already enumerated)—who were							No. of Parish.
3. So classed ecause of Undetermined Settlements.		4. All other Casual Poor.		Number of Applicants refused Relief.								
Un-egis-tered Poor.	Dependants.	Other Casual Poor.	Dependants.		Orphans or Deserted Children.	Relieved under order of Sheriff.	Natives of England.	Their Dependants.	Natives of Ireland.	Their Dependants.	Insane or Fatuous.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	28
2	5	5	8	2	3	2	...	...	1	4	3	29
5	3	59	38	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	32	30
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	31
69	60	239	233	26	92	...	13	14	305	427	61	32
2	...	11	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	33
3	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34
...	...	1	1	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	5	35
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	36
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	37
5	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	6	38
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	39
...	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40
...	...	91	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	7	41
...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	2	...	42
18	15	154	131	4	38	1	15	9	21	13	55	43
1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	44
8	7	24	20	2	10	...	1	1	16	13	2	45
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	46
...	...	16	15	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	5	47
...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	48
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	49
43	38	8	3	6	35	...	...	...	14	14	28	50
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	51
...	...	3	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	52
...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	53
546	518	2,694	2,408	193	529	5	98	95	1,314	1,687	583	
...	...	5	7	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	3	1
...	...	2	...	1	6	...	...	...	2	...	3	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3
2	...	3	3	2	2	...	1	...	3	7	5	4
3	7	33	37	2	11	...	4	3	18	16	10	5
1	...	2	2	1	...	...	...	...	3	3	2	6
7	11	19	28	...	2	...	...	...	3	5	7	7
8	4	44	34	52	7	2	4	1	22	16	16	8
...	...	2	5	...	2	...	1	...	1	5	2	9
3	4	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	10
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	11
9	10	4	1	...	3	...	...	...	2	1	5	12
...	...	2	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	13
8	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	14
...	...	20	36	4	3	1	...	...	4	2	6	15
9	2	9	5	9	12	...	...	...	3	3	9	16
16	4	32	42	5	9	...	4	4	2	...	13	17
2	7	5	1	...	2	...	...	...	3	14	3	18
5	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	19
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	20

No. of Parish.	County and Parish.	Population in 1861.	Number of Poor on Roll, or Register.					
			1. Relieved during the Year.				2. Died, or ceased to receive Relief.	
			Registered Poor.			De-pend-ants.		
			Males.	Females	Total.		Regis-tered Poor.	De-pend-ants.
21	Tranent - - - -	4,647	56	134	190	133	35	45
22	Whitekirk - - - -	1,113	12	15	27	11	3	1
23	Whittingham - - -	710	6	17	23	17	6	4
24	Yester - - - -	1,033	8	23	31	28	8	8
	Total - -	37,626	360	905	1,265	639	221	134
	INVERNESS.							
1	Alvie - - - -	833	8	44	52	29	7	6
2	Ardersier - - - -	1,239	9	35	44	33	10	3
3	Barra - - - -	1,853	18	57	75	36	6	...
4	Boleskine and Abertarff -	1,743	37	74	111	27	11	5
5	Bracadale - - - -	1,335	12	70	82	22	26	10
6	Cromdale - - - -	3,943	56	165	221	76	39	22
7	Croy - - - - -	1,873	10	47	57	29	11	3
8	Daviot - - - -	1,741	14	58	72	22	9	...
9	Dores - - - -	1,506	23	92	115	33	11	...
10	Duirnish - - - -	4,775	28	86	114	31	12	6
11	Glenelg - - - -	1,843	26	69	95	32	5	1
12	Harris - - - -	4,183	24	50	74	22	14	...
13	Inverness - - - -	16,162	214	528	742	378	187	146
14	Kilmallie - - - -	4,272	30	120	150	37	13	8
15	Kilmonivaig - - -	2,276	33	72	105	29	14	7
16	Kilmorack - - -	2,852	31	100	131	52	8	2
17	Kilmuir (Skye) - - -	2,846	41	80	121	25	7	5
18	Kiltarlity - - - -	2,839	38	107	145	26	14	11
19	Kingussie - - - -	2,033	21	84	105	18	7	...
20	Kirkhill - - - -	1,757	15	69	84	19	6	1
21	Laggan - - - -	986	14	42	56	40	5	3
22	Moy - - - - -	1,026	9	20	29	...	1	...
23	Petty - - - -	1,671	12	54	66	27	8	...
24	Portree - - - -	3,159	17	79	96	28	10	...
25	Sleat - - - - -	2,330	18	71	89	38	4	...
26	Small Isles - - -	567	4	15	19	15	7	5
27	Snizort - - - -	2,639	22	96	118	30	10	6
28	Strath - - - -	2,664	24	77	101	32	12	...
29	Uist, North - - -	3,959	95	43	138	43	19	2
30	Uist, South - - -	5,358	31	125	156	52	19	4
31	Urquhart - - - -	2,911	39	145	184	66	16	6
	Total - -	89,174	973	2,774	3,747	1,347	528	262
	KINCARDINE.							
1	Arbuthnot - - -	932	5	16	21	26	3	5
2	Banchory-Devenick - -	2,919	29	81	110	60	19	21
3	Banchory-Ternan - -	2,947	24	51	75	62	12	8
4	Benholm - - - -	1,574	20	48	68	16	7	...
5	Bervie - - - -	1,561	11	39	50	27	4	2
6	Dunottar - - - -	1,828	20	56	76	27	8	...

Casual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the Year.				5.	6. Number of Poor (already enumerated)—who were							No. of Parish.
3. So classed because of Undetermined Settlements.		4. All other Casual Poor.		Number of Applicants refused Relief.								
Unregistered Poor.	Dependants.	Other Casual Poor.	Dependants.		Orphans or Deserted Children.	Relieved under order of Sheriff.	Natives of England.	Their Dependants.	Natives of Ireland.	Their Dependants.	Insane or Fatuous.	
11	32	71	102	69	13	...	8	8	24	56	15	21
...	...	21	5	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	5	22
...	...	1	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	23
1	...	14	20	8	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	24
80	95	291	332	153	78	3	22	16	97	131	116	
...	...	22	16	...	5	...	1	...	2	...	3	1
1	...	12	10	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	5	2
...	...	28	15	4	12	...	...	...	...	...	4	3
3	...	5	2	4	6	...	2	...	2	...	7	4
1	...	20	17	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
12	15	41	21	4	15	1	2	...	1	...	7	6
4	10	4	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	7
...	...	11	8	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	8
2	5	...	...	...	6	1	...	...	...	...	6	9
23	8	...	...	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	10	10
...	...	19	27	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	5	11
...	...	12	9	10	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	12
25	27	114	123	45	57	1	6	8	17	23	75	13
2	...	35	15	5	7	...	...	...	1	1	19	14
...	...	11	4	1	10	...	1	2	...	...	5	15
...	...	20	8	7	4	...	...	...	...	...	8	16
...	...	22	16	4	8	...	...	...	...	...	10	17
...	...	7	...	2	3	...	...	...	2	1	7	18
1	...	4	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	8	19
...	...	9	1	2	3	1	...	...	...	...	10	20
1	...	18	29	1	...	...	1	...	2	...	1	21
5	...	5	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	3	22
2	8	4	...	...	5	...	1	2	...	...	2	23
1	...	10	5	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	24
...	...	13	21	9	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	25
...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26
15	5	5	3	7	5	3	...	...	...	...	9	27
...	...	20	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	28
...	...	22	16	7	3	3	...	...	...	...	7	29
...	...	12	10	11	5	...	...	...	...	...	12	30
...	...	24	18	9	1	...	...	...	2	11	10	31
98	78	532	401	151	170	10	14	12	30	36	266	
...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1
1	2	7	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	2
18	28	8	2	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	10	3
...	...	12	7	1	7	...	...	...	...	...	4	4
1	1	72	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	5
8	7	28	30	10	...	...	1	...	3	...	4	6

No. of Parish.	County and Parish.	Population in 1861.	Number of Poor on Roll, or Register. 1. Relieved during the Year. Registered Poor. Males.	Females	Total.	De-pend-ants.	2. Died, or ceased to receive Relief. Regis-tered Poor.	De-pend-ants.
7	Durris	1,109	11	22	33	28	4	3
8	Fettercairn	1,700	13	32	45	26	7	4
9	Fetteresso	5,527	42	129	171	48	35	18
10	Fordoun	2,297	20	51	71	44	18	20
11	Garvock	458	4	8	12	3	2	1
12	Glenbervie	1,219	11	30	41	32	3	6
13	Kinneff	1,054	8	22	30	13	3	1
14	Laurencekirk	2,110	24	61	85	50	7	3
15	Maryculter	1,055	9	27	36	22	9	2
16	Marykirk	2,068	31	79	110	81	13	14
17	Nigg	2,074	16	54	70	47	8	4
18	St Cyrus	1,552	18	44	62	37	5	...
19	Strachan	870	13	38	51	20	5	3
	Total	34,854	329	888	1,217	669	172	115
	KINROSS.							
1	Cleish	649	2	5	7	1	...	...
2	Kinross	2,649	25	50	75	33	8	9
3	Orwell	2,399	15	31	46	19	6	...
4	Portmoak	1,450	5	25	30	34	7	12
	Total	7,147	47	111	158	87	21	21
	KIRKCUDBRIGHT.							
1	Anwoth	899	9	18	27	20	3	4
2	Balmaclellan	1,086	8	33	41	20	2	1
3	Balmaghie	1,225	10	31	41	23	10	5
4	Borgue	1,162	15	37	52	15	2	...
5	Buittle	1,165	13	22	35	47	8	15
6	Carsphairn	553	6	7	13	4	2	2
7	Colvend	1,366	12	40	52	20	2	3
8	Crossmichael	1,536	5	36	41	20	3	5
9	Dalry	1,149	15	46	61	43	4	2
10	Girthon	1,702	31	58	89	42	23	13
11	Kells	1,170	6	44	50	46	2	1
12	Kelton	3,436	36	78	114	112	28	...
13	Kirkbean	942	12	20	32	18	2	...
14	Kirkcudbright	3,407	29	105	134	37	17	6
15	Kirkgunzeon	793	6	25	31	24	1	2
16	Kirkmabreck	1,851	14	40	54	22	8	10
17	Kirkpatrick-Durham	1,479	12	42	54	36	7	7
18	Kirkpatrick-Irongray	913	7	14	21	14	2	5
19	Lochrutton	677	7	8	15	7	1	...
20	Minnigaff	1,804	19	46	65	32	8	5
21	New Abbey	1,063	5	30	35	8	5	...
22	Parton	764	6	18	24	20	5	6
23	Rerrick	1,738	27	54	81	32	7	2
24	Terregles	580	3	8	11	8	3	1

Casual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the Year.				5.	6.							
3. So classed because of Undetermined Settlements.		4. All other Casual Poor.		Number of Applicants refused Relief.	Number of Poor (already enumerated)—who were							No. of Parish.
Unregistered Poor.	Dependants.	Other Casual Poor.	Dependants.		Orphans or Deserted Children.	Relieved under order of Sheriff.	Natives of England.	Their Dependants.	Natives of Ireland.	Their Dependants.	Insane or Fatuous.	
1	9	11	24	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	7
2	1	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	8
41	23	48	20	14	18	...	2	...	5	3	20	9
...	...	1	1	2	5	1	...	...	...	...	5	10
...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	11
...	...	5	5	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	2	12
...	...	3	5	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	2	13
...	...	58	44	6	8	...	2	1	3	...	8	14
...	...	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	15
...	...	8	2	...	7	...	1	1	3	...	9	16
...	...	14	11	4	8	...	...	...	...	...	3	17
6	6	5	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	6	18
...	...	3	1	...	19	...	...	...	2	1	4	19
78	77	290	206	40	90	1	10	2	24	4	100	
...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
...	...	52	...	10	2	...	4	...	7	...	10	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	3
1	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	4
1	1	55	1	10	2	...	4	...	7	...	25	
16	9	6	5	1	1	...	1	1	9	7	...	1
1	...	10	16	...	11	...	...	...	4	...	2	2
1	...	7	2	1	4	...	1	...	4	4	3	3
...	...	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	4
3	9	2	1	1	6	1	...	...	3	5	2	5
...	...	41	49	...	2	...	3	2	6	9	...	6
...	...	10	5	...	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	7
2	7	10	5	1	4	...	...	...	5	1	2	8
...	...	11	13	...	2	...	...	...	6	7	3	9
...	...	44	55	6	2	...	3	3	8	13	5	10
1	2	4	1	1	...	1	1	3	1	...	3	11
1	4	11	13	1	5	...	...	...	3	3	9	12
...	...	15	10	...	5	...	2	...	8	...	4	13
...	...	55	95	...	4	...	2	...	46	29	13	14
1	5	15	20	1	...	...	...	...	4	9	5	15
...	...	14	18	1	3	...	1	2	17	8	5	16
1	...	55	46	3	6	...	3	...	19	13	4	17
...	...	11	13	1	2	...	...	...	5	5	2	18
...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	19
...	...	7	13	1	8	...	...	...	18	3	6	20
...	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	3	21
...	...	9	4	1	4	...	...	...	5	1	...	22
1	1	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	23
...	...	3	4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	24

No. of Parish.	County and Parish.	Population in 1861.	Number of Poor on Roll, or Register. 1. Relieved during the Year. Registered Poor. Males.	Females	Total.	Dependants.	2. Died, or ceased to receive Relief. Registered Poor.	Dependants.
25	Tongland	892	6	29	35	26	1	1
26	Troqueer	4,743	43	139	182	82	25	3
27	Twynholm	815	8	16	24	14	3	2
28	Urr	3,585	44	103	147	92	16	2
	Total	42,495	414	1,147	1,561	884	200	103
	LANARK.							
1	Avondale	6,125	74	166	240	210	56	65
2	Barony	177,527	2,539	5,452	7,991	6,345	3,696	3,114
3	Biggar	1,999	23	50	73	52	19	23
4	Blantyre	3,092	19	74	93	35	11	9
5	Bothwell	17,903	181	351	532	602	140	202
6	Cadder	5,948	51	102	153	166	29	37
7	Cambuslang	3,647	49	79	128	117	17	9
8	Cambusnethan	14,601	201	237	438	752	137	253
9	Carluke	6,176	69	96	165	160	24	38
10	Carmichael	836	7	11	18	11	2	[illegible]
11	Carmunnock	734	3	7	10	6	2	...
12	Carnwath	3,584	22	73	95	88	12	1
13	Carstairs	1,345	...	16	16	17	2	...
14	Covington	532	3	7	10	...	...	...
15	Crawford	1,590	11	42	53	27	1	
16	Crawfordjohn	980	7	19	26	8	4	
17	Culter	665	1	12	13	2	...	
18	Dalserf	4,876	61	106	167	116	34	2
19	Dalziel	5,438	37	62	99	61	24	1
20	Dolphington	260	1	4	5	6	2	
21	Douglas	2,490	25	54	79	46	11	
22	Dunsyre	312	2	4	6	4	...	.
23	Glasgow	157,909	2,046	4,123	6,169	3,632	2,523	1,72
24	Glassford	1,938	26	44	70	62	8	1
25	Gorbals	10,494	132	260	392	216	157	7
26	Govan	100,716	664	1,603	2,267	1,351	852	53
27	Hamilton	14,047	138	402	540	215	77	5
28	Kilbride, East	4,064	26	50	76	54	20	1
29	Lanark	7,891	137	249	386	269	60	5
30	Lesmahagow	9,266	116	197	313	298	38	4
31	Libberton	836	5	9	14	3	1	.
32	Monkland, New	20,554	340	576	916	886	287	2
33	Monkland, Old	29,543	308	516	824	1,181	179	2
34	Pittenain	407	3	5	8	...	...	
35	Rutherglen	9,335	101	166	267	214	65	
36	Shotts	7,343	37	122	159	167	28	
37	Stonehouse	3,267	36	62	98	108	21	
38	Symington	528	3	8	11	6	1	
39	Wandell and Lamington	380	4	11	15	...	...	
40	Walston	480	1	7	8	7	...	
41	Wiston and Roberton	786	4	16	20	9	3	
	Total	640,444	7,513	15,450	22,963	17,509	8,543	6,9

Casual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the Year.				5.	6. Number of Poor (already enumerated)—who were							
3. So classed because of Undetermined Settlements.		4. All other Casual Poor.		Number of Applicants refused Relief.								No. of Parish.
Unregistered Poor.	Dependants.	Other Casual Poor.	Dependants.		Orphans or Deserted Children.	Relieved under order of Sheriff.	Natives of England.	Their Dependants.	Natives of Ireland.	Their Dependants.	Insane or Fatuous.	
1	4	8	4	1	3	...	1	4	...	...	2	25
...	...	360	458	107	...	4	29	54	71	111	14	26
...	...	11	14	...	4	...	1	...	2	1	3	27
24	36	39	26	26	10	...	...	...	20	14	5	28
53	77	770	899	154	95	6	50	69	266	243	105	
4	8	91	128	3	22	...	3	5	67	58	9	1
1,574	1,870	3,276	2,710	325	652	22	101	119	2,292	2,891	349	2
3	3	34	14	2	11	...	...	...	10	4	2	3
...	...	11	32	...	3	...	...	...	11	4	6	4
78	134	73	161	28	64	2	2	1	83	161	23	5
12	21	31	42	52	10	...	...	...	43	63	13	6
30	52	2	4	11	9	...	...	...	22	44	6	7
90	185	277	523	30	23	...	3	...	258	438	22	8
1	1	38	82	6	21	...	3	...	31	71	17	9
...	...	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	2	10
2	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	11
5	21	93	118	11	5	...	5	6	23	48	6	12
1	...	6	2	...	...	...	...	...	4	9	...	13
1	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	14
1	...	194	56	15	5	...	9	...	41	...	9	15
...	...	77	37	22	1	...	4	5	19	4	5	16
1	1	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	17
31	62	99	142	16	7	1	3	1	27	43	8	18
1	...	39	55	13	22	...	6	11	21	39	4	19
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20
1	5	35	37	18	2	...	3	1	10	3	3	21
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	22
1,792	1,189	446	1,005	326	607	23	160	139	1,889	1,497	488	23
2	6	10	19	1	3	...	1	5	7	5	4	24
33	22	86	61	201	31	17	2	...	373	216	19	25
133	184	680	808	417	279	85	38	35	454	411	146	26
42	29	242	131	92	64	4	3	3	196	107	21	27
1	...	13	21	2	10	...	2	...	15	11	5	28
1	2	259	286	4	9	...	10	11	61	60	12	29
10	9	54	99	5	33	...	1	...	24	21	14	30
...	...	14	9	16	...	...	1	3	2	3	1	31
61	114	237	348	2	78	...	9	21	446	607	46	32
19	20	454	935	17	100	1	11	25	260	682	39	33
9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34
15	22	168	149	116	8	12	1	...	104	107	24	35
20	43	64	136	7	8	1	...	...	91	172	10	36
2	2	17	35	9	16	...	1	...	7	16	1	37
1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	38
...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	39
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	40
...	...	14	11	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	1	41
3,977	4,005	7,155	8,199	1,767	2,105	168	382	391	6,902	7,798	1,321	

No. of Parish.	County and Parish.	Population in 1861.	Number of Poor on Roll, or Register. 1. Relieved during the Year. Registered Poor. Males.	Females	Total.	Dependants.	2. Died, or ceased to receive Relief. Registered Poor.	Dependants.
	LINLITHGOW.							
1	Abercorn	965	8	14	22	12	4	5
2	Bathgate	10,134	76	163	239	212	29	18
3	Borrowstounness	5,698	34	128	162	144	25	23
4	Carriden	1,821	19	53	72	21	7	...
5	Dalmeny	1,274	18	31	49	17	5	1
6	Ecclesmachen	309	...	5	5	...	...	...
7	Kirkliston	1,917	18	56	74	10	9	3
8	Linlithgow	5,784	42	157	199	59	20	10
9	Livingstone	1,366	13	27	40	24	12	3
10	Queensferry	921	7	13	20	16	2	2
11	Torphichen	1,848	14	39	53	34	16	28
12	Uphall	1,507	10	26	36	22	1	...
13	Whitburn	5,511	18	60	78	68	10	11
	Total	39,055	277	772	1,049	639	140	104
	NAIRN.							
1	Ardclach	1,330	12	44	56	25	4	...
2	Auldearn	1,328	20	42	62	28	7	18
3	Cawdor	1,203	16	36	52	24	7	3
4	Nairn	4,486	41	112	153	99	21	30
	Total	8,347	89	234	323	176	39	51
	ORKNEY & SHETLAND. ORKNEY.							
1	Birsay and Harray	2,593	10	21	31	6	5	2
2	Cross and Burness	1,555	5	32	37	9	2	2
3	Eday	979	6	19	25	14	2	2
4	Evie and Rendal	1,408	13	17	30	1	4	...
5	Firth	784	5	14	19	3	2	...
6	Holm	834	3	23	26	...	2	...
7	Hoy and Græmsay	556	1	13	14	7	3	...
8	Kirkwall	4,422	68	160	228	93	22	13
9	Lady	1,122	10	37	47	20	6	4
10	Orphir	1,133	14	22	36	8	2	1
11	Ronaldshay, South	3,282	27	68	95	50	10	3
12	Rousay and Egilshay	1,152	6	23	29	7	3	2
13	St Andrews and Deerness	1,681	7	34	41	5	5	...
14	Sandwick	1,225	6	10	16	10	2	...
15	Shapinshay	973	1	10	11	3	3	...
16	Stennis	709	2	8	10	...	1	...
17	Stromness	2,540	21	91	112	34	11	...
18	Stronsay	1,228	18	39	57	20	5	6
19	Walls and Flotta	1,674	10	29	39	...	4	...
20	Westray and Papa-Westray	2,545	10	43	53	12	6	2
	Total	32,395	243	713	956	302	100	37

Casual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the Year.				5.	6.							
3. So classed because of Undetermined Settlements.		4. All other Casual Poor.		Number of Applicants refused Relief.	Number of Poor (already enumerated)—who were							No. of Parish.
Unregistered Poor.	Dependants.	Other Casual Poor.	Dependants.		Orphans or Deserted Children.	Relieved under order of Sheriff.	Natives of England.	Their Dependants.	Natives of Ireland.	Their Dependants.	Insane or Fatuous.	
...	...	41	33	...	6	...	...	...	21	16	...	1
7	5	151	194	2	16	...	5	7	73	135	5	2
6	11	118	110	37	3	...	2	...	38	45	9	3
1	3	33	21	5	3	...	...	...	3	4	7	4
...	...	6	...	...	1	...	...	...	5	1	2	5
...	...	8	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6
...	...	77	19	9	7	...	...	...	5	7	10	7
6	5	104	56	...	3	...	...	...	13	17	12	8
3	2	79	41	7	6	...	8	...	39	17	8	9
9	8	137	94	...	3	...	...	...	10	8	1	10
...	...	32	42	18	1	...	...	...	7	4	...	11
12	12	48	59	82	6	...	1	...	29	15	1	12
1	4	9	16	8	11	...	...	...	11	8	9	13
45	50	843	687	168	66	...	16	7	254	277	65	
1	3	5	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	4	1
...	...	10	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2
...	...	3	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3
5	9	35	40	11	2	2	...	...	1	2	12	4
6	12	53	50	12	7	2	...	...	1	2	23	
...	...	4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1
1	4	7	7	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	4	2
...	...	12	3	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3
...	...	8	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4
...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	5
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	7
...	...	27	38	5	7	...	...	...	...	...	7	8
...	...	6	3	5	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	9
11	3	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	5	10
...	...	22	18	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	8	11
...	...	3	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	12
...	...	4	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	13
...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	14
...	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16
...	...	11	7	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	7	17
...	...	11	2	8	...	4	...	...	...	...	3	18
2	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	19
1	...	6	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20
17	7	134	92	32	16	7	...	...	...	...	57	

No. of Parish.	County and Parish.	Population in 1861.	Number of Poor on Roll, or Register.					
			1. Relieved during the Year.				2. Died, or ceased to receive Relief.	
			Registered Poor.			De-pend-ants.		
			Males.	Females	Total.		Regis-tered Poor.	De-pend-ants.
	SHETLAND.							
21	Bressay - - - -	1,805	6	42	48	3	5	...
22	Delting - - - -	1,975	14	52	66	38	8	3
23	Dunrossness - - -	4,830	17	96	113	24	4	...
24	Fetlar and North Yell -	1,480	7	38	45	3	2	...
25	Lerwick - - - -	3,631	34	134	168	47	21	6
26	Nesting - - - -	2,583	9	70	79	20	10	2
27	North Mavine - - -	2,585	26	41	67	24	13	5
28	Sandsting - - - -	2,670	17	75	92	12	4	...
29	Tingwall - - - -	2,697	30	110	140	60	12	5
30	Unst - - - - -	3,060	19	106	125	22	18	3
31	Walls - - - -	2,570	23	71	94	31	10	4
32	Yell - - - - -	1,784	16	59	75	...	10	...
	Total - -	31,670	218	894	1,112	284	117	28
	Orkney and Shetland together	64,065	461	1,607	2,068	586	217	65
	PEEBLES.							
1	Broughton - - -	723	4	14	18	14	3	3
2	Drumelzier - - -	209	2	5	7	6	2	...
3	Eddlestone - - -	753	9	17	26	22	1	3
4	Innerleithen - - -	1,823	9	19	28	14	3	1
5	Kirkurd - - - -	362	...	6	6	6	2	2
6	Linton, West - - -	1,534	12	36	48	35	5	2
7	Lyne and Megget - -	134	...	1	1	...	...	...
8	Manor - - - -	247	1	1	2	1	1	1
9	Newlands - - - -	987	6	26	32	15	7	3
10	Peebles - - - -	2,850	24	51	75	40	8	17
11	Skirling - - - -	317	1	5	6	3	...	1
12	Stobo - - - -	478	3	6	9	3	2	...
13	Traquair - - - -	687	8	13	21	18	4	2
14	Tweedsmuir - - -	196	1	4	5	...	1	...
	Total - -	11,300	80	204	284	177	39	35
	PERTH.							
1	Aberdalgie - - -	295	1	6	7	5	...	...
2	Aberfoyle - - - -	565	10	18	28	11	4	...
3	Abernethy - - - -	1,960	7	21	28	15	2	...
4	Abernyte - - - -	310	1	4	5	6	...	1
5	Alyth - - - -	3,422	23	61	84	29	9	2
6	Auchterarder - - -	4,208	33	64	97	51	13	8
7	Auchtergaven - - -	2,562	31	63	94	47	11	9
8	Balquhidder - - -	746	7	20	27	11	2	2
9	Bendochy - - - -	769	7	9	16	12	...	...
10	Blackford - - - -	2,084	23	34	57	38	7	12
11	Blair-Athol - - -	1,659	32	41	73	13	6	2
12	Blairgowrie - - -	4,657	17	78	95	44	9	...
13	Callander - - - -	1,676	11	35	46	8	...	...

Casual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the Year. 3. So classed because of Undetermined Settlements. Unregistered Poor.	De-pend-ants.	4. All other Casual Poor. Other Casual Poor.	De-pend-ants.	5. Number of Applicants refused Relief.	6. Number of Poor (already enumerated)—who were Orphans or Deserted Children.	Relieved under order of Sheriff.	Natives of England.	Their Dependants.	Natives of Ireland.	Their Dependants.	Insane or Fatuous.	No. of Parish.
1	1	3	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	21
...	...	13	22	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	22
...	...	16	5	8	4	2	...	...	...	...	7	23
...	...	14	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	24
8	3	50	10	14	2	5	...	...	...	...	5	25
...	...	25	10	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	26
...	...	6	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	27
10	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	6	28
5	4	31	23	13	2	4	...	...	...	...	5	29
...	...	7	8	3	4	...	...	...	...	...	8	30
1	...	15	7	13	1	1	...	...	...	...	7	31
...	...	17	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	3	32
25	8	197	86	69	15	18	...	...	...	...	57	
42	15	331	178	101	31	25	...	...	...	...	114	
...	...	6	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1
...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
...	...	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	4	3
...	...	72	68	9	...	...	7	4	21	17	5	4
...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
1	...	3	11	1	8	...	...	...	3	5	2	6
...	...	25	1	...	...	...	2	...	3	...	...	7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
15	15	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	7	2	4	9
7	7	112	39	2	1	...	28	9	46	10	9	10
1	2	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	11
...	...	18	10	...	...	...	...	...	13	6	...	12
...	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13
...	...	7	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	14
24	24	253	150	15	15	...	39	13	95	40	27	
...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
4	3	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
...	...	15	27	...	2	...	...	...	2	3	3	3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
2	3	34	...	1	...	1	...	...	2	...	9	5
3	1	177	29	...	5	...	...	...	45	13	8	6
...	...	26	16	...	5	...	1	...	6	2	11	7
...	...	5	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	8
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	9
...	...	53	67	3	4	...	4	11	11	10	6	10
2	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	11
2	3	51	37	4	10	...	...	...	7	5	4	12
36	12	36	12	...	...	...	...	...	8	6	5	13

No. of Parish.	County and Parish.	Population in 1861.	Number of Poor on Roll, or Register. 1. Relieved during the Year. Registered Poor. Males.	Females	Total.	De-pend-ants.	2. Died, or ceased to receive Relief. Regis-tered Poor.	De-pend-ants.
14	Caputh	2,373	14	39	53	40	4	2
15	Cargill	1,647	14	30	44	32	4	3
16	Clunie	699	9	16	25	15	3	1
17	Collace	534	5	10	15	11	3	1
18	Comrie	2,226	25	55	80	41	10	12
19	Coupar-Angus	2,929	17	34	51	17	4	...
20	Crieff	4,490	46	108	154	90	30	22
21	Culross	1,423	4	20	24	6	6	2
22	Dowally	486	4	5	9	1	2	1
23	Dron	376	2	6	8	3	...	...
24	Dull	2,945	40	73	113	23	10	...
25	Dumbarney	1,035	5	16	21	13	1	...
26	Dunblane	3,096	30	79	109	50	20	11
27	Dunkeld	485	10	25	35	...	1	...
28	Dunkeld, Little	2,104	30	64	94	15	9	4
29	Dunning	2,084	18	42	60	19	4	...
30	Errol	2,759	21	54	75	36	2	...
31	Forgandenny	739	10	17	27	15	4	...
32	Forteviot	595	6	3	9	4	2	...
33	Fortingall	2,181	24	82	106	23	11	...
34	Fossaway	1,584	11	19	30	8	4	...
35	Foulis, Wester	1,433	12	23	35	11	3	1
36	Gask	399	1	12	13	3	1	...
37	Glendevon	138	...	1	1	...	...	...
38	Inchture	659	4	16	20	4	7	...
39	Kenmore	1,984	24	57	81	30	9	5
40	Killin	1,520	15	36	51	17	4	1
41	Kilmadock	3,312	21	80	101	53	15	2
42	Kilspindie	665	3	8	11	13	...	2
43	Kincardine	1,778	11	25	36	14	4	...
44	Kinclaven	758	4	13	17	2	3	...
45	Kinfauns	657	9	13	22	13	2	4
46	Kinloch	307	2	7	9	12	3	8
47	Kinnaird	318	3	3	6	...	...	...
48	Kinnoul	3,219	23	46	69	26	9	2
49	Kirkmichael	1,224	11	14	25	12	4	...
50	Lethendy	235	1	2	3	4	...	...
51	Logierait	2,592	40	61	101	33	10	...
52	Longforgan	1,823	13	50	63	34	6	...
53	Madderty	536	3	13	16	6	...	...
54	Meigle	835	4	5	9	...	2	...
55	Methven	2,347	25	47	72	47	8	10
56	Moneydie	252	1	3	4	2	1	...
57	Monivaird	782	9	12	21	8	3	...
58	Monzie	972	11	17	28	16	1	1
59	Moulin	1,831	17	34	51	18	10	1
60	Muckhart	615	5	13	18	10	...	...
61	Muthill	2,808	23	77	100	51	9	4
62	Perth	23,511	220	625	845	496	192	141
63	Port-of-Monteith	1,375	9	35	44	21	7	6
64	Rattray	2,261	9	22	31	16	3	4

Casual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the Year. 3. So classed because of Undetermined Settlements. Unregistered Poor.	Dependants.	4. All other Casual Poor. Other Casual Poor.	Dependants.	5. Number of Applicants refused Relief.	6. Number of Poor (already enumerated)—who were Orphans or Deserted Children.	Relieved under order of Sheriff.	Natives of England.	Their Dependants.	Natives of Ireland.	Their Dependants.	Insane or Fatuous.	No. of Parish.
1	...	16	3	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	6	14
5	9	6	3	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	2	15
...	...	2	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	16
...	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	17
...	...	20	20	...	6	1	...	...	...	...	5	18
...	...	24	22	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	9	19
5	3	18	30	6	7	...	2	...	7	7	16	20
...	...	47	22	...	3	...	...	...	5	...	1	21
2	6	5	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	22
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23
2	...	11	16	4	3	...	1	...	2	2	10	24
...	...	10	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	25
...	...	146	189	...	6	...	3	7	27	44	6	26
...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	27
...	...	19	8	...	6	...	...	...	6	3	12	28
18	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	29
...	...	13	7	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	12	30
2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	31
1	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	3	4	2	32
1	...	1	...	1	6	...	...	...	1	...	7	33
1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	34
...	...	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	35
...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	36
...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37
...	...	13	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	38
1	...	8	11	9	2	...	...	...	1	...	14	39
1	...	4	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	12	40
9	12	82	57	4	5	...	...	...	...	...	6	41
...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	42
...	...	16	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	43
1	...	25	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	44
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	45
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	46
...	...	3	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	2	47
...	...	12	10	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	9	48
...	...	6	9	1	3	...	1	2	...	...	4	49
...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50
2	1	17	2	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	15	51
...	...	2	4	...	2	...	...	...	2	2	3	52
...	...	9	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	2	53
4	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	54
...	...	55	62	23	7	...	2	...	18	22	5	55
...	...	27	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	56
...	...	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	57
3	...	3	8	5	...	...	1	...	...	...	3	58
2	10	20	8	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	59
1	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60
7	9	52	88	...	2	...	3	3	15	30	10	61
15	13	278	176	117	68	...	13	11	151	139	65	62
...	...	3	5	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	2	63
20	21	24	12	2	...	...	...	...	8	5	6	64

No. of Parish.	County and Parish.	Population in 1861.	Number of Poor on Roll, or Register. 1. Relieved during the Year. Registered Poor. Males.	Females	Total.	Dependants.	2. Died, or ceased to receive Relief. Registered Poor.	Dependants.
65	Redgorton	1,671	18	40	58	31	10	8
66	Rhynd	297	2	13	15	2	2	...
67	Scone	2,199	28	46	74	31	9	7
68	St Madoes	280	2	5	7	3	...	...
69	St Martins	904	11	17	28	16	1	1
70	Tibbermuir	1,296	12	17	29	4	2	1
71	Trinity-Gask	488	5	18	23	4	2	...
72	Tulliallan	2,410	25	82	107	54	32	29
73	Weem	692	4	21	25	...	1	..
	Total	133,086	1,188	2,880	4,068	1,869	572	333
	RENFREW.							
1	Abbey	29,687	324	625	949	697	256	183
2	Cathcart	3,782	24	55	79	64	28	24
3	Eaglesham	2,328	24	43	67	42	11	10
4	Eastwood	11,314	134	261	395	312	125	13
5	Erskine	1,457	9	18	27	28	12	1
6	Greenock	43,894	493	1,111	1,604	1,329	777	82
7	Houston	2,490	27	97	124	125	22	2
8	Inchinnan	619	7	10	17	22	6	..
9	Innerkip and Gourock	3,495	19	49	68	42	3	..
10	Kilbarchan	6,348	57	116	173	92	25	2
11	Kilmalcolm	1,455	16	25	41	19	10	..
12	Lochwinnoch	3,821	46	110	156	75	19	
13	Mearns	3,547	22	65	87	66	16	1
14	Neilston	11,013	138	367	505	370	96	11
15	Paisley	31,538	488	931	1,419	1,132	593	53
16	Port-Glasgow	7,294	95	198	293	153	89	4
17	Renfrew	4,664	28	89	117	54	21	2
	Total	168,746	1,951	4,170	6,121	4,622	2,109	1,97
	ROSS AND CROMARTY.							
1	Alness	1,178	19	58	77	36	13	
2	Applecross	2,544	32	68	100	55	3	1
3	Avoch	1,788	18	52	70	26	5	
4	Barvas	4,609	20	45	65	3	11	.
5	Contin	1,509	21	59	80	38	9	1
6	Cromarty	2,300	30	90	120	42	23	1
7	Dingwall	2,412	24	72	96	43	13	
8	Edderton	836	13	29	42	12	5	.
9	Fearn	2,083	17	68	85	49	11	1
10	Fodderty	2,247	22	108	130	22	14	
11	Gairloch	5,449	51	113	164	95	22	1
12	Glenshiel	485	19	21	40	13	2	
13	Killearnan	1,494	31	68	99	48	18	
14	Kilmuir, Easter	1,295	20	47	67	19	14	
15	Kiltearn	1,634	16	73	89	18	3	

Casual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the Year.				5.	6.							
3. So classed cause of Undetermined Settlements.		4. All other Casual Poor.		Number of Applicants refused Relief.	Number of Poor (already enumerated)—who were							No. of Parish.
Un-registered Poor.	Dependants.	Other Casual Poor.	Dependants.		Orphans or Deserted Children.	Relieved under order of Sheriff.	Natives of England.	Their Dependants.	Natives of Ireland.	Their Dependants.	Insane or Fatuous.	
1	1	13	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	65
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	66
3	4	13	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	67
...	...	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	68
1	...	2	4	1	9	...	...	...	...	...	5	69
...	...	1	1	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	4	70
...	...	5	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	6	71
...	...	76	91	...	8	...	...	...	6	9	7	72
...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	73
60	121	1,651	1,147	184	231	2	33	35	328	306	413	
23	16	309	370	6	87	...	11	2	270	306	51	1
12	14	21	16	9	6	...	1	...	14	17	6	2
1	2	60	70	2	7	...	2	3	45	57	5	3
53	65	141	194	31	57	2	3	2	204	265	20	4
2	2	124	23	5	2	...	7	3	34	7	...	5
95	593	235	179	190	288	1	34	27	894	781	108	6
2	...	82	100	8	...	1	...	...	83	91	1	7
...	...	18	7	3	4	...	...	...	10	3	2	8
...	...	106	48	...	...	...	8	...	18	...	4	9
9	11	112	96	2	20	1	1	...	70	51	6	10
2	1	111	129	47	1	...	13	9	56	39	3	11
...	...	88	64	11	5	...	...	...	16	6	10	12
2	...	198	134	5	14	...	22	13	93	97	8	13
12	27	460	532	15	47	1	14	9	293	188	17	14
23	499	266	307	121	212	2	13	9	421	569	27	15
52	56	143	145	42	57	...	14	8	177	193	16	16
7	3	65	51	2	12	...	2	6	28	19	4	17
,095	1,289	2,539	2,465	499	819	8	145	91	2,726	2,689	288	
2	...	7	...	1	3	1	...	...	...	...	7	1
...	...	18	2	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	11	2
...	...	8	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	5	3
10	...	20	...	9	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	4
6	5	8	6	6	...	1	...	...	...	...	5	5
3	...	14	21	2	8	...	2	1	2	...	12	6
...	...	32	19	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	7	7
3	3	2	4	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	2	8
...	...	18	10	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	4	9
...	...	10	2	3	5	...	...	...	...	...	8	10
...	...	10	5	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	11
...	...	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	12
2	...	9	5	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	11	13
1	...	1	1	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	4	14
...	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	15

No. of Parish.	County and Parish.	Population in 1861.	Number of Poor on Roll, or Register. 1. Relieved during the Year. Registered Poor. Males.	Females	Total.	Dependants.	2. Died, or ceased to receive Relief. Registered Poor.	Dependants.
16	Kincardine - - - -	1,746	18	72	90	18	9	1
17	Kintail - - - -	890	14	65	79	26	7	...
18	Knockbain - - - -	2,485	35	106	141	64	12	17
19	Lochalsh - - - -	2,413	29	95	124	39	10	6
20	Lochbroom - - -	4,862	55	143	198	95	10	12
21	Lochcarron - - -	1,592	15	48	63	21	5	7
22	Lochs - - - -	4,901	29	59	88	44	6	3
23	Logie Easter - - -	932	8	32	40	6	4	2
24	Nigg - - - -	1,253	14	48	62	8	5	...
25	Resolis - - - -	1,568	11	52	63	41	3	2
26	Rosemarkie - - -	1,545	22	56	78	24	4	1
27	Rosskeen - - - -	3,766	37	123	160	67	14	10
28	Stornoway - - - -	8,668	47	160	207	139	22	18
29	Tain - - - - -	3,294	22	112	134	90	27	18
30	Tarbat - - - -	2,269	24	66	90	60	12	6
31	Uig - - - - -	2,878	14	44	58	17	6	2
32	Urquhart - - - -	3,147	45	121	166	47	9	11
33	Urray - - - -	2,355	24	99	123	52	13	7
	Total - -	82,427	816	2,472	3,288	1,377	344	220
	ROXBURGH.							
1	Ancrum - - - -	1,511	5	27	32	24	5	5
2	Ashkirk - - - -	578	4	6	10	14	1	6
3	Bedrule - - - -	222	2	6	8	3	...	...
4	Bowden - - - -	864	7	17	24	7	...	...
5	Castleton - - - -	3,688	10	34	44	29	5	1
6	Cavers - - - -	2,122	17	31	48	37	2	8
7	Crailing - - - -	673	2	6	8	2	...	...
8	Eckford - - - -	957	5	16	21	16	1	1
9	Ednam - - - -	599	3	13	16	6	1	...
10	Hawick - - - -	8,866	87	171	258	172	54	41
11	Hobkirk - - - -	771	2	7	9	12	1	...
12	Hownam - - - -	289	1	4	5	...	1	...
13	Jedburgh - - - -	5,263	46	120	166	70	54	23
14	Kelso - - - -	5,192	41	134	175	80	35	34
15	Kirkton - - - -	421	2	5	7	4	1	1
16	Lilliesleaf - - - -	772	8	11	19	17	6	2
17	Linton - - - -	608	6	11	17	4	...	...
18	Mackerston - - -	380	...	4	4	...	...	...
19	Maxton - - - -	497	1	12	13	4	1	1
20	Melrose - - - -	7,711	45	113	158	110	19	13
21	Minto - - - -	430	5	11	16	11	1	...
22	Morebattle - - - -	1,031	3	11	14	2	1	...
23	Oxnam - - - -	627	4	6	10	5	2	1
24	Roberton - - - -	640	3	10	13	5	1	...
25	Roxburgh - - - -	1,178	11	30	41	7	3	...
26	St Boswells - - -	865	7	13	20	5	3	1
27	Smailholm - - - -	554	2	13	15	5	2	...

…asual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the Year.				5.	6. Number of Poor (already enumerated)—who were							No. of Parish.
3. …So classed …cause of Un-…etermined …ettlements.		4. All other Casual Poor.		Number of Applicants refused Relief.								
…n-…gis-…red …oor.	Dependants.	Other Casual Poor.	Dependants.		Orphans or Deserted Children.	Relieved under order of Sheriff.	Natives of England.	Their Dependants.	Natives of Ireland.	Their Dependants.	Insane or Fatuous.	
..	...	4	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	16
5	10	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	17
..	...	9	3	11	4	...	...	...	...	...	8	18
..	...	27	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	19
..	...	49	42	40	5	...	...	...	...	...	12	20
..	...	4	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	21
1	...	22	21	15	3	1	...	...	...	...	6	22
..	...	7	8	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	23
..	...	9	5	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	4	24
...	...	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	25
..	...	10	11	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	6	26
3	...	6	1	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	9	27
2	6	43	52	9	11	...	...	...	2	...	6	28
1	2	17	21	...	5	...	...	...	1	...	3	29
1	1	15	15	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	5	30
...	...	18	2	5	4	1	...	...	...	...	6	31
...	...	10	4	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	10	32
2	...	5	6	3	2	1	...	...	...	...	9	33
42	27	427	305	153	84	7	4	1	6	1	218	
1	1	25	25	2	5	...	1	1	2	2	3	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3
4	3	4	3	1	2	...	...	...	1	...	5	4
11	2	5	1	...	2	...	3	...	...	...	3	5
...	...	58	58	...	...	...	6	5	6	3	1	6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
...	...	25	27	3	...	1	...	...	5	10	1	8
...	...	3	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	9
2	...	119	143	21	21	...	26	16	39	29	16	10
1	...	3	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	11
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	12
1	...	212	174	129	13	1	25	15	58	45	15	13
3	...	391	183	270	7	...	99	39	94	37	19	14
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15
5	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	1	16
...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	17
1	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18
...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	19
3	2	515	597	41	9	...	86	81	86	73	16	20
...	...	3	3	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	5	21
1	...	4	6	2	...	...	1	1	...	...	2	22
1	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	23
...	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	24
4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	25
1	2	57	24	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	4	26
1	...	42	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	27

N. of Parish.	County and Parish.	Population in 1861.	Number of Poor on Roll, or Register. 1. Relieved during the Year. Registered Poor. Males.	Females	Total.	Dependants.	2. Died, or ceased to receive Relief. Registered Poor.	Dependants.
28	Southdean	759	4	4	8	4	...	...
29	Sprouston	1,305	14	38	52	18	1	2
30	Stitchel	425	1	7	8	1	2	1
31	Wilton	3,357	26	35	61	31	6	3
32	Yetholm	1,207	22	11	33	26	3	3
	Total	54,362	396	937	1,333	731	212	147
	SELKIRK.							
1	Ettrick	454	6	12	18	15	3	5
2	Galashiels	3,379	9	31	40	15	5	...
3	Kirkhope	555	4	8	12	2	3	...
4	Selkirk	4,739	29	54	83	53	12	4
5	Yarrow	643	4	4	8	1	1	...
	Total	9,770	52	109	161	86	24	9
	STIRLING.							
1	Airth	1,194	14	41	55	19	5	1
2	Alva	3,283	13	34	47	16	7	1
3	Baldernock	718	3	11	14	16	4	6
4	Balfron	1,517	14	51	65	29	4	...
5	Bothkennar	1,722	19	45	64	49	6	13
6	Buchanan	705	7	15	22	14	1	...
7	Campsie	6,483	52	108	160	101	36	34
8	Denny	4,988	46	90	136	102	23	23
9	Drymen	1,619	15	19	34	23	5	4
10	Dunipace	1,731	15	40	55	40	1	5
11	Falkirk	17,026	198	423	621	469	199	177
12	Fintry	685	4	24	28	4	3	1
13	Gargunnock	728	2	20	22	3	3	...
14	Killearn	1,171	7	13	20	8	7	4
15	Kilsyth	6,112	69	130	199	118	24	14
16	Kippen	1,722	23	47	70	39	9	2
17	Larbert	4,999	28	126	154	77	8	3
18	Lecropt	538	4	8	12	3	...	...
19	Muiravonside	2,660	23	43	66	46	7	11
20	Polmont	4,111	33	107	140	101	13	5
21	St Ninians	8,946	64	175	239	144	50	26
22	Slamannan	2,916	4	31	35	41	4	7
23	Stirling	11,714	77	171	248	257	83	141
24	Strathblane	1,388	7	16	23	13	8	7
	Total	88,676	741	1,788	2,529	1,732	510	485

Casual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the Year.				5.	6. Number of Poor (already enumerated)—who were							No. of Parish.
3. So classed because of Undetermined Settlements.		4. All other Casual Poor.		Number of Applicants refused Relief.								
Unregistered Poor.	Dependants.	Other Casual Poor.	Dependants.		Orphans or Deserted Children.	Relieved under order of Sheriff.	Natives of England.	Their Dependants.	Natives of Ireland.	Their Dependants.	Insane or Fatuous.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28
...	...	7	13	...	3	...	2	...	1	7	7	29
...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30
2	...	31	36	4	7	...	1	...	3	2	2	31
...	...	12	7	...	2	...	1	1	1	...	1	32
42	33	1,526	1,312	477	77	2	254	160	299	211	116	
...	...	13	21	38	...	...	1	...	4	3	2	1
2	...	238	121	21	11	...	51	16	43	15	6	2
...	...	10	19	...	...	...	...	...	6	16	4	3
1	3	70	86	8	...	2	5	4	20	23	8	4
1	...	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	5
4	3	333	251	67	11	2	57	20	73	57	22	
1	...	29	21	...	1	...	...	...	8	6	3	1
2	3	21	7	8	4	1	1	...	1	...	6	2
...	...	4	2	3	2	...	...	...	9	4	...	3
...	...	54	39	1	6	...	...	...	12	2	4	4
...	...	11	26	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	5	5
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	6
14	15	109	84	11	13	...	...	...	124	113	16	7
11	6	160	149	28	7	6	9	11	42	70	8	8
2	2	15	10	...	2	...	1	2	...	...	1	9
5	9	17	19	12	...	...	...	...	28	64	1	10
26	18	195	254	10	68	...	7	11	56	79	25	11
3	3	24	16	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	12
...	...	5	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	13
...	...	2	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	2	14
29	17	130	183	10	20	1	...	...	58	75	14	15
4	2	25	17	...	7	...	...	...	2	...	8	16
2	3	36	19	...	9	1	...	...	2	...	12	17
...	...	30	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	18
6	8	27	32	6	1	...	...	...	10	21	1	19
2	...	27	33	6	18	...	1	...	7	9	8	20
2	1	331	174	16	19	...	1	...	10	11	16	21
11	31	12	20	6	4	...	...	...	5	4	1	22
11	16	267	354	33	45	1	11	9	95	159	24	23
...	...	23	23	...	...	...	2	...	29	23	3	24
131	134	1,554	1,496	151	232	10	33	33	500	640	168	

No. of Parish.	County and Parish.	Population in 1861.	Number of Poor on Roll, or Register. 1. Relieved during the Year. Registered Poor. Males.	Females	Total.	De-pend-ants.	2. Died, or ceased to receive Relief. Regis-tered Poor.	De-pend-ants.
	SUTHERLAND.							
1	Assynt - - - -	3,178	29	86	115	44	8	2
2	Clyne - - - -	1,886	11	50	61	11	6	...
3	Creich - - - -	2,521	22	78	100	21	12	5
4	Dornoch - - - -	2,885	20	64	84	41	12	23
5	Duirness - - - -	1,109	11	30	41	29	5	7
6	Eddrachillis - - -	1,641	12	47	59	24	7	...
7	Farr - - - - -	2,103	27	85	112	27	10	4
8	Golspie - - - -	1,615	4	28	32	5	6	...
9	Kildonan - - - -	2,132	16	53	69	28	11	10
10	Lairg - - - -	961	6	31	37	10	1	...
11	Loth - - - - -	610	7	19	26	9	5	4
12	Rogart - - - -	1,439	5	34	39	3	6	3
13	Tongue - - - -	2,077	16	84	100	30	4	5
	Total - -	24,157	186	689	875	282	93	63
	WIGTOWN.							
1	Glasserton - - - -	1,472	21	39	60	36	3	2
2	Inch - - - - -	3,469	36	89	125	72	9	5
3	Kirkcolm - - - -	1,860	31	47	78	48	5	4
4	Kirkinner - - - -	1,716	17	57	74	22	5	...
5	Kirkmaiden - - -	2,333	31	75	106	73	10	9
6	Kirkowan - - - -	1,434	17	50	67	21	19	3
7	Leswalt - - - -	2,701	44	86	130	54	11	4
8	Luce, New - - -	731	14	34	48	2	20	...
9	Luce, Old - - - -	2,800	37	64	101	52	11	11
10	Mochrum - - - -	2,694	42	93	135	120	17	17
11	Penninghame - - -	4,061	66	127	193	74	14	8
12	Portpatrick - - -	2,189	25	75	100	33	12	3
13	Sorby - - - -	1,814	29	60	89	12	9	...
14	Stoneykirk - - -	3,228	77	130	207	177	22	30
15	Stranraer - - - -	4,022	64	88	152	130	66	71
16	Whithorn - - - -	2,934	46	105	151	79	15	5
17	Wigtown - - - -	2,637	35	79	114	76	35	28
	Total - -	42,095	632	1,298	1,930	1,081	283	200

Casual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the Year.				5.	6.							No. of Parish.
3. So classed because of Undetermined Settlements.		4. All other Casual Poor.		Number of Applicants refused Relief.	Number of Poor (already enumerated)—who were							
Unregistered Poor	Dependants.	Other Casual Poor.	Dependants.		Orphans or Deserted Children.	Relieved under order of Sheriff.	Natives of England.	Their Dependants.	Natives of Ireland.	Their Dependants.	Insane or Fatuous.	
...	...	2	1	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	4	1
...	...	8	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	2
1	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	3
...	...	11	13	7	1	3	...	...	...	...	4	4
...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	5
...	...	4	13	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6
...	...	12	4	12	4	...	...	...	...	...	4	7
...	...	5	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	8
2	2	7	7	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	9
1	...	3	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	10
...	...	2	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	11
...	...	3	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	12
3	...	1	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	5	13
7	2	65	43	45	19	3	...	...	...	...	53	
2	1	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	19	10	4	1
7	4	12	6	...	2	...	1	...	100	59	6	2
1	2	42	30	...	5	...	2	5	34	23	2	3
...	...	16	10	1	5	1	...	...	1	1	2	4
3	5	35	23	5	7	...	1	...	42	30	3	5
...	...	19	24	...	2	...	3	...	37	17	7	6
9	9	75	33	5	7	...	...	...	118	76	8	7
...	...	23	9	...	2	...	...	...	5	...	2	8
2	...	24	13	...	...	...	...	...	25	7	7	9
3	9	20	23	3	10	...	5	10	61	55	4	10
6	5	23	25	7	25	...	4	4	62	33	23	11
8	8	26	17	3	6	...	...	...	50	17	7	12
...	...	10	5	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	13
2	1	12	33	1	32	...	...	...	48	53	16	14
12	13	106	127	7	33	...	6	8	74	54	8	15
...	...	52	52	1	14	1	...	...	51	22	6	16
1	2	23	34	30	4	...	5	6	40	23	7	17
56	59	520	464	63	156	2	27	33	770	480	115	

GENERAL SUMMARY.—NUMBER OF

No. of County.	COUNTIES.	No. of Parishes.	Population in 1861.	Number of Poor on Roll, or Register. 1. Relieved during the Year. Registered Poor. Males.	Females	Total.	Dependants.	2. Died, or ceased to receive Relief. Registered Poor.	Dependants.	Number of Registered Poor at 14th May 1869.	Number of Dependants of Registered Poor at 14th May 1869.
1	Aberdeen -	82	222,550	2,246	5,669	7,915	5,428	1,663	1,540	6,252	3,888
2	Argyll - -	36	79,587	1,140	2,556	3,696	1,626	588	342	3,108	1,284
3	Ayr - -	46	199,063	2,240	4,466	6,706	5,165	1,356	1,277	5,350	3,888
4	Banff - -	23	57,901	583	1,505	2,088	1,451	228	185	1,860	1,266
5	Berwick -	32	36,488	366	878	1,244	638	102	55	1,142	583
6	Bute - -	6	16,331	148	442	590	249	82	31	508	218
7	Caithness -	10	42,200	405	1,217	1,622	903	269	231	1,353	672
8	Clackmannan	5	23,605	159	455	614	354	72	83	542	271
9	Dumbarton	12	54,179	468	1,051	1,519	1,171	290	232	1,229	939
10	Dumfries -	43	75,904	691	1,688	2,379	1,463	318	318	2,061	1,145
11	Edinburgh -	31	274,083	2,852	6,207	9,059	6,836	2,338	2,148	6,721	4,688
12	Elgin - -	20	43,131	388	1,184	1,572	681	224	153	1,348	528
13	Fife - -	62	155,021	1,388	2,978	4,366	2,529	889	528	3,477	2,001
14	Forfar -	53	204,425	2,360	4,714	7,074	5,383	2,364	1,977	4,710	3,406
15	Haddington -	24	37,626	360	905	1,265	639	221	134	1,044	505
16	Inverness -	31	89,174	973	2,774	3,747	1,347	528	262	3,219	1,085
17	Kincardine -	19	34,854	329	888	1,217	669	172	115	1,045	554
18	Kinross -	4	7,147	47	111	158	87	21	21	137	66
19	Kirkcudbright	28	42,495	414	1,147	1,561	884	200	103	1,361	781
20	Lanark -	41	640,444	7,513	15,450	22,963	17,509	8,543	6,942	14,420	10,567
21	Linlithgow -	13	39,055	277	772	1,049	639	140	104	909	535
22	Nairn - -	4	8,347	89	234	323	176	39	51	284	125
23	Orkney & Shetland	32	64,065	461	1,607	2,068	586	217	65	1,851	521
24	Peebles -	14	11,300	80	204	284	177	39	35	245	142
25	Perth - -	73	133,086	1,188	2,880	4,068	1,869	572	333	3,496	1,536
26	Renfrew -	17	168,746	1,951	4,170	6,121	4,622	2,109	1,976	4,012	2,646
27	Ross - -	33	82,427	816	2,472	3,288	1,377	344	220	2,944	1,157
28	Roxburgh -	32	54,362	396	937	1,333	731	212	147	1,121	584
29	Selkirk -	5	9,770	52	109	161	86	24	9	137	77
30	Stirling -	24	88,676	741	1,788	2,529	1,732	510	485	2,019	1,247
31	Sutherland -	13	24,157	186	689	875	282	93	63	782	219
32	Wigtown -	17	42,095	632	1,298	1,930	1,081	283	200	1,647	881
	Total	885	3,062,294	31,939	73,445	105,384	68,370	25,050	20,365	80,334	48,005

)OOR RELIEVED, Year ended 14th May 1869.

Casual or Unregistered Poor relieved during the Year.						5.	6. Number of Poor (already enumerated)—who were							No. of County.
3. So classed)cause of Un- letermined)ettlements.		4. All other Casual Poor.		Number of Casual Poor at 14th May 1869.	Number of Dependants of Casual Poor at 14th May 1869.	Number of Applicants refused Relief.								
Un- gis- ered oor.	Dependants.	Other Casual Poor.	Dependants.				Orphans or Deserted Children.	Relieved under order of Sheriff.	Natives of England.	Their Dependants.	Natives of Ireland.	Their Dependants.	Insane or Fatuous.	
140	185	1,836	1,748	280	239	388	469	51	24	22	55	49	542	1
87	56	558	452	123	72	117	167	3	4	...	79	64	280	2
278	366	4,225	4,169	161	232	567	550	6	268	186	2,684	2,711	349	3
62	81	286	249	42	31	41	71	5	4	...	13	12	138	4
63	55	705	604	40	33	282	73	2	175	73	184	146	72	5
48	25	52	27	18	17	23	36	1	1	...	62	51	40	6
92	119	200	213	32	23	79	82	5	2	1	...	...	102	7
23	37	224	150	16	13	16	31	3	10	4	41	43	42	8
92	147	939	807	53	71	87	140	...	24	21	611	587	95	9
107	128	1,771	1,681	66	58	230	156	3	228	171	468	412	194	10
781	714	8,518	4,946	268	308	810	635	85	498	320	2,562	3,185	901	11
53	58	272	211	33	43	45	73	4	6	10	8	7	109	12
218	189	2,142	1,735	110	83	521	207	1	56	60	227	218	344	13
546	518	2,694	2,408	122	164	193	529	5	98	95	1,314	1,687	583	14
80	95	291	332	23	30	153	78	3	22	16	97	131	116	15
98	78	532	401	126	96	151	170	10	14	12	30	36	266	16
78	77	290	206	99	76	40	90	1	10	...	24	4	100	17
1	1	55	1	...	...	10	2	...	4	...	7	...	25	18
53	77	770	899	31	42	154	95	6	50	69	266	243	105	19
,977	4,005	7,155	8,199	1,361	1,804	1,767	2,105	168	382	391	6,902	7,798	1,321	20
45	50	843	687	34	45	168	66	...	16	7	254	277	65	21
6	12	53	50	7	8	12	7	2	...	...	1	2	23	22
42	15	331	178	125	27	101	31	25	...	...	...	...	114	23
24	24	253	150	7	4	15	15	...	39	13	95	40	27	24
160	121	1,651	1,147	109	96	184	231	2	33	35	328	306	413	25
,095	1,289	2,539	2,465	157	204	499	819	8	145	91	2,726	2,689	288	26
42	27	427	305	85	57	153	84	7	4	1	6	1	216	27
42	33	1,526	1,312	30	18	477	77	2	254	160	299	211	116	28
4	3	333	251	...	...	67	11	2	57	20	73	57	22	29
131	134	1,554	1,496	63	72	151	232	10	33	33	500	640	168	30
7	2	65	43	7	5	45	19	3	...	...	...	...	53	31
56	59	520	464	62	65	63	156	2	27	33	770	480	115	32
,531	8,780	43,610	37,986	3,690	4,036	7,609	7,507	425	2488	1844	20686	22087	7,346	

SUPPLEMENTARY SUMMARY, No. I.—Number of

No.	COUNTIES.	No. of Parishes.	Population in 1861.	Registered Poor relieved during the Year.			Dependants.		
				Males.	Females	Total.	Males.	Females	Total.
1	Aberdeen - - -	82	222,550	2,246	5,669	7,915	2,307	3,121	5,428
2	Argyll - - - -	36	79,587	1,140	2,556	3,696	683	943	1,626
3	Ayr - - - -	46	199,063	2,240	4,466	6,706	2,343	2,822	5,165
4	Banff - - - -	23	57,901	583	1,505	2,088	651	800	1,451
5	Berwick - - -	32	36,488	366	878	1,244	233	405	638
6	Bute - - - -	6	16,331	148	442	590	101	148	249
7	Caithness - - -	10	42,200	405	1,217	1,622	383	520	903
8	Clackmannan - - -	5	23,605	159	455	614	124	230	354
9	Dumbarton - - -	12	54,179	468	1,051	1,519	537	634	1,171
10	Dumfries - - -	43	75,904	691	1,688	2,379	654	809	1,463
11	Edinburgh - - -	31	274,083	2,852	6,207	9,059	2,968	3,868	6,836
12	Elgin - - - -	20	43,131	388	1,184	1,572	311	370	681
13	Fife - - - -	62	155,021	1,388	2,978	4,366	1,199	1,330	2,529
14	Forfar - - - -	53	204,425	2,360	4,714	7,074	2,406	2,977	5,383
15	Haddington - - -	24	37,626	360	905	1,265	282	357	639
16	Inverness - - -	31	89,174	973	2,774	3,747	545	802	1,347
17	Kincardine - - -	19	34,854	329	888	1,217	309	360	669
18	Kinross - - - -	4	7,147	47	111	158	37	50	87
19	Kirkcudbright - -	28	42,495	414	1,147	1,561	380	504	884
20	Lanark - - -	41	640,444	7,513	15,450	22,963	7,501	10,008	17,509
21	Linlithgow - - -	13	39,055	277	772	1,049	275	364	639
22	Nairn - - - -	4	8,347	89	234	323	76	100	176
23	Orkney and Shetland -	32	64,065	461	1,607	2,068	228	358	586
24	Peebles - - - -	14	11,300	80	204	284	74	103	177
25	Perth - - - -	73	133,086	1,188	2,880	4,068	834	1,035	1,869
26	Renfrew - - -	17	168,746	1,951	4,170	6,121	2,012	2,610	4,622
27	Ross - - - -	33	82,427	816	2,472	3,288	517	860	1,377
28	Roxburgh - - -	32	54,362	396	937	1,333	305	426	731
29	Selkirk - - - -	5	9,770	52	109	161	41	45	86
30	Stirling - - - -	24	88,676	741	1,788	2,529	788	944	1,732
31	Sutherland - - -	13	24,157	186	689	875	122	160	282
32	Wigtown - - -	17	42,095	632	1,298	1,930	464	617	1,081
	Total -	885	3,062,294	31,939	73,445	105384	29,690	38,680	68,370

Registered Poor Relieved, Year ended 14th May 1869.

Registered Poor who Died, or ceased to receive Relief.			Dependants who Died, or ceased to receive Relief.			Registered Poor at 14th May 1869.			Dependants at 14th May 1869.			No.
Males.	Females	Total.	Males.	Females	Total.	Males.	Females	Total.	Males.	Females	Total.	
600	1,063	1,663	649	891	1,540	1,646	4,606	6,252	1,658	2,230	3,888	1
228	360	588	151	191	342	912	2,196	3,108	532	752	1,284	2
581	775	1,356	576	701	1,277	1,659	3,691	5,350	1,767	2,121	3,888	3
77	151	228	85	100	185	506	1,354	1,860	566	700	1,266	4
27	75	102	21	34	55	339	803	1,142	212	371	583	5
17	65	82	14	17	31	131	377	508	87	131	218	6
85	184	269	106	125	231	320	1,033	1,353	277	395	672	7
32	40	72	34	49	83	127	415	542	90	181	271	8
133	157	290	97	135	232	335	894	1,229	440	499	939	9
128	190	318	150	168	318	563	1,498	2,061	504	641	1,145	10
953	1,385	2,338	893	1,255	2,148	1,899	4,822	6,721	2,075	2,613	4,688	11
81	143	224	69	84	153	307	1,041	1,348	242	286	528	12
374	515	889	272	256	528	1,014	2,463	3,477	927	1,074	2,001	13
911	1,453	2,364	919	1,058	1,977	1,449	3,261	4,710	1,487	1,919	3,406	14
78	143	221	62	72	134	282	762	1,044	220	285	505	15
156	372	528	108	154	262	817	2,402	3,219	437	648	1,085	16
62	110	172	40	75	115	267	778	1,045	269	285	554	17
8	13	21	10	11	21	39	98	137	27	39	66	18
61	139	200	48	55	103	353	1,008	1,361	332	449	781	19
3,380	5,163	8,543	3,041	3,901	6,942	4,133	10,287	14,420	4,460	6,107	10,567	20
53	87	140	44	60	104	224	685	909	231	304	535	21
19	20	39	21	30	51	70	214	284	55	70	125	22
65	152	217	20	45	65	396	1,455	1,851	208	313	521	23
12	27	39	14	21	35	68	177	245	60	82	142	24
202	370	572	148	185	333	986	2,510	3,496	686	850	1,536	25
795	1,314	2,109	848	1,128	1,976	1,156	2,856	4,012	1,164	1,482	2,646	26
118	226	344	84	136	220	698	2,246	2,944	433	724	1,157	27
76	136	212	56	91	147	320	801	1,121	249	335	584	28
8	16	24	6	3	9	44	93	137	35	42	77	29
196	314	510	213	272	485	545	1,474	2,019	575	672	1,247	30
30	63	93	27	36	63	156	626	782	95	124	219	31
112	171	283	81	119	200	520	1,127	1,647	383	498	881	32
9,658	15,392	25,050	8,907	11,458	20,365	22,281	58,053	80,334	20,783	27,222	48,005	

SUPPLEMENTARY SUMMARY, No. II.—Number of Casua

No.	COUNTIES.	Population in 1861.	Poor relieved and classed as Casual because of Undetermined Settlement.			Their Dependants.			All other Casual or Unregistered Poor.			Their Dependants.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	Aberdeen - -	222,550	65	75	140	91	94	185	793	1043	1836	752	996	1748
2	Argyll - -	79,587	31	56	87	26	30	56	270	288	558	172	280	452
3	Ayr - - -	199,063	139	139	278	178	188	366	2250	1975	4225	1826	2343	4169
4	Banff - -	57,901	27	35	62	27	54	81	119	167	286	94	155	249
5	Berwick - -	36,488	23	40	63	31	24	55	385	320	705	260	344	604
6	Bute - -	16,331	12	36	48	10	15	25	21	31	52	9	18	27
7	Caithness - -	42,200	40	52	92	55	64	119	82	118	200	90	123	213
8	Clackmannan -	23,605	8	15	23	17	20	37	108	116	224	63	87	150
9	Dumbarton -	54,179	35	57	92	69	78	147	441	498	939	346	461	807
10	Dumfries - -	75,904	44	63	107	56	72	128	922	849	1771	745	936	1681
11	Edinburgh -	274,083	322	459	781	295	419	714	3808	4710	8518	2152	2794	4946
12	Elgin - -	43,131	18	35	53	29	29	58	110	162	272	81	130	211
13	Fife - - -	155,021	100	118	218	77	112	189	841	1301	2142	746	989	1735
14	Forfar - -	204,425	170	376	546	245	273	518	1088	1606	2694	1108	1300	2408
15	Haddington -	37,626	41	39	80	37	58	95	106	185	291	145	187	332
16	Inverness - -	89,174	36	62	98	32	46	78	207	325	532	154	247	401
17	Kincardine -	34,854	41	37	78	35	42	77	125	165	290	88	118	206
18	Kinross - -	7,147	1	...	1	...	1	1	31	24	55	...	1	1
19	Kirkcudbright -	42,495	24	29	53	31	46	77	434	336	770	397	502	899
20	Lanark - -	640,444	1654	2323	3977	1800	2205	4005	2835	4320	7155	3436	4763	8199
21	Linlithgow -	39,055	26	19	45	17	33	50	365	478	843	296	391	687
22	Nairn - -	8,347	3	3	6	8	4	12	29	24	53	17	33	50
23	Orkney & Shetland	64,065	11	31	42	9	6	15	114	217	331	69	109	178
24	Peebles - -	11,300	13	11	24	11	13	24	126	127	253	65	85	150
25	Perth - -	133,086	63	97	160	66	55	121	673	978	1651	475	672	1147
26	Renfrew - -	168,746	425	670	1095	576	713	1289	1186	1353	2539	1002	1463	2465
27	Ross - -	82,427	21	21	42	12	15	27	183	244	427	116	189	305
28	Roxburgh - -	54,362	21	21	42	18	15	33	957	569	1526	517	795	1312
29	Selkirk - -	9,770	...	4	4	1	2	3	167	166	333	103	148	251
30	Stirling - -	88,676	53	78	131	55	79	134	675	879	1554	673	823	1496
31	Sutherland -	24,157	2	5	7	...	2	2	31	34	65	19	24	43
32	Wigtown - -	42,095	23	33	56	19	40	59	235	285	520	177	287	464
	Total -	3,062,294	3492	5039	8531	3933	4847	8780	19717	23893	43610	16193	21793	3798[illegible]

Unregistered Poor Relieved, Year ended 14th May 1869.

otal Casual or registered Poor relieved, ear ended 14th May 1869.			Their Dependants.			Casual Poor also returned as Registered Poor.			Their Dependants.			Casual Poor at 14th May 1869.			Their Dependants.			No.
[illegible]	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
8	1118	1976	843	1090	1933	378	579	957	411	600	1011	127	153	280	113	126	239	1
1	344	645	198	310	508	96	88	184	73	116	189	55	68	123	26	46	72	2
9	2114	4503	2004	2531	4535	240	296	536	304	414	718	85	76	161	105	127	232	3
6	202	348	121	209	330	54	84	138	49	78	127	15	27	42	12	19	31	4
8	360	768	291	368	659	25	33	58	21	32	53	17	23	40	15	18	33	5
3	67	100	19	33	52	9	20	29	13	15	28	5	13	18	7	10	17	6
2	170	292	145	187	332	55	96	151	86	114	200	8	24	32	15	8	23	7
6	131	247	80	107	187	29	33	62	35	46	81	4	12	16	5	8	13	8
6	555	1031	415	539	954	78	71	149	89	110	199	17	36	53	30	41	71	9
67	911	1878	801	1008	1809	76	145	221	103	133	236	27	39	66	19	39	58	10
30	5169	9299	2447	3213	5660	931	1441	2372	850	1040	1890	97	171	268	127	181	308	11
28	197	325	110	159	269	49	94	143	43	62	105	17	16	33	19	24	43	12
41	1419	2360	823	1101	1924	203	268	471	172	230	402	41	69	110	33	50	83	13
58	1982	3240	1353	1573	2926	796	1116	1912	808	980	1788	33	89	122	77	87	164	14
47	224	371	182	245	427	43	72	115	47	61	108	12	11	23	14	16	30	15
43	387	630	186	293	479	55	121	176	42	76	118	45	81	126	40	56	96	16
56	202	368	123	160	283	25	36	61	16	36	52	41	58	99	34	42	76	17
32	24	56	...	2	2	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	18
58	365	823	428	548	976	38	61	99	36	49	85	14	17	31	21	21	42	19
39	6643	11132	5236	6968	12204	1880	2717	4597	2712	3616	6330	569	792	1361	660	1144	1804	20
91	497	888	313	424	737	24	28	52	27	42	69	21	13	34	15	30	45	21
32	27	59	25	37	62	16	16	32	12	24	36	2	5	7	5	3	8	22
25	248	373	78	115	193	40	77	117	21	36	57	33	92	125	11	16	27	23
39	138	277	76	98	174	1	7	8	4	5	9	3	4	7	2	2	4	24
36	1075	1811	541	727	1268	100	156	256	68	101	169	47	62	109	45	51	96	25
11	2023	3634	1578	2176	3754	555	631	1186	559	881	1440	44	113	157	98	106	204	26
04	265	469	128	204	332	64	110	174	62	95	157	37	48	85	17	40	57	27
78	590	1568	535	810	1345	43	52	95	39	72	111	7	23	30	9	9	18	28
67	170	337	104	150	254	3	11	14	7	10	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	29
28	957	1685	728	902	1630	121	154	275	132	156	288	28	35	63	29	43	72	30
33	39	72	19	26	45	10	13	23	9	11	20	2	5	7	2	3	5	31
58	318	576	196	327	523	52	67	119	54	77	131	25	37	62	24	41	65	32
210	28931	52141	20126	26640	46766	6090	8693	14733	6904	9321	16225	1478	2212	3690	1629	2407	4036	

SUPPLEMENTARY SUMMARY, No. III.—

No. of County.	COUNTIES.	Population in 1861.	Number of Persons removed to England, either Voluntarily or by Warrant of Sheriff or Justices.			Number of their Dependants.			Number of Persons removed to Ireland, either Voluntarily or by Warrant of Sheriff or Justices.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	Aberdeen - - -	222,550	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Argyll - - - -	79,587	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Ayr - - - -	199,063	4	3	7	6	5	11	9	10	19
4	Banff - - - -	57,901	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Berwick - - -	36,488	2	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...
6	Bute - - - -	16,331	...	1	1	1	2	3	...	...	...
7	Caithness - - -	42,200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Clackmannan - -	23,605	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Dumbarton - - -	54,179	1	1	2	1	3	4	1	4	5
10	Dumfries - - -	75,904	1	2	3	...	...	...	2	1	3
11	Edinburgh - - -	274,083	8	6	14	8	8	16	28	25	53
12	Elgin - - - -	43,131	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
13	Fife - - - -	155,021	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	2
14	Forfar - - - -	204,425	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	3
15	Haddington - - -	37,626	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Inverness - - -	89,174	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	Kincardine - - -	34,854	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	Kinross - - - -	7,147	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	Kirkcudbright - -	42,495	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	Lanark - - - -	640,444	5	10	15	10	5	15	41	55	96
21	Linlithgow - - -	39,055	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	Nairn - - - -	8,347	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	Orkney and Shetland -	64,065	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	Peebles - - - -	11,300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	Perth - - - -	133,086	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
26	Renfrew - - -	168,746	...	1	1	...	...	...	12	9	21
27	Ross - - - -	82,427	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	Roxburgh - - -	54,362	2	2	4	1	2	3	3	1	4
29	Selkirk - - - -	9,770	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
30	Stirling - - - -	88,676	1	1	2	...	4	4	1	3	4
31	Sutherland - - -	24,157	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	Wigtown - - -	42,095	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	5
	Total - -	3,062,294	30	29	59	28	31	59	102	115	217

Number of Removals, Year ended 14th May 1869.

Number of their Dependants.			Number of Persons removed to the Parish from another Parish in Scotland, either judicially or otherwise.			Number of their Dependants.			Number of Persons removed to the Parish from England by Warrant.			Number of their Dependants.		
Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
...	...	...	23	47	70	33	37	70	1	2	3	...	2	2
...	...	...	4	8	12	2	5	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	13	23	9	31	40	30	22	52	...	1	1	...	1	1
...	...	...	5	4	9	5	12	17	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	2	3	5	...	1	1	1	1	2	...	1	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	2	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	5	11	3	8	11	4	6	10	2	...	2	...	...	...
3	1	4	5	10	15	7	10	17	1	2	3	2	3	5
20	20	40	86	163	249	111	129	240	3	9	12	3	5	8
...	...	...	2	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	2	3	2	5	7	2	5	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	2	3	71	153	224	70	90	160	1	1	2	3	1	4
...	...	...	3	2	5	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	2
...	...	...	3	5	8	3	9	12	1	...	1	...	...	...
...	...	...	2	3	5	1	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
36	36	72	165	281	446	173	229	402	18	18	36	16	18	34
...	...	...	7	4	11	3	5	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	1	5	6	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	1	1	2	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...
...	...	...	11	19	30	14	9	23	1	2	3	...	2	2
11	23	34	52	69	121	56	63	119	3	7	10	5	5	10
...	...	...	3	2	5	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	4	9	13	9	3	12	...	3	3	3	2	5
2	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	4	7	11	8	19	5	13	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	7	11	4	6	10	2	3	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
97	114	211	481	850	1331	533	654	1187	32	48	80	34	40	74

SUPPLEMENTARY SUMMARY, No. IV.—Number and

No.	COUNTIES.	Population in 1861.	Total Number of Lunatic Poor relieved during the Year ended 14th May 1869.			Number of such who have died, been cured, or ceased to receive relief during the Year.		
			Males.	Females	Total.	Males.	Females	Total.
1	Aberdeen - - - -	222,550	256	286	542	41	34	75
2	Argyll - - - - -	79,587	131	149	280	17	15	32
3	Ayr - - - - -	199,063	155	194	349	29	36	65
4	Banff - - - - -	57,901	59	79	138	6	9	15
5	Berwick - - - -	36,488	32	40	72	1	7	8
6	Bute - - - - -	16,331	14	26	40	...	2	2
7	Caithness - - - -	42,200	44	58	102	5	3	8
8	Clackmannan - - -	23,605	14	28	42	1	3	4
9	Dumbarton - - - -	54,179	53	42	95	9	4	13
10	Dumfries - - - -	75,904	96	98	194	11	15	26
11	Edinburgh - - - -	274,083	374	527	901	91	128	219
12	Elgin - - - - -	43,131	53	56	109	6	5	11
13	Fife - - - - -	155,021	166	178	344	26	36	62
14	Forfar - - - - -	204,425	247	336	583	38	49	87
15	Haddington - - - -	37,626	56	60	116	7	12	19
16	Inverness - - - -	89,174	131	135	266	13	15	28
17	Kincardine - - - -	34,854	44	56	100	4	11	15
18	Kinross - - - - -	7,147	13	12	25	1	2	3
19	Kirkcudbright - - -	42,495	53	52	105	6	3	9
20	Lanark - - - - -	640,444	630	691	1,321	165	181	346
21	Linlithgow - - - -	39,055	34	31	65	4	6	10
22	Nairn - - - - -	8,347	12	11	23	...	1	1
23	Orkney and Shetland - -	64,065	58	56	114	3	4	7
24	Peebles - - - - -	11,300	11	16	27	...	...	...
25	Perth - - - - -	133,086	199	214	413	18	16	34
26	Renfrew - - - -	168,746	117	171	288	35	45	80
27	Ross - - - - -	82,427	110	108	218	13	19	32
28	Roxburgh - - - -	54,362	59	57	116	8	10	18
29	Selkirk - - - - -	9,770	11	11	22	2	2	4
30	Stirling - - - - -	88,676	79	89	168	15	13	28
31	Sutherland - - - -	24,157	31	22	53	5	4	9
32	Wigtown - - - -	42,095	57	58	115	6	8	14
	Total -	3,062,294	3,399	3,947	7,346	586	698	1,284

OST OF LUNATIC POOR, Year ended 14th May 1869.

umber remaining on ll at 14th May 1869.			Number in Asylums and Poorhouses at 14th May 1869.			Number in Private Dwellings at 14th May 1869.			Total Amount expended on account of Lunatic Poor during the Year ended 14th May 1869.			No.
ales.	Females	Total.	Males.	Females	Total.	Males.	Females	Total.	£	s.	d.	
215	252	467	168	192	360	47	60	107	8,964	13	7	1
114	134	248	66	74	140	48	60	108	4,525	6	2	2
126	158	284	86	105	191	40	53	93	6,023	1	6½	3
53	70	123	33	43	76	20	27	47	2,544	19	9	4
31	33	64	22	23	45	9	10	19	1,386	0	6½	5
14	24	38	7	14	21	7	10	17	591	17	8	6
39	55	94	19	25	44	20	30	50	1,555	5	8	7
13	25	38	11	17	28	2	8	10	730	7	3½	8
44	38	82	38	28	66	6	10	16	1,912	4	0	9
85	83	168	71	58	129	14	25	39	3,019	3	8½	10
283	399	682	251	352	603	32	47	79	13,617	2	7	11
47	51	98	39	30	69	8	21	29	1,613	2	2	12
140	142	282	108	114	222	32	28	60	6,164	13	7	13
209	287	496	179	248	427	30	39	69	9,831	3	1½	14
49	48	97	37	35	72	12	13	25	2,261	15	7	15
118	120	238	71	66	137	47	54	101	4,763	11	5¼	16
40	45	85	30	33	63	10	12	22	1,579	9	7	17
12	10	22	9	6	15	3	4	7	452	11	3	18
47	49	96	31	29	60	16	20	36	1,594	16	4½	19
465	510	975	425	441	866	40	69	109	22,271	1	11½	20
30	25	55	26	20	46	4	5	9	1,334	7	8	21
12	10	22	8	8	16	4	2	6	525	2	2	22
55	52	107	27	21	48	28	31	59	1,972	1	1½	23
11	16	27	10	14	24	1	2	3	637	6	0	24
181	198	379	122	128	250	58	71	129	7,762	19	3	25
82	126	208	73	115	188	9	11	20	5,076	3	5	26
97	89	186	57	42	99	40	47	87	3,971	3	8	27
51	47	98	29	25	54	22	22	44	2,164	13	7	28
9	9	18	8	5	13	1	4	5	383	3	10	29
64	76	140	52	63	115	12	13	25	3,155	18	7	30
26	18	44	13	5	18	13	13	26	809	15	8	31
51	50	101	28	23	51	23	27	50	1,617	10	4½	32
813	3,249	6,062	2,154	2,402	4,556	658	848	1,506	124,812	12	10¾	

APPENDIX (B.)—No. 7.

GENERAL ABSTRACT of Receipt and Expenditure of Monies arising from Church Collections in Assessed Parishes, for the Year ending 14th May 1869.

Note.—An asterisk (*) denotes that in these Parishes the sum stated to be expended on the Relief of the Poor, or part thereof, was handed by the Kirk Session to the Parochial Board for that purpose.

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT.			EXPENDITURE.					
		Amount of Monies Received.			Expended on the Relief of the Poor.			Expended on other Purposes.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
	ABERDEEN.									
1	Aberdeen—									
	East Parish	90	6	9	87	14	0	11	19	11
	West Parish	59	19	2	52	5	2	8	7	6
	North Parish	50	2	10	48	1	0	16	2	6
	Greyfriars' Parish	65	5	1	40	11	10	6	17	7
	South Parish	57	9	2	39	8	0	16	7	3
	St Clement's Parish	41	8	3	14	1	3	12	3	10
2	Aboyne	25	9	5	8	7	11	17	1	6
3	Alford	22	8	11	12	10	0	13	11	3
4	Auchindoir	16	11	6	8	5	6	8	6	0
5	Auchterless	44	9	11	28	11	6	15	18	4
6	Belhelvie	9	12	1	2	12	1	7	0	0
7	Birse	24	4	9		...		21	2	7
8	Cairney	16	18	1	3	7	2	13	10	11
9	Chapel-of-Garioch	32	18	5	7	12	1	20	9	4
10	Clatt	10	9	2	2	17	0	9	8	4
11	Cluny	20	5	2	15	12	1	6	15	4
12	Coull	9	5	0	1	19	4	7	6	8
13	Crathie and Braemar	61	14	1	48	4	5	17	0	0
14	Crimond	20	4	8	10	16	3	10	14	4
15	Cruden	41	8	0	19	3	3	22	4	9
16	Culsamond	15	1	3		...		15	1	3
17	Deer (Old)	55	8	6	45	0	4	10	8	1
18	Drumblade	12	4	3	0	10	0	11	14	3
19	Dyce	22	0	10		...		22	10	6
20	Ellon	49	11	10	19	16	5	29	15	5
21	Fintray	2	2	2		...		2	2	2
22	Forgue	15	5	9	4	8	1	10	17	8
23	Foveran	28	11	3	11	10	0	22	19	9
24	Fraserburgh	27	12	2	14	10	8	13	1	6
25	Fyvie	76	16	7	39	18	9	28	18	7
26	Gartly	12	2	11	1	0	0	11	13	0
27	Glass	11	10	4	0	5	0	9	10	10
28	Glenbucket	7	2	7	6	2	6		...	
29	Glenmuick	45	18	3	28	15	8	17	2	7
30	Huntly	38	16	2		...		38	16	2
31	Insch	27	1	0	4	11	0	22	10	0
32	Inverurie	52	3	9	10	0	0	41	2	1
33	Keig	4	14	8	1	17	3	2	17	5
34	Kemnay	9	10	8		...		14	2	0
35	Kincardine O'Neil	31	8	11	16	12	7	17	1	9
36	King-Edward	69	17	0		...		69	17	0
37	Kinnellar	15	11	2	4	4	11	11	6	2
38	Kinnethmont	11	3	1	7	15	8	11	3	0
39	Kintore		...			...			...	
40	Leslie		...			...			...	
41	Logie-Buchan	13	8	7	0	13	0	16	5	0
42	Logie-Coldstone	15	11	6		...		12	7	6

o.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. Amount of Monies Received.	EXPENDITURE. Expended on the Relief of the Poor.	EXPENDITURE. Expended on other Purposes.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
3	Longside - - - -	36 3 0	9 18 6	26 5 6
4	Lonmay - - - -	31 3 3	8 13 7	20 7 6
5	Lumphanan - - -	20 6 9	5 3 6	14 7 6
6	Machar (New) - -	28 10 11	...	24 1 0
7	Machar (Old) - -	71 15 11	...	64 9 6
8	Meldrum - - - -	19 19 6	2 6 7	17 12 11
9	Methlic - - - -	48 15 11	33 16 2	20 14 8
0	Midmar - - - -	11 12 2	...	11 12 2
1	Monquhitter - - -	25 9 0	8 5 0	17 4 0
2	Monymusk - - -	19 8 0	...	16 11 3
3	Newhills - - - -	49 8 10	6 2 0	43 6 10
4	Oyne - - - -	...	...	...
5	Peterculter - - -	17 2 0	5 14 6	11 7 6
6	Peterhead . - - -	95 9 11	91 0 3	37 4 0
7	Pitsligo—			
	Pitsligo - - -	28 8 3	10 8 6	24 3 1
	New Pitsligo - -	30 15 10	10 16 0	19 19 10
8	Premnay - - -	10 3 0	...	7 10 0
9	Rathen - - - -	26 3 9	8 14 0	27 3 6
0	Rhynie - - - -	20 8 11	1 14 3	20 10 0
1	Skene - - - -	47 6 0	20 8 0	21 18 4
2	Slains - - - -	...	...	...
3	Strathdon - - -	8 19 6	3 19 6	5 0 0
4	Strichen - - - -	34 14 3	12 19 0	16 10 0
5	Tarland and Migvie - -	22 6 2	1 14 4	17 12 2
6	Tarves - - - -	44 2 0	35 4 6	20 1 6
7	Tough - - - -	16 11 9	2 10 0	12 2 6
8	Towie - - - -	17 2 2	8 9 6	7 5 9
9	Tullynessle - - -	18 3 0	7 9 11	10 0 0
0	Turriff - - - -	86 2 11	37 4 5	48 18 6
1	Tyrie - - - -	...	...	...
2	Udny - - - -	29 19 9	8 12 9	20 8 6
	Total -	2,307 18 0	1,010 16 5	1,329 9 7
	ARGYLL.			
1	Ardchattan and Muckairn—			
	Ardchattan - - -	7 12 8	...	7 12 8
	Muckairn - - -	...	...	...
2	Ardnamurchan - - -	1 15 6	...	1 15 6
3	Campbeltown - - -	88 13 3	...	88 13 3
4	Coll - - - -	5 13 5	...	5 13 5
5	Colonsay and Oronsay -	4 8 1	1 4 0	3 2 4
6	Craignish - - - -	6 7 3	5 8 0	...
7	Dunoon and Kilmun -	86 17 9	66 17 9	20 0 0
8	Gigha - - - -	8 16 9	...	8 16 9
9	Glassary - - - -	1 12 8	1 12 8	...
0	Glenorchy and Inishail—			
	Glenorchy - - -	9 8 0	2 5 6	5 15 6
	Inishail - - - -	4 11 7	0 15 0	3 16 7
1	Inveraray - - - -	24 8 0	...	25 19 3
2	Kilbrandon - - -	11 2 10	1 11 0	9 11 10
3	Kilcalmonell and Kilberry—			
	Kilcalmonell - - -	10 9 11	0 1 7	10 8 4
	Kilberry - - -	8 7 7	0 11 6	5 6 0
	Tarbert Mission - -	37 9 8	9 18 11	27 10 9

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. Amount of Monies Received. £	s.	d.	EXPENDITURE. Expended on the Relief of the Poor. £	s.	d.	Expended on other Purposes. £	s.	d.
14	Kilchoman - - -	6	10	3	...			6	10	0
15	Kilchrennan and Dalavich	3	4	7	1	7	0	2	7	7
16	Kildalton - - - -	18	2	0	23	0	3	...		
17	Kilfinan - - - -	6	17	1	1	7	8	17	9	0
18	Kilfinichen - - -	2	8	2	...			2	8	2
19	Killarrow - - - -	12	0	0	4	17	0	7	3	0
20	Killean and Kilchenzie -	37	10	10	...			37	10	10
21	Kilmartin - - -	5	3	2	...			5	3	2
22	Kilmodan - - -*	16	2	9	...			...		
23	Kilmore and Kilbride -	1	18	8	...			1	18	8
24	Kilninian and Kilmore -	6	13	5	...			5	7	5
25	Kilninver and Kilmelfort—									
	Kilninver - - -	2	8	7	2	8	7	...		
	Kilmelfort - - -	10	14	6	7	12	6	3	2	0
26	Knapdale (North) - -	4	10	0	...			4	10	0
27	Knapdale (South) - -	7	0	11	3	15	4	3	5	7
28	Lismore & Appin—Lismore	...			...			...		
	Appin -	14	15	10	14	15	10	...		
29	Lochgoilhead - - -	24	5	2	6	12	6	16	4	0
30	Morven - - - -	3	17	2	0	4	0	3	14	1
31	Saddell and Skipness -	23	11	8	2	0	0	21	11	8
32	Southend - - - -	14	8	11	...			14	8	11
33	Strachur - - - -	6	0	3	...			5	18	8
34	Torosay—Torosay - -	6	6	7	2	6	11	3	19	8
	Salen - -	7	9	0	2	0	0	5	9	0
	Kinloch-Spelvie -	0	15	7	...			0	15	7
35	Tyree - - - -	...			...			...		
	Total - -	560	10	0	162	13	6	392	19	2
	AYR.									
1	Ardrossan - - -	41	9	11	4	4	8	30	5	2
2	Ayr - - - - -	76	8	4	76	8	4	...		
3	Ballantrae - - -	11	14	8	...			11	3	7
4	Barr - - - -	8	1	2	1	5	2	6	16	0
5	Beith - - - -	50	2	7	28	18	0	12	18	2
6	Colmonell - - -	18	7	7	...			18	7	7
7	Coylton - - - -	20	13	1	...			20	13	1
8	Cumnock (New) - -	8	5	6	...			8	5	6
9	Cumnock (Old) - -	66	13	4	33	1	6	33	11	10
10	Dailly - - - -	35	5	6	13	9	6	19	15	4
11	Dalmellington - - -	23	17	7	...			20	10	6
12	Dalry - - - -	42	19	3	25	4	6	18	0	2
13	Dalrymple - - -	22	8	9	...			21	15	11
14	Dundonald—Dundonald -	40	11	0	40	11	0	...		
	Troon - -	60	0	3	...			60	0	3
15	Dunlop - - - -	6	1	1	5	1	0	1	0	0
16	Fenwick - - - -	2	12	6	2	12	6	...		
17	Girvan - - - -	24	3	4	7	14	6	16	8	10
18	Irvine - - - -	67	3	2	40	0	0	27	3	2
19	Kilbirnie - - - -	28	12	1	...			27	13	5
20	Kilbride (West) - -	17	7	5	6	10	0	10	17	5
21	Kilmarnock - - -	82	14	3	35	10	0	7	15	0
22	Kilmaurs - - - -	13	11	0	13	11	0	...		
23	Kilwinning - - -	69	12	0	66	8	1	3	3	11
24	Kirkmichael - - -	16	5	6	17	7	9	...		
25	Kirkoswald - - -	7	18	3	...			7	18	3

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. Amount of Monies Received.	EXPENDITURE. Expended on the Relief of the Poor.	EXPENDITURE. Expended on other Purposes.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
26	Largs	82 18 9	62 18 9	20 0 0
27	Loudoun	...	...	...
28	Maybole	20 17 0	23 3 8	...
29	Monkton	35 4 10	35 4 10	...
30	Muirkirk	26 8 2	18 11 11	7 16 3
31	Newton-upon-Ayr *	100 1 7	46 4 6	49 6 6
32	Ochiltree	13 3 0	1 0 0	12 16 8
33	Riccarton	21 0 0	19 0 0	...
34	St Quivox	24 6 0	18 11 3	5 14 9
35	Sorn	15 10 2	10 19 0	4 11 2
36	Stair	11 3 2	...	10 13 1
37	Stevenston	23 11 8	5 0 0	18 11 8
38	Stewarton	44 14 0	17 2 8	27 11 4
39	Symington	8 16 6	0 11 11	8 15 0
40	Tarbolton	15 14 0	2 15 0	10 19 0
	Total	1,306 7 11	679 1 0	560 18 6
	BANFF.			
1	Aberlour	24 6 7	13 1 7	11 5 0
2	Alvah	27 0 10	1 17 6	25 3 4
3	Banff	...	...	...
4	Boharm	...	...	...
5	Botriphnie	11 6 8	...	11 6 8
6	Boyndie	16 7 11	...	18 8 2
7	Cabrach	7 2 10	1 5 6	3 0 0
8	Cullen	...	...	...
9	Deskford	4 6 5	...	2 12 6
10	Fordyce and Portsoy—			
	Fordyce	17 15 5	...	17 15 5
	Portsoy	...	...	...
11	Forglen	21 1 1	7 0 0	13 4 6
12	Gamrie and Macduff—			
	Gamrie Parish Church	27 18 6	10 5 0	14 3 3
	Macduff Chapel	137 4 0	8 3 0	129 1 0
13	Grange	...	...	...
14	Inveravon	...	...	...
15	Inverkeithny	19 2 5	8 0 0	7 3 10
16	Keith	81 4 9	19 13 8	61 11 1
17	Kirkmichael	...	...	...
18	Marnoch	12 8 11	...	12 8 11
19	Mortlach	33 2 11	...	33 2 11
20	Ordiquhill	13 14 1	...	13 7 3
21	Rathven	28 1 8	...	12 7 6
22	Rothiemay	6 13 3	...	7 0 0
23	St Fergus	25 15 6	12 13 10	11 18 0
	Total	514 13 9	82 0 1	404 19 4
	BERWICK.			
1	Abbey St Bathans	8 0 1	0 17 8	7 18 0
2	Ayton	30 0 10	13 13 7	16 7 3
3	Bunkle and Preston	0 10 7	1 15 0	...
4	Channelkirk	8 10 2	2 7 0	8 2 7
5	Chirnside	14 3 1	1 16 5	12 6 8
6	Cockburnspath	4 5 8	3 3 6	1 2 2
7	Coldingham	7 3 0	2 16 6	4 6 6
8	Coldstream	10 17 10	5 17 8	5 0 0

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. Amount of Monies Received. £ s. d.	EXPENDITURE. Expended on the Relief of the Poor. £ s. d.	EXPENDITURE. Expended on other Purposes. £ s. d.
9	Dunse	64 10 10	31 0 9	33 10 1
10	Earlstoun	50 15 10	48 18 6	1 17 4
11	Eccles	19 11 8	14 14 3	3 10 5
12	Edrom	9 3 10	4 9 11	...
13	Eyemouth	14 0 3	14 0 3	...
14	Fogo	5 0 3	1 17 6	4 11 5
15	Foulden	8 1 9	0 7 9	7 14 0
16	Gordon	19 11 0	13 13 2	4 5 0
17	Greenlaw	27 3 4	12 9 4	17 9 5
18	Hume†	...	...	...
19	Hutton	26 2 1	21 11 9	4 10 4
20	Ladykirk	6 9 6	1 5 0	5 4 6
21	Langton	9 2 9	1 11 7	7 11 1
22	Lauder	47 13 8	47 8 0	...
23	Legerwood	6 14 9	3 11 6	3 3 3
24	Longformacus	4 11 3	3 5 10	...
25	Mertoun	27 1 7	25 6 10	7 16 10
26	Mordington	3 5 8	1 12 4	1 13 4
27	Nenthorn	5 4 5	2 6 8	3 12 0
28	Polwarth	2 11 10	1 2 0	1 2 0
29	Swinton	15 10 4	13 12 9	5 9 5
30	Westruther	17 15 9	7 18 10	1 16 6
31	Whitsome	10 9 4	14 18 7	13 15 10
	Total	484 2 11	319 10 5	183 15 11
	BUTE.			
1	Cumbraes	98 8 3	...	97 12 10
2	Kilbride (Arran)	53 2 3	9 2 6	24 0 10
3	Kilmory	5 0 11	...	5 0 11
4	Kingarth	12 2 9	11 8 4	...
5	North Bute	18 3 6	...	18 3 6
6	Rothesay	78 15 5	40 0 0	38 15 5
	Total	265 13 1	60 10 10	183 13 6
	CAITHNESS.			
1	Canisbay	8 2 5	...	8 2 5
2	Dunnet	5 11 4	2 5 0	3 6 4
3	Halkirk	2 19 0	...	2 19 0
4	Latheron—			
	Latheron	3 0 0	...	3 0 0
	Berriedale, *Q. S.* Par. of	2 0 9	...	2 0 9
5	Olrig	...	...	...
6	Reay	4 0 2	1 0 0	3 0 0
7	Thurso	28 19 11	...	28 19 11
8	Wick	30 19 1	15 9 0	15 10 1
	Total	85 12 8	18 14 0	66 18 6
	CLACKMANNAN.			
1	Alloa	64 12 11	4 8 6	60 4 5
2	Clackmannan	25 4 2	...	25 4 2
3	Dollar	48 4 11	7 17 0	40 7 11
4	Logie	21 15 0	15 18 0	5 17 0
5	Tillicoultry	14 18 7	1 8 9	15 8 0
	Total	174 15 7	29 12 3	147 1 6

† Stitchel and Hume being united *quoad sacra*, the collections are reported in Stitchel, under Roxburghshi[re].

o.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. Amount of Monies Received.	EXPENDITURE. Expended on the Relief of the Poor.	Expended on other Purposes.
	DUMBARTON.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1	Bonhill - - - -	47 6 3	...	47 6 3
2	Cardross - - - -	91 19 6	36 8 4	58 15 0
3	Cumbernauld - - -	22 13 0	13 3 0	9 10 0
4	Dumbarton - - -	82 19 7	20 6 3	62 13 4
5	Kilmaronock - - -	19 13 5	...	19 13 5
6	Kilpatrick (New) - -	75 8 5	42 18 0	32 10 5
7	Kilpatrick (Old) - -	59 4 4	5 0 0	54 4 4
8	Kirkintilloch - - -	43 15 4	24 7 0	8 0 1
9	Luss - - - -	39 7 11	6 2 10	16 7 8
0	Roseneath - - -	44 6 11	6 8 3	37 18 8
1	Row - - - -	63 12 11	26 4 9	37 8 2
	Total - -	590 7 7	180 18 5	384 7 4
	DUMFRIES.			
1	Annan - - - -	26 5 9	34 2 1	17 18 6
2	Caerlaverock - - -	16 6 0	3 18 0	12 8 0
3	Canonbie - - - -	45 0 8	23 13 0	29 6 1
4	Closeburn - - -	...	...	...
5	Cummertrees - - -	13 7 10	7 5 0	6 2 10
6	Dalton - - - -	15 6 0	...	14 10 0
7	Dornock - - - -	14 13 5	2 0 9	11 0 0
8	Dryfesdale - - -	32 7 10	7 16 6	20 14 3
9	Dumfries - - - -	137 10 8	94 0 1	38 0 0
0	Dunscore - - - -	33 13 4	10 5 4	16 11 3
1	Durrisdeer - - -	...	...	...
2	Eskdalemuir - - -	14 15 11	...	12 7 6
3	Ewes - - - -	11 19 3	0 10 6	10 8 9
4	Glencairn - - -	23 6 3	...	23 6 3
5	Graitny - - - -	19 8 0	7 15 4	11 12 8
6	Half-Morton - - -	10 7 3	2 2 10	6 18 6
7	Hoddam - - - -	11 15 7	...	11 15 7
8	Holywood - - -	18 13 11	3 7 4	17 14 1
9	Hutton - - - -	23 2 0	5 3 8	11 13 9
0	Johnstone - - -	24 3 3	14 15 9	14 7 5
1	Keir - - - -	5 19 8	5 1 7	...
2	Kirkconnell - - -	11 3 0	0 12 0	10 11 0
3	Kirkmahoe - - -	...	...	...
4	Kirkmichael - - -	18 1 6	6 2 0	11 16 9
5	Kirkpatrick-Fleming -	20 16 6	7 10 0	12 13 5
6	Kirkpatrick-Juxta - -	30 19 5	11 11 3	10 5 3
7	Langholm - - -	29 17 8	6 8 3	23 9 5
8	Lochmaben - - -	13 19 2	8 16 0	5 3 2
9	Middlebie - - -	19 2 7	0 14 0	15 12 2
30	Moffat - - - -	35 7 7	...	35 7 7
31	Morton - - - -	...	...	...
32	Mousewald - - -	12 5 0	...	13 0 0
33	Penpont - - - -	21 11 8	...	15 9 2
34	Ruthwell - - - -	15 8 2	3 18 2	11 10 0
35	St Mungo - - -	39 9 11	9 5 9	41 4 2
36	Sanquhar - - - -	8 14 3	8 14 3	...
37	Torthorwald - - -	8 14 3	8 14 3	...
38	Tundergarth - - -	11 3 11	...	11 3 11
39	Tynron - - - -	10 3 1	...	10 3 1
40	Wamphray - - -	9 11 4	2 19 0	5 19 6
41	Westerkirk - - -	24 3 1	4 2 4	20 18 6
	Total - -	848 14 8	301 5 0	541 2 5

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. Amount of Monies Received.	EXPENDITURE. Expended on the Relief of the Poor.	Expended on other Purposes.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	EDINBURGH.			
1	Borthwick	20 2 11	8 10 5	12 14 0
2	Calder (Mid)	16 14 9	8 18 0	8 1 6
3	Calder (West)	9 13 11	...	6 7 0
4	Canongate	18 12 1	32 1 0	9 3 0
5	Carrington	13 4 2	...	13 4 2
6	Cockpen	26 19 10	23 13 8	7 4 4
7	Colinton	35 12 7	32 6 6	10 16 4
8	Corstorphine	24 0 7	5 0 0	...
9	Cramond	25 4 2	23 0 0	2 4 2
10	Cranston	14 2 4	7 14 3	3 3 10
11	Crichton	10 2 8	8 0 0	8 0 0
12	Currie	26 9 9	8 13 4	13 1 6
13	Dalkeith	39 11 3	17 13 9	21 17 6
14	Duddingstone	22 1 0	...	27 18 6
15	Edinburgh—			
	St Andrew's	207 15 0	140 19 7	66 16 5
	St George's	209 1 9	236 2 2	...
	Greenside	164 2 0	164 2 0	...
	New Greyfriars'	101 12 7	101 12 7	...
	Old Greyfriars'	88 12 8	69 4 1	...
	High Kirk	90 1 10	76 0 0	...
	St John's	26 0 3	17 2 6	12 18 2
	Lady Yester's	175 15 10	175 15 10	...
	St Mary's	86 11 3	49 0 3	8 10 10
	New North or W. St Giles	80 2 7	52 12 1	19 8 2
	St Stephen's	338 8 11	330 15 10	30 6 7
	Tolbooth Kirk	27 19 8	6 19 8	21 0 0
	Trin. College(inc.Old Kirk)	81 16 0	48 7 6	33 8 6
	Tron Kirk	154 12 0	146 13 10	23 15 4
16	Fala	13 5 2	8 5 5	4 19 9
17	Glencross	11 15 5	...	15 15 2
18	Heriot	11 5 7	1 18 2	10 12 4
19	Inveresk	50 13 4	7 7 5	42 14 9
20	Kirknewton	43 4 0	36 8 6	6 11 3
21	Lasswade	44 5 7	...	44 5 7
22	Leith (North)	167 10 10	...	167 10 10
23	Leith (South)	70 5 10	51 13 1	...
24	Liberton	39 8 0	39 8 0	...
25	Newbattle	22 6 5	13 15 11	8 10 6
26	Newton	13 1 0	1 9 9	11 11 3
27	Penicuik	33 7 3	...	33 7 3
28	Ratho	25 19 11	12 18 6	13 1 5
29	St Cuthberts—St Cuthberts *	75 5 9	...	...
	Buccleuch *	19 13 6	...	...
	St Bernard's	163 8 4	...	163 8 4
30	Stow	21 5 7	14 0 1	3 15 1
31	Temple	10 11 7	3 7 11	5 19 10
	Total	2,971 17 5	1,951 11 7	892 3 2
	ELGIN OR MORAY.			
1	Abernethy	9 9 9	...	9 9 0
2	Alves	12 17 4	...	12 17 4
3	Bellie	...	...	...
4	Birnie	11 11 0	...	7 0 0
5	Dallas	3 6 0	...	3 6 0
6	Drainy	...	...	...
7	Duffus	...	...	...

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT.			EXPENDITURE.					
		Amount of Monies Received.			Expended on the Relief of the Poor.			Expended on other Purposes.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
8	Duthill	...			...			...		
9	Dyke and Moy	6	9	9	...			6	9	9
0	Edinkillie	11	2	7	...			11	2	7
1	Elgin	113	1	5	66	13	1	46	8	4
2	Forres	59	3	8	...			49	7	5
13	Kinloss	21	0	0	4	0	0	17	0	0
4	Knockando	22	10	9	...			18	19	0
5	New Spynie	6	6	5	1	1	0	5	5	5
6	Rafford	9	18	10	1	11	0	8	7	10
7	Rothes	24	13	2	...			24	13	2
8	St Andrews-Lhanbride	33	5	0	18	5	0	15	0	0
9	Speymouth	19	4	3	5	0	0	14	0	0
20	Urquhart	21	10	0	3	4	6	18	5	6
	Total	385	9	11	99	14	7	267	11	4
	FIFE.									
1	Abbotshall	59	8	6	5	0	0	53	11	2
2	Aberdour	24	7	0	5	15	6	18	11	6
3	Anstruther (Easter)	25	14	3	...			32	15	4
4	Auchterderran	8	12	3	...			7	19	0
5	Auchtermuchty	26	16	8	5	16	9	24	17	3
6	Auchtertool	4	2	3	...			4	2	3
7	Ballingry	7	8	0	...			7	8	0
8	Beath	14	8	2	...			13	11	6
9	Burntisland	65	13	11	4	0	0	46	2	1
10	Cameron	16	9	8	6	5	11	10	3	9
11	Carnock	14	14	10	4	5	8	10	8	0
12	Ceres	37	12	10	21	6	3	15	4	0
13	Crail	22	15	8	4	4	0	18	11	8
14	Cults	9	8	11	4	10	0	6	4	3
15	Cupar	53	19	8	15	3	4	40	2	5
16	Dairsie	9	13	1	...			9	13	1
17	Dalgety	7	14	8	4	6	8	3	8	0
18	Dunfermline	58	7	1	16	16	6	41	10	7
19	Dysart	59	3	10	13	15	4	45	8	6
20	Falkland	26	10	0	4	0	0	22	0	0
21	Ferry-Port-on-Craig	23	1	1	4	4	0	18	7	7
22	Forgan	26	12	3	5	11	8	23	2	6
23	Inverkeithing	31	13	6	3	17	8	24	4	1
24	Kemback	9	1	5	0	13	6	8	7	11
25	Kennoway	18	9	5	1	0	0	17	9	5
26	Kilconquhar	23	17	8	23	17	8	...		
27	Kilrenny	16	6	10	13	7	6	4	0	0
28	Kinghorn	20	13	5	...			20	13	5
29	Kinglassie	12	9	4	...			12	9	4
30	Kingsbarns	12	11	4	3	11	4	9	0	0
31	Kirkcaldy	46	19	4	16	7	6	30	11	10
32	Largo	13	2	6	...			13	2	6
33	Leslie	48	16	5	...			48	16	5
34	Leuchars	6	9	3	...			6	9	3
35	Logie	5	9	5	...			5	9	5
36	Markinch	19	9	4	...			22	16	11
37	Newburgh	22	10	4	6	17	3	15	13	1
38	Newburn	8	4	2	0	15	0	14	6	1
39	Pittenweem	4	11	2	4	11	2	...		
40	St Andrews	116	13	9	66	9	3	58	10	7
41	St Leonards	44	7	7	10	5	0	32	5	8
42	St Monance	2	19	4	...			2	19	4

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. Amount of Monies Received. £	s.	d.	EXPENDITURE. Expended on the Relief of the Poor. £	s.	d.	Expended on other Purposes. £	s.	d.
43	Saline	25	10	3	10	10	3	15	0	0
44	Scoonie	55	17	2	6	3	2	49	14	0
45	Strathmiglo	18	14	5	...			18	14	5
46	Torryburn	18	18	0	2	12	0	16	6	0
47	Wemyss	9	18	6	...			9	18	6
	Total	1,216	8	5	295	19	10	930	0	7
	FORFAR.									
1	Aberlemno	10	7	2	2	15	9	7	11	5
2	Arbirlot	29	0	11	8	16	7	20	4	4
3	Arbroath	79	9	9	13	16	0	65	13	9
4	Barry	12	14	11	...			12	14	11
5	Brechin	48	19	10	23	17	5	16	0	0
6	Caraldstone	6	6	0	...			6	3	0
7	Carmylie	42	12	3	29	8	9	10	4	8
8	Craig	12	4	4	4	10	0	7	14	4
9	Dundee	598	19	5	598	19	5	...		
10	Dunnichen	23	6	4	...			23	0	0
11	Edzell	16	6	2	4	8	3	11	17	11
12	Fearn	12	4	1	1	16	9	11	7	10
13	Forfar	35	8	5	15	17	6	19	10	11
14	Glammis	16	16	8	3	9	6	13	7	2
15	Glenisla	12	5	7	0	10	0	13	7	7
16	Inverarity	22	7	2	1	18	10	20	8	4
17	Inverkeillor	34	3	6	18	3	6	16	0	0
18	Kinnettles	14	1	3	4	6	3	9	15	0
19	Kirkden	10	9	4	...			10	9	4
20	Kirriemuir	48	5	2	23	5	5	24	19	9
21	Lethnot	12	13	2	1	2	6	11	10	8
22	Liff and Benvie	26	11	6	17	7	0	9	4	6
23	Lochlee	7	2	10	...			5	16	11
24	Logie-Pert	18	15	8	2	17	3	15	18	5
25	Mains and Strathmartin	38	0	0	27	18	6	10	1	6
26	Menmuir	11	9	11	...			11	9	11
27	Monifieth	49	18	10	9	16	2	37	0	10
28	Montrose	233	13	7	107	2	8	126	10	10
29	Newtyle	24	17	7	2	10	0	22	7	7
30	Panbride	42	6	5	17	2	2	25	4	3
31	Rescobie	12	17	4	...			9	12	0
32	Ruthven	11	15	4	...			9	4	0
33	St Vigeans—St Vigeans	42	6	4	38	6	4	4	0	0
	Inverbrothock	130	0	4	54	18	0	75	2	4
34	Strickathrow	17	8	5	1	12	4	14	18	7
35	Tealing	11	10	2	10	5	0	1	5	2
	Total	1,777	15	8	1,046	17	10	709	17	9
	HADDINGTON.									
1	Aberlady	18	18	11	0	17	0	18	1	11
2	Athelstaneford	1	16	5	...			1	6	9
3	Bolton	2	7	4	...			2	7	4
4	Dirleton	12	16	0	10	3	4	1	7	9
5	Dunbar	37	3	4	...			37	3	4
6	Garvald	4	4	6	4	2	0	0	2	6
7	Gladsmuir	6	7	1	6	1	5	2	11	8
8	Haddington	56	19	11	25	14	1	37	12	0
9	Humbie	4	16	8	4	16	8	...		

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. Amount of Monies Received.	EXPENDITURE. Expended on the Relief of the Poor.	Expended on other Purposes.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
10	Innerwick	2 16 0	...	2 16 0
11	Morham	2 8 7	2 0 6	...
12	North Berwick	32 10 1	30 6 2	2 3 11
13	Oldhamstocks	1 7 4	1 7 4	...
14	Ormiston	7 2 4	2 16 6	9 9 8
15	Pencaitland	10 14 8	8 12 8	...
16	Prestonkirk	9 4 8	5 6 9	3 0 0
17	Prestonpans	21 16 7	...	21 16 7
18	Salton	3 9 8	...	3 9 8
19	Spot	6 4 3	2 19 6	1 10 5
20	Stenton	6 10 5	2 15 0	1 4 8
21	Tranent	26 12 10	24 12 10	2 0 0
22	Whitekirk	4 8 4	3 5 0	1 5 10
23	Whittingham	5 18 5	...	5 18 5
	Total	286 14 4	135 16 9	155 8 5
	INVERNESS.			
1	Alvie	1 6 0	...	1 6 0
2	Ardersier	11 0 0	...	10 0 0
3	Barra	...	...	...
4	Boleskine and Abertarff	...	...	...
5	Bracadale	...	...	...
6	Cromdale	9 0 0	...	...
7	Croy	...	...	...
8	Daviot	...	...	...
9	Dores	...	...	...
10	Duirnish	4 6 7	0 13 0	3 13 7
11	Glenelg	4 2 7	4 2 7	...
12	Harris	1 2 6	...	1 2 6
13	Inverness—High Church	...	...	...
	Gaelic Church	3 0 0	...	3 0 0
14	Kilmallie—Parish Church	7 9 4	2 19 4	4 10 0
	Fort William Church	9 3 7	1 0 1	8 3 6
15	Kilmonivaig	6 7 6	...	2 16 0
16	Kilmorack	4 0 0	8 0 0	...
17	Kilmuir (Skye)	1 4 7	1 4 7	...
18	Kiltarlity	1 7 10	...	1 7 10
19	Kingussie	19 4 10	...	20 19 8
20	Kirkhill	...	...	...
21	Laggan	4 1 4	...	4 1 4
22	Moy	...	...	...
23	Petty	0 6 0	...	0 6 0
24	Portree	14 2 6	4 9 3	9 13 3
25	Sleat	4 10 0	...	4 10 0
26	Snizort	4 2 0	0 19 0	3 3 0
27	Strath	3 14 0	...	3 14 0
28	Uist (North)	...	...	...
29	Uist (South)	2 10 8	...	2 10 8
30	Urquhart	...	...	...
	Total	116 1 10	23 7 10	84 17 4
	KINCARDINE.			
1	Banchory-Devenick	38 17 4	38 17 4	...
2	Banchory-Ternan	49 9 11	19 7 0	30 2 11
3	Benholm	10 3 6	2 3 6	8 0 0
4	Bervie	7 14 10	...	7 14 10

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. Amount of Monies Received. £ s. d.	EXPENDITURE. Expended on the Relief of the Poor. £ s. d.	EXPENDITURE. Expended on other Purposes. £ s. d.
5	Dunottar	9 5 3	...	4 17 0
6	Durris	20 19 7	...	20 19 7
7	Fettercairn	17 11 3	4 1 3	13 10 0
8	Fetteresso	12 15 3	...	14 11 4
9	Fordoun	...	...	...
10	Kinneff	24 2 0	7 2 0	17 0 0
11	Laurencekirk	14 7 11	14 7 11	...
12	Maryculter	27 14 7	15 0 0	15 3 7
13	Marykirk	6 5 4	2 5 4	4 0 0
14	Nigg	36 5 0	19 9 4	16 15 8
15	St Cyrus	...	...	...
16	Strachan	26 1 1	...	26 1 1
	Total	301 12 10	122 13 8	178 16 0
	KINROSS.			
1	Kinross	36 16 6	25 13 8	21 2 10
2	Orwell	15 11 0	...	15 11 0
3	Portmoak	10 16 10	...	8 4 10
	Total	63 4 4	25 13 8	44 18 8
	KIRKCUDBRIGHT.			
1	Anwoth	46 10 4	23 7 2	15 6 1
2	Balmaclellan	20 9 3	5 8 4	10 10 11
3	Balmaghie	10 4 5	...	7 2 0
4	Borgue	29 1 7	1 12 6	31 2 8
5	Buittle	18 3 3	1 1 3	17 2 0
6	Carsphairn	11 18 3	...	13 18 3
7	Colvend	29 2 10	14 18 1	10 10 10
8	Crossmichael	19 12 11	19 5 0	0 7 11
9	Dalry	20 6 3	19 13 9	12 18 11
10	Girthon	27 8 2	...	27 8 2
11	Kells	26 13 1	6 17 1	11 6 11
12	Kelton	79 6 8	64 4 2	15 2 6
13	Kirkbean	24 5 5	...	24 5 5
14	Kirkcudbright	94 5 1	67 12 5	21 9 7
15	Kirkgunzeon	10 9 5	2 14 0	7 15 5
16	Kirkmabreck	19 18 2	...	19 18 2
17	Kirkpatrick-Durham	24 8 9	8 6 0	15 10 0
18	Kirkpatrick-Irongray	22 2 9	5 12 2	16 1 0
19	Lochrutton	7 14 3	...	8 13 0
20	Minnigaff	86 13 7	26 16 11	51 15 3
21	New Abbey	14 19 2	...	14 19 2
22	Parton	7 9 8	...	7 9 8
23	Rerrick	26 2 5	10 0 0	16 2 5
24	Tongland	22 3 0	0 15 0	19 7 0
25	Troqueer	...	...	...
26	Twynholm	18 4 5	2 0 0	18 6 4
27	Urr	21 16 8	19 15 2	...
	Total	739 9 9	299 19 0	414 9 7
	LANARK.			
1	Avondale	...	...	...
2	Barony	253 11 3	253 11 3	...
3	Biggar	22 5 4	3 1 10	19 3 6
4	Blantyre	75 15 9	51 0 0	24 15 9

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. Amount of Monies Received.	EXPENDITURE. Expended on the Relief of the Poor.	Expended on other Purposes.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
5	Bothwell	103 7 0	17 18 0	71 0 0
6	Cadder	37 2 5	...	32 4 0
7	Cambuslang	34 11 7	22 17 0	8 17 0
8	Cambusnethan	34 2 8	21 11 0	12 11 8
9	Carluke	41 12 10	40 14 2	...
0	Carmichael	7 13 6	5 11 0	2 15 3
1	Carnwath	13 10 4	10 8 9	3 1 7
2	Covington	1 6 9	...	1 6 9
3	Crawford	10 10 0	...	11 15 0
4	Crawfordjohn	5 18 8	0 6 6	1 18 4
5	Culter	20 7 9	2 9 0	17 18 9
6	Dalserf	20 11 9	2 1 6	18 10 3
7	Dalziel	43 8 8	13 0 2	27 15 4
18	Douglas	0 18 11	0 18 11	...
19	Glasgow—			
	St Mungo or High Church	238 16 0	201 3 6	39 13 6
	College or Blackfriars'	25 17 3	25 17 3	...
	Tron or St Mary's	85 15 0	11 10 0	74 5 0
	St David's	50 0 9	15 10 0	34 10 9
	St Andrew's	194 14 3	63 15 0	130 19 3
	St Enoch's	222 14 2	222 14 2	...
	St George's	121 16 7	140 9 4	...
	St John's	202 17 8	...	202 17 8
	St Paul's	106 8 11	164 11 3	...
	St James'	172 10 9	96 2 1	76 8 8
20	Glassford	9 17 8	5 16 9	4 0 11
21	Gorbals	...	...	...
22	Govan	86 0 0	50 0 0	36 0 0
23	Hamilton	132 15 6	110 5 5	22 10 1
24	Kilbride (East)	23 16 8	9 19 5	8 0 0
25	Lanark	31 10 10	8 7 0	9 14 4
26	Lesmahagow	12 3 2	...	15 1 8
27	Libberton	13 16 3	5 9 7	8 6 8
28	Monkland (New)	10 13 2	10 13 2	...
29	Monkland (Old)	37 9 9	37 9 9	...
30	Pittenain	7 15 10	...	7 15 10
31	Rutherglen	68 10 0	65 6 3	...
32	Shotts	14 9 0	6 17 6	6 18 7
33	Stonehouse	14 10 11	14 10 11	...
34	Symington	6 3 10	...	6 3 10
35	Wandell and Lamington	7 7 11	1 2 0	5 15 9
36	Walston	6 18 1	...	6 18 1
37	Wiston and Roberton	6 3 11	...	6 3 11
	Total	2,638 9 0	1,712 19 3	955 17 8
	LINLITHGOW.			
1	Abercorn	15 9 9	16 17 8	0 9 3
2	Bathgate	20 19 7	19 13 1	1 6 6
3	Borrowstounness *	46 9 4	...	7 15 7
4	Carriden	19 10 4	2 7 1	17 3 3
5	Dalmeny	6 9 5	6 9 5	...
6	Ecclesmachen	12 6 3	1 12 3	8 9 0
7	Kirkliston	39 12 6	26 13 0	7 6 0
8	Linlithgow	47 17 2	47 17 2	...
9	Livingstone	5 3 9	3 0 0	3 1 10
10	Queensferry	19 10 6	...	18 6 0
11	Torphichen	12 3 6	...	18 6 10

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. Amount of Monies Received.			EXPENDITURE. Expenditure on the Relief of the Poor.			Expended on other Purposes.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
12	Uphall - - - -	17	11	10	7	7	7	5	1	7
13	Whitburn - - - -	22	7	8	10	8	10	13	13	5
	Total - -	285	11	7	142	6	1	100	19	3
	NAIRN.									
1	Ardclach - - - -	9	7	6	...			9	7	6
2	Auldearn - - - -	...			...			...		
3	Cawdor - - - -	12	4	11	...			11	7	7
4	Nairn - - - -	19	16	2	...			19	16	2
	Total - -	41	8	7	...			40	11	3
	ORKNEY AND SHETLAND.									
	ORKNEY.									
1	Birsay and Harray—Birsay	1	17	4	...			1	17	4
	Harray	8	0	0	...			6	6	6
2	Cross and Burness - -	2	18	0	...			2	18	0
3	Eday - - - -	3	15	0	...			3	5	0
4	Evie and Rendal - -	6	0	10	...			6	0	10
5	Holm - - - -	4	8	11	...			6	5	0
6	Kirkwall - - - -	39	5	6	22	10	0	16	15	6
7	Lady - - - -	1	11	6	0	11	6	1	0	0
8	Orphir - - - -	10	6	4	5	8	6	4	17	6
9	Ronaldshay (South) - -	6	5	6	...			6	0	0
10	Stronsay - - - -	3	10	0	...			3	10	0
	Total - -	78	1	7	28	10	0	50	11	10
	SHETLAND.									
11	Delting - - - -	6	10	0	...			6	10	0
12	Dunrossness - - -	8	4	3	4	0	0	2	5	0
13	Fetlar and North Yell -	4	15	10	...			4	9	1
14	Lerwick - - - -	35	0	8	31	15	7	3	5	1
15	Nesting - - - -	1	15	10	...			1	18	9
16	North Mavine - - -	6	18	6	6	18	6	...		
17	Sandsting - - -	...			...			...		
18	Tingwall - - - -	3	9	0	...			2	18	5
19	Unst - - - -	8	13	6	...			8	13	6
20	Walls - - - -	3	5	0	...			3	5	0
21	Yell - - - -	3	7	10	...			4	8	8
	Total - -	82	0	5	42	14	1	37	13	6
	Orkney & Shetland together	169	19	4	71	4	1	96	9	2
	PEEBLES.									
1	Broughton - - -	19	14	2	...			21	11	6
2	Drumelzier - - - *	4	16	3	...			0	1	0
3	Eddlestone - - -	19	16	7	6	17	0	13	6	0
4	Innerleithen - - -	47	2	11	23	16	4	23	6	7
5	Linton (West) - - -	25	15	3	12	19	6	7	13	6
6	Manor - - - -	9	16	1	...			7	6	0
7	Newlands - - - -	13	8	6	10	4	9	2	12	0
8	Peebles - - - -	36	8	6	44	9	2	10	5	0
9	Stobo - - - - *	14	13	7	1	12	6	0	6	6
10	Traquair - - - -	10	11	10	...			10	11	10
	Total - -	202	3	8	99	19	3	96	19	11

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. Amount of Monies Received.	EXPENDITURE. Expended on the Relief of the Poor.	Expended on other Purposes.
	PERTH.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1	Aberdalgie - - -	0 18 6	...	1 7 0
2	Aberfoyle - - -	26 11 7	7 8 0	11 9 6
3	Abernethy - - -	21 1 3	...	21 1 3
4	Alyth - - - -	23 1 9	0 17 6	22 4 3
5	Auchterarder - - -	25 12 2	20 3 1	4 5 3
6	Auchtergaven - - -	19 18 6	1 19 7	17 18 11
7	Balquhidder - - -	25 17 11	...	25 11 4
8	Bendochy - - -	11 11 0	3 16 9	6 15 10
9	Blair-Athol - - -	46 2 6	17 14 6	25 17 1
10	Blairgowrie - - -	27 11 11	0 10 0	27 0 5
11	Callander - - - -	25 1 6	12 11 0	14 3 0
12	Caputh - - - -	44 19 6	21 2 9	21 6 4
13	Cargill - - - -	7 15 8	...	7 15 8
14	Clunie - - - -	9 4 3	...	9 4 3
15	Collace - - - -	7 12 11	...	7 12 11
16	Comrie - - - -	51 14 8	1 4 0	42 14 4
17	Coupar-Angus - - -	40 10 6	...	43 10 2
18	Crieff - - - -	43 13 8	16 0 0	27 13 8
19	Culross - - - -	9 7 3	...	7 13 6
20	Dowally - - - -	8 2 5	...	9 2 3
21	Dron - - - -	7 7 0	...	5 14 10
22	Dull—Dull - - -	13 19 11	1 14 0	12 5 11
	Grantully Mission -	11 19 9	0 10 0	7 17 0
	Amulree Mission -	11 7 9	...	10 4 6
	Foss (*Q. S.* Par. of)	6 16 5	...	6 16 5
23	Dunbarney - - -	16 0 6	5 4 3	10 16 3
24	Dunblane - - -	23 11 2	7 2 7	16 8 6
25	Dunkeld (Little) - -	26 12 4	...	26 12 4
26	Dunning - - - -	10 1 0	10 1 0	...
27	Errol - - - -	13 4 10	13 4 10	...
28	Forgandenny - - -	12 9 10	...	11 17 4
29	Forteviot - - -	6 3 3	...	6 3 3
30	Fortingall - - -	7 8 2	...	7 9 6
31	Fossaway - - - -	14 2 9	4 2 9	10 0 0
32	Gask - - - -	8 10 0	...	8 10 0
33	Kenmore - - - -	18 8 0	5 18 0	12 10 0
34	Kilmadock - - -	3 6 6	7 10 0	...
35	Kilspindie - - -	6 4 9	...	6 4 9
36	Kinclaven - - -	4 15 0	...	4 15 0
37	Kinfauns - - - -	13 10 7	...	14 10 6
38	Kinnaird - - -	7 0 11	...	7 0 11
39	Kinnoull - - - -	70 11 4	34 5 7	28 0 11
40	Lethendy - - -	3 17 5	...	3 17 5
41	Logierait - - - -	23 12 6	1 4 6	16 7 5
42	Longforgan - - -	30 12 1	6 5 6	12 14 9
43	Meigle - - - -	24 8 1	6 4 8	18 3 0
44	Methven - - - -	25 0 6	2 2 6	22 18 0
45	Moneydie - - - -	6 4 2	0 18 6	4 12 6
46	Monzie - - - -	9 2 2	...	14 3 0
47	Moulin - - - -	28 4 6	21 19 6	6 5 0
48	Muthil - - - -	16 2 5	...	16 2 5
49	Perth - - - -	290 0 0	190 0 0	100 0 0
50	Port-of-Monteith - -	15 19 4	2 0 0	13 19 4
51	Rattray - - - -	38 4 8	11 2 6	27 2 2
52	Redgorton - - -	16 5 6	...	16 5 6
53	Rhynd - - - -	4 4 0	...	4 4 0
54	Scone - - - -	24 1 10	...	18 12 10
55	Tibbermuir - - -	10 4 0	...	12 16 6

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. Amount of Monies Received.	EXPENDITURE. Expended on the Relief of the Poor.	Expended on other Purposes.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
56	Trinity-Gask	6 16 7	...	6 16 7
57	Tulliallan	57 9 5	37 14 9	...
58	Weem	35 10 0	8 6 0	20 7 6
	Total	1,456 0 4	480 18 7	893 12 9
	RENFREW.			
1	Abbey	114 19 0	85 6 2	29 12 10
2	Cathcart	63 3 3	14 13 6	48 9 8
3	Eaglesham	16 0 11	...	16 0 11
4	Eastwood	72 8 9	36 19 2	36 19 2
5	Erskine	21 5 10	4 8 3	16 17 7
6	Greenock—Mid Parish	181 16 1	100 0 0	81 16 1
	West Parish	171 15 11	128 1 4	43 14 7
	East Parish	61 17 5	31 18 0	29 19 5
7	Houston	22 5 7	28 10 7	18 19 1
8	Innerkip and Gourock	17 19 11	5 8 0	12 11 11
9	Kilbarchan	41 12 0	17 17 0	23 15 0
10	Kilmalcolm	3 16 0	1 0 0	2 16 0
11	Lochwinnoch	16 7 2	7 2 9	9 4 5
12	Mearns	18 16 4	2 0 0	16 16 4
13	Neilston	71 12 8	56 6 5	15 6 3
14	Paisley	217 2 0	171 12 6	45 9 6
15	Port-Glasgow	86 4 7	26 19 1	86 6 3
16	Renfrew	81 17 4	43 8 6	37 8 10
	Total	1,281 0 9	761 11 3	572 3 10
	ROSS and CROMARTY.			
1	Alness	7 4 11	...	7 4 11
2	Applecross	...	...	...
3	Avoch	14 11 2	...	13 2 11
4	Barvas	...	...	...
5	Contin	9 7 9	...	9 7 9
6	Cromarty	10 12 6	...	10 0 0
7	Dingwall	12 16 0	12 16 0	...
8	Edderton	1 5 6	...	1 5 6
9	Fearn	...	...	...
10	Fodderty	3 5 2	...	3 5 2
11	Gairloch	...	...	...
12	Glenshiel	...	...	...
13	Killearnan	2 0 10	...	2 0 10
14	Kilmuir-Easter	17 2 2	...	17 2 2
15	Kiltearn	5 6 5	...	5 6 5
16	Kincardine	...	...	...
17	Kintail	...	...	...
18	Knockbain	11 4 6	...	11 4 6
19	Lochalsh	...	...	...
20	Lochbroom	...	...	...
21	Lochcarron	3 5 0	...	...
22	Lochs	...	...	...
23	Logie-Easter	4 0 0	...	4 0 0
24	Nigg	...	...	...
25	Resolis or Kirkmichael	5 0 0	...	5 0 0
26	Rosemarkie	9 15 3	0 19 4	8 15 11
27	Rosskeen	5 0 0	...	5 0 0
28	Stornoway	12 18 5	2 10 0	10 8 5
29	Tain	13 8 4	...	13 8 4

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. Amount of Monies Received.	EXPENDITURE. Expended on the Relief of the Poor.	EXPENDITURE. Expended on other Purposes.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
30	Tarbat	...	...	...
31	Uig	...	...	...
32	Urquhart	4 14 6	...	4 14 6
33	Urray	2 8 1	0 7 6	2 0 7
	Total	155 6 6	16 12 10	133 7 11
	ROXBURGH.			
1	Ancrum	12 17 9	12 11 7	5 12 0
2	Ashkirk	15 11 8	8 10 0	7 8 11
3	Bedrule	4 17 9	...	4 12 2
4	Bowden	37 0 6	24 5 4	21 19 10
5	Castleton	29 1 2	10 4 0	20 0 4
6	Cavers	12 7 0	5 7 3	6 19 9
7	Crailing	11 14 1	9 16 11	1 0 0
8	Eckford	6 1 0	5 11 0	0 4 0
9	Ednam	9 5 3	6 2 6	6 16 0
10	Hawick	53 12 1	36 14 11	16 17 2
11	Hobkirk	8 17 4	...	10 16 6
12	Hownam	6 10 6	3 10 6	2 16 6
13	Jedburgh	28 3 4	21 13 7	6 9 9
14	Kelso	75 0 4	36 14 4	38 5 11
15	Kirkton	5 18 6	...	5 18 6
16	Lilliesleaf	15 17 7	14 4 2	1 13 5
17	Linton	12 12 4	0 5 0	13 18 6
18	Mackerston	4 19 0	...	4 19 0
19	Maxton	10 11 4	10 11 4	...
20	Melrose	93 12 9	49 16 6	43 16 2
21	Minto	23 1 10	18 8 5	6 17 0
22	Morebattle	6 0 7	3 5 1	2 2 6
23	Oxnam	13 17 8	10 2 6	2 4 4
24	Roberton	16 4 6	7 7 4	10 5 6
25	Roxburgh	18 16 1	4 15 11	9 9 6
26	St Boswells	17 8 4	13 8 0	4 0 4
27	Smailholm	8 15 6	8 1 8	0 13 10
28	Southdean	11 17 2	6 1 4	3 0 2
29	Sprouston	13 0 0	4 17 5	5 14 10
30	Stitchel	14 16 0	0 11 0	11 18 7
31	Wilton	39 14 6	14 1 8	25 12 10
32	Yetholm	33 2 0	6 9 6	22 8 1
	Total	671 5 5	353 8 9	324 11 11
	SELKIRK.			
1	Ettrick	15 18 7	1 10 0	14 8 7
2	Galashiels	64 11 0	38 1 2	26 9 10
3	Kirkhope	10 14 5	6 8 6	1 17 9
4	Selkirk	41 15 11	26 8 10	15 7 1
5	Yarrow	6 19 1	0 15 1	6 4 0
	Total	139 19 0	73 3 7	64 7 8
	STIRLING.			
1	Airth	9 14 8	...	15 15 7
2	Alva	26 12 1	2 18 9	10 17 9
3	Baldernock	17 17 7	...	17 7 10
4	Balfron	14 19 11	...	14 19 11
5	Bothkennar	6 7 2	...	6 11 0

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPT. Amount of Monies Received. £ s. d.	EXPENDITURE. Expended on the Relief of the Poor. £ s. d.	EXPENDITURE. Expended on other Purposes. £ s. d.
6	Buchanan	9 10 11	...	9 10 11
7	Campsie	90 10 8	32 18 9	57 10 3
8	Denny	18 8 10	2 0 7	18 4 0
9	Drymen	27 0 9	7 5 0	19 15 9
10	Dunipace	7 15 3	6 12 0	0 10 0
11	Falkirk	63 19 1	54 14 10	...
12	Fintry	23 18 2	9 19 6	13 1 3
13	Gargunnock	4 12 5	4 17 0	...
14	Kilsyth	40 9 2	16 7 11	24 1 3
15	Kippen	8 11 2	...	8 11 2
16	Larbert	46 7 2	24 14 4	19 10 1
17	Muiravonside	9 14 4	4 10 8	5 4 0
18	Polmont	36 2 2	36 2 2	...
19	St Ninians	28 2 3	...	28 2 3
20	Slamannan	13 7 7	...	11 14 11
21	Stirling	171 17 10	20 13 0	151 18 9
22	Strathblane	37 3 0	36 17 8	20 5 8
	Total	713 2 0	250 12 2	454 12 4
	SUTHERLAND.			
1	Assynt	...	...	...
2	Clyne	4 1 3	...	4 1 3
3	Creich	5 14 6	...	5 14 6
4	Dornoch	13 4 5	3 10 0	9 14 5
5	Duirness	...	...	...
6	Eddrachillis	...	...	...
7	Farr—Farr	...	...	...
	Strathie (*Q. S.* Par. of)	...	...	...
8	Golspie	28 12 5	5 2 6	23 6 0
9	Kildonan	6 16 10	...	6 16 10
10	Lairg	8 4 8	2 18 6	5 0 0
11	Loth	3 0 1	2 4 0	2 11 0
12	Rogart	3 1 9	...	3 10 0
13	Tongue	...	...	...
	Total	72 15 11	13 15 0	60 14 0
	WIGTOWN.			
1	Glasserton	24 16 10	9 12 1	14 19 5
2	Inch	22 4 10	1 10 0	20 14 10
3	Kirkcolm	33 18 6	10 15 2	23 3 4
4	Kirkinner	32 11 7	8 0 0	24 11 7
5	Kirkmaiden	19 11 7	3 10 0	16 1 7
6	Kirkowan	13 4 2	4 9 5	12 14 1
7	Leswalt	0 7 8	...	0 7 8
8	Luce (New)	6 11 6	...	6 11 6
9	Luce (Old)	43 5 1	11 16 6	27 14 6
10	Mochrum	31 8 6	17 14 6	19 0 0
11	Penninghame	62 19 10	...	62 19 10
12	Portpatrick	13 7 8	13 7 8	...
13	Sorby	18 9 6	3 5 0	15 0 0
14	Stoneykirk	49 2 0	...	43 8 1
15	Stranraer	52 19 11	...	48 5 3
16	Whithorn	30 3 11	...	28 17 11
17	Wigtown	32 2 5	...	32 2 5
	Total	487 5 6	84 0 4	396 12 0

SUMMARY—CHURCH COLLECTIONS.

No.	COUNTIES.	RECEIPT. Amount of Monies Received.			EXPENDITURE. Expended on the Relief of the Poor.			Expended on other Purposes.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1	Aberdeen, - -	2,307	18	0	1,010	16	5	1,329	9	7
2	Argyll, - - -	560	10	0	162	13	6	392	19	2
3	Ayr, - - -	1,306	7	11	679	1	0	560	18	6
4	Banff, - - -	514	13	9	82	0	1	404	19	4
5	Berwick, - - -	484	2	11	319	10	5	183	15	11
6	Bute, - - -	265	13	1	60	10	10	183	13	6
7	Caithness, - -	85	12	8	18	14	0	66	18	6
8	Clackmannan, - -	174	15	7	29	12	3	147	1	6
9	Dumbarton, - -	590	7	7	180	18	5	384	7	4
10	Dumfries, - -	848	14	8	301	5	0	541	2	5
11	Edinburgh, - -	2,971	17	5	1,951	11	7	892	3	2
12	Elgin, - - -	385	9	11	99	14	7	267	11	4
13	Fife, - - -	1,216	8	5	295	19	10	930	0	7
14	Forfar, - - -	1,777	15	8	1,046	17	10	709	17	9
15	Haddington, - -	286	14	4	135	16	9	155	8	5
16	Inverness, - -	116	1	10	23	7	10	84	17	4
17	Kincardine, - -	301	12	10	122	13	8	178	16	0
18	Kinross, - - -	63	4	4	25	13	8	44	18	8
19	Kirkcudbright, - -	739	9	9	299	19	0	414	9	7
20	Lanark, - - -	2,638	9	0	1,712	19	3	955	17	8
21	Linlithgow, - -	285	11	7	142	6	1	100	19	3
22	Nairn, - - -	41	8	7	...			40	11	3
23	Orkney and Shetland, -	169	19	4	71	4	1	96	9	2
24	Peebles, - - -	202	3	8	99	19	3	96	19	11
25	Perth, - - -	1,456	0	4	480	18	7	893	12	9
26	Renfrew, - - -	1,281	0	9	761	11	3	572	3	10
27	Ross, - - -	155	6	6	16	12	10	133	7	11
28	Roxburgh, - -	671	5	5	353	8	9	324	11	11
29	Selkirk, - - -	139	19	0	73	3	7	64	7	3
30	Stirling, - - -	713	2	0	250	12	2	454	12	4
31	Sutherland, - -	72	15	11	13	15	0	60	14	0
32	Wigtown, - - -	487	5	6	84	0	4	396	12	0
	Total,	23,311	18	3	10,907	7	10	12,064	7	10

APPENDIX (B.)—No. 8.

TABLE showing the Twenty-first Distribution of the Parliamentary Grant of Te[n] Thousand Pounds in Aid of Medical Relief afforded to the Poor during the Yea[r] ended 14th May 1869.

☞ Fractional parts of a Penny, not being payable by the Exchequer, are deducted from the total sums payable to the Parishes.

No.	County and Parish.	Minimum Expenditure.			Share Allotted.			Actual Vouched Expenditure.			Additional Proportion.			Total Payment to Parish.		
	ABERDEEN.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1	Aberdeen - -	248	16	0	124	8	0	277	2	2	2	2	0	126	10	0
2	Aboyne - - -	9	9	8	4	14	10	12	12	0	0	4	6	4	19	4
3	Alford - - -	8	12	10	4	6	5	15	0	0	0	9	0	4	15	5
4	Auchindoir - -	8	19	5	4	9	8½	9	0	0	...			4	9	[illegible]
5	Auchterless - -	13	3	3	6	11	7½	18	14	0½	0	9	0	7	0	[illegible]
6	Belhelvie - - -	11	12	5	5	16	2½	18	0	0	0	9	0	6	5	[illegible]
7	Birse - - -	10	15	10	5	7	11	16	0	0	0	7	6	5	15	[illegible]
8	Cairney - - -	13	4	5	6	12	2½	22	10	9	0	13	6	7	5	[illegible]
9	Chapel-of-Garioch -	15	18	5	7	19	2½	32	6	1	1	4	0	9	3	[illegible]
10	Coull - - -	6	0	1	3	0	0½	9	1	0	0	4	6	3	4	[illegible]
11	Crathie and Braemar	14	5	4	7	2	8	20	0	0	0	9	0	7	11	[illegible]
12	Crimond - - -	5	19	10	2	19	11	10	10	0	0	7	6	3	7	[illegible]
13	Cruden - - -	18	19	3	9	9	7½	19	0	0	...			9	9	[illegible]
14	Culsamond - -	8	1	0	4	0	6	15	0	3	0	10	6	4	11	[illegible]
15	Deer (New) - -	29	6	10	14	13	5	30	0	0	0	1	6	14	14	[illegible]
16	Deer (Old) - -	33	12	7	16	16	3½	38	0	0	0	6	0	17	2	[illegible]
17	Drumblade - -	7	12	6	3	16	3	8	0	0	...			3	16	[illegible]
18	Drumoak - -	6	6	8	3	3	4	7	3	8	0	1	6	3	4	[illegible]
19	Dyce - - -	3	16	2	1	18	1	5	0	0	0	1	6	1	19	[illegible]
20	Echt - - -	8	8	5	4	4	2½	8	8	5	...			4	4	[illegible]
21	Ellon - - -	22	19	6	11	9	9	26	11	7	0	6	0	11	15	[illegible]
22	Fintray - - -	8	1	3	4	0	7½	10	1	3	0	3	0	4	3	[illegible]
23	Forgue - - -	20	1	10	10	0	11	28	0	5	0	12	0	10	12	[illegible]
24	Foveran - - -	12	13	1	6	6	6½	13	0	0	...			6	6	[illegible]
25	Fraserburgh - -	27	6	0	13	13	0	40	0	0	0	19	6	14	12	[illegible]
26	Fyvie - - -	28	2	0	14	1	0	38	0	0	0	15	0	14	16	[illegible]
27	Gartly - - -	8	12	10	4	6	5	11	18	8½	0	4	6	4	10	[illegible]
28	Glass - - -	7	3	0	3	11	6	11	9	8	0	6	0	3	17	[illegible]
29	Glenbucket - -	4	4	8	2	2	4	8	0	0	0	6	0	2	8	[illegible]
30	Glenmuick - -	17	13	0	8	16	6	26	2	6	0	12	0	9	8	[illegible]
31	Huntly - - -	28	9	0	14	4	6	45	18	5	1	5	6	15	10	[illegible]
32	Insch - - -	10	8	3	5	4	1½	14	7	3½	0	6	0	5	10	[illegible]
33	Keig - - -	5	6	10	2	13	5	7	4	8½	0	3	0	2	16	[illegible]
34	Kildrummy - -	5	4	6	2	12	3	5	5	0	....			2	12	[illegible]
35	Kincardine O'Neil -	14	10	1	7	5	0½	45	0	0	2	5	0	9	10	[illegible]
36	King-Edward - -	19	9	4	9	14	8	20	0	0	0	1	6	9	16	[illegible]
37	Kinellar - - -	3	15	5	1	17	8½	6	6	1	0	4	6	2	2	[illegible]
38	Kinnethmont - -	8	12	11	4	6	5½	14	10	0	0	9	0	4	15	[illegible]
39	Kintore - - -	9	16	2	4	18	1	22	3	3	0	18	0	5	16	[illegible]
40	Logie-Buchan - -	5	11	4	2	15	8	6	14	8	0	1	6	2	17	[illegible]
41	Logie-Coldstone -	7	16	0	3	18	0	12	0	0	0	6	0	4	4	[illegible]
42	Longside - - -	20	8	1	10	4	0½	21	11	2	0	1	6	10	5	[illegible]
43	Lonmay - - -	14	19	10	7	9	11	15	0	0	...			7	9	[illegible]
44	Lumphanan - -	7	10	7	3	15	3½	7	10	7	...			3	15	[illegible]
45	Machar (New) - -	9	17	2	4	18	7	11	19	2	0	3	0	5	1	[illegible]
46	Machar (Old) - -	197	0	3	98	10	1½	239	4	3	3	3	0	101	13	[illegible]
47	Meldrum - - -	14	2	10	7	1	5	28	14	7½	1	2	6	8	3	[illegible]
48	Methlic - - -	14	0	5	7	0	2½	23	5	5	0	13	6	7	13	[illegible]

County and Parish.	Minimum Expenditure.			Share Allotted.			Actual Vouched Expenditure.			Additional Proportion.			Total Payment to Parish.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Midmar - - -	8	16	5	4	8	2½	8	16	6	...			4	8	2
Monquhitter - -	16	14	10	8	7	5	16	14	10	...			8	7	5
Monymusk - -	7	4	6	3	12	3	10	18	4	0	6	0	3	18	3
Newhills - - -	22	7	7	11	3	9½	25	13	11	0	4	6	11	8	3
Peterculter - -	10	3	3	5	1	7½	10	13	8	0	1	6	5	3	1
Peterhead - -	53	11	5	26	15	8½	87	8	0	2	11	0	29	6	8
Pitsligo - - -	11	2	5	5	11	2½	16	0	0	0	7	6	5	18	8
Premnay - - -	5	7	11	2	13	11½	10	15	7	0	7	6	3	1	5
Rathen - - -	17	2	10	8	11	5	17	2	10	...			8	11	5
Rhynie - - -	7	16	3	3	18	1½	12	0	0	0	6	0	4	4	1
Skene - - -	14	8	5	7	4	2½	14	10	0	...			7	4	2
Slains - - -	9	15	6	4	17	9	10	0	0	...			4	17	9
Strathdon - - -	13	0	6	6	10	3	30	0	0	1	5	6	7	15	9
Strichen - - -	15	14	4	7	17	2	21	0	0	0	7	6	8	4	8
Tarland and Migvie -	8	10	9	4	5	4½	13	6	0	0	7	6	4	12	10
Tarves - - -	19	7	0	9	13	6	24	18	10	0	9	0	10	2	6
Tough - - -	5	19	0	2	19	6	6	0	0	...			2	19	6
Towie - - -	5	12	11	2	16	5½	11	1	9	0	7	6	3	3	11
Tullynessle - -	6	16	7	3	8	3½	12	0	0	0	7	6	3	15	9
Turriff - - -	24	11	6	12	5	9	32	16	11½	0	12	0	12	17	9
Tyrie - - -	19	4	10	9	12	5	32	10	0	0	19	6	10	11	11
Udny - - -	11	6	6	5	13	3	15	0	0	0	6	0	5	19	3
Total - -	1,351	12	4	675	16	2	1,790	14	4	32	14	0	708	8	11
ARGYLL.															
Ardchattan & Muckairn	20	3	6	10	1	9	39	8	0	1	8	6	11	10	3
Ardnamurchan -	43	12	0	21	16	0	135	12	0	6	18	0	28	14	0
Campbeltown - -	72	15	1	36	7	6½	100	6	6	2	2	0	38	9	6
Coll - - - -	8	6	9	4	3	4½	39	19	4	2	8	0	6	11	4
Craignish - -	7	0	11	3	10	5½	26	8	1	1	8	6	4	18	11
Dunoon and Kilmun -	35	1	10	17	10	11	85	0	0	3	15	0	21	5	11
Glassary - - -	39	3	4	19	11	8	53	3	0	1	1	0	20	12	8
Glenorchy and Inishail	13	14	0	6	17	0	50	0	0	2	14	0	9	11	0
Inverary - - -	18	8	11	9	4	5½	47	19	2	2	5	0	11	9	5
Jura - - -	11	13	2	5	16	7	23	0	0	0	16	6	6	13	1
Kilbrandon - -	21	0	1	10	10	0½	25	0	0	0	6	0	10	16	0
Kilcalmonell & Kilberry	25	19	6	12	19	9	26	2	6	...			12	19	9
Kilchoman - -	35	5	4	17	12	8	75	7	10½	3	0	0	20	12	8
Kilchrenan & Dalavich	7	17	2	3	18	7	20	0	0	0	18	0	4	16	7
Kildalton - -	30	6	10	15	3	5	73	14	11½	3	4	6	18	7	11
Kilfinan - - -	14	13	2	7	6	7	22	4	8	0	12	0	7	18	7
Kilfinichen - -	34	5	6	17	2	9	60	0	0	1	19	0	19	1	9
Killarrow - -	40	13	0	20	6	6	68	7	2	2	2	0	22	8	6
Killean and Kilchenzie	20	0	4	10	0	2	23	9	6	0	4	6	10	4	8
Kilmartin - -	9	19	0	4	19	6	25	8	10	1	2	6	6	2	0
Kilmore and Kilbride	23	2	2	11	11	1	34	0	0	0	16	6	12	7	7
Kilninian and Kilmore	34	19	11	17	9	11½	35	0	0	...			17	9	11
Kilninver & Kilmelfort	7	0	0	3	10	0	10	10	0	0	6	0	3	16	0
Knapdale (North) -	17	10	4	8	15	2	35	0	0	1	5	6	10	0	8
Knapdale (South) -	18	10	6	9	5	3	20	0	0	0	1	6	9	6	9
Lismore and Appin -	34	18	10	17	9	5	70	0	0	2	12	6	20	1	11
Lochgoilhead - -	8	9	8	4	4	10	42	10	0	2	11	0	6	15	10
Morven - - -	14	15	8	7	7	10	45	0	0	2	5	0	9	12	10
Saddell and Skipness	15	2	2	7	11	1	30	14	0	1	4	0	8	15	1
Southend - -	12	17	4	6	8	8	33	12	10	1	11	6	8	0	2
Strachur - - -	5	3	8	2	11	10	20	0	0	1	2	6	3	14	4
Stralachlan - -	3	17	4	1	18	8	6	0	0	0	3	0	2	1	8

No.	County and Parish.	Minimum Expenditure.	Share Allotted.	Actual Vouched Expenditure.	Additional Proportion.	Total Payment to Parish.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
33	Torosay - - -	13 9 4	6 14 8	50 0 0	2 15 6	9 10 2
34	Tyree - - -	34 3 9	17 1 10½	46 13 4	0 18 0	17 19 10
	Total - -	754 0 1	377 0 0½	1,499 12 3	55 17 6	432 17 3
	AYR.					
1	Ardrossan - -	34 15 8	17 7 10	42 0 0	0 10 6	17 18 4
2	Auchinleck - -	13 7 10	6 13 11	20 0 0	0 10 6	7 4 5
3	Ayr - - -	55 19 1	27 19 6½	91 10 6	2 14 0	30 13 6
4	Ballantrae - -	13 15 2	6 17 7	50 0 0	2 14 0	9 11 7
5	Beith - - -	42 5 1	21 2 6½	49 14 0	0 10 6	21 13 0
6	Colmonell - -	22 12 2	11 6 1	44 19 0	1 13 0	12 19 1
7	Coylton - - -	11 11 10	5 15 11	12 0 0	...	5 15 11
8	Cumnock (New) -	19 17 0	9 18 6	25 0 0	0 7 6	10 6 0
9	Cumnock (Old) -	21 8 4	10 14 2	21 10 0	...	10 14 2
10	Dailly - - -	17 15 0	8 17 6	35 4 8	1 5 6	10 3 0
11	Dalmellington - -	9 12 3	4 16 1½	30 0 0	1 10 0	6 6 1
12	Dalry - - -	36 4 10	18 2 5	50 3 2	1 1 0	19 3 5
13	Dalrymple - -	7 2 0	3 11 0	12 0 0	0 7 6	3 18 6
14	Dreghorn - - -	9 4 6	4 12 3	27 12 4	1 7 0	5 19 3
15	Dundonald - -	48 19 5	24 9 8½	59 0 0	0 15 0	25 4 8
16	Fenwick - - -	16 5 9	8 2 10½	24 7 6	0 12 0	8 14 10
17	Galston - - -	32 14 7	16 7 3½	58 9 10	1 19 0	18 6 3
18	Girvan - - -	54 2 8	27 1 4	61 5 9	0 10 6	27 11 10
19	Irvine - - -	36 13 2	18 6 7	45 1 7	0 12 0	18 18 7
20	Kilbirnie - - -	19 17 4	9 18 8	31 4 6	0 16 6	10 15 2
21	Kilbride, West - -	14 4 8	7 2 4	22 3 8	0 12 0	7 14 4
22	Kilmarnock - -	140 6 3	70 3 1½	260 15 7	9 0 0	79 3 1
23	Kilmaurs - - -	19 15 3	9 17 7½	36 17 9	1 5 6	11 3 1
24	Kilwinning - -	38 5 9	19 2 10½	45 19 9	0 12 0	19 14 10
25	Kirkmichael - -	22 3 0	11 1 6	23 4 0	0 1 6	11 3 0
26	Largs - - -	30 10 9	15 5 4½	31 0 0	...	15 5 4
27	Loudoun - - -	34 14 8	17 7 4	40 0 0	0 7 6	17 14 10
28	Mauchline - -	16 5 7	8 2 9½	16 10 0	...	8 2 9
29	Maybole - - -	51 4 9	25 12 4½	52 13 10	0 1 6	25 13 10
30	Monkton - - -	14 11 11	7 5 11½	30 6 3	1 4 0	8 9 11
31	Muirkirk - - -	25 4 6	12 12 3	51 4 5	1 19 0	14 11 3
32	Newton-upon-Ayr -	30 6 11	15 3 5½	30 13 10	...	15 3 5
33	Ochiltree - - -	12 18 5	6 9 2½	16 0 0	0 4 6	6 13 8
34	Riccarton - -	23 10 5	11 15 2½	30 0 0	0 9 0	12 4 2
35	St Quivox - -	42 11 5	21 5 8½	61 14 11	1 8 6	22 14 2
36	Sorn - - -	30 12 3	15 6 1½	31 0 0	...	15 6 1
37	Stevenston - -	27 12 10	13 16 5	35 9 2	0 12 0	14 8 5
38	Stewarton - -	33 19 0	16 19 6	38 16 0	0 7 6	17 7 0
39	Symington - -	6 18 7	3 9 3½	14 1 10	0 10 6	3 19 9
40	Tarbolton - -	20 8 1	10 4 0½	24 0 0	0 6 0	10 10 0
	Total - -	1,160 8 8	580 4 4	1,683 13 10	38 17 0	619 0 6
	BANFF.					
1	Aberlour - -	10 18 3	5 9 1½	23 0 0	0 18 0	6 7 1
2	Alvah - - -	10 19 10	5 9 11	11 0 0	...	5 9 11
3	Banff - - -	28 17 2	14 8 7	48 13 6	1 10 0	15 18 7
4	Boharm - - -	10 10 2	5 5 1	15 0 0	0 6 0	5 11 1
5	Botriphnie - -	5 11 6	2 15 9	5 11 6	...	2 15 9
6	Boyndie - - -	11 6 8	5 13 4	16 10 9	0 7 6	6 0 10
7	Cabrach - - -	6 9 2	3 4 7	10 0 0	0 6 0	3 10 7
8	Cullen - - -	10 11 9	5 5 10½	11 0 0	...	5 5 10

No.	County and Parish.	Minimum Expenditure.	Share Allotted.	Actual Vouched Expenditure.	Additional Proportion.	Total Payment to Parish.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
9	Deskford - - -	6 18 10	3 9 5	10 3 5	0 4 6	3 13 11
10	Fordyce and Portsoy	25 19 10	12 19 11	45 6 2	1 8 6	14 8 5
11	Gamrie and Macduff	35 16 1	17 18 0½	36 0 0	...	17 18 0
12	Grange - - -	12 19 6	6 9 9	17 7 10	0 6 0	6 15 9
13	Inveravon - -	20 2 10	10 1 5	40 0 0	1 10 0	11 11 5
14	Keith - - -	33 13 0	16 16 6	61 4 3	2 2 0	18 18 6
15	Kirkmichael - -	12 14 5	6 7 2½	40 0 0	2 0 6	8 7 8
16	Marnoch - - -	21 0 5	10 10 2½	31 13 0	0 16 6	11 6 8
17	Mortlach - - -	20 18 9	10 9 4½	30 0 0	0 13 6	11 2 10
18	Ordiquhill - - -	4 16 2	2 8 1	6 0 0	0 1 6	2 9 7
19	Rathven - - -	49 1 2	24 10 7	53 5 10	0 6 0	24 16 7
20	Rothiemay - -	9 5 3	4 12 7½	23 18 9½	1 2 6	5 15 1
21	St Fergus - -	10 17 4	5 8 8	16 19 11	0 9 0	5 17 8
	Total - -	359 8 1	179 14 0½	552 14 11½	14 8 0	194 1 9
	BERWICK.					
1	Ayton - - -	13 9 5	6 14 8½	21 12 6	0 12 0	7 6 8
2	Channelkirk - -	6 5 11	3 2 11½	16 6 7	0 15 0	3 17 11
3	Chirnside - -	9 1 8	4 10 10	24 14 6	1 4 0	5 14 10
4	Coldingham - -	22 3 4	11 1 8	36 19 4	1 2 6	12 4 2
5	Coldstream - -	21 11 6	10 15 9	34 17 11	0 19 6	11 15 3
6	Dunse - - -	23 17 7	11 18 9½	43 18 0	1 10 0	13 8 9
7	Eccles - - -	14 13 11	7 6 11½	22 17 0	0 12 0	7 18 11
8	Edrom - - -	10 13 8	5 6 10	18 12 0	0 12 0	5 18 10
9	Eyemouth - -	9 17 0	4 18 6	20 0 0	0 15 0	5 13 6
10	Greenlaw - - -	10 11 8	5 5 10	29 6 4	1 8 6	6 14 4
11	Hutton - - -	8 17 0	4 8 6	20 0 0	0 16 6	5 5 0
12	Ladykirk - - -	3 16 1	1 18 0½	10 0 0	0 9 0	2 7 0
13	Langton - - -	3 19 10	1 19 11	8 8 0	0 6 0	2 5 11
14	Lauder - - -	17 14 10	8 17 5	24 13 5	0 10 6	9 7 11
15	Swinton - - -	8 5 4	4 2 8	12 15 0	0 6 0	4 8 8
	Total - -	184 18 9	92 9 4½	345 0 7	11 18 6	104 7 8
	BUTE.					
1	Kilbride (Arran) -	22 9 9	11 4 10½	40 0 0	1 7 0	12 11 10
2	Kilmory - - -	27 17 10	13 18 11	40 0 0	0 18 0	14 16 11
3	North Bute - -	6 3 6	3 1 9	15 0 0	0 13 6	3 15 3
4	Rothesay - - -	44 17 5	22 8 8½	46 16 1	0 3 0	22 11 8
	Total - -	101 8 6	50 14 3	141 16 1	3 1 6	53 15 8
	CAITHNESS.					
1	Bower - - -	13 3 10	6 11 11	13 5 0	...	6 11 11
2	Canisbay - - -	18 12 3	9 6 1½	40 0 0	1 11 6	10 17 7
3	Dunnet - - -	15 3 6	7 11 9	33 8 0	1 7 0	8 18 9
4	Halkirk - - -	24 13 10	12 6 11	29 10 2	0 7 6	12 14 5
5	Latheron - - -	61 13 0	30 16 6	100 0 0	2 17 0	33 13 6
6	Olrig - - -	11 19 3	5 19 7½	32 12 0	1 11 6	7 11 1
7	Reay - - -	23 8 6	11 14 3	25 11 3	0 3 0	11 17 3
8	Thurso - - -	36 17 2	18 8 7	81 11 0½	3 7 6	21 16 1
9	Watten - - -	10 11 0	5 5 6	10 11 0	...	5 5 6
10	Wick - - -	78 9 9	39 4 10½	100 0 0	1 13 0	40 17 10
	Total - -	294 12 1	147 6 0½	466 8 5½	12 18 0	160 3 11

No.	County and Parish.	Minimum Expenditure.			Share Allotted.			Actual Vouched Expenditure.			Additional Proportion.			Total Payment to Parish.		
	CLACKMANNAN.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1	Alloa - - -	53	12	7	26	16	3½	59	19	11	0	9	0	27	5	3
2	Clackmannan - -	37	10	3	18	15	1½	41	19	5	0	6	0	19	1	1
3	Dollar - - -	10	19	7	5	9	9½	11	2	0		...		5	9	9
4	Logie - - -	16	12	3	8	6	1½	30	0	0	0	19	6	9	5	7
5	Tillicoultry - -	23	8	6	11	14	3	23	8	6		...		11	14	3
	Total - -	142	3	2	71	1	7	166	9	10	1	14	6	72	15	11
	DUMBARTON.															
1	Arrochar - - -	4	16	8	2	8	4	20	0	0	1	2	6	3	10	10
2	Bonhill - - -	46	19	7	23	9	9½	76	8	4	2	3	6	25	13	3
3	Cardross - - -	32	4	0	16	2	0	61	19	1	2	5	0	18	7	0
4	Cumbernauld - -	33	19	10	16	19	11	45	0	0	0	16	6	17	16	5
5	Dumbarton - -	28	18	2	14	9	1	49	5	9	1	10	0	15	19	1
6	Kilpatrick (New) -	26	2	1	13	1	0½	31	16	0	0	9	0	13	10	0
7	Kilpatrick (Old) -	51	3	9	25	11	10½	67	0	0	1	4	0	26	15	10
8	Kirkintilloch - -	62	8	9	31	4	4½	63	0	0	0	1	6	31	5	10
9	Luss - - -	8	9	10	4	4	11	20	0	0	0	18	0	5	2	11
10	Roseneath - -	7	7	0	3	13	6	10	0	0	0	4	6	3	18	0
11	Row - - -	29	0	9	14	10	4½	40	0	0	0	16	6	15	6	10
	Total - -	331	10	5	165	15	2½	484	9	2	11	11	0	177	6	0
	DUMFRIES.															
1	Annan - - -	39	17	10	19	18	11	42	5	8	0	3	0	20	1	11
2	Caerlaverock - -	9	15	9	4	17	10½	12	0	0	0	3	0	5	0	10
3	Canonbie - -	23	13	9	11	16	10½	36	0	0	0	18	0	12	14	10
4	Closeburn - -	12	15	0	6	7	6	15	12	2	0	4	6	6	12	0
5	Cummertrees - -	10	6	2	5	3	1	17	1	0	0	10	6	5	13	7
6	Dalton - - -	5	3	0	2	11	6	10	0	0	0	7	6	2	19	0
7	Dornock - - -	6	12	4	3	6	2	14	6	8	0	12	0	3	18	2
8	Dryfesdale - -	16	7	0	8	3	6	25	0	0	0	13	6	8	17	0
9	Dumfries - - -	80	4	4	40	2	2	127	10	8	3	10	6	43	12	8
10	Dunscore - - -	11	17	0	5	18	6	19	4	10	0	10	6	6	9	0
11	Durrisdeer - -	11	13	3	5	16	7½	29	9	2	1	7	0	7	3	7
12	Eskdalemuir - -	5	7	8	2	13	10	16	3	8	0	16	6	3	10	4
13	Ewes - - -	2	14	8	1	7	4	3	0	0		...		1	7	4
14	Glencairn - -	16	18	1	8	9	0½	25	10	2	0	13	6	9	2	6
15	Graitny - - -	13	15	1	6	17	6½	17	18	4	0	6	0	7	3	6
16	Half-Morton - -	5	18	11	2	19	5½	9	19	4	0	6	0	3	5	5
17	Hoddam - - -	12	5	8	6	2	10	28	19	4	1	5	6	7	8	4
18	Holywood - -	8	5	9	4	2	10½	10	0	0	0	3	0	4	5	10
19	Hutton - - -	6	14	10	3	7	5	8	0	0	0	1	6	3	8	11
20	Keir - - -	7	13	9	3	16	10½	14	6	0	0	10	6	4	7	4
21	Kirkconnel - -	9	8	4	4	14	2	15	9	1	0	9	0	5	3	2
22	Kirkmahoe - -	12	5	0	6	2	6	18	6	5	0	9	0	6	11	6
23	Kirkmichael - -	8	18	10	4	9	5	10	0	0	0	1	6	4	10	11
24	Kirkpatrick-Fleming	13	4	4	6	12	2	19	7	8	0	9	0	7	1	2
25	Langholm - -	22	0	7	11	0	3½	22	1	0		...		11	0	3
26	Lochmaben - -	21	18	10	10	19	5	40	9	6	1	8	6	12	7	11
27	Middlebie - -	16	15	11	8	7	11½	31	2	10	1	1	0	9	8	11
28	Morton - - -	16	17	7	8	8	9½	28	4	7	0	16	6	9	5	3
29	Mousewald - -	5	6	8	2	13	4	13	4	10	0	12	0	3	5	4
30	Penpont - - -	10	4	4	5	2	2	16	11	10	0	9	0	5	11	2
31	Ruthwell - - -	8	1	3	4	0	7½	12	15	5	0	7	6	4	8	1
32	St Mungo - -	4	16	6	2	8	3	7	5	6	0	3	0	2	11	3
33	Sanquhar - -	27	18	10	13	19	5	28	15	5	0	1	6	14	0	11

No.	County and Parish.	Minimum Expenditure.	Share Allotted.	Actual Vouched Expenditure.	Additional Proportion.	Total Payment to Parish.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
34	Tinwald - - -	8 9 6	4 4 9	11 1 0	0 4 6	4 9 3
35	Torthorwald - -	10 3 3	5 1 7½	20 15 8	0 16 6	5 18 1
36	Tynron - - -	3 19 0	1 19 6	6 18 0	0 4 6	2 4 0
37	Westerkirk - -	5 6 4	2 13 2	12 0 0	0 10 6	3 3 8
	Total - -	513 14 11	256 17 5½	796 15 9	21 6 0	278 2 11
	EDINBURGH.					
1	Borthwick - -	12 12 7	6 6 3½	15 13 0	0 4 6	6 10 9
2	Calder (Mid) - -	11 6 8	5 13 4	11 6 8	...	5 13 4
3	Calder (West) - -	13 0 3	6 10 1½	18 0 0	0 7 6	6 17 7
4	Canongate - -	67 6 7	33 13 3½	104 5 4	2 15 6	36 8 9
5	Carrington - -	4 13 0	2 6 6	8 10 8	0 6 0	2 12 6
6	Cockpen - - -	16 9 9	8 4 10½	18 1 2	0 3 0	8 7 10
7	Colinton - - -	16 0 1	8 0 0½	31 10 0	1 2 6	9 2 6
8	Corstorphine - -	11 6 2	5 13 1	39 4 0	2 2 0	7 15 1
9	Cramond - - -	14 19 2	7 9 7	57 1 9	3 3 0	10 12 7
10	Cranston - - -	8 16 3	4 8 1½	13 0 0	0 6 0	4 14 1
11	Crichton - - -	10 16 3	5 8 1½	15 6 6	0 7 6	5 15 7
12	Currie - - -	15 2 1	7 11 0½	21 18 6	0 10 6	8 1 6
13	Dalkeith - - -	39 9 5	19 14 8½	41 3 0	0 3 0	19 17 8
14	Duddingstone - -	29 11 2	14 15 7	64 5 1	2 12 6	17 8 1
15	Edinburgh - -	469 8 4	234 14 2	553 18 9½	6 7 6	241 1 8
16	Fala - - -	3 3 5	1 11 8½	7 0 0	0 6 0	1 17 8
17	Glencross - -	5 10 7	2 15 3½	10 0 0	0 6 0	3 1 3
18	Inveresk - - -	55 18 11	27 19 5½	61 16 0	0 9 0	28 8 5
19	Kirknewton - -	11 12 7	5 16 3½	15 0 0	0 4 6	6 0 9
20	Lasswade - -	35 6 7	17 13 3½	47 3 4	0 18 0	18 11 3
21	Leith (North) - -	57 9 11	28 14 11½	160 13 10½	7 14 6	36 9 5
22	Leith (South) - -	133 18 0	66 19 0	302 1 0½	12 12 0	79 11 0
23	Liberton - - -	24 5 1	12 2 6½	35 11 6	0 16 6	12 19 0
24	Newbattle - -	14 16 5	7 8 2½	25 18 0	0 16 6	8 4 8
25	Newton - - -	12 5 1	6 2 6½	16 9 8	0 6 0	6 8 6
26	Penicuik - -	20 1 10	10 0 11	27 16 10	0 12 0	10 12 11
27	Ratho - - -	13 4 8	6 12 4	13 13 0	...	6 12 4
28	St Cuthberts - -	486 17 0	243 8 6	573 15 5	6 10 6	249 19 0
29	Stow - - -	13 19 11	6 19 11½	14 3 6	...	6 19 11
30	Temple - - -	9 13 2	4 16 7	12 6 0	0 4 6	5 1 1
	Total - -	1,639 0 11	819 10 5½	2,336 12 7½	52 7 0	871 16 8
	ELGIN OR MORAY.					
1	Abernethy - -	15 5 4	7 12 8	25 0 0	0 15 0	8 7 8
2	Alves - - -	6 17 10	3 8 11	7 0 0	...	3 8 11
3	Dallas - - -	9 16 6	4 18 3	15 0 0	0 7 6	5 5 9
4	Drainy - - -	11 8 9	5 14 4½	20 0 0	0 13 6	6 7 10
5	Duffus - - -	19 1 11	9 10 11½	25 0 0	0 9 0	9 19 11
6	Duthill - - -	14 14 10	7 7 5	25 0 0	0 15 0	8 2 5
7	Dyke and Moy - -	10 6 3	5 3 1½	15 15 0	0 7 6	5 10 7
8	Edinkillie - - -	10 6 2	5 3 1	17 12 0	0 10 6	5 13 7
9	Elgin - - -	44 7 1	22 3 6½	45 0 0	0 1 6	22 5 0
10	Forres - - -	26 1 10	13 0 11	36 18 0	0 16 6	13 17 5
11	Kinloss - - -	9 1 6	4 10 9	12 0 0	0 4 6	4 15 3
12	Knockando - -	13 1 10	6 10 11	25 0 0	0 18 0	7 8 11
13	New Spynie - -	8 15 9	4 7 10½	12 10 6	0 6 0	4 13 10
14	Rafford - - -	7 19 4	3 19 8	10 10 0	0 4 6	4 4 2

No.	County and Parish.	Minimum Expenditure.			Share Allotted.			Actual Vouched Expenditure.			Additional Proportion.			Total Payment to Parish.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
15	Rothes - - -	14	7	11	7	3	11½	42	0	0	2	2	0	9	5	11
16	St Andrews-Lhanbride	9	3	9	4	11	10½	9	16	8	0	1	6	4	13	4
17	Urquhart - - -	16	16	1	8	8	0½	21	0	6	0	6	0	8	14	0
	Total - -	247	12	8	123	16	4	365	2	8	8	18	6	132	14	6
	FIFE.															
1	Abdie - - -	11	15	7	5	17	9½	14	13	9	0	4	6	6	2	3
2	Aberdour - -	13	19	5	6	19	8½	20	0	0	0	9	0	7	8	8
3	Anstruther (Easter) -	7	0	2	3	10	1	7	7	0	...			3	10	1
4	Auchtermuchty -	23	11	11	11	15	11½	23	12	0	...			11	15	11
5	Auchtertool - -	4	0	0	2	0	0	5	0	0	0	1	6	2	1	6
6	Balmerino - -	7	9	11	3	14	11½	9	0	0	0	3	0	3	17	11
7	Beath - - -	7	12	0	3	16	0	8	0	0	...			3	16	0
8	Burntisland - -	15	10	9	7	15	4½	27	3	1	0	18	0	8	13	4
9	Cameron - - -	9	2	4	4	11	2	14	7	6½	0	7	6	4	18	8
10	Carnbee - - -	8	2	11	4	1	5½	8	3	0	...			4	1	5
11	Carnock - - -	9	11	9	4	15	10½	12	0	0	0	3	0	4	18	10
12	Ceres - - -	23	0	0	11	10	0	24	11	7	0	3	0	11	13	0
13	Collessie - - -	10	17	3	5	8	7½	11	0	0	...			5	8	7
14	Crail - - -	13	11	4	6	15	8	14	14	0	0	1	6	6	17	2
15	Creich - - -	3	4	11	1	12	5½	3	5	0	...			1	12	5
16	Cults - - -	6	9	7	3	4	9½	6	10	0	...			3	4	9
17	Cupar - - -	49	5	6	24	12	9	50	0	0	0	1	6	24	14	3
18	Dairsie - - -	5	1	0	2	10	6	5	5	0	...			2	10	6
19	Dalgety - - -	9	4	5	4	12	2½	16	0	0	0	10	6	5	2	8
20	Denino - - -	3	13	7	1	16	9½	4	13	6	0	1	6	1	18	3
21	Dunfermline - -	136	17	8	68	8	10	141	3	0	0	6	0	68	14	10
22	Elie - - -	6	7	6	3	3	9	10	0	0	0	6	0	3	9	9
23	Falkland - - -	21	15	10	10	17	11	21	15	10	...			10	17	11
24	Ferry-Port-on-Craig -	12	13	10	6	6	11	15	0	0	0	3	0	6	9	11
25	Forgan - - -	9	4	1	4	12	0½	10	0	0	0	1	6	4	13	6
26	Inverkeithing - -	18	8	11	9	4	5½	20	0	0	0	3	0	9	7	5
27	Kemback - - -	5	13	5	2	16	8½	11	9	3	0	9	0	3	5	8
28	Kennoway - -	14	18	1	7	9	0½	15	0	0	...			7	9	0
29	Kettle - - -	16	17	2	8	8	7	17	0	0	...			8	8	7
30	Kilconquhar - -	19	13	5	9	16	8½	20	0	0	...			9	16	8
31	Kilmany - - -	5	6	4	2	13	2	7	10	0	0	3	0	2	16	2
32	Kilrenny - - -	14	17	4	7	8	8	15	0	0	...			7	8	8
33	Kinghorn - -	21	8	0	10	14	0	31	9	6½	0	15	0	11	9	0
34	Kinglassie - -	8	14	5	4	7	2½	9	0	0	...			4	7	2
35	Kingsbarns - -	7	1	2	3	10	7	16	6	1	0	13	6	4	4	1
36	Kirkcaldy - -	35	14	3	17	17	1½	48	5	3	0	19	6	18	16	7
37	Largo - - -	20	15	6	10	7	9	33	0	0	0	18	0	11	5	9
38	Leslie - - -	26	8	7	13	4	3½	27	0	0	0	1	6	13	5	9
39	Leuchars - - -	15	6	11	7	13	5½	26	0	0	0	16	6	8	9	11
40	Logie - - -	3	5	5	1	12	8½	5	0	0	0	3	0	1	15	8
41	Markinch - -	45	0	11	22	10	5½	48	11	5	0	6	0	22	16	5
42	Monimail - -	9	1	6	4	10	9	14	9	6	0	7	6	4	18	3
43	Newburgh - -	20	7	4	10	3	8	20	10	0	...			10	3	8
44	Pittenweem - -	9	1	3	4	10	7½	10	0	0	0	1	6	4	12	1
45	St Andrews - -	44	5	4	22	2	8	51	18	6	0	12	0	22	14	8
46	St Leonards - -	4	0	9	2	0	4½	6	12	9½	0	4	6	2	4	10
47	Scoonie - - -	20	13	7	10	6	9½	25	0	0	0	6	0	10	12	9
48	Strathmiglo - -	16	10	3	8	5	1½	16	10	3	...			8	5	1
49	Wemyss - - -	37	19	9	18	19	10½	38	8	0	...			18	19	10
	Total - -	870	12	10	435	6	5	1,017	4	10½	11	0	6	446	5	9

No.	County and Parish.	Minimum Expenditure. £	s.	d.	Share Allotted. £	s.	d.	Actual Vouched Expenditure. £	s.	d.	Additional Proportion. £	s.	d.	Total Payment to Parish. £	s.	d.
	FORFAR.															
1	Aberlemno	7	19	10	3	19	11	8	0	0	...			3	19	11
2	Arbirlot	8	3	3	4	1	7½	8	3	3	...			4	1	7
3	Arbroath	58	19	0	29	9	6	73	3	0	1	1	0	30	10	6
4	Auchterhouse	6	0	1	3	0	0½	6	1	0	...			3	0	0
5	Barry	16	0	9	8	0	4½	16	16	0	0	1	6	8	1	10
6	Brechin	55	2	6	27	11	3	70	16	5	1	4	0	28	15	3
7	Carmylie	8	12	11	4	6	5½	12	0	0	0	4	6	4	10	11
8	Craig	14	3	7	7	1	9½	14	3	7	...			7	1	9
9	Dundee	425	3	4	212	11	8	606	0	9	13	11	6	226	3	2
10	Dunnichen	11	16	11	5	18	5½	14	0	0	0	3	0	6	1	5
11	Edzell	8	11	9	4	5	10½	10	0	0	0	1	6	4	7	4
12	Farnell	4	13	7	2	6	9½	7	0	0	0	3	0	2	9	9
13	Fearn	3	7	4	1	13	8	3	10	0	...			1	13	8
14	Forfar	70	2	11	35	1	5½	96	6	7½	1	19	0	37	0	5
15	Glammis	17	9	10	8	14	11	17	10	0	...			8	14	11
16	Glenisla	9	9	0	4	14	6	9	9	0	...			4	14	6
17	Guthrie	4	2	9	2	1	4½	5	0	0	0	1	6	2	2	10
18	Inverarity	7	10	7	3	15	3½	8	0	0	...			3	15	3
19	Inverkeillor	14	13	7	7	6	9½	17	9	8	0	4	6	7	11	3
20	Kettins	8	13	3	4	6	7½	9	0	0	...			4	6	7
21	Kinnell	6	8	10	3	4	5	8	0	0	0	3	0	3	7	5
22	Kinnettles	3	8	3	1	14	1½	5	0	0	0	3	0	1	17	1
23	Kirkden	10	16	3	5	8	1½	16	0	0	0	7	6	5	15	7
24	Kirriemuir	51	13	2	25	16	7	53	0	6	0	1	6	25	18	1
25	Liff and Benvie	29	16	3	14	18	1½	220	13	10	14	6	6	29	4	7
26	Lochlee	5	3	8	2	11	10	11	7	6	0	9	0	3	0	10
27	Logie-Pert	11	15	7	5	17	9½	17	0	0	0	7	6	6	5	3
28	Mains and Strathmartin	15	18	8	7	19	4	30	11	7	1	2	6	9	1	10
29	Monifieth	25	6	2	12	13	1	32	12	0	0	10	6	13	3	7
30	Montrose	102	4	3	51	2	1½	103	2	0	0	1	6	51	3	7
31	Newtyle	9	4	4	4	12	2	10	0	0	0	1	6	4	13	8
32	Oathlaw	3	10	0	1	15	0	3	10	0	...			1	15	0
33	Panbride	10	8	5	5	4	2½	10	10	0	...			5	4	2
34	Rescobie	6	7	2	3	3	7	7	0	0	0	1	6	3	5	1
35	St Vigeans	64	2	3	32	1	1½	77	10	0	0	19	6	33	0	7
36	Strickathrow	4	6	4	2	3	2	5	2	8	0	1	6	2	4	8
37	Tannadice	13	7	0	6	13	6	13	7	0	...			6	13	6
	Total	1,134	13	4	567	6	8	1,636	16	4½	37	11	6	604	17	4
	HADDINGTON.															
1	Dirleton	11	13	10	5	16	11	16	14	0	0	7	6	6	4	5
2	Dunbar	32	12	0	16	6	0	37	13	0	0	7	6	16	13	6
3	Garvald	6	19	2	3	9	7	10	0	0	0	4	6	3	14	1
4	Gladsmuir	12	16	7	6	8	3½	13	13	6	0	1	6	6	9	9
5	Haddington	39	15	1	19	17	6½	52	16	6	0	19	6	20	17	0
6	Humbie	7	2	2	3	11	1	10	0	0	0	4	6	3	15	7
7	North Berwick	12	9	1	6	4	6½	20	0	0	0	12	0	6	16	6
8	Ormiston	6	4	9	3	2	4½	10	0	0	0	6	0	3	8	4
9	Pencaitland	8	16	1	4	8	0½	10	0	0	0	1	6	4	9	6
10	Prestonkirk	14	2	3	7	1	1½	21	3	0	0	10	6	7	11	7
11	Prestonpans	15	14	1	7	17	0½	20	0	0	0	6	0	8	3	0
12	Salton	6	0	3	3	0	1½	8	0	0	0	3	0	3	3	1
13	Spot	5	0	6	2	10	3	7	18	7	0	4	6	2	14	9
14	Stenton	5	7	2	2	13	7	11	3	7	0	9	0	3	2	7
15	Tranent	27	6	2	13	13	1	33	14	2	0	9	0	14	2	1
16	Yester	8	7	0	4	3	6	10	0	0	0	3	0	4	6	6
	Total	220	6	2	110	3	1	292	16	4	5	9	6	115	12	3

No.	County and Parish.	Minimum Expenditure.			Share Allotted.			Actual Vouched Expenditure.			Additional Proportion.			Total Payment to Parish.		
	INVERNESS.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1	Alvie	8	2	0	4	1	0	30	0	0	1	13	0	5	14	0
2	Ardersier	11	2	9	5	11	4½	21	14	11	0	16	6	6	7	10
3	Barra	19	13	10	9	16	11	72	0	0	3	18	0	13	14	11
4	Boleskine & Abertarff	15	12	8	7	16	4	41	13	4	1	19	0	9	15	4
5	Bracadale	15	4	0	7	12	0	38	5	1	1	14	6	9	6	6
6	Cromdale	28	14	11	14	7	5½	53	11	1	1	17	6	16	4	11
7	Croy	13	11	10	6	15	11	24	3	3	0	16	6	7	12	5
8	Daviot	14	0	2	7	0	1	22	5	3	0	12	0	7	12	1
9	Dores	14	1	8	7	0	10	21	0	0	0	10	6	7	11	4
10	Duirnish	40	4	6	20	2	3	42	0	0	0	3	0	20	5	3
11	Glenelg	22	14	10	11	7	5	120	0	0	7	5	6	18	12	11
12	Harris	35	15	1	17	17	6½	55	0	0	1	8	6	19	6	0
13	Inverness	108	8	1	54	4	0½	131	12	5	1	14	6	55	18	6
14	Kilmallie	44	19	6	22	9	9	70	0	0	1	17	6	24	7	3
15	Kilmonivaig	23	5	2	11	12	7	65	0	0	3	3	0	14	15	7
16	Kilmorack	22	9	0	11	4	6	27	9	0	0	7	6	11	12	0
17	Kilmuir (Skye)	28	6	4	14	3	2	38	6	4	0	15	0	14	18	2
18	Kiltarlity	23	18	2	11	19	1	29	0	0	0	7	6	12	6	7
19	Kingussie	17	1	2	8	10	7	70	0	0	3	19	6	12	10	1
20	Kirkhill	13	16	3	6	18	1½	20	0	0	0	9	0	7	7	1
21	Laggan	10	0	2	5	0	1	50	0	0	3	0	0	8	0	1
22	Petty	13	4	2	6	12	1	22	13	4	0	13	6	7	5	7
23	Portree	29	15	8	14	17	10	40	0	0	0	15	0	15	12	10
24	Sleat	22	11	0	11	5	6	50	0	0	2	0	6	13	6	0
25	Snizort	25	19	10	12	19	11	37	8	1½	0	16	6	13	16	5
26	Strath	26	5	0	13	2	6	50	0	0	1	16	0	14	18	6
27	Uist (North)	36	18	0	18	9	0	60	0	0	1	14	6	20	3	6
28	Uist (South)	57	5	9	28	12	10½	90	0	0	2	9	6	31	2	4
29	Urquhart	25	17	4	12	18	8	98	16	6	5	9	6	18	8	2
	Total	768	18	10	384	9	5	1,491	18	7½	54	3	0	438	12	2
	KINCARDINE.															
1	Arbuthnot	7	18	7	3	19	3½	14	10	6	0	10	6	4	9	9
2	Banchory-Devenick	20	13	3	10	6	7½	21	17	8	0	1	6	10	8	1
3	Banchory-Ternan	18	1	9	9	0	10½	21	3	0	0	4	6	9	5	4
4	Benholm	12	8	11	6	4	5½	12	15	8½	...			6	4	5
5	Bervie	9	8	8	4	14	4	10	15	5	0	1	6	4	15	10
6	Dunottar	14	2	10	7	1	5	20	16	5	0	10	6	7	11	11
7	Durris	8	13	3	4	6	7½	13	0	6	0	6	0	4	12	7
8	Fettercairn	14	0	1	7	0	0½	22	15	7	0	13	6	7	13	6
9	Fetteresso	39	7	2	19	13	7	57	11	9	1	7	0	21	0	7
10	Fordoun	18	5	11	9	2	11½	23	16	9	0	9	0	9	11	11
11	Glenbervie	10	9	3	5	4	7½	10	9	3	...			5	4	7
12	Kinneff	7	15	5	3	17	8½	9	5	5	0	3	0	4	0	8
13	Laurencekirk	13	17	8	6	18	10	21	1	0	0	10	6	7	9	4
14	Maryculter	7	14	10	3	17	5	7	15	0	...			3	17	5
15	Marykirk	18	0	6	9	0	3	26	1	0	0	12	0	9	12	3
16	Nigg	12	8	0	6	4	0	13	14	3	0	1	6	6	5	6
17	St Cyrus	12	1	8	6	0	10	19	0	0	0	10	6	6	11	4
18	Strachan	7	17	4	3	18	8	13	10	6	0	9	0	4	7	8
	Total	253	5	1	126	12	6½	339	19	8½	6	10	6	133	2	8
	KINROSS.															
1	Cleish	5	6	4	2	13	2	5	10	0	...			2	13	2
2	Kinross	20	11	6	10	5	9	21	14	2	0	1	6	10	7	3
3	Portmoak	13	0	11	6	10	5½	13	1	0	...			6	10	5
	Total	38	18	9	19	9	4½	40	5	2	0	1	6	19	10	10

No.	County and Parish.	Minimum Expenditure.			Share Allotted.			Actual Vouched Expenditure.			Additional Proportion.			Total Payment to Parish.		
	KIRKCUDBRIGHT.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1	Anwoth - - -	7	2	6	3	11	3	12	17	6	0	9	0	4	0	3
2	Balmaclellan - -	9	3	1	4	11	6½	9	3	1		...		4	11	6
3	Balmaghie - -	10	8	8	5	4	4	23	3	11½	0	19	6	6	3	10
4	Borgue - - -	9	0	4	4	10	2	20	0	0	0	16	6	5	6	8
5	Buittle - - -	8	10	11	4	5	5½	25	1	9	1	5	6	5	10	11
6	Colvend - - -	12	1	4	6	0	8	31	19	3	1	10	0	7	10	8
7	Crossmichael - -	9	19	6	4	19	9	24	10	10	1	2	6	6	2	3
8	Dalry - - -	10	2	6	5	1	3	17	1	0	0	10	6	5	11	9
9	Girthon - - -	15	2	6	7	11	3	39	9	0	1	16	0	9	7	3
10	Kells - - -	9	6	10	4	13	5	17	1	0	0	12	0	5	5	5
11	Kelton - - -	21	14	2	10	17	1	36	5	1	1	2	6	11	19	7
12	Kirkbean - - -	6	19	2	3	9	7	28	8	5	1	11	6	5	1	1
13	Kirkcudbright - -	26	12	5	13	6	2½	42	4	10½	1	4	0	14	10	2
14	Kirkgunzeon - -	5	3	0	2	11	6	19	8	11	1	1	0	3	12	6
15	Kirkmabreck - -	14	19	4	7	9	8	27	13	8	0	19	6	8	9	2
16	Kirkpatrick-Durham	11	19	7	5	19	9½	23	19	3½	0	18	0	6	17	9
17	Kirkpatrick-Irongray	7	9	8	3	14	10	13	13	11	0	9	0	4	3	10
18	Lochrutton - -	5	6	4	2	13	2	15	7	0	0	15	0	3	8	2
19	Minnigaff - - -	15	4	4	7	12	2	25	0	0	0	15	0	8	7	2
20	New Abbey - -	8	3	10	4	1	11	22	10	0	1	1	0	5	2	11
21	Parton - - -	6	10	5	3	5	2½	9	17	5½	0	4	6	3	9	8
22	Rerrick - - -	13	13	2	6	16	7	35	0	0	1	11	6	8	8	1
23	Terregles - - -	4	11	0	2	5	6	5	0	0		...		2	5	6
24	Tongland - -	6	11	6	3	5	9	21	0	0	1	1	0	4	6	9
25	Troqueer - - -	32	17	2	16	8	7	74	11	4	3	3	0	19	11	7
26	Twynholm - -	6	5	5	3	2	8½	18	12	2½	0	18	0	4	0	8
27	Urr - - - -	24	3	9	12	1	10½	44	13	2	1	10	0	13	11	10
	Total - -	319	2	5	159	11	2½	683	12	8½	27	6	0	186	16	11
	LANARK.															
1	Avondale - -	48	5	7	24	2	9½	49	0	0	0	1	6	24	4	3
2	Barony - - -	718	4	3	359	2	1½	1,761	10	10	78	4	6	437	6	7
3	Blantyre - - -	21	8	5	10	14	2½	32	17	0	0	16	6	11	10	8
4	Bothwell - - -	75	13	3	37	16	7½	92	2	10	1	4	0	39	0	7
5	Cadder - - -	34	11	4	17	5	8	35	4	0	0	1	6	17	7	2
6	Cambusnethan - -	43	15	5	21	17	8½	55	0	0	0	16	6	22	14	2
7	Carnwath - -	28	13	2	14	6	7	28	15	0		...		14	6	7
8	Covington - -	4	1	8	2	0	10	4	4	0		...		2	0	10
9	Crawford - - -	14	0	8	7	0	4	22	10	0	0	12	0	7	12	4
10	Crawfordjohn - -	8	5	6	4	2	9	11	11	0	0	4	6	4	7	3
11	Culter - - -	4	6	6	2	3	3	5	0	0	0	1	6	2	4	9
12	Dalserf - - -	23	7	4	11	13	8	35	0	0	0	18	0	12	11	8
13	Douglas - - -	19	18	3	9	19	1½	28	4	5	0	12	0	10	11	1
14	Dunsyre - - -	2	8	0	1	4	0	2	8	0		...		1	4	0
15	Glasgow - - -	1,001	10	6	500	15	3	2,904	1	9½	142	14	6	643	9	9
16	Glassford - - -	13	2	2	6	11	1	14	0	0	0	1	6	6	12	7
17	Gorbals - - -	69	1	3	34	10	7½	76	3	8	0	10	6	35	1	1
18	Govan - - -	310	13	7	155	6	9½	729	4	1	31	8	6	186	15	3
19	Hamilton - -	76	7	5	38	3	8½	104	13	4	2	2	0	40	5	8
20	Kilbride, East - -	28	15	5	14	7	8½	30	0	0	0	1	6	14	9	2
21	Lanark - - -	55	19	10	27	19	11	55	19	10		...		27	19	11
22	Lesmahagow - -	52	2	5	26	1	2½	53	7	6	0	1	6	26	2	8
23	Monkland (New) -	149	11	2	74	15	7	150	0	0		...		74	15	7
24	Monkland (Old) -	133	8	11	66	14	5½	182	0	0	3	13	6	70	7	11
25	Shotts - - -	31	3	4	15	11	8	42	0	0	0	16	6	16	8	2
26	Stonehouse - -	18	13	2	9	6	7	22	5	6	0	6	0	9	12	7
27	Walston - - -	3	17	0	1	18	6	3	18	0		...		1	18	6
	Total - -	2,991	5	6	1,495	12	9	6,531	0	9½	265	8	6	1,761	0	9

No.	County and Parish.	Minimum Expenditure.			Share Allotted.			Actual Vouched Expenditure.			Additional Proportion.			Total Payment to Parish.		
	LINLITHGOW.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1	Abercorn	15	12	0	7	16	0	15	12	0	...			7	16	0
2	Bathgate	28	12	10	14	6	5	50	0	0	1	11	6	15	17	11
3	Borrowstounness	16	10	0	8	5	0	30	0	0	1	1	0	9	6	0
4	Carriden	8	16	2	4	8	1	20	0	0	0	16	6	5	4	7
5	Dalmeny	10	10	4	5	5	2	15	0	0	0	6	0	5	11	2
6	Ecclesmachen	2	5	9	1	2	10½	6	6	0	0	6	0	1	8	10
7	Kirkliston	22	11	5	11	5	8½	23	0	0	...			11	5	8
8	Livingstone	7	6	5	3	13	2½	12	10	0	0	7	6	4	0	8
9	Queensferry	4	17	7	2	8	9½	11	8	5	0	10	6	2	19	3
10	Torphichen	11	1	4	5	10	8	14	0	0	0	4	6	5	15	2
11	Uphall	11	1	6	5	10	9	15	0	0	0	6	0	5	16	9
12	Whitburn	18	18	1	9	9	0½	19	0	0	...			9	9	0
	Total	158	3	5	79	1	8½	231	16	5	5	9	6	84	11	0
	NAIRN.															
1	Ardclach	9	16	2	4	18	1	15	18	4	0	9	0	5	7	1
2	Auldearn	11	16	8	5	18	4	15	15	0	0	6	0	6	4	4
3	Cawdor	8	19	8	4	9	10	14	18	3	0	9	0	4	18	10
4	Nairn	26	10	1	13	5	0½	38	12	2	0	18	0	14	3	0
	Total	57	2	7	28	11	3½	85	3	9	2	2	0	30	13	3
	ORKNEY & SHETLAND															
	ORKNEY.															
1	Birsay and Harray	18	15	11	9	7	11½	18	16	0	...			9	7	11
2	Evie and Rendal	11	1	4	5	10	8	19	8	6	0	12	0	6	2	8
3	Holm	6	10	9	3	5	4½	12	2	6	0	9	0	3	14	4
4	Hoy and Græmsay	4	11	3	2	5	7½	5	0	0	...			2	5	7
5	Kirkwall	27	3	7	13	11	9½	80	18	11	4	1	0	17	12	9
6	Lady	6	17	3	3	8	7½	15	0	0	0	12	0	4	0	7
7	Ronaldshay (South)	26	12	4	13	6	2	32	0	0	0	7	6	13	13	8
8	Stromness	20	6	1	10	3	0½	23	2	0	0	4	6	10	7	6
9	Stronsay	9	11	6	4	15	9	45	0	0	2	12	6	7	8	3
10	Westray & Papa Westray	16	12	11	8	6	5½	50	10	2½	2	11	0	10	17	5
	Total	148	2	11	74	1	5½	301	18	1½	11	9	6	85	10	8
	SHETLAND.															
11	Delting	16	5	11	8	2	11½	26	0	0	0	15	0	8	17	11
12	Lerwick	23	1	9	11	10	10½	30	0	0	0	10	6	12	1	4
13	North Mavine	20	17	4	10	8	8	34	0	0	0	19	6	11	8	2
14	Tingwall	24	12	10	12	6	5	25	0	0	...			12	6	5
15	Unst	22	2	4	11	1	2	32	10	0	0	15	0	11	16	2
	Total	107	0	2	53	10	1	147	10	0	3	0	0	56	10	0
	Orkney and Shetland together	255	3	1	127	11	6½	449	8	1½	14	9	6	142	0	8
	PEEBLES.															
1	Eddlestone	6	3	8	3	1	10	6	15	3	0	1	6	3	3	4
2	Innerleithen	7	15	2	3	17	7	13	14	7	0	9	0	4	6	7
3	Linton (West)	11	16	8	5	18	4	21	5	11	0	13	6	6	11	10
4	Peebles	21	14	11	10	17	5½	32	12	11½	0	16	6	11	13	11
5	Skirling	2	13	10	1	6	11	2	14	0	...			1	6	11
6	Stobo	3	15	0	1	17	6	4	3	3	...			1	17	6
7	Traquair	5	13	8	2	16	10	8	4	6	0	4	6	3	1	4
	Total	59	12	11	29	16	5½	89	10	5½	2	5	0	32	1	5

No.	County and Parish.	Minimum Expenditure.			Share Allotted.			Actual Vouched Expenditure.			Additional Proportion.			Total Payment to Parish.		
	PERTH.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d
1	Abernethy - -	14	10	0	7	5	0	14	10	0	...			7	5	0
2	Alyth - - -	22	14	8	11	7	4	26	0	0	0	4	6	11	11	10
3	Auchterarder - -	25	18	8	12	19	4	26	0	0	...			12	19	4
4	Auchtergaven - -	25	8	4	12	14	2	30	0	0	0	7	6	13	1	8
5	Balquhidder - -	7	5	2	3	12	7	15	0	0	0	12	0	4	4	7
6	Blackford - - -	14	7	8	7	3	10	30	10	0	1	4	0	8	7	10
7	Blairgowrie - -	25	6	2	12	13	1	35	6	2	0	15	0	13	8	1
8	Callander - - -	13	8	9	6	14	4½	15	15	0	0	3	0	6	17	4
9	Caputh - - -	18	2	0	9	1	0	32	16	0	1	2	6	10	3	6
10	Cargill - - -	12	16	6	6	8	3	13	0	0	...			6	8	3
11	Collace - - -	5	6	0	2	13	0	5	6	0	...			2	13	0
12	Comrie - - -	20	11	10	10	5	11	26	0	0	0	7	6	10	13	5
13	Coupar-Angus - -	20	0	3	10	0	1½	20	0	3	...			10	0	1
14	Crieff - - -	31	11	10	15	15	11	34	13	0	0	4	6	16	0	5
15	Culross - - -	11	5	7	5	12	9½	15	0	0	0	6	0	5	18	9
16	Dull - - -	31	15	2	15	17	7	35	0	0	0	4	6	16	2	1
17	Dunbarney - -	8	1	0	4	0	6	10	0	0	0	3	0	4	3	6
18	Dunblane - - -	26	5	1	13	2	6½	30	0	0	0	6	0	13	8	6
19	Dunkeld - - -	8	16	11	4	8	5½	10	0	0	0	1	6	4	9	11
20	Dunkeld, Little -	22	13	0	11	6	6	23	0	0	...			11	6	6
21	Dunning - - -	16	12	6	8	6	3	17	2	9	0	1	6	8	7	9
22	Errol - - -	21	7	9	10	13	10½	24	19	6	0	6	0	10	19	10
23	Forgandenny - -	6	8	6	3	4	3	6	10	0	...			3	4	3
24	Forteviot - - -	4	19	8	2	9	10	5	0	0	...			2	9	10
25	Fortingall - -	22	16	8	11	8	4	27	0	0	0	6	0	11	14	4
26	Fossaway - -	14	7	4	7	3	8	14	8	0	...			7	3	8
27	Fowlis Wester - -	13	8	2	6	14	1	14	0	0	0	1	6	6	15	7
28	Glendevon - -	1	6	2	0	13	1	1	7	0	...			0	13	1
29	Inchture - - -	5	19	6	2	19	9	6	0	0	...			2	19	9
30	Kenmore - - -	20	9	11	10	4	11½	21	14	10	0	1	6	10	6	5
31	Killin - - -	14	3	8	7	1	10	18	0	0	0	6	0	7	7	10
32	Kilmadock - -	31	13	7	15	16	9½	32	0	0	...			15	16	9
33	Kincardine - -	17	8	9	8	14	4½	18	0	0	0	1	6	8	15	10
34	Kinfauns - - -	5	12	6	2	16	3	8	0	0	0	3	0	2	19	3
35	Kinnoul - - -	22	9	10	11	4	11	24	0	11	0	3	0	11	7	11
36	Kirkmichael - -	11	15	4	5	17	8	20	0	0	0	12	0	6	9	8
37	Longforgan - -	12	10	8	6	5	4	15	0	0	0	3	0	6	8	4
38	Madderty - -	4	19	0	2	9	6	5	0	0	...			2	9	6
39	Methven - - -	18	9	5	9	4	8½	20	0	0	0	3	0	9	7	8
40	Moneydie - -	2	12	6	1	6	3	3	8	0	0	1	6	1	7	9
41	Moulin - - -	16	16	2	8	8	1	20	0	0	0	4	6	8	12	7
42	Muckhart - -	5	6	9	2	13	4½	5	7	0	...			2	13	4
43	Muthill - - -	24	15	2	12	7	7	47	4	0	1	13	0	14	0	7
44	Perth - - -	130	12	0	65	6	0	159	14	2	2	3	6	67	9	6
45	Rattray - - -	14	9	8	7	4	10	17	2	0	0	4	6	7	9	4
46	Redgorton - -	14	11	4	7	5	8	17	2	6	0	4	6	7	10	2
47	Rhynd - - -	3	2	9	1	11	4½	3	3	6	...			1	11	4
48	Scone - - -	17	13	2	8	16	7	18	0	0	...			8	16	7
49	St Martins - -	8	1	9	4	0	10½	8	1	9	...			4	0	10
50	Trinity Gask - -	5	0	1	2	10	0½	7	0	0	0	3	0	2	13	0
51	Tulliallan - -	22	9	3	11	4	7½	23	0	0	0	1	6	11	6	1
52	Weem - - -	7	8	4	3	14	2	7	10	0	...			3	14	2
	Total - -	906	2	5	453	1	2½	1,082	12	4	13	5	6	466	6	1
	RENFREW.															
1	Abbey - - -	198	12	11	99	6	5½	309	16	6	8	6	6	107	12	11
2	Cathcart - - -	16	10	3	8	5	1½	17	9	6	0	1	6	8	6	7
3	Eaglesham - -	18	19	4	9	9	8	20	0	0	0	1	6	9	11	2

No.	County and Parish.	Minimum Expenditure.			Share Allotted.			Actual Vouched Expenditure.			Additional Proportion.			Total Payment to Parish.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
4	Eastwood - - -	53	19	3	26	19	7½	132	7	0	5	17	0	32	16	7
5	Erskine - - -	10	19	10	5	9	11	22	2	0	0	16	6	6	6	5
6	Greenock - - -	250	1	9	125	0	10½	520	1	5½	20	5	0	145	5	10
7	Houstoun - -	21	5	7	10	12	9½	33	3	0	0	18	0	11	10	9
8	Inchinnan - -	5	2	4	2	11	2	6	14	6	0	3	0	2	14	2
9	Innerkip and Gourock	26	14	4	13	7	2	45	3	1	1	7	0	14	14	2
10	Kilbarchan - -	40	15	11	20	7	11½	44	3	0	0	4	6	20	12	5
11	Kilmalcolm - -	11	15	8	5	17	10	29	0	0	1	5	6	7	3	4
12	Lochwinnoch - -	36	16	10	18	8	5	37	0	0	...			18	8	5
13	Mearns - - -	23	4	9	11	12	4½	24	0	0	0	1	6	11	13	10
14	Neilston - - -	77	2	5	38	11	2½	111	13	6	2	12	6	41	3	8
15	Paisley - - -	218	5	11	109	2	11½	354	5	2	10	4	0	119	6	11
16	Port-Glasgow - -	47	8	10	23	14	5	152	13	2	7	17	6	31	11	11
17	Renfrew - - -	22	9	0	11	4	6	28	9	0	0	9	0	11	13	6
	Total - -	1,080	4	11	540	2	5½	1,888	0	10½	60	10	6	600	12	7
	ROSS & CROMARTY.															
1	Alness - - -	10	11	6	5	5	9	24	10	0	1	1	0	6	6	9
2	Applecross - -	23	16	10	11	18	5	115	0	0	6	16	6	18	14	11
3	Avoch - - -	14	11	7	7	5	9½	25	0	0	0	15	0	8	0	9
4	Barvas - - -	31	17	0	15	18	6	51	0	0	1	8	6	17	7	0
5	Contin - - -	14	15	0	7	7	6	24	5	6	0	15	0	8	2	6
6	Cromarty - - -	19	8	2	9	14	1	43	9	8	1	16	0	11	10	1
7	Dingwall - - -	15	17	2	7	18	7	27	4	6	0	16	6	8	15	1
8	Edderton - - -	8	2	6	4	1	3	25	7	0	1	5	6	5	6	9
9	Fearn - - -	13	9	1	6	14	6½	27	19	2	1	2	6	7	17	0
10	Fodderty - - -	20	6	2	10	3	1	32	10	9	0	18	0	11	1	1
11	Gairloch - - -	40	13	4	20	6	8	60	13	4	1	10	0	21	16	8
12	Glenshiel - - -	6	4	2	3	2	1	23	12	3	1	5	6	4	7	7
13	Killearnan - -	12	8	1	6	4	0½	31	0	3	1	8	6	7	12	6
14	Kilmuir (Easter) -	11	19	11	5	19	11½	20	10	9	0	13	6	6	13	5
15	Kiltearn - - -	11	19	4	5	19	8	35	16	5	1	16	0	7	15	8
16	Kincardine - -	17	11	4	8	15	8	37	10	0	1	10	0	10	5	8
17	Kintail - - -	9	14	8	4	17	4	45	18	4	2	14	0	7	11	4
18	Knockbain - -	20	0	9	10	0	4½	40	0	0	1	10	0	11	10	4
19	Lochalsh - - -	21	12	10	10	16	5	87	1	7	4	17	6	15	13	11
20	Lochbroom - -	39	19	10	19	19	11	76	8	9	2	14	0	22	13	11
21	Lochcarron - -	16	6	8	8	3	4	115	0	0	7	8	6	15	11	10
22	Lochs - - -	30	8	10	15	4	5	30	13	10	...			15	4	5
23	Logie Easter - -	8	3	10	4	1	11	17	3	7	0	13	6	4	15	5
24	Nigg - - -	10	15	4	5	7	8	27	14	10	1	5	6	6	13	2
25	Resolis or Kirkmichael	12	2	0	6	1	0	21	17	8	0	15	0	6	16	0
26	Rosemarkie - -	12	19	7	6	9	9½	25	0	0	0	18	0	7	7	9
27	Rosskeen - - -	26	7	0	13	3	6	55	5	6	2	3	6	15	7	0
28	Stornoway - -	50	3	11	25	1	11½	50	3	11	...			25	1	11
29	Tain - - -	24	8	9	12	4	4½	40	3	0	1	4	0	13	8	4
30	Tarbat - - -	13	15	9	6	17	10½	32	19	10	1	8	6	8	6	4
31	Uig - - -	27	12	8	13	16	4	35	10	6	0	12	0	14	8	4
32	Urquhart - - -	23	8	3	11	14	1½	43	3	6	1	10	0	13	4	1
33	Urray - - -	21	4	4	10	12	2	26	19	0	0	9	0	11	1	2
	Total - -	642	16	2	321	8	1	1,376	13	5	55	1	0	376	8	8
	ROXBURGH.															
1	Ancrum - - -	10	19	10	5	9	11	16	0	9½	0	7	6	5	17	5
2	Bowden - - -	6	13	10	3	6	11	10	0	0	0	4	6	3	11	5
3	Castleton - - -	17	15	10	8	17	11	34	1	6	1	4	0	10	1	11

No.	County and Parish.	Minimum Expenditure.	Share Allotted.	Actual Vouched Expenditure.	Additional Proportion.	Total Payment to Parish.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
4	Ednam - - -	5 2 6	2 11 3	7 12 0	0 3 0	2 14 3
5	Hawick - - -	47 18 6	23 19 3	73 0 3	1 17 6	25 16 9
6	Hobkirk - - -	6 9 4	3 4 8	8 11 0¼	0 3 0	3 7 8
7	Jedburgh - - -	38 12 8	19 6 4	67 3 9½	2 3 6	21 9 10
8	Kelso - - -	38 17 0	19 8 6	53 11 10	1 2 6	20 11 0
9	Lilliesleaf - -	6 0 5	3 0 2½	10 4 5	0 6 0	3 6 2
10	Maxton - - -	3 11 8	1 15 10	10 13 10	0 10 6	2 6 4
11	Melrose - - -	40 5 2	20 2 7	48 12 11	0 12 0	20 14 7
12	Minto - - -	3 11 1	1 15 6½	5 0 0	0 1 6	1 17 0
13	Roxburgh - -	7 12 11	3 16 5½	9 16 6	0 3 0	3 19 5
14	St Boswells - -	5 12 9	2 16 4½	5 13 0	...	2 16 4
15	Southdean - -	7 4 8	3 12 4	10 14 10	0 6 0	3 18 4
16	Sprouston - -	11 4 10	5 12 5	15 3 7	0 6 0	5 18 5
17	Yetholm - - -	9 15 7	4 17 9½	26 13 3	1 5 6	6 3 3
	Total - -	267 8 7	133 14 3½	412 13 6¼	10 16 0	144 10 1
	SELKIRK.					
1	Ettrick - - -	4 7 6	2 3 9	12 10 6	0 12 0	2 15 9
2	Galashiels - -	16 4 4	8 2 2	31 13 8½	1 2 6	9 4 8
3	Kirkhope - -	5 5 4	2 12 8	10 0 0	0 7 6	3 0 2
4	Selkirk - - -	25 8 1	12 14 0½	37 13 9	0 18 0	13 12 0
5	Yarrow - - -	5 10 4	2 15 2	10 10 0	0 7 6	3 2 8
	Total - -	56 15 7	28 7 9½	102 7 11½	3 7 6	31 15 3
	STIRLING.					
1	Airth - - -	12 1 10	6 0 11	15 12 0	0 6 0	6 6 11
2	Alva - - -	16 3 2	8 1 7	16 5 0	...	8 1 7
3	Baldernock - -	7 6 9	3 13 4½	8 5 0	0 1 6	3 14 10
4	Balfron - - -	15 7 9	7 13 10½	40 0 0	1 17 6	9 11 4
5	Bothkennar - -	5 19 4	2 19 8	10 0 0	0 6 0	3 5 8
6	Buchanan - -	6 5 8	3 2 10	6 6 8	...	3 2 10
7	Campsie - - -	48 6 11	24 3 5½	49 17 0	0 3 0	24 6 5
8	Denny - - -	35 16 11	17 18 5½	39 1 6	0 4 6	18 2 11
9	Drymen - - -	12 4 7	6 2 3½	12 15 6	0 1 6	6 3 9
10	Dunipace - - -	12 6 6	6 3 3	12 6 6	...	6 3 3
11	Falkirk - - -	109 16 8	54 18 4	109 16 8	...	54 18 4
12	Fintry - - -	7 2 8	3 11 4	12 0 0	0 7 6	3 18 10
13	Kilsyth - - -	40 18 6	20 9 3	64 0 0	1 14 6	22 3 9
14	Kippen - - -	15 0 3	7 10 1½	15 0 3	...	7 10 1
15	Larbert - - -	30 19 3	15 9 7½	30 19 3	...	15 9 7
16	Lecropt - - -	4 0 1	2 0 0½	9 19 0	0 9 0	2 9 0
17	Polmont - - -	27 1 4	13 10 8	30 0 0	0 4 6	13 15 2
18	St Ninians - -	76 2 6	38 1 3	76 5 0	...	38 1 3
19	Slamannan - -	7 12 11	3 16 5½	7 15 0	...	3 16 5
20	Stirling - - -	61 11 7	30 15 9½	77 14 6	1 4 0	31 19 9
	Total - -	552 5 2	276 2 7	643 18 10	6 19 6	283 1 8
	SUTHERLAND.					
1	Assynt - - -	26 9 8	13 4 10	110 0 0	6 6 0	19 10 10
2	Clyne - - -	14 14 2	7 7 1	30 13 9	1 4 0	8 11 1
3	Creich - - -	21 10 4	10 15 2	27 10 0	0 9 0	11 4 2
4	Duirness - - -	9 4 10	4 12 5	55 0 0	3 9 0	8 1 5
5	Eddrachillis - -	14 3 2	7 1 7	55 0 0	3 1 6	10 3 1
6	Farr - - -	18 9 6	9 4 9	57 2 0	2 18 6	12 3 3

No.	County and Parish.	Minimum Expenditure.			Share Allotted.			Actual Vouched Expenditure.			Additional Proportion.			Total Payment to Parish.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
7	Golspie - - -	10	2	4	5	1	2	22	2	6½	0	18	0	5	19	2
8	Kildonan - - -	17	9	0	8	14	6	43	0	0	1	19	0	10	13	6
9	Lairg - - -	7	12	2	3	16	1	27	10	0	1	10	0	5	6	1
10	Loth - - -	5	14	8	2	17	4	17	2	3	0	16	6	3	13	10
11	Rogart - - -	12	10	2	6	5	1	20	10	1½	0	12	0	6	17	1
12	Tongue - - -	17	0	2	8	10	1	55	0	0	2	17	0	11	7	1
	Total - -	175	0	2	87	10	1	520	10	8	26	0	6	113	10	7
	WIGTOWN.															
1	Inch - - -	23	16	3	11	18	1½	31	1	0	0	10	6	12	8	7
2	Kirkcolm - -	15	8	3	7	14	1½	25	6	6	0	15	0	8	9	1
3	Kirkinner - -	13	16	4	6	18	2	20	0	0	0	9	0	7	7	2
4	Kirkmaiden - -	16	12	7	8	6	3½	65	0	0	3	12	0	11	18	3
5	Kirkowan - -	11	17	2	5	18	7	40	0	0	2	2	0	8	0	7
6	Leswalt - - -	19	15	6	9	17	9	20	0	0		...		9	17	9
7	Luce (New) - -	5	8	8	2	14	4	12	0	0	0	10	6	3	4	10
8	Luce (Old) - -	19	15	3	9	17	7½	38	0	0	1	7	0	11	4	7
9	Mochrum - -	20	9	11	10	4	11½	60	0	0	3	0	0	13	4	11
10	Penninghame - -	28	13	9	14	6	10½	40	11	1	0	18	0	15	4	10
11	Portpatrick - -	17	0	6	8	10	3	50	0	0	2	9	6	10	19	9
12	Stoneykirk - -	23	18	5	11	19	2½	76	6	3	3	18	0	15	17	2
13	Stranraer - - -	24	3	9	12	1	10½	37	0	0	0	19	6	13	1	4
14	Whithorn - -	21	16	8	10	18	4	21	16	8		...		10	18	4
15	Wigtown - - -	19	16	11	9	18	5½	25	9	0	0	9	0	10	7	5
	Total - -	282	9	11	141	4	11½	562	10	6	21	0	0	162	4	7

SUMMARY.—Twenty-first Distribution of Parliamentary Grant in Aid of Medical Relief.

No.	Counties.	No. of Parishes Participating.	Minimum Expenditure.			Share Allotted.			Actual Vouched Expenditure.			Additional Proportion.			Total Payment, omitting Fractional parts of a Penny.		
			£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1	Aberdeen -	70	1,351	12	4	675	16	2	1,790	14	4	32	14	0	708	8	11
2	Argyll - -	34	754	0	1	377	0	0½	1,499	12	3	55	17	6	432	17	3
3	Ayr - -	40	1,160	8	8	580	4	4	1,683	13	10	38	17	0	619	0	6
4	Banff - -	21	359	8	1	179	14	0½	552	14	11½	14	8	0	194	1	9
5	Berwick -	15	184	18	9	92	9	4½	345	0	7	11	18	6	104	7	8
6	Bute - -	4	101	8	6	50	14	3	141	16	1	3	1	6	53	15	8
7	Caithness -	10	294	12	1	147	6	0½	466	8	5½	12	18	0	160	3	11
8	Clackmannan -	5	142	3	2	71	1	7	166	9	10	1	14	6	72	15	11
9	Dumbarton -	11	331	10	5	165	15	2½	484	9	2	11	11	0	177	6	0
10	Dumfries -	37	513	14	11	256	17	5½	796	15	9	21	6	0	278	2	11
11	Edinburgh -	30	1,639	0	11	819	10	5½	2,336	12	7½	52	7	0	871	16	8
12	Elgin - -	17	247	12	8	123	16	4	365	2	8	8	18	6	132	14	6
13	Fife - -	49	870	12	10	435	6	5	1,017	4	10½	11	0	6	446	5	9
14	Forfar - -	37	1,134	13	4	567	6	8	1,636	16	4½	37	11	6	604	17	4
15	Haddington -	16	220	6	2	110	3	1	292	16	4	5	9	6	115	12	3
16	Inverness -	29	768	18	10	384	9	5	1,491	18	7½	54	3	0	438	12	2
17	Kincardine -	18	253	5	1	126	12	6½	339	19	8½	6	10	6	133	2	8
18	Kinross -	3	38	18	9	19	9	4½	40	5	2	0	1	6	19	10	10
19	Kirkcudbright	27	319	2	5	159	11	2½	683	12	8½	27	6	0	186	16	11
20	Lanark - -	27	2,991	5	6	1,495	12	9	6,531	0	9½	265	8	6	1,761	0	9
21	Linlithgow -	12	158	3	5	79	1	8½	231	16	5	5	9	6	84	11	0
22	Nairn - -	4	57	2	7	28	11	3½	85	3	9	2	2	0	30	13	3
23	Ork. & Shetland	15	255	3	1	127	11	6½	449	8	1½	14	9	6	142	0	8
24	Peebles - -	7	59	12	11	29	16	5½	89	10	5½	2	5	0	32	1	5
25	Perth - -	52	906	2	5	453	1	2½	1,082	12	4	13	5	6	466	6	1
26	Renfrew -	17	1,080	4	11	540	2	5½	1,888	0	10½	60	10	6	600	12	7
27	Ross - -	33	642	16	2	321	8	1	1,376	13	5	55	1	0	376	8	8
28	Roxburgh -	17	267	8	7	133	14	3½	412	13	6¼	10	16	0	144	10	1
29	Selkirk - -	5	56	15	7	28	7	9½	102	7	11½	3	7	6	31	15	3
30	Stirling - -	20	552	5	2	276	2	7	643	18	10	6	19	6	283	1	8
31	Sutherland -	12	175	0	2	87	10	1	520	10	8	26	0	6	113	10	7
32	Wigtown -	15	282	9	11	141	4	11½	562	10	6	21	0	0	162	4	7
	Total -	709	18,170	18	5	9,085	9	2½	30,108	11	11¾	894	9	0	9,979	6	2

APPENDIX

ABSTRACT OF FUNDS VESTED

No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
	ABERDEEN.				
1	Aberdeen . . .	(1.) From feu-duties payable to the general Kirk Session, for the lands of Skene, Echt, and Easter Cookston.	...	...	...
		(2.) Mortified funds under administration of the Kirk Session.	...	£1565, 7s. 3½d.	Lent to Town of Aberdeen.
2	Birse . . .	Mortification by Gilbert Ramsay, Rector of the Parish of Christchurch, Barbadoes.	Feb. 21, 1727.	£500, 0s. 0d.	On bond and disposition in security.
3	Bourtie . . .	Captain Byres' legacy to Ministers and Elders for the poor of parish.	March 17, 1803.	£100, 0s. 0d.	Promissory note from Peter Duguid, Esq. of Bourtie.
		Mrs Carmichael, do.	Dec. 22, 1855	£100, 0s. 0d.	Do. do.
4	Crimond . . .	Johnston's mortification.	April 2, 1795.	£330, 0s. 0d.	In the hands of the heritors.
5	Cruden . . .	(1.) Earl Gilbert's mortification, made by Gilbert, Earl of Erroll.	Unknown.	Interest of 1000 merks Scots (£2, 15s. 6d.)	The principal has always been in the hands of the Earls of Erroll.
		(2.) Countess Mary's mortification, made by Mary, Countess of Erroll.	Feb. 28, 1752.	Customs of Fair of St Olaus, afterwards redeemed by the Earls of Erroll for £1, 5s. per annum.	...
6	Echt . . .	Mortification over lands of Cullerley.	'Date seems obscure.'	...	'In lands of Cullerley.'

(B)—No. 9.

IN PAROCHIAL BOARDS—1869.

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
...	£246, 3s. 0½d. money payment, and 86·454 bolls of meal victual feu-duty, annually.	...	Decreet arbitral pronounced by George Moir, Esq., Advocate.	Recorded in Books of Council and Session June 20, 1863.
...	4 per cent.	Not in arrear.	Do.	Do.
By authority of Sir Alexander Ramsay of Balmain, Bart.	4 per cent.	Not in arrear.	The will, and bond and disposition, in custody of Sir Alex. Ramsay, or his agent.	In Particular Register of Sasines for counties of Aberdeen and Kincardine.
Kirk Session and Parochial Board.	4 per cent.	No arrears.	Bill in hand of chairman of Parochial Board.	Session Register—July 25, 1814.
Parochial Board.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do. January 17, 1856.
Kirk Session.	4 per cent.	No arrears.	Copy of will—Session-Clerk.	Sessional Register of the Parish.
The mortifier.	5 per cent.	Do.	Unknown.	Unknown.
...	...	Do.	Deed in possession of the Inspector.	Do.
'The then proprietor (by minute in Session records).'	£0, 11s. 1½d., a burden on the lands.	No arrears.	None.	'Referred to in one of the old Registers of the Kirk Session.'

No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
7	Fyvie . . .	(1.) John Duguid, Gourdas, and Others, and other various small bequests.	From the early part of the present century downwards.	£300, 0s. 0d.	On the security of a range of pauper lodging-houses.
		(2.) Legacy by the Rev. John Falconer.	1829.	£100 stock; realized £80.	Do.
8	Glass . . .	Dipple's mortification of 1000 merks for behoof of the poor of Glass.	Unknown. Its origin cannot be traced in the parish or session records.	£56, 15s. 6d.	Deposited in Aberdeen Town and County Bank.
9	Glenmuick . .	(1.) Money, parties by whom left unknown.	Unknown.	£244, 0s. 0d.	Union Bank, Aberdeen.
		(2.) Mortification, John Paterson, Ballochun.	Jan. 27, 1840.	£20, 0s. 0d.	Savings Bank.
10	Insch . . .	(1.) Bass Croft.	About 1686.	700 merks	Believed to have been bought by the Kirk Session.
		(2.) Mr Gordon of Newton's Annuity.	1824.	£30, 0s. 0d.	Invested with Messrs Alex. and Duncan Davidson, of Johnsley, in the parish.
11	Kincardine O'Neil .	Hunter's mortification. Deed executed by Jane Hunter, in accordance with a deed left unsigned by her brother, James Hunter of Darrahill.	Jan. 3, 1803.	£100, 0s. 0d.	'Loaned on cottages leased to the Parochial Board.'
12	Kintore . . .	Bequest by Alexander Garden, interest of which belongs to Parochial Board only during lifetime of two paupers.	Aug. 28, 1843	£118, 6s. 2d.	On house property.
13	Leochel-Cushnie .	(1.) Sundry bequests.	From 1730 to 1850.	£500, 0s. 0d.	Lent to an heritor of the parish.
		(2.) Major Mitchell of Ashgrove's legacy.	1861.	£180, 0s. 0d.	In Bank.
14	Lumphanan . .	Hunter's mortification. Executed by Jane Hunter, in accordance with a deed left unsigned by her brother, James Hunter of Darrahill.	Jan. 3, 1803.	£100, 0s. 0d.	On a debenture bond with the Great North of Scotland Railway.
15	Meldrum . . .	There were several bequests left to the Kirk Session by various persons for the whole amounted to betwixt £700 or £800, which was laid out by the proceeds (amounting to upwards of £1000) were laid out in building cottages cessors in office, for behoof of the Board: the deeds are in the custody of			

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
Heritors and Kirk Session.	4 per cent.	No arrears.	A 99 years' lease, in hands of the Kirk Session.	Sheriff-Court Books of Aberdeenshire.
Do.	Do.	Do.	Do. do.	Do. do.
Not known, but presumed to have been the Kirk Session of the day.	Current bank interest on deposit-receipts.	Interest was last uplifted on 1st July 1867.	Bank receipt, in the hands of the Session-Clerk, deposit being made in name of the Kirk Session of Glass.	Nowhere, so far as known to the Kirk Session.
Parochial Board.	2 per cent.	No arrears.	Deposit-receipt in hands of Inspector.	...
Do.	2¼ per cent.	Do.	Pass-book in hands of Inspector.	Record Office, Aberdeen.
...	£14, 0s. 0d.	No arrears.	Minute in Kirk Session Records, of date 1686.	...
...	5 per cent.	Do.	Letter from Robert Innes, factor for Mr John Gordon, of Newton, of date 17th Feb. 1860.	...
Parochial Board.	5 per cent.	No arrears.	...	Recorded in Commissary Court Books, Aberdeen.
Deacons' Court of the Free Church.	4 per cent.	No arrears.	In the custody of the Treasurer of the Free Church, Kintore.	Will recorded in the Commissary Court Books of Aberdeen, 9th April 1847.
Parochial Board.	4 per cent.	Not in arrear.	Bill in custody of Parochial Board.	...
Do.	2 per cent.	Do.	Bank receipt in custody of Parochial Board.	...
The Parochial Board.	£4, 15s. per cent.	No arrears.	Deed of mortification deposited in the Commissary Court, Aberdeen, on 3d Jan. 1803. Recorded in Kirk Session Books 24th April 1803.	In the Commissary Court, Aberdeen.

behoof of the poor, the particulars of which cannot now be correctly ascertained; but the aggregate of
Kirk Session on the purchase of a small estate, which was again re-sold by the Parochial Board, and the
for the poor. The title to the property is taken in name of the Chairman of the Board and his suc-
Messrs Yeats and Flockhart, Advocates, 84 King Street, Aberdeen, who are the law-agents of the Board.

No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
16	Premnay . . .	Bequest by Thomas Gordon, Esq. of Premnay, to the Kirk Session.	June 10, 1819.	£900, 0s. 0d. The sum of £200 of the above, when re-invested three years ago, was by mistake entered in the name of the Inspector.	Aberdeen Harbour Company.
17	Turriff . . .	(1.) Bequest by Kirk Session of Turriff.	Oct. 9, 1852.	£293, 15s. 8½d.	In building an aisle to the Parish Church of Turriff.
		(2.) Bequest by James Murray.	Sept. 27, 1860	£43, 10s. 0d.	Ten shares of Turriff Gas Co., and five shares of Turriff Hall Co.
		(3.) Bequest by Ann Cummine or Hutcheon, for support of her daughter Ann Hutcheon.	May 26, 1868.	£119, 13s. 11d.	On deposit-receipt in Commercial Bank of Scotland.
18	Tyrie . . .	Legacy to the Kirk Session by Major George Philip.	Apr. 10, 1806.	The interest of £600 in perpetuity.	In Chancery.
	ARGYLL.				
1	Kilfinan . . .	Bequest by some of the family of Lamont of Lamont.	...	£205, 11s. 0d., the interest of £110 of which is paid for the poor.	Deposited in City of Glasgow Bank.
2	Killean and Kilchenzie	Colonel Macalister's legacy.	Aug. 10, 1808	£1000, 0s. 0d.	Stock of Royal Bank of Scotland.
3	Lismore and Appin .	Bequest by James Stewart of Fasnacloich.	About 1795.	£100, 0s. 0d.	Held to be an entailer's debt, and due by the heir of entail on the estate of Fasnacloich.

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
Parochial Board.	4 per cent. The interest of the whole bequest of £900 has been regularly handed over to the Parochial Board since an assessment was adopted.	No arrears.	Certified copy of will in the hands of the Inspector.	Sheriff-Court Books of Aberdeen, 23d August 1819.
Kirk Session of Turriff.	7½ per cent. per annum.	No arrears.	No title deeds.	...
James Murray.	5 per cent. per annum.	Do.	Assignation in favour of Parochial Board, and in the hands of the Inspector.	Not recorded.
Parochial Board of Turriff.	2½ per cent. per annum.	Do.	Deposit-receipt in hands of Inspector.	...
'Major Philip bequeathed the money to be deposited in a bank in Aberdeen. None of the Aberdeen banks being chartered at that date, Major Philip's executors had lodged the money in Chancery.'	£16, 2s. 8d. yearly, less expense of drawing.	Do.	...	...
Heritors and Kirk Session.	Bank interest.	No arrears.	Deposit-receipt in hands of Inspector.	...
Parochial Board.	Dividend of £4, 18s. 5d. per cent.	No arrears.	Stock certificate in name of Rev. D. M'Farlane, chairman of Parochial Board. In hands of Inspector.	Cannot state whether the will of Colonel Macalister was recorded or not.
'Investment continued since bequest made.'	4 per cent.	No arrears.	No separate title.	...

No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
	AYR.				
1	Auchinleck . .	(1.) Accumulation of funds belonging to Kirk Session.	Prior to 1773, and prior to 1867.	£108, 18s. 8d.	House property, (pauper lodging-house).
		(2.) Lindsay bequest.	June 5, 1837; Sep. 6, 1837; Feb. 28, 1840; Jan. 13, 1841.	£25, 0s. 0d.	Glasgow Royal Infirmary.
2	Ayr	(1.) Tennant's mortification.	May 25, 1827.	Interest of £300.	On bond and disposition in security by James Gray, Milsside.
		(2.) Fergusson's do.	Oct. 4, 1790.	£1000, 0s. 0d.	Deposited in Royal Bank.
		(3.) Mortification on Hilloch Acre.	No trace of deed of mortification. The sum is paid by William Guild, Esq., proprietor of Hilloch Acre.		
3	Beith . . .	(1.) Lands or farm of Sidehead, purchased with legacies to Kirk Session and Heritors, no records of which have been preserved.	May 25, 1693.	Purchase price 1200 merks.	Farm of Sidehead.
		(2.) Legacy by John Blair.	1816.	£500, 0s. 0d.	In lands of Border.
		(3.) Bequest by Miss Elizabeth Gavin and Mrs Margaret Gavin.	Dec. 1821.	£150, 0s. 0d.	In lands of Border.
4	Craigie . . .	(1.) Money held in trust by the Rev. Dr Andrew Shaw.	Unknown. (Testator died 14th Sept. 1805.)	£100, 0s. 0d.	Deposited in Union Bank of Scotland.
		(2.) Do. by Colonel Thos. Wallace.	Aug. 26, 1812	£100, 0s. 0d.	Do.
5	Irvine . . .	Lands of Gulliland, mortified by Hugh Brown of Millgarholm.	Nov. 12, 1691.	About 10 acres of land.	...
6	Kilwinning . .	(1.) Woodgreen mortification, made by David Muir.	Nov. 25, 1766.	About 80 acres of land.	...
		(2.) Craufurd's mortification.	Unknown.	£100, 0s. 0d.	Glasgow and South-Western Railway.

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
Kirk Session.	...	No arrear.	Extract registered tack assignations, &c., dated 1784, 1801, 1833–36–43–44–48 and 1867. Inspector of poor.	Tack at Ayr 1784. Last title, Ayr 1867.
Mrs Lindsay, widow of the Rev. John Lindsay, minister of Ochiltree.	Permission to admit one patient annually in perpetuity.	...	Extract minute of Royal Infirmary authorities, of February 1843.	At Ayr, November 25, 1842.
Mrs Mary Shearwood or Tennant.	4½ per cent.	No arrears.	Bond in custody of Treasurer of Kirk Session.	Burgh Court Books and Particular Register of Sasines.
Parochial Board.	Bank interest.	Do.	Deed of mortification by John Fergusson, Esq. of Doonholm. In hands of Town Clerk.	In Books of Council and Session.
...	£1 sterling annually, for dinner to inmates of Ayr Poorhouse on Christmas day.	...	...	...
Heritors and Kirk Session.	£60 yearly.	No arrears.	Disposition in favour of Kirk Treasurer, and charter of confirmation and *novodamus* in favour of Minister.	Register of Sasines for Ayrshire.
Kirk Session.	£30 yearly.	No arrears.	Disposition dated 23d May 1822, in favour of Minister and Kirk Treasurer. Title deeds of both properties in possession of D. S. Love, writer, Beith.	Do.
Kirk Session.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
Heritors and Kirk Session.	Bank interest.	No arrears.		
Do.	Do.	Do.	Deposit receipt.	...
Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	...
...	£31, 6s. 8d. annually.	No arrears.	Disposition to Parochial Board by Kirk Session, and instrument of sasine thereon, in hands of David Gray, town clerk, Irvine.	Register of Sasines, county of Ayr.
Donor.	£174, 18s. 0d. per annum.	...	Titles in favour of Kirk Session—Hugh King, Esq., Writer, Kilwinning.	Recorded in the Particular Register of Sasines at Ayr.
Parochial Board.	4 per cent.	No arrears.	Debenture Bond.	

No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
7	Sorn	Funds handed by Heritors and Kirk Session to Sorn Parochial Board on present Poor Law coming into force.	...	£110, 0s. 0d.	In Caledonian Railway Debenture, of date July 31, 1860.
8	Symington . .	Bequest by Mrs Fullarton of Rosemount.	Jan. 24, 1826.	£100, 0s. 0d.	In Bank of Scotland.
	BANFF.				
1	Boharm . . .	'Dundurcas Bede Riggs,' 3 ridges of land and 3 yards mortified by Jn. Grant of Freuchie, William Cumming of Farnside, and Walter Dumbreck of Orton.	Prior to 1748, exact date unknown.	Not known.	Land.
2	Boyndie . . .	Part of ordinary poor's funds, received from Kirk Session and Heritors in 1845.	Said funds had gradually accumulated prior to 1845.	Originally £404.	3 shares National Bank.
		(2.) Remaining part of do.	Do.	Originally £375.	3¾ shares Commercial Bank stock.
3	Cabrach . . .	(1.) Bequest of £50, by Rev. James Gordon, minister of parish; and (2.) half ably to directions of donors, in building cottages for the poor.			
4	Cullen . . .	'Mortifications by different persons at various times, and handed over by Kirk Session to Parochial Board.'	Oct. 13, 1846.	£92, 6s. 8d.	Deposited in Commercial Bank of Scotland.
5	Deskford . . .	(1.) Murray's bequest.	Testator died 1795.	£50, 0s. 0d.	Deposited in Union Bank of Scotland, Cullen.
		(2.) Littlejohn's do.	Do. 1813.	£10, 0s. 0d.	Do.
		(3.) Chalmers' do.	Do. 1829.	£18, 0s. 0d.	Do.
6	Kirkmichael . .	The Parochial Board annually receive a proportion of the interest of a Heritors and Kirk-Session. Opinion of counsel was taken about 20 years *gratia*, have given part of the interest of said money.			
7	St Fergus . .	Unknown	Unknown.	£450, 0s. 0d.	The Harbour Trust of Peterhead.

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
Parochial Board.	4 per cent.	No arrear.	Debenture Bond, in custody of Graham Somervell, Esq., Chairman of Parochial Board.	...
Heritors and Kirk Session.	Bank interest.	No arrears.	Minuted in heritors' books that sum to be annually applied for behoof of the poor.	...
Not known.	Rent £1 per annum.	No arrears.	The rights are said to have been lost prior to 1748.	...
Parochial Board.	Meantime 12 per cent. on amount of stock.	No arrears.	Ordinary bank stock deed, in the custody of the bank.	...
Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	...

of a legacy to the Kirk Session by Peter Dow, farmer, Ardline. Both bequests have been applied, agree-

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
Parochial Board.	Current rate on deposits. For year to May 14, 1868, £1, 16s. 8d.	No arrears.	Deposit receipt in custody of Inspector.	...
Parochial Board.	Current interest.	Do.	Not known.	Not known, but extract of will 'is recorded in the Session Records of the parish (without date).'
Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Not known. Interest began to be paid in September 1814.
Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Not known, but extract of will 'is recorded in the Session Records of parish (without date).'

mortification (for £155, 1s. 8d.), left by Dr Culbert Gordon of London, under the management of the
ago, to the effect that the Parochial Board had no control over it; but the Heritors and Kirk-Session, *ex*

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
Parochial Board.	4 per cent.	No arrears.	The Harbour Trustees of Peterhead granted 'Bond' for the amount. The Parochial Board have no title deeds conveying the money to them.	The 'Bonds' granted by the Harbour Trustees of Peterhead are recorded in their Sederunt Book.

No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
	BERWICK.				
1	Cranshaws . .	(1.) Legacy by Captain Charles Hope Watson, R.N.	1837.	£100, 0s. 0d.	On landed security.
		(2.) Legacy by Mr William Watson of Saughton.	Feb. 1841.	£1000 Duty £100 £900	Do.
2	Fogo . . .	(1.) Mortification on lands of Calfward, made by Alex. Trotter, Charterhall.	Date unknown.	'Fourscore merks annual interest in English money, £4, 8s. 10d.	Unknown.
		(2.) Mortification on lands of Harcarse, made by Mrs Jean Hog of Harcarse.	Oct. 10, 1781.	£30, 0s. 0d.	No means of knowing.
3	Greenlaw . . .	(1.) Mr Broomfield's mortification.	Unknown.	Unknown.	Proprietor of Marchmont.
		(2.) A yearly sum of £50, conveyed by the late Sir William Hume Campbell of the Marchmont Bounty.			
4	Ladykirk . . .	Margaret Lyal's bequest.	Dec. 3, 1801.	£100, 0s. 0d.	British Linen Co.'s Bank.
5	Polwarth . . .	Bequest by Wm. Hamilton, and accumulation of interest.	April 2, 1805.	£110, 11s. 1d.	Lent to Sir W. P. Home Campbell, Bart., of Marchmont.
	BUTE.				
1	North Bute . .	Bequest by Wm. Gillies, merchant, Rothesay.	July 10, 1838.	(For particulars as to this bequest see parish of Rothesay below.)	
2	Rothesay . .	(1.) Do. do.	July 10, 1838.	£200, less £20 duty.	Held by Lord Bute.
		(2.) Bequest by Duncan Thomson, shipowner, Rothesay.	May 15, 1865.	£2000, for the purpose of erecting, or aiding in erection and completion of, a statutory poorhouse for parish of Rothesay.	£1000 lent to burgh of Rothesay, and £1000 lent to county of Bute.

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
Minute of Parochial Board, April 22, 1846.	Present rate 4 per cent.	'Since 1859 interest has been duly paid. Previously to 1858, Mr John Hope, 31 Moray Place, Edinburgh, gave no account of his intromissions.'	'Bond' over Edrom-Newton, parish of Edrom, in custody of Mr John Hope, W.S. Directed by the Parochial Board to be transferred to the custody of Messrs Dundas and Wilson.	On this subject the Board have received no information.
Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
Unknown.	See answer in 3d column.	No arrears.	Cannot describe title deeds. See answer in 2d column.	No means of knowing.
No means of knowing.	5 per cent per annum.	No arrears.	Cannot describe title deeds.	No means of knowing.
...	£5, 11s. 1d.	Under management of Kirk Session, and devoted to the education of poor children.		
archmont, Baronet, to purchase coals and meal for the poor, is distributed by the minister as almoner of				
Trustees.	Bank interest.	No arrears.	'Will and extract thereof in possession of Rev. W. Dobie, trustee.'	'Register Office, Edinburgh. Registered May 25, 1804.'
Supposed to be minister of parish.	5 per cent.	Not in arrear.	Disposition and settlement in hands of heritors' clerk.	Unknown.
...	...	...	...	...
By testator's will.	4 per cent., less 1-6th paid to North Bute, in consequence of division of parish of Rothesay since date of bequest	No arrears.	Stamp receipt in custody of Town Clerk.	In Sheriff-Court Books of Buteshire.
Trustees under will —viz. Town Council and Parochial Board.	5 per cent., allowed to accumulate and be added to the principal.	No arrears.	Do.	Do.

No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
	CAITHNESS.				
1	Bower . . .	Oswald's mortification.	Cannot be correctly given, as the deed is lost.	£100, 0s. 0d.	At present deposited in Aberdeen Town and County Bank.
2	Dunnet . . .	(1.) Oswald bequest, bequeathed by Dr James Oswald, late minister of Methven, and his executors.	1785 and 1792	£400, including accumulation of interest.	Lent to Mr Traill of Ratter, on his personal bond.
		(2.) Freswick annuity, bequeathed by the late John Sinclair of Freswick	Sep. 21, 1764.	Perpetual annuity of 100 merks.	Payable from the estate of Freswick.
3	Latheron . . .	No funds vested in Parochial Board, but we receive yearly from the parish Presbytery of Caithness.			
4	Thurso . . .	Gift from the Crown as *ultima hæres* of the late Sally Nimmo, a pauper, of a house in Thurso which belonged to her late father.	Mar. 24, 1868.	Since been sold for £1450, but the price has not yet been paid.	To be appropriated for the support of the poor for the current year, in place of an assessment, which has not been laid on in consequence.
5	Watten . . .	Accumulated funds of Kirk Session, including a bequest for the poor.	Not known.	£100, 0s. 0d.	In bank.
6	Wick . . .	Legacy and donation by Dr James Oswald, minister of the gospel at Methven; George Oswald of Scotstown; and Alex. Oswald of Shieldhall.	1794.	£100, 0s. 0d.	Lodged in bank in name of Kirk Session.
	CLACKMANNAN.				
1	Tillicoultry . .	A dwelling-house of 3 rooms, originally obtained for the support of Michael Thomson, an idiot.	Date unknown.	3 rooms, valued at £1 each.	In the Parochial Board, and occupied by paupers.
	DUMBARTON.				
1	Cardross . . .	'Gift in mortification by Jean Moor, of Wapping, London, to certain poor of the parish.'	'3d October, in the third day of the reign of William and Mary.'	£500, 0s. 0d.	In purchase of lands in the parish.

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
Kirk Session and Parochial Board.	Current rate—2½ per cent. for the last two years.	No arrears.	The original deed cannot be found.	...
Minister and Kirk Session.	4 per cent.	No arrears.	In hands of Kirk Session.	Will registered in Books of Council and Session.
...	£5, 11s. 1½d. yearly.	No arrears.	...	Deed do.
inister the interest of £100 sterling, from what is called Oswald's Mortification, which is vested in the				
The Parochial Board.	...	...	...	In General Register of Sasines for County of Caithness.
Presbytery of Caithness.	Bank interest.	No arrears.	...	Deed constituting bequest engrossed in Records of Presbytery of Caithness.
Kirk Session.	Current rate allowed by bank.	No arrears.	No titles. The Moderator of Kirk Session pays Inspector the interest annually.	...
Parochial Board.	None.	None.	'Never saw the title deeds, and cannot say in whose custody they are at present.'	Unknown.
By the terms of the will.	Yearly rent of subjects, and feu-duties, £398.	No arrears.	Feudally vested in certain members of Parochial Board for behoof of said Board, and titles are in the hands of Mr John Denny, writer, Dumbarton.	New General Register of Sasines at Edinburgh.

No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
2	Kilmaronock . .	Accumulated funds, consisting of Mr Carmichael of Broomlay's bequest; 'the Drummakill Donation;' church collections, &c., &c.	From 1790.	£300, 0s. 0d.	Invested in ground-annual.
3	Kirkintilloch . .	Adams' bequest, made by Mr John Adams, of the Inner Temple, London, who died there 15th October 1836.	Unknown.	£1000 stock 3½ per cents. In 1842 converted into £872, 14s. 11d.	Heritable bonds for £870.
	DUMFRIES.				
1	Annan . . .	Bequest by the late Andrew Johnstone of Gullielands.	Not known.	...	...
2	Ewes . . .	Four small tenements obtained from Kirk Session, used as dwellings for decayed			
3	Kirkmahoe . .	Fourteen small donations from as many different persons.	Between 1727 and 1850.	Total amount, £420, 0s. 0d.	In British Linen Co.'s Bank.
4	Langholm . .	(1.) Bequest by John Irving of Oak Cottage, Langholm.	March 21, 1866.	£450, less duty.	In British Linen Co.'s Bank.
		(2.) Gift by Captain George Maxwell of Broomholm.	Oct. 18, 1855.	£227, 18s. 3d.	3 per cent. consols.
	EDINBURGH.				
1	Calder, West . .	Polbeth mortification—William Flint.	March 27, 1765.	£40, 0s. 0d.	House.
2	Canongate . .	(1.) House, No. 7 East Rose Street Lane, let to Messrs Clapperton, Oliver, and Co. It belonged to a man of the name of Luke, who became chargeable to the parish many years ago.	Date not known, and cannot be ascertained. The books of the treasurer of the Charity Workhouse do not show this, and he is dead.	Rented at £7 per annum.	...
		(2.) Ground rents payable from tenement in Canongate, known as Fyffe's Land.	Not known.	£13 per annum.	...

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
Kirk Session.	5 per cent.	No arrears.	Disposition and assignation and instrument of Sasine following thereon, in custody of Messrs Moncreiff, Paterson, Forbes, and Barr, writers, Glasgow.	Burgh Register of Sasines, Glasgow.
Parochial Board.	4½ and 5 per cent.	No arrears.	Bonds, etc., in custody of Parochial Board.	...
...	£5 per annum.	...	'By will.'	...
eople not always in receipt of parochial relief.				
Parochial Board.	2 per cent.	No arrear.	...	...
Will of deceased.	Bank interest.	No arrear.	...	Commissary Court Books of Dumfriesshire.
Parochial Board.	3 per cent.	Do.	Stock certificate.	Bank of England Books.
Heritors.	'Occupied by paupers and the sick room.'	...	Disposition. Heritors' clerk.	County of Edinburgh.
...	...	No arrear.	None.	...
...	...	...	The Board have no separate title, so far as known, but the ground rents are declared to be a real burden on the property in the titles of the proprietors.	...

No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
3	Corstorphine . .	(1.) Legacy by Alexander Keith, Esq., of Ravelston.	1822.	£100, 0s. 0d.	Personal security.
		(2.) Legacy by William Ramsay Wat·on, Esq., of Saughton.	1843.	£2000, 0s. 0d.	Stock of Nation Bank of Scotland
		(3.) Site of old Alms Houses.	Not known when acquired.	...	...
4	Cramond . . .	(1.) Bequest by the late Major Watson of Saughton.	About 30 years ago.	About £1800.	In the capital stoc of the Royal Banl of Scotland.
		(2.) Feu-duty payable by Dr Graham Weir, for his lands of Tolleross, Edinburgh.	...	...	...
5	Cranston . .	Not known.	Not known.	£480, 10s. 10½d.	In Lord Stair's hand
6	Duddingstone . .	Miss Scott's bequest 'to the poor of the parish of Portobello.'	April 10, 1835.	£102, 8s. 11d.	Paid into the fund of the Parochia Board.
7	Edinburgh . .	(1.) Sundry mortifications, in name of Kirk Treasurer.	...	£600, 0s. 0d.	City bond, No. 410 lodged with Cit Chamberlain.
		(2.) Sundry mortifications, conjunctly in name of Kirk Treasurer and Paul's Work—proportion in name of Kirk Treasurer.	...	£93, 8s. 0d.	Do., Nos. 4120 an 4121, conjunctl in name of Kir Treasurer an Paul's Work fo £100 each.
		(3.) Schaw's mortification.	Dec. 4, 1781.	Annuity.	Payable out of trus estate, which con sists principally o the lands an barony of Preston parish of Preston pans.
8	Heriot . . .	Legacy by the late Thomas Cranston, Esq., W.S.	Feb. 15, 1832, and Oct. 29, 1836.	£20, 0s. 0d.	In hands of J. & T Anderson, W.S.
	ELGIN OR MORAY.				
1	Rothes . . .	(1.) Dundurcas Bede Riggs, 3 ridges of land and 3 yards mortified by John Grant of Freuchie, William Cumming of Earnside, and Walter Dumbreck of Orton.	Prior to 1748.	Not known.	Land.
		(2.) Anonymous donor, and supposed accumulations of church collections.	'1824.'	£97, 0s. 0d.	Bill from landed pro prietor, dated 20t December 1857.

Authority by which such Investment was made	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
Heritors.	5 per cent.	...	Bond by Sir Alex. Keith of Ravelston, in custody of John Gillespie, W.S.	...
Do.	14 per cent. on £1200 of stock.	...	Stock certificate, in hands of Mr Gillespie.	...
...	Ground rent of 25½ pecks of barley, being on an average £2 per annum.	...	...	...
Minute of the Board.	Fluctuating dividend.	No arrears.	...	...
...	£14, 0s. 0d.	...	...	...
Parochial Board.	£3, 10s. per cent.	Not in arrear.	Not known.	...
By minute of Parochial Board, of date August 6, 1849.	...	...	...	...
Town Council and Managers of Charity Workhouse.	3 per cent.	Not in arrear.	City bond.	...
Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	...
Trust deed.	Annuity of £10 sterling.	...	Trust deed by the late James Schaw, Esq.	In Books of Council and Session, 20th Dec. 1784.
...	5 per cent.	'Interest due since 31st July 1868.'	Trust disposition, in hands of Messrs Anderson.	In Books of Council and Session.
Not known.	Rent, £1 per annum.	No arrears.	The rights are said to have been lost prior to 1748.	Synod of Moray Records of October 1748, and Kirk Session Records of December 1841.
Parochial Board.	4 per cent. per annum.	Do.	Bill, in the hands of the Inspector.	Minute of Parochial Board of 2d February 1858.

No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
2	St Andrews-Lhanbride	Dipple's mortification.	Transferred to Inspector, 22d Nov. 1845.	£55, 11s. 1d.	Commercial Bank, Elgin, on deposit-receipt.
3	Speymouth . .	Hay's bequest.	Feb. 25, 1829.	£45, 0s. 0d.	National Security Savings Bank.
	FIFE.				
1	Abdie . . .	Woodmill mortification.	1648.	1000 merks Scots.	Teinds of the lands of Woodmill.
2	Aberdour . .	(1.) Accumulation of funds for behoof of the poor.	June 2, 1800.	£323, 12s. 0d.	Lent to Earl of Moray on his bond.
		(2.) Bequest by Mr Douglas Morison.	May 24, 1825.	£45, 0s. 0d.	Lent to Earl of Moray on his letter.
3	Arngask . . .	(1.) Poor's pendicle, Newton of Balconquhal.	1726.	2600 merks, accumulations of Church-door Collections.	In two westmost pendicles of lands of Newton of Balconquhal.
		(2.) Poor's pendicle, Newton of Balconquhal.	1838.	£650 sterling, saved from rents of No. 1.	Newton Bank of lands of Balconquhal.
4	Auchtertool . .	Surplus funds in hands of Kirk Session.	Mar. 9, 1829.	£85, 0s. 0d.	In hands of Earl of Moray.
5	Ballingry . .	Feu of Paranwell, which was excambed for a field at Lochgelly; not known by whom.	About 1715.	...	In feus at Lochgelly, in the year 1812.
6	Carnock . . .	Moneys accumulated in hands of Kirk Session, as Trustees for the Heritors.	Mar. 10, 1840.	£205, 0s. 0d.	Shares, Dunfermline Gas Company.
7	Ceres . . .	The Parochial Board possess no property or funds for behoof of the poor.			
8	Crail . . .	(1.) House in Nethergate, Crail, gifted by town of Crail.	Oct. 1851.	...	...
		(2.) Part of a house in Nethergate, Crail.	Dec. 1850.	...	...
		The following properties held by Kirk Session, and the proceeds handed over to the Parochial Board.			
		(3.) Castle Yard Park.	...	...	...
		(4.) Lands called Kirk Session Land.	...	...	...
		(5.) Feus of Kirkmay Estate and United Presbyterian Church.	...	...	...

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
Parochial Board.	Bank interest.	No arrears.	Title deeds, supposed to be in the custody of the Kirk Session.	Not known if ever recorded.
Do.	£2, 17s. 6d.	Do.	Bank receipt, in the hands of the Inspector.	Fact of bequest recorded in Kirk Session books.
Sir Michael Balfour, disponer.	6 per cent.	Do.	Disposition, Sir Michael Balfour to John and James Arnot, in custody of Inspector.	Books of Council and Session, 1750.
Heritors and Kirk Session.	5 per cent.	...	This sum is claimed also by the Minister and Kirk Session, who draw the interest at present.	The matter is under litigation.
Do.	Do.	...	Do.	Do.
Kirk Session.	Yearly rent of £75.	...	Disposition and Sasine, dated 8th and 15th February 1726.	Particular Register of Sasines of Fife.
Do.			Do. dated 18th and 28th September and 21st November 1838.	Do.
Kirk Session.	5 per cent.	No arrears.	An acknowledgment, in hands of Inspector.	Not registered.
Heritors and Kirk Session of Ballingry.	Rents, £31, 4s.	One feu in arrear for nearly 10 years.	Supposed to be in the hands of Isaac Bayley, Esq., W.S., Royal Exchange, Edinburgh.	The feu-leases are registered at Cupar-Fife.
Heritors and Kirk Session.	Variable, last year £7, 10s.	...	Copy receipt, in Records of Kirk Session.	...

except three small old houses, occupied by paupers, and from which no revenue is derived.

...	Occupied by paupers.	...	Held by Parochial Board.	...
Acquired by decease of a pauper.	Rent, £2, 10s.	...	Title, in custody of Inspector.	...
...	£4, 10s. 0d.	...	...	...
...	£48, 9s. 7d.	...	...	...
...	£4, 18s. 0d.	...	...	...

No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
9	Creich . . .	Savings of the Kirk Session.	About 1782.	...	...
10	Dalgety . . .	Sum handed over by Kirk Session to Parochial Board.	Dec. 1859.	£32, 0s. 0d.	In Bank of Scotland
11	Dunbog . . .	Savings of Kirk Session.	...	£200, 0s. 0d.	North British Railway debenture
12	Dunfermline . .	John Reid, merchant, Dunfermline.	Apr. 17, 1776.	Feu-duties—annual value £56, 17s. 6½d.; heritable bonds to the amount of £100 sterling; and heritable property realizing £47, 1s. per annum.	...
13	Falkland . . .	(1.) Feu-duty from Mrs Bruce of Nuthill.	Feb. 1802.	...	...
		(2.) Lands in burgh of Falkland.	Board seems to have no title.		...
		(3.) Feu-duty payable by Joseph Duncan.	Board seems to have no title.		...
14	Flisk . . .	Accumulation of church-door collections.	Previous to 1845.	£100, 0s. 0d.	Lent on heritable security.
15	Kilconquhar . .	Accumulation of funds by Kirk Session.	Apr. 21, 1848.	£800, 0s. 0d.	On bond by Sir Coutts Lindsay, Bart., of Balcarras.
16	Kinglassie . .	Supposed accumulation of church collections.	Previous to 1726.	6600 merks Scots.	In Farm of Ramore

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
By Kirk Session and Heritors.	£15, 3s. 6d., from which is deducted about £11 for church officers.	...	A feu charter granted by Mr Tod of Luthrie, in possession of the Minister.	...
Parochial Board.	Usual bank interest.	No arrears.	...	...
Heritors and Session and Parochial Board.	4½ per cent.	No arrears.	Debenture, in hands of Inspector.	...
...	5 per cent. on bonds; £56, 17s. 6½d. feu; and £47, 1s. rent.	No interest in arrear, no feu-duty do. Rent in arrear £8, 10s.	Decree of adjudication, in hands of Mr P. J. Soutar, writer, Dunfermline.	...
..	20½ bolls of barley, converted at fiars prices for 1867 to £28, 3s. 9d.	...	Feu contract between Kirk Session and Geo. Sandilands, Esq., in hands of Mr Gulland, writer, Falkland.	...
...	Yearly rental, £21, 11s. 6d.	...	...	...
...	13s. 4d. Scots, or 1s. 1d. sterling.	...	...	...
Parochial Board.	4 per cent.	No arrears.	'All papers in the custody of Messrs H. G. and S. Dickson, W.S., 3 Dundas Street, Edinburgh.'	...
Kirk Session.	4 per cent.	No arrears.	Bond, in possession of Parochial Board.	Not recorded.
Heritors and Kirk Session.	Rent £167, 14s. 7d. less parochial burdens. Being partly a grain rent, the amount fluctuates with the fiars prices.	No arrears.	Disposition dated 19th Dec. 1867, by Kirk Session to the Parochial Board, &c. &c., in custody of Messrs J. & H. G. Gibson, W.S.	Instrument of sasine on original disposition to Kirk Session, and disposition by Kirk Session to Parochial Board, recorded in the General Register of Sasines.

No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
17	Kingsbarns . .	(1.) Savings of Kirk Session.	Aug. 19, 1853	£148, 9s. 3d.	In land.
		(2.) Bequest of the late Miss Monypenny.	...	£50, 0s. 0d.	One bed in Morningside Asylum.
		(3.) Bequest of the late Lord Pitmilly.	...	£50, 0s. 0d.	Do.
		(4.) Do.	...	£125, 0s. 0d.	Do. in Dundee Asylum.
		(5.) Residue of Session funds made over to the Parochial Board.	June 5, 1855.	£285, 4s. 0d.	Scottish Union Insurance stock, 19 shares.
		(6.) Parochial Board funds.	May 30, 1848.	£28, 0s. 0d.	A house in Kingsbarns.
18	Markinch . . .	Bequest by John Wilson, Fir Bank of Brunton, Parish of Markinch.	May 19, 1795.	£200, 0s. 0d.	Deposited in Commercial Bank in name of chairman
19	Monimail . . .	Believed to be accumulated Kirk Session funds.	May 28, 1825.	£34, 8s. 11d.	In purchase of feu-duties at Springfield, Cupar.
20	St Andrews . .	(1.) Accumulation of Kirk Session funds.	From 1651.	£904, 0s. 0d.	Deposited in Bank of Scotland.
		(2.) Monypenny bequest.	May 20, 1851.	£450, 0s. 0d.	Two houses purchased for the poor in terms of the bequest.
21	St Leonards . .	(1.) Mortification by Jas. Colivill to the Minister and Elders.	1689.	2 acres.	Land.
		(2.) Mortification by Jas. Paterson to the Minister and Kirk Session.	1719.	1 acre 2 roods.	Feued to St Mary's College.
22	Strathmiglo . .	'There is a piece of land, let at £24 a year, become vested in the Parochi rent is drawn; origin unknown.'			
	FORFAR.				
1	Dun	(1.) Dorward's Legacy.	Aug. 1, 1834.	£100, 0s. 0d.	Bank.
		(2.) Thomson's Legacy.	June 10, 1861.	£100, 0s. 0d.	Do.
2	Dundee . . .	Captain John Ramsay's fund left for the support of poor persons in a poorhouse.	1774.	When the poorhouse of Dundee wa £1200, to the Parochial Board, toward the parish authorities, and accordingl and the money was applied, *pro tant*	
		[There have been no other mortifications received by the Board of the Parish the Heritors immediately prior to the passing of the Poor Law Amendmen the Act. These claims have not been pressed at law, but remain over ope			
3	Edzell . . .	Bequest by George Cooper, merchant in Edzell.	June 1, 1843.	£60, 0s. 0d.	In Union Bank.

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
'arochial Board.	6 per cent.	No arrears.	Disposition in hands of Parochial Board.	County Register and Minute Book of Board.
Kirk Session and Parochial Board.	1 patient.	...	Certificate.	Minute Book.
'arochial Board.	Do.	...	Do.	Do.
Do.	Do.	...	Do.	Do.
Do.	12½ per cent.	In arrear from July last (1868.)	Transfer certificate.	Do.
Do.	9 per cent.	Part rented and part occupied by paupers.	Disposition and assignation, in hands of Parochial Board.	Minute Book.
Deed of Settlement.	Usual bank interest on deposit receipts.	No arrears.	Deed of Settlement.	Recorded in Books of Council and Session.
Kirk Session.	About 6¼ p. cent.	No arrears.	Titles in favour of Minister for behoof of Kirk Session, in hands of law agent.	Writ of Clare Constat in favour of present minister, Mr Maxwell, recorded in Particular Register of Sasines, Fife, 2d July 1866.
...	½ per cent. above ordinary bank interest.	No arrears.	...	...
Minute of Parochial Board, 25th Aug. 1852.	Occupied by paupers.	...	Disposition and assignation by John Purvis, and infeftment thereon.—Disposition by the trustees of Charles Kerr, and infeftment thereon.—In hands of Mr Woodcock, clerk to Parochial Board.	Register of Sasines at St Andrews and Cupar.
Disponer.	Rent, £10, 10s.	...	In custody of chairman of Parochial Board.	...
Kirk Session at the time.	4 bolls of barley, fiars prices.	...	Do.	...

oard; origin unknown to inspector. There are also two small houses occupied by paupers from which no

Kirk Session.	Variable.	No arrear.	Not known.	Not known.
Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.

pened, the trustees of this fund, on the advice of counsel, resolved to pay over the same, amounting to ie price of erecting the house, in respect that the testator had in view the very object contemplated by n November 11, 1857, the said sum was handed over, less the necessary expenses of the deeds of discharge, wards the cost of the house.

undee. Claim has been made for several funds which had been managed by the Kirk Session jointly with ct, but the Kirk Session refuse to convey, alleging that the funds are not carried by the 53d section of either party being desirous of litigation in such matters.]

Parochial Board.	Usual bank interest.	No arrears.	Deposit receipt in custody of Inspector.	...

No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
4	Farnell . . .	(1.) Craigo's mortification of 800 merks Scots, said to have been made by Dean Carnegie.	1744.	£44, 8s. 10⅔d.	Lent to the Earl of Southesk.
		(2.) Gallary's mortification, made by David Lyall, Esq.	1816.	£180, 0s. 0d.	Do.
		(3.) Money given to and collected by Kirk Session.	...	£275, 11s. 1½d.	Do.
5	Forfar . . .	Robert and William Strang's mortification, etc., under management of Magistrates and Kirk Session, in which Parochial Board participate.	1654.	...	In land.
6	Kettins . . .	(1.) Lands purchased by accumulated Church Collections.	May 18, 1730.	17½ acres.	In land.
		(2.) Contiguous lands purchased by accumulated Church Collections.	Nov. 19, 1771, and Aug. 26, 1829.	17 acres.	Do.
		(3.) From sale of part of above to Railway.	1854.	£251, 6s. 8d.	British Linen Co.'s Bank.
7	Kingoldrum . .	Supposed to be accumulations of Church Collections.	...	£95, 0s. 0d.	In Union Bank.
8	Marytoun . .	None. The Kirk Session have some funds, the interest of which is applied fo			
9	Monifieth . . .	Grange mortification, by Jean Ouchterlony, Lady Grange.	June 13, and Sept. 9, 1645.	Yearly payment.	Burden upon the estate of Grange.
10	Tannadice . .	Bequest by Miss Margaret Leighton, Kirriemuir.	Deed of settlement dated June 19, 1862; legacy paid Martinmas 1867.	£50, less duty and expenses.	£40 invested on house property, and £4, 3s. 11d. in bank.
	HADDINGTON.				
1	Dirleton . . .	Supposed to be accumulations of Church Door Collections, and sundry bequests.	From 1755 downwards.	£300, 0s. 0d.	Lent to the Lady Mary C. Nisbet Hamilton.
2	Gladsmuir . .	'The Kirk Session have, since the commencement of the Parochial Board, pai			
3	Innerwick . .	Gift from the late ——— Hamilton Nisbet of Biel and Dirleton, supposed to be mostly vacant stipend.	Cannot say.	£870, 0s. 0d.	Lent to J. W. Hunter, Esq. of Thurston.

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
Heritor and Kirk Session.	5 per cent.	No arrears.	Promissory note, in custody of Rev. Mr Hood, minister of parish.	These sums are not formally vested in the Parochial Board, but they receive the interest, and distribute it among the paupers belonging to the parish.
Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	
Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	
...	On an average of six years the Parochial Board have received £169 per annum.	...	...	...
Heritors and Kirk Session.	Rent for both £95.	No arrears.	Charter and infeftment, in custody of Kirk Session.	Particular Register of Perthshire.
Do.		Do	Disposition and sasine, in custody of Kirk Session.	Do.
Do.	Bank rate.	Do.	Bank receipt, in hands of Kirk Session.	...
Parochial Board.	Usual bank interest.	No arrears.	...	...
behoof of the poor, but these are not vested in the Parochial Board.				
Lady Grange.	£1, 13s. 4d.	No arrears.	Contract of mortification.	Recorded in Books of Council and Session, 20th May 1646.
Parochial Board.	5 per cent. for money secured over house property, and bank interest.	No arrears.	Bond and disposition in security, in hands of Mr Forrest, law agent; and bank receipt, in hands of Inspector.	Miss Leighton's settlement recorded in Sheriff-Court Books of Forfarshire, June 21, 1866.
Kirk Session.	4 per cent.	No arrears.	Bond, in hands of Inspector.	Not aware that it is recorded.
to it the interest of £170 from a fund in their possession.'				
Heritors and Kirk Session.	4 per cent.	In arrear since Martinmas 1864.	Bill, in hands of Minister of Parish.	Register Office, Edinburgh.

No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
4	Pencaitland . .	(1.) Bond by Alexander Hamilton, Esq., of Pencaitland.	Dec. 25, 1729.	£238, 17s. 9⅓d.	With the Right Hon. Lady Ruthven.
		(2.) Do. do.	Jan. 4, 1735	£22, 15s. 6⅔d.	Do.
		(3.) Do. do.	Dec. 21, 1737.	£41, 13s. 4d.	Do.
		(4.) Do. do.	Dec. 15, 1744.	£83, 6s. 8d.	Do.
		(5.) Do. do.	Jan. 30, 1749.	£83, 6s. 8d.	Do.
		(6.) Do. do.	Dec. 12, 1752.	£83, 6s. 8d.	Do.
		(7.) Legacy by Mrs Clark.	Oct. 23, 1823.	£50, 0s. 0d.	Bank of Scotland.
		(8.) Do. Mrs Campbell.	May 15, 1827.	£50, 0s. 0d.	Do.
5	Prestonpans . .	(1.) Various small bequests to Kirk Session.	Previous to 1764.	£619, 14s. 8d.	In Government Stock.
		(2.) £100, mortified by Andrew M'Dowall, Esq. (Lord Bankton).	1764.		
6	Stenton . . .	Accumulated Kirk Session funds.	Dec. 22, 1798	£500, 0s. 0d.	On bond by late Mr Nisbet of Biel.
7	Tranent . . .	Bond of annuity, handed over to the Parochial Board by the Kirk Session.	Dec. 31, 1838.	£140, 0s. 0d.	City of Edinburgh bond of annuity.
8	Whitekirk . .	(1.) Mortification by Robert Lauder, portioner, Tynninghame.	Feb. 6, 1636.	1000 merks—one half of interest to poor, other half to schoolmaster of Tynninghame.	Originally invested in the lands of Gunsgreen, and still held to be payable by the holders of these lands.
		(2.) Lady Binning's mortification.	1635.	2000 merks—interest of 500 to the poor, and of 1500 to the schoolmaster of Tynninghame.	Secured on the lands of Greenspot and Briggs.
		(3.) Bond, Earl of Haddington to Kirk Session of Tynninghame	Apr. 20, 1767.	£200 sterling.	...
9	Whittingham . .	Legacy by James Balfour, Esq.	1845.	Originally £200; whereof applied in meeting cost of poorhouse £121, leaving £79.	In Bank of Scotland.

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
Parochial Board.	4 per cent.	No arrears.	...	...
Do.	Do.	Do.	...	...
Do.	Do.	Do.	...	...
Do.	Do.	Do.	...	...
Do.	Do.	Do.	...	...
Do.	Do.	Do.	...	...
Do.	Ordinary bank interest.	'From Feb. 26, 1868.'	...	...
Do.	Do.	Do.	...	...
By the moderator of Kirk Session, it is presumed.	3 per cent.	No arrears.	It is believed the title deeds consist of a certificate of the specified amount of Three Per Cent. Stock.	It is presumed in the Books of the National Debt Commissioners.
Kirk Session.	5 per cent.	No arrears.	Not known in whose custody the bond or title deeds are.	...
Kirk Session.	3 per cent.	No arrears.	Bond No. 3972, in custody of Inspector.	...
...	5 per cent.	Interest paid uninterruptedly by the holders of the lands and by the Earls of Lauderdale, as such, from about 1796; payment refused to the schoolmaster at Whitsunday 1863, and to the poor at Martinmas 1866.	...	Stated in Session Records that the deed of mortification was registered in the Books of Council and Session on 5th February 1648; Session Records in possession of Session Clerk, who is Inspector.
...	Do.	No arrears.	...	Session Records bear that the contract was registered in the Books of Council and Session, Edinburgh, Dec. 7, 1635.
Kirk Session of Tynninghame.	Do.	Do.	Bond, in custody of Inspector.	...
Parochial Board.	Usual Bank deposit interest.	No arrears.	...	...

No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
10	Yester . . .	(1.) 'Precious land,' purchased by Kirk Session.	May 15, 1710.	£1560 Scots.	13 acres of land.
		(2.) Supposed accumulation of funds in hands of Kirk Session.	1811.	£150 sterling.	Lent to Marquis of Tweeddale.
		(3.) Mortification by Mr Begbie for education of poor children belonging to parish.	Aug. 16, 1816.	£90.	Do.
		Note.—The management of these funds is claimed by the Minister and Kirk to the Heritors and Kirk Session, the funds have been managed by the			
	INVERNESS.				
1	Bracadale . .	Bracadale mortification.	Oct. 5, 1857.	£333, 6s. 8d.	Consolidated £3 per cent. Annuities.
2	Cromdale . .	Bequest by Miss Ann Grant, Burnside, for behoof of the poor of Cromdale, exclusive of Inverallan and Advie.	Jan. 1852.	£100, 0s. 0d.	Deposited in National Bank of Scotland.
		Note.—In the absence of any document showing by whom, and on what terms, be administered by the Parochial Board or Kirk Session, they have been the Kirk Session joining with them in giving a discharge, but the latter agree about it, the Parochial Board continuing to uplift the interest.			
3	Daviot . . .	Gift by Andrew Sutherland, farmer, Lairgindour.	Sept 7, 1866.	£20, 0s. 0s.	Deposited in Caledonian Bank in name of the donor.
		Note.—Besides, there was a good many years ago a sum of £400 bequeathed by poor of the parish of Dunlichity, now joined to Daviot; but the parish control of the Board. No account of how it has been applied has ever been			
4	Dores . . .	(1.) Hugh Fraser, Bochruben.	Oct 3, 1762	£240 Scots, interest of which to be applied for behoof of the poor of Stratherrick within the bounds of the parish of Dores.	Deposited in British Linen Co.'s Bank.
		(2.) Colonel Hugh Fraser, of Knockie in Stratherrick.	Apr. 28, 1801.	£500. Bequest expressed as follows:—'To my executors upon trust for the use of the poor of each of the parishes of Boleskine and Dores, situated within the district of Stratherrick, the sum of £500.'	Do.

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
Kirk Session.	£39, less taxes.	No arrears.	Feu charter, in custody of Minister.	Not known.
Do.	5 per cent.	Do.	Bond by Marquis of Tweeddale, in custody of the Minister.	Not recorded.
Do.	Do.	Do.	Deed of mortification and bond by Marquis of Tweeddale, in custody of Minister.	Session Record.
ssion to be exclusively with them, but by mutual arrangement, whereby the Parochial Board is restricted oard since 1845.				
Not known at present.	£9, 14s. 10d. per annum.	No arrears.	The voucher for the money is in the hands of the Parochial Board.	Cannot state.
Parochial Board.	Bank interest.	No arrears.	Deposit receipt, in hands of Inspector.	...
sum of £200 was bequeathed to the poor, and whether other two sums, amounting to £167, 10s., fall to xcluded from the return. Lord Seafield is willing to pay the principal sums to the Parochial Board upon efuse to do so; the money, therefore, is allowed to remain with his lordship until the two bodies can				
Parochial Board.	Bank interest.	No arrears.	Receipt, in hands of Inspector.	...
William M'Gillivray, Balnordan, to the Kirk Session, and three or four other parties, for behoof of the minister has the control of the fund, which is called the Balnordan Fund, and it never came under the given to the Board by the minister.				
The Board, but specially in name of chairman, moderator of Kirk Session, and Captain Fraser of Balnain.	Bank interest.	No arrears.	Copy of will, in custody of Inspector.	Not known.
Do.	Do.	Do.	Title deeds supposed to be in the hands of the Kirk Session of Boleskine, who have a joint interest in the matter.	...

No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
5	Glenelg . . .	Bequest by Miss Christina M'Leod, of Arnisdale, to Kirk Session, for poor persons not on roll of paupers.	About 1838.	£200, 0s. 0d.	In £3 per cent. Government Annuities.
	KINCARDINE.				
1	Arbuthnot . .	(1.) Kinloch charity.	1814.	£3000, 0s. 0d.	3 per cent. Consols.
		(2.) Allardice mortification.	1725.	400 merks Scots.	Lent on heritable security.
		(3.) Arbuthnot mortification	...	1400 do.	Parochial Board.
		Note.—All three sums are vested in the Kirk Session, and are under their			
2	Banchory-Ternan .	Kirk Session funds:— (1.) Rev. Mr Shanks.	1747.	£200, 0s. 0d.	Lent to family of Crathes.
		(2.) Dr George Reid.	1754.	£50, 0s. 0d.	Do.
		(3.) Mrs Aberdeen.	Not known.	£50, 0s. 0d.	Do.
3	Marykirk . . .	Caldhame mortification. George Keith, proprietor of Caldhame.	Nov. 6, 1746.	£166, 13s. 4d.	£120 on heritable security, and £46, 13s. 4d. in Bank of Scotland, Montrose.
4	Strachan . . .	Dame Anne Fraiser's mortification.	1754.	£50, 0s. 0d.	Invested in the hands of the Magistrates and Council of Aberdeen.
	KINROSS.				
1	Cleish . . .	Daling mortification.	Aug. 6, 1867.	£50, 0s. 0d.	On bill.
2	Orwell . . .	Accumulation of Church-door collections.	100 years ago.	£500, 0s 0d.	In 'and.
	KIRKCUDBRIGHT.				
1	Borgue . . .	Gift of Thomas Rainy to the minister and heritors, the interest thereon to be distributed by 'the minister and elders.'	1801.	£600, 0s. 0d.	Lent to Gideon Pott of Knowsoth, on heritable bond.
2	Carsphairn . .	'Balance of money on hand.'	1845.	£72, 4s. 2d.	Deposited in British Linen Co.'s Bank, Dumfries.

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
Of the following Trustees, viz. Jas. E. Baillie, Esq.; Don. M'Leod, Esq.; Martin M'Leod, Esq.; and Rev. A. Beith.	3 per cent.	No arrears.	Receipt of Messrs Cole and Mullins, dated Jan. 24, 1839, in custody of incumbent.	...
Court of Chancery.	3 per cent.	No arrears.	Left by will to minister and elders. In custody of Accountant-General.	Prerogative Court of Canterbury, Nov. 1813.
Kirk Session.	5 per cent.	Do.	Bond. Kirk Session.	Sheriff-Court Books of Kincardineshire.
Do.	...	...	...	...
nanagement. Part of the interest is handed to the Parochial Board.				
Kirk Session.	4 per cent.	In arrear from Dec last.	...	...
Do.	Do.	Do.	...	...
Do.	Do.	Do.	...	...
Parochial Board.	4 per cent.	No arrears.	'Disposition in security on Montrose Museum, Natural History, and Antiquarian Society. In custody of inspector.'	Montrose Burgh Register of Sasines.
Do.	Bank interest.	Do.		
The testatrix.	4 per cent.	No arrears.	Disposition and destination, Dame Anne Fraiser *alias* Heron. There is a copy in the possession of the Parochial Board.	Books of Council and Session; Sheriff-Court Books of Aberdeenshire.
Kirk Session.	5 per cent.	No arrears.	Holograph of the late Rev. William Daling, in possession of kirk treasurer.	In the minutes of the Kirk Session of date 21st Sept. 1807.
Parochial Board	£65 annually.	No arrears.	Titles in possession of minister and Kirk Session, who refuse to give them up.	...
Heritors, trustees of the Rainy fund.	$3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.	No arrears.	By direction of the heritors as trustees the interest is paid annually by their treasurer to the inspector, and is included in his annual expenditure for relief of the poor.	
Parochial Board.	Current rate of interest for deposits.	One year's interest due.	In name of chairman of Parochial Board.	
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No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
3	Kells . . .	(1.) No record.	No record.	£144, 9s. 2d.	Deposited in Bank of Scotland.
		(2.) Do.	Do.	£106,10s. 0d.	Do.
		(3.) Do.	Do.	£46, 0s. 0d.	Do. British Linen Co.
		(4.) Bequest by Alexander Smith of Manchester.	1849.	£100, 0s. 0d.	Do. Clydesdale Bank.
		(5.) Bequest by Mrs M'Courtie, Dumfries.	1850.	£10, 0s. 0d.	Do.
4	Kirkpatrick-Durham	(1.) Mr William Rannan's bequest for education of poor children.	Feb. 25, 1747.	£270, 0s. 0d.	Bank of Scotland, in name of Adam Skirving, Esq.
		(2.) Bequest by Mr William Johnston for behoof of poor widows.	1810.	£100, 0s. 0d.	'The Moderator of states that he from Miss Maitland distribution, which it.'
5	Kirkpatrick-Irongray	(1.) Poor's Holm, described in title as lands of Kirkholm, bequeathed by Rev. James Guthrie to Kirk Session.	June 8, 1754.	...	...
		(2.) Bequests by different persons.	...	£370, 0s. 0d.	In bond over land.
6	Lochrutton . .	Sundry mortifications.	From 1697 to 1831.	£180, 2s. 10d.	Deposited in British Linen Co.'s Bank.
7	Minigaff . . .	(1.) James Ewart's bequest for the purpose of clothing necessitous poor not in receipt of parochial relief, and of Scotch parentage.	May 10, 1858, and Feb. 8, 1859.	£900, 0s. 0d.	On bond by East Indian Railway Co.
		(2.) Agnes Ewart's bequest for payment of rents, and providing fuel to unmarried females and widows above 45 years of age, of Scotch parentage, and not in receipt of parochial relief.	Feb. 5, 1863.	£450, 0s. 0d.	Bond and disposition in security over landed estate.
	LANARK.				
1	Carluke . . .	Gift—Sir David Carmichael of Mouldslie.	May 1687.	2000 merks Scots (£111, 2s. 2d. sterling).	Lodged in British Linen Co.'s Bank.
2	Dolphington . .	The only sum falling to be returned herein arises thus :—In the Session books stated to be 'The Family of Dolphinton Mortification.' There is no trace of The proprietor of Dolphinton is greatly the largest heritor in that small parish, mortification or as part of the legal burden of poor-rates. The proprietor is willing to continue payment of this yearly sum as a voluntary Dolphinton.			
3	Kilbride, East . .	Mortification by John Coats, Esq., of Eastend.	Not known.	...	...

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
No record.	Current bank interest.	No arrears.	...	...
Do.	Do.	Do.	...	...
Do.	Do.	Do.	...	...
Kirk Session.	Do.	Do.	...	...
Do.	Do.	Do.	...	...
Kirk Session and Heritors.	Current bank interest.	No arrears.	...	'There is a copy of the deed in the Heritors' books.'
the Kirk Session receives the interest of Shepperkyle for is all he knows about	4 per cent.	Do.	...	...
...	£5, 5s. yearly.	No arrears.	Disposition in custody of Joseph Macburnie, Esq., of Oakbank.	Particular Register of Sasines in Dumfries.
Parochial Board.	4½ per cent.	Do.	Bond, in custody of Mr George Whitelaw, agent of Parochial Board.	...
Kirk Session.	Current bank interest.	No arrears.	In custody of Kirk Session.	...
Trustees of Mr Ewart, with consent of Parochial Board.	5 per cent.	No arrears.	Bond, in custody of chairman, who deposits it for safe keeping in National Bank of Scotland.	Trust Deed recorded in Books of Council and Session.
By Parochial Board and deceased's trustees.	4 per cent.	Do.	Do.	Miss Ewart's settlement in Commissary Court Books of Wigtownshire, and bond in General Register of Sasines.
Parochial Board.	Bank interest.	No arrears.	...	...

of the parish of Dolphinton there appear at intervals entries of a yearly sum of 11s. 1½d. received, which is
the constitution of this mortification.
and pays fully 10-12ths of the poor-rates, so that it matters very little whether this yearly sum be paid as a
contribution of 11s. 1½d., but does not admit it as a legally exigible demand against him or the estate of

...	£2 yearly, paid by proprietor of Eastend.	No arrears.	...	...

No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
4	Lesmahagow . .	Muttonhole or Nether Cleuchhead mortification, bequeathed by Andrew Leiper, Abbey Green.	Dec. 7, 1722.	£12 of annual feu.	Feued in December 1803 to Messrs Robert Wharrie and James Meikle.
5	Shotts . . .	Bequest by James Mitchell.	1789.	£500, 0s. 0d.	Was invested with Glasgow Water Commissioners, but called up and applied in paying proportion (£604, 5s. 11d.) of cost of Combination Poorhouse. An annual assessment is regularly levied to pay the building, and as it is realized, the loan of the mortification fund will be repaid.
6	Walston . . .	Bond by George Lockhart.	1720.	2000 merks Scots	On Carnwath estate.
7	Wiston and Roberton	250 merks, mortified by Mungo Henshaw.	1685.	£100 sterling.	In Commercial Bank.
	LINLITHGOW.				
1	Abercorn . .	Bond by John, Earl of Hopetoun.	Sept. 25, 1827.	£245, 0s. 0d.	In said bond.
2	Borrowstounness .	Walkinshaw's legacy.	1808.	£300, 0s. 0d.	Deposited in Royal Bank of Scotland.
3	Dalmeny . . .	(1.) Kirk Session lands.	...	...	On lease to Earl of Rosebery for 999 years, from 1826.
		(2.) Bond by John, Earl of Hopetoun, in favour of Kirk Session.	1832.	£135, 0s. 0d.	...
		(3.) A house.	...	...	...
4	Torphichen . .	(1.) Robert Weddell's bequest.	Aug. 1791.	£403, 12s. 9d.	In 3 per cent. Stock.
		(2.) Property in Bailie Fyfe's Close, Edinburgh.	...	...	...
5	Uphall . . .	Supposed accumulation of gifts or bequests, in hands of Kirk Session.	1715.	£3026 Scots.	Farms of Quarter, purchased by Kirk Session.

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
Kirk Session.	£12 per annum (feu).	Part of the year's feu due at Martinmas last.	Not known, but a copy of the testament, said to have been confirmed before the Commissary of Lanark, on June 19, 1724, is in the hands of the representatives of Mr Wharrie, one of the feuars.	Not known.
Parochial Board.	...	...	...	...
George Lockhart.	4 per cent.	No arrears.	Title deeds in Inspector's hands.	Registered in Edinburgh.
Heritors and Kirk Session.	£2 per cent. per annum.	Not in arrear.	...	Kirk Session Records.
...	5 per cent.	No arrears	Bond in hands of Kirk Session.	...
Parochial Board.	Bank interest.	No arrears.	...	Kirk Session Records.
Heritors and Kirk Session.	32 bolls of oatmeal, at fiars prices.	No arrears.	...	...
Do.	5 per cent.	Do.	In hands of Heritors and Kirk Session.	...
...	Annual rent £2.	...	...	...
Parochial Board.	£11, 15s. annually.	No arrears.	In name of Andrew Gillan, Alexander Wardrop, Joseph Hume, Rev. William Branks.	...
...	From £10 to £12 yearly.	...	None.	...
Kirk Session.	£80 per annum.	...	Disposition in favour of Heritors and Kirk Session, in possession of Session Clerk and Collector of Poor-rates.	...

No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
	ORKNEY.				
1	Kirkwall . . .	William Stewart or Baron Stewart Moncrieff's mortification.	Apr. 9, 1767.	£500, 0s. 0d.	In house property.
2	Lady . . .	Church Collections made by Kirk Session.	Jan. 19, 1860.	£42, 7s. 6d.	Lodged in Union Bank of Scotland.
3	Ronaldshay, South .	(1) Sutherland's legacy. (2) Jamison's legacy.	... ...	£200, 0s. 0d. £200, 0s. 0d.	... ...
	PEEBLES.				
1	Drumelzier . .	Bequest by Rev. Richard Brown, minister of parish.	Believed to be 1698.	£40, 0s. 0d.	Lodged in British Linen Co.'s Bank.
2	Kirkurd . . .	Accumulated Church-door Collections.	1812 to 1838.	£99, 0s. 0d.	£69 deposited in Commercial Bank, and £30 held by Messrs Gibson-Craig, Dalziel, and Brodie.
3	Peebles . . .	Miss Henrietta Erskine's bequest.	May 30, 1865.	£180, 0s. 0d.	Deposited in British Linen Company's Bank.
4	Traquair . . .	Mortification.	Nov. 4, 1853.	£234, 0s. 0d.	One share of the stock of British Linen Company's Bank, and balance on deposit-receipt in said bank.
	PERTH.				
1	Auchterarder . .	Mr Brugh's bequest, &c.	Given over to Parochial Board in 1845.	£450, 0s. 0d.	In land.
2	Blairgowrie . .	Bequest by James Anderson of Bleaton, to purchase fuel for poor whether on the roll or not.	Dec. 29, 1866, and Aug. 2, 1867.	£100, 0s. 0d.	Still in hands of trustees of Mr Anderson.
3	Culross . . .	(1.) Supposed accumulations of various donations made to the Kirk Session. (2.) Annuity by Lady Baird Preston of Valleyfield.	Not known. Do.	£460, 14s. 10d. ...	In bank and to Outh Road Trustees. Paid by executor.
4	Dunbarney . .	Lady Elizabeth Moncrieff's bequest.	1848.	£200, 0s. 0d.	In North Britis Railway Company

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
Magistrates and Town Council of Kirkwall.	4 per cent.	No arrears.	Bond and disposition in security, in custody of Town Council.	Mr Stewart's will, recorded at Edinburgh.
Parochial Board.	Usual bank interest.	The interest is accumulating.	...	...
... ...	3 per cent. 2½ per cent.	Neither vested in the Parochial Board, but interest is annually paid over to their treasurer.		
Parochial Board.	Bank interest.	No arrears.	Bank book, in custody of Inspector.	...
By authority of the Heritors.	Bank interest. 4 per cent.	No arrears.	...	Session Records.
Parochial Board.	Usual bank deposit rate.	No arrears.	Extract settlement, believed to be in hands of Messrs Tods, Murray, and Jamieson, W.S.	Believed to be registered in Books of Council and Session.
Minute of Parochial Board.	Dividend of £13, and bank interest.	No arrears.	...	...
Minute of Parochial Board.	4 per cent.	No arrears.	Bond by Auchterarder Muir Commissioners, dated 7th Jan. 1861, in hands of Messrs W. & W. L. Young.	Particular Register of Sasines at Perth, 11th January 1861.
...	No rate yet paid.	...	Deed of settlement and codicil.	Recorded in Books of Council and Session, 14th February 1868.
Parochial Board and Heritors and Kirk Session.	2 per cent.; 2¼ per cent.; 4 per cent.	No arrears.	Bond and assignation and receipts, in custody of Inspector.	...
...	£20 annuity.	...	Deed of settlement.	Books of Council and Session.
Parochial Board.	4½ per cent.	No arrears.	Debenture bond.	...

No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
5	Errol . . .	Errol mortified poor's money, an accumulation of parish dues, gifts, bequests, &c.	Chiefly in 16th and 17th centuries, but there exists no exact account to show separate items or dates.	£630, 0s. 0d.	Dundee and Perth Railway Preference Stock, 1865.
6	Foulis-Wester . .	Bequest by Mrs Moray Stirling of Abercairney, to be distributed under control of minister.	About 1854.	£500, 0s. 0d.	Debenture Stock of Caledonian Railway.
7	Inchture . . .	Commodore Douglas's mortification.	Sept. 19, 1828	£795, 1s. 0d.	3 per cent. Consols.
8	Kilmadock . .	Bequest by Miss Ferguson of Lancaster.	1863.	£500, 0s. 0d.	In stock of Royal Bank of Scotland.
9	Kinclaven . .	Innernytie mortification. *Note.*—The deed was in the hands of the late Dr Henderson.	...	...	...
10	Kinnoul . . .	(1) Miss Ross's bequest to the Minister and Kirk Session.	Date of deed, 29th Mar. 1826; recorded 18th Dec. 1827.	£90, 0s. 0d.	Debenture bonds, Scottish Central Railway.
		(2.) Miss Deseret's bequest to Treasurer of Kirk Session.	Aug. 3, 1864.	£200, 0s. 0d.	West Oxford Railway Stock.
11	Kirkmichael . .	Bruce's mortification for poor of Glenshee and Glenbeg.	1775.	2000 merks Scots, but by the addition of several bequests the sum now amounts to £210 sterling, as fixed by the Court of Session, for behoof of the poor.	Lent to William Macdonald Macdonald, Esq., of St Martins, Perth.
12	Muckhart . .	Believed to be a mortification.	Unknown.	£240, 0s. 0d.	Clyde Navigation Trust.
13	St Martins . .	Bequests made, it is supposed, by the Macdonald family, St Martins.	At various times; unknown.	£700, 0s. 0d.	On loan.
	RENFREW.				
1	Eastwood . . .	Steading of ground in Heriot Street of Pollokshaws, on which parochial offices are now erected; not known by whom bequest made.	Unknown.	...	...

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
Minutes of Kirk Session, Heritors, and Parochial Board, each of these bodies claiming equal right, or each rather claiming right to the whole.	5 per cent. divided half-yearly among the Session, Heritors, and Parochial Board, as agreed upon, in order to avoid litigation.	No arrears.	Certificate of stock, in custody of Mr Kinmont, law agent of the Parochial Board.	...
Mrs Stirling's trustees, with concurrence of minister.	4 per cent.	No arrears.	Debenture bond.	...
Heritors and Kirk Session.	3 per cent.	No arrears.	'Session Clerk has copy.'	...
Parochial Board.	...	No arrears.	...	...
...	£1, 5s. 0d.	June 1867.	...	...
[m]inister of the parish, but had not been handed over to the present incumbent.				
Kirk Session.	4 per cent.	No arrears.	Debenture bond, in custody of Minister.	Both bequests administered by Kirk Session.
Do.	5 per cent.	Do.	Scrip, in hands of Session Clerk.	
With consent of minister for time being.	4 per cent.	No arrears.	Bill, in custody of William Shaw, Esq. of Finegand, Glenshee.	In the Sheriff-Court Books, Perth.
Parochial Board.	4 per cent.	No arrears.	Bond, in hands of Inspector.	Unknown.
Kirk Session.	$4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.	No arrears.	Personal bond by William Macdonald Macdonald, Esq. of St. Martins, in hands of Session Clerk.	Books of Council and Session.
...	Valued at £20 per annum.	...	Supposed to be feudal title in favour of Minister and Kirk Session; not known who holds the titles.	...

No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
2	Houston . . .	Carrick's mortification.	Unknown.	£20, 0s. 0d.	Deposited in British Linen Co.'s Bank.
3	Lochwinnoch . .	Bequest by the late Wm. Brown, Antigua.	1840.	£3300, 0s. 0d.	In land.
	ROSS and CROMARTY.				
1	Alness . . .	Not known.	Not known.	£240, 11s. 5d.	In Commercial Bank of Scotland.
2	Avoch . . .	(1.) Accumulation of Kirk Session funds.	June 2, 1846.	£32, 15s. 8d.	Merged in the general funds of the Parochial Board.
		(2.) Smith's mortification, under administration of Kirk Session.	...	£30, 0s. 0d.	Do.
		(3.) Proportion of Sir Kenneth Mackenzie of Seatwell's mortification.	...	£1, 13s. 4d., being the last payment received from Sir J. J. R. Mackenzie of Seatwell, for year to Whitsunday 1865.	Do.
3	Dingwall . . .	Bequest by Miss Eliza Forsyth Ross.	Feb. 1, 1849.	£200, less duty.	Deposited in National Bank, Dingwall.
4	Kiltearn . . .	Sundry persons from 1772 to 1826.	Nov. 19, 1845	£334, 6s. 2d.	Deposited in National Bank of Scotland.
5	Resolis, or Kirkmichael . .	Accumulated funds of Kirk Session.	May 21, 1846	£92, 10s. 10d.	Merged in the general funds of the Parochial Board.
6	Rosemarkie . .	(1.) Accumulated funds of Kirk Session.	June 5, 1846.	£131, 4s. 2d.	Merged in the general funds of the Parochial Board.
		(2.) Interest on Miller's mortification, p. £50, under the administration of Minister and Kirk Session, and handed over to Parochial Board at different periods.	...	...	Do.
7	Tain . . .	(1.) Poor's Park, by Andrew Ross of Pitsgarty.	1709.	...	...
		(2.) Feu-duty of subjects in High Street. Hugh Rose of Calrossie, afterwards Hugh Ross of Cromarty.	Dec. 19, 1827.	...	...

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
Parochial Board.	Bank interest.	'From Jan. 9, 1863.'	Deposit receipt, in custody of Inspector.	...
Kirk Session and Heritors of the parish.	Rate charged by the Scottish Widows' Fund upon similar securities.	No arrears.	Bond and disposition in security, in hands of Mr John Reid, agent for the Parochial Board	Recorded in the Particular Register of Sasines for Renfrewshire, at Glasgow.
Parochial Board.	Bank interest.	Interest is paid when called for.	Not known.	Not known.
Parochial Board.	...	...	...	...
Do.	...	...	...	...
Do.	...	...	...	...
Parochial Board.	Bank interest.	No arrears.	Trust disposition and settlement, supposed to be in custody of the heirs of the late Sheriff Cameron of Dingwall.	Recorded in the Commissary Court Books at Tain.
Parochial Board.	Bank rate of interest.	Do.	Deposit receipt, in custody of Captain Munro of Foulis, chairman of Parochial Board.	...
Parochial Board.		...	...	...
Parochial Board.	...	...	...	...
Do.	£1, 9s. 6d, being the last payment received from the Kirk Session, on November 29, 1867, as interest from July 11, 1866, to September 11, 1867.	...	...	...
...	Rent £4 per annum.	...	Infeftment, dated 5th and recorded 8th July 1709.	Burgh Register of Sasines.
...	Feu-duty, £2.	...	Original deed in custody Inspector.	Does not appear to be recorded.

No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
	ROXBURGH.				
1	Cavers . . .	Money—the source not known.	Not known.	£300, 0s. 0d.	Lodged in bank.
2	Kirkton . . .	Bond granted by Anthony Turnbull, Esq., of Tofts.	June 29, 1786.	£45, 0s. 0d.	Deposited in Commercial Bank of Scotland.
3	Mackerston . .	(1.) Source unknown. (2.) Bequest by Mrs Jean Turnbull. (3.) Bequest by Miss Henrietta Macdougall.	... May 17, 1829. Nov. 3, 1864.	£20, 0s. 0d. £27, 0s. 0d. £179, 18s. 5d. £226, 18s. 5d.	In Bank.
4	Melrose . . .	Sibbald's bequest, made by the late William Sibbald, Esq., architect in Edinburgh.	Came into operation 11th April 1860, per minute of heritors of said date.	£360, 0s. 0d.	In the new Melrose Cemetery.
5	Oxnam . . .	(1.) Mortification by Dame Margaret Kerr, Lady Yester. (2.) House from the gifter of above.	Between years 1631 and 1645. ...	£1000 Scots. ...	On road leading from Kelso to Cornhill. ...
6	Sprouston . .	Proceeds of a bequest left to Adam Laidlaw, a pauper, by the last will of his father, Thomas Laidlaw.	June 27, 1821.	£78, 0s. 2d.	Deposited in Bank of Scotland.
	STIRLING.				
1	Airth . . .	'Sundries.'	Not known.	£360, 0s. 0d.	Lodged in bank.
2	Alva . . .	Gift, Miss Catherine Lucy Johnston.	Dec. 15, 1867.	£43, 15s. 8d.	To be divided in 3 equal instalments, lasting 3 years, amongst the poor. Balance in Union Bank of Scotland at this date, £12, 10s.
3	Bothkennar . .	Watt's legacy, a bequest by Dr Watt, who died in London, 26th Feb. 1820.	Entered in the heritors' books 1823.	£100, less legacy duty—£10.	With the Carron Co.
4	Campsie . . .	(1.) Annuity by Miss Margaret Lennox of Woodhead. (2.) James Dalzell's annuity. (3.) Miss Simson's legacy.	Oct. 18, 1812. Dec. 28, 1843. Sep. 28, 1841.	£15 sterling in perpetuity. £20 sterling in perpetuity. £35, 0s. 0d.	Personal bond by Miss Lennox, and bond of corroboration by the Hon. Mrs Hanbury Lennox of Woodhead. Personal bond by Jn. L. K. Lennox, &c. Bill granted by the Harlet & Campsie Alum Company.

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
arochial Board.	Bank interest.	No arrears.	No title deeds.	Minute Book of Parochial Board, 5th May 1865.
'arochial Board.	Current interest.	No arrears.	Deposit receipt, in hands of Inspector.	...
Kirk Session.	Bank interest.	...	Deposit receipts, in hands of Minister.	Administered by Kirk Session.
By authority of Parochial Board, with concurrence of Kirk Session.	4 per cent.	No arrears.	Minute of Parochial Board.	...
Kirk Session.	5 per cent.	No arrears.	Lost.	...
...	£2 yearly.	...	...	...
Parochial Board.	Bank interest.	No arrears.	Will and bond and assignation by the said Adam Laidlaw, in the custody of Messrs Oliver, solicitors, Hawick.	Will registered in Court Books of Roxburghshire. Assignation not registered.
Parochial Board.	Bank interest.	No arrears.	Deposit receipt. Chairman.	...
Parochial Board.	Bank interest.	No arrears.	...	...
Heritors, Ministers, and Kirk Session.	4 per cent.	Interest paid up to Dec. 31, 1867.	Extract from Dr Watt's Will.	Recorded in the Heritors' Book.
Miss Margaret Lennox.	...	No arrears.	Bonds, in custody of Inspector.	Books of Council and Session.
James Dalzell.	...	No arrears.	Do.	Do.
Moderator and Kirk Session of Campsie.	5 per cent.	No arrears.	Bill, in custody of Inspector.	Not recorded.

No.	County and Parish.	Name and Description of each Gift, Mortification, or Bequest, and by whom made.	Date of the same.	Amount of the same.	Manner in which the same is invested.
5	Gargunnock . .	(1.) By whom mortified, bequeathed, or dated, not known.	Prior to 1778.	£260, 0s. 0d.	Bond by Trustees of Roads from Stirling to Drymen Bridge.
		(2.) Donation from George Moir, Esq. of Leckie.	1777.	£105, 0s. 0d.	Do.
6	Kippen . .	In 1808 the Heritors and Kirk Session lent £450 on an heritable bond on property in Stirling. It turned out that there was a prior bond over the property, and in 1858 a compromise was made by which £300 was sacrificed.		£169, 8s. 2d.	In Bank of Scotland.
7	Muiravonside . .	Farm of Candyend.	Given over by the Kirk Session, 2d Jan. 1869.	...	...
	WIGTOWN.				
1	Kirkmaiden . .	(1.) Bond by Andrew M'Dowall, Esq. of Logan.	Nov. 19, 1792.	£200, 0s. 0d.	Bond granted by Mr M'Dowall to Minister and Kirk Session.
		(2.) William Adair's bequest.	Jan. 5, 1783.	£400, 0s. 0d.	Consols—payable by Coutts and Co., bankers, London.
2	Kirkowan . .	Mactaggart's bequest.	Not known.	Supposed to be £100.	British Consols.
3	Penninghame . .	(2.) James Ewart's bequest, made by late James Ewart, merchant, Newton-Stewart.	1859.	£1000, less legacy duty.	Bond for £900, of East India Railway Company.
		(2.) Agues Ewart's bequest, made by late Miss Agnes Ewart, Newton-Stewart.	1866.	Do.	Bond for £900, of Great Indian Peninsular Railway Company.
4	Stranraer .	Martin's annuity, by Dr Robert Martin of Jamaica.	1802.	...	In land.
5	Wigtown . . .	(1.) Sundry mortifications—seven in all.	From 1722 to 1815.	£600, 0s. 0d.	In City of Glasgow Bank.
		(2.) Bequest of dwelling-house by Janet Carson, in favour of the Minister and Elders.	Nov. 16, 1841.	...	...

Authority by which such Investment was made.	Rate of Interest obtained from said Investment.	State whether Interest is in Arrear, and if so, from what date.	Describe Title Deeds, and state in whose custody they are deposited.	State in what Register the Deed of Constitution and the last Title are recorded.
The Heritors.	4 per cent.	No arrears.	Bond, dated 28th May, 2d June, and 29th Aug. 1796; in custody of Messrs Chrystal & Macfarlane, writers, Stirling.	...
Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	...
Parochial Board.	Current bank rate.	No arrears.	Deposit-receipt in name of H. F. Campbell, Esq., Chairman of Parochial Board.	...
By authority of Kirk Session and Heritors.	Yearly rent, £28.	No arrears.	Feu charter, in custody of the Moderator of the Kirk Session.	Not known.
Mr M'Dowall.	4 per cent.	Not in arrear.	Bond, in custody of Rev. Mr Williamson.	Not known.
Mr Adair.	3 per cent.	Do.	Extract of will, in custody of above.	Do.
...	£3, 1s. 0d.	No arrears.	...	...
Parochial Board.	5 per cent.	No arrears.	Bond, deposited with National Bank of Scotland, Newton-Stewart.	Although vested in the Parochial Board for distribution, paupers are excluded.
Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	
By the testator's will and testament.	Annuity of £10 annually.	No arrears.	Disposition and deed of entail, &c., in possession of Ebenezer Stott Black, Esq., agent for the trustees.	In Register of Tailzies, 15th June 1803.
Parochial Board.	Current bank interest.	No arrears.	Not been able to find any original writings about these mortifications. Receipt, in possession of Inspector.	...
...	Rental, £1, 10s. per annum.	No arrears.	Disposition and assignation, deposited with Inspector.	Not recorded.

APPENDIX (B.) No. 10.

I. POORHOUSES IN OPERATION.

II. ABSTRACT OF POORHOUSE RETURNS.

III. POORHOUSES IN PROGRESS.

APPENDIX (B.)—No. 10.

I.—POORHOUSES in Operation in Scotland either for Single Parishes or for Combinations of Parishes, with the Population in 1861. II.—ABSTRACT of Poorhouse Returns for 1868–69, showing the Accommodation, Average Weekly Cost per head of Inmates, etc. etc. Also, III.—POORHOUSES in Progress.

I. POORHOUSES IN OPERATION at 4th August 1869.

No.	Poorhouses.		Population in 1861.
1	Abbey, Paisley, - -		29,687
2	Aberdeen, - - -		41,962
3	Arbroath Combination—		20,384
	1 Arbroath,	9,847	
	2 St Vigeans	10,537	
4	Atholl and Breadalbane Com.—		20,367
	1 Blair-Athol,	1,659	
	2 Caputh,	2,373	
	3 Dowally,	486	
	4 Dull,	2,945	
	5 Fortingall,	2,181	
	6 Kenmore,	1,984	
	7 Killin,	1,520	
	8 Little Dunkeld,	2,104	
	9 Logierait,	2,592	
	10 Moulin,	1,831	
	11 Weem,	692	
5	Barony, - - -		177,527
6	Black Isle Combination—		14,327
	1 Avoch,	1,787	
	2 Cromarty,	2,300	
	3 Killearnan,	1,494	
	4 Knockbain,	2,485	
	5 Resolis,	1,568	
	6 Rosemarkie,	1,545	
	7 Urquhart,	3,147	
7	Buchan Combination to consist of—		49,855
	1 Cruden,	2,743	
	2 Deer, New,	4,385	
	3 Deer, Old,	5,174	
	4 Ellon,	3,913	
	5 Fraserburgh,	4,511	
	6 Fyvie,	4,344	
	7 Logie-Buchan,	762	
	8 Longside,	3,008	
	9 Lonmay,	2,142	
	10 Methlic,	2,157	
	11 Monquhitter,	2,580	
	12 Pitsligo,	1,890	
	13 Rathen,	2,554	
	14 Strichen,	2,472	
	15 Tarves,	2,509	
	16 Tyrie,	3,043	
	17 Udny,	1,668	
8	Cambusnethan Combination—		45,285
	1 Bothwell,	17,903	
	2 Cambusnethan,	14,601	
	3 Dalziel,	5,438	
	4 Shotts,	7,343	
9	Campbeltown, - -		8,149
10	Canongate, - - -		11,653
11	Cunninghame Combination—		59,221
	1 Beith,	5,775	
	2 Dalry,	11,156	
	3 Dreghorn,	3,283	
	4 Dundonald,	7,606	
	5 Irvine,	5,695	
	6 Kilbirnie,	5,265	
	7 Kilbride, West,	1,968	
	8 Kilwinning,	7,717	
	9 Stevenston,	5,452	
	10 Stewarton,	4,449	
	11 Symington,	855	
12	Dalkeith Combination—		29,449
	1 Borthwick,	1,742	
	2 Cockpen,	2,902	
	3 Cranston,	1,035	
	4 Crichton,	1,304	
	5 Dalkeith,	7,114	
	6 Fala,	382	
	7 Lasswade,	5,688	
	8 Liberton,	3,507	
	9 Newbattle,	2,837	
	10 Newton,	1,553	
	11 Temple,	1,385	
13	Dumbarton Combination—		42,563
	1 Bonhill,	8,866	
	2 Buchanan,	705	
	3 Cardross,	6,325	
	4 Dumbarton,	6,304	
	5 Kilmaronock,	1,085	
	6 Kilpatrick, New,	4,910	
	7 Kilpatrick, Old,	5,577	
	8 Luss,	831	
	9 Roseneath,	1,626	
	10 Row,	6,334	
14	Dumfries, - - -		13,523
15	Dundee, - - -		68,986

No.	Poorhouses.		Population in 1861.
16	Dunfermline, - - -		21,187
17	Dysart Combination—		24,552
	1 Dysart,	8,842	
	2 Leslie,	4,332	
	3 Markinch,	5,375	
	4 Wemyss,	6,003	
18	East Lothian Combination, to consist of—		17,222
	1 Cockburnspath,	1,194	
	2 Dirleton,	1,540	
	3 Dunbar,	4,944	
	4 Garvald,	891	
	5 Innerwick,	937	
	6 North Berwick,	2,071	
	7 Oldhamstocks,	615	
	8 Prestonkirk,	1,960	
	9 Spott,	955	
	10 Stenton,	692	
	11 Whitekirk,	1,113	
	12 Whittingham,	710	
19	Easter Ross Combination—		22,336
	1 Edderton,	836	
	2 Fearn,	2,083	
	3 Kilmuir-Easter,	1,295	
	4 Kincardine,	1,746	
	5 Lochbroom,	4,862	
	6 Logie-Easter,	932	
	7 Nigg,	1,253	
	8 Rosskeen,	3,766	
	9 Tain,	3,294	
	10 Tarbat,	2,269	
20	Edinburgh, - - -		66,429
21	Falkirk, - - -		17,026
22	Forfar, - - -		10,838
23	Galashiels Combination—		17,336
	1 Bowden,	864	
	2 Galashiels,	3,379	
	3 Melrose,	7,711	
	4 Selkirk,	4,739	
	5 Yarrow,	643	
24	Glasgow, - - -		157,909
25	Govan, - - -		100,716
26	Greenock, - - -		43,894
27	Hamilton Combination—		41,056
	1 Avondale,	6,125	
	2 Blantyre,	3,092	
	3 Cambuslang,	3,647	
	4 Dalserf,	4,876	
	5 Glassford,	1,938	
	6 Hamilton,	14,047	
	7 Kilbride, East,	4,064	
	8 Stonehouse,	3,267	
28	Hawick Combination—		24,628
	1 Ashkirk,	578	
	2 Canonbie,	3,219	
	3 Cavers,	1,824	
	4 Ewes,	356	
	5 Hawick,	8,726	
	6 Hobkirk,	771	
	7 Kirkton,	421	
	8 Kirkhope,	555	
	9 Langholm,	2,979	
	10 Lilliesleaf,	772	
	11 Minto,	430	
	12 Roberton,	640	
	13 Wilton,	3,357	
29	Inveresk Combination—		22,008
	1 Gladsmuir,	1,945	
	2 Humbie,	997	
	3 Inveresk,	9,525	
	4 Ormiston,	915	
	5 Pencaitland,	1,187	
	6 Prestonpans,	2,080	
	7 Salton,	712	
	8 Tranent,	4,647	
30	Inverness, - - -		16,162
31	Islay Combination - -		10,361
32	Jedburgh Combination—		12,743
	1 Ancrum,	1,511	
	2 Bedrule,	222	
	3 Castleton,	3,688	
	4 Crailing,	673	
	5 Jedburgh,	5,263	
	6 Oxnam,	627	
	7 Southdean,	759	
33	Kelso Combination—		18,423
	1 Earlston,	1,825	
	2 Eccles,	1,861	
	3 Eckford,	957	
	4 Ednam,	599	
	5 Gordon,	931	
	6 Hownam,	289	
	7 Kelso,	5,192	
	8 Linton,	608	
	9 Morebattle,	1,031	
	10 Nenthorn,	461	
	11 Roxburgh,	1,178	
	12 Smailholm,	554	
	13 Sprouston,	1,305	
	14 Stitchel,	425	
	15 Yetholm,	1,207	

No.	Poorhouses.		Population in 1861.
34	Kincardineshire Combination—		26,277
	1 Arbuthnot,	932	
	2 Banchory Devenick,	2,919	
	3 Banchory Ternan,	2,947	
	4 Bervie,	1,561	
	5 Dunottar,	1,828	
	6 Durris,	1,109	
	7 Fettercairn,	1,700	
	8 Fetteresso,	5,527	
	9 Fordoun,	2,297	
	10 Glenbervie,	1,219	
	11 Kinneff,	1,054	
	12 Laurencekirk,	2,110	
	13 Maryculter,	1,005	
	14 Marykirk,	2,068	
	15 Strachan,	870	
35	Kirkcaldy Combination—		17,944
	1 Abbotshall,	5,193	
	2 Burntisland,	3,670	
	3 Kinghorn,	2,981	
	4 Kirkcaldy,	6,100	
36	Kirkcudbright Combination—		36,249
	1 Anwoth,	899	
	2 Balmaclellan,	1,086	
	3 Balmaghie,	1,225	
	4 Borgue,	1,162	
	5 Buittle,	1,165	
	6 Carsphairn,	553	
	7 Colvend,	1,366	
	8 Crossmichael,	1,536	
	9 Dalry,	1,149	
	10 Girthon,	1,702	
	11 Kells,	1,170	
	12 Kelton,	3,436	
	13 Kirkbean,	942	
	14 Kirkcudbright,	3,407	
	15 Kirkmabreck,	1,851	
	16 Newabbey,	1,063	
	17 Parton,	764	
	18 Rerrick,	1,738	
	19 Tongland,	892	
	20 Troqueer,	4,743	
	21 Twynholm,	815	
	22 Urr,	3,585	
37	Kirkpatrick-Fleming Combin.—		8,771
	1 Dornock,	856	
	2 Gretna,	1,620	
	3 Half-Morton,	713	
	4 Hoddam,	1,653	
	5 Kirkpat.-Fleming,	1,925	
	6 Middlebie,	2,004	
38	Kyle Combination—		50,768
	1 Auchinleck,	4,213	
	2 Ayr,	9,308	
	3 Coylton,	1,604	
	4 Cumnock, New,	2,891	
	5 Cumnock, Old,	3,721	
	6 Dalmellington,	4,194	
	7 Dalrymple,	1,325	
	8 Mauchline,	2,303	
	9 Muirkirk,	3,270	
	10 Newton-upon-Ayr,	5,124	
	11 Ochiltree,	1,676	
	12 St Quivox,	7,097	
	13 Sorn,	4,042	
39	Latheron Combination—		21,412
	1 Latheron,	8,571	
	2 Wick,	12,841	
40	Leith, North, - - -		10,903
41	Leith, South, - - -		26,170
42	Liff and Benvie, - -		24,108
43	Linlithgow Combination—		34,490
	1 Abercorn,	965	
	2 Bathgate,	10,134	
	3 Bo'ness,	5,698	
	4 Carriden,	1,821	
	5 Kirkliston,	1,917	
	6 Linlithgow,	5,784	
	7 Muiravonside,	2,660	
	8 Whitburn,	5,511	
44	Lochgilphead Combination—		11,580
	1 Glassary,	4,473	
	2 Kilcalmonell and Kilberry,	2,312	
	3 Kilmartin,	949	
	4 Knapdale, North,	1,327	
	5 Knapdale, South,	2,519	
45	Lorn Combination—		13,248
	1 Ardchattan and Muckairn,	2,110	
	2 Glenorchy and Inishail,	1,307	
	3 Kilbrandon,	1,859	
	4 Kilchrenan and Dalavich,	615	
	5 Kilmore and Kilbride,	2,962	
	6 Kilninver and Kilmelfort,	800	
	7 Lismore and Appin,	3,595	
46	Machar, Old, - - -		33,236
47	Maybole Combination—		11,596
	1 Kirkmichael,	2,823	
	2 Kirkoswald,	2,060	
	3 Maybole,	6,713	
48	Monkland, New, - -		20,554

No.	Poorhouses.		Population in 1861.
49	Monkland, Old, - -		29,543
50	Morayshire Combination—		
	1 Alves,	1,010	
	2 Bellie,	2,292	
	3 Dallas,	1,102	
	4 Drainy,	3,028	
	5 Duffus,	3,308	
	6 Elgin,	8,726	
	7 Knockando,	1,736	30,887
	8 New Spynie,	1,600	
	9 Rafford,	1,055	
	10 Rothes,	2,407	
	11 St Andrews Lhanbride,	1,402	
	12 Speymouth,	689	
	13 Urquhart,	2,532	
51	Mull Combination—		
	1 Ardnamurchan,	4,700	
	2 Coll,	784	
	3 Kilfinichen,	2,518	
	4 Kilninian and Kilmore,	3,433	17,255
	5 Morven,	1,226	
	6 Torosay,	1,380	
	7 Tyree,	3,214	
52	Nairn Combination—		
	1 Ardclach,	1,330	
	2 Ardersier,	1,239	
	3 Auldearn,	1,328	
	4 Cawdor,	1,203	
	5 Croy,	1,873	14,433
	6 Edinkillie,	1,303	
	7 Nairn,	4,486	
	8 Petty,	1,671	
53	Paisley, - - -		31,538
54	Peebles Combination—		
	1 Biggar,	1,199	
	2 Drumelzier,	209	
	3 Eddlestone,	753	
	4 Kirkurd,	362	
	5 Linton, West,	1,534	
	6 Lyne and Meggat,	134	
	7 Manor,	247	13,315
	8 Newlands,	987	
	9 Peebles,	2,850	
	10 Penicuik,	3,249	
	11 Skirling,	317	
	12 Stobo,	478	
	13 Tweedsmuir,	196	
55	Perth, - - -		23,511
56	St Cuthberts, - - -		91,325
57	Skye Combination—		
	1 Bracadale,	1,335	
	2 Duirnish,	4,775	
	3 Kilmuir,	2,846	
	4 Portree,	3,159	19,748
	5 Sleat,	2,330	
	6 Snizort,	2,639	
	7 Strath,	2,664	
58	Stirling Combin. to consist of—		
	1 Kilsyth,	6,112	
	2 St Ninians,	11,714	26,772
	3 Stirling,	8,946	
59	Sutherland Combination—		
	1 Assynt,	3,178	
	2 Clyne,	1,886	
	3 Criech,	2,521	
	4 Dornoch,	2,885	
	5 Duirness,	1,109	
	6 Edrachillis,	1,641	
	7 Farr,	2,103	24,157
	8 Golspie,	1,615	
	9 Kildonan,	2,132	
	10 Lairg,	961	
	11 Loth,	610	
	12 Rogart,	1,439	
	13 Tongue,	2,077	
60	Thurso Combination—		
	1 Bower,	1,746	
	2 Canisbay,	2,730	
	3 Dunnet,	1,861	
	4 Halkirk,	2,864	20,788
	5 Olrig,	2,059	
	6 Reay,	2,476	
	7 Thurso,	5,561	
	8 Watten,	1,491	
61	Upper Nithsdale Combination—		
	1 Closeburn,	1,651	
	2 Dunscore,	1,554	
	3 Durrisdeer,	1,320	
	4 Glencairn,	1,867	
	5 Keir,	849	15,385
	6 Kirkconnell,	996	
	7 Morton,	2,253	
	8 Penpont,	1,326	
	9 Sanquhar,	3,569	
62	Upper Strathearn Combin.—		
	1 Auchterarder,	4,208	
	2 Blackford,	2,084	
	3 Crieff,	4,490	
	4 Dunning,	2,084	
	5 Forgandenny,	739	
	6 Forteviot,	595	19,403
	7 Fowlis-Wester,	1,433	
	8 Gask,	399	
	9 Madderty,	536	
	10 Methven,	2,347	
	11 Trinity-Gask,	488	

No.	Poorhouses.	Population in 1861.	No.	Poorhouses.	Population in 1861.
63	Wigtownshire Combination—			11 Luce, Old, 2,800	46,206
	1 Ballantrae, 1,483			12 Mochrum, 2,694	
	2 Colmonell, 2,588			13 Penninghame, 4,061	
	3 Glasserton, 1,472			14 Portpatrick, 2,189	
	4 Inch, 3,469			15 Sorbie, 1,814	
	5 Kirkcolm, 1,860			16 Stoneykirk, 3,228	
	6 Kirkinner, 1,716			17 Stranraer, 4,022	
	7 Kirkmaiden, 2,333			18 Whithorn, 2,934	
	8 Kirkowan, 1,434			19 Wigtown, 2,637	
	9 Leswalt, 2,701				
	10 Luce, New, 731			Total, - -	2,049,336

II.—ABSTRACT OF POORHOUSE RETURNS,

No.	Poorhouses.	No. of Inmates.					Sick.				
		Accommodation sanctioned by Board of Supervision.	No. of Poor receiving In-door Relief during Half-year to 31st December 1868.	Died or Discharged during Half-year.	No. of Inmates at 1st January 1869.	Vacant Accommodation at 1st Jan. 1869.	Inmates on Sick List during Half-year.	Of whom Cured.	Died.	Discharged.	Remaining at 1st January 1869.
1	Abbey - - - -	635	438	241	197	438	93	46	18	...	29
2	Aberdeen - - -	374	708	384	324	50	395	334	31	4	26
3	Arbroath and St Vigeans -	128	150	50	100	28	83	42	14	5	22
4	Atholl and Breadalbane -	60	46	8	38	22	3	...	2	...	1
5	Barony - - -	1300	2311	1266	1045	255	1963	1598	141	57	167
6	Black Isle - - -	100	34	3	31	69	14	4	1	...	9
7	Cambusnethan - -	120	153	104	49	71	39	11	10	9	9
8	Campbeltown - - -	84	90	33	57	27	30	10	5	...	15
9	Canongate - - -	160	172	87	85	75	49	19	9	5	16
10	Cunninghame - - -	300	544	268	276	24	135	70	19	...	46
11	Dalkeith - - -	121	135	49	86	35	45	33	8	...	4
12	Dumbarton - - -	160	181	97	84	76	36	16	7	...	13
13	Dumfries - - -	127	120	49	71	56	22	11	4	3	4
14	Dundee - - -	424	872	488	384	40	395	122	53	72	148
15	Dunfermline - - -	187	258	82	176	11	55	37	8	...	10
16	Dysart - - - -	130	161	54	107	23	33	13	6	1	13
17	East Lothian - - -	88	59	27	32	56	27	15	3	1	8
18	Easter Ross - - -	176	94	14	80	96	21	13	3	...	5
19	Edinburgh - - -	746	2331	1660	671	75	309	94	71	97	47
20	Falkirk - - -	224	250	123	127	97	94	37	26	10	21
21	Forfar - - - -	85	125	61	64	21	16	8	7	...	1
22	Galashiels - - -	65	40	18	22	43	8	2	4	...	2
23	Glasgow - - -	1587	4396	2963	1433	154	2228	818	302	672	436
24	Govan - - - -	660	1093	619	474	186	562	376	50	75	61
25	Greenock - - -	290	383	227	156	134	163	90	20	9	44
26	Hamilton - - -	170	160	87	73	97	93	55	9	8	21
27	Hawick - - -	133	133	69	64	69	38	10	6	10	12
28	Inveresk - - -	136	81	24	57	79	33	20	9	2	2
29	Inverness - - -	170	151	39	112	58	29	10	10	2	7
30	Islay - - - -	48	39	26	13	35	4	2	...	2	...
31	Jedburgh - - -	72	77	41	36	36	20	6	6	1	7
32	Kelso - - - -	70	42	12	30	40	22	11	5	...	6
33	Kincardineshire - -	119	64	27	37	82	23	13	3	4	3
34	Kirkcaldy - - -	121	161	46	115	6	59	35	6	5	13
35	Kirkcudbright - - -	250	47	12	35	215	13	3	3	...	7
36	Kirkpatrick-Fleming - -	120	53	11	42	78	12	6	4	...	2
37	Kyle - - - -	168	173	65	108	60	37	3	20	...	14

Half-year ended 31st December 1868.

Lunatic Inmates during Half-year.	Lunatics. Of whom Cured.	Died.	Discharged.	Remaining at 1st January 1869.	Children. No. of Inmates at School, 1st Jan. 1869.	Of whom In Poorhouse.	Out of Poorhouse.	Average Weekly cost per head of Inmates for Food, Fuel, Clothing, Light, and all other Necessaries of Maintenance.	Average Weekly Expenditure per head of Inmates for whom there is accommodation in the Poorhouse. Salaries of Officials, Feu Duties, Insurance, Repairs, etc.	Estimated Rent of Poorhouse.	Medical Attendance, Medicine, and Medical and Surgical Appliances.	No.
								s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	
98	13	5	2	78	7	...	7	3 7¼	0 6¼	0 10	0 1¾	1
50	...	...	1	49	37	37	...	2 4	0 8¾	0 8½	0 0¾	2
...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7	2 4½	1 11	1 2	0 1	3
...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	3 6	1 0	0 11¼	0 3	4
191	18	9	5	159	190	190	...	2 11	0 8¾	0 8	0 2	5
...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	2 11¼	0 9¾	0 7¼	0 1¼	6
...	...	...	...	...	11	...	11	2 3	0 9	0 9	0 1½	7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 4½	0 9¼	0 8	0 1¼	8
1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	2 7	0 7½	0 5	0 2¼	9
36	...	2	...	34	73	...	73	3 3	0 9½	0 6	0 2	10
...	...	...	...	...	22	6	16	2 11	0 7	0 6¼	0 1¼	11
33	1	1	...	31	...	...	...	4 11	0 8¼	...	0 1¼	12
...	...	...	...	...	17	...	17	2 10	0 4	0 5½	0 1	13
69	...	6	...	63	...	...	...	3 2	0 7	0 8½	0 4¼	14
4	...	...	1	3	43	...	43	2 7	0 6	0 5½	0 2	15
...	...	...	...	...	31	31	...	3 0½	0 7½	0 7½	0 3½	16
...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	3 8	1 4¼	1 8¾	0 1¾	17
2	...	...	...	2	12	...	12	2 8½	0 5	0 2½	0 1½	18
89	1	6	3	79	54	54	...	2 9¾	0 7¾	0 4¼	0 1	19
28	2	3	1	22	27	27	...	3 2¼	0 6	0 4	0 1	20
...	...	...	...	...	9	...	9	3 6¼	0 8	0 8	0 1¾	21
...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	3 7	1 2	0 10¾	0 2½	22
164	10	3	6	145	144	144	...	3 0	0 8½	0 9¼	0 2½	23
84	...	8	3	73	95	95	...	2 10½	0 7	0 2½	0 1	24
73	5	3	1	64	13	...	13	2 8¾	0 8¾	0 8	0 1¼	25
24	...	...	...	24	15	...	15	2 5½	0 10½	0 8¾	0 4¼	26
...	...	...	...	...	20	...	20	1 11½	0 8½	0 7½	0 1¼	27
...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7	3 1¾	1 1¾	1 5	0 1¾	28
3	...	1	...	2	24	...	24	3 4¾	0 6½	0 5¼	0 2	29
...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	3 6	1 3	2 4	0 3	30
...	...	...	...	...	16	...	16	2 7½	1 0¼	0 6½	0 2¼	31
...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	3 11	0 8	0 5½	0 1	32
22	...	2	...	20	5	2	3	4 5¼	0 10	0 8	0 3	33
...	...	...	...	...	32	32	...	3 2¾	1 1½	0 9¾	0 1½	34
...	...	...	...	...	14	...	14	3 7½	0 3½	0 4¼	0 0½	35
...	...	...	...	...	10	...	10	3 1½	0 5	0 2¼	0 1¼	36
...	...	...	...	...	17	...	17	3 8	0 9¼	0 8¼	0 1	37

II.—ABSTRACT OF POORHOUSE RETURNS,

No.	Poorhouses.	No. of Inmates.					Sick.				
								Of whom			
		Accommodation sanctioned by Board of Supervision.	No. of Poor receiving In-door Relief during Half-year to 31st December 1868.	Died or Discharged during Half-year.	No. of Inmates at 1st January 1869.	Vacant Accommodation at 1st Jan. 1869.	Inmates on Sick List during Half-year.	Cured.	Died.	Discharged.	Remaining at 1st January 1869.
38	Latheron - - -	50	21	5	16	34	...	...	...	...	...
39	Leith, North - - -	120	139	52	87	33	41	19	10	...	12
40	Leith, South - - -	318	355	96	259	59	92	51	21	...	20
41	Liff and Benvie - -	155	270	161	109	46	185	128	14	19	24
42	Linlithgow - - -	230	202	73	129	101	39	16	8	2	13
43	Lochgilphead - - -	72	70	22	48	24	18	8	1	4	5
44	Lorn - - - -	236	84	25	59	177	40	17	3	3	17
45	Machar, Old - - -	174	266	92	174	...	149	111	24	...	14
46	Maybole - - -	48	46	19	27	21	13	4	1	...	8
47	Monkland, New - -	155	287	128	159	...	208	128	18	4	58
48	Monkland, Old - -	118	160	72	88	30	19	4	7	...	8
49	Morayshire - - -	80	101	44	57	23	35	12	5	7	11
50	Mull - - - -	125	47	14	33	92	8	1	...	...	7
51	Nairn - - - -	75	49	17	32	43	9	1	3	...	5
52	Paisley - - -	396	523	214	309	87	127	32	30	...	65
53	Peebles - - -	90	59	26	33	57	17	9	2	...	6
54	Perth - - - -	210	258	121	137	73	48	4	17	4	23
55	Skye - - - -	75	42	17	25	50	5	1	1	...	3
56	St Cuthberts - - -	538	1,206	757	449	89	468	201	50	93	124
57	Stirling - - -	200	205	79	126	74	85	26	10	...	49
58	Sutherland - - -	50	10	5	5	45	4	4	...	...	...
59	Thurso - - -	149	18	2	16	133	4	1	2	...	1
60	Upper Nithsdale - -	126	57	16	41	85	7	7	...	...	...
61	Upper Strathearn - -	50	44	10	34	16	12	2	6	...	4
62	Wigtownshire - - -	352	139	56	83	269	23	1	9	...	13
	Total for the Half-year ended 31st December 1868 -	14,100	20,983	11557	9426	4678	8857	4781	1145	1190	1741

Half-year ended 31st December 1868—*Continued.*

Lunatic Inmates during Half-year.	Lunatics. Of whom Cured.	Died.	Discharged.	Remaining at 1st January 1869.	Children. No. of Inmates at School, 1st Jan. 1869.	Of whom In Poorhouse.	Out of Poorhouse.	Average Weekly cost per head of Inmates for Food, Fuel, Clothing, Light, and all other Necessaries of Maintenance.	Average Weekly Expenditure per head of Inmates for whom there is accommodation in the Poorhouse. Salaries of Officials, Feu Duties, Insurance, Repairs, etc.	Estimated Rent of Poorhouse.	Medical Attendance, Medicine, and Medical and Surgical Appliances.	No.
								s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	
...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	4 5	0 9½	0 11	0 3½	38
1	...	...	...	1	19	...	19	3 2½	1 1	0 11	0 1	39
21	...	1	2	18	31	31	...	2 11¾	0 5¼	0 6	0 1½	40
29	2	...	2	25	28	28	...	3 1	0 9¾	0 6	0 2½	41
28	...	1	...	27	42	42	...	2 5¼	1 0¾	0 6	0 2¼	42
...	...	...	...	...	9	...	9	3 2½	2 3¾	1 8¼	0 4¼	43
...	...	...	...	...	11	11	...	2 10	1 0	0 9	0 1½	44
25	...	1	4	20	...	...	...	3 1	0 5	0 3½	0 0½	45
...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	3 6¼	0 11¾	0 3¾	0 1¾	46
...	...	...	...	...	29	...	29	2 6½	0 8	0 4	0 1½	47
...	...	...	...	...	18	...	18	3 3¼	1 1½	0 7¾	0 0¾	48
...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7	3 4¼	0 7	0 7¼	0 1¼	49
...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	3 0¾	0 8	0 5½	0 0¾	50
...	...	...	...	...	11	...	11	4 0½	1 1¾	0 7¾	0 1½	51
95	36	3	9	47	...	...	...	3 8¼	1 0¾	1 0	0 1¼	52
...	...	...	...	...	8	...	8	4 1½	0 8¾	0 7½	0 1½	53
36	...	1	1	34	17	...	17	2 6	0 8	1 0	0 2	54
...	...	...	...	...	9	...	9	2 3½	0 6¾	0 4	0 0¾	55
38	8	...	30	...	44	44	...	2 7½	0 4¾	0 3¼	0 1	56
13	...	...	1	12	44	44	...	3 4½	0 6¼	0 7	0 0¾	57
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 11½	2 7	0 10½	0 2½	58
...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	3 4¾	0 10	0 0¼	0 1	59
...	...	...	...	...	19	...	19	3 5½	0 6¾	0 6	0 2¼	60
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	3 4	1 8	1 7¾	0 2½	61
3	...	...	...	3	28	...	28	2 9	0 2	0 0	0 1	62
1260	96	56	73	1035	1373	818	555	3 2½	0 9¾	0 7¾	0 1½	

II.—ABSTRACT OF POORHOUSE RETURNS,

No.	Poorhouses.	No. of Inmates.					Sick.				
								Of whom			
		Accommodation sanctioned by Board of Supervision.	Receiving Relief during Half-year to 30th June 1869.	Died or Discharged.	No. of Inmates at 1st July 1869.	Vacant Accommodation at 1st July 1869.	Inmates on Sick List during Half-year.	Cured.	Died.	Discharged.	Remaining at 1st July 1869.
1	Abbey	641	400	206	194	447	113	55	27	...	31
2	Aberdeen	469	678	396	282	187	335	173	33	99	30
3	Arbroath and St Vigeans	128	151	57	94	34	72	37	7	5	23
4	Atholl and Breadalbane	60	54	18	36	24	13	4	5	2	2
5	Barony	1300	2424	1511	913	387	1872	1439	185	63	185
6	Black Isle	100	39	9	30	70	14	3	2	...	9
7	Buchan	180	59	23	36	144	29	19	2	1	7
8	Cambusnethan	120	218	158	60	60	48	20	13	8	7
9	Campbeltown	84	96	38	58	26	34	15	2	1	16
10	Canongate	160	191	121	70	90	45	12	12	3	18
11	Cunninghame	300	590	369	221	79	134	68	24	...	42
12	Dalkeith	121	172	115	57	64	53	36	11	...	6
13	Dumbarton	160	160	108	52	108	47	24	7	1	15
14	Dumfries	127	117	80	37	90	24	18	3	...	3
15	Dundee	424	833	498	335	89	391	129	70	65	127
16	Dunfermline	187	281	119	162	25	69	49	12	...	8
17	Dysart	130	144	46	98	32	38	12	9	1	16
18	East Lothian	88	44	16	28	60	30	22	2	3	3
19	Easter Ross	176	109	45	64	112	27	21	1	...	5
20	Edinburgh	746	2388	1775	613	133	277	72	78	81	46
21	Falkirk	224	313	197	116	108	126	89	13	13	11
22	Forfar	85	143	84	59	26	15	1	13	...	1
23	Galashiels	65	50	24	26	39	22	14	2	3	3
24	Glasgow	1587	4431	3247	1184	403	2326	711	381	853	381
25	Govan	660	1160	690	470	190	593	404	84	46	59
26	Greenock	290	420	299	121	169	165	70	27	33	35
27	Hamilton	170	168	105	63	107	97	51	9	16	21
28	Hawick	133	130	61	69	64	42	13	8	8	13
29	Inveresk	136	101	58	43	93	32	25	4	2	1
30	Inverness	170	179	96	83	87	33	17	11	1	4
31	Islay	48	26	14	12	36	6	5	...	...	1
32	Jedburgh	72	61	35	26	46	6	...	2	...	4
33	Kelso	70	45	13	32	38	13	9	1	...	3
34	Kincardineshire	119	71	28	43	76	17	8	5	1	3
35	Kirkcaldy	121	171	70	101	20	51	26	9	5	11

Half-year ended 30th June 1869.

Lunatic Inmates during Half-year.	Lunatics. Of whom Cured.	Died.	Discharged.	Remaining at 1st July 1869.	Children. No. of Inmates at School, 1st July 1869.	Of whom In Poorhouse.	Out of Poorhouse.	Average Weekly cost per head of Inmates for Food, Fuel, Clothing, Light, and all other Necessaries of Maintenance.	Average Weekly Expenditure per head of Inmates for whom there is accommodation in the Poorhouse. Salaries of Officials, Feu Duties, Insurance, Repairs, etc.	Estimated Rent of Poorhouse.	Medical Attendance, Medicine, and Medical and Surgical Appliances.	No.
								s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	
98	9	...	5	84	14	...	14	3 5¾	0 6	0 10	0 1¾	1
60	...	2	1	57	38	38	...	2 4	0 11¼	0 5½	0 1	2
...	...	...	...	...	9	...	9	2 5½	0 6	0 2	0 1	3
...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	3 2½	0 8½	0 8	0 5	4
192	16	6	12	158	121	121	...	2 9¾	0 9½	0 8	0 2	5
...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	3 0	0 7¾	0 7¼	0 1½	6
11	...	...	1	10	2	...	2	4 4	0 6	0 5½	0 1	7
...	...	...	...	...	10	...	10	2 2½	0 9	0 9	0 1½	8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 2¾	0 7½	0 8	0 1¼	9
1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	2 6	0 6	0 5	0 2	10
36	...	1	1	34	61	61	...	3 0	0 8½	0 6	0 1½	11
...	...	...	...	...	12	7	5	2 11	0 7	0 6¼	0 1¼	12
35	1	...	2	32	4	...	4	2 8½	0 9¾	0 6	0 1½	13
...	...	...	...	...	11	...	11	2 9	0 6	0 5½	0 1	14
63	...	...	...	63	17	17	...	2 11½	0 7	0 8½	0 4½	15
3	...	...	...	3	40	...	40	2 8¼	0 6½	0 5½	0 2	16
...	...	...	...	...	27	27	...	2 9¾	0 7¾	0 7¾	0 2¼	17
...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	3 5½	1 7½	1 8¾	0 3	18
2	...	...	...	2	11	...	11	2 6	0 7	0 2½	0 1½	19
85	...	2	2	81	53	53	...	2 9½	0 8	0 4	0 0¾	20
25	6	...	19	...	32	32	...	2 9	0 6	0 4	0 1	21
...	...	...	...	...	11	...	11	3 3¼	0 8	0 8	0 2¼	22
...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	3 2¾	1 2½	0 10½	0 2½	23
178	10	4	5	159	120	120	...	2 9	0 8½	0 9¼	0 2½	24
87	...	2	2	83	115	115	...	1 11	0 5	0 2½	0 1¼	25
75	1	4	2	68	11	11	...	2 4	0 8	0 8	0 1¼	26
30	...	...	...	30	16	...	16	2 11	1 9	0 8¾	0 3¼	27
...	...	...	...	...	15	...	15	2 11	0 7¾	0 7½	0 1¼	28
...	...	...	...	...	8	...	8	3 0¾	1 1½	1 5	0 1¼	29
2	...	...	...	2	9	...	9	3 4½	0 6¼	0 8	0 2½	30
...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	3 7½	0 9	2 3½	0 3¼	31
...	...	...	...	...	9	...	9	2 1¾	1 2¼	0 6½	0 2½	32
...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	4 2	0 9¼	0 5¼	0 1	33
21	...	2	...	19	2	...	2	3 9½	0 6	0 8	0 2	34
...	...	...	...	...	29	29	...	3 1¾	1 1½	0 9¼	0 1¼	35

II.—ABSTRACT OF POORHOUSE RETURNS,

No.	Poorhouses.	No. of Inmates.					Inmates on Sick List during Half-year.	Sick. Of whom			
		Accommodation sanctioned by Board of Supervision.	Receiving Relief during Half-year to 30th June 1869.	Died or Discharged.	No. of Inmates at 1st July 1869.	Vacant Accommodation at 1st July 1869.		Cured.	Died.	Discharged.	Remaining at 1st July 1869.
36	Kirkcudbright - - -	250	61	35	26	224	19	11	4	...	4
37	Kirkpatrick-Fleming - -	120	50	13	37	83	12	7	4	...	1
38	Kyle - - - -	168	181	72	109	59	36	13	10	1	12
39	Latheron - - -	50	22	9	13	37	...	...	...	...	...
40	Leith, North - - -	120	137	60	77	43	46	22	10	...	14
41	Leith, South - - -	318	343	98	245	73	81	49	15	...	17
42	Liff and Benvie - -	182	254	170	84	98	230	163	12	20	35
43	Linlithgow - - -	230	220	92	128	102	41	15	10	...	16
44	Lochgilphead - - -	72	84	38	46	26	16	2	3	3	8
45	Lorn - - - -	236	96	43	53	183	36	19	2	3	12
46	Machar, Old - - -	230	282	106	176	54	162	126	25	...	11
47	Maybole - - -	48	40	22	18	30	12	1	6	4	1
48	Monkland, New - -	155	271	150	121	34	171	118	10	...	43
49	Monkland, Old - -	118	137	56	81	37	13	1	4	...	8
50	Morayshire - - -	80	92	41	51	29	31	8	7	2	14
51	Mull - - - -	125	44	8	36	89	20	12	1	...	7
52	Nairn - - - -	75	61	36	25	50	30	11	14	...	5
53	Paisley - - -	355	560	284	276	79	114	22	37	...	55
54	Peebles - - -	90	57	29	28	62	15	1	3	8	3
55	Perth - - - -	210	256	115	141	69	48	7	10	7	24
56	Skye - - - -	75	52	18	34	41	7	4	2	...	1
57	St Cuthberts* - - -	538	1224	805	419	119	429	144	44	141	100
58	Stirling - - -	200	192	82	110	90	93	41	12	...	40
59	Sutherland - - -	50	15	4	11	39	6	5	1	...	...
60	Thurso - - -	149	22	8	14	135	9	6	1	...	2
61	Upper Nithsdale - -	126	53	17	36	90	11	9	1	...	1
62	Upper Strathearn - -	50	49	19	30	20	13	4	6	...	3
63	Wigtownshire - - -	352	157	84	73	279	23	12	6	...	5
	Total for Half-year ended 30th June 1869 - - -	14,423	21,629	13243	8386	6037	8933	4504	1334	1503	1592

* Amount of accommodation sanctioned for old Poorhouse.

Half-year ended 30th June 1869—*Continued.*

Lunatic Inmates during Half-year.	Lunatics. Of whom Cured.	Died.	Discharged.	Remaining at 1st July 1869.	Children. No. of Inmates at School, 1st July 1869.	Of whom In Poorhouse.	Out of Poorhouse.	Average Weekly cost per head of Inmates for Food, Fuel, Clothing, Light, and all other Necessaries of Maintenance.	Average Weekly Expenditure per head of Inmates for whom there is accommodation in the Poorhouse. Salaries of Officials, Feu Duties, Insurance, Repairs, etc.	Estimated Rent of Poorhouse.	Medical Attendance, Medicine, and Medical and Surgical Appliances.	No.
								s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	
...	...	...	...	...	12	...	12	2 11¼	0 3¾	0 4¼	0 0½	36
...	...	...	...	...	10	...	10	3 0	0 5	0 2¼	0 1¼	37
...	...	...	...	...	13	...	13	3 9½	1 1	0 8	0 1½	38
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 5	0 9¾	1 1	0 3½	39
3	...	...	2	1	16	...	16	3 0	1 0	0 11	0 1¼	40
21	...	1	2	18	36	36	...	2 11½	0 7	0 6	0 1½	41
28	1	1	...	26	20	20	...	2 9	0 9¾	0 6	0 2	42
29	1	...	...	28	48	48	...	2 5¼	1 0	0 6	0 1½	43
...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7	3 1¼	2 11	1 8½	0 4¾	44
1	...	...	1	...	8	8	...	2 7¾	0 9	0 9	0 1¼	45
20	...	...	1	19	...	...	...	2 11½	0 3¾	0 4½	0 0½	46
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 4	0 10	0 3¾	0 1¾	47
...	...	...	...	...	28	...	28	2 7¾	0 9¼	0 4	0 1½	48
...	...	...	...	...	15	...	15	3 2	1 2¼	0 7¾	0 0¾	49
...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	3 7½	0 7¼	0 7¼	0 1¼	50
...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	2 11½	0 10¼	0 5¼	0 0¾	51
...	...	...	...	...	9	...	9	3 11	1 2	0 7¾	0 1¾	52
71	8	3	13	47	5	...	5	3 10	0 9¼	1 0	0 0¾	53
...	...	...	...	...	8	...	8	3 5¾	0 9¼	0 7½	0 2	54
36	...	1	...	35	14	...	14	2 3¾	0 11	1 0	0 2	55
...	...	...	...	...	10	...	10	2 1¾	0 7½	0 4	0 0¾	56
...	...	...	...	...	47	47	...	2 8½	0 0	0 0	0 0¾	57
12	...	1	...	11	42	42	...	2 11	0 7	0 7	0 0¾	58
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 11½	2 4½	0 10½	0 3	59
...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	3 9¼	0 11	0 0¼	0 1	60
...	...	...	...	...	15	...	15	3 6¾	0 7½	0 6	0 1¾	61
...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	2 11	1 8	1 7¾	0 2¼	62
5	...	1	1	3	26	...	26	2 9	0 2½	0 0	0 0½	63
1230	53	31	73	1073	1241	832	409	3 0½	0 9¾	0 7¾	0 1¾	

III.—POORHOUSES IN PROGRESS AT 4TH AUGUST 1869.

No.	Poorhouses.		Population in 1861.	Proposed Accommodation.	Progress.
1	Kirkintilloch Combination to consist of—				
	1 Campsie,	6,483	18,175	90	Plans approved.
	2 Cumbernauld,	3,513			
	3 Kirkintilloch,	8,179			
2	Lanark Combination to consist of—				
	1 Carluke,	6,176	33,184	...	Resolution to combine approved.
	2 Carmichael,	836			
	3 Carnwath,	3,584			
	4 Covington,	532			
	5 Douglas,	2,490			
	6 Lanark,	7,891			
	7 Lesmahagow,	9,266			
	8 Libberton,	836			
	9 Pittenain,	407			
	10 Wandell and Lamington,	380			
	11 Wiston,	786			
	Total, - -		51,359		

APPENDIX (B.)—No. 11.

POORHOUSE BUILDING DEBT.

[ST]ATEMENT of SUMS borrowed by PAROCHIAL BOARDS for the Erection or Enlargement of POORHOUSE BUILDINGS, under the 62d Section of the Statute 8 and 9 Vict. cap. 83, or 19 and 20 Vict. cap. 117, sec. 3—showing the subsequent Liquidation and present Amount of the Debt.

	POORHOUSES.	Amount Borrowed, under 8 and 9 Vict. c. 83, § 62, or 19 and 20 Vict. c. 117, § 3.	Amount of Debt at 14th May 1868.	Amount of Debt repaid from Parish Funds, during year ending 14th May 1869.	Amount of Debt at 14th May 1869.	Amount of Interest of Debt paid during year ended 14th May 1869.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1	Abbey, Paisley -	1,200 0 0	600 0 0	600 0 0	...	15 0 0
2	Arbroath and St Vigeans Com.—					
	1 Arbroath -	3,000 0 0	2,700 0 0	100 0 0	2,600 0 0	121 10 0
	2 St Vigeans -	3,000 0 0	2,800 0 0	100 0 0	2,700 0 0	122 8 0
3	Atholl, Weem, and Breadalbane Com.					
	1 Blair-Atholl -	414 10 7	359 5 3	13 16 4	345 8 11	15 17 8½
	2 Caputh -	248 14 4½	215 11 1¼	8 5 9½	207 5 3¾	9 10 7½
	3 Dowally -	248 14 4½	215 11 1½	8 5 9¾	207 5 3¾	9 10 7½
	4 Dull - -	746 3 1	646 13 4¾	24 17 5	621 15 11¾	28 11 10½
	5 Dunkeld, Little	538 17 9	467 0 7¾	17 19 4	449 1 3¾	20 13 0½
	6 Fortingall -	538 17 9	467 10 8	17 19 4	449 11 4	20 13 0½
	7 Kenmore -	497 8 9	431 2 3½	16 11 7½	414 10 8	19 1 3
	8 Killin - -	373 1 6	323 6 6½	12 8 9	310 17 9½	14 5 11½
	9 Logierait -	621 15 11	538 17 8	20 14 7	518 3 1	23 16 7
	10 Moulin -	455 19 8	395 3 11	15 4 0	379 19 11	17 9 6
	11 Weem - -	165 16 3	143 14 1	5 10 6½	138 3 6½	6 7 1
4	Black Isle Combin.—					
	1 Avoch -	378 3 9½	277 6 5½	12 12 2	264 14 3½	13 4 6½
	2 Cromarty -	779 18 1	571 18 9	25 19 11	545 18 10	27 5 1
	3 Killearnan -	383 12 5½	281 7 1½	12 15 8	268 11 5½	13 8 2
	4 Knockbain -	683 1 10¾	500 17 10¾	22 15 6	478 2 4¾	23 17 2
	5 Resolis -	308 10 5½	226 5 1½	10 5 8	215 19 5½	10 15 10
	6 Rosemarkie -	437 18 1	321 2 1	14 12 0	306 10 1	15 6 3
	7 Urquhart -	828 15 2¾	607 15 10¾	27 12 5	580 3 5¾	28 19 5
5	Buchan Combin.—					
	1 Cruden -	117 0 0	...	...	117 0 0	0 19 9
	2 Deer, New -	90 0 0	...	...	90 0 0	...
	3 Deer, Old -	190 0 0	190 0 0	50 0 0	140 0 0	9 0 0
	4 Ellon - -	177 0 0	177 0 0	30 0 0	147 0 0	...
	5 Fraserburgh -	588 0 0	588 0 0	...	588 0 0	31 10 0
	6 Logie Buchan	56 0 0	56 0 0	56 0 0	...	3 0 0
	7 Longside -	168 0 0	168 0 0	168 0 0	...	9 0 0
	8 Methlic -	112 0 0	112 0 0	...	112 0 0	0 18 10
	9 Monquhitter	168 0 0	168 0 0	56 0 0	112 0 0	9 0 0
	10 Pitsligo -	138 18 1	138 18 1	...	138 18 1	...
	11 Rathen -	206 10 0	206 10 0	...	206 10 0	...
	12 Strichen -	93 16 3	93 16 3	...	93 16 3	...
	13 Tarves - -	168 0 0	168 0 0	85 0 0	83 0 0	9 0 0
	14 Tyrie - -	324 10 0	324 10 0	...	324 10 0	...
	15 Udny - -	140 0 0	140 0 0	140 0 0	...	7 10 0

No.	POORHOUSES.	Amount Borrowed, under 8 and 9 Vict. c. 83, § 62, or 19 and 20 Vict. c. 117, § 3.			Amount of Debt at 14th May 1868.			Amount of Debt repaid from Parish Funds, during year ended 14th May 1869.			Amount of Debt at 14th May 1869.			Amount of Interest of Debt paid during year ended 14th May 1869.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
6	Cambusnethan Combination—															
	1 Bothwell -	1,629	4	11¼	1,149	4	11¼	249	4	11¼	900	0	0	52	16	5[illegible]
	2 Cambusnethan	2,026	12	3	1,780	1	5	128	5	5	1,651	16	0	66	16	11
	3 Dalziel -	456	13	0	379	14	8	38	9	7	341	5	1	16	4	6
	4 Shotts - -	500	0	0	500	0	0	...			500	0	0	...		
7	Campbeltown -	3,700	0	0	3,184	0	0	86	3	4	3,097	16	8	171	0	0
8	Cunninghame Combination—															
	1 Beith - -	1,833	3	3	558	1	8	558	1	8	...			23	2	4
	2 Kilbride, West	555	10	1	160	0	0	160	0	0	...			1	2	6
	3 Stevenston -	1,388	15	2	681	5	8	381	5	8	300	0	0	15	3	5
	4 Symington -	277	15	0½	116	8	0	96	14	10	19	13	2	2	19	9
9	Dumbarton Com.—															
	1 Bonhill -	1,458	6	8	1,166	13	4	72	18	4	1,093	15	0	47	9	8
	2 Buchanan -	116	13	4	93	6	8	5	16	8	87	10	0	3	15	11
	3 Cardross -	1,166	13	4	933	6	8	58	6	8	875	0	0	37	19	10
	4 Dumbarton -	1,458	6	8	1,166	13	4	72	13	4	1,094	0	0	47	14	8
	5 Kilmaronock	116	13	4	93	6	8	5	16	8	87	10	0	3	15	11
	6 Kilpatrick, New	874	10	0	624	0	0	48	10	0	575	10	0	25	12	7
	7 Kilpatrick, Old	583	6	8	453	16	8	42	0	0	411	16	8	30	4	10
	8 Luss - -	116	13	4	93	6	8	5	16	8	87	10	0	3	15	11
	9 Roseneath -	233	6	8	187	3	3½	11	4	0	175	19	3½	8	1	3
	10 Row - -	875	0	0	700	0	0	45	15	0	654	5	0	26	5	[illegible]
10	Dundee - -	16,000	0	0	...			...			16,000	0	0	270	14	9
11	Dunfermline -	1,700	0	0	460	0	0	30	0	0	430	0	0	20	3	[illegible]
12	Dysart Combin.—															
	1 Dysart -	2,538	9	2¾	1,946	3	3	84	12	6	1,861	10	9	92	18	[illegible]
	2 Leslie -	423	1	7	324	7	0	14	2	1	310	4	11	15	16	[illegible]
	3 Markinch -	1,269	4	7	973	0	10	42	6	3	930	14	7	46	9	[illegible]
	4 Wemyss -	1,267	4	7	973	1	6	42	6	2	930	15	4	46	9	[illegible]
13	East Lothian Com.—															
	1 Cockburnspath	195	0	0	195	0	0	45	0	0	150	0	0	12	9	[illegible]
	2 Dirleton -	380	0	0	54	0	0	54	0	0	...			4	10	[illegible]
	3 Dunbar -	2,100	0	0	2,030	0	0	70	0	0	1,960	0	0	99	4	[illegible]
	4 Innerwick -	200	0	0	200	0	0	...			200	0	0	10	0	[illegible]
	5 North Berwick	320	0	0	200	0	0	...			200	0	0	10	0	[illegible]
	6 Oldhamstocks	130	0	0	130	0	0	15	0	0	115	0	0	4	7	[illegible]
	7 Prestonkirk -	330	0	0	200	0	0	50	0	0	150	0	0	8	15	[illegible]
	8 Stenton -	226	6	5	87	15	10	75	3	3	12	12	7	3	18	[illegible]
14	Easter Ross Com.—															
	1 Nigg - -	100	0	0	80	0	0	20	0	0	60	0	0	4	6	[illegible]
15	Edinburgh - -	75,000	0	0	72,321	8	7	2,678	11	5	69,642	17	2	1,847	19	[illegible]
16	Forfar - -	2,500	0	0	750	0	0	250	0	0	500	0	0	34	0	[illegible]
17	Galashiels Com.—															
	1 Galashiels -	720	0	0	552	0	0	24	0	0	528	0	0	24	16	[illegible]
	2 Melrose -	1,550	15	5	1,188	18	6	51	13	10	1,137	4	8	53	10	[illegible]
	3 Selkirk -	1,052	6	2	806	15	3	35	1	5	771	13	10	36	6	[illegible]
	4 Yarrow -	276	18	5	212	6	3	9	4	9	203	1	6	9	11	[illegible]
18	Govan - -	49,000	0	0	...			...			49,000	0	0	619	8	[illegible]
19	Hamilton Combination—															
	1 Avondale -	1,646	16	2	846	16	2	200	0	0	646	16	2	...		
	2 Blantyre -	250	0	0	250	0	0	...			250	0	0	...		
	3 Cambuslang -	900	0	0	900	0	0	...			900	0	0	...		
	4 Dalserf -	988	1	9	738	1	9	...			738	1	9	50	11	[illegible]
	5 Glassford -	450	0	0	450	0	0	50	0	0	400	0	0	18	0	[illegible]
	6 Hamilton -	4,742	16	3	4,742	16	3	242	16	3	4,500	0	0	118	18	[illegible]

	POORHOUSES.	Amount Borrowed, under 8 and 9 Vict. c. 83, § 62, or 19 and 20 Vict. c. 117, § 3.	Amount of Debt at 14th May 1868.	Amount of Debt repaid from Parish Funds, during year ended 14th May 1869.	Amount of Debt at 14th May 1869.	Amount of Interest of Debt paid during year ended 14th May 1869.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	7 Kilbride, East	600 0 0	600 0 0	...	600 0 0	45 0 1
	8 Stonehouse -	460 0 0	460 0 0	...	460 0 0	19 17 6
20	Hawick Combin.—					
	1 Ashkirk -	53 15 0	34 0 10	1 15 10	32 5 0	1 7 1
	2 Canonbie -	53 15 0	53 15 0	21 10 0	32 5 0	1 7 1
	3 Cavers -	215 0 0	136 3 4	7 3 4	129 0 0	5 8 2
	4 Ewes -	26 17 6	17 0 5	0 17 11	16 2 6	0 13 6
	5 Hawick -	2,391 17 6	1,544 8 4	55 10 10	1,488 17 6	56 16 7
	6 Hobkirk -	53 15 0	34 0 10	1 15 10	32 5 0	1 7 1
	7 Kirkhope -	53 15 0	34 0 10	1 15 10	32 5 0	1 7 1
	8 Kirktown -	26 17 6	17 0 5	0 17 11	16 2 6	0 13 11
	9 Langholm -	53 15 0	34 0 10	1 15 10	32 5 0	1 7 1
	10 Lilliesleaf -	107 10 0	68 1 8	3 11 8	64 10 0	2 14 1
	11 Minto -	80 12 6	51 1 3	2 13 9	48 7 6	2 0 6
	12 Roberton -	53 15 0	35 16 8	1 15 10	34 0 10	1 7 1
	13 Wilton -	537 10 0	340 8 4	17 18 4	322 10 0	13 10 7
21	Inveresk Combin.—					
	1 Gladsmuir -	283 0 4	169 16 4	18 17 4	150 19 0	7 9 8
	2 Humbie -	188 13 7	113 4 1	12 11 7	100 12 6	4 19 9
	3 Inveresk -	2,405 13 5	1,283 0 2	160 7 7	1,122 12 7	56 5 10
	4 Ormiston -	188 13 7	113 4 1	12 11 7	100 12 6	4 19 9
	5 Pencaitland -	188 13 7	113 4 1	12 11 7	100 12 6	4 19 9
	6 Prestonpans -	416 16 6	201 1 9	25 3 1	175 18 8	8 16 7
	7 Salton - -	188 13 7	113 4 1	12 11 7	100 12 6	4 19 9
	8 Tranent -	1,179 5 0	628 18 6	78 12 4	550 6 2	27 11 10
22	Inverness - -	6,600 0 0	4,765 1 11	220 0 0	4,545 1 11	209 1 4
23	Islay Combination—					
	1 Kilchoman -	1,250 0 0	1,088 0 1	41 17 0	1,046 3 1	48 9 9
	2 Kildalton -	1,083 6 8	942 18 8	36 5 4	906 13 4	42 0 $5\frac{1}{2}$
	3 Killarrow -	1,666 13 4	1,450 13 5	55 15 10	1,394 17 7	64 13 1
24	Jedburgh Combin.—					
	1 Jedburgh -	1,986 0 8	313 10 9	80 0 0	223 10 9	...
25	Kincardineshire Combination—					
	1 Arbuthnott -	111 2 3	111 2 3	...	111 2 3	4 8 $10\frac{1}{2}$
	2 Bervie -	200 0 0	186 16 0	13 4 0	173 12 0	9 0 6
	3 Dunnottar -	500 0 0	433 6 8	33 6 8	400 0 0	19 10 0
	4 Durris - -	243 0 0	176 10 11	25 2 6	151 8 5	8 10 11
	5 Fetteresso -	1,800 0 0	1,560 0 0	120 0 0	1,440 0 0	75 19 7
	6 Kinneff, &c. -	150 0 0	140 0 0	10 0 0	130 0 0	6 15 0
	7 Maryculter -	69 19 6	50 0 3	9 19 $7\frac{1}{2}$	40 0 $7\frac{1}{2}$	2 8 6
	8 Marykirk -	400 0 0	320 0 0	40 0 0	280 0 0	16 0 0
	9 Strachan -	243 0 0	128 11 $8\frac{1}{2}$	36 10 9	92 0 $11\frac{1}{2}$	...
26	Kirkcaldy Com.—					
	1 Abbotshall -	156 0 0	...	...	156 0 0	...
	2 Burntisland -	50 0 0	50 0 0	...	50 0 0	...
	3 Kirkcaldy -	281 5 0	281 5 0	89 1 3	192 3 9	2 2 2
27	Kyle Combin.—					
	1 Auchinleck -	320 0 0	224 0 0	10 13 4	213 6 8	10 18 8
	2 Ayr - -	2,560 0 0	1,792 0 0	85 6 8	1,706 13 4	87 9 4
	3 Coylton -	320 0 0	224 0 0	10 13 4	213 6 8	10 18 8
	4 Cumnock, New	320 0 0	224 0 0	10 13 4	213 6 8	10 18 8
	5 Cumnock, Old	373 0 0	261 6 $7\frac{3}{4}$	12 8 $10\frac{1}{2}$	248 17 $9\frac{1}{4}$	12 15 $1\frac{1}{2}$
	6 Dalmellington	373 0 0	261 6 $7\frac{3}{4}$	12 8 $10\frac{1}{2}$	248 17 $9\frac{1}{4}$	12 15 $1\frac{1}{2}$
	7 Mauchline -	213 6 8	149 6 $7\frac{3}{4}$	7 2 $7\frac{1}{2}$	142 4 $5\frac{1}{4}$	7 5 $9\frac{1}{4}$
	8 Muirkirk -	640 0 0	448 0 0	21 6 8	426 13 4	21 17 4
	9 Newton-on-Ayr	640 0 0	448 0 0	21 6 8	426 13 4	21 17 4
	10 Ochiltree -	213 6 8	149 6 $7\frac{3}{4}$	7 2 $2\frac{1}{2}$	142 4 $5\frac{1}{4}$	7 5 $9\frac{1}{4}$

No.	POORHOUSES.	Amount Borrowed, under 8 and 9 Vict. c. 83, § 62, or 19 and 20 Vict. c. 117, § 3.			Amount of Debt at 14th May 1868.			Amount of Debt repaid from Parish Funds, during year ending 14th May 1869.			Amount of Debt at 14th May 1869.			Amount of Interest of Debt paid during year ended 14th May 1869.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
	11 St Quivox -	1,493	6	8	1,045	6	8¼	49	15	6½	995	11	1¾	51	0	5
	12 Sorn - ..	533	6	8	373	6	7¾	17	15	6½	355	11	1¼	18	4	5½
28	Latheron Com.—															
	1 Latheron -	3,300	0	0	2,320	0	0	1,110	0	0	1,210	0	0	114	3	0
	2 Wick - -	1,000	0	0	1,000	0	0	...			1,000	0	0	...		
29	Liff and Benvie -	7,000	0	0	5,133	6	8	466	13	4	4,666	13	4	231	12	4
30	Lochgilphead Combination—															
	1 Glassary -	2,100	0	0	1,866	1	6	43	2	3	1,822	19	3	92	17	5
	2 Kilcalmonell,&c	840	0	0	737	7	6½	17	12	5½	719	15	1	36	15	4½
	3 Kilmartin -	420	0	0	334	10	2	13	4	2	321	6	0	16	14	0
	4 Knapdale, North	1,050	0	0	933	0	9	21	11	1	911	9	8	46	8	9
	5 Knapdale, South	630	0	0	548	2	5¾	12	18	7¾	535	3	10	27	17	3
31	Lorn Combination—															
	1 Ardchattan, &c.	480	0	0	400	0	0	16	0	0	384	0	0	19	12	0
	2 Glenorchy, &c.	256	0	0	213	6	8	8	10	8	204	16	0	10	9	9
	3 Kilbrandon -	960	0	0	800	0	0	32	0	0	768	0	0	40	0	0
	4 Kilchrenan, &c.	320	0	0	266	13	4	10	13	4	256	0	0	19	15	3
	5 Kilmore, &c.	1,500	0	0	1,250	0	0	50	0	0	1,200	0	0	61	5	0
	6 Kilninver -	320	0	0	266	13	4	10	13	4	256	0	0	13	1	3
	7 Lismore, &c.	320	0	0	266	13	4	10	13	4	256	0	0	13	7	0
32	Machar, Old -	2,500	0	0	...			...			2,500	0	0	12	17	3
33	Maybole Combin.—															
	1 Kirkmichael	450	0	0	414	14	7½	8	14	9	405	19	10½	18	5	6½
	2 Kirkoswald -	187	10	0	172	13	3	3	12	10	169	0	5	7	16	3
	3 Maybole -	1,162	10	0	1,071	4	8	22	11	5	1,048	13	3	48	8	6
34	Monkland, Old -	881	10	0	881	10	0	544	14	6	336	15	6	6	3	6
35	Morayshire Com.—															
	1 Alves - -	200	0	0	180	0	0	6	13	4	173	6	8	7	19	0
	2 Bellie - -	215	0	0	87	16	8	43	15	0	44	1	8	3	18	9
	3 Dallas - -	210	0	0	189	0	0	7	0	0	182	0	0	8	7	0
	4 Drainie -	240	0	0	216	0	0	8	0	0	208	0	0	9	10	9
	5 Duffus - -	600	0	0	540	0	0	20	0	0	520	0	0	24	2	0
	6 Elgin - -	3,000	0	0	2,700	0	0	100	0	0	2,600	0	0	116	8	1
	7 New Spynie -	400	0	0	360	0	0	13	6	8	346	13	4	15	18	0
	8 Rafford -	215	0	0	205	0	0	10	0	0	195	0	0	10	5	0
	9 Rothes - -	200	0	0	180	0	0	6	13	4	173	6	8	8	9	6
	10 St Andrews-Lhanbride	200	0	0	180	0	0	6	13	4	173	6	8	7	19	0
	11 Speymouth -	129	0	0	52	10	0	26	5	0	26	5	0	2	7	3
	12 Urquhart -	400	0	0	360	0	0	13	6	8	346	13	4	15	18	0
36	Mull Combination—															
	1 Ardnamurchan	1,540	0	0	1,386	0	0	51	6	8	1,334	13	4	61	2	6
	2 Coll - -	308	0	0	277	4	0	10	5	4	266	18	8	12	3	3
	3 Kilfinichen -	1,540	0	0	1,386	0	0	197	17	10	1,188	2	2	...		
	4 Kilninian, &c.	1,232	0	0	1,108	16	0	41	1	4	1,067	14	8	48	13	0
	5 Morven -	1,232	0	0	1,108	16	0	41	1	4	1,067	14	8	48	13	0
	6 Torosay -	924	0	0	831	12	0	30	16	0	800	16	0	37	5	2½
	7 Tyree - -	924	0	0	831	12	0	30	16	0	800	16	0	36	9	8
37	Nairn Combin.—															
	1 Ardclach -	336	0	0	246	8	0	11	4	0	235	4	0	12	6	4½
	2 Ardersier -	288	0	0	211	4	0	9	12	0	201	12	0	10	11	2
	3 Auldearn -	384	0	0	261	12	0	12	16	0	248	16	0	13	1	6
	4 Cawdor -	432	0	0	316	6	0	14	8	0	302	8	0	15	8	10½
	5 Croy - -	336	0	0	246	8	0	11	4	0	235	4	0	12	6	5
	6 Edinkillie -	384	0	0	294	8	0	12	16	0	281	12	0	13	14	6
	7 Nairn - -	960	0	0	704	0	0	32	0	0	672	0	0	34	6	5
	8 Petty - -	480	0	0	368	0	0	16	0	0	352	0	0	18	8	0

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	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Peebles Combin.—															
1 Biggar -	240	0	0	216	0	0	24	0	0	192	0	0	10	16	0
2 Drumelzier -	111	8	6	27	0	0	9	0	0	18	0	0	1	1	6
3 Kirkurd -	100	0	0	30	0	0	10	0	0	20	0	0	1	0	5
4 Linton, West	800	0	0	439	3	11	26	13	4	412	10	7	18	13	10
5 Manor -	100	0	0	30	0	0	10	0	0	20	0	0	1	0	5
6 Newlands -	550	0	0	403	6	8	18	6	8	385	0	0	18	4	0
7 Penicuik -	500	0	0	100	0	0	50	0	0	50	0	0	4	0	0
8 Skirling -	100	0	0	30	0	0	10	0	0	20	0	0	1	4	0
9 Stobo - -	270	0	0	81	0	0	27	0	0	54	0	0	3	4	11
Perth - - -	10,333	6	8	9,093	6	8	413	6	8	8,680	0	0	399	18	0
Skye Combination—															
1 Bracadale -	457	2	10	93	12	11	46	16	6	46	16	5	5	7	0
2 Duirnish -	457	2	10	93	12	11	46	16	6	46	16	5	5	7	0
3 Kilmuir -	457	2	10	93	12	11	46	16	6	46	16	5	5	7	0
4 Portree -	457	2	10	93	12	11	46	16	6	46	16	5	5	7	0
5 Sleat - -	457	2	10	93	12	11	46	16	6	46	16	5	5	7	0
6 Snizort -	457	2	10	93	12	11	46	16	6	46	16	5	5	6	10
7 Strath - -	457	2	10	93	12	11	46	16	6	46	16	5	5	7	0
Stirling Combin.—															
1 Kilsyth -	1,015	0	0	885	0	0	50	0	0	835	0	0	39	16	6
2 Stirling -	6,772	2	8	1,100	0	0		...		1,100	0	0	116	0	0
Sutherland Com.—															
1 Assynt -	463	10	8	432	12	8	15	9	0	417	3	8	18	12	7
2 Clyne - -	350	6	6	326	19	4	11	13	7	315	5	9	14	1	7
3 Creich - -	671	19	10	627	3	10	22	8	0	604	15	10	27	0	1
4 Durness -	420	17	4	392	16	2	14	0	7	378	15	7	16	18	3
5 Eddrachillis -	421	12	0	393	9	10	14	1	1	379	8	9	16	18	10
6 Farr - -	588	2	5	548	18	3	19	12	1	529	6	2	23	12	8
7 Golspie -	567	2	5	529	6	3	18	18	1	510	8	2	22	15	9
8 Kildonan -	677	7	11	632	4	9	22	11	7	609	13	2	27	4	5
9 Lairg - -	353	10	10	329	19	6	11	15	8	318	3	10	14	4	1
10 Loth - -	244	13	5	228	7	3	8	3	1	220	4	2	9	16	9
11 Rogart -	303	13	9	283	8	9	10	2	6	273	6	3	12	3	8
12 Tongue -	324	5	2	302	12	10	10	16	2	291	16	8	13	0	8
Upper Strathearn Combination—															
1 Auchterarder	1,100	0	0	527	0	3	121	8	8	405	11	7	21	15	6
2 Blackford -	430	0	0	258	0	0	43	0	0	215	0	0	11	6	2
3 Crieff - -	1,100	0	0	440	0	0	110	0	0	330	0	0	19	16	0
4 Dunning -	220	0	0	130	0	0	40	0	0	90	0	0	5	4	0
Wigtonshire Combination—															
1 Ballantrae -	125	17	2	42	4	9	2	4	2	40	0	7	1	16	6
2 Inch - -	629	5	8	221	19	10	11	0	10	210	19	0	3	17	4
3 Kirkcolm -	440	9	11	147	13	3	7	14	7	139	18	8		...	
4 Kirkmaiden -	440	9	11	147	13	3	7	14	7	139	18	8		...	
5 Leswalt -	528	11	11	176	3	11	9	5	6	166	18	5		...	
6 Luce, New -	188	15	8	63	5	8	3	6	3	59	19	5		...	
7 Luce, Old -	503	8	6	168	15	2	8	16	8	159	18	6		...	
8 Portpatrick -	314	12	10	105	9	6	5	10	5	99	19	1		...	
9 Stoneykirk -	377	11	5	126	11	6	6	12	6	119	19	0	5	9	5
10 Stranraer -	1,006	17	0	327	10	5	17	13	4	309	17	1	4	16	8

APPENDIX

ABSTRACT of Receipts and Expenditure under
to 14th May 1869, by the

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPTS FROM														
		Assessment.			Penalties.			Authors of Nuisances, &c.			Other Sources.			Total.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
	ABERDEEN.															
1	Aberdeen* - - -	623	0	$9\frac{1}{4}$	...			...			...			623	0	$9\frac{1}{4}$
2	Auchindoir - - -	3	0	0	...			...			...			3	0	0
3	Crathie and Braemar -	...			...			...			...			...		
4	Culsamond - - -	...			...			...			...			...		
5	Deer, New - - -	...			...			...			0	10	0	0	10	0
6	Fintray - - -	2	19	6	...			...			...			2	19	6
7	Forgue - - -	2	0	0	...			...			...			2	0	0
8	Fraserburgh { Burgh -	...			...			...			17	1	6	17	1	6
	Fraserburgh { Landward	...			...			...			0	15	2	0	15	2
9	Fyvie - - -	5	0	0	...			...			...			5	0	0
10	Glenmuick - - -	...			...			...			...			...		
11	Inverurie (Burgh) -	18	9	2	...			...			...			18	9	2
12	King-Edward - -	11	19	4	...			...			...			11	19	4
13	Lonmay - - -	27	2	10	...			...			...			27	2	10
14	Machar, Old (Landward)	151	14	1	...			...			...			151	14	1
15	Meldrum - - -	10	1	11	...			...			...			10	1	11
16	Monquhitter - -	...			...			...			...			...		
17	Newbills - - -	11	15	7	...			4	6	$10\frac{1}{2}$	...			16	2	$5\frac{1}{2}$
18	Peterhead { Burgh -	40	4	5	...			...			...			40	4	5
	Peterhead { Landward -	...			...			...			...			...		
19	Turriff (Landward) -	6	0	0	...			...			...			6	0	0
20	Udny - - - -	...			...			...			...			...		
	Total -	913	7	$7\frac{1}{4}$	...			4	6	$10\frac{1}{2}$	18	6	8	936	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$
	ARGYLL.															
1	Ardnamurchan - -	0	14	4	...			...			...			0	14	4
2	Campbeltown - -	42	0	0	...			5	17	6	...			47	17	6
3	Dunoon and Kilmun -	391	10	$10\frac{3}{4}$	12	12	0	2	14	0	2278	10	6	2,685	7	$4\frac{3}{4}$
4	Glassary - - -	11	16	6	...			...			...			11	16	6
5	Kildalton - - -	...			...			7	16	0	51	0	5	58	16	5
6	Kilfinan - - -	...			...			...			...			...		
7	Killarrow - - -	...			...			...			7	14	3	7	14	3
8	Killean and Kilchenzie	...			...			...			...			...		
9	Kilninian and Kilmore	...			...			...			...			...		
10	Knapdale, North - -	5	0	0	...			...			...			5	0	0
11	Knapdale, South - -	...			...			...			...			...		
12	Lochgoilhead - -	0	3	$8\frac{1}{2}$	...			...			...			0	3	$8\frac{1}{2}$
13	Tyree - - - -	5	0	0	...			...			...			5	0	0
	Total -	456	5	$5\frac{1}{4}$	12	12	0	16	7	6	2337	5	2	2,822	10	$1\frac{1}{4}$
	AYR.															
1	Ardrossan (Landward)	55	10	11	...			...			...			55	10	11
2	Auchinleck (Landward)	16	5	4	...			...			...			16	5	4

* *Aberdeen* includes a part of the Parish of Old Machar.

(B.)—No. 12.

the PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, from 15th May 1868
LOCAL AUTHORITIES of SCOTLAND.

EXPENDITURE ON					
Drainage.	Water Supply.	Removal of Nuisances.	Other Purposes, including Salaries, &c.	TOTAL.	No.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
...	...	41 18 9	290 16 0½	332 14 9½	1
...	...	...	3 0 0	3 0 0	2
...	...	...	1 10 0	1 10 0	3
...	...	...	0 10 0	0 10 0	4
...	...	0 10 0	...	0 10 0	5
...	...	...	3 0 0	3 0 0	6
...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	7
...	...	...	9 0 0	9 0 0	8
...	...	...	1 4 0	1 4 0	
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	9
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	10
...	...	...	11 16 4	11 16 4	11
...	...	...	2 10 0	2 10 0	12
...	...	...	...	...	13
10 10 0	...	4 4 0	52 10 4	67 4 4	14
0 8 9	...	...	10 1 4	10 10 1	15
...	...	...	6 5 10	6 5 10	16
4 11 4	...	4 6 10½	...	8 18 2½	17
...	...	23 4 3	9 12 6	32 16 9	18
0 3 0	...	...	1 6 8	1 9 8	
...	...	...	5 5 6	5 5 6	19
...	...	...	1 0 0	1 0 0	20
15 13 1	...	74 3 10½	421 8 6½	511 5 6	
...	...	36 6 6	...	36 6 6	1
14 15 0	...	49 1 2	28 0 0	91 16 2	2
2,337 14 8	1 9 9	33 3 1½	134 11 3	2,506 18 9½	3
1 16 6	...	...	10 0 0	11 16 6	4
58 16 5	...	...	...	58 16 5	5
...	...	...	1 0 0	1 0 0	6
...	...	7 14 3	...	7 14 3	7
...	...	...	3 0 0	3 0 0	8
...	...	...	10 0 0	10 0 0	9
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	10
...	...	0 18 0	10 5 0	11 3 0	11
...	...	...	2 10 0	2 10 0	12
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	13
2,413 2 7	1 9 9	127 3 0½	209 6 3	2,751 1 7½	
7 5 10	...	24 5 4	22 17 1	54 8 3	1
...	...	...	16 5 4	16 5 4	2

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPTS FROM Assessment. £ s. d.	Penalties. £ s. d.	Authors of Nuisances, &c. £ s. d.	Other Sources. £ s. d.	TOTAL. £ s. d.
3	Ayr (Burgh)	...	...	...	...	...
4	Barr	...	...	...	...	...
5	Beith (Landward)	...	...	...	...	...
6	Colmonell	5 0 0	...	...	...	5 0 0
7	Cumnock, Old* Burgh	34 8 6	...	...	...	34 8 6
	Cumnock, Old Landward	8 0 0	...	...	...	8 0 0
8	Dalmellington	...	...	...	...	...
9	Dalry	...	...	...	30 0 0	30 0 0
10	Dreghorn	...	...	...	26 15 3	26 15 3
11	Dundonald	40 13 2	...	...	7 10 9	48 3 11
12	Irvine	34 7 3½	...	...	...	34 7 3½
13	Kilbirnie	...	...	...	...	...
14	Kilbride, West	45 8 4	...	...	1 10 0	46 18 4
15	Kilmarnock Burgh	162 16 9½	...	10 10 9	...	173 7 6½
	Kilmarnock Landward	...	...	...	...	...
16	Kilmaurs	22 8 2½	...	...	...	22 8 2½
17	Kilwinning	94 8 1	...	...	10 10 0	104 18 1
18	Kirkoswald	3 0 0	...	...	...	3 0 0
19	Largs	80 0 0	...	...	4 0 0	84 0 0
20	Maybole (Burgh)	...	...	...	...	...
21	Muirkirk	...	...	...	...	...
22	Newton-upon-Ayr	48 16 3	...	10 0 0	...	58 16 3
23	Ochilteee	6 10 3	...	...	...	6 10 3
24	Riccarton	...	...	...	...	...
25	St Quivox	...	...	...	...	...
26	Sorn	15 0 0	...	2 2 0	...	17 2 0
27	Stevenston	...	...	...	0 10 6	0 10 6
28	Stewarton (Burgh)	...	...	...	...	...
29	Symington	5 12 7	...	...	...	5 12 7
30	Tarbolton	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	678 5 8½	...	22 12 9	80 16 6	781 14 11½
	BANFF.					
1	Aberlour	...	...	...	...	...
2	Alvah	2 10 0	...	...	...	2 10 0
3	Banff Burgh	32 4 4	...	...	...	32 4 4
	Banff Landward	...	...	...	...	...
4	Cullen	12 13 3½	...	...	28 7 0	41 0 3½
5	Fordyce and Portsoy	36 0 0	...	...	11 16 2	47 16 2
6	Gamrie and Macduff (Burgh)	...	...	...	...	...
7	Marnoch	...	...	...	...	...
8	Rathven	...	...	107 18 10	33 16 10	141 15 8
	Total	83 7 7½	...	107 18 10	74 0 0	265 6 5½
	BERWICK.					
1	Ayton	53 11 4	...	...	...	53 11 4
2	Bunkle and Preston	4 16 6	...	...	...	4 16 6
3	Chirnside	...	...	...	...	...
4	Coldingham	27 18 6	...	...	...	27 18 6
5	Earlstoun	17 0 0	...	...	...	17 0 0
6	Edrom	10 0 0	...	...	...	10 0 0
7	Fogo	...	...	...	2 2 0	2 2 0
8	Greenlaw	14 5 0	...	...	...	14 5 0

* *Old Cumnock* (Burgh) includes part of the Parish of Auchinleck.

EXPENDITURE ON					
Drainage.	Water Supply.	Removal of Nuisances.	Other Purposes, including Salaries, &c.	TOTAL.	No.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
...	...	...	15 3 6	15 3 6	3
...	...	...	1 0 0	1 0 0	4
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	5
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	6
...	2,013 4 2	...	...	2,013 4 2	7
...	...	...	1 1 6	1 1 6	
...	...	...	9 0 0	9 0 0	8
...	0 13 8	...	30 0 0	30 13 8	9
...	...	...	15 0 0	15 0 0	10
12 4 9	10 3 4	0 4 7	33 7 3	55 19 11	11
...	...	0 2 6	10 2 9	10 5 3	12
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	13
...	...	1 17 6	6 10 0	8 7 6	14
...	...	21 14 2	76 13 5	98 7 7	15
...	...	...	26 10 0	26 10 0	
...	...	...	12 3 7½	12 3 7½	16
31 4 4	...	43 17 3	15 0 0	90 1 7	17
...	...	...	3 0 0	3 0 0	18
...	19 10 0	41 12 0	21 5 2	82 7 2	19
...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	20
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	21
...	...	20 4 5	32 17 5	53 1 10	22
...	...	...	6 1 3	6 1 3	23
5 3 0	...	...	23 0 9	28 3 9	24
...	...	...	13 7 5	13 7 5	25
...	...	35 12 0	5 0 0	40 12 0	26
5 18 10	...	12 2 8	15 1 2	33 2 8	27
...	...	...	8 0 0	8 0 0	28
0 13 6	...	...	4 4 0	4 17 6	29
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	30
62 10 3	2,043 11 2	201 12 5	449 11 7½	2,757 5 5½	
...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	1
...	...	...	2 10 0	2 10 0	2
...	...	0 19 1	28 15 11½	29 15 0½	3
...	...	...	6 1 0	6 1 0	
...	...	...	42 3 6	42 3 6	4
...	...	35 2 0	14 14 6	49 16 6	5
...	...	...	2 14 3	2 14 3	6
...	...	...	3 3 0	3 3 0	7
0 13 6	...	81 11 10	34 10 11	116 16 3	8
0 13 6	...	117 12 11	136 13 1½	254 19 6½	
...	...	10 16 0	5 0 0	15 16 0	1
4 12 6	...	...	0 4 0	4 16 6	2
...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	3
...	...	8 2 6	6 7 10	14 10 4	4
2 0 6	...	14 14 2	...	16 14 8	5
...	...	1 14 9	2 0 0	3 14 9	6
...	2 0 0	...	0 2 0	2 2 0	7
...	...	5 17 0	8 8 0	14 5 0	8

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPTS FROM Assessment.	Penalties.	Authors of Nuisances, &c.	Other Sources.	Total.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
9	Ladykirk - - -	21 15 3	...	...	...	21 15 3
10	Langton - - -	...	...	...	1 10 0	1 10 0
11	Lauder - - -	...	...	...	...	...
12	Swinton - - -	5 0 2	...	...	...	5 0 2
	Total -	154 6 9	...	...	3 12 0	157 18 9
	BUTE.					
1	Cumbraes (Burgh) -	84 11 0	...	...	...	84 11 0
2	North Bute - - -	...	...	...	...	...
	Total -	84 11 0	...	...	...	84 11 0
	CAITHNESS.					
1	Latheron - - -	7 18 0	...	...	...	7 18 0
2	Olrick - - - -	6 0 0	...	...	...	6 0 0
3	Watten - - -	5 0 0	...	...	...	5 0 0
4	Wick (P. C. of Pulteney-town) - - -	...	...	...	10 0 0	10 0 0
	Total -	18 18 0	...	...	10 0 0	28 18 0
	CLACKMANNAN.					
1	Alloa (Burgh) - -	...	...	...	...	...
2	Clackmannan - -	...	...	...	...	...
3	Logie - - - -	20 0 0	...	...	...	20 0 0
4	Tillicoultry - - -	...	...	...	...	...
	Total -	20 0 0	...	...	...	20 0 0
	DUMBARTON.					
1	Bonhill - - -	47 7 6	...	...	2 2 4	49 9 10
2	Cardross (Landward) -	74 10 11¾	...	...	...	74 10 11¾
3	Kilpatrick, New - -	...	...	...	...	...
4	Kirkintilloch - -	36 8 10	...	...	...	36 8 10
5	Row (Burgh) - -	...	...	...	17 0 0	17 0 0
	Total -	158 7 3¾	...	...	19 2 4	177 9 7¾
	DUMFRIES.					
1	Annan (Landward) -	...	...	...	...	...
2	Applegarth - - -	0 3 0	...	...	...	0 3 0
3	Canonbie - - -	9 0 0	...	...	...	9 0 0
4	Closeburn - - -	3 0 0	...	...	...	3 0 0
5	Dryfesdale (Burgh) -	...	...	...	...	...
6	Dumfries { Burgh -	...	9 10 0	...	...	9 10 0
	Dumfries { Landward -	124 17 1	...	...	...	124 17 1
7	Dunscore - - -	...	...	...	...	...
8	Durrisdeer - - -	...	...	...	...	...
9	Hoddam - - -	2 10 0	...	...	3 18 11	6 8 11
10	Kirkmahoe - - -	1 0 0	...	...	...	1 0 0
11	Langholm - - -	41 15 11	...	...	...	41 15 11
12	Lochmaben (Burgh) -	...	0 5 0	...	...	0 5 0

EXPENDITURE ON					
Drainage.	Water Supply.	Removal of Nuisances.	Other Purposes, including Salaries, &c.	TOTAL.	No.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
7 14 9	...	...	13 18 4	21 13 1	9
...	...	1 10 0	...	1 10 0	10
...	...	...	12 13 9	12 13 9	11
...	...	...	5 0 2	5 0 2	12
14 7 9	2 0 0	42 14 5	55 14 1	114 16 3	
84 11 0	...	...	...	84 11 0	1
...	...	...	1 19 0	1 19 0	2
84 11 0	...	...	1 19 0	86 10 0	
...	...	2 18 0	5 0 0	7 18 0	1
...	...	...	1 1 0	1 1 0	2
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	3
...	...	...	10 0 0	10 0 0	4
...	...	2 18 0	21 1 0	23 19 0	
...	...	0 3 8	10 2 0	10 5 8	1
...	...	6 12 0	10 0 0	16 12 0	2
...	...	13 17 6	5 0 0	18 17 6	3
...	...	...	1 1 0	1 1 0	4
...	...	20 13 2	26 3 0	46 16 2	
850 0 0	516 0 0	40 10 6	10 0 0	1,416 10 6	1
...	...	13 3 $4\frac{3}{4}$	16 12 6	29 15 $10\frac{3}{4}$	2
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	3
...	...	...	6 0 8	6 0 8	4
...	...	...	17 0 0	17 0 0	5
850 0 0	516 0 0	53 13 $10\frac{3}{4}$	54 13 2	1,474 7 $0\frac{3}{4}$	
...	...	...	1 0 0	1 0 0	1
...	...	0 3 0	...	0 3 0	2
...	...	...	9 0 0	9 0 0	3
...	...	...	3 0 0	3 0 0	4
...	...	...	6 12 4	6 12 4	5
...	...	...	...	...	} 6
107 14 7	...	1 8 9	15 13 9	124 17 1	} 6
...	...	...	6 12 8	6 12 8	7
...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	8
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	9
...	...	...	1 0 0	1 0 0	10
...	...	6 1 0	14 11 10	20 12 10	11
...	...	...	3 0 0	3 0 0	12

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPTS FROM Assessment.	Penalties.	Authors of Nuisances, &c.	Other Sources.	Total.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
13	Morton - - -	9 7 3	...	...	...	9 7 3
14	Penpont - - -	11 13 4	...	...	...	11 13 4
15	Sanquhar (Landward) -	15 0 5	...	...	...	15 0 5
	Total -	218 7 0	9 15 0	...	3 18 11	232 0 11
	EDINBURGH.					
1	Calder, Mid - -	5 10 6	...	...	...	5 10 6
2	Calder, West - -	43 6 3¼	...	...	...	43 6 3¼
3	Carrington - - -	...	...	...	...	...
4	Cockpen (Burgh) - -	144 11 7	...	...	...	144 11 7
5	Colinton - - -	159 2 6	...	...	...	159 2 6
6	Corstorphine - -	40 6 2	...	...	...	40 6 2
7	Cramond - - -	...	...	...	...	...
8	Cranston - - -	10 8 0	...	...	4 0 0	14 8 0
9	Crichton - - -	6 6 0	...	...	...	6 6 0
10	Currie - - - -	5 0 0	...	...	...	5 0 0
11	Dalkeith - - -	...	...	...	...	...
12	Edinburgh* - - -	103 5 0¾	...	...	10 18 1	114 3 1¾
13	Inveresk {Burgh - -	72 7 5	...	...	...	72 7 5
	Inveresk {Landward -	...	...	...	...	...
14	Kirknewton - - -	10 0 0	...	...	...	10 0 0
15	Lasswade - - -	...	...	...	...	...
16	Leith† - - -	33 6 0	...	...	...	33 6 0
17	Liberton (Landward) -	18 4 0	...	...	...	18 4 0
18	Newbattle - - -	5 0 0	...	...	...	5 0 0
19	Ratho - - - -	...	...	...	18 9 9	18 9 9
20	St Cuthberts (Landward)	47 15 8	...	...	...	47 15 8
21	Temple - - -	...	...	...	...	...
	Total -	704 9 2	...	...	33 7 10	737 17 0
	ELGIN OR MORAY.					
1	Bellie - - - -	1 1 0	...	...	...	1 1 0
2	Drainie {Burgh - -	...	...	...	...	...
	Drainie {Landward -	16 0 2	...	...	...	16 0 2
3	Duffus - - -	11 11 2	...	...	...	11 11 2
4	Elgin (Burgh)‡ - -	...	1 11 6	9 0 1	55 2 4	65 13 11
5	Kinloss - - -	8 3 6	...	...	...	8 3 6
6	Urquhart - - -	0 13 1½	...	...	...	0 13 1½
	Total -	37 8 11½	1 11 6	9 0 1	55 2 4	103 2 10½
	FIFE.					
1	Abbotshall (Burgh) -	...	...	...	...	...
2	Aberdour - - -	21 10 0	...	5 0 1	7 16 0	34 6 1
3	Anstruther, Easter -	14 11 6	...	...	...	14 11 6
4	Anstruther, W. (Burgh)	...	...	...	100 0 0	100 0 0
5	Auchterderran - -	20 5 2	...	...	0 1 8	20 6 10
6	Auchtertool - - -	...	...	...	1 0 0	1 0 0
7	Beath - - - -	24 18 4½	...	...	...	24 18 4½
8	Burntisland - - -	64 19 9½	...	...	...	64 19 9½
9	Crail (Burgh) - -	...	...	...	200 0 0	200 0 0
10	Cults - - - -	1 0 0	...	...	...	1 0 0
11	Dairsie - - -	1 0 0	...	...	...	1 0 0
12	Dalgety - - -	14 5 11½	...	...	12 5 2½	26 11 2

* *Edinburgh* includes the Parish of Canongate and parts of the Parishes of St Cuthberts, South Leith, and Liberton.

† *Leith* includes the Parish of North Leith and parts of the Parishes of South Leith and St Cuthberts.

‡ *Elgin* includes a part of the Parish of New Spynie.

EXPENDITURE ON					
Drainage.	Water Supply.	Removal of Nuisances.	Other Purposes, including Salaries, &c.	TOTAL.	No.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
...	...	...	3 10 3	3 10 3	13
...	...	...	7 0 11	7 0 11	14
...	...	...	4 0 0	4 0 0	15
107 14 7	...	7 12 9	82 1 9	197 9 1	
...	...	...	5 10 6	5 10 6	1
...	...	9 0 0	39 18 0	48 18 0	2
...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	3
144 11 7	...	...	...	144 11 7	4
...	159 2 6	...	20 0 0	179 2 6	5
...	...	6 10 0	33 6 10	39 16 10	6
7 16 10½	...	38 4 0	....	46 0 10½	7
...	...	8 2 0	6 6 0	14 8 0	8
...	...	...	6 6 0	6 6 0	9
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	10
...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	11
...	...	...	12 1 4	12 1 4	12
...	...	...	47 10 1	47 10 1	} 13
...	...	...	3 3 0	3 3 0	
...	...	0 1 0	8 11 0	8 12 0	14
119 1 11	...	...	20 10 0	139 11 11	15
...	...	51 2 11	93 16 6	144 19 5	16
...	...	...	18 4 0	18 4 0	17
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	18
22 0 1	...	...	...	22 0 1	19
...	...	16 11 0	31 4 8	47 15 8	20
...	...	...	3 3 6	3 3 6	21
293 10 5½	159 2 6	129 10 11	363 11 5	945 15 3½	
...	...	...	1 1 0	1 1 0	1
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	} 2
...	...	...	11 10 11½	11 10 11½	
...	...	...	14 11 5	14 11 5	3
11 8 8	4 3 0	25 6 3	24 16 0	65 13 11	4
...	...	...	8 3 6	8 3 6	5
...	...	...	4 0 0	4 0 0	6
11 8 8	4 3 0	25 6 3	69 2 10½	110 0 9½	
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	1
...	4 0 0	23 8 0	3 8 7	30 16 7	2
9 11 6	...	...	5 0 0	14 11 6	3
...	100 0 0	...	...	100 0 0	4
1 1 4	11 12 5	...	19 6 2	31 19 11	5
...	...	...	2 2 3	2 2 3	6
...	2 15 8	...	3 13 6	6 9 2	7
...	...	...	...	...	8
...	200 0 0	...	...	200 0 0	9
...	...	...	1 0 0	1 0 0	10
...	...	...	1 0 0	1 0 0	11
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	12

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPTS FROM Assessment.	Penalties.	Authors of Nuisances, &c.	Other Sources.	Total.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
13	Denino	2 2 0	...	...	...	2 2 0
14	Dunfermline Burgh	...	...	...	...	...
	Dunfermline Landward	...	...	...	...	...
15	Dysart	54 14 4½	...	...	0 1 0	54 15 4½
16	Falkland	7 7 10¾	...	...	13 2 4½	20 10 3½
17	Ferry-Port-on-Craig	18 7 10½	...	...	...	18 7 10¼
18	Forgan	...	...	...	1 15 0	1 15 0
19	Inverkeithing	...	...	...	...	...
20	Kemback	...	...	...	...	...
21	Kennoway	9 1 3	...	...	...	9 1 3
22	Kilconquhar	15 19 0	...	...	...	15 19 0
23	Kilrenny (Landward)	...	...	...	...	...
24	Kinghorn	15 0 4½	...	...	...	15 0 4½
25	Kinglassie	1 5 8½	...	...	...	1 5 8½
26	Kirkcaldy	281 18 6	...	...	...	281 18 6
27	Largo	4 7 8	...	...	...	4 7 8
28	Leslie	61 14 4	...	...	...	61 14 4
29	Leuchars	...	...	...	...	...
30	Markinch	141 6 8	...	...	1 3 9½	142 10 5½
31	Newburgh	...	...	...	...	...
32	St Andrews (Landward)	98 1 4	...	...	...	98 1 4
33	St Leonards (Landward)	...	...	...	...	...
34	St Monance (Landward)	8 0 5½	...	...	...	8 0 5½
35	Strathmiglo	...	...	...	...	...
36	Wemyss	366 8 7½	...	...	21 2 9	387 11 4½
	Total	1,248 6 10¼	...	5 0 1	358 7 9½	1,611 14 8¾
	FORFAR.					
1	Aberlemno	1 0 0	...	...	...	1 0 0
2	Arbroath*	181 19 0	...	34 11 9	...	216 10 9
3	Brechin Burgh	...	...	...	...	...
	Brechin Landward	...	...	...	...	...
4	Dun	5 0 0	...	...	...	5 0 0
5	Dundee†	...	...	...	461 1 7	461 1 7
6	Edzell	...	...	...	2 3 2	2 3 2
7	Kinnettles	2 10 0	...	...	...	2 10 0
8	Kirriemuir	10 0 0	...	...	...	10 0 0
9	Logie-Pert	2 0 0	...	...	...	2 0 0
10	Mains and Strathmartin	5 0 0	...	...	...	5 0 0
11	Rescobie	1 1 0	...	...	...	1 1 0
12	St Vigeans (Landward)	...	...	...	...	...
13	Tealing	5 0 0	...	...	...	5 0 0
	Total	213 10 0	...	34 11 9	463 4 9	711 6 6
	HADDINGTON.					
1	Aberlady	11 5 10¼	...	...	...	11 5 10¼
2	Dirleton	5 13 8	...	...	...	5 13 8
3	Dunbar Burgh	18 14 9	...	...	...	18 14 9
	Dunbar Landward	10 10 0	...	...	...	10 10 0
4	Gladsmuir	5 0 0	...	...	...	5 0 0
5	Haddington (Burgh)	...	...	...	...	...
6	N. Berwick Burgh	255 0 9½	...	...	...	255 0 9½
	N. Berwick Landward	5 0 0	...	...	...	5 0 0
7	Ormiston	5 10 6	...	...	...	5 10 6

* *Arbroath* includes a part of the Parish of St Vigeans.
† *Dundee* includes the whole Parish of Liff and Benvie.

EXPENDITURE ON					
Drainage.	Water Supply.	Removal of Nuisances.	Other Purposes, including Salaries, &c.	TOTAL.	No.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
...	...	...	2 2 0	2 2 0	13
...	...	...	12 2 0	12 2 0	14
...	...	...	2 2 6	2 2 6	
...	...	...	28 15 9	28 15 9	15
...	...	20 5 3½	3 17 5	24 2 8½	16
18 7 10½	...	...	...	18 7 10½	17
...	...	...	1 1 0	1 1 0	18
...	5 5 0	...	5 0 0	10 5 0	19
...	...	...	1 0 0	1 0 0	20
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	21
...	...	...	11 10 0	11 10 0	22
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	23
...	...	6 15 6	26 14 6	33 10 0	24
0 1 4	...	...	0 16 2¾	0 17 6¾	25
...	...	5 5 0	276 13 6	281 18 6	26
...	...	1 16 9	3 0 0	4 16 9	27
55 17 5	...	...	34 4 5½	90 1 10½	28
...	...	0 5 0	...	0 5 0	29
...	...	...	114 0 2½	114 0 2½	30
...	8 11 1	...	...	8 11 1	31
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	32
...	...	...	0 10 0	0 10 0	33
...	...	...	11 10 0	11 10 0	34
3 14 0	...	...	4 0 0	7 14 0	35
341 8 1	474 15 11	37 6 11	362 10 0	1,216 0 11	36
430 1 6½	807 0 1	95 2 5½	962 0 0¾	2,294 4 1¾	
...	...	...	1 0 0	1 0 0	1
124 5 4	...	41 3 0	29 11 10	195 0 2	2
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	3
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	4
...	20 14 10	...	440 6 9	461 1 7	5
...	...	...	2 3 2	2 3 2	6
...	...	...	2 10 0	2 10 0	7
...	...	...	13 14 3	13 14 3	8
...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	9
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	10
...	...	...	1 1 0	1 1 0	11
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	12
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	13
124 5 4	20 14 10	41 3 0	522 7 0	708 10 2	
0 3 9	...	...	11 8 7	11 12 4	1
5 13 8	...	...	...	5 13 8	2
...	...	2 15 8	10 0 0	12 15 8	3
...	...	...	7 10 4	7 10 4	
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	4
32 10 0	...	...	26 4 5½	58 14 5½	5
71 7 11	...	...	167 11 6	238 19 5	6
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	
...	...	...	5 10 6	5 10 6	7

No.	County and Parish.	Receipts from: Assessment. £	s.	d.	Penalties.	Authors of Nuisances, &c. £	s.	d.	Other Sources. £	s.	d.	Total. £	s.	d.
8	Prestonkirk Burgh -	60	0	0	...	...			30	0	0	90	0	0
	Prestonkirk Landward	...			...	...			...			...		
9	Salton - - - -	9	6	11	...	...			...			9	6	11
10	Tranent - - -	42	10	9	...	...			...			42	10	9
11	Whitekirk - - -	11	15	0¼	...	...			...			11	15	0¼
	Total -	440	8	3	...	...			30	0	0	470	8	3
	INVERNESS.													
1	Ardersier - - -	22	10	0¾	...	...			...			22	10	0¾
2	Harris - - - -	11	2	6	...	...			...			11	2	6
3	Inverness (Burgh) -	...			...	...			...			...		
4	Kilmallie - - -	15	10	0	...	...			6	0	0	21	10	0
5	Petty - - - -	2	0	0	...	...			...			2	0	0
	Total -	51	2	6¾	...	...			6	0	0	57	2	6¾
	KINCARDINE.													
1	Banchory-Devenick -	2	16	10½	...	...			...			2	16	10½
2	Banchory-Ternan -	6	7	3	...	...			...			6	7	3
3	Benholm - - -	30	4	9½	...	...			...			30	4	9½
4	Bervie - - - -	...			...	...			3	0	0	3	0	0
5	Dunottar - - -	...			...	...			...			...		
6	Fettercairn - - -	11	0	11½	...	...			...			11	0	11½
7	Fetteresso - - -	...			...	...			12	3	6	12	3	6
8	Fordoun - - -	5	0	0	...	...			...			5	0	0
9	Kinneff - - -	...			...	...			...			...		
10	Laurencekirk - -	...			...	...			...			...		
11	Nigg - - - -	5	0	0	...	...			...			5	0	0
12	St Cyrus - - -	10	0	0	...	...			...			10	0	0
	Total -	70	9	10½	...	...			15	3	6	85	13	4½
	KINROSS.													
1	Orwell - - - -	...			...	...			...			...		
	Total -	...			...	...			...			...		
	KIRKCUDBRIGHT.													
1	Anwoth (Landward) -	...			...	...			...			...		
2	Carsphairn - - -	...			...	...			...			...		
3	Colvend - - -	...			...	...			...			...		
4	Crossmichael - -	...			...	...			...			...		
5	Dalry - - - -	...			...	...			...			...		
6	Girthon (Landward) -	4	12	5	...	...			...			4	12	5
7	Kirkcudbright - -	...			...	...			...			...		
8	New Abbey - - -	1	1	0	...	...			...			1	1	0
9	Troqueer (Landward) -	4	0	0	...	...			...			4	0	0
	Total -	9	13	5	...	...			...			9	13	5
	LANARK.													
1	Avondale - - -	19	7	11	...	...			...			19	7	11
2	Barony Burgh - -	...			...	...			...			...		
	Barony Landward -	298	0	0	...	67	5	8	24	0	0	389	5	8
3	Blantyre - - -	...			...	...			...			...		
4	Bothwell - - -	189	2	11	...	...			...			189	2	11

EXPENDITURE ON					No.
Drainage.	Water Supply.	Removal of Nuisances.	Other Purposes, including Salaries, &c.	Total.	
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
8 10 0	5 11 6	...	76 1 6	90 3 0	8
...	...	...	7 10 0	7 10 0	
1 17 2	...	...	7 9 9	9 6 11	9
...	...	0 2 6	21 12 2½	21 14 8½	10
...	...	...	9 13 0	9 13 0	11
120 2 6	5 11 6	2 18 2	360 11 10	489 4 0	
...	...	17 18 6	2 0 0	19 18 6	1
...	...	...	7 2 0	7 2 0	2
...	...	...	15 0 0	15 0 0	3
...	...	14 2 0	6 0 0	20 2 0	4
...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	5
...	...	32 0 6	32 2 0	64 2 6	
...	...	...	3 0 0	3 0 0	1
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	2
...	...	6 3 8	9 13 6	15 17 2	3
...	...	...	3 0 0	3 0 0	4
...	...	...	6 10 0	6 10 0	5
...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	6
...	...	...	12 3 6	12 3 6	7
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	8
...	...	...	1 10 0	1 10 0	9
...	...	...	3 2 6	3 2 6	10
...	...	...	...	...	11
...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	12
...	...	6 3 8	52 19 6	59 3 2	
...	...	...	4 0 0	4 0 0	1
...	...	...	4 0 0	4 0 0	
...	...	...	2 10 0	2 10 0	1
0 4 6	...	...	0 5 0	0 9 6	2
...	...	...	0 16 8	0 16 8	3
...	...	...	1 0 0	1 0 0	4
...	...	1 18 11	...	1 18 11	5
...	...	...	4 10 0	4 10 0	6
...	...	...	6 6 0	6 6 0	7
...	...	...	1 1 0	1 1 0	8
...	...	...	4 0 0	4 0 0	9
0 4 6	...	1 18 11	20 8 8	22 12 1	
...	...	...	11 11 10	11 11 10	1
7 13 11	...	23 2 9	20 0 0	50 16 8	2
...	...	108 15 2	296 12 1	405 7 3	
...	...	...	10 0 0	10 0 0	3
715 2 11½	...	...	55 16 5	770 19 4½	4

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPTS FROM Assessment.	Penalties.	Authors of Nuisances, &c.	Other Sources.	Total.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
5	Cadder	14 18 6	...	...	...	14 18 6
6	Cambusnethan (Land.)	...	...	...	...	...
7	Crawfordjohn	4 6 0	...	...	...	4 6 0
8	Culter	...	...	...	...	...
9	Dalserf	48 10 0	...	...	...	48 10 0
10	Douglas	...	...	...	39 0 0	39 0 0
11	Govan {Burgh	691 17 7	38 5 11	...	...	730 3 6
	{Landward	...	...	...	...	...
12	Kilbride, East	...	...	...	...	...
13	Lanark (Burgh)	...	...	...	...	...
14	Monkland, New {Burgh	32 8 7	...	...	...	32 8 7
	{Land.	38 0 0	2 10 0	...	...	40 10 0
15	Monkland, Old	232 1 4	...	...	...	232 1 4
16	Rutherglen {Burgh	...	...	...	...	...
	{Landward	6 9 10	...	...	...	6 9 10
17	Shotts	...	...	...	...	...
18	Stonehouse	23 10 2½	...	...	...	23 10 2½
19	Symington	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	1,598 12 10½	40 15 11	67 5 8	63 0 0	1,769 14 5½
	LINLITHGOW.					
1	Bathgate	218 6 0	...	...	...	218 6 0
2	Borrowstounness (Burgh)	13 11 10¼	...	...	...	13 11 10¼
3	Kirkliston	13 0 0	...	...	...	13 0 0
4	Linlithgow	50 0 0	...	...	...	50 0 0
5	Livingstone	...	...	...	...	...
6	Queensferry	16 3 10¾	...	...	...	16 3 10¾
7	Torphichen	...	...	...	...	...
8	Uphall	...	...	...	...	...
9	Whitburn	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	311 1 9	...	...	...	311 1 9
	ORKNEY & SHETLAND.					
	Orkney.					
1	Kirkwall	26 19 8½	...	...	300 4 1	327 3 9½
	Shetland.					
2	Bressay	2 0 0	...	...	...	2 0 0
3	Lerwick (Burgh)	20 14 11	...	...	...	20 14 11
4	Nesting	1 10 0	...	...	...	1 10 0
	Total	51 4 7½	...	...	300 4 1	351 8 8½
	PEEBLES.					
1	Lyne and Megget	3 3 0	...	...	...	3 3 0
2	Tweedsmuir	3 3 0	...	...	...	3 3 0
	Total	6 6 0	...	...	...	6 6 0
	PERTH.					
1	Abernethy	10 0 0	...	...	...	10 0 0
2	Abernyte	1 0 0	...	...	...	1 0 0
3	Alyth	...	...	...	...	...
4	Auchterarder	20 7 0	...	...	...	20 7 0

EXPENDITURE ON					
Drainage.	Water Supply.	Removal of Nuisances.	Other Purposes, including Salaries, &c.	TOTAL.	No.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
4 8 0	...	...	10 10 6	14 18 6	5
...	...	...	20 0 0	20 0 0	6
...	...	1 6 0	3 0 0	4 6 0	7
...	...	...	2 2 0	2 2 0	8
...	...	2 11 11	5 0 0	7 11 11	9
...	...	39 0 0	...	39 0 0	10
...	4 5 0	...	109 8 10	113 13 10	11
125 9 6	...	...	...	125 9 6	
...	...	5 0 0	10 0 0	15 0 0	12
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	13
12 11 10	...	1 16 9	26 9 8	40 18 3	14
...	...	...	32 0 10	32 0 10	
39 17 2	...	...	27 7 8	67 4 10	15
32 4 6	5 0 0	...	50 3 1	87 7 7	16
...	...	...	5 6 9	5 6 9	
...	...	...	5 12 6	5 12 6	17
...	...	...	20 13 0	20 13 0	18
1 3 0	...	...	...	1 3 0	19
938 10 10½	9 5 0	181 12 7	726 15 2	1,856 3 7½	
...	...	...	225 17 5	225 17 5	1
...	...	...	0 8 0	0 8 0	2
...	0 2 6	...	12 17 6	13 0 0	3
...	...	...	25 0 0	25 0 0	4
...	...	1 18 0	5 0 0	6 18 0	5
1 4 6	...	...	11 1 4	12 5 10	6
...	...	...	3 0 0	3 0 0	7
1 13 4	...	...	19 2 0	20 15 4	8
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	9
2 17 10	0 2 6	1 18 0	307 6 3	312 4 7	
...	...	...	24 13 0	24 13 0	1
...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	2
...	...	...	5 13 2	5 13 2	3
...	...	...	1 10 0	1 10 0	4
...	...	...	33 16 2	33 16 2	
...	...	...	3 3 0	3 3 0	1
...	...	...	3 3 0	3 3 0	2
...	...	...	6 6 0	6 6 0	
...	...	2 2 6	8 2 8	10 5 2	1
...	...	...	1 0 0	1 0 0	2
...	...	12 0 0	...	12 0 0	3
...	...	15 7 0	5 0 0	20 7 0	4

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPTS FROM: Assessment.	Penalties.	Authors of Nuisances, &c.	Other Sources.	TOTAL.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
5	Blackford	...	...	...	4 3 11	4 3 11
6	Blairgowrie	61 5 0	...	...	...	61 5 0
7	Callander (Landward)	22 7 4	...	...	...	22 7 4
8	Caputh	...	...	...	...	...
9	Cargill	...	...	...	...	...
10	Comrie	20 0 0	...	...	...	20 0 0
11	Coupar-Angus	10 0 0	...	...	...	10 0 0
12	Culross	9 7 5	...	...	...	9 7 5
13	Dunblane	46 0 0	...	...	...	46 0 0
14	Forteviot	5 0 0	...	...	...	5 0 0
15	Foulis-Wester	3 0 0	...	...	...	3 0 0
16	Inchture	...	...	...	1 0 0	1 0 0
17	Kilmadock	93 1 9½	...	...	...	93 1 9½
18	Kilspindie	3 3 0	...	...	...	3 3 0
19	Kinnoul (Landward)	...	...	...	...	...
20	Logierait	...	...	...	7 0 0	7 0 0
21	Longforgan	3 17 4	...	...	...	3 17 4
22	Methven	8 0 0	...	...	...	8 0 0
23	Monzie	14 12 3½	...	...	...	14 12 3½
24	Moulin	6 0 0	...	...	...	6 0 0
25	Muckhart	...	...	...	0 10 0	0 10 0
26	Perth { Burgh*	137 0 4	4 0 0	...	...	141 0 4
	Landward	...	...	...	...	...
27	Rattray	...	...	...	...	...
28	Tulliallan	26 10 6	...	...	...	26 10 6
	Total	500 12 0	4 0 0	...	12 13 11	517 5 11
	RENFREW.					
1	Abbey (Landward)	5 0 0	...	...	...	5 0 0
2	Cathcart	51 5 1	...	1 11 6	...	52 16 7
3	Eastwood	61 6 10	...	...	...	61 6 10
4	Erskine	...	...	...	...	...
5	Houston	6 19 2	...	...	...	6 19 2
6	Inchinnan	...	...	...	...	...
7	Innerkip and Gourock	...	...	...	...	...
8	Kilbarchan	46 3 9	...	...	...	46 3 9
9	Kilmalcolm	105 9 10¾	...	...	...	105 9 10¾
10	Neilston	41 19 0	...	...	25 1 0	67 0 0
11	Paisley†	...	...	...	...	...
12	Port-Glasgow	286 14 9	...	...	50 0 0	336 14 9
13	Renfrew (Burgh)	...	...	...	13 10 1	13 10 1
	Total	604 18 5¾	...	1 11 6	88 11 1	695 1 0¾
	ROSS & CROMARTY.					
1	Alness	5 0 0	...	...	...	5 0 0
2	Edderton	2 10 0	...	...	...	2 10 0
3	Fearn	5 10 7	...	...	...	5 10 7
4	Kilmuir, Easter	5 0 0	...	...	...	5 0 0
5	Kiltearn	...	...	...	...	...
6	Kincardine	...	...	...	...	...
7	Lochbroom	6 5 0	...	...	...	6 5 0
8	Lochcarron	...	...	...	...	...
9	Nigg	4 10 7	...	...	...	4 10 7

* *Perth* (Burgh) includes parts of the Parishes of Perth, Tibbermuir, Scone, and Kinnoul.
† *Paisley* includes a part of the Parish of Abbey.

EXPENDITURE ON					
Drainage.	Water Supply.	Removal of Nuisances.	Other Purposes, including Salaries, &c.	TOTAL.	No.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
...	...	...	4 3 11	4 3 11	5
...	...	...	46 12 11	46 12 11	6
...	...	...	7 10 0	7 10 0	7
...	...	...	1 0 0	1 0 0	8
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	9
...	...	...	14 11 9	14 11 9	10
...	...	...	8 3 9	8 3 9	11
...	...	0 11 3	2 1 8	2 12 11	12
...	...	12 1 0	13 15 0	25 16 0	13
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	14
...	...	...	3 0 0	3 0 0	15
...	...	...	1 0 0	1 0 0	16
...	...	13 8 6	12 1 8	25 10 2	17
...	...	...	3 3 0	3 3 0	18
...	...	...	5 7 4	5 7 4	19
...	...	...	7 0 0	7 0 0	20
...	...	0 17 4	3 0 0	3 17 4	21
...	...	...	8 0 0	8 0 0	22
...	...	...	11 2 0	11 2 0	23
...	...	...	6 0 0	6 0 0	24
...	...	...	0 10 0	0 10 0	25
... ...	... ...	82 2 0 ...	23 12 6½ 1 1 0	105 14 6½ 1 1 0	26
4 19 4	...	...	4 0 0	8 19 4	27
3 11 0	...	22 15 6	10 0 0	36 6 6	28
8 10 4	...	161 5 1	220 19 2½	390 14 7½	
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	1
...	15 2 9	11 10 6	37 10 11	64 4 2	2
13 12 6	...	...	23 12 6	37 5 0	3
0 4 0	...	...	2 2 0	2 6 0	4
...	...	1 8 8	8 17 0	10 5 8	5
...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	6
...	...	0 17 0	8 0 0	8 17 0	7
21 15 0	...	...	16 6 6	38 1 6	8
247 11 10	...	2 10 0	16 17 6	266 19 4	9
35 0 0	...	...	32 0 0	67 0 0	10
241 10 10	...	14 0 0	152 13 4	408 4 2	11
...	60 0 0	181 8 7	61 6 6	302 15 1	12
...	...	...	13 10 1	13 10 1	13
559 14 2	75 2 9	211 14 9	379 16 4	1,226 8 0	
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	1
...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	2
...	...	...	5 10 0	5 10 0	3
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	4
...	...	...	0 7 6	0 7 6	5
...	...	...	1 5 0	1 5 0	6
...	...	...	4 0 0	4 0 0	7
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	8
...	...	...	4 7 6	4 7 6	9

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPTS FROM Assessment. £ s. d.	Penalties. £ s. d.	Authors of Nuisances, &c. £ s. d.	Other Sources. £ s. d.	Total. £ s. d.
10	Rosskeen {Burgh	215 5 3	...	...	...	215 5 3
	{Landward	5 0 0	...	...	...	5 0 0
11	Tain (Burgh)	...	...	...	3 0 0	3 0 0
12	Tarbat	12 16 3	...	...	...	12 16 3
	Total	261 17 8	...	...	3 0 0	264 17 8
	ROXBURGH.					
1	Ancrum	7 0 0	...	...	...	7 0 0
2	Ashkirk	1 10 0	...	...	...	1 10 0
3	Bowden	4 8 11	1 0 0	...	10 0 0	15 8 11
4	Castleton	...	...	...	11 14 0	11 14 0
5	Cavers	...	...	...	6 19 2½	6 19 2½
6	Eckford	2 0 0	...	...	...	2 0 0
7	Ednam	2 7 0	...	...	...	2 7 0
8	Hawick (Burgh)*	...	...	0 7 6	...	0 7 6
9	Jedburgh	60 0 0	...	1 5 4	...	61 5 4
10	Kelso {Burgh	...	...	...	...	...
	{Landward	...	...	...	...	...
11	Kirkton	...	...	...	...	...
12	Maxton	1 5 0	...	...	...	1 5 0
13	Melrose (Landward)	10 0 0	...	...	...	10 0 0
14	Morebattle	14 11 0	...	...	...	14 11 0
	Total	103 1 11	1 0 0	1 12 10	28 13 2½	134 7 11½
	SELKIRK.					
1	Ettrick	1 0 0	...	...	...	1 0 0
2	Galashiels (Burgh)†	...	...	...	44 15 4	44 15 4
3	Selkirk {Burgh	10 17 11	...	...	...	10 17 11
	{Landward	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	11 17 11	...	...	44 15 4	56 13 3
	STIRLING.					
1	Airth	6 0 9	...	...	...	6 0 9
2	Alva	68 0 0	...	1 7 7½	...	69 7 7½
3	Bothkennar	...	...	...	...	...
4	Campsie	40 13 4	...	...	...	40 13 4
5	Denny	...	...	...	...	...
6	Drymen	...	...	...	20 9 7	20 9 7
7	Falkirk	...	...	...	...	...
8	Fintry	1 10 0	...	...	...	1 10 0
9	Kilsyth	25 2 6	...	7 1 11	...	32 4 5
10	Larbert	...	...	...	...	...
11	Lecropt	...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0
12	St Ninians (Landward)	20 14 3	...	...	...	20 14 3
13	Stirling‡	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	162 0 10	...	8 9 6½	22 9 7	192 19 11½
	SUTHERLAND.					
1	Assynt	5 0 0	...	...	...	5 0 0
2	Durness	5 0 0	...	...	...	5 0 0
3	Eddrachillis	5 0 0	...	...	...	5 0 0

* *Hawick* includes a part of the Parish of Wilton.
† *Galashiels* (Burgh) includes parts of the Parishes of Galashiels and Melrose.
‡ *Stirling* includes a part of the Parish of St Ninians.

EXPENDITURE ON					
Drainage.	Water Supply.	Removal of Nuisances.	Other Purposes, including Salaries, &c.	Total.	No.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
...	138 9 9	...	85 15 6	224 5 3 }	10
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0 }	
...	...	...	3 0 0	3 0 0	11
...	...	8 0 9	6 0 0	14 0 9	12
...	138 9 9	8 0 9	132 5 6	278 16 0	
...	...	...	6 1 2	6 1 2	1
...	...	...	1 10 0	1 10 0	2
...	...	5 9 10	6 4 0	11 13 10	3
...	...	12 8 3	6 0 0	18 8 3	4
3 0 2½	...	...	3 19 0	6 19 2½	5
...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	6
...	...	1 6 0	1 1 0	2 7 0	7
...	...	0 19 0	40 0 0	40 19 0	8
...	...	1 5 4	15 0 0	16 5 4	9
...	...	0 5 0	17 2 0	17 7 0 }	10
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0 }	
...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	11
...	...	...	1 5 0	1 5 0	12
...	...	...	10 0 0	10 0 0	13
...	...	...	14 11 0	14 11 0	14
3 0 2½	...	21 13 5	131 13 2	156 6 9½	
...	...	...	1 0 0	1 0 0	1
...	...	21 10 11	23 4 5	44 15 4	2
...	...	2 10 0	10 0 0	12 10 0 }	3
...	...	...	1 0 0	1 0 0 }	
...	...	24 0 11	35 4 5	59 5 4	
...	...	...	...	...	1
15 0 0	0 5 1½	32 0 0	15 0 0	62 5 1½	2
...	...	0 8 0	5 16 6	6 4 6	3
...	...	...	39 11 0	39 11 0	4
...	...	...	6 8 6	6 8 6	5
...	...	...	2 5 0	2 5 0	6
...	...	...	14 8 5	14 8 5	7
...	...	...	1 10 0	1 10 0	8
...	1,531 9 10	...	34 5 6	1,565 15 4	9
...	...	...	4 0 0	4 0 0	10
...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	11
...	...	7 19 3	...	7 19 3	12
...	...	...	24 7 0	24 7 0	13
15 0 0	1,531 14 11½	40 7 3	149 11 11	1,736 14 1½	
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	1
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	2
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	3

No.	County and Parish.	RECEIPTS FROM Assessment.	Penalties.	Authors of Nuisances, &c.	Other Sources.	Total.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
4	Golspie	1 0 0	...	...	...	1 0 0
5	Kildonan	15 17 8	...	...	9 16 0	25 13 8
	Total	31 17 8	...	...	9 16 0	41 13 8
	WIGTON.					
1	Glasserton	...	...	...	4 0 0	4 0 0
2	Inch	...	...	...	...	...
3	Kirkcolm	...	...	...	...	...
4	Kirkinner	...	...	...	...	...
5	Luce, Old	27 0 0	...	...	...	27 0 0
6	Mochrum	53 7 2	...	...	...	53 7 2
7	Portpatrick	...	...	...	2 4 6	2 4 6
8	Stoneykirk	...	...	...	...	...
9	Stranraer	...	...	...	...	...
10	Whithorn	18 4 8	...	...	...	18 4 8
11	Wigton {Burgh	...	...	...	1 16 10½	1 16 10½
	Wigton {Landward	...	...	...	1 16 10½	1 16 10½
	Total	98 11 10	...	...	9 18 3	108 10 1
	SUMMARY OF ABSTRACT					
1	Aberdeen	913 7 7¼	...	4 6 10½	18 6 8	936 1 1¾
2	Argyll	456 5 5¼	12 12 0	16 7 6	2337 5 2	2,822 10 1¼
3	Ayr	678 5 8½	...	22 12 9	80 16 6	781 14 11½
4	Banff	83 7 7½	...	107 18 10	74 0 0	265 6 5½
5	Berwick	154 6 9	...	...	3 12 0	157 18 9
6	Bute	84 11 0	...	...	...	84 11 0
7	Caithness	18 18 0	...	...	10 0 0	28 18 0
8	Clackmannan	20 0 0	...	...	...	20 0 0
9	Dumbarton	158 7 3¾	...	...	19 2 4	177 9 7¾
10	Dumfries	218 7 0	9 15 0	...	3 18 11	232 0 11
11	Edinburgh	704 9 2	...	...	33 7 10	737 17 0
12	Elgin	37 8 11½	1 11 6	9 0 1	55 2 4	103 2 10½
13	Fife	1,248 6 10¼	...	5 0 1	358 7 9½	1,611 14 8¾
14	Forfar	213 10 0	...	34 11 9	463 4 9	711 6 6
15	Haddington	440 8 3	...	...	30 0 0	470 8 3
16	Inverness	51 2 6¾	...	...	6 0 0	57 2 6¾
17	Kincardine	70 9 10½	...	...	15 3 6	85 13 4½
18	Kinross	...	...	...	...	...
19	Kirkcudbright	9 13 5	...	...	...	9 13 5
20	Lanark	1,598 12 10½	40 15 11	67 5 8	63 0 0	1,769 14 5½
21	Linlithgow	311 1 9	...	...	...	311 1 9
22	Orkney and Shetland	51 4 7½	...	...	300 4 1	351 8 8½
23	Peebles	6 6 0	...	...	...	6 6 0
24	Perth	500 12 0	4 0 0	...	12 13 11	517 5 11
25	Renfrew	604 18 5¾	...	1 11 6	88 11 1	695 1 0¾
26	Ross	261 17 8	...	...	3 0 0	264 17 8
27	Roxburgh	103 1 11	1 0 0	1 12 10	28 13 2½	134 7 11½
28	Selkirk	11 17 11	...	...	44 15 4	56 13 3
29	Stirling	162 0 10	...	8 9 6½	22 9 7	192 19 11½
30	Sutherland	31 17 8	...	...	9 16 0	41 13 8
31	Wigtown	98 11 10	...	...	9 18 3	108 10 1
	Total	9,303 9 1	69 14 5	278 15 5	4,091 9 3	13,743 10 2

EXPENDITURE ON					
Drainage.	Water Supply.	Removal of Nuisances.	Other Purposes, including Salaries, &c.	Total.	No.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
1 0 0	...	...	...	1 0 0	4
...	...	25 13 8	...	25 13 8	5
1 0 0	...	25 13 8	15 0 0	41 13 8	

...	...	...	4 0 0	4 0 0	1
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	2
2 17 2	...	...	3 0 0	5 17 2	3
...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	4
...	...	...	18 8 5	18 8 5	5
...	31 7 2	...	22 0 0	53 7 2	6
...	...	0 4 6	2 0 0	2 4 6	7
...	...	...	10 0 0	10 0 0	8
...	...	...	10 0 0	10 0 0	9
...	...	...	20 0 0	20 0 0	10
...	...	...	1 16 10½	1 16 10½	11
...	...	...	1 16 10½	1 16 10½	
2 17 2	31 7 2	0 4 6	100 2 2	134 11 0	

OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.

15 13 1	...	74 3 10½	421 8 6½	511 5 6	1
2,413 2 7	1 9 9	127 3 0½	209 6 3	2,751 1 7½	2
62 10 3	2,043 11 2	201 12 5	449 11 7½	2,757 5 5½	3
0 13 6	...	117 12 11	136 13 1½	254 19 6½	4
14 7 9	2 0 0	42 14 5	55 14 1	114 16 3	5
84 11 0	...	...	1 19 0	86 10 0	6
...	...	2 18 0	21 1 0	23 19 0	7
...	...	20 13 2	26 3 0	46 16 2	8
850 0 0	516 0 0	53 13 10¾	54 13 2	1,474 7 0¾	9
107 14 7	...	7 12 9	82 1 9	197 9 1	10
293 10 5½	159 2 6	129 10 11	363 11 5	945 15 3½	11
11 8 8	4 3 0	25 6 3	69 2 10½	110 0 9½	12
430 1 6½	807 0 1	95 2 5½	962 0 0¾	2,294 4 1¾	13
124 5 4	20 14 10	41 3 0	522 7 0	708 10 2	14
120 2 6	5 11 6	2 18 2	360 11 10	489 4 0	15
...	...	32 0 6	32 2 0	64 2 6	16
...	...	6 3 8	52 19 6	59 3 2	17
...	...	...	4 0 0	4 0 0	18
0 4 6	...	1 18 11	20 8 8	22 12 1	19
938 10 10½	9 5 0	181 12 7	726 15 2	1,856 3 7½	20
2 17 10	0 2 6	1 18 0	307 6 3	312 4 7	21
...	...	...	33 16 2	33 16 2	22
...	...	...	6 6 0	6 6 0	23
8 10 4	...	161 5 1	220 19 2½	390 14 7½	24
559 14 2	75 2 9	211 14 9	379 16 4	1,226 8 0	25
...	138 9 9	8 0 9	132 5 6	278 16 0	26
3 0 2½	...	21 13 5	131 13 2	156 6 9½	27
...	...	24 0 11	35 4 5	59 5 4	28
15 0 0	1,531 14 11½	40 7 3	149 11 11	1,736 14 1½	29
1 0 0	...	25 13 8	15 0 0	41 13 8	30
2 17 2	31 7 2	0 4 6	100 2 2	134 11 0	31
6,059 16 4	5,345 14 11½	1,658 19 3¼	6,084 11 2¼	19,149 1 9	

APPENDIX (B.)—No. 13.

ABSTRACT of RETURNS from all Parishes of the Number of Persons Vaccinated by the Vaccinators appointed in terms of the Act 26 and 27 Vict. c. 108, for the Half-year ended 31st December 1868.

No.	COUNTIES.	Population in 1861.	Number of Persons Vaccinated during the Half-year.		Number of Cases which have been certified to be Insusceptible during the Half-year.		Number of Persons Vaccinated during the Half-year who were not in receipt of Parochial Relief.	Proportion of Persons Successfully Vaccinated to Population.
			Successfully.	Unsuccessfully.	On the ground of Constitutional Insusceptibility.	On the ground of previous Successful Vaccination.		
								Per cent.
1	Aberdeen - -	222,550	258	2	2	1	2	0·11
2	Argyll - -	79,587	81	1	1	...	49	0·11
3	Ayr - - -	199,063	92	2	...	7	21	0·04
4	Banff - - -	57,901	9	...	...	...	...	0·01
5	Berwick - -	36,488	4	...	...	...	...	0·01
6	Bute - - -	16,331	11	...	...	6	8	0·06
7	Caithness - -	42,200	100	...	...	...	6	0·23
8	Clackmannan -	23,605	5	...	...	...	...	0·02
9	Dumbarton - -	54,179	33	...	...	1	25	0·06
10	Dumfries - -	75,904	14	...	2	6	3	0·01
11	Edinburgh - -	274,083	89	3	1	11	10	0·03
12	Elgin - - -	43,131	9	1	...	1	1	0·02
13	Fife - - -	155,021	22	...	...	1	2	0·01
14	Forfar - - -	204,425	525	29	3	21	470	0·25
15	Haddington -	37,626	10	11	...	11	...	0·02
16	Inverness - -	89,174	291	5	1	...	210	0·32
17	Kincardine - -	34,854	6	1	...	...	...	0·01
18	Kinross - -	7,147	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	Kirkcudbright -	42,495	10	...	...	...	...	0·02
20	Lanark - -	640,444	204	5	...	97	47	0·03
21	Linlithgow - -	39,055	23	...	...	...	11	0·05
22	Nairn - - -	8,347	10	...	...	...	9	0·11
23	Orkney & Shetland	64,065	17	...	...	...	7	0·02
24	Peebles - -	11,300	3	...	...	...	2	0·02
25	Perth - - -	133,086	26	...	...	...	2	0·01
26	Renfrew - -	168,746	64	1	1	17	30	0·03
27	Ross - - -	82,427	62	1	...	1	57	0·07
28	Roxburgh - -	54,362	3	...	...	...	...	0·00
29	Selkirk - -	9,770	...	...	...	...	...	...
30	Stirling - -	88,676	51	1	...	3	37	0·05
31	Sutherland - -	24,157	11	...	1	...	11	0·04
32	Wigtown - -	42,095	133	...	...	2	110	0·31
	Total	3,062,294	2,176	63	12	186	1,130	0·07

APPENDIX (B.)—No. 13.

ABSTRACT of RETURNS from all Parishes of the Number of Persons Vaccinated by the Vaccinators appointed in terms of the Act 26 and 27 Vict. c. 108, for the Half-year ended 30th June 1869.

No.	COUNTIES.	Population in 1861.	Number of Persons Vaccinated during the Half-year.		Number of Cases which have been certified to be Insusceptible during the Half-year.		Number of Persons Vaccinated during the Half-year who were not in receipt of Parochial Relief.	Proportion of Persons Successfully Vaccinated to Population.
			Successfully.	Unsuccessfully.	On the ground of Constitutional Insusceptibility.	On the ground of previous Successful Vaccination.		
								Per cent.
1	Aberdeen - -	222,550	220	...	...	...	19	0·09
2	Argyll - -	79,587	121	1	1	...	84	0·15
3	Ayr - - -	199,063	87	1	1	...	18	0·04
4	Banff - - -	57,901	10	...	...	...	...	0·01
5	Berwick - -	36,488	2	...	...	...	...	0·00
6	Bute - - -	16,331	3	...	...	...	2	0·01
7	Caithness - -	42,200	110	...	...	16	96	0·26
8	Clackmannan -	23,605	6	...	...	...	...	0·02
9	Dumbarton - -	54,179	30	1	...	2	22	0·05
10	Dumfries - -	75,904	12	...	...	8	5	0·01
11	Edinburgh - -	274,083	57	1	...	6	2	0·02
12	Elgin - - -	43,131	7	...	...	...	...	0·01
13	Fife - - -	155,021	26	...	...	...	5	0·01
14	Forfar - -	204,425	572	10	...	7	503	0·27
15	Haddington -	37,626	7	...	...	...	1	0·01
16	Inverness - -	89,174	320	17	...	...	325	0·35
17	Kincardine - -	34,854	2	...	...	...	...	0·00
18	Kinross - -	7,147	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	Kirkcudbright -	42,495	18	...	...	...	...	0·04
20	Lanark - -	640,444	221	4	...	129	155	0·03
21	Linlithgow - -	39,055	8	...	...	...	1	0·02
22	Nairn - - -	8,347	14	...	...	...	13	0·16
23	Orkney & Shetland	64,065	8	...	...	...	5	0·01
24	Peebles - -	11,300	3	...	...	...	3	0·02
25	Perth - - -	133,086	33	...	...	...	9	0·02
26	Renfrew - -	168,746	85	4	2	25	39	0·05
27	Ross - - -	82,427	52	2	...	2	48	0·06
28	Roxburgh - -	54,362	8	...	...	...	1	0·01
29	Selkirk - -	9,770	1	...	...	...	...	0·01
30	Stirling - -	88,676	53	...	1	...	31	0·05
31	Sutherland - -	24,157	33	...	...	...	33	0·13
32	Wigtown - -	42,095	104	...	...	...	93	0·24
	Total -	3,062,294	2,233	41	5	195	1,513	0·07

APPENDIX (B.)—No. 14.

ABSTRACT of RETURNS from all Parishes of the Number of Defaulters under the 18th Section of the Vaccination (Scotland) Act, 26 and 27 Vict. c. 108, for the Year ended 30th June 1869.

No.	COUNTIES.	Population in 1861.	No. of Defaulters under the 18th Section of the Act Reported by Registrars.	No. of Persons Vaccinated in terms of the 18th Section.	No. of Prosecutions for Penalties under the 25th Section of the Act.	No. of such Prosecutions in which Penalties have been adjudged.
1	Aberdeen - - -	222,550	55	10	...	...
2	Argyll - - - -	79,587	94	63	...	...
3	Ayr - - - -	199,063	150	34	...	...
4	Banff - - - -	57,901	2	1	...	...
5	Berwick - - - -	36,488	7	3	1	...
6	Bute - - - -	16,331	17	17	...	...
7	Caithness - - -	42,200	78	17	...	...
8	Clackmannan - -	23,605	4	4	...	...
9	Dumbarton - - -	54,179	75	26	...	...
10	Dumfries - - -	75,904	77	13	...	...
11	Edinburgh - - -	274,083	282	32	...	...
12	Elgin - - - -	43,131	21	3	...	...
13	Fife - - - -	155,021	29	2	...	...
14	Forfar - - - -	204,425	707	128	...	...
15	Haddington - - -	37,626	58	19	3	1
16	Inverness - - -	89,174	488	321	2	2
17	Kincardine - - -	34,854	...	...	...	...
18	Kinross - - -	7,147	5	3	...	...
19	Kirkcudbright - -	42,495	19	8	...	...
20	Lanark - - - -	640,444	1,585	113	2	1
21	Linlithgow - - -	39,055	86	34	...	...
22	Nairn - - - -	8,347	3	...	...	...
23	Orkney & Shetland -	64,065	62	41	...	...
24	Peebles - - - -	11,300	1	1	...	...
25	Perth - - - -	133,086	34	12	...	...
26	Renfrew - - -	168,746	352	87	1	1
27	Ross - - - -	82,427	137	75	...	...
28	Roxburgh - - -	54,362	16	6	...	...
29	Selkirk - - - -	9,770	1	1	...	...
30	Stirling - - - -	88,676	70	26	...	...
31	Sutherland - - -	24,157	75	50	...	...
32	Wigtown - - -	42,095	22	7	...	...
	Total -	3,062,294	4,607	1,157	9	5

APPENDIX (B.)—No. 15.

LIST of PARISHES arranged according to Counties, showing the MODE OF ASSESSMENT, the Number of MANAGERS or ELECTED MEMBERS, and the DAY of ELECTION—as at 4th August 1869.

The MODE OF ASSESSMENT is indicated by the following abbreviations:—
1—First Mode, specified in 8 and 9 Vict., c. 83, § 34.
1 C—First Mode, with a Classification of Rates upon Tenants and Occupants.
E U—Established Usage.
In Parishes unassessed the column is blank.

No.	COUNTIES.	Mode of Assessment.	No. of Managers or Elected Members.	Day fixed for Election.
	ABERDEEN.			
	Aberdeen -	1 C	15	1st Tu Feb
	Aberdour -	...	...	
	Aboyne - -	1	3	2d Mon Sept
	Alford - -	1	2	3d Sat Mar
	Auchindoir -	1 C	2	2d Tu Mar
	Auchterless -	1	3	Last Sat Dec
	Belhelvie -	1	3	Last Sat Nov
	Birse - -	1	3	1st Mon Mar
	Bourtie - -	...	...	
	Cairnie - -	1	3	2d Sat May
	Chapel-Garioch	1	3	2d Sat after 1st Tu Aug
	Clatt - -	1	2	4th Sat Mar
	Cluny - -	1	2	2d Th June
	Coull - -	1	2	2d Sat May
	Crathie, etc. -	1	3	1st Mon Aug
	Crimond -	1	2	3d Mon Dec
	Cruden - -	1	3	Last Sat Nov
	Culsamond -	1	2	3d Sat Dec
	Daviot - -	...	...	
	Deer, New -	...	...	
	Deer, Old -	1	6	3d Sat April
	Drumblade -	1	2	2d Tu Jan
	Drumoak -	1	2	
	Dyce - -	1	1	4th Mon May
	Echt - -	...	...	
	Ellon - -	1 C	4	1st Mon Dec
	Fintray - -	1	2	1st Sat April
	Forgue - -	1	4	2d Mon June
	Foveran - -	1	3	2d Mon Mar
	Fraserburgh -	1	6	1st Thur Mar
	Fyvie - -	1	5	Last Sat Mar
	Gartly - -	1	2	4th Mon Jan
	Glass - -	1	2	2d Fri April
	Glenbucket -	1	2	1st Th Nov
	Glenmuick -	1	3	2d Wed Mar
	Huntly - -	1 C	5	2d Wed April
	Insch - -	1	3	2d Mon April
	Inverurie -	1 C	3	3d Fri April
	Keig - -	1	2	Last Fri June
	Keithhall, etc.	...	...	
	Kemnay - -	1	2	2d Sat Feb
	Kildrummy -	...	...	
	Kincardine O'Neil	1	3	3d Sat Jan
	King-Edward -	1	4	4th Mon Jan
	Kinnellar -	1	2	Last Sat Aug
	Kinnethmont -	1	2	2d Tu Feb
47	Kintore - -	1 C	2	1st Th Nov
48	Leochel-Cushnie	...	...	
49	Leslie - -	1	2	2d Mon Aug
50	Logie-Buchan	1	2	Last Tu Dec
51	Logie-Coldstone	1	2	1st Sat Dec
52	Longside -	1	4	1st Sat Dec
53	Lonmay - -	1	3	3d Sat April
54	Lumphanan -	1	2	Last Mon Apr
55	Machar, New -	1	2	2d Wed Mar
56	Machar, Old -	1 C	20	1st Tu May
57	Meldrum -	1	3	4th Th June
58	Methlic - -	1	3	Last Sat Aug
59	Midmar - -	1	2	Last Th Aug
60	Monquhitter -	1	3	1st Sat Oct
61	Monymusk -	1	2	3d Wed Mar
62	Newhills -	1 C	4	4th Mon Dec
63	Oyne - -	1	2	4th Mon Oct
64	Peterculter -	1	3	2d Sat Dec
65	Peterhead -	U	10	Last Mon July
66	Pitsligo - -	1	3	1st Mon June
67	Premnay -	1	2	3d Sat May
68	Rathen - -	1	3	3d Sat June
69	Rayne - -	...	...	
70	Rhynie - -	1 C	2	1st Sat May
71	Skene - -	1	3	1st Sat July
72	Slains - -	1 C	2	Last Sat March
73	Strathdon -	1	3	3d Tu Nov
74	Strichen - -	1	3	3d Mon July
75	Tarland & Migvie	1	2	1st Fri May
76	Tarves - -	1	3	4th Mon Nov
77	Tough - -	1	2	4th Wed Jan
78	Towie - -	1	2	Last Sat April
79	Tullynessle -	1	2	Last Th Mar
80	Turriff - -	1	4	3d Mon Dec
81	Tyrie - -	1	4	3d Sat Feb
82	Udny - -	1	3	4th Sat Dec
	ARGYLL.			
1	Ardchattan, etc.	1	3	3d Tu July
2	Ardnamurchan	1	14	Wed, Th, Fri, & Sat preceding 9th June
3	Campbeltown -	1 C	9	4th Tu April
4	Coll - -	1	3	2d Tu April
5	Colonsay & Oronsay	...	...	
6	Craignish -	1	2	4th Tu Nov
7	Dunoon & Kilmun	1 C	5	3d Mon July
8	Gigha - -	1	2	2d Wed Dec
9	Glassary -	1	6	2d Mon June

No.	COUNTIES.	Mode of Assessment.	No. of Managers or Elected Members.	Day fixed for Election.
10	Glenorchy, etc.	1	5	2d Tu Dec & 2d Fri Feb
11	Inverary -	1	3	4th Tu Mar
12	Inverchaolain -	...	...	
13	Jura - -	...	...	
14	Kilbrandon -	1	4	Last Tu April
15	Kilcalmonell, etc.	1	4	3d Tu Dec
16	Kilchoman -	1	4	4th Tu May
17	Kilchrenan, etc.	1	2	2d Tues July
18	Kildalton -	1	4	4th Wed May
19	Kilfinan - -	1	3	4th Wed Aug
20	Kilfinichen -	1	4	Last Tu May
21	Killarrow -	1	5	4th Mon May
22	Killean, etc. -	1	3	1st Tu Mar
23	Kilmartin -	1	2	4th Wed Jan
24	Kilmodan -	...	...	
25	Kilmore, etc. -	1 C	4	3d Fri Mar
26	Kilninian, etc.	1	5	4th Mon May
27	Kilninver, etc.	1	2	3d Th Feb
28	Knapdale, North	1	3	1st Wed Nov
29	Knapdale, South	1	3	3d Fri Oct
30	Lismore & Appin	1	5	1st Mon April
31	Lochgoilhead -	1	2	1st Th Nov
32	Morven - -	1	2	3d Fri Nov
33	Saddell, etc. -	1	4	1st Tu Feb
34	Southend -	1	3	1st Wed Nov
35	Strachur -	1	2	2d Wed Dec
36	Stralachlan -	...	...	
37	Torosay - -	1	3	2d Fri Dec
38	Tyree - -	1	5	2d Th Nov
	AYR.			
1	Ardrossan -	1 C	7	3d Fri July
2	Auchinleck -	...	...	
3	Ayr - -	1 C	12	3d Mon Aug
4	Ballantrae -	1	3	2d Th June
5	Barr - -	1	2	2d Sat Jan
6	Beith - -	1 C	7	2d Fri Jan
7	Colmonell -	1	4	3d Th Mar
8	Coylton - -	1	2	2d Mon July
9	Craigie - -	...	...	
10	Cumnock, New	1 C	3	3d Sat June
11	Cumnock, Old	1 C	4	4th Tu Nov
12	Dailly - -	1	3	1st Fri April
13	Dalmellington	1	2	2d Th April
14	Dalry - -	1 C	6	1st Th June
15	Dalrymple -	1	2	1st Sat May
16	Dreghorn -	1	2	3rd Tu Sept
17	Dundonald -	1	7	4th Tu Aug
18	Dunlop - -	1 C	2	2d Th May
19	Fenwick - -	1	3	4th Wed May
20	Galston - -	1	6	1st Th Dec
21	Girvan - -	1 C	8	1st Wed Feb
22	Irvine - -	1 C	6	4th Th July
23	Kilbirnie -	1 C	6	1st Tu Sept
24	Kilbride, West	1 C	3	1st Sat Nov
25	Kilmarnock -	1 C	15	Last Th July
26	Kilmaurs -	1	5	3d Sat Oct
27	Kilwinning -	1 C	8	4th Fri Jan
28	Kirkmichael -	...	...	
29	Kirkoswald -	1	3	2d Wed Oct
30	Largs - -	1 C	5	2d Mon Feb
31	Loudoun - -	1	5	3d Th July
32	Mauchline -	...	...	
33	Maybole - -	1 C	8	3d Mon Aug
34	Monkton - -	1	3	1st Mon May
35	Muirkirk - -	1 C	6	1st Tu April
36	Newton-upon-Ayr	1	5	2d Th Sept
37	Ochiltree -	1 C	3	3d Mon April
38	Riccarton -	1	4	3d Sat Aug
39	St Quivox -	1	7	Last Tu Mar
40	Sorn - -	1 C	5	Last Sat Sept
41	Stair - -	1	2	3d Sat June
42	Stevenston -	1 C	5	Last Sat May
43	Stewarton -	1 C	6	3d Sat June
44	Straiton - -	...	...	
45	Symington -	1	2	1st Sat Sept
46	Tarbolton -	1	4	Last Th April
	BANFF.			
1	Aberlour -	1	3	1st Tues Mar
2	Alvah - -	1	2	1st Mon Nov
3	Banff - -	1	5	3d Tu May
4	Boharm - -	1	2	4th Th Dec
5	Botriphnie -	1	2	1st Wed Nov
6	Boyndie - -	1	3	3d Sat April
7	Cabrach - -	1	2	1st Sat Nov
8	Cullen - -	1 C	3	2d Tu Oct
9	Deskford -	1	3	2d Wed April
10	Fordyce & Portsoy	1	4	3d Fri Nov
11	Forglen - -	1	2	1st Sat July
12	Gamrie & Macduff	1	6	1st Fri July, 2d Fri Aug
13	Grange - -	1	3	4th Mon July
14	Inveravon -	1	3	4th Wed Apri
15	Inverkeithny -	1	2	1st Sat July
16	Keith - -	1 C	7	2d Th Sept
17	Kirkmichael -	1 C	4	Last Fri Sept
18	Marnoch - -	1	4	4th Mon Apri
19	Mortlach - -	1 C	4	3d Sat April
20	Ordiquhill -	1	2	4th Wed Nov
21	Rathven - -	1 C	8	Last Tu Mar
22	Rothiemay -	1	2	1st Mon Aug
23	St Fergus -	1	3	1st Th April
	BERWICK.			
1	Abbey St Bathans	1	1	2d Mon Mar
2	Ayton - -	1	3	1st Mon Mar
3	Bunkle & Preston	E U	2	2d Fri May
4	Channelkirk -	1	2	3d Fri March
5	Chirnside -	1	2	4th Mon Feb
6	Cockburnspath	1	2	3d Th April
7	Coldingham -	1	4	2d Mon Nov
8	Coldstream -	1	4	4th Wed Jan
9	Cranshaws -	...	...	
10	Dunse - -	1	4	2d Wed Feb
11	Earlstoun -	1	3	2d Wed Feb
12	Eccles - -	1	3	Last Sat Jan
13	Edrom - -	1	2	2d Mon Mar
14	Eyemouth -	1	2	3d Tu May
15	Fogo - -	1	1	3d Mon April
16	Foulden - -	1	2	Last Wed Ma
17	Gordon - -	1	2	3d Wed Feb

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	Greenlaw -	E U	2	Last Fri April
	Hume - -	E U	1	3d Sat Nov
	Hutton - -	1	2	3d Tu Feb
	Ladykirk -	1	2	3d Fri April
	Langton - -	E U	1	4th Mon Feb
	Lauder - -	1	3	2d Fri July
	Legerwood -	1	2	Last Th Jan
	Longformacus	1	1	2d Th Aug
	Mertoun -	1	2	2d Th Feb
	Mordington -	1	1	2d Mon April
	Nenthorn -	1	1	4th Sat Jan
	Polwarth -	1	1	3d Th April
	Swinton - -	1	2	2d Mon July
	Westruther -	E U	2	1st Tu Feb
	Whitsome -	1	2	3d Fri Mar
	BUTE.			
	Cumbraes -	1	2	3d Fri June
	Kilbride (Arran)	1	4	{4th Wed and 4th Th Oct
	Kilmory - -	1	4	{Last Tu, Wed, Th, and Fri, May
	Kingarth -	1	2	4th Wed Aug
	North Bute -	1	2	Last Fri Mar
	Rothesay -	1 C	7	3d Th June
	CAITHNESS.			
	Bower - -	...	...	
	Canisbay -	1	3	3d Tu Sept
	Dunnet - -	1	3	1st Wed Nov
	Halkirk - -	1	4	Last Wed Oct
	Latheron -	1	8	{2d Th May, & succeeding Fri and Sat
	Olrick - -	1	3	2d Th Oct
	Reay - -	1	4	2d Th June
	Thurso - -	1	6	1st Wed July
	Watten - -	...	...	
	Wick - -	1	11	1st Tu May
	CLACKMANNAN			
	Alloa - -	1 C	8	1st Th May
2	Clackmannan -	1 C	7	3d Tu May
3	Dollar - -	1 C	3	2d Tu Aug
4	Logie - -	1 C	3	3d Sat Dec
5	Tillicoultry -	1 C	6	Last Fri Nov
	DUMBARTON.			
	Arrochar -	...	...	
2	Bonhill - -	1 C	8	3d Sat Oct
3	Cardross - -	1 C	7	4th Wed Sept
4	Cumbernauld -	1	5	Last Sat May
5	Dumbarton -	1 C	5	2d Fri Feb
6	Kilmaronock -	1	2	1st Th Nov
7	Kilpatrick, New	1 C	5	1st Sat May
8	Kilpatrick, Old	1 C	8	4th Tu Jan
9	Kirkintilloch -	1 C	9	Last Mon July
0	Luss - -	1	2	2d Tu Dec
1	Roseneath -	1	2	3d Sat Aug
2	Row - -	1 C	7	2d Fri May

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	DUMFRIES.			
1	Annan - -	1	6	3d Tu Oct
2	Applegarth -	...	...	
3	Caerlaverock -	1	2	3d Sat June
4	Canonbie -	1	4	Last Mon May
5	Closeburn -	1	3	Last Tu June
6	Cummertrees -	1	2	3d Mon June
7	Dalton - -	1	2	Last Sat Jan
8	Dornock - -	1	2	2d Tu July
9	Dryfesdale -	1	2	4th Mon June
10	Dumfries -	1	10	1st Fri Aug
11	Dunscore -	1	3	3d Mon May
12	Durrisdeer -	1	2	2d Wed Aug
13	Eskdalemuir -	E U	2	2d Sat April
14	Ewes - -	E U	1	1st Tu Dec
15	Glencairn -	1	3	2d Sat April
16	Graitny - -	1	3	4th Fri Mar
17	Half-Morton -	1	2	2d Tu May
18	Hoddam - -	1	3	4th Sat April
19	Holywood -	1	2	3d Tu Aug
20	Hutton - -	1	2	3d Mon Nov
21	Johnstone -	1	2	4th Fri Sept
22	Keir - -	1	2	3d Fri May
23	Kirkconnell -	1	2	1st Wed July
24	Kirkmahoe -	1	3	2d Tu Dec
25	Kirkmichael -	1	2	4th Sat Dec
26	Kirkpatrick-Flem.	1	3	1st Sat May
27	Kirkpatrick-Juxta	1	2	2d Fri March
28	Langholm -	1	4	1st Fri Feb
29	Lochmaben -	1	4	1st Mon Feb
30	Middlebie -	1	3	2d Sat May
31	Moffat - -	1	3	4th Fri June
32	Morton - -	1	3	4th Th June
33	Mousewald -	1	2	3d Sat Mar
34	Penpont - -	1	2	1st Mon June
35	Ruthwell - -	1	2	4th Fri July
36	St Mungo -	1	2	2d Fri June
37	Sanquhar -	1	4	4th Sat Oct
38	Tinwald - -	...	...	
39	Torthorwald -	1	2	3d Th May
40	Tundergarth -	1	2	4th Sat May
41	Tynron - -	1	1	2d Sat May
42	Wamphray -	1	2	2d Sat Jan
43	Westerkirk -	E U	2	Last Th Jan
	EDINBURGH.			
1	Borthwick -	1	3	1st Th June
2	Calder, Mid -	1	2	2d Fri June
3	Calder, West -	1	2	4th Sat Aug
4	Canongate -	1	10	4th Tu Oct
5	Carrington -	1	2	2d Mon July
6	Cockpen - -	1	3	2d Sat May
7	Colinton - -	1 C	3	Last Fri Oct
8	Corstorphine -	1	2	2d Sat May
9	Cramond - -	1	3	2d Sat Aug
10	Cranston -	1	2	1st Tu April
11	Crichton - -	1C	2	4th Sat Mar
12	Currie - -	1	3	Last Fri Jan
13	Dalkeith - -	1 C	7	1st Fri April

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14	Duddingstone	1	4	3d Mon Sept
15	Edinburgh	1	25	Last Wed Jan
16	Fala	1	1	4th Tu Nov
17	Glencross	1	2	Last Sat Feb
18	Heriot	1	1	3d Tu Feb
19	Inveresk	1 C	8	1st Mon Nov
20	Kirknewton	1	2	4th Fri April
21	Lasswade	1 C	6	2d Fri Feb
22	Leith, North	1	8	1st Th Nov
23	Leith, South	1	15	Last Tu Jan
24	Liberton	1	4	1st Fri May
25	Newbattle	1	3	3d Fri Mar
26	Newton	1	3	3d Fri Feb
27	Penicuick	1	4	1st Sat April
28	Ratho	1	3	4th Th Feb
29	St Cuthberts	1	30	1st Fri June
30	Stow	1	3	3d Fri April
31	Temple	1	2	3d Sat Jan
	ELGIN OR MORAY.			
1	Abernethy	1 C	3	2d Tu Feb
2	Alves	1	2	4th Th Mar
3	Bellie	1 C	3	1st Sat Feb
4	Birnie	1	1	4th Sat Mar
5	Dallas	1	2	4th Mon May
6	Drainy	1 C	3	3d Wed Oct
7	Duffus	1 C	4	4th Mon Nov
8	Duthil	1	3	2d Th April
9	Dyke and Moy	1	2	4th Mon Nov
10	Edinkillie	1	2	4th Mon Mar
11	Elgin	1 C	8	Last Mon Aug
12	Forres	1 C	5	3d Mon April
13	Kinloss	1 C	2	1st Wed after 1st Jan
14	Knockando	1	3	4th Tu Mar
15	New Spynie	1	2	2d Th April
16	Rafford	1	2	Last Mon Aug
17	Rothes	1	3	2d Th Mar
18	St Andrews-Lhan.	1	2	4th Sat Mar
19	Speymouth	1	3	1st Sat May
20	Urquhart	1	4	1st Sat Oct
	FIFE.			
1	Abbotshall	1 C	6	1st Wed May
2	Abdie	...	...	
3	Aberdour	1	3	3d Fri May
4	Anstruther, East.	1	4	4th Fri April
5	Anstruther, West.	...	...	
6	Arngask	...	...	
7	Auchterderran	1	4	2d Fri Nov
8	Auchtermuchty	1	4	Last Tu Mar
9	Auchtertool	1	2	Day before last Tu April
10	Ballingry	1 C	2	3d Fri Jan
11	Balmerino	...	...	
12	Beath	1 C	2	1st Fri Nov
13	Burntisland	1 C	5	Last Tu Dec
14	Cameron	1	2	3d Fri July
15	Carnbee	...	...	
16	Carnock	1 C	4	1st Th July

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17	Ceres	1	4	1st Wed Aug
18	Collessie	...	...	
19	Crail	1	3	Last Sat Oct
20	Creich	...	...	
21	Cults	1	2	4th Tu Jan
22	Cupar	1 C	7	2d Fri Mar
23	Dairsie	1	2	2d Wed Feb
24	Dalgety	1	3	Last Th April
25	Denino	...	...	
26	Dunbog	...	...	
27	Dunfermline	1	16	2d Tu June
28	Dysart	1 C	8	1st Tu June
29	Elie	...	...	
30	Falkland	1 C	4	3d Sat Oct
31	Ferry-Port-on-Cr.	1 C	2	1st Wed April
32	Flisk	...	...	
33	Forgan	1 C	2	Last Fri May
34	Inverkeithing	1 C	4	4th Fri Mar
35	Kemback	1	2	3d Wed Nov
36	Kennoway	1	3	3rd Mon June
37	Kettle	1 C	3	4th Wed April
38	Kilconquhar	1 C	4	2d Th Oct
39	Kilmany	...	...	
40	Kilrenny	1	3	3d Sat Dec
41	Kinghorn	1 C	4	Last Fri Feb
42	Kinglassie	1	2	3d Fri Jan
43	Kingsbarns	1	2	4th Sat Mar
44	Kirkcaldy	1 C	7	3d Fri Nov
45	Largo	1 C	4	2d Sat May
46	Leslie	1 C	5	3d Th Sept
47	Leuchars	1 C	3	4th Sat Jan
48	Logie	...	...	
49	Markinch	1	7	1st Mon Sept
50	Monimail	...	...	
51	Moonzie	...	...	
52	Newburgh	1	4	Last Th May
53	Newburn	1 C	1	1st Fri Feb
54	Pittenweem	1	2	2d Tu Oct
55	St Andrews	1 C	7	2d Mon April
56	St Leonards	1 C	2	1st Sat April
57	St Monance	1	2	3d Sat Oct
58	Saline	1	2	2d Sat Dec
59	Scoonie	1 C	4	1st Tu Aug
60	Strathmiglo	1	3	1st Sat after 15th May
61	Torryburn	1 C	2	2d Wed Nov
62	Wemyss	1 C	6	1st Th Aug
	FORFAR.			
1	Aberlemno	1	2	3d Mon Jan
2	Airlie	...	...	
3	Arbirlot	1	2	3d Th Mar
4	Arbroath	1 C	9	2d Th Dec
5	Auchterhouse	...	...	
6	Barry	1	3	3d Th April
7	Brechin	1 C	8	2d Fri May
8	Caraldstone	1	1	1st Fri June
9	Carmylie	1	2	2d Mon Jan
10	Cortachy	...	...	
11	Craig	1 C	8	3d Tu Jan

COUNTIES.	Mode of Assessment.	No. of Managers or Elected Members.	Day fixed for Election.
un - -	...	...	
undee - -	1 C	30	1st Wed June
unnichen -	1	3	4th Th Jan
dzell - -	1	2	2d Mon May
ssie and Nevy	...	...	
arnell - -	...	...	
earn - -	1	1	Last Sat Jan
orfar - -	1 C	10	1st Mon Aug
lammis - -	1	3	2d Th May
lenisla - -	1	2	1st Sat Feb
uthrie - -	...	...	
nverarity -	1	2	3d Th Feb
nverkeillor -	1	3	Last Wed June
Kettins - -	...	...	
Kingoldrum -	...	...	
Kinnell - -	...	...	
Kinnettles -	...	...	
Kirkden - -	1	2	3d Mon July
Kirriemuir -	1 C	8	1st Th Aug
Lethnot - -	1	1	Last Fri June
Liff and Benvie	1 C	15	Last Wed June
Lintrathen -	...	...	
Lochlee - -	1	2	1st Th May
Logie-Pert -	1 C	3	1st Sat Feb
Lunan - -	...	...	
Lundie, etc. -	...	...	
Mains, etc. -	1 C	3	3d Sat July
Marytoun -	...	...	
Menmuir -	1	2	4th Th Mar
Monifieth -	1 C	4	Last Mon Jan
Monikie - -	...	...	
Montrose -	1 C	16	Last Wed Aug
Murroes - -	...	...	
Newtyle - -	1	2	3d Sat June
Oathlaw - -	...	...	
Panbride -	1	2	4th Mon Oct
Rescobie - -	1	2	2d Tu Jan
Ruthven - -	1	2	3d Sat June
St Vigeans -	1	9	4th Tu June
Strickathrow -	1 C	2	2d Sat June
Tannadice -	1	3	2d Sat Jan
Tealing - -	1	2	1st Th Aug
HADDINGTON.			
Aberlady -	1	2	3d Th Oct
Athelstaneford	1	2	1st Th Feb
Bolton - -	1	1	1st Sat July
Dirleton - -	1	3	4th Mon Feb
Dunbar - -	1 C	5	1st Sat May
Garvald - -	1	2	1st Tu Feb
Gladsmuir -	1 C	3	Last Sat Jan
Haddington -	1 C	6	4th Th May
Humbie - -	...	...	
Innerwick -	1	2	1st Mon June
Morham - -	1	1	2d Sat Nov
North Berwick	1 C	4	3d Th April
Oldhamstocks -	1	2	Last Th May
Ormiston -	1	2	2d Tu Mar
Pencaitland -	1 C	2	Last Tu April
Prestonkirk -	1	3	1st Tu May

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17	Prestonpans -	E U	3	2d Mon May
18	Salton - -	E U	2	Last Sat May
19	Spot - -	1	2	2d Mon Mar
20	Stenton - -	1	2	4th Mon July
21	Tranent - -	1 C	4	3d Fri April
22	Whitekirk -	1	2	2d Sat Aug
23	Whittingham -	1	2	4th Sat Feb
24	Yester - -	...	...	
	INVERNESS.			
1	Alvie - -	1 C	2	Last Fri Nov
2	Ardersier -	1	2	4th Wed Dec
3	Barra - -	1	3	1st Wed May
4	Boleskine, etc.	1	3	Last Sat Mar
5	Bracadale -	1	2	3d Fri July
6	Cromdale -	1	5	1st Mon Feb
7	Croy - -	1	3	3d Sat May
8	Daviot - -	1	3	2d Wed Mar
9	Dores - -	1	3	2d Mon May
10	Duirnish - -	1	6	1st Th Feb
11	Glenelg - -	1	3	Last Wed Feb & succeed. Fri
12	Harris - -	1	6	1st Sat April
13	Inverness -	1 C	12	Last Fri July
14	Kilmallie -	1	6	3d Fri Nov
15	Kilmonivaig -	1	4	Last Wed April
16	Kilmorack -	1	4	4th Mon Dec
17	Kilmuir (Skye)	1	3	1st Tu Sept
18	Kiltarlity -	1	4	4th Mon Dec
19	Kingussie -	1	3	1st Wed Sept
20	Kirkhill - -	1	3	Last Th Dec
21	Laggan - -	1	2	3d Wed Aug
22	Moy - -	1	2	3d Th July
23	Petty - -	1	3	2d Mon Nov
24	Portree - -	1	5	4th Th June
25	Sleat - -	1	4	2d Tu Nov
26	Small Isles -	...	...	
27	Snizort - -	1	4	4th Th June
28	Strath - -	1	4	3d Fri July
29	Uist, North -	1	6	2d Tu Sept
30	Uist, South -	1	8	4th Fri Dec
31	Urquhart -	1	4	3d Fri Aug
	KINCARDINE.			
1	Arbuthnot -	...	...	
2	Banchory-Deven.	1 C	4	Last Tu Oct
3	Banchory-Ternan	1	4	4th Th Dec
4	Benholme -	1 C	3	3d Sat Feb
5	Bervie - -	1 C	3	Last Mon April
6	Dunnottar -	1 C	3	2d Tu Feb
7	Durris - -	1	2	4th Th Oct
8	Fettercairn -	1 C	3	2d Sat July
9	Fetteresso -	1 C	5	1st Sat July
10	Fordoun - -	1 C	3	1st Fri May
11	Garvock - -	...	...	
12	Glenbervie -	1	2	Last Tu July
13	Kinneff - -	1	2	4th Sat June
14	Laurencekirk -	1 C	3	Last Sat Feb
15	Maryculter -	1	2	Last Mon Aug
16	Marykirk -	1 C	3	4th Sat Feb
17	Nigg - -	1 C	3	4th Sat April

No.	COUNTIES.	Mode of Assess-ment.	No. of Managers or Elected Members.	Day fixed for Election.
18	St Cyrus - -	1 C	3	2d Sat July
19	Strachan - -	1	2	2d Sat Jan
	KINROSS.			
1	Cleish - -	...	...	
2	Kinross - -	1 C	4	1st Wed Feb
3	Orwell - -	1 C	3	3d Mon June
4	Portmoak -	1 C	3	Last Sat Oct
	KIRKCUDBRIGHT.			
1	Anwoth - -	1	2	2d Th July
2	Balmaclellan -	1	2	2d Th Oct
3	Balmaghie -	1	2	3d Sat Dec
4	Borgue - -	1	2	4th Th July
5	Buittle - -	1	2	Last Sat Dec
6	Carsphairn -	1	2	1st Th Mar
7	Colvend - -	1	3	2d Tu Jan
8	Crossmichael -	1	3	4th Th Jan
9	Dalry - -	1	2	2d Sat April
10	Girthon - -	1	3	2d Tu Mar
11	Kells - -	1	2	3d Sat Dec
12	Kelton - -	E U	4	4th Tu Oct
13	Kirkbean -	1	2	Last Tu Jan
14	Kirkcudbright -	1 C	6	2d Fri Aug
15	Kirkgunzeon -	1	2	3d Sat Nov
16	Kirkmabreck -	1	3	1st Sat June
17	Kirkpatrick-Dur.	1	3	1st Th June
18	Kirkpatrick-Iron.	1	2	2d Sat May
19	Lochrutton -	1	2	1st Mon Oct
20	Minnigaff -	1	3	Last Fri Oct
21	New Abbey -	1	2	1st Sat Nov
22	Parton - -	1	2	3d Sat Oct
23	Rerrick - -	1	3	2d Sat Aug
24	Terregles -	1	2	1st Sat Aug
25	Tongland -	1	4	1st Th Feb
26	Troqueer -	E U	6	1st Mon Jan
27	Twynholm -	1	2	1st Tu Jan
28	Urr - -	E U	4	3d Fri July
	LANARK.			
1	Avondale -	1 C	7	1st Tu Jan
2	Barony - -	1 C	21	Last Tu Nov
3	Biggar - -	1	3	3d Sat Mar
4	Blantyre - -	1 C	4	3d Sat Jan
5	Bothwell - -	1	17	1st Tu Aug
6	Cadder - -	1	5	4th Fri April
7	Cambuslang -	1 C	5	3d Th Feb
8	Cambusnethan	1	13	1st Tu Sept
9	Carluke - -	1	6	1st Mon Aug
10	Carmichael -	1	2	1st Sat June
11	Carmunnock -	...	...	
12	Carnwath -	1	5	4th Fri Dec
13	Carstairs - -	...	...	
14	Covington -	1	2	Last Sat Feb
15	Crawford -	1	3	4th Sat Mar
16	Crawfordjohn -	1	2	1st Sat April
17	Culter - -	1	2	4th Fri June
18	Dalserf - -	1	3	3d Sat Nov
19	Dalziel - -	1	6	1st Fri April
20	Dolphington -	...	...	

No.	COUNTIES.	Mode of Assess-ment.	No. of Managers or Elected Members.	Day fixed for Election.
21	Douglas - -	1	3	3d Fri July
22	Dunsyre - -	...	...	
23	Glasgow - -	1	25	1st Tu Dec
24	Glassford -	1	3	2d Sat Nov
25	Gorbals - -	1	10	4th Fri Jan
26	Govan - -	1	28	2d Tu July
27	Hamilton -	1 C	10	2d Wed Sept
28	Kilbride, East -	1 C	5	2d Th May
29	Lanark - -	1	8	3d Th Oct
30	Lesmahagow -	1	7	2d Sat July
31	Libberton -	1	2	3d Wed April
32	Monkland, New	1	16	4th Th Oct
33	Monkland, Old	1	15	2d Th Mar
34	Pittenain -	1	1	2d Mon June
35	Rutherglen -	1	7	1st Th Aug
36	Shotts - -	1	5	1st Tu May
37	Stonehouse -	1	3	Last Mon Jun[e]
38	Symington -	1	2	Last Sat Sept
39	Wandell, etc. -	1	1	2d Mon May
40	Walston - -	1	2	4th Sat June
41	Wiston, etc. -	1	2	1st Fri Sept
	LINLITHGOW.			
1	Abercorn -	1	3	2d Tu Dec
2	Bathgate -	1	5	Last Wed Ju[ly]
3	Borrowstounness	1 C	6	3d Fri June
4	Carriden - -	1	2	3d Th Aug
5	Dalmeny -	1	2	Last Th April
6	Ecclesmachen -	1	1	1st Tu April
7	Kirkliston -	1	4	2d Fri Feb
8	Linlithgow -	1 C	7	1st Fri May
9	Livingstone -	1	2	Last Fri June
10	Queensferry -	1	8	3d Sat July
11	Torphichen -	1	2	4th Th May
12	Uphall - -	1	2	2d Sat April
13	Whitburn -	1	6	1st Th Mar
	NAIRN.			
1	Ardclach -	1	2	Last Wed Ma[r]
2	Auldearn -	1	3	1st Mon April
3	Cawdor - -	1	2	4th Wed April
4	Nairn - -	1 C	4	1st Wed Feb
	ORKNEY AND SHETLAND.			
	ORKNEY.			
1	Birsay & Harray	1	4	Last Wed Mar
2	Cross and Burness	1	4	1st Fri Nov
3	Eday - -	...	...	
4	Evie and Rendal	1	2	1st Tu Aug
5	Firth - -	1	2	2d Mon May
6	Holm - -	1	2	Last Th May
7	Hoy and Græmsay	...	...	
8	Kirkwall - -	1 C	5	Last Wed May
9	Lady - -	1	2	3d Tu Feb
10	Orphir - -	1	2	Last Th Sept
11	Ronaldshay, South	1	4	Last Sat Nov
12	Rousay, etc. -	...	...	
13	St Andrews, etc.	...	...	
14	Sandwick -	...	...	

No.	COUNTIES.	Mode of Assessment.	No. of Managers or Elected Members.	Day fixed for Election.
15	Shapinshay	...	...	
16	Stennis	...	...	
17	Stromness	1 C	4	2d Th Aug
18	Stronsay	1	2	1st Th Dec
19	Walls and Flotta	...	...	
20	Westray, etc.	1	3	3d Wed Oct
	SHETLAND.			
21	Bressay	1	4	Last Tu Dec
22	Delting	1	3	1st Wed Mar
23	Dunrossness	1	6	2d Fri Nov
24	Fetlar, etc.	1	3	1st Wed May
25	Lerwick	1	4	Last Fri Oct
26	Nesting	1	5	2d Tu Oct
27	North Mavine	1	4	2d Wed Oct
28	Sandsting	1	4	2d Wed Sept
29	Tingwall	1	4	Last Th July
30	Unst	1	4	1st Tu Jan
31	Walls	1	4	3d Tu Nov
32	Yell	1	3	1st Tu Feb
	PEEBLES.			
1	Broughton	1	2	3d Tu Feb
2	Drumelzier	1	1	3d Sat Feb
3	Eddleston	1	2	3d Fri Feb
4	Innerleithen	1	2	3d Mon Nov
5	Kirkurd	...	...	
6	Linton, West	1	3	4th Mon Jan
7	Lyne and Meggat	...	...	
8	Manor	1	1	2d Th Nov
9	Newlands	1	2	1st Mon May
10	Peebles	1	4	2d Sat May
11	Skirling	...	...	
12	Stobo	1	1	3d Sat Oct
13	Traquair	1	2	Last Fri Nov
14	Tweedsmuir	...	...	
	PERTH.			
1	Aberdalgie	1	2	Last Sat June
2	Aberfoyle	1	2	2d Th Aug
3	Abernethy	1	3	2d Sat Feb
4	Abernyte	...	...	
5	Alyth	1	4	2d Th April
6	Auchterarder	1	4	4th Sat Feb
7	Auchtergaven	1	4	2d Sat April
8	Balquhidder	1	2	4th Mon June
9	Bendochy	1	2	3d Sat Jan
10	Blackford	1 C	5	3d Mon Oct, and Tu suc.
11	Blair-Athol	1	3	2d Th Nov
12	Blairgowrie	1	4	1st Mon Mar
13	Callander	1	3	1st Wed Mar
14	Caputh	1	3	3d Tu July
15	Cargill	1	3	2d Sat Jan
16	Clunie	1	2	4th Wed June
17	Collace	1	4	4th Th Mar
18	Comrie	1	3	2d Fri Oct
19	Coupar-Angus	1 C	4	2d Sat May
20	Crieff	1	6	4th Fri Feb
21	Culross	1 C	3	1st Fri Oct

No.	COUNTIES.	Mode of Assessment.	No. of Managers or Elected Members.	Day fixed for Election.
22	Dowally	1	2	1st Sat April
23	Dron	1	1	2d Th Nov
24	Dull	1	7	Last Tu Sept succeeding Wed, & succeeding Th Sept
25	Dumbarney	1	2	1st Sat Mar
26	Dunblane	1 C	4	3d Fri Jan
27	Dunkeld	...	...	
28	Dunkeld, Little	1	4	4th Sat Nov
29	Dunning	1	3	Last Th Jan
30	Errol	1	4	1st Mon July
31	Forgandenny	1	2	2d Tu Aug
32	Forteviot	1	2	1st Sat May
33	Fortingall	1	3	1 Tu & 2 Fr Jan
34	Fossaway	1	3	4th Th May
35	Foulis, Wester	...	...	
36	Gask	1	2	Last Sat Oct
37	Glendevon	...	...	
38	Inchture	...	...	
39	Kenmore	1	3	1st Tu Sept and Sat fol
40	Killin	1	4	3d Mon Sept and Tu, Fri, and Sat fol
41	Kilmadock	1 C	5	Last Tu Aug
42	Kilspindie	1	2	4th Sat April
43	Kincardine	1	3	
44	Kinclaven	1	2	1st Mon Oct
45	Kinfauns	1	2	4th Mon Mar
46	Kinloch	...	...	
47	Kinnaird	1	1	3d Th Nov
48	Kinnoul	1 C	4	2d Sat Feb
49	Kirkmichael	...	...	
50	Lethendy	1	1	Last Sat Dec
51	Logierait	1	4	2d Mon April
52	Longforgan	1	3	3d Sat Feb
53	Madderty	...	...	
54	Meigle	1 C	2	3d Sat April
55	Methven	1	3	2d Sat April
56	Moneydie	1	1	Last Sat July
57	Monivaird	...	...	
58	Monzie	1	4	2d Sat June
59	Moulin	1	3	1st Tu Aug
60	Muckhart	...	...	
61	Muthill	1	4	1st Wed Aug
62	Perth	E U	15	1st Tu May
63	Port-of-Monteith	1	2	3d Th Nov
64	Rattray	1	3	2d Sat Dec
65	Redgorton	1	3	2d Sat Mar
66	Rhynd	1	1	4th Sat Aug
67	Scone	1	4	Last Sat Nov
68	St Madoes	1	...	3d Th Dec
69	St Martins	...	...	
70	Tibbermuir	1	3	3d Sat Sept
71	Trinity-Gask	1	2	3d Wed Jan
72	Tulliallan	1 C	4	Last Wed June
73	Weem	1	2	1st Tu April and suc Fri

No.	COUNTIES.	Mode of Assessment.	No. of Managers or Elected Members.	Day fixed for Election.
	RENFREW.			
1	Abbey - -	1 C	20	Last Wed Dec
2	Cathcart - -	1 C	4	Last Th April
3	Eaglesham -	1	3	2d Th Feb
4	Eastwood -	1 C	8	Last Tu Aug
5	Erskine - -	1 C	2	4th Sat Dec
6	Greenock -	E U	24	1st Tu Mar
7	Houston - -	1 C	4	Last Fri Jan
8	Inchinnan -	...	...	
9	Innerkip, etc. -	1 C	4	1st Tu Aug
10	Kilbarchan -	1 C	7	1st Fri June
11	Kilmalcolm -	1	3	Last Sat June
12	Lochwinnoch -	1 C	6	2d Wed Feb
13	Mearns - -	1	4	Last Tu Mar
14	Neilston - -	1 C	10	4th Sat April
15	Paisley - -	1 C	15	3d Mon Feb
16	Port-Glasgow -	1 C	8	2d Tu April
17	Renfrew - -	1 C	4	Last Sat May
	ROSS AND CROMARTY.			
1	Alness - -	1	2	1st Th May
2	Applecross -	1	4	1st Tu Oct
3	Avoch - -	1	3	2d Th April
4	Barvas - -	1	4	2d Tu Mar
5	Contin - -	1	3	4th Tu April
6	Cromarty -	1 C	4	2d Fri Aug
7	Dingwall -	1	3	2d Th Feb
8	Edderton -	1	2	4th Th Nov
9	Fearn - -	1	3	1st Th April
10	Fodderty -	1	3	4th Th Oct
11	Gairloch - -	1	6	Last Th Aug
12	Glenshiel -	1	2	3d Tu Sept
13	Killearnan -	1	4	Last Mon Oct
14	Kilmuir, Easter	1	2	3d Mon July
15	Kiltearn -	1	3	4th Sat July
16	Kincardine -	1	3	3d Th May
17	Kintail - -	1	2	2d Tu June
18	Knockbain -	1	3	4th Mon June
19	Lochalsh - -	1	3	1st Th April
20	Lochbroom -	1	6	2d Th Feb & Last Th Dec
21	Lochcarron -	1	3	4th Th Nov
22	Lochs - -	1	5	1st Wed Nov
23	Logie Easter -	1	2	4th Fri Nov
24	Nigg - -	1 C	2	4th Wed April
25	Resolis or Kirkmichael	1	3	1st Fri April
26	Rosemarkie -	1	3	3d Fri April
27	Rosskeen -	1	4	4th Th Sept
28	Stornoway -	1	7	4th Tu Nov
29	Tain - -	1 C	4	1st Mon April
30	Tarbat - -	1	3	4th Mon Aug
31	Uig - -	1	5	4th Tu April
32	Urquhart -	1	4	1st Tu April
33	Urray - -	1	4	3d Tu May
	ROXBURGH.			
1	Ancrum - -	1	2	2d Sat Mar
2	Ashkirk - -	1	2	Last Wed Mar
3	Bedrule - -	E U	1	3d Sat May
4	Bowden - -	1	2	3d Th Jan
5	Castleton -	E U	3	1st Th May
6	Cavers - -	E U	3	Last Sat Ap
7	Crailing - -	1	1	2d Wed Jan
8	Eckford - -	1	2	4th Sat Feb
9	Ednam - -	1	2	2d Sat April
10	Hawick - -	1	7	4th Fri Oct
11	Hopekirk -	E U	2	4th Fri Oct
12	Hownam - -	1	1	Last Sat Feb
13	Jedburgh -	1 C	6	3d Tu July
14	Kelso - -	E U	6	1st Mon Feb
15	Kirkton - -	1	1	4th Fri May
16	Lilliesleaf -	1	2	2d Sat June
17	Linton - -	1	2	3d Mon Feb
18	Mackerston -	1	1	2d Th Jan
19	Maxton - -	1	1	2d Mon Apr
20	Melrose - -	1	6	1st Mon Apr
21	Minto - -	1	1	2d Mon June
22	Morebattle -	1	2	Last Sat Jan
23	Oxnam - -	E U	2	2d Wed Feb
24	Roberton -	1	2	1st Sat Mar
25	Roxburgh -	E U	2	Last Fri Apr
26	St Boswells -	1	2	3d Th May
27	Smailholm -	1	2	2d Wed Feb
28	Southdean -	1	2	4th Fri Feb
29	Sprouston -	1	2	1st Wed Feb
30	Stitchel - -	1	1	Last Wed Ap
31	Wilton - -	1	3	1st Fri July
32	Yetholm - -	1	2	1st Sat May
	SELKIRK.			
1	Ettrick - -	E U	2	2d Fri Mar
2	Galashiels -	1	4	Last Sat July
3	Kirkhope -	1	2	3d Fri July
4	Selkirk - -	E U	4	4th Fri Jan
5	Yarrow - -	E U	2	3d Fri May
	STIRLING.			
1	Airth - -	1 C	3	1st Sat May
2	Alva - -	1 C	5	4th Tu Jan
3	Baldernock -	1	2	3d Tu July
4	Balfron - -	1 C	3	1st Tu May
5	Bothkennar -	1 C	2	4th Mon July
6	Buchanan -	1	2	Last Fri Oct
7	Campsie - -	1 C	7	2d Sat Feb
8	Denny - -	1 C	6	4th Mon Feb
9	Drymen - -	1	3	Last Th Mar
10	Dunipace -	1 C	3	4th Sat Aug
11	Falkirk - -	1 C	13	Last Tu Feb
12	Fintry - -	1 C	2	1st Wed Apri
13	Gargunnock -	1 C	2	3d Tu Jan
14	Killearn - -	...	...	
15	Kilsyth - -	1	7	1st Tu Feb
16	Kippen - -	1 C	3	1st Sat July
17	Larbert - -	1 C	5	2d Sat Feb
18	Lecropt - -	...	...	
19	Muiravonside -	1 C	3	2d Sat May
20	Polmont - -	1 C	4	2d Sat Feb

No.	COUNTIES.	Mode of Assessment.	No. of Managers or Elected Members.	Day fixed for Election.	No.	COUNTIES.	Mode of Assessment.	No. of Managers or Elected Members.	Day fixed for Election.
21	St Ninians -	1 C	10	Last Wed Sept		WIGTOWN.			
22	Slamannan -	1	2	2d Sat June	1	Glasserton -	1	2	2d Tu July
23	Stirling - -	1	9	Last Tu May	2	Inch - -	1	4	Last Th April
24	Strathblane -	1	2	Last Tu Jan	3	Kirkcolm -	1	3	Sat before 31st Dec
	SUTHERLAND.				4	Kirkinner -	1	3	4th Mon Nov
1	Assynt - -	1	4	4th Wed April	5	Kirkmaiden -	1	3	2d Th Dec
2	Clyne - -	1	3	2d Wed Feb	6	Kirkowan -	1	3	1st Tu May
3	Creich - -	1	4	3d Tu Feb	7	Leswalt - -	1	4	2d Sat Mar
4	Dornoch - -	1	4	3d Mon Feb	8	Luce, New -	1	2	1st Th May
5	Duirness - -	1	3	4th Tu May	9	Luce, Old -	1	3	3d Wed Oct
6	Eddrachillis -	1	3	3d Mon April	10	Mochrum -	1	4	3d Sat May
7	Farr - -	1	3	2d Wed Mar	11	Penninghame -	1 C	5	2d Sat Jan
8	Golspie - -	1	2	2d Tu Feb	12	Portpatrick -	1	3	4th Tu June
9	Kildonan -	1	4	1st Th July	13	Sorby - -	1 C	3	1st Th April
10	Lairg - -	1	2	3d Th April	14	Stoneykirk -	1	4	1st Th Nov
11	Loth - -	1	2	1st Wed July	15	Stranraer -	1 C	12	Last Tu July
12	Rogart - -	1	2	2d Th May	16	Whithorn -	1	4	2d Th Feb
13	Tongue - -	1	3	3d Tu April	17	Wigtown -	1 C	3	1st Wed June

SUMMARY OF ASSESSED AND UNASSESSED PARISHES.

No.	COUNTIES.	NUMBER OF PARISHES. Assessed.	Unassessed.	Total.	MODES OF ASSESSMENT. First without Classification.	First, Classified.	Established Usage.
1	Aberdeen - - - - -	73	9	82	62	10	1
2	Argyll - - - - -	33	5	38	30	3	...
3	Ayr - - - - -	41	5	46	21	20	...
4	Banff - - - - -	23	...	23	18	5	...
5	Berwick - - - - -	31	1	32	26	...	5
6	Bute - - - - -	6	...	6	5	1	...
7	Caithness - - - - -	8	2	10	8	...	...
8	Clackmannan - - - -	5	...	5	...	5	...
9	Dumbarton - - - -	11	1	12	4	7	...
10	Dumfries - - - - -	41	2	43	38	...	3
11	Edinburgh - - - -	31	...	31	27	4	...
12	Elgin or Moray - - - -	20	...	20	14	6	...
13	Fife - - - - -	47	15	62	23	24	...
14	Forfar - - - - -	35	18	53	23	12	...
15	Haddington - - - -	22	2	24	14	6	2
16	Inverness - - - - -	30	1	31	28	2	...
17	Kincardine - - - - -	17	2	19	6	11	...
18	Kinross - - - - -	3	1	4	....	3	...
19	Kirkcudbright - - - -	28	...	28	26	1	1
20	Lanark - - - - -	37	4	41	31	6	...
21	Linlithgow - - - - -	13	...	13	11	2	...
22	Nairn - - - - -	4	...	4	3	1	...
23	Orkney - - - - -	12	8	20	10	2	...
	Shetland - - - - -	12	...	12	12	...	...
24	Peebles - - - - -	10	4	14	10	...	...
25	Perth - - - - -	62	11	73	53	8	1
26	Renfrew - - - - -	16	1	17	3	12	1
27	Ross and Cromarty - - -	33	...	33	30	3	...
28	Roxburgh - - - - -	32	...	32	24	1	7
29	Selkirk - - - - -	5	...	5	2	...	3
30	Stirling - - - - -	22	2	24	7	15	...
31	Sutherland - - - - -	13	...	13	13	...	...
32	Wigtown - - - - -	17	...	17	13	4	...
	Total -	793	94	887	595	174	24

EDINBURGH: PRINTED BY MURRAY AND GIBB,

FOR HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE.